

## Movements of the People!

### Bedford County in the Field!

The Bedford Inquirer of the 14th inst. brings us the proceedings of an enthusiastic meeting of the Whigs of Bedford county, a portion of which are subjoined, taking a firm and decided stand in favor of Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT, the great Captain of the age, for the Presidency, and his Excellency WM. F. JOHNSON, for Governor.

The meeting was organized by the election of Major DANIEL WASHBAUGH of Bedford Township, President; Gen. Wm. Compher, of Bedford Borough, Robert Ralston, of South Woodbury, John Clark Esq., of Salisbury, and David Stuckey, of Middle Woodbury, Vice Presidents; and William Hartley of West Providence, and David Over, of Bedford Borough, Secretaries.

A committee was appointed to draft resolutions; and during their absence the Convention was addressed by the Hon. ALEX. KING, and Wm. Loom, Esq., in review of all the prominent questions of the day, and particularly in behalf of a Protective Tariff, with great force and power. The cheering, says the Inquirer, was enthusiastic throughout their entire speeches; but that which followed the mention of the names of SCOTT and JOHNSON, showed the strong hold they both have upon the affection and confidence of the people.

The resolutions approve of the course of Mr. Fillmore; and speak of his Cabinet in terms of the highest respect. In his intercourse with foreign nations, particularly his administration is regarded as eminently and strikingly successful.

The following are the resolutions relating to the Tariff, and to the nomination of WINFIELD SCOTT and WM. F. JOHNSON, respectively, for the offices of President and Governor, to wit:

Resolved, That every passing year but adds strength to our convictions that a Protective Tariff, with specific duties, is necessary for the independence, prosperity and happiness of our people. Hundreds of our furnaces and forges, and thousands of our looms and spindles under the existing Tariff are idly and the multitudes who find profitable employment in these manufacturing are now deprived of the opportunity to labor. A foreign debt for imported merchandise which we should have manufactured ourselves, is yearly increasing against us. There is a wide extended stagnation of business, and scarcity of capital, resembling in every manifestation, the signs of the times which preceded the passage of the Tariff of 1842. These in our minds are serious facts, and thunder-toned arguments, which can never be explained away by the deceptive logic of "free-trade," or the sophistries of "democracy," falsely so called.

Resolved, That the illustrious military career and long public services of GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT, justify characterizing him as "the Great Captain of the age," and entitle him to more than the warmest gratitude of his countrymen.

Resolved, That we PROCLAIM ourselves in favor of his nomination as the President of the United States in 1852; and recommend to his friends throughout the State, that one or more conventions be called at suitable times and places to give free expression to public sentiment in his favor.

Resolved, That Major Daniel Washbaugh and Samuel J. Castner, Esq., are hereby appointed delegates to represent this county in any convention that may be called in accordance with the suggestion here made.

Resolved, That it is with peculiar pride as citizens of the State, that we recognize the character and public services of our patriotic Governor, WILLIAM F. JOHNSON. In the face of many obstacles, and in defiance of a powerful opposition, he has bravely and wisely laid the plans for his administration, and is so successfully executing them to the interests and honor of the State, that his services and reversals are gratefully remembered by his friends as astonished at the triumphs of his statesmanship, and the magnificence of our prospects. He has not only arrested the incursion of our countrymen, but has secured previous administrations could not pay the interest, but he is reducing it by hundreds of thousands annually, and has established a system by which it will be long be entirely extinguished.

Resolved, That for the wisdom and patriotism and success which have crowned his labors, he is entitled to the affectionate regard of the entire Keystone State; and that so far as our influence will go, we will use all honorable means to secure his re-nomination.

Resolved, That the approaching legislative session will be called on to elect a Governor and Canal Commissioner, and an entire new Judiciary for this county and district, and throughout the State, and that our Senators and Representatives and nearly all our country officers, we deem it an election of unusual importance, and an occasion which calls for every Whig to support what he can to effect a complete organization.

### VOICE OF UNION COUNTY!

As we learn from the New Berlin Star, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Whigs of Union county, met at the Court House, by a call of the County Committee, on the 17th inst.

