



CARRISLE, PA. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 1853.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST PAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY! Price—Five Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in advance.

Democratic Whig Nominations.

CANAL COMMISSIONER. MOSES POWNALL, of Lancaster County. AUDITOR GENERAL. ALEXANDER K. MCGUIRE, of Franklin Co.

BANK CHARTER NOTICES.—We notice announcements already published in the Harrisburg papers, pursuant to a provision in the constitution of Pennsylvania, requiring six months' notice, of intended applications for twelve bank charters at the next session of the Legislature.

The President was ill for some days last week, but was better on Wednesday, and able to attend a Cabinet meeting. The Executive Mansion is always unhealthy at this season. In a few days the President will take up his residence at a pleasant cottage on the edge of the city, during which time the White House will undergo repairs.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

The Dauphin county Whig ticket is as follows: Legislator, George T. Hummel, of Hummelstown, and Lot Bergstrom, of Millersburg; District Attorney, David Fleming, of Harrisburg; County Treasurer, L. B. Metzger, of Middletown; County Commissioner, J. W. Kern, of Harrisburg; Director of the Poor, Samuel Grell, of Hanover; Auditor, Samuel Rensch, of East Hanover.

TRouble IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The President is threatened with mutiny in his own State. The free distribution of office among "Free Soilers," and "Fire Eaters," to the exclusion of the Union-Saving Compromise wing of the party would go down even in New Hampshire. Last week, Mr. Burke, formerly Commissioner of Patents under Polk, and probably the ablest politician in New Hampshire, made a bold attack upon the Administration of President Pierce, and followed it up by a long published address to the Democracy of New Hampshire. The Concord Patriot, (the President's home organ,) of Monday, contains a bitter reply to Mr. Burke. It characterizes his statements as malignant falsehoods and arrogant threats; accuses him of cowardice, and calls him a bully and an assassin, which traits the Patriot thinks he exhibited when he attacked the President through a committee in the Democratic Convention, and failed to sustain himself before that body. The Patriot says Burke's course is to be attributed to his failure to obtain a legislative office. Of course, but the "outs" generally get to be the biggest party!

LOCOFUCO FEUD IN BALTIMORE.—A most bitter and unrelenting feud exists among the Locofucos in Baltimore. The animosity between Governor Lowe and Collector Thomas and his partisans, exceeds anything of the kind ever witnessed in Maryland. If President Pierce has not had better success elsewhere than in Maryland in producing harmony by the distribution of office, the party will be in a bad condition next fall. Every appointment made in Baltimore is said to have been made in opposition to the emphatically expressed wish of the great mass of the Democratic party, and in accordance only with the wishes of a disorganizing clique of "Old Fugates," who claim the right of rotating from one office to another.

IN A SHARPE.—The Locofucos of Westmoreland county have nominated Wm. A. Cook and Benj. Byrre, for the Legislature. Three delegates were selected to the next State Locofucos Convention to nominate a candidate for Governor. Resolutions were twice offered in the Convention approving of the administration of Mr. Bigler, and instructing the delegates for his re-nomination, but they were both times laid on the table by decided votes. So the weakest Governor that Pennsylvania has had for years has been re-nominated by the Locofucos "Star of the West."

PITTSBURGH, June 27.—We were visited last night by a very destructive fire, which broke out in a coal boat lying at the wharf of Clark & Shoups' warehouse, and which communicated to the warehouse, it was entirely consumed, together with a large amount of goods, groceries, &c., on storage. Several warehouses adjoining were also destroyed, or more or less injured. Atkins & Kemble's warehouse was destroyed. Messrs. Malvory & Leslie, are also heavy losers. The loss is estimated at \$100,000, on which there is an insurance of \$40,000.

