until he died. And even then I cared little about preserving those things rather out of curiosity, than with any wish to discover my parentage. I loved him as a father till he died. Since then I have been travelling in the States. But when I first met your niece, my cousin now, and learned to love her as I told you, then I first learned, also, that there was any value in knowing my true parents. Day after day have I resolved to break away and still my heart held me back till to-night; learning that you were to depart in the morning, I determined to cast myself upon your feelings as a man, and tell you all I knew of myself, and ask for a fatherles man the hand of Marion."

"I thank God that you did," said the joyful mother; "but ask herself, my son."

At that moment she entered; and he sprang to her side and whispered a few words. One anxious, questioning look to the others, and she threw herself into his arms. Then, for the first, she heard who he was.

There is no monument to 'Our First-Born,' standing in the old grave yard now.

Herald & Expositor.

CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1848.

Democratic Whig Nominations,

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. Z. TAYLOR!

OF LOUISIANA.

VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW YORK.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

SENATORIAL.

John P. Sanderson, Lebanon.
Thomas M. T. M'Kennan, Washington.

REPRESENTATIVE.

1. Jos. G. Clarkson	13. Henry Johnson
2. J. Price Wetherill	14. Wm. Colder, sr.
3. James M. Davis	15. Wm. McIlvaine
4. Thos. W. Duffield	16. Chas. W. Fisher
5. Daniel O. Hiner	17. Andrew G. Curtin
6. Joshua Dungan	18. T. R. Davidson
7. John D. Steele	19. Joseph Markle
8. John Landes	20. Daniel Agnew
9. Jos. Schmucker	21. And. W. Loomis
10. Chares Snyder	22. Richard Irwin
11. Wm. G. Hurley	23. Thomas H. Sill
12. Francis Tyler	24. S. A. Purviance

A MIGHTY REVOLUTION!

The People have Spoken! Pennsylvania is Redeemed!

Gov. JOHNSON, *is we trust elected Governor of Pennsylvania*—and the STATE LEGISLATURE *is largely* WHIG *in both branches!* The election of a WHIG UNITED STATES SENATOR, in place of Gen. Cameron, is thus rendered certain. The unscrupulous and reckless band of demagogues who have so long led Pennsylvania blindfold have been cast off and spurned by her honest yeomanry and workingmen, who have arisen in their might and declared their freedom from the degrading influences and thraldom of Locofocoism! Ever since the overthrow of the Tariff of 1842, whose benign operations had covered Pennsylvania with blessings and benefits, a revolution has been at work, silently but steadily, and its crushing effect has fallen upon the corrupt minions of tyrannical power as suddenly and startling as did the astounding movement of the French people upon Louis Phillippe!

It is even so. The party which triumphed in Pennsylvania last year by over 16,000 majority, and whose continued successes had only made it the more arrogant and insolent in its reckless disregard of the people's rights and interests, is now utterly prostrated, its bloated pride laid low in the dust, while its corrupt and mercenary leaders are cowering and writhing under the just vengeance of an indignant People: Pennsylvania is Redeemed! Her old platform of PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INDUSTRY is again acknowledged and reestablished! The decree comes from the omnipotent voice of her Farmers, her manufacturers and her workingmen!—Who shall gainsay it?

WHO CAN NOW DOUBT THAT GEN. TAYLOR WILL CARRY PENNSYLVANIA!

AN ANXIOUS TIME!—The politicians have been in a very enviable state of trembling between hope and fear for several days past, in consequence of the vascillating character of the election returns. Political temperatures rose and fell with every giving out of the magnetic oracle, and as the two Governors got neck and neck in the race, their partizans trembled as they heard that Johnson was now ahead, and then that Longstreth was rapidly gaining. When we went to press the election of JOHNSON was probable!

From the complexion of the returns last week, we had fondly hoped that Gov. Johnson was clearly elected. But the first returns prove to have been greatly exaggerated, and the *official* reports as they came in took such large slices off the first reports that by Saturday night the final result became involved in great doubt. But whether Johnson is elected or not, the Whigs have made a demonstration which has struck terror into the hearts of our opponents, and given us the brightest assurance that OLD ZACH will carry Pennsylvania! Hurrah for that, boys!

American Art Union.

Persons desirous of becoming subscribers to this patriotic association for the encouragement of American Artists are informed that the editor of this paper is authorized to receive subscriptions. The annual transactions and monthly bulletins of the "Union," containing all necessary information can be had at our office.