The meeting was organized by the election of H. H. TAYLOR, Esq., President; assisted a large number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries, among the former of whom was that veteran Whig, the Hon. Nor Middleworth. At the call of the meeting D. W. Woods, Esq., responded in an appropriate tribute to the memory of our late President, Gen. Taylor, and in encomiums upon the character and services of Pres. Fillmore, Gen. Scott, and Gov. Johnson.

A committee appointed for the purpose then reported a series of resolutions, which were read and adopted, unanimously. The first six resolutions are devoted to the value of the Union, the supremacy of the Laws, and the right of the People to alter and amend any law they may deem unwarranted or unjust. The next four take the common ground in favor of the Protective Tariff system, and against the Tariff of 1846, particularly its ad valorem feature. The remaining resolutions were as follows:

Resolved, That we deem the present a fit occasion to present to our fellow citizens the name of Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT as our preference for the high and honorable position of President of these United States in 1852, and that his services as a Soldier, statesman, and patriot, entitle him to the lasting gratitude of the American people, and are deserving of the highest honor in their gift.

Resolved, That our able and patriotic Governor WILLIAM F. JOHNSON, by the establishment of the SINKING FUND for the redemption of our State Debt, and by the administration of the Executive Branch of the Government in a fair and economical manner, has established for himself a high and enviable reputation as a Statesman, and has clearly developed a system by the operation of which our State may relieve herself of her enormous Debt, and our people of their taxation.

Resolved, That we are highly gratified to see Gen. NICKEL, the Democratic State Treasurer, bear honorable testimony in favor of the Sinking Fund system of Governor Johnson, and its operations, in opposition to the unfounded and prejudicial attacks of the Democratic Union and other kindred parties.

Resolved, That our Representative and Senatorial Delegates to the State Convention are hereby instructed to support the re-nomination of WM. F. JOHNSON for Governor, and to use all honorable means to secure that object.

Resolved, That we view the calm and oscillatory measures of MILLARD FILLMORE, the President of the United States, as a signal illustration of his patriotic devotion to the Union, the whole Union, and nothing but the Union, and that he deserves the most heartfelt gratitude of every American citizen.

Resolved, That the course of the Hon. HENRY CLAY in the U. S. Senate, has put the climax to his fame as a Statesman, and he will go down to the grave lauded by every true American citizen without distinction of party.

Resolved, That we recommend to those friendly to the nomination of Gen. SCOTT for the next President to hold TWO CONVENTIONS on the 20th of August next, (the anniversary of the battle of Chancellorsville), the one at West of the Allegheny to meet in Pittsburgh, and those East, to meet in Philadelphia.

Resolved, That the chair appoint TWO HUNDRED DELEGATES to attend the Convention recommended to be held in Philadelphia on the 20th of August next.

## HERALD AND EXPOSITOR.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1851.

IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

From Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid punctually in Advance. \$1.75, paid within the year.

The Garrison Band will give a concert at Education Hall on Friday evening, and we hope will have a good house.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Bailey, of the State Senate, and Messrs. Bonham and Scouler, of the House, for Legislative documents.

Also, to Hon. Joseph Casey, of the U. S. House of Representatives, for a valuable document.

FROM HARRISBURG.

The Committee on Banks in the House has reported favorably on the application for a Charter to the Carlisle Bank.

A bill has been introduced into the Senate, and is now under discussion, which proposes a tax upon tonnage and passengers transported over the York and Cumberland Rail Road.

The amount designated is 25 cents per ton and 15 cents on each passenger. Our advice are that the bill cannot pass in this shape, but that the tax will be reduced at least one-half.

Last winter for the purpose of securing "Felly Best's" support to their iniquitous appropriation bills, the locus passed a bill dividing Columbia county and forming the new county of Monticello. On Friday last, to revenge themselves upon Best, they repealed the bill in the House! Such is the regard to co-sponsors has for the public interests. The repeal bill will be lost in the Senate it is said.

The bill to repeal parts of the law relative to kidnapping, was taken up in the Senate, on Wednesday, and passed Committee of the whole by a vote of 15 to 18. On the same day the consideration of the Free Banking Law was resumed and the bill passed second reading. It was then made the special order for the following Tuesday.

GEN. JACKSON REPUDIATED!

