MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

STATING HIS OBJECTIONS TO THE LUDI CIAL DISTRICT BILL. To the Honorable, the Senate and House of Re-presentatives of the Commonwealth of Penn'a: GENTLEMEN—The bill entitled "An act to provide for the election of Judges of the seroral Courts of this Commonwealth, and to regulate certain Judicial Districts," which has just been presented for my approval, contains some features so objectionable in their character, and hears such marks of heaty and incomter, and bears such marks of hasty and incor siderate legislation, that I feel mys

to withhold the Executive sanction to its pas sage, and return it with my objections to the House of Representatives, in which it origina In the judicial history of Pennsylvania never has been considered essential to select gentlemen learned in the law to not as Associ ate Judges. The Presidents of the Courts of Common Pleas were required to 1 loarned in the law; but early usage, sanctioned by various acts of Assembly, had established the practice of the Executive to make the selection of Associate Judges indiscriminately from the people, and had never confined the choice of the appointing power to the logal profession. The amendment to the second section of the fifth article of the Constitution, gave additional sensition to the mentioger, as it loarned in the law; but early usage, sanctions gave additional sanction to the practice, as it clearly distinguishes detween those Judges required to be "learned in the law," and the Associate Judges of the respective counties.—
I am unable to see any good reason for restricting the choice of the people to a peculiar class of men, nor can I believe in adopting the amendment to the Constitution by their votes, the people intended to restrain themselves in er unknown in the history of our state a manner unknown in the history of our state. The bill presented for my approval clearly contains a provision to that effect. The third section provides "that the Judges of the Supreme Court, and the President Judges and the Associate Judges of the District Courts of the city and county of Philadelphia, and of the county of Allegheny, and of the Court of Common Pleas of the said city and county of Philadelphia, and of the Court of Philadelphia, and of the Court of Philadelphia, and of the Court of Courts o Common Pleas of the said city and county of Philadelphia, and of U other Courts of Record, shall be learned in the law, and all the afore-said Judges shall be qualified electors of this Commonwealth, and shall be otherwise quali-fied as required by the second section of the fifth article of the Constitution of this Com

The Isnguage of this scotion is so plain and nucquivocal that comment is unnecessary and can scarcely add to its elucidation. It cannot be doubted but that every Court of Common Pleas is a Court of Record. In looking through our various acts of Assembly and the provisions of the Constitution; I find a settled meaning given to the words "learned in the law," when applied to Judges, and however desirable it may be to have our courts compodesirable it may be to have our courts composed of men learned in the law, such a restriction of choice on the constitutional power of the people transcends the authority of the Legislature; and whether this provision in the bill was inserted by design, or through inadvertence) duty requires me to withhold my sanction from a law which comes in direct conflict with the Constitution, and does violence to the wishes and intentions of the citizens.

monwealth.'

The eleventh section of the bill provides The eleventh section of the one provides that the Governor shall issue commissions to the persons elected," to hold their respective offices from and after the first Monday in December next following such election, for and during their respective terms of office, as pre-scribed and limited by the second section of the fourth article of the Constitution of this Com-monwealth."

The section referred to provides for the The section referred to provides for the mode of conducting impeadments before the Senate, and certainly furnishes no guide or reference to the substance, or form, or extent of the duration of a commission to be issued. I do not comprehend the reason or propriety of its insertion. It may be a mistake on the part of the clerks, or an inadvertence and wrong reference, but whether it avec from wrong reference, but whether it arose from either, it presents a case of hasty and inconsiderate laws and inconsid legislation, calling for correction.

The sixteenth section of the bill provides that the counties of Huntingdon, Blair, Cambria and Indiana, shall form the sixteenth Judicial district, and further provides that the courts of Indiana shall be held on the third Alanday in Laurana Amil America No. Mondays in January, April, August and November, and in the county of Huntingdon, on the days, and to continue the time now prescribed by law. By the existing laws, the courts in the dast named county are required to be held on the second Mondays in January, April, August and November, and to continue two weeks, which will being interdirect the the counties of Huntingdon and Indiana. Although this is undoubtedly a mere oversight on the part of the Legislature, it amounts, in effect, to a denial of justice to the people of one or the other of these counties. It furnishes another instance of the hasty manner in which the bill was gotten up.

the bill was gotten up.

With a view of diminishing the expenses of the Commonwealth, and for more effectually equalizing the Iabor of the Judges, I recomequalizing the labor or the Judges, I recom-mend in my annual message a reduction of the number of judicial districts. The present bill, it is true, has dispensed with one of the judi-cial districts, but so far as I can ascertain the amount of business in the respective counties it has to a still greater extent rendered the la to has to a still greater extent rendered the la-bor of the Judges unequal. Little benefit can arise to the public treasury from such partial changes as the present bill contem-plates, while in the alteration of their judi-cial connections, at the time of holding their courts, great delay and injustice to the people may be the consequence.

I prossed upon the Legislature the propric-

I pressed upon the Legislature the proprie-bity and necessity of early action on all impor-tant public measures demanding their atten-tion, and if any inconvenience arises from the failure to legislate on this subject, I shall feel absolved from all blame and responsibility A fair and just arrangement of the judicial districts of the whole State, will most heartily meet my sanction, if it reduces the number of the districts and lessens the charges on the an earlier period in the session, it is quite pro bable, nay, almost certain, that the errors twhich I have adverted, would have been avoid ed; or at all events, leisure would have been afforded for their correction.