INSTALLATION.—The Rev. C. P. WING, late of Huntsville, Alabama, was on Sabbath last duly installed Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of this borough. A large congregation was present on the occasion, and the exercises were interesting and impressive. The connexion thus formed, we trust, may long continue and be the means of advancing the spread of true religion in this community.

NOW for OLD ZACH and VICTORY!

RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

We point to the result in Cumberland county as in every respect encouraging. Morris Longstreth has a majority of 80. Last year Shunk had a majority of 306! Up to the very close of the election the friends of Longstreth were confident of his having the same majority. The result in the East Ward of this borough and South Middleton increased their confidence. But the swelling majority from Monroe "knocked the noise out of them" very speedily. Newville kicked another prop from under them. Shippensburg, Mechanicsburg, Shepherdstown, and other Whig districts cooled them still more. The streets of our borough have not been as quiet on election night for years, as they were on Tuesday night week!

Another and a harder fight is now coming on, and we want to see the Rough and Ready boys of Old Mother Cumberland coming out of it with banners flying in victory! THEY CAN DO IT IF THEY WILL! We must have at least ONE HUNDRED MAJORITY for "Old Buena Vista" in Cumberland county! Our own borough we know will do better. Monroe promises to increase her majority to a round hundred, and Shepherdstown is determined not to be outdone. Shippensburg has a few more votes of the same sort, which will make her majority at least one hundred. Dickinson will speak like a trumpet on the 7th. Her Tariff-boys are just getting roused!—Mechanicsburg, Bridgeport, Hampden, New Cumberland, Leesburg, &c., will all help the good work along!

Let the friends of TAYLOR & FILLMORE then immediately commence organizing for the second great contest!—We have but a short time to work—let us commence vigorously at once. Rouse the committees, and let every man feel it to be his duty to give them all the assistance he can. Those who are not assessed must do it without delay. Those who were not out at the Governor's election must be urged and brought out on the 7th of November. General Taylor fought bravely and successfully for us.—Let us work as faithfully for him and our great principles. Let there be no slumbering nor faltering. We know now what we can do, and shame upon us if we lose the victory by neglect or inactivity. PENNSYLVANIA has taken her place in the Whig line, bearing the proud flag of TAYLOR and VICTORY! She must "never surrender," but go on conquering and to conquer!—Friends of Taylor, the skies are bright! RALLY and ORGANIZE, and the VICTORY IS OURS!

Wm. F. Johnson.

In W. F. Johnson, upon whose election we trust to congratulate our readers, the people of Pennsylvania have a Governor of whom they may feel justly proud. A noble-looking man in personal appearance, he is no less noble in every excellent quality of head and heart. He has been emphatically the *leader* of the Whig party in the recent campaign, and scarcely owes to any man's assistance the laurels he has won. His own white plume towered high above all others in the fight, and his spirit, his energy & eloquence gave the *prestige* of victory.

We believe with the N. Y. Tribune that for the magnificent victory of his election "much credit is due to Gov. Johnson himself. His able and useful career as a legislator, his general liberality of views and effective devotion to the Free Soil principle, and the talent and energy wherewith he has canvassed the State, have combined to render him a formidable candidate, in spite of ferocious attacks upon him as the Shinplaster, Relief-Note, Specie-payment-Suspension, Biddle-Bank, turncoat candidate. He has been tried as by fire, and he has come unscathed from the furnace which has devoured his defaming adversaries." His administration we have confidence will result in the lasting good of our beloved Commonwealth.

A Lie Nailed!

One of the stories retailed by the loco foco and Van Buren papers, and which they keep as standing matter in their columns, is, that General Taylor said to a Committee of the Mississippi Legislature, which was appointed to invite him to visit that State; "*that the South ought never to submit to the Wilmot Proviso.*" The statement rested on the authority of a Col. Boone, a leading locofoco of the State. He is said to have been the Chairman of the Committee. It now appears that Col. Henry was chairman, and he knows nothing of such a sentence having been uttered by General Taylor. The Worcester (Mass.) Whig has an article upon the subject, and has forever set the matter at rest.—The editor says, "*General Taylor has contradicted it under his own sign manual. This we know; we have seen and read the contradiction, with the name of Zachary Taylor affixed to it.*"

The truth is that Gen. Taylor has never uttered a word, or written a line, which favors the extension of slavery into new territories. On the contrary he has clearly expressed his opinion, in his reply to the editor of the Cincinnati Signal, *in favor* of the ordinance of 1787—the *original* of the Wilmot Proviso. Let honest Whig Free Soilers remember this, and let it be kept before the people.

