Gerald & Exposition

Correspondence of the U. S. Gazette.

Sayings and Doings at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21, 1846.

THE FOREIGN NEWS.

The news is important, so far as the two great assembling congresses now before the American people and concerned, I mean the Tariff and Oregon. The very extraordinary fact will not escape the notice of the people, and especially of the manufacturing and agricultural States, that Mr. Walker's financial report is of so gratifying a character to Barron statesmanship, that it was ordered to be printed by Parliament for the use of the members! Nor will it escape observation that this report was forwarded to England and ordered to be *printed there before it was printed and laid on the tables of members here!* And by whom is this done? By one of our own public functionaries—the head of the Treasury Department, and a member of the Cabinet, one of that party, too, which is constantly "charging" their opponents with entertaining "British feelings," of promoting "British interests, &c. What would they have said, or what would they not have said, had a Whig made a report upon a subject where in there were conflicting interests between the two countries, of such a nature as to be thought worthy to be printed at the public expense, in England, and had furnished a *manuscript* copy of such an immense document of 957 PAGES, with a large amount of figure work, to the British government! No such document, it is said by the English papers, was ever before ordered to be printed by the British government. No, and I will venture to say that no manuscript copy of such a document was ever before furnished to that government, nor any report made, upon a subject involving conflicting interests between the two nations, to gratifying to them and injurious to us. Mr. Walker has the unenviable distinction of having made the only BRITISH report sent to Congress by an American Secretary of the Treasury; let him enjoy it to the full; I trust no one will attempt to pluck a single leaf of this laurel from his deserving brow, or detract from him one iota of the fame which this masterly act will give him. His anti-protective, and his *protective* friends cannot but feel proud of him, and of their President, the consistent friend of the protective Tariff, and especially the Tariff of '42, for this great stroke of policy! If they should perchance doubt of Mr. Polk's friendly disposition to the protective policy, from anything they see, let them turn back to his John K. Kane letter, read that, and they will feel perfectly easy, for that is as clear as mud, and leaves no doubt upon the mind.

In connection with this subject I must call your attention to an article in the Union of Thursday evening, in which the project of the Administration, settling the Oregon question and the Tariff together, is clearly foreshadowed. The following are extracts from the article:

Extracts from an article in the "Union" of Thursday last.

"A WAR FOR OREGON PREFERRED TO A REDUCTION OF THE TARIFF.—We think we are not mistaken in the belief that this is the solemn conclusion to which the infatuated advocates of a protective tariff have now arrived. Indeed, the readiness to embrace the alternative of war for Oregon sooner than by our own predetermined and independent action upon the tariff, *Great Britain should be influenced peiceably to concede what we demand*, has been already substantially proclaimed. The Baltimore Patriot, with all its guarded phraseology, makes the avowal to which we have referred. That paper finds a poor pretext for a most gratuitous expression of its sentiments upon a subject, in certain rumors originating in this city, to the effect that the Oregon controversy would be settled to American satisfaction by an equivalent offer in the reduction of the American tariff!

"We do sincerely think that many of the ultra friends of the protective system would much prefer a war with Great Britain to a repeal of the tariff. They so say in plain terms, and why? Suppose that Congress should reduce the rates of duties, and thus open the American ports to English goods, upon the presumption that commercial advantages of such consequence to Great Britain would be *duly appreciated*, it is reasonable, likewise, to believe *that she would be particularly anxious to preserve them*? Would the difficulty of terminating the Oregon controversy be increased by our doing an act of legislative justice, in the diminution of the taxes of our own people? Certainly not. *It not the probability altogether the other way.*"

"Time will develope." Yes and time is developing this scheme for the destruction of American manufacturers much more rapidly than I then anticipated. I consider the tariff in much greater danger now than I did two days ago. I very much doubt indeed, whether anything can save the country from another *free trade* experiment."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1846.