Whither any legislation takes place or not, the Constitution substantially provides for an election to be held by the people, to make choice of their Judges, and I shall omit no effort to carry the constitutional provision into full effect. There yet remains sufficient time to mass a law making the necessary required. to pass a law making the necessary provision for the manner of voting for the respective officers, and regulating the necessary returns. There are other objections to the bill, and particularly to the arrangement of other dis-

tricts, which it is now unnecessary to state.

WM. F. JOHNSTON. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
April 14th, 1851.

## RECORD YOUR DEEDS.

Recording deeds promptly after the sale and transfer of property, would save parties long and tediuos law suits. A writer in the Lancaster Intelligencer, with a view of showing the importance of this matter, gives the present law in this State in relation to the subject: "A deed should always be recorded; but

deed not recorded is still valid, provided the same property has not been conveyed to differ-ent parties. If so, the party having his deed first recorded within six months of execution, has the best claims to the property so conveyed This is the law in Pennsylvania—hence the no-cessity of recording land titles within six months of executing them. But there are many more reasons why deeds should be recor-ded: For instance, in the destruction of a titile by fire or otherwise, what a difficulty and expense it occasions to obtain another title, which, if the deed had been recorded, could all have been saved, with the exception of two or three dollars for a copy at the Recorder office. Another great reason why deeds should be recorded is, that persons often protend to own property for which they hold no title, and defraud honest persons by reliant when the own property for which they hold no title, and defraud honest persons by giving judgment.—
It has happened therefore, that persons held titles for properties and on the strength thereobtained money, for which mortgages and judgments were given, the holders of which the't 
themselves perfectly safe; yot upon a thorough 
investigation, no title could be found, and the 
persons who had advanced the money were defrauded out of the same. Had the the title 
been recorded, this could not have happened. 
All bond titles should by all means be recorded; it secures the purchaser as well as the 
money lender, and prevents fraud."

GEN. Scorr.-Tans vetoran Warrior had brilliant and enthusiastic reception on his arand at Cincinnati, the people turning out enmasse to welcome him.

HERALD AND EXPOSITOR



CARLISLE, PA. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1851.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY! Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar an Cents, if paid punctually in Advance. \$1,75 if paid within the year.

TO THE WHIGE OF PENNSYLVANIA REF A State Convention will be held in the City of Lancaster, on THESDAY, JUNE 24th 1851, for the purpose of selecting candidates for the offices of Governor and Canal Commissioner, and also for Judges of the Supreme

Joseph R. Flannigen, F. Knox Morton,
Samuel McMenamy, C. Thompson C. Thompson Jones, Samuel B. Thomas, John S. Brown, F. Knox Morton, William H. Slingluff, Samuel Bell, Nathaniel Ellmaker, T. Taylor Worth Alexander E. Brown, Wm. J. Robinson William Baker, William M. Watts, Worden M. Preston

James Clark, Sherman D. Phelps, Edwin C. Wilson, Henry Johnson, Charles B. Bordman. D. A. Finney, John Alison. Daniel McCurdy, C. O. Loomis John Bausm George Meason, Alexander K. McClure John C. Neville Francis Jordan HENRY M. FULLER, Chairman, R. RUNDLE SMITH, Secretary,

# WHIG COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic Whig citizens of the county of Cumberland are requested to meet in their several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, at their usual times and places of holding delegate meetings, on SATURDAY, the 19th of April inst, to elect two delegates from each of said wards becomes and correlates who shall said wards, boroughs and townships, who shall meet in County Convention, in the Court House, at Carlisle, on MONDAY, the 21st of April, for the purpose of appointing two delegates to represent Cumberland county in the Whig State Convention which meets in Lancaster on the 24th of June next, to put in nomination candidates for Governor, Canal Commissioner, Judges of the Supreme Court, &c. By order of the Standing Committee.

mmittee. WM. H. WOODBURN, J. Bomberger, Secr'y.

The Hon. James Buchanan, arrived intown on Monday morning last, and spent the For clerk hire in State Treasuday receiving his friends-or rather hunting them up!

Ethiopian Concert. The New Orleans Serenaders, it will be seen offer an attractive bill for their concert this evening in Education Hall.

LEGISLATIVE ADJOURNMENT. The State Legislature adjourned yesterday, at 12 o'clock. No judicial district bill was passed, after the budget of blunders vetoed by the Governor. Dr. Wetherill did not succeed with his divorce bill. The bill repealing the For packing and distributing laws sixth section of the anti-kidnapping law pass-ed. The locos in the House refused to take up or consider the Free Banking hill. The up or consider the Free Banking bill. The up or consider the Free Banking bill. The ropensions and gratuities new Carlisle Bank bill, we take it, did not pass. For expenses of Judiciary The bill to repeal our exemption laws was postponed to the 4th of July. The tariff resolutions were postponed. So ends this Legislature.

APPROPRIATION BILL PASSED!