CHIEF OF ATTEMPT TO BRIB.—J. B. Fisher, Esq., Dr. Geo. Weiser and Mr. Charles Weiser, the latter, one of the present Commissioners of Northumberland county, were arrested on Friday last, on a charge of attempting to bribe Christian Albert, one of the Commissioners of the same county, for the purpose of inducing him to give his official sanction towards a subscription of \$200,000 by the county of Northumberland, to the stock of the Susquehanna Railroad Company.

THESE DOLLAR COIN.—At the last session of Congress a motion of an act was passed, authorizing a new gold coin of the denomination of three dollars. A coin of this value will prove advantageous in many respects, as it will facilitate the making of change to a great degree. Having now one dollar piece, quarter, half and whole eagles and three dollar coins, there cannot be much difficulty in making the ready change. The new coin is to be issued shortly.

COFFEE FOR HOT WEATHER.—The Georgia outcome for hot weather is said to be simply a shirt collar and a pair of spurs. It was not enough last week even to dispense with the latter.

OUR FORTUNE TELLERS.—Despatches were received at Washington, on Wednesday last, giving the details of the recent movements of the French and Russian forces. The Administration, in view of its action, have no fears, however, that the peace of Europe will be disturbed by the Russian-Turkish question. Switzerland is deemed to be more delicate ground.

MURDER WILL OUT.

If any Whig Journal at any time impeaches the management of the State Improvements, which are under the exclusive control of Locofucos, no matter upon what authority, or how clear its proof, its statements or charges is pronounced a Whig lie, and a Locofucos denial thus made is regarded as quite sufficient to establish the falsity of the impeachment. We may avail ourselves, therefore, of the opportunity to send before our readers what a Simon Pure Locofucos Journal, of no less character and influence than the Pittsburg Post, says of the Locofucos management of our Public Works. Read it, carefully, all who are in search of truth. It is not a Whig lie, but copied from the editorial columns of the Post of Thursday:

"The management of our internal improvements requires reform. We are free to say, that under no administration has it been properly managed. The public works have been used to fill the pockets of the high officials, while the poor working man has been left to stare, without any remuneration for his labor. It is painful for us to refer to this matter, for the Canal Board is now in the hands of our party. But to conceal our feelings from calling upon them to reform the evil complained of above, and we hope that they will at once reverse these oppressors of hard working operatives. They would rot the State with a little remorse as they do the laborers, and they should be shipped at once."

If this evil is not redressed by the Commissioners before the October election, it will rest with the people to express their indignation at the ballot box. The hard working man is not to be considered to fill the pockets of lazy officials. Their nominal wages are low enough, God knows; but to make them suffer a slave on that is cruel in the extreme. The laborer may every day of the week promise to them; but from the above statement it is evident that they do not get their pay when it is earned, and that the lazy officials, who we have before spoken of, draw it, and speculate upon it at a heavy discount. The operatives on the Potomac Railroad have published a statement in which they say that they work eighteen hours a day, and have to wait six and even twelve months for their pay! In the above extract the Post also indicates other exactions to which they are subjected. How very democratic!

INDEBTEDNESS TO EUROPE.

The New York Times has published a table giving the amount of the indebtedness of this country to Europe, in the way of the U. S. State, City and Railway Stocks, owned by persons in foreign countries—and it amounts to the startling sum of Three Hundred and Eleven Millions Five Hundred Thousand Dollars! The interest alone amounts to over \$10,000,000, which we have regularly to forward to our European creditors, in Eighteen Millions Six Hundred and Ninety Thousand Dollars! This is an unfortunate state of things, indeed—and should excite the earnest consideration of our legislators. The fact in connection with the fact which was stated last week, that our imports of foreign goods were fearfully on the increase over our exports, and swelling the large balance of trade against us to an enormous amount—it is high time that the people were looking into the matter, before the crisis arrives, which must inevitably take place.

A RESEMBLANCE LOCOFUCO.