I find a difference of opinion here among intelligent and thinking men, as to whether there is less probability of war now than there was before the arrival of the late news, in other words, whether the news was pacific or not. The prevailing and general opinion is in the affirmative; but there are those who do not so consider it, and who firmly believe that war will result from this Oregon controversy. Needless I cannot think so—They do not believe our government will accept any proposition that shall not give us territory north of 49 deg. I think differently. We shall see.

I understand that Sir Robert Walker is highly pleased at the honor conferred upon him by the ordering of his Report for the use of Parliament. I cannot see that he has any reason for self congratulation on this account. It is customary to print all important British reports for the use of members of Parliament, and I do not see why Sir Robert Walker's should have any exception. Probably the honor was not conferred on account of any American name, but of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who was the leader of the British government, who was the leader of the British Parliament. Irony aside, Mr. Polk, Mr. Walker, & Co. have not any earnest AMERICAN PARTY, of any weight, in this country. Opposed to this party and to them is the AMERICAN PARTY, which advocates the interests of American citizens and the rights of American labor. Their motto is, "Let American take care of labor and capital will take care of itself." The policy of the British party is to reduce the wages of labor down to the standard of the half-fed, half-clothed, and half-housed labor of Europe, for such will be the inevitable effect of unrestricted trade and commerce between this country and Europe. I am informed that the Committee of Ways and Means are making alterations in the Tariff bill sent to them to be reported to the House. The Union of Saturday evening states the real average of duty to be collected by that bill would be 19.72-100 per cent, and that no duty is above the lowest rate which will yield on each article the largest amount of revenue. It discards all protection, therefore, and is strictly *anti* protective. This will suit the British government to a charm.

Mr. Ritchie appears to be highly delighted at the idea that the party for which he labors so disinterestedly—only about $30,000 or $40,000 net profit a year—is hereafter to be in alliance with England, he says;

"Our opponents have heretofore been called Whigs and British Whigs, because they have advocated the narrow and partial policy of monopoly, which has been so deeply fixed in the English statue book. But if England herself enters upon the career of just and liberal legislation—if England, which was led by our example to rid herself of monopolies, the advocates of the tosiricitive system in the United States will lose their strongest ally. They will have against them not only the impulses of freedom and patriotism here—not only the voice of civilization and humanity—but they will be left without the example of England herself to appeal to.—They will be left the representatives not of living England, but of the England that is past. They will have against them the England of futurity."

Of course if the *Whigs* have against them the England of futurity, the Locos are to have the benefit of their alliance. It is a little singular that they should have charged the Whigs with being "British Whigs," when their policy was so hostile to the interests of England and their own *free trade* policy the very one which England has been for the last thirty years endeavoring to induce this country to adopt. Until now she has never been able to do so, but we have now at the head of our government, men who are playing her game for her, so admirably indeed, and so satisfactorily that she orders our administration report upon the tariff to be printed, it having been sent to her *before it was laid on the table of members of Congress!* Our opponents have *heretofore* been called BRITISH WHIGS; yes and *our* opponents could with more propriety be *hereafter* called BRITISH TORIES. How will they relish the name? Are they not in alliance with the Tories of England?

OLIVER OLDSCHOOL.

Hardware.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY & SADDLERY.

REMOVAL!

JOHN P. LYNE respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has removed his stock of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and SADDLERY, to the new house on North Hanover street, two doors south of the Post Office and nearly opposite his old stand, where he continues to keep to heretofore a full and complete assortment of every thing in his line *at prices cheaper than ever.*

Cabinet Makers are earnestly invited to call and examine a splendid lot of MAHOGANY VENEERS, just received. Carpenters and Builders will find an excellent assortment of Latches, Locks, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, and every variety of Building Materials, at reduced prices. Also a few and superior article of PLANES, warranted good in every respect. Also, gun and rock Powder, warranted; Safety Fuse, for blasting rocks. Shot, Lead, Spelter, &c. Window Glass of all sizes, Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Cedarware, Blacksmith's Bellows, Drilling Machines, and every variety of articles in the Hardware line. Persons commencing Housekeeping will find it to their interest to call, before purchasing elsewhere.