The mammoth appropriation bill, which we give in detail in to-day's paper, having failed to pass the Senate was referred on Saturday to a Committee of Conference of the two Houses, who failed to agree, and the bill was consequently lost.

Late in the afternoon, on Monday, however, says the Harrisburg American, Mr. Rhey read a new bill in place, very similar to that which had just fallen, which was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means. At eight o'clock in the evening, the committee reported the bill, and it was passed rapidly through both Houses, and will doubtless receive the signature of the Executive to-day. The bill appropriates THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOU-SAND DOLLARS, to be equally divided between the Allegheny Portage Railroad and the North Branch Canal, and thus avoids the LOAN, which the large appropriations in the former bill, seemed, in the opinion of the House, to render necessary.

## RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

Better for the Whigs! A despatch from Providence, dated the 12th inst. says the election for a member to the Legislature from this district took place yesterday, and resulted in the choice of Thomas J. Stead, Whig by 350 majority over all .-This complete the General Assembly. The House stands 37 Whigs and 35 Democrats, including Wardwell, Free Soil, with the Democrats. The Senate stands 14 Whigs and 14 Democrats, including the Lieut, Governor and one Free Soiler. One seat in the House, held

by a Democrat, will be contested. Connecticut O. K. ! Later returns from Connecticut show since "the smoke has cleared away," that the Whigs will have a sufficient controlling majority in the Legislature, and will elect a U. S. Senator Governor, &c. Huzza for that!

NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

We learn from the House proceedings that on Tuesday week, that among other amend ments to the various private bills then under consideration, Mr. Bonham, of Cumberland offered one for forming six districts out of seven as at present arranged. Adams, Franklin and Fulton are together in one district, and York, Cumberland and Perry in another. The amendment passed of course, as it was useless to oppose it. It has yet to pass the Senate, however, where it may fail. Since vetoed.

DOINGS IN PERRY. inst. and appointed Gen. Simpson, Senatorial propriations! TAX-PAYERS! you are look delegate to the Whig state Convention at Lancaster, and John Lauck, Representative delegate. Both delegates were instructed to support the re-nomination of Gov. Johnston. The locofoco county convention met on Mon day evening, and appointed Jesse Beaver delegate to the gubernatorial state convention with instructions to support Col. Wm . Bigler for Governor, and J. B. Bratton, of Carlisle, for Canal Commissioner.

A Scott meeting was held at Butler, Pa., on the evening of the 26th ult., which was ably addressed by S. A. Purviance, and resolutions passed expressing a preference for Gon. Scott as the next Whig candidate for the go on increasing the debt. A great political Presidency. C. C. Sullivan and S. A. Purvi- campaign is about opening and they wan ance, Esqs., were appointed delegates to the Whig State Convention, with instructions to support the re-nomination of Gov. Johnston.

Times, of Saturday, says that nothing new peots are rather dull, if there is not plenty of has reached it relative to to this deplorable of money to rouse his mercenary adherents to vent-consequently the rumored confession of action. And J. ELLIS BONHAM, Esq., the Webster is unfounded.

MAMMOTH APPROPRIATION BILL!

PASSED BY A LOCOFOCO MAJORITY, AND VOTED FOR BY MR. BONHAM!! We mentioned in our last the passage by the House of Representatives of the MONSTER APPROPRIATION BLLL, making appropria tions for State expenditures during the com ing year of OVER FOUR MILLIONS or DOL-LARS, and providing for TWO LOANS, which will eventually increase the State Debt from one TO TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS! We now give he yeas and nays on its final passage, show ing by whom this monster bill was carried .-It will be seen that the bill was supported by . ELLIS BONHAM, Esq., one of the Repre entatives of Cumberland county, which has nev r received one dollar of advantage from the State Improvements, but for which she bears her full proportion of OPPRESSIVE TAXES! The ill was passed by the LOCOFOCO MAJORI

TY -ONLY FOUR WHIGS VOTING FOR IT. We call the earnest attention of the hones Tax-Payers of Cumberland county, of all parties, to the yeas and nays subjoined, and to he items of the bill given below:

YEAS—Messrs. Ben'edict, Bigelow, Blair, BONHAM, Brindle, Cowden, Demears, Dorian, Downer, Dunn, Ely, Evans, (Berks,) Feather, Fegely Freeman, Gabe, Griffin, Hague, Huplet, Jackson, Lanry, Leech, Leet, Lilly, Linton, McCune, McKean, McLee, McRoynolds, Morris, Mowry, (Wyoming,) Olwine, Patten, Penmiman, Reckhow, Rhey, Rhoads, Ross, Shull, Simpson, Skinner, Souder, Steward, Thomas, Walker, Cessua, Speaker—46.

Naver, Cessina, Speaker—46.