ILLINOIS.—George R. Weber, Esq. recently State Printer and Editor of the *Springfield State Register*, has bolted Cass, and offered a series of resolutions and made a Van Buren speech on the 1st inst. at the Capitol.

☞ We are indebted to the courtesy of our neighbor of the Volunteer for the table in type of county election returns. We shall endeavor to give the sub-districts next week.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

Johnson's Election

ALMOST CERTAIN!

The returns we give below are the latest and most correct we could obtain before going to press. We have an abiding confidence that JOHNSTON IS ELECTED, but caution our friends against BETTING. The passengers by the cars this morning, report that in Harrisburg it was confidently believed that Johnston is elected. The entire official returns can alone positively decide the matter.

☞ The locofoco report this morning is, that there is a TIE in the House of Representatives, and that the Governor's chances are EQUAL.

THE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

	1848		1844	
	Johnston.	Longstreth.	Markle.	Shunk.
Allegheny,	2692	—	8105	5863
Adams,	525	—	2485	1848
Armstrong,	—	37	1407	1966
Berks,	—	4264	3810	8316
Beaver,	382	—	2730	2093
Bucks,	—	161	4804	5106
Bedford,	—	126	3045	2884
Blair,	866	—	—	—
Butler,	79	—	2187	2054
Bradford,	—	450	2967	3525
Cambria,	—	270	965	1129
Carbon,	—	228	453	784
Chester,	755	—	6130	5475
Centre,	—	904	1787	2384
Cumberland,	—	80	2971	3000
Columbia,	—	1176	1593	3199
Crawford,	—	269	2410	2925
Clarion,	—	983	793	1889
Clinton,	—	198	807	922
Clearfield,	—	481	611	1003
Dauphin,	980	—	3213	2352
Delaware,	498	—	2069	1493
Elk,	—	128	103	132
Erie,	1415	—	3501	2207
Fayette,	—	514	2836	3304
Franklin,	770	—	3797	3211
Green,	—	1071	1425	2265
Huntingdon,	418	—	4022	2630
Indiana,	803	—	2098	1417
Juniata,	—	98	1085	1188
Jefferson,	—	200	617	727
Lebanon,	838	—	2478	1748
Lancaster,	4213	—	9513	5532
Lehigh,	—	446	2443	2680
Lycoming,	—	448	1915	2600
Luzerne,	—	816	3561	3649
Monroe,	—	1344	327	1601
Mercer,	540	—	2765	2744
Mifflin,	—	147	1506	1585
Montgomery,	—	573	4341	5304
McKean,	—	75	307	346
Northampton,	—	925	2455	3466
Northumberland,	—	598	1498	2384
Perry,	—	725	1316	2246
Philad'a City,	4961	—	9282	5265
Philad'a Co.		—	14586	12756
Pike,	—	486	142	643
Potter,	—	350	202	527
Schuylkill,	726	—	2390	3217
Somerset,	1652	—	2450	922
Sullivan,	—	250	—	—
Susquehanna,	—	851	1595	2468
Tioga,	—	850	1049	1975
Union,	1201	—	2721	1777
Venango,	—	541	873	1230
Westmoreland,	—	2099	2778	4701
Washington,	116	—	3901	3958
Warren,	—	198	843	1107
Wayne,	—	600	811	1553
Wyoming,	—	130	754	808
York,	—	183	2802	3691
Total,	24,430	24,274	156,562	160,969

Thus making Johnston's majority 156!

In the returns of Philadelphia Longstreth has the benefit of the several hundred fraudulent votes of Penn and Richmond townships, which if thrown out would put Johnston's election beyond all doubt.

The returns we truly regret to say do not hold out as favorable an assurance of the election of NER MIDDLESWARTH, our candidate for Canal Commissioner. He is probably defeated.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

The following are the names of the gentlemen elected to the 31st Congress, so far as we have ascertained from the returns already received. The members of the present Congress are also appended for the sake of comparison.