George Roberts, of the Boston "Times," through an incorrigible Locofucos of the Young America stripe, is, withal, a shrewd and sensible fellow, and not to be humbugged by the ridiculous pretensions of our Locofucos journals that the Whig party is dead. He says, in a late number of the Times: "There is an abundance of Whig material scattered over the country. A party which threw a million and a half of votes at the last Presidential election, needs only good leadership to be converted into a political engine of incalculable power. It is particularly so from the workings of our mode of electing a President by the electoral college, which has already proved that a change of thirty thousand votes last November would have elected General Scott. The history of Mr. Polk's administration shows how easy it is to think that the Whigs are extinguished because badly beaten—as shown by the fact that, at its close, in 1848, the Democrats were totally routed."

GREAT MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

Philadelphia, June 25.—Our German population turned out in large numbers last night to receive the German Musical Societies who have come on to attend the annual festival. Thirty-two societies from Baltimore, New York, Boston, &c., arrived and were escorted amid the firing of cannon, &c., to Independence square, where they were welcomed by the Mayor. Previous to reaching the square, the visitors were greeted by a song of welcome from the Philadelphia societies, from the steps of the Custom House. A collection was afterwards served up in the grand saloon of the Museum, where the jubilee concert will take place to-morrow night.

PROSCRIPTION AT WASHINGTON.

The following figures show how thorough has been the work of proscription, for opinion's sake, at Washington, thus far, in the career of the Pierce Administration. If the work goes on as bravely the next three months, as it has done since the 4th of March last, Whigs in office, if General Pierce can help it, will be few and far between.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.

Foreign Ministers, 10  
State Affairs, 10  
Consuls, 10  
Commissioner to Sandwich Islands, 21  
Treasurers, 67  
Registers, 84  
Revenue, 84  
District Attorneys, 38  
Marshals, 38  
Collectors, 38  
Surveys, 56  
Naval Officers, 11  
Appraisers, 23  
Deputy Postmasters, 23  
Surveyors General, 22  
Penion Agents, 30  
Indian Agents, 30

GRAND TOTAL.

If to this grand aggregate were added the host of removals of Whig subordinates in the several departments and offices enumerated above, it is suspected we should have to foot up thousands instead of hundreds. "To the victors belong the spoils," is, verily, the maxim of the Pierce and Marcy administration.

THE HUMAN EX.—Every paper, almost, we pick up, adds to the many instances already given, of the ravages of this little pest.—Our readers may, therefore, be interested in the following account of the fly, taken from the abstract of the seventh census:

"In 1775 there was entailed upon this country an enduring calamity, in consequence of the introduction of the Hessian or wheat fly, which was supposed to have been brought from Germany in some straw employed in the debarkation of Howe's troops on the west end of Long Island. From that point this insect gradually spread in various directions, at the rate of twenty or thirty miles a year, and the wheat of the entire region east of the Alleghenies is now more or less infested with the larva, as well as in large portions of the States bordering on the Ohio and Mississippi, and on the great lakes; and so great have been the ravages of these insects that the cultivation of grain has been abandoned."

THE ORIGINAL WASHINGTONIANS.—John H. W. Henshaw, according to the statement given by the records, attributed to John B. Gough, that the leader of the Baltimore Washingtonian movement is keeping a low profile in Baltimore, gives the present standing of the original six, as follows:

David Anderson, master blacksmith; John F. Hoos, master carpenter; doing well; James McCurley, a master cooper, doing well; also accumulating property; Archibald Campbell, silversmith, doing an extensive business; William H. Mitchell, on his own farm, seven miles from Baltimore—unfortunately does not keep his plow; George Stearns, died in 1840; a sober man—kept his plow to the last. There was to have been a general meeting of the members of the order of Jesuites in Paris on the 21st inst., to elect a new member of their Society, in place of Father Rothen, lately deceased.

GOVS. LOWE AND BIGLER.