The books and accounts of the late firm of J. P. Lyne & Co. are in my hands, and persons indebted are requested to call and make payment to save further trouble.

JOHN P. LYNE.

April 23, 1845.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

JACOB SENER returns his sincere thanks for past favors and wishes to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has laid in a general assortment of HARDWARE and CUTLERY of all kinds, such as Axes, of three different makes, Hatchets, Drawing Knives of various makes, Chisels, and Cooper's Tools of all kinds. Also a large assortment of

Table Cutlery,

such as Knives and Forks, from the cheapest to the most superior quality; two, three and four bladed pocket Knives from common to genuine Regen's and other superior manufacture; table, tea, soup, and other Spoons; Hinges of all kinds and sizes; every description of Files; Horse Rasps of different sizes; wood and bed screws of different kinds and sizes; gouges and plane irons; cut, double, and single; Irons; Augers, black and bright of all sizes; also three bitted Augers, Braces and Bitts of the best make; straw-colored Bitts; Knob, chest, cupboard and padlocks; cut Tacks and sparables; brass Candlesticks; lock and blacksmiths Trowels; Traces, straight and twisted Halter chains; heavy and light Spades and Shovels; hay and manure Forks, two, three, and four pronged; Anvils and vices; Vent and shear Steel; American and English Blister Steel; hand, iron lock, mill and grass cut Sawes; Straw Knives; Flat Irons and Tailors geese; Fire Irons, round and oval wrought; Pans, long handled Frying Pans; wrought Iron Hooks; strap Hinges, different sizes; and also the *old fashioned*

Cradle and Grain Scythes,

made of superior steel and filled in the same—all warranted good, before the market cannot produce. Entire satisfaction will be given in every article sold as to price and quality; to every person who may call at the old stand, as well know as a Hardware Store, formerly kept by Lewis Hartman and next door to Crumpe's Tavern, and also adjoining Gen. Keller's Hat Store.

Call and see the old fashioned Scythes, hay and grain Rakes, and various other articles which we deem it unnecessary to mention; but call and examine for yourselves, and remember they are all warranted. We are determined to sell at small profits and give entire satisfaction.

JACOB SENER.

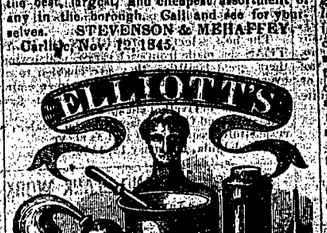
Drugs and Medicines.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

PHYSICIANS, Druggists, Pedlers, Dyers, Hatters, Country Merchants, and others generally are invited to examine the large and extensive assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS, FANCY ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, HARDWARE, GLASS, &c. &c. lately received by the subscribers, who are determined to keep the best, largest, and cheapest assortment of any in this borough. Call and see for yourselves.

STEVENSON & MEHAFFEY.

Carlisle, Nov. 12, 1845.



I have just received a large addition to my former stock, consisting of MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY, and FANCY ARTICLES, which I offer either wholesale or retail, at the lowest prices.

S. ELLIOTT.

May 21, 1845.

DRUGS! DRUGS!

Prices Reduced.

PHYSICIANS, RETAILERS and PEDLERS are invited to call and examine our stock, which is now full and complete, and is offered at prices as low if not lower than any in this market.

Drugs and Medicines.

Patent Medicines,	Herbs and Extracts,
Fine Chemicals,	Spices, ground & whole,
Instruments,	Essences,
Pure Essential Oils,	Perfumery, &c.

Dye-Stuffs.

Indigoes,	Log and Cam-Woods,
Madders,	Oil of Vitriol,
Brazil Wood,	Copperas,
Alum,	Lac Dye.

Paints and Varnishes.

Wetherill & Brother's White Lead, Chrome, green and yellow, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Jersey Window Glass, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Copal and Couch Varnish, Litharge and Red Lead, Whiting and Paris Green, constantly for sale at the old established Drug, Book and Fancy Store of

MYERS & HAVERSTICK,

Carlisle, Dec 17 North Hanover street.

DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS!

Prices Reduced!

PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, & MERCHANTS are invited to call and examine our stock of Medicine, Paints, Glass, Oils, Varnishes, &c., &c.

Drugs.

Patent Medicines,	Herbs and Extracts,
Fine Chemicals,	Spices, ground & whole
Instruments,	Essences,
Pure Essential Oils,	Perfumery, &c.

Dye-Stuffs.

Indigoes,	Log and Cam. Woods,
Madders,	Oil Vitroil,
Sumac,	Copperas,
Alum,	Lac Dye.

Paints.

Wetherill & Brother's Pure Lead, Chrome Green and Yellow, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Looking Glass Plates, Jersey Window Glass, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Copal and Coach Varnish, Polished Plate Glass, Litharge and Red Lead,

AT THE

New Wholesale Drug Warehouse,

N. W. CORNER TENTH AND MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

CAMPBELL & FRENCH.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL. CLAYTON FRENCH.

October 15, 1845.—3m.

Jayne's Family Medicines.

AN additional supply of the above valuable Medicines, consisting of

Jayne's Expectorant,
Tonic Vermifuge,
Hair Tonic,
Sanative Pills,
Carminative Balsam.

Received and for sale by

S. ELLIOTT,
Agent for Carlisle.

Ball's Medicated Flaxseed Candy.

AT THE request of many of his customers, the subscriber has converted his famous MEDICATED FLAXSEED SYRUP into a delightful and palatable CANDY. He can assure his friends and the public generally that in its present shape, it possesses all its former virtues, and in addition thereto, it has the great advantage of being in a convenient and portable form. It can be sure, used by no preparation for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. It is an excellent remedy for Croup—children will eat it with avidity. The subscriber is confident, from the unparalleled success of his Syrup that this Medicated Flaxseed Candy will be the instrument of much good to those afflicted with Coughs, Colds, &c.

O. D. BALL, Druggist.

For sale at the Drug Store of STEVENSON & MEHAFFEY. Sole agents for Carlisle.

DAVID RANKIN,

No. 77, Chesnut street, PHILADELPHIA,

OFFERS for sale the following assortment of FRESH TEAS, in which are comprised the finest chops that have been imported this season:

400 chests finest Pader Souchong TEA;
500 do do Ningyong do do.
500 half chests do do do.
1000 do do Pouchong do do.
200 do do finest Oolong do do.
100 do do Mohea do do.
50 do do English Breakfast do do.
100 do do Congo do do.

20 cases Pouchong each containing two 22 lb. boxes—the finest black Tea that has been imported for several years.

250 half chests Chulan Pouchong TEA.
25 do do finest Young Hyson indouble
14 cases do do each containing four 12 lb. boxes.
1000 half chests do do do
150 do do Imperial Tea.
10 cases finest Yeaking Gunpowder, each containing 4 22 lb. boxes.
100 half chests do do do
10 do do finest Company Hyson TEA.
10 chests do do Flowery Pekoe do.
24 half chests do Orange Pekoe do.
50 do do do Blackleaf do.

—ALSO—

500 bags old Dutch Government Java COFFEE.
50 hhds double and refined clarified SUGARS
100 hhds crushed and pulverized do.
500 mats Cassia.
5 bagrels Nutmegs.
4 boxes genuine Caracas Chocolate.

Philadelphia, October 30, 1845.

COAL! COAL!

200 tons Lime Ridge Coal—Fine Grate.
100 do do do Williams.
100 do Fine Grate Coal.
100 do do Williams.
2000 bushels Bituminous do.

For sale at the Warehouse of

V. & P. MARTIN.

Harrisburg, Nov. 21, 1845.