We learn from the legislative proceedings that on Friday last Mr. Bonham moved that five thousand copies of the Farewell addresses of Washington and Jackson be printed. This was carried (although Washington ought to stand alone) but Mr. Skinner carried it still further by moving to have Gen. Jackson's Proclamation to South Carolina added in the same book! This too was carried by the lococo majority. To do full justice to Gen. Jackson, Mr. Bigham (who) then moved to have Gen. Jackson's letter to Dr. Coleman on the subject of the Tariff also put in the book. This was voted down by 55 yeas to 35 yeas, the yeas being all lococoes, and Mr. Bonham being among them! Why was Gen. Jackson thus repudiated? Simply because his letter contains sentiments on the subject of the tariff, which are totally at variance with their present views, and which, when contrasted with their present position, will show how they have deserted the principles of those whom they now utterly groundless are their vastly hypocritical eulogies upon themselves for their devotion to principle. Gen. Jackson, in this letter, written in 1824, says:

"I will ask, what is the real situation of our agriculture, and the American farmer a market for his surplus products? Except for cotton, he has neither a foreign nor a home market. Does not this clearly prove that there is no market either at home or abroad, that there is too much labor employed in agriculture, and that the channels for labor should be multiplied? Common sense points out at once the remedy. Draw from agriculture the superabundant labor, employ it in mechanics and manufactures, thereby creating a home market for your breadstuffs, and distributing labor to the most profitable account, and benefits to the country will result. Take from agriculture in the United States six hundred thousand men, women and children, and you will at once give a home market for more breadstuffs than all Europe now furnishes us. In short, sir, we have been too long subject to the British merchants. It is time we should become a little more Americanized, and instead of feeding the paupers of England, feed our own; or, else, in a short time, by continuing our present policy, we shall be rendered paupers ourselves."

This is clear, sensible, and undoubtedly true. Mr. Bonham and the Lococo leaders, and therefore, the Lococo party, do not wish to take from agriculture, and thereby give a home market for more breadstuffs than all Europe now furnishes us. He and they desire that we should all become farmers—the necessary result of which would be that more will be raised than we can consume and sell—for, as Gen. Jackson says, except for cotton, we have neither a foreign nor a home market—and the prices will diminish, and the country will become impoverished. The vote the Lococoes gave is a direct repudiation of Gen. Jackson's doctrine, and shows that while they are willing to use his name and memory as a means of gaining strength as a party, they have deserted the principles which governed him, and have placed themselves in the ranks of those whose measures cannot fail, if carried into effect, to destroy our people, and expose us to the ridicule and pity of the world.

Hon. A. L. RUSSELL.—The York Republican, in noticing the annual report of the Hon. A. L. Russell, Secretary of the Commonwealth and Superintendent of Common Schools, adds the following just tribute to his character:

"Mr. Russell is one of the most friendly and obliging public officers we have ever known, and whose affable and commanding manner and fine talents, with a deep interest in the important subject confided to his charge—His annual report has been received with the greatest favor by the Legislature and the Press, and it deserves such a reception, for it is well written, as becomes an officer entrusted with the supervision of public education, and is full in its views and enlightened in its suggestions."

The Chambersburg Spirit's eulogy on legal profession is all well enough, but if it understood us to attack Mr. Bonham merely because he was a lawyer, it was greatly mistaken. It was only his mistaken notion of such peculiar friendship for the Farmers that he thought ridiculous.

The Harrisburg Union says the Coroner held an inquest last Saturday morning on the body of John Warf, of Carlisle, who was found dead at Porter's furnace. It is supposed that the unfortunate man fell asleep by a pile of coals, and the gas which he inhaled from it produced his death.

## DOINGS IN WASHINGTON.

The rescue of the fugitive slave in Boston, by a mob of negroes, produced no little excitement on the receipt of the intelligence in Washington, and the Administration promptly took measures for the vindication of the violated law and guarding against a recurrence of any such outrage. Meetings of the Cabinet were held, and the next morning the following Proclamation was issued from the Department of State:

A Proclamation by the President of the United States.