Navs—Messrs. Armstrong, Baldwin, Bent, Blaine, Bowen, Brownall, Brower, Alexander-E. Brown, Joseph Brown, Cooper, Dobbins, Dungan, Evans, (Indiana.) Fiffe, Fretz, Gossler, Guffy, Hamilton, Hart, Hemphill, Hunsecker, Killinger, Kunkel, McClay, McCluskey, McCurdy, McLean, Monroe, Mowry, (Somerset,) Nissley, Packer, Reid, Riddle, Roberts, Roberts, Oscifield, Scauler, Shenfor, Shenger, Shenger, Packer, Red. ertson, Scofield, Scouller, Shaeffer, Shugert, Slifer, Smith, Struthers, Trone, Van Horne-

The following are the appropriations contained in the Appropriation Bill, as it passed the House: For salary of Governor

For Secretary of Commonwealth and Superintendent of Com-mon Schools For Deputy Scoretary For Auditor General For Surveyor General For Attorney General For Adjutant Genera For State Treasurer 1,700 00 For clerk hire in State Department 4,500 00 for clerk hire in Auditor Gener-5,500 00

or clerk hire in the Surveyor General's office
For salary of State Librarian
For contingent expenses in Ex-ecutive and State Departments, including Common Schools 3.245 0 or contingent expenses in Auditor General's office, 1,250 0 For contingent expenses in State Treasurer's office

200 0

70010

135 00

100 00

583 1

For contingent expenses of Surveyor General's office For expenses of Legislature For public printing, folding, stitching and binding

For guarantees to Pottsville and Danville railroad company; to Bald Eagle and Spring Creek navigation company; to Tioga navigation company, and to Codorus navigation company For militia expenses
For interest on funded debt of the Commonwealth For repairs and improvements of the canals and railroads belonging to the Commonwealth 1,045,431 16

For improving public grounds and for purchase of books for State Library For Eastern and Western penitentiaries For House of Refuge; for Insti-tution for Blind; for Deaf and Dumb: for Western Pennsyl

vania Hospital and Sisters of Mercy 41,000:00 or completion of the Western Reservoir For repairs to fence north side of public grounds and balance for repairs of and furnishing the Executive Chamber for miscellaneous expenses, one thousand dollars of which to pay reward for conviction of in-condiary Clark's Ferry Bridge For protecting bank Susquehan-na river adjoining Sunbury

8,000 00 For superintending sale of stock owned by Commonwealth in owned by Commonwealth in Chambersburg & Bedford and in Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike road or West Philadelphia Railroad 40,180 00 o Richard McAllister for professional services in case of Milliken and McCook To James Fox for professional services in case of Milliken For various claims

For completion of North Branch 251,000 00 To school directors of Westtown" school districts of Chester co. to school directors of Washing-ton tp., York co., 25 per cent State tax in 1848 and 1849 For repair of Shamokin Dam For binding records in Surveyor General's office and for copy-ing and indexing certain sur-1,610 00

improving curves on Columbia railway A LOAN OF For avoiding Inclined Planes on 98,000 0 Allegheny l'ortage Railroad, A LOAN OF 250,000 0 For compensation and contingent expenses of Revenue Commis-

3,500 0 Total \$4,298,692 36
This is exclusive of extra compensation to he officers of the two Houses which will acount to between one and two thousand dol-

This bill is nearly half a million dollars lar ger in its appropriations than the last year' bill, which was very heavy. The bill appropriated also two thousand six hundred and ninety-two dollars more than the estimated re ceipts at the treasury from all sources for the We learn from the Freeman that the Whigs ourrent year. Consequently new loans had to of Perry county held a meeting on the 8th be authorized for the immense increase of aping for the gradual extinguishment of the State Debt, under the wise plan adopted by Gov. Johnston. Will you submit to any IN

CREASE of that Debt? What say you? Gov. Johnston has repeatedly declared his determination to sanction no measure by which the State Debt should be increased a single dollar. The above bill, therefore, had it pass ed both Houses would undoubtedly have been vetoed by the Governor. His policy, which he is pursuing with untiring energy, is to reduc the State Deli. The locofoco party, however created our present enormous debt, and this bill shows that they have every disposition to money ! Money is wanted by the Canal Commissioners to open new public works! Money is wanted to fill the public works with hordes of new office-holders! Money is wanted to THE KENT MURDERS.—The Centreville (Md) secure the election of Col. Bigler, whose pros money to rouse his mercenary adherents to Representative of Cumberland county, which

pays heavy TAXES but receives no benefits, votes for NEW LOANS to raise this money! Remember this, Tax-Payers! This project for

new loans has been knocked in the head by a Whig Senate, and if it had passed would have been vetoed by a Whig Governor. But let the people mark it, if Wm. Bigler is elected Governor, and a locofoco majority returned to the next Legislature, these loans will be raised and the, increase of the State Debt again go on! This bill, although defeated, foreshadows th reckless money-raising, money-sqandering and debt increasing policy which would be pursued by Wm. Bigler, if over elected Governor .-Tax-Payers, remember this at the ballot-box in October, and cast your votes for men who are inflexibly opposed to an increase of the State Debt!

#### THE VETO MESSAGE

In reference to the veto message of Gov. Johnston, containing his objections to the bill for the regulation of Judicial districts, &c., which will be found in our columns this morn ing, the Harrisburg American says, it will be seen that the Governor's principal objection to this bill rests upon a palpable violation of the appointment of persons "learned in the law," to be Associate Justices of the Courts of Common Pleas throughout the State, instead of the practice which now prevails, and which has ever prevailed in this State, of taking them from the MASS OF THE PEOPLE. The Gov. ernor shows conclusively, that in passing affirmatively upon the amendment of the Constitution, in regard to the election of Judges, were changing the uniform practice of the State in this important particular.