31st Congress.	*30th Congress.*
1 L. C. Levin, N	L. C. Levin, N
2 J. R. Chandler, W	J. R. Ingersoll, w
3 H. D. Moore, W	Charles Brown, D
4 Contested,	C. J. Ingersoll, D
5 John Freedly, W	J. Freedley, W
6 Thomas Ross, D	S. M. Bridges, W
7 J. C. Dickey, W	A. R. McIlvaine, w
8 Thad. Stevens, W	John Strohm, W
9 William Strong, D	William Strong, D
10 M. M. Dimmick, D	Rich'd Brodhead, D
11 Chester Cutler, W	Chester Butler, W
12 David Wilmot, D	David Wilmot, D
13 Joseph Casey, W	James Pollock, w
14 C. W. Pitman, W	Geo. W. Eckert, w
15 Henry Nes, W	Henry Nes, W
16 J X McLanahan D	J. E Brady, w
17 Sam'l. Calvin, W	John Blanchard, w
18 A. J. Ogle, W	Andrew Stewart, w
19 Job Mann, D	Job Mann, D
20 R. R. Reed, W	John Dickey, w
21 M. Hampton, W	Moses Hampton, w
22 J. W. Howe, W	J. W. Farrelly, w
23 J. Campbell, W	Jas. Thomson, D
24 No returns.	Alex. Irvine, w

THE STATE SENATE.

The following are the names of the gentlemen elected to the State Senate:

1st District, Wm. A. Crabb, Whig.
2d " Peleg B. Slavery, R. R.
4th " H. Jones Brooke, Whig.
7th " Joseph Konigmacher, Whig.
" " Daniel Stine, Whig.
14th " Robert M. Frick, Whig.
15th " John J. Cunningham, Whig.
21st " Isaac Hugus, Democrat.
22d " Maxwell M'Caslin, Democrat.
23d " Geo. V. Lawrence, Whig. gain.
28th " Doubtful. David B. Long, Independent Democrat, running against Timothy Ives, regular Democratic nominee. In any event, a democrat will be elected.

By this table it will be seen that the Whigs elect eight Senators and the Democrats three. The members holding over are, Democrats 9, Whigs 13. The State Senate will therefore stand, Whigs, 21; Democrats 12. Whig majority 9.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Whigs have a gain of one member in Cumberland, eight in Philadelphia county, two in Schuylkill, one in Butler, two in Luzerne, two in Washington, one in Cambria, and several others reported. Having had thirty-six members in the last House, all of whom are returned, they will thus have a clear majority in the next.

Ohio Safe for Taylor!

The State Election in Ohio took place on the same day with Pennsylvania. The returns are contradictory, but the latest reports are favorable to the Whigs. We believe the defeat of FORD, (the Whig candidate,) if he is defeated, is caused by his silence in regard to the Presidency. If he had come out plumply, for "Old Zach," he would have been elected. The people like a bold open mouthed candidate. However, we feel sure that Ohio will be all right in November.

The Whigs have four majority in the Assembly, and the Senate is tied. This would give the Whigs strength to elect a U. S. Senator. We should like to know what has become of the Free Soil votes which were to be given for Ford. It looks very like as if they had been given for Weller, or else they are very few in number.

Our opinion has always been that General Taylor would run better in Ohio than the State ticket. We believe so now; and, therefore we are firm in our belief, that the vote of Ohio in November will be given for him. The following are the members of Congress supposed to be elected:

1. David Disney, Dem.
2. L. D. Campbell, Whig.
3. R. C. Schenck, Whig, re-elected.
4. Moses B. Corwin, Whig.
5. Emery D. Potter, Dem.
6. Rodolphus Dickinson, Dem.
7. Jonathan D Morris, Dem.
10. Charles Sweetzer, Dem. gain.
11. John K. Miller, Dem.
12. Samuel F. Vinton, Whig, re-elected.
13. W. A Whittlesey, Dem.
14. Nathan Evans, Whig, re-elected.
16. Moses Hoagland, Dem.
17. Joseph Cable, Dem.
18. David K. Carter, Dem.
19. John Crowell, Whig, re-elected.
21. Joseph M. Root, Whig, re-elected.

A despatch received in Baltimore, dated Oct 14th, says, Ford, the Whig candidate for Governor in Ohio, has been elected by a small majority over Weller, the democratic candidate. In the Senate there is a tie; while there is a majority of four Whigs in the House.