The York Republican in noticing the correspondence between Gov. Lowe, of Maryland, and Gov. Bigler, of Penn., says with great force and point: "The coolness with which Gov. Lowe refused to surrender the fugitives from justice, to a Chester County Jury are not to be treated, and also because Judges Bell and Campbell counsel for the State, agreed that the kidnappers should not be punished if the Baltimore County Court would let the stolen girl go free, is exceedingly refreshing. Nor is the energy with which the higher pliers into his locofucos brother less delightful. He goes it with a perfect rush, and unassuming, simple minded people—Ironical in whom there is no guile—will no doubt really believe his Excellency to be earnest. He seizes upon the chance to display as a friend of freedom and the oppressed with a raving appetite; and having no reason, justice, common sense, or the constitution of his authority, executive precedent, and the principles of humanity, all on his side, he shows off, with the aid of his locofucos General, to stuff him from the Books of Reports, to the most decided advantage. You would really believe that he was ready to swallow Gov. Lowe whole, and to send Judge Bell and the Ex. Attorney General, as Postmaster General, Campbell, forthwith to the Penitentiary, to punish them for 'compounding a felony!' But the whole thing is a solemn farce, and the entire matter a 'foregone conclusion' to all the higher pliers. This correspondence saw the light. It is 'a mere tab thrown to the whole' of public opinion in Pennsylvania to conciliate favor for Gov. Bigler, and to 'kill the simpleton' who can be led to believe that our Executive's seriousness is real, and his letter a true thing. It is only intended to enable his friends to enjoy the heat of his noble violation of the honor of the State and devotion to the cause of impartial justice and human freedom, when he comes before the people again as a candidate for Governor. It was well understood that Gov. Lowe would not surrender the kidnappers—no has not surrendered them, and don't intend to do so. Gov. Bigler may flourish of paper, and that is all."

SCHOOL APPROPRIATIONS.

The following statement will exhibit the amount to which each district in Cumberland county is entitled, out of the annual appropriation of \$200,000, for the school year 1854, viz: Upper Allen, 187 16; Carlisle, 187 16; Carlisle, 348 48; Carlisle, 247 32; East Pennsylvania, 139 83; Frankford, 131 76; Hampden, 108 00; Hopewell, 112 08; Millin, 125 48; Mechanicsburg, 119 16; Newville, 70 32; New Cumberland, 80 72; North Middleton, 172 44; Potomac, 194 72; Silver Spring, 184 68; Southampton, 137 16; Shippensburg Borough, 138 24; Shippensburg Township, 168 84; West Pennsylvania, 168 84.

SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

Our community has been warmly interested for a week past with the examinations of the several Public Schools of the borough. The examinations were public and most of them have attracted large audiences, composed of parents and other friends of education. The examination of the Female High School, the last and most interesting of the series, took place this morning in the presence of a considerable number of attentive and gratified spectators. The examination will be followed by a joint exhibition by the pupils of the Male and Female High Schools, in Education Hall, to-morrow evening. The exercises will consist of "Dedication," Compositions, &c., interspersed with vocal and instrumental music. The public is invited to attend. The examinations generally, we learn, have been very creditable to both Teachers and pupils. A detailed and discriminating report of them will probably be prepared by the Committee of Visitors, which it will give us pleasure to publish. Our Schools are conducted upon a well-organized system, the excellence of which is shown in the gratifying success which has attended its operations. The Directors, several of whom have occupied their stations since the commencement of the Common School system in the State, are no less entitled to the public praise for their efficiency than for their disinterested devotion to the welfare of the rising generation. One thing, however, has been strangely overlooked by Directors and Teachers, to which we cannot refrain from calling attention—it is the bad order which the grounds adjoining many of the school houses (particularly the new ones) are suffered to remain. That they should be left destitute of verdure, shrubbery and flowers seems to us of all character. It strikes us that a school house, of all places, should have these beautiful surroundings, so pure and elevating in their influences, and that their cultivation should be made a subject of interest with the children.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

The steamship Baltic arrived at New York on Sunday evening, with four days later advices from Europe. The news is only important in connection with the Turkish question. The Earl of Clarendon, in a speech in the English Parliament, officially announced that the English and French fleets had been ordered to the Dardanelles, in the event of a rupture between Turkey and Russia. The Emperor of Russia has addressed a note to the different European powers, declaring that it is not his intention to do anything to disturb the peace in good earnest. The Turkish government, however, preparing for a defence against Russia in good earnest. The Porto has directed twenty-seven vessels of war to the Black Sea fully equipped, and called out two hundred thousand militia, for organization as regular troops. The aspect of affairs promises a speedy settlement without recourse to war.