Whereas information has been received that sundry lawless persons, principally persons of color, combined and confederated together, for the purpose of opposing by force the execution of the laws of the United States, did at Boston, Massachusetts, on the fifteenth of this month, make a violent assault on the marshal for deputy marshals of the United States, for the district of Massachusetts, in the court-house, and did overcome the said officers, and did, by force, rescue from their custody a person claiming to be a fugitive slave, and did then and there prisoner lawfully held by the said marshals of the United States, and other scandalous outrages, did commit in violation of the laws of the United States;

Now, therefore, to the end that the authority of the laws may be maintained, and those concerned in violating them brought to condign punishment, I have issued this my proclamation, calling all well-disposed citizens to rally to the support of the laws of the United States, and requiring and commanding all officers, civil and military, and all other persons who shall be found within the vicinity of this outrage, to be aiding and assisting by all means in their power, in quelling this riot, and in restoring the law, and in assisting the marshal and his deputies in recapturing the above mentioned prisoner; and I do, especially, direct that prosecutions be commenced against all persons who shall have aided themselves or others in the rescue of the said fugitive slave, and I do further command that the District Attorney of the United States, and all persons concerned in the administration or execution of the laws of the United States, cause the foregoing offenders, and all such as aided, abetted, or assisted them, or shall be found to have harbored or concealed such fugitive, contrary to law, to be immediately arrested and proceeded with according to law. Given under my hand, and the seal of the United States, this 15th day of February, 1851.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

Daniel Webster, Sec. of State.

In the Senate, notice was also taken of the matter, and Mr. Clay offered a resolution calling upon the President for information relative to the recent case of forcible resistance to the execution of the law of the United States in the city of Boston. By the rules the resolution was obliged to lay over one day.

On Wednesday, Mr. CLAY'S resolution, calling for information relative to the forcible rescue of a fugitive slave in Boston was taken up, and the mover made an earnest appeal for its passage. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Clay said: "Who committed this flagrant outrage? Was it our own race? No. But a hand who are, not of our people. It was by Africans and descendants of Africans. The question presented by the occurrence was whether our laws, framed by our own government, are to be carried into force—or whether a government of white men is to be yielded to a government of blacks? So astounding was the account, he would not first believe it—but a distinguished citizen of Massachusetts had assured him it was true. The Senator from Mississippi, yesterday, after an interview with one of the highest officers of the government, announced that the law would be enforced. He also had an interview with those officers, and had received the same assurance that the law would be vigorously enforced. He hoped the resolution would pass." Mr. Clay was followed by Mr. John Davis, Mr. Hale, Mr. Forster, and others, who deprecated the occurrence, and hoped the sovereignty of law would be vindicated. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

On Friday the President sent in a special message in reply to the resolution of Mr. Clay. The message embodies the affidavit of the Deputy Marshal, and states that private and unofficial accounts concur in establishing the main facts in the case. The President quotes the laws of the Massachusetts Legislature, passed in 1843, which prevents the confinement in the State jails of persons arrested as fugitive slaves. But, says the President, cannot prevent the confinement of fugitives, for by the resolution of Congress, of March, 1821, the Marshal of the U. S. in any State in which the public jails are refused, is expressly directed to hire a convenient place for the safe-keeping of prisoners committed under the authority of the U. S. States. The Marshal of Massachusetts did not provide such place, which was more to be regretted.

A copy of the Proclamation is transmitted with the message, and the President recommends a modification of the existing law, by which a proclamation may be dispensed with before calling out the militia to repel invasion or to execute existing laws, as the very fact of giving this publicity affords an opportunity to persons intended to be arrested by force or secreted themselves. The President recommends prompt execution of the laws, and repeats his assurance that they shall be faithfully enforced, and all forcible opposition to them suppressed, and to this end he is prepared to exercise the power vested in him to the fullest extent. The tone of this message is firm and decided.

On a motion to refer the message to the Judiciary committee, a debate sprang up which was not concluded till Monday last, when the message was unanimously referred.

## THE FEDERAL HOUSE.

Judging from the best census returns we are able to put together, the Representation of the several States under the new census will compare with that under the present as follows:

Census of 1840. Do. 1850.

Maine, 4, 6  
New Hampshire, 4, 6  
Massachusetts, 11, 10  
Rhode Island, 2, 2  
Connecticut, 4, 4  
Vermont, 4, 4  
New York, 24, 33  
New Jersey, 6, 5  
Pennsylvania, 24, 21  
Delaware, 3, 3  
Maryland, 6, 6  
Virginia, 16, 13  
North Carolina, 9, 8  
South Carolina, 9, 8  
Georgia, 8, 8  
Florida, 1, 1  
Alabama, 10, 21  
Indiana, 10, 11  
Illinois, 7, 10  
Michigan, 3, 4  
Wisconsin, 2, 3  
Iowa, 2, 2  
Kentucky, 10, 10  
Tennessee, 11, 10  
Missouri, 5, 7  
Arkansas, 2, 2  
Louisiana, 4, 4  
Alabama, 7, 7  
Mississippi, 4, 4  
Texas, 2, 2  
California, 2, 2  
Total, 283, 283

In addition to those heretofore mentioned, the following sales of personal property will take place, according to public notices printed at this office:

Sale of personal property of John Sandercock, in Carlisle, on Saturday the 8th of March.