Another dispatch from Columbus, dated Oct. 14th, says Ford is certainly elected by a small majority, probably not more than 100. The latest despatch to the Philadelphia Bulletin, on Monday afternoon says, the sum of the latest and most authentic intelligence from Ohio is, that the Whigs have carried their Governor by not less than 1000 majority; that the Senate will stand equally divided; and that there is a majority of at least *two*, and probably *four*, in the House of Representatives—thus giving the Whigs a majority in joint ballot.

Georgia safe for Taylor!

The National Intelligencer says, we now have a despatch from the office of the Augusta "Chronicle and Sentinel," dated yesterday, which states that in eighty-eight counties the Democratic *majority* (not gain) is only 173, leaving five counties to be heard from, which gave a Democratic majority last year of 228. Supposing these counties to have voted as they did last year, the Democratic majority will be *reduced* more than two-thirds, our despatch assures us that this is the case, *and that Georgia is certain for General Taylor*. The counties to be heard from are Emanuel, Montgomery, Ware, Union and Lincoln.

Florida in Line!

A letter in the Baltimore Patriot, dated Tallahasse, Oct. 5th, states that Cabell is certainly elected to congress by a majority of over 500; and that Brown, the Whig candidate for Governor, has an equally large majority. Cabell's majority in six counties heard from is over 550, against 317 in 1846. The writer states that 18 Whigs and 3 democrats are elected to the State Legislature so far, and that there will undoubtedly be a decisive Whig majority on joint ballot—thus securing to that party a United States Senator.

South Carolina Too!

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—The Charleston Courier, of Saturday, publishes a statement of the probable result in that State, accompanied by a table, giving the counties and delegates, from which they come to the following conclusion:

"From this it appears that there are 62 votes for Taylor, 76 for Cass, and 28 doubtful or neutral votes; if these doubtful votes be added to the 62 Taylor votes, it will give 90 votes for Taylor, or a majority of 14 on the joint ballot. And it is not at all improbable that these votes will be cast for Taylor, for in some cases the question of a preference has not been raised, in many instances, whilst a preference has not been expressed for Taylor, the candidates say that in no event can they support Gen. Cass."

HOAXING JOHN VAN BUREN.—A number of jokes have recently been played off in different sections of the Union, at the expense of John Van Buren. He recently received a letter from Gainsville, Ala., requesting him to come to that place and address a free soil meeting. John, of course, did not go, but then he wrote a handsome letter to his friends there, of which the Gainsville Sentinal says:

"There was received at the post office, by due course of mail, a few days since, a letter written by John Van Buren, which we give below, addressed to men *who do not reside here*, viz; Alson Drummond, Henry Gee, and Francis J Fanion. The first named individual has long since gone to parts unknown. Henry Gee is a resident of the Penitentiary for the term of his natural life, and Fanion is now confined in the gloomy vaults of a dungeon in this county under a charge of larceny."

FREE SOIL IN NORTH CAROLINA.—A meeting composed of Democrats, has been held in Orange county, N. C., and the nomination of Van Buren and Adams endorsed. They appointed 50 delegates to a convention to choose electors.

CASS' PLUNDER!

GEN. CASS AND HIS ENORMOUS EXTRA ALLOWANCES!

The overwhelming indignation of the People of this country was excited a few years ago, by the robbing of the National Treasury on the part of a host of great and small DEFAULTERS, and in wrath the People rose and hurled the administration of Martin Van Buren from power! Gen. Cass has got THOUSANDS from the National Treasury in scarcely a less criminal manner than Swartwout and other defaulters. The following letter from the Hon. ANDREW STEWART, member of Congress from Western Pennsylvania, exhibits in its true light the character of the EXTRA ALLOWANCES claimed by and paid to Gen. Cass, while in the service of the General Government. Mr. Stewart makes these statements under his own proper name, and gives the OFFICIAL evidence on which they are based:

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer.

UNIONTOWN, (Pa.) Sept. 29, 1848.

GENTLEMEN:—My attention has just been called to two late numbers of the "Union" in which the Editor has devoted ten columns with the promise of more, to the examination of my late speech in relation to Gen. Bass's extra pay. This is a compliment I hardly expected from the editor of the Union, and am exceedingly sorry that I have given him so much trouble and uneasiness.