The effect of this bill would have been to exclude from the Bench, all persons except those of the legal profession. The many wor thy and intelligent men in other walks of life the merchants, farmers and mechanics who now fill those places with so much credit to themselves and satisfaction to the people, would have been entirely proscribed, and their places thrown open to be scrambled for by young and inexperienced lawyers, exclusively. In addition to this grave and important objection, it will be observed that the bill was obnoxious to several others, which, though they seem to have been the result of inadvertence, rather than design, were of such a character as to defeat the due and regular administration of justice in at least one of the districts created by the bill, and thus furnishing another evidence of the pernicious results of that hasty and inconsiderate legislation so much deprecated by the Governor in his annual message.

One of the principal objects of the projectors of this bill, we are informed, was to frame such a district as would secure the election of Bench, thereby compensating him for his defeat as a candidate for the United States Senate, and for foregoing his pretensions to the next election.

On taking the question afterwards upon the passage of the bill, in the House, the message was unanimously sustained, not a single member voting for the bill; thus showing the overwhelming character of the objections raised by the Governor to its passage. This message furnishes another striking evidence, in addition to the many proofs already exhibited by him since his election to the Executive office, of the watchfulness and care with which the Governor guards and protects the solid interests of the people. Ever active, and ever on the alert, distinction as the defender of popular rights and popular privileges, from the aggressive and invading hand of reckless opposition majorities in the Legislature, at every session since the commencement of his term of office The people owe him a debt of gratitude, which, slow to repay.

## COUNTY EXPENSES.

for the year 1850, was, Whole salary of Commissioners of

Franklin county for same year 256,50 Difference \$490.50 Difference \$490,50
By this statement it will be seen that the salaries of the Commissioners of Franklin county with its forty thousand two hundred and ninety-one inhabitants amounts to but \$256,50; while the salaries, of those of Cumberland with only thirty-four thousand three hun.

We noticed one or two representable for a salaries of those of Cumberland with only thirty-four thousand three hun.

We noticed one or two representable for a salaries of the salaries of those of Cumberland with only thirty-four thousand three hun. land with only thirty-four thousand three hundred and forty-six. amount to the enormous sum of \$747,00!! According to this the ser-

The News states also the additional fact that in 1847, when the Whigs had one member of by all who have any taste whatever for music the Board of Commissioners, their salaries amounted to several hundred dollars less than in 1850! These are serious facts, and cannot fail to arrest the attention of the people of the county. There must be retrenchment and reform in this matter.

## MR. BONHAM'S SUMMERSET!

and J. ELLIS BONHAM, Esq. was one of its most eloquent orators. Who does not recollect the fierce conflict between the anti-tax men and the old Hunkers! Who does not recollect the great meetings held in Dickinson, South Middletown, North Middletown, &c. and the fiery denunciations, by Mr. Bonham and others, of the iniquitous Taxes, the monster State Debt, &c.?

Now behold the change! J. ELLIS BON-HAM has undergone political regeneration.-He is no longer disturbed by high Taxes or State Debt! He now stands high in the ranks of the old Hunkers whom he once so bitterly denounced! He is on the high road to politi cal preferment, and figures in the State Legislature as a Representative of Cumberland county. The name of J. ELLIS BONHAM is found among those who vote in favor of a proposition to increase the State Debt, and consequently to increase the present oppressive Taxes, which bear so heavily on the farmer!! Hero is a tax party! How do the farmers of Cumberhigher Taxes? We shall see.

made.

MATTERS ABOUT HOME.

Admitted to Practice. In Court, on Monday morning last, on tion of A. B. Sharpe, Esq. Mr. CHARLES E. LAMBERTON was admitted to practice law in the several Courts of Cumberland County.

Dr. Monnon, who has recently closed ourses of Lectures in our neighboring towns of the skies, and the extraordinary phenomens which they exhibit, are illustrated and made of Dr. Morron as a superior Lecturer, familiar with every branch of this most interesting subject, and possessing a flow of language which enables him to explain each minute par-Constitution, in submitting a provision for the feetly plain as to be comprehended by the fail to prove interesting to his audience.

Flare-Up in Dickinson College! We learn that the whole Junior class of Dickinson College, with but one exception, were dismissed from College yesterday morning by order of the Faculty. The offence committed by the class consisted in having abthe people could not have supposed that they sented themselves from recitation without leave, on Thursday morning last. This we learn was aggravated by the explanation they offered of their conduct, and the terms (manifesting continued insubordination) upon which they proposed to resume their studies. Hence, after much discussion and consultation upon the matter, their dismission by the Faculty .-The class, on the other hand, doubtless considered the terms offered by the Faculty to be such as high-spirited young men could not concede.