Sale of personal property of George Musmann and George Old, of West Pennsylvania township, on Thursday the 20th of March.

Sale of a large stock of dry goods, &c., at the store of J. C. Carney, in Carlisle, commencing on Wednesday morning the 6th of March, and continuing on successive days to Saturday, the 8th of March.

Sale of personal property of Thomas Kaufman, of South Middleton township, on Thursday, the 20th of March.

Sale of personal property of George Goodyear, in Churchtown, on Friday, the 21st of March.

MALICIOUS BROKER.—Some malicious and evil-disposed person has had a report published in yesterday's Ledger, of the death of Dr. Sam'l L. Elliott, of this borough. The report is a malicious fabrication, for which the Ledger and the author, if he can be discovered, deserve to be held to strict account.

## MATTERS ABOUT HOME.

Temperance Convention.

We are requested to state that the York and Cumberland Temperance Convention will be held at Mechanicsburg, on Saturday the 1st of March, at 10 o'clock, A. M., where all who are friends to the cause of temperance are invited to attend.

Sudden Death.

Mr. WILLIAM HARKNESS, of East Pennsborough township, in this county, died very suddenly at his residence, on Thursday last, from an attack of apoplexy. Mr. Harkness was Ja Harrisburg the former part of the week in attendance at Court, and had just returned to his home an hour or two before his death.

Notary Public.

Gov. Johnston has appointed Mr. R. A. Noble, a notary Public for this borough, in place of Jefferson Worthington, whose term has expired. This is a good appointment. Mr. Noble is a well-qualified, and as a zealous and honest discharging Whig will deserve this mark of regard from a Whig Governor.

Washington's Birth Day Celebration.

Saturday last was quite a gala day in our borough. Although the weather was unfavorable a large number of our country friends thronged our streets, and the different celebrations of the day gave unusual spirit to the season. Such manifestations are a most satisfying proof that the birth of Washington, which distinguishes the 22d of February, is a national event which the American people will not allow to be effaced from their memories.

The recent anniversary seemed to be enjoyed by all classes of our population as a joyous holiday. In the morning there was a handsome parade of one of our Fire Companies. At 12 o'clock a national salute, in honor of the day, was fired by the U. S. Troops at the Carlisle Barracks. In the afternoon an attractive display of the military took place, and the evening was devoted to festivities, the proceedings of which will be found in to-day's paper.

The parade of the Union Fire Company in the morning attracted particular attention. Some fifty or more of the members, all decked in the appropriate and striking dress of the Fireman, appeared on parade, under the direction of Col. A. Noble, as Chief Marshal. The Engine was beautifully adorned with floral garlands and wreaths, (the tasteful work of ladies fair, probably,) and drawn by a team of four noble grey horses from the livery of Mr. George W. Hiltner. The hose-carriage, which followed, was similarly decorated, and displayed conspicuously upon it was a floral shield in which was worked in evergreen boughs the glorious name of Union. On the hoecarriage of the carriage was displayed the bright stripes of our national flag. The decorations of both carriages elicited warm expressions of admiration from the numerous spectators on the side walks. The Firemen were accompanied by the members of the Garrison Band, in their gay scarlet and blue uniforms, who discoursed most elegant music upon the line of march. The whole display was worthy of the company and the occasion, and was witnessed with high satisfaction by the public. Of all our public associations none are more entitled to the fostering care and regard of the community than the Firemen. The following compliment which we find in a late paper by Miss Eliza Cook, one of England's best living poets, is appropriate:

When the red sheet winds and whirls  
In the coil of frightful death;  
When the hoarse smoke unfurls,  
And the hot walls drink our breath;  
When the far off crowd appears  
Checking in the danger from afar,  
And some helpless form appears  
In that furnace of Despair;  
Spare! oh, spare the people cry,  
Save the blood that flows from the heart!  
Who will do the deed or die?  
'Tis a Fireman of the land!  
Then give them Honor, give them Fame,  
A home, and a place that fight the flames!