I have not time just now to read, much less to comment on these ten columns of editorial abuse; but, since Mr. Ritchie questions the truth of my statements in regard to Mr. Cass's extra pay, I will refer him to an authority of which he seems to be ignorant; but will not dare to controvert. I refer him to President Polk's message of 11th August last, (Executive doc. No. 86,) printed since the adjournment. Now, I charged Gen. Cass with taking while Governor of Michigan and ex-officio Superintendent of Indian Affairs, $64,865 64 extra pay, over and above the amount of his legal and fixed salary of $2,000 a year. Now, I assert that this message, sent in by President Polk in obedience to a resolution of the House, with the documents appended, sustain and establish every dollar and cent I have charged against Gen. Cass. They do more: they show that Gen. Cass received as Marshal of Ohio and Minister of France $26,708,65 over and above the amount of his salaries and his outfit and return, which, regarded as *extra*, will make his extra pay $91,574 11, and his regular and extra pay, together $234,221 49. Now, if my charging Gen. Cass with taking $64,165,46 extra pay is justly denounced by Mr. Ritchie and his other venal followers as "vilification and slander" of Mr. Cass, what will they now say of Mr. Polk, who makes it much worse than I did? What will they say of Gov. Marcy, Secretary of War, D. Graham, Register of the Treasury, P. Hagner, and John M. McCalla, Second and Third Auditors, who sustain by their official signatures these statements thus "villifying and slandering" Mr. Cass, and rendering him, if true, (as has been said by his friends,) unworthy the support of any honest man? These "outrageous" charges being established *by his own friends*, what will *my* villifyers and slanderers now say? *We shall see.*

The Presidents message and documents sustaining these charges are in the hands of every member of Congress, where they may be seen; and, to facilitate the examination I will refer the inquirer to pages 2, 3, 5, 46, 47, 50, 159, 160, 233, and 234.

It furthermore appears by these official documents that Gen. Cass charged and received as Governor of Michigan more than *double* the amount of extra pay received by *all* the other Governors of *all* the Territories of the United States from the foundation of the Government up to the year 1843. This remarkable fact is established by these records. Can this be right? Can Mr. Ritchie satisfy the people of this country that Lewis Cass, while Governor of Michigan, was *justly* entitled to double as much as all the rest of the Governors of all the other twelve or fifteen territories of the United States? And it also appears that a great part of the extra pay allowed to the other Governors was allowed by Gen. Cass himself, while he was Secretary of War, and based upon his *own extra allowance*

These documents show also that Lewis Cass received, in addition to his regular salary of $2000 a year, $1500 a year for fuel office rent, &c, $1500 a year for services beyond the territorial lines of Michigan, and also, *at the same time*, $8 per day and 40 cts. per mile for making treaties with the Indians amounting alone for part of the time, to 3,000 a year, and making with his regular salary and extra allowances, $8000 a year, instead of $2000—more than $20 a day, when the law gave him less than $6. But not satisfied with all this, it appears that Gen. Cass charged and received for several years, while Governor of Michigan, the pay and emoluments of a captain and quartermaster in the regular army, amounting to upwards of $900 per year more; and charged and received *at one time* $6,610 for rations, as well as several thousand dollars for settling his accounts and helping to form an Indian code, while in the receipt of all his salaries, *regular and extra*, above mentioned. And what is worse than all this, in July, 1832, a year after Gen. Cass was appointed Secretary of War, he produced an account against the government, amounting to $53,128 96, for alleged over payments' running back ten or twelve years; $5,317 15 in 1820 for *Indian* annuities; $10,183 61 an indefinite charge "for Indian department prior to 1829," which, if right, he could have retained in any of his quarterly settlements made during these ten or twelve years, producing a balance in his favor of $35,075. For this alleged balance a requisition was drawn (No 2906,) by John Robb, acting Secretary of War, in favor of Lewis Cass, then himself Secretary of War, on the Treasury, and the money being paid the settlement stood suspended till 1837, when it was closed by Wm. B. Lewis.—(See pages 232 and 233.) Worse still: An allowance appears to have been made, while Gov. Cass was Secretary of War, to Wm. Woodbridge, Secretary of the Territory, acting as Governor of Michigan, of 1,5000 a year, for three years and twenty five days, the time Gov. Cass was employed in negotiating treaties, amounting to $4,602-74, for fuel, office rent, &c., between the years 1815 and 1827. So that the government was thus made to pay $3,000 a year *extra* for fuel, office rent, &c., for the territory of Michigan; 1500 to Governor Cass, and $1500 to acting Governor Woodbridge at the same time. If Mr. Woodbridge was entitled to this additional extra allowance of $1,500 a year, why did he not apply for and receive it at the time? Because Gov Cass received it. Why wait twelve or fifteen years, till Gov. Cass is Secretary of War? And why is this allowed by John Robb, acting Secretary of War, while the allowance of $4,378,61 immediately preceding to G. B. Porter, Governor of Michigan, and of $1,000 to S. T. Mason, acting Governor of Michigan, immediately following, are "made by Gen. Cass, Secretary of War?" (For this charge see page 50.) When Mr. Ritchie explains *these mysteries*, he will perhaps hear from me again.