The affair has of course created no little sensation, and is grave enough in its consequences to arrest the serious attention of the friends of this old and honored institution. It is certainly much to be regretted. Among others who offered their counsel in the matter, with the hope of restoring the class to its lost membership, was the Hon. James Buchanan, an old "college lark" of Dickinson. Mr. B. we understand did not justify the course of the students, but endeavored (with an old bachelor's far-back memory of the wildness of youth, probably) to secure a mitigation of the punishment, believing that a conditional restoration of the class would ensure Judgo-Black, and thus continue him on the their stricter observance of the "higher law" of obedience hereafter. The Faculty would not however consent to any "compromise" of its supreme authority—the decree of dismissal nomination of his party for Governor at the remains unchanged, and the members of the class have probably returned home to inform anxious parents why they're but. A similar difficulty with the Sophomore class we are glad to learn has been adjusted to the satisfaction of all parties.

P.S.—We learned just before going to press that the difficulty has finally been settled, and that all of the class who remain in town have been restored to membership.

The following highly complimentary notices of the concert given by the choir of the First Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening in the dischrigare of his official duties, he har last, render it unnecessary to add any remarks won for himself an honorable and enviable of our own in commendation of the rich treat afforded by the concert:

For the Herald. Mr. Editor-We had the pleasure last Thurslay evening, of attending the most delightful concert we have heard for a long time. It was given by the choir of Mr. Wing's church, for he purpose of raising funds to purchase an when the proper time arrives, they will not be organ; and was, we believe, the first of a se ries. It drew together a large and brilliant audience, to whom it gave entire satisfaction The pieces were all well sung, the utmost attention to the minutest details being shown tention to the minutest details being shown.—
Delicacy and precision were prominent in the continuation of its remarks upon the expenses of the Commissioners' Office of this county, as contrasted with those of Franklin, gives the following as taken from the annual reports of the two counties:

The whole salary of the Commissioners of Cumberland county for the year 1850, was,

Whole solary of Commissioners of S747,00

Whole solary of Commissioners of Commissione harm. Great credit is due to Mr. William Skiles, the leader and conductor for the know-ledge, taste and skill, displayed by him in bringing the choir to such a state of perfec We noticed one or two remarkably fine amongst the lady performers, especially a rich contralto, whose power, sweetness and com-passator an untrained voice, were surprising; vices of the Commissioners of this county cost it is such a voice, indeed, as is rarely heard off the stage, and one that certainly deserves a very perfect culture. We hope soon again to have the pleasure of hearing another concert from this admirable chorus, who may rest assured that their efforts will be appreciated and in the mean time, the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church may congratulate themselves on having the best leader, and the best choir of any town West of Philadelphia

For the " Herald."

Mr. Editor—We had the pleasure of attending the concert given by the choir of the First Presbyterian Church, on Thursday evening last. We do not profess to be a musical critic, but it is our considerable as the of the In 1842 and '43 there was a party in this county, by no means small in numbers, called the ANTI-TAX PARTY. Most of its members came from the ranks of our opponents, and J. ELLIS BONHAM, Esq. was one of its nand J. ELLIS BONHAM, Esq. was one of its our borough with a zeal that is highly cor our borough with a zeal that is highly commendable. Every person present was highly pleased, and passed high encomiums on the choir. "The emigrant's salutation to America," a solo, by Miss C., was listened to with the deepest attention—the sacred place only debarring an expression of applause. "The good old days of yore," a song composed by the Hutchinson family, was sung by the Quartette Club, and although we have never heard the Hutchinson's ourself, there were those present who have, and who expressed the operation. present who have, and who expressed the c pinion that it was given quite as well as the Hutchinson's could have sung it. We believe t is the general wish of our citizens that the choir will soon give another concert.
"HORACE."

NOTICES.

We are indebted to a friend for the Tenth Annual Report of the Philadelphia Sabbath Association," an institution having for its object the promotion of the better observance of the Sabbath and the amelioration of the condition of the destitute and laboring community along our public works. The repretty heels-over-head departure from the anti- port embraces communications from the missionaries in the employment of the association land county like this ground and lofty tum- during the past year-including two from Mr. bling? Will they send Mr. Bonham back to Geo. Hains, of Adams county, and Mr. Israel Harrisburg to vote for more State Debt and S. Diehl, of Dickinson College, whose field of labor lay among the boatmen and emigrants on the main line between Columbia and Holli-The Susquehanna rail road bill, autho- daysburg. The report is an interesting docurising the connexion of the Cumberland Val- ment and well calculated to awaken general ley and Contral rail roads, on the west bank interest in behalf of the Association, under of the Susquehanna river, passed the Legisla- whose auspices this missionary effort is being

Proceedings of Council,

Reported for the Herald.

Traz Collector—John Underwood. Grave Yard Keeper—Jas. Martin. Market Master—A. J. Gallagher.

ollowing committees.

furray and Kelly.

and Kerr.

The salaries of the above offices to be same

as last year. The President appointed the

Ordinances-Messrs. McLaughlin, Hinkley

Streets, Lance & Alleys-Messrs. Breese,

Wm. Line was elected Street Director-Ja-

oob Spangler & H. Myors assistants. Adjourn-

LET The above report states that the Chief

On Finance-Messrs. Kerr, Cobean

Saturday, April 12.—The new council met Astronomical Lectures.