The military parade, consisting the Carlisle Avenue, Capt. Huntley, the Infantry, Capt. S. Croft, and the Heavy Rifles under Capt. G. W. Croft, was very fine. The ranks of each company were full, and the marching and evolutions worthy of well-drilled soldiers.

Escape of Counterfeiters.

The two men arrested last fall for passing counterfeit money, and committed to our county jail for trial, succeeded in making their escape on Friday night last, and are again at large. The trial of the prisoners had been postponed by order of the Court from the 17th inst., in the expectation that developments would be made leading to the detection of the authors and originators of the counterfeit money, which has been distributed by small gangs of men in various parts of the State during the last year. The Sheriff has offered a reward of \$50 for the arrest of the prisoners.

The escape of these men shows the insufficiency of our ancient jail for the secure confinement of prisoners. It is exceedingly old and dilapidated, and as a public building is anything but an ornament. Other counties are erecting new and handsome jails, and we trust the people of Cumberland county will resolve to keep up with the progress of the age in public improvement.

Great Longevity.

A highly respectable colored citizen of this borough, named JOHN CAMPBELL, died on the 17th inst., at the advanced age of 106 years! He was a slave for many years in Virginia, but by strict industry and honesty he bought the freedom of himself and wife at the large cost of \$1500. He then removed to this place where they have both been living in comfortable circumstances for the last twenty years.

John Campbell's character and manner of life, as is remarked by the friend who furnished us these facts, is worthy of imitation by those whose opportunities are far better than were his.

Personal Property Sales.

In addition to those heretofore mentioned, the following sales of personal property will take place, according to public notices printed at this office:

Sale of personal property of John Sandercock, in Carlisle, on Saturday the 8th of March.

Sale of personal property of George Musmann and George Old, of West Pennsylvania township, on Thursday the 20th of March.

Sale of a large stock of dry goods, &c., at the store of J. C. Carney, in Carlisle, commencing on Wednesday morning the 6th of March, and continuing on successive days to Saturday, the 8th of March.

Sale of personal property of Thomas Kaufman, of South Middleton township, on Thursday, the 20th of March.

Sale of personal property of George Goodyear, in Churchtown, on Friday, the 21st of March.

MALICIOUS BROKER.—Some malicious and evil-disposed person has had a report published in yesterday's Ledger, of the death of Dr. Sam'l L. Elliott, of this borough. The report is a malicious fabrication, for which the Ledger and the author, if he can be discovered, deserve to be held to strict account.

## FIRE COMPANY CELEBRATION.

Agreeably to a resolution of the company, passed at a special meeting some weeks ago, the Union Fire Company of Carlisle, celebrated the anniversary of Washington's birth day, by a parade with apparatus and a supper in the evening.

At the appointed hour, O. P. M., the members of the company and invited guests set down to a sumptuous repast prepared by mine host, Mr. Glas. After justice had been done to the edibles, and the cloth removed, Col. A. NOBLE, was elected as President, E. CONNOR, Vice President and Dr. H. Hinkley, Secretary. The following regular toasts were read by the Secretary:

1. The Whig we celebrate—Ever to be remembered by Whig contemporaries.

2. Washington—A name sacred to Americans.

3. Our Country—The birth-place of freedom.

4. The President of the United States—God grant him health and strength of mind and body.

5. Pennsylvania—The Keystone of the Union—May her iron be used as fetters to bind together the North and South.

6. Liberty—Man's natural birth-right—May the time be distant when the oppressor of the earth shall rise up in their might, and show to usurers that they are capable of self-government.

7. Our Host—For his sumptuous repast he has our united thanks, and best wishes for his health and prosperity. (Duly acknowledged by Mr. Glas.)

8. Our Chief Marshal—Col. Armstrong Noble—We return him our thanks for his attention, and give him our best wishes through life. (This toast brought the Colonel to his feet, and he made quite a happy address to the company.)

9. The President of the Union Fire Company—Ephraim Connor.—(This toast was duly acknowledged by Mr. C. who gave as a toast, The members of the Union Fire Company.)