In conclusion, let me suggest to Mr. Ritchie the propriety of now turning his battery of billingsgate and abuse from me upon President Polk and the officers of the Treasury and War Departments, who have taken the task of sustainting these charges against Gen. Cass off my shoulders. Will he do it? I venture the prediction that he will hereafter be silent on this subject. '*Nous verrons.*'

A. STEWART.

The Election of Taylor Assured!

The result of the election in Pennsylvania is decisive of the Presidential contest. It was the great battle ground of the campaign The loss of it to the Whigs would not make the contest by any means desperate. The loss of it to the Loco Focos destroys their last remnant of hope. The contest is virtually ended. There are States enough, which no one can with any appearance of grounds dispute to be perfectly reliable for Taylor, to give him at the very worst, one hundred and fifty electoral votes, or ten majority in the electoral college. These states are:

Vermont	6	electors.
Massachusetts	12	"
Rhode Island	4	"
Connecticut	6	"
New York	36	"
New Jersey	7	"
Pennsylvania	26	"
Delaware	3	"
Maryland	8	"
North Carolina	11	"
Louisiana	6	"
Tennessee	13	"
Kentucky	12	"
	150	"

In this we have not included a single State by any means doubtful, not even Ohio, though we are fully confident that the State will vote for Gen. Taylor. So, too, we have not included Georgia or Florida, although we consider those States perfectly safe. There is also good reason to believe that Indiana will vote for General Taylor—less probable but still quite hopeful, are our prospects in Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, and even in Mississippi. If we add the votes of Ohio, Florida, Georgia, and Indiana, we have 198 electoral votes, or a majority of 106 in the electoral college.

Our Congressional District.

The official returns of this Congressional District show the election of James X. McLanahan, the locofoco candidate, by a small majority. The district has always been regarded as a strong and certain one for the locofocos, but Mr. Brady has cut down their majority to a very paltry figure:

	Brady.	McLanahan.
Cumberland,	2970	3078
Perry,	1352	2062
Franklin, (majority)	703	

McLanahan's majority 115.

IS HE SATISFIED?—Mr. Purser STERRET RAMSAY, of the U. S. Navy, came promptly to this county immediately after the nomination of Gen. Cass, and with a zeal worthy of a better cause has worked untiringly to promote the election of the locofoco ticket. He must know that this is what Thomas Jefferson most despised and rebuked in officers of the General Government. Meantime a good many people here are wondering whether Mr. Ramsay thinks the "*dog is dead*" yet or not!

☞ Hon. John Tonnele, the Whig Senator of Hudson county N. J., who was recently nominated by the Free Soilers on their electoral ticket, declines the station, and takes the only practicable ground upon which the friends of that movement must look for success. He says: "Should ZACHARY TAYLOR be elected, Congress, as it was intended by the framers of the Constitution, will again be—what, under the rule of the party which Gen. Cass represents, it has almost ceased to be—the government of the country. Honorable peace with foreign nations—protection to Home Industry and Internal Improvements will be secured, and our nation will be prosperous and happy."

FROM YUCATAN.—Capt. Whitney, of the brig Hamer, at New Orleans, from Sisal, reports that news reached Sisal on the morning of the 23d ult., that the Yucatecos had had a battle with the Indians. Three officers were wounded, and five American volunteers killed and wounded.

Are you Assessed!

Persons who lost their votes at the Governor's election by reason of not being assessed, should remember that they can be assessed if they make application ten days previous to the Presidential Election. Let all attend to this who desire to vote for OLD ZACH. Don't neglect it!

JEWS IN PENNSYLVANIA.—By the terms of the late proclamation of the Governor of Pennsylvania, appropriating a day of thanksgiving, the Israelites were led to think it probable they were excluded; but Governor Johnston, in reply to J. L. Moss, of Philadelphia, assures them it was not his intention to exclude any of his fellow citizens worshipping an "Almighty God." It is said the Israelites in Pennsylvania number about 15,000.