Chambersburg, Gettysburg, &c. and who is well and favorably known to the scientific world, proposes giving a course of five lectures on astronomy, in Education Hall, comnenoing with a free Lecture on Thursday Evening. Dr. Morron has with him a complete set of astronomical apparatus and Maps, by which the relative positions of the heavenly bodies to each other, their various courses through plain to the hearer. Our contemporaries speak ticular connected with it, in a manner so permost ordinary capacity. His lectures cannot

proper time, but retired upon the passage by he locofoco majority of a most offensive and liscourteous resolution requiring every person who was not a member of the Council to leave the room. Maj. Blair has been the active and efficient Chief Burgess for several years past. That he is a good officer is proven by his successive election, year after year, by increased majorities. On Saturday night, as he has heretofore done, he invited a Justice of the Peace, (our venerable friend Geo. Ege, Esq., to be present at the organization of the new coducil for the purpose of swearing in the members. Esq Ege, who had not come for ward voluntarily, but had only gone for this purpose at the call of the Chief Burgess, was forced to retire, however, by the grossly discourteous conduct of the Locofoco majority, and the petty fee for this duty was consequently secured to a magistrate of their own political streak. Major Blair therefore only exhibited the spirit becoming a man and and an officer, in refusing to be sworn under such circumstances. He took the oath as Chief Burgess, before Esq. Ege, at his office, on the Moniday morning following. The public will make their own commentary.

Tha Locos has the vary was the least at the steamer Hornet alongside, with her steam up. Simms was taken immediately into the cabin. That he is a good officer is proven by his eir own commentary. The Locos have turned out the most faithful

and upright officers the borough has ever had. And the beauty-of it is they couldn't fill their places with all the men they wanted!

### A VETERAN FALLEN.

General Hugh Brady, of the United States rom his carriage, in Detroit, Michigan, where ae has been residing for a number of years .-There are few men now living in our army, remarks the Philadelphia Bulletin, who have ad longer service, and there are none who have been more deserving of the popular es-

Hugh Brady was a native of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and was, at the time of his death, over eighty years of age.on the 6th of July, 1812, he was appointed Colonel of the 22d infantry. In the battle of Chippewa he headed this regiment, which was almost annihilated in that hard-fought fieldthe Colonel himself being severely wounded. though by brevet he has held the rank of much money as a prince: Brigadier General since July 7th, 1822. Prob Fare going and returning, in a steamer, \$200 ably there is not another man in the world who has been a Colonel for nearly forty years. Although not for a long time on any active duty, General Brady has stood high in the estimation of the Government and of his fellow citizens. He has for many years had his head quarters at Detroit, and contributed greatly to preserving peace on the frontier during the patriot" disturbance in Canada. During to administration of Gov. Ritner, his native State, in tardy acknowledgement of his servises to his country, presented him with a splendid sword. In Detroit, where Gen. Brady was best known, he enjoyed the high esteem of every citizen, as a brave soldier, and an upright, honorable man.

Renew Your Subscriptions.

The present month closes the year for a arge number of our subscribers who have adopted the plan of paying \$1,50 in advance. They are therefore respectfully reminded of the necessity of renewing their subscriptions for the coming year if they desire to secure the benefit of the reduced terms. We must strictly adhere to our terms, which are set out at the head of our editorial column so that "he who runs may read" \$1,50 if paid at the beginning of the year-\$1,75 if paid within the year, or \$2,00 if paid after the expiration of Henry Clay. of the year.

Now is the Time!

SEND IN YOUR NAMES AND YOUR \$1,50 IN SEND IN YOUR NAMES AND YOUR \$1,50 IN Acnt, General Lamp Manufacturers, No. 04
ADVANCE!—On and after the 1st of July next South Second Street, and Judge for yourselves, We will not only sell every article in our line as cheap as any other establishment in the country, but we can, and will furnish better have been deterred from becoming subscribers on account of the postage, which now amounts to more than one-fourth the price of subscribers largest Variety and Handsomest Assortment of o more than one-fourth the price of subscription, will have no excuse after that time for onger remaining ignorant of the events weekly transpiring in the great world around them. To persons residing out of the county the postage will be a mere trifle compared with exis-

HUTCHINGS' VEGETABLE DYSPERSIA BITTERS. The most popular Medicine of the Age !- A' valuable remedy. Hutchings' Valuable Dyspeptio Bitters, says the N. Y. Metropolis, is universally acknowledged to be the best preparation for this distressing disease, now in vogue; also, in all cases of general debility it is said to act like a charm. This medicine has been fully tested by many of our well known citito act like a charm. This medicine has been fully tested by many of our well known citizens, and has established on its own merits, a character for value and efficacy that is not excelled. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects upon the whole system.

Dr. Hutchings, being desirous that the most humble should receive the benefit of his valuable compound has placed it at a price within man. Mr. William Branitz, of Carlis, and Mr. William numble should receive the benefit of his valuable compound, has placed it at a price within the reach of all. Circulars, containing the Certificates of Remarkable Cures, and the high estimation in which this Medicine is held by the public press, can be had of the Agents, free. Principal Office, 122 Fulton street, N. Y., up stairs. Sold in Carlisle by S. Elliorr. Price 50 cents per bottle.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCHES

Saturday, April 12.—The new council met at seven o'clock, and the members having been duly sworn in by Squire Holcomb, Major Jacon Brezz was elected President protem. The President announced the nomination of officers to be first in order. Mr. John B. Bratton received the nomination for President of council, and was unanimously elected (by ballot,) and duly installed in his office.—The office of clerk to council was next ballotted for. Wesley Miles was nominated by the Democrats and Franklin Holcomb by the whige, and upon the vote being taken Mr. The Boston Slave Case. whigs, and upon the vote being taken, Mr. Holcomb was declared duly elected. For the office of High Constable George Boats. office of High Constable George Bentley was nominated by the Democrats and Jacob Lowe by the Whigs. Mr. Lowe was elected High Constable by a majority of votes. The Clerk and High Constable state are assembled in knots about the corners. I hardly think they will be fool-hardy enough to attempt a rescue.