LATE FROM THE PACIFIC.

The steamship Northern Light, from San Juan, with California dates to the 1st inst., reached New York on Friday. She brought 400 passengers who have a large amount of gold in hand, and reports the steamship California as having left San Francisco on the 1st inst., with \$2,288,000 in gold on her manifest. The Northern Light reports that the ship Steamboat, at San Francisco from China, brought dates from that Empire, to the 6th of April, from which we learn that the rebels were driven from the walls of Nankin with immense slaughter.

FROM CHINA.—By way of California, we have news from China later than that among our foreign news, but it is not considered reliable. It is to the effect that the revolutionists had been repulsed before the city of Nanking, with the slaughter of many thousands of their troops; and that the rebellion is likely to be soon put down. We shall probably hear again in a few days.

RIOT IN NEW YORK.—A very serious riot occurred in New York on Wednesday evening, growing out of the discovery of some human bones and portions of a human body in the cellar of a drug store. In a very few moments an excited crowd of about 3000 persons assembled, who broke into the interior of the house and store, destroying everything that came in their way. The inmates, Dr. Wheeler and family, fortunately escaped, or their lives would have been sacrificed to the popular fury. The secret of the difficulty was, that several medical students who boarded with the Doctor, had been "case" or two for anatomical purposes, and were not sufficiently careful in disposing of the bones, &c., hence the excitement and disturbance.

STALWORTH A PAK.—The Wilmington Republican states that a Miss Green, of Delaware city, swallowed a pin some two or three months ago, which lodged in her throat, so as to destroy the power of speech. Physicians could afford her no relief, and it was feared it would result fatally to her. A few days ago, however, she visited Dr. Worrall's drug store, and being fatigued, the clerk tendered her a glass of water; while in the act of drinking she swallowed and threw up the pin. It was straight when she placed it in her mouth, but it came out bent into a half circle at the point, and much corroded.

SEVERE ERROR OF THE HEAT.—In Philadelphia, on Tuesday, a young man named John Harrison fell dead in Third street, from the effects of the heat; a laborer, name unknown, also died from the same cause in Fourth street; colored man died immediately after drinking a glass of cold water; James Duffy, a carpenter, was taken home insensible, in consequence of drinking cold water, while over-labored; another man was sun struck, and had to be conveyed home; and James Hagerty, a laborer, died from being sun struck.

Bellefonte, Pa., having been annoyed by wedding parties being serenaded with horses, fiddles, &c., by bands of horse rowdies, the borough council have passed a resolution to the effect that they will prosecute all persons who may hereafter participate in such affairs. This is an old and good receipt.

County and County Matters.

Carroll Deposit Bank. We are requested to inform the public that this institution will be closed, according to custom, on the 30th July.

Fairs of July.

The Fourth of July will not be celebrated in our place this year with any remarkable demonstration, if it may judge from present indications. Our citizens seem inclined to let the day pass quietly. Neither of the political parties are making any arrangements for the customary celebrations; and beside the Fionias by the Sunday School children, we hear of nothing preparation to mark the recurrence of our National Anniversary.

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SEVERE ERROR FROM HOME.—The New York Freeman's Journal states that Monsignor Bodini, Archbishop of Thebes, former Commissary Extraordinary of the Pontifical Government to the Legations, has left Rome on special leave of his Holiness to the United States. He is charged by the Holy Father to pay a visit to the Government at Washington, and also to hold interviews with the different Prelates of the Church in the United States, and to acquire the most exact information, respecting the interests and condition of the Catholic church in this country.