☞ Santa Anna, it is supposed, designs to return to Mexico, to unite his fortune with Paredes. He is at present at Kingston, Jamaica, but his private Secretary is on his way to Vera Cruz to sound the way. Santa Anna himself has given out that he intends to leave Kingston for Carthagena, but this is believed to be only a ruse to conceal his real movements.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE!

The Washington Union, the "by authority" *organ* of the great locofoco party, gives the *true* position of Taylor and Cass on the question of Slavery extension. The editor of the Democrat says we are committing a *fraud* upon our readers in representing Gen Taylor to be *opposed* to the extension of Slavery.—But the following extracts from the "Union" show that we are correct, and that it is the Democrat which is *falsifying* the views of Cass and Taylor:

Cass in favor of Slavery extension.

"At all events we are happy to understand by private letters that General CASS firmly stands the ground which he has taken. Being applied to formally by a man of the Wilmot stamp, he declared unhesitatingly that he adhered to his Nicholson letter and to the Baltimore platform and that *if elected President, he would* VETO THE WILMOT PROVISO."—Wash. Union, Aug. 1, 1848.

Taylor opposed to Slavery Extension.

There can be no doubt about General TAYLOR being *opposed* to the extension of Slavery. His letter to Gen. Gaines and the Cincinnati Signal are *proof of this fact. That he lives in a slave State is no argument that he wishes its extension. Thousands of the citizens of the South believe slavery to be wrong in every aspect in which it can be viewed*"—Washington Union, Aug 3, 1848.

The vote of the eight Southern Whigs in Congress to lay the recent Compromise Bill on the table is a striking proof that "thousands of the citizens of the South believe slavery to be wrong in every aspect in which it can be viewed," and among these is Gen. Taylor, as many facts have shown.

☞ Some wag has recently suggested that the name of Lewis Cass be changed to LOOSE CASH, as he has lately received more government plunder than any other man in the Union.

LOST

ON one of the streets of this borough, on Monday last, a Crochet-work BAG, variously coloured, and edged with bead-work fringe.—The name of the owner will be found on a handkerchief contained in it. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder on leaving it at this office. oct11

More New Goods.

THE subscriber has just returned from the city with a large and beautiful stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS. He would invite the attention of the public to call and see his goods before purchasing elsewhere. Recollect the store, on West Main street, a few doors west of Beetem's Hotel.

oct11 G R CROOKS

A FINE assortment of French Merinoes, Cashmeres, new style, Alpacas, Tibbet Cloth &c, just received by G R CROOKS

oct11

SHAWLS—The subscriber is opening a large assortment of Shawls of every variety of style and price, from 62½ cts to $8.

oct11 G R CROOKS

HOSIERY & GLOVES just opening a large assortment of Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery and Gloves of every variety of quality for sale cheap by

G R CROOKS

Official Election Returns of Cumberland County.

DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR. William F. Johnston.		C. COM'R. Lemuel Paister.		Net Millisenger.		CONGRESS. James X. McLanahan.		Jasper E. Brady.		ASSEMBLY. Abraham Lamberton.		Jacob Leferver.		R. P. McClure.		George Rupley.		PROTHY. James F. Lamberton.		J. J. Hemphill.		REGISTER. John Hyer.		Daniel Shelly, Jr.		RECORDER. William Gould.		SHERIFF. A. A. Line.		COMMIS'R. James Kelso.		J. McCulloch.		D. OF POOR. Thomas Bradley.		J. W. Craighead.		AUDITOR. John B. Vandenbeil.		Wm. Keefer.	
East Ward,	213	163	219	154	219	153	224	217	152	155	208	161	217	153	195	169	169	215	215	156	156	215	215	136	136	216	216	155	155	216	216	155	155	216	216	155	155	216	216	155	155	216	216	155	155	216	216
West Ward,	163	221	165	218	168	160	216	212	152	224	150	202	145	226	164	216	218	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215	164	216	163	215
N. Middleton,	230	144	221	143	217	144	218	213	144	146	221	141	221	141	228	130	218	140	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228	134	218	144	228
S. Middleton,	212	201	215	199	214	198	216	215	196	197	219	193	234	177	212	199	215	196	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206	216	206
Dickinson,	94	65	93	65	91	92	63	63	102	54	96	63	88	68	94	65	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68	94	65	86	68
W. Pennsboro',	46	112	46	114	45