Constable by a majority of votes. The Clerk and High Constable elect were then sworn into office. Jacob Leiby, jr., was also sworn in as Assistant Burgess. The Chief Burgess was absent. The following persons were then nominated and elected as follows to the several potty offices in the gift of council,

Triumph of Law !-- Departure of Sims for the South.

Boston, April 12th, 1851.—After Judge Woodbury had pronounced his decision yesterday afternoon, he said in reply to an observation of the prisoner's counsel, "I thank God Massachusetts is still a State of the Union, and so long as she is such, I shall administer the laws of the Union or perish in the at

A crowd of about one thousand persons fol-lowed the witness to their hotels. The Southlowed the witness to their hotels. The Southerners were accompanied by a large police.—
The received cheers, groans, and hisses, but a cry for "three cheers for Daniel Webster and the Constitution" was responded to in a glorious manner. During the night there was little excitement, though the watch and police were under military drill until 4 clock this morning, when they halted in a body in front of the east door of the Court House, being in a hollow square.

3urgess was not present to be sworn. The act is, as we learn, that he was present at the hollow square.

The Fugitive Simms was brought from his The Fugitive Simms was brought from his place of confinement, and placed in the area, and the whole body moved off down State street to Long Wharf, where Simms was deposited on board the brig Acorn, Coombs. The brig was towed-down the harbor by the Hornet, and is now probably under good headway for Savanah. Several officers accompany the captive.

Awful Butchery of a Child. Baltimore, April 11, 1851.—One of the most appalling murders on record has been committed in this city. It appears that John Rumpf, (son of Jacob C. Rumpf,) five years of age, left his home at two o'clock yesterday afternoon, to go to school, which he never Army, was killed on Friday last, by a fall reached, and could not be found until four o'clock this afternoon, when his body was discovered in an old slaughter house. There were several gashes on his head and face, inflicted with a sharp knife; his head is almost. cut off, and his arms are teribly cut and gashed, as if received in trying to defend himself from the blows.

There are also several stabs in other parts of his body. Two boys, one sixteen and the other nineteen years of age, has been arrested He entered the army March 7th, 1792, as an on suspicion of having committed the deed, ensign of infantry. He served with credit up and warrants are out for three others. The to the time of the war with Great Britain, and only witness is a colored woman, who saw the boys beating a child and dragging him along.

GOING TO THE WORLD'S FAIR .- The New York Tribune gives a rough estimate of the expense of going to the World's Fair, in Lon-His rank in the line, ever since the war, has man who cares for comfort more than show, been that of Colonel, (of the 2d Infantry) almid does not make it a principle to spend as don, and returning by way of Paris-by a

Gratuities to servants on steamers, Railroad fare to London and back, Board in London four weeks, Hack hire (look out sharp for the drivers,) 16
Amusements, excursions, &c., 27
Fare from London to Paris and back, 15 Expenses a week in Paris,

The Tribune thinks the trip might be main for \$125 by going and returning in the steerage of a packet, and living in the most economical way.

THE VOLUNTEERS .- The Auditor General of the State has issued a circular, requiring the officers commanding companies which served in the late war-with Mexico, to forward copies of their rolls, to enable him to carry into effect the provisions of the late Act of Assembly, granting the sum of \$30,000 for the travelling expenses and clothing of the volun teers, on being mustered into the service of the United States. The amount payable to each individual has not yet been ascertained, but it will not be large, as there were nearly two thousand men in service in the two regiments, and the sum is limited to the amount above stated.

Last Saturday was the 75th birth day

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF LAMPS.— Don't believe it, but call on M. B. Dyott & Kent, General Lamp Manufacturers', No. 64 Lamps of all kinds: Such as Dvott's Patent Pine Oil Lamps (their superiority over all others is so universally concoded, that it is useless to say anything of their merits;) Solar, Lard and Oil Lamps; Fluid Lamps; Candle-bras; Fluid Girondeles, (a new ornament for the mantle;) Boquet Holders, all of new designs and patterns; Chandeliers of all sizes, to burn Pine Oil, Fluid, Lard and Sperm Oil, suitable for churches, Odd. Follows' Halls, and in fact all places where light is required.—Our goods are manufactured by ourselves, and finished in the best possible manner, in Ormollu, Gilt, Silver, Bronze and Damask, Pine Oil.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. John N. Heff-man, Mr. William Barnitz, of Carlia', i. Carolino Margaretta, only duig'; i. Nr. John Wunderlich, of Middlesex, . . . . . .

DIED.

In Philadelphia, on the 9th inst. Dr. W. C. McPhenson, formerly of Harrisburg.