SUNDAY VISIT FROM HEAT.—It is estimated that since Saturday noon, there have been 60 deaths in New York from the excessive heat of the weather. Of 29 cases of coup de soleil reported at the hospital on Wednesday 24 proved fatal. In Philadelphia, on Thursday, Wm. Freeman, Andrew Thomas, Rachel Kelly, Simon Baird, Michael Grogan, Ellen Duff, and several others, died from the effects of the heat. Officer Mervine, of the police, was taken home insensible, but will probably recover.

A FION.—The Harrisburg Keystone, one of the leading Democratic papers of Pennsylvania, copies an article from the New York Herald, in which fault is found with General Pierce for many of his recent appointments. The article concludes with this significant language:—"But it is, perhaps, enough to recommend, in connection with this New Hampshire movement, a careful study of the scope and drift of Mr. Burke's resolution, by the President and his Cabinet. The flatteries of sycophants and courtiers may be agreeable, but they are delusive. The timely warnings of independent men cannot be with equal safety disregarded. Will there be war?"

THE SUB TREASURY OVERHAUL.—The Secretary of the Treasury, after having floundered for three months through the impracticable maze of a literal construction of the Sub Treasury law, and received the praises of the Democratic party for his wonderful firmness, and his superiority to his Whig predecessors, has abandoned his whimsical resolution, and gone back to the plain, unadorned, common sense construction which all his predecessors have been obliged to give to the act. It seems to us that a law so impracticable that even its own friends confess their inability to enforce it, might as well be repealed.

THE WHEAT HARVEST.—The wheat harvest is actively progressing in Maryland, Virginia, and parts of Pennsylvania. The statements that were made some weeks since of the depreciation of the fly and joint-worm, are now generally admitted to have been exaggerated, and the general state of the country press warrants the expectation that, with the exception of some particular localities, the crop will be a full one.

HARRISBURG COTTON FACTORY.—The Harrisburg Union, in speaking of the affairs of their cotton Company, says, that whilst it is true no money has been made for the stockholders, the salutary effect of the improvement upon the business of the town, has been most marked and decided. The mill, machinery and grounds of this Company cost \$216,955 82. Although not running last year, it consumed 1,019,947 pounds of cotton, and produced 2,146,592 yards of cloth, which, with the waste, sold for \$181,211 24.

STRIKE AMONG THE HAMMERS.—Our farmers have found great difficulty this year in bringing home to help them gather in the hay. In the upper portion of Philadelphia county, and in parts of Montgomery and Bucks, mowers refused to work for less than \$1.50 a day, or \$1.25 an acre, which prices were generally paid at that section.

THE REPORTED NEGRO INSURRECTION IN NEW ORLEANS, the Picayune says, originated in the fancies of a crazy negro. From the fuss which was made over it in the newspapers of that city, it evidently had excited there some alarm.

LOCOMOTIVE EXPLOSION.—On Thursday the 10th inst., while a locomotive on the Erie Railroad, near Rochester, N. Y., was engaged in pushing a train up a grade, the boiler exploded, and killed eleven persons, besides wounding several others. Nearly all those killed were laborers on the road.

FOUR LOGGED SHANGHAI.—Notwithstanding the many fine things that have been said about the Shanghai, all it appears has not been chronicled of them. Reuben Park, of Byberry, Bucks county, has a Shanghai chicken, that has four legs; the bird (or quadruped), uses the fore legs for locomotion, reserving the hind ones, like any other chicken of general breeding would do, for future exigencies.

THE STATE TREASURER, as authorized by the last Legislature, has issued a notice that proposals will be received at the Treasury Department to the second Thursday in August, for a loan to the Commonwealth at 6 per cent, free from taxation, of one million of dollars, to be applied to the payment of so much of the State debt as may fall due this year or next.