10. The Borough of Carlisle—May it never grow less.—(This toast was drunk with a hearty amen.)

11. The contributors to our new Host—For their liberality they have our grateful thanks and the assurance that we shall endeavor to meet their approbation by an energetic zeal in the important duty entrusted to our charge.

12. The Ladies of Carlisle—We esteem them as the fairest of their sex, and for their tokens of respect as manifested this day, we shall ever hold them in respectful remembrance, and hope that the time may come when we shall have it within our power to return the compliment bestowed upon us.

Capt. Henderson being present, was called upon for a speech, which he gave, alluding to the parade, usefulness of the company, &c., and gave as a toast,

The Union Fire Company—First at a fire, united when there, and last to leave the ground. (Cheers.)

Mr. J. K. Boyer was called upon for a speech, in which he returned thanks to the company for their courtesy of the evening, and gave as a toast,

Mr. Marshall—The Union Engine—The only engine fit to be tolerated in our borough. May her water never run out. (Many cheers.)

Mr. J. B. Bratton, being called upon, complimented the company upon their handsome parade, and their efficiency, giving as a toast,

The Union Fire Company—Activity and efficiency characterize their movements. (Cheers.)

Dr. Hinkley was called upon to give a speech, in which he pointed out the duties of freemen, and urged them to act as brothers in a good cause, and avoid all squabbling among themselves, or with their brother freemen of other companies. He proposed as a toast,

The Fire Companies of Carlisle—May they ever get in harmony and union. (Three cheers.)

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By Thomas Keeney. Our Country—May the patriotic and virtuous of Columbia's sons ever unite in supporting their country's union and honor, and whilst so doing may they fancy a smile on the brow on which fame has created the purest laurels virtue can give to created man.

By Moses Fiske. The Firemen—May they be as old maid; always ready but seldom used. By William Burney. Women—Without her, man would not be—by her he is sustained in youth, encouraged in manhood, and consoled in the decline of life—she may really, therefore, be esteemed as the best gift of God to man.

By Jacob Ullrich. The Fireman—Blest be the freeman, free from care, Who can reel and ramble that singe torso. By Theodore J. Sturm. The Ladies—While their gentle hands this day wreathed us with roses, their sweet smiles have kindled in us a fire that flames a flame which nothing but "Union" can extinguish.

By Marion M. Eby. Carlisle—Famed for its pretty Ladies—handsome Officers—during Frenchmen's destruction—muddy streets, and horrid pavement.

By Wm. H. Ruby. The Union Fire Company—May she be ever ready, but never needed, and when needed, may she be efficient and wise.

By Andrew Wolf. The Ladies of Carlisle—May they never be forgotten by the members of this company, and may love and friendship be an abiding between them.

By George Comfort. George L. Goucher—An efficient brother—absent but not forgotten.

By a member. The Union Fire Company—The first to go when duty calls.

The following toast was sent in by Mr. Goucher, who was prevented from attending by indisposition:

The Union Fire Company—May she always be prompt to action, and may her members be as active in future prosperity, as they have in the past.

The meeting broke up at ten o'clock, each member well pleased with the events of the day, nothing having occurred to mar the festive scene.

## MILITARY CELEBRATION.

At a military supper given at Burkholder's hotel, in the borough of Carlisle, on Saturday evening, the 22d inst., Major SAMUEL CROFT was called to the chair, Mr. ANDREW THOMAS, appointed Vice President, and Isaac Ringwalt, Secretary. Wm. M. Peurose, Esq., was then called upon to address the company, to which he responded in a brief but pertinent address, replete with eloquent and patriotic allusions to the day and the great event which the company had met to commemorate. R. M. Henderson, Esq., and Mr. James Agnew, were also called upon by the meeting and replied in appropriate addresses, all of which were received with warm applause. The following regular toasts were then reported by a committee appointed for the purpose: viz:

These United States—May they forever remain what they have always been, the patrons of learning and genius, an asylum for the oppressed, the advocate of equal rights, the land of the free, and the home of the brave.

Pennsylvania—The Old Keystone—May she ever maintain her position in the arch.

Washington—The greatest of the great—the mightiest of the mighty, and the bravest of the brave.

Lafayette—His deeds have made lasting impressions upon the hearts of the American people.

## THE ARMY AND NAVY