A thunder storm visited Clayton, Bucks county, Pa., on Friday last, which did much damage. A man named Asher Wilkinson was struck by the lightning and very seriously injured. His son was also shocked, and a dog nearly by instantly killed.

OREGON AND FIFTY-FOUR FORT.—The correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says that a proposition will be made to purchase that portion of Oregon which in 1844 was declared to be unquestionably ours, but was subsequently yielded to Great Britain.

DEED.—In Monmouth, Illinois, on the 20th ult., of consumption, Mr. SHEPHERD HILL, aged 27 years and 10 days.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 27.

FLOUR.—The market is rather dull; mixed Western is offered at \$4 02; better brands at \$4 76, without finding buyers, except in a small way for home use. The only sale worth noting is 200 bushels of good Brandywine, to be delivered about the 16th or 20th August next, at \$6 75; strictly first ground Flour is held at the latter rate, and very little inquiry for export. Rye Flour and Corn Meal remain inactive.

GRAIN is stationary, with very little arrival. Some 2000 or 3000 bushels Penna white Wheat sold at 12 25, and about 1000 bushels fair Southern red at 11 25. Rye is worth 30c. Corn is scarce and wanted, and sales of 2000 or 3000 bushels Southern and Penna white are reported at 65c; some holders ask more. Oats—about 1000 bushels fair Southern sold at 40c, and a small lot of prime at 32c.

GREENRIES as last quoted, with small transactions.

PROVISIONS at previous quotations, with a limited business at that rate.

WHISKY is moving off as wanted at 22c for 100, and 22c for huls.

THE WHEAT IN BRANDYVILLE GRANTED, Delaware, the wheat is committing great damage.

RIPPE APPLES, of this year's growth, from Virginia, have arrived in New Haven, Conn., by a schooner.

R. P. Hazlet proposes shortly to commence issuing an Independent Family paper, in Chambersburg, called The Transcript.

The Wheat crop of York county has not been injured to the extent that was apprehended some weeks ago.

The reasonable correspondence which you found in Major Andre's book, when he was arrested by Paulding, Williams and Van Wert, has been recently discovered in Albany.

NEW WHEAT.—A sample of new wheat consisting of 60 bags, appeared in New York on Tuesday. It was from Georgia, and was brought to exhibit at the Chrystal Palace fair.

A fast train on the Pennsylvania railroad, when near Greensburg, lately, it is said, ran ten miles in seven and a half minutes, which is at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

A distinguished scientific writer of N. Y. says persons struck with lightning should not be given up as dead for at least three hours, and should be drenched freely with cold water at first, and afterwards water and salt.

THE PARALYSED.—During the year 1852, of 30,135,729 railway passengers in Great Britain 216 were killed, and 486 injured. During the same year, in the State of New York, of 7,449,663 passengers, 318 were killed, and 2699 injured.

Mr. Heister, who was shot in Washington by Mr. Morrison, on the 16th inst., is said to be gradually recovering from the effects of the wound. Mr. Morrison is still in jail, awaiting a further examination.

The largest plate of glass in America, 16 by 9 feet, was broken a few days ago, as the workmen were setting it in a window of a Broadway restaurant, New York. It cost \$1,000. Several others of the same size were broken on the voyage.

The prohibitory liquor law has passed the Senate of New York, and the probabilities seem to be in favor of its passing the lower branch of the Legislature, the object of the majority being to throw upon Governor Seymour the responsibility of affirming or rejecting it. The Governor has become obnoxious to the Hunglers, in consequence of his appointing so many Darbarunters to office. The Senate has just rejected a whole batch of his nominations.

THE MAINE LAW.—Michigan never goes into an election with any half way fervor. It is always largely one side or another. The Maine law question came up last week for the adoption of the citizens, and a majority of about 20,000 has been given in the State for the prohibitory measure, which shows that anti