DYE STUFFS.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 20th, 1845.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir.—I feel called by a sense of duty I owe to suffering humanity, to acknowledge my grateful thanks for the wonderful effects of your "COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" on me, after having suffered months after months with the most afflicting of all diseases, Consumption, with scarcely a ray of hope, or a "beacon light" to guard me against my own horrible forebodings. The circumstances which first led me to the awful state of debility was from taking a very heavy cold, which seemed to fix itself upon the lungs, which gradually grew worse, with profuse night sweat, a hacking cough, oppression in the breast, spitting blood, with great general debility. My constitution seemed broken down, and nervous system very much impaired, with all the symptoms of confirmed Consumption. I went to Philadelphia, and was treated there by physicians of the highest respectability, but still grew worse, until they gave me up as incurable, and advised me to go South, but being very poor, after losing so much time from my work, and having spent all my money on the various "Patent Medicines" which were recommended so highly through the medium of the press, I was unable to take their advice. Being a member of the Order of Odd Fellows, they supplied me with money gratuitously to send me to my friends in Saco, Maine. I was treated by physicians of the highest standing there, but received no benefit whatever from them, but gradually grew worse, until my physicians and myself gave up all hopes of my ever recovering, and I felt like one who is about to pass through the valley of the shadow of death. At this "awful juncture," I heard of your "COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY," and knowing you to be a regular practising physician in Philadelphia, gave me more confidence in the medicine, so I concluded as a last resort, to make a trial of it. I sent to your agent in Boston, and purchased one bottle which relieved me very much. I then procured two bottles more, which I am happy to say entirely cured me, and I am now enjoying better health than I ever have before in my life. It seemed to have a beneficial effect at once. I gained strength rapidly, although reduced to a mere skeleton, and I feel satisfied from its salutary effects in my own case, that Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry will cure any case of diseased Lungs, if taken according to the prescribed rules, contained in the pamphlets accompanying the medicines. Even the physicians who witnessed my case are highly recommending it in similar cases—and I wish you to make this public, so that others who are suffering as I have been, may know where to procure a remedy at first, which will reach their disease, without tampering with and ruining their constitutions with the many "quack nostrums" with which the shelves of every druggist's store are lined. Any person who may doubt the genuineness of this recommendation, may call on me in Providence, and I will satisfy them that no such thing as fabrication or exaggeration exists in the case. I made this voluntary statement, at different times, to many of my friends and the physicians, and all to the same effect. About two months since I first used your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and I feel that I owe your medicine all the credit for my present good health, for I drank no other medicine, and I was cured by your medicine.

I am a Scarlet member of the Hope Lodge I.O. of O. F., in Providence, R. I., and will be happy to give any information in regard to the efficacy of your medicine, and can give ample proof that my case is not exaggerated in the least.

ALBERT A. HOSS.

To Dr. D. SWAYNE, N. W. corner Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

CAUTION.—The public should be on their guard against the many "Balms" and "Mixtures" of Wild Cherry, which have sprung up in all parts of the country, purporting to be prepared by physicians, all of which will be found to be "false" by a little inquiry, in the towns and cities. Never buy original.

All certificates and statements in regard to Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry are "strictly true," and the proprietor is daily receiving them from persons who have been cured by the celebrated remedy. The (original and only) genuine article is only prepared by Dr. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of EIGHTH and RACE Streets, Philadelphia.

Remember, all preparations of Wild Cherry are fictitious and counterfeit except that bearing the written signature of N. SWAYNE. The only agents in Carlisle are MYERS & HAVERSTICK, and STEVENSON & MEHAFFY, and MARTIN LUTZ, Harrisburg.

THOMSONS COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA.

1000 PERSONS in Philadelphia alone, testify to the wonderful efficacy of this powerful remedy. *THOMSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR AND WOOD NAPTHA.* Read! Read! Astonishing cure of Chronic Bronchitis.

Philadelphia, May 23, 1844.

Mr. S. Thomson—Dear Sir: For more than forty years I have been grievously afflicted with an affection of the throat, which my physicians pronounced, "Chronic Bronchitis, caused by repeated and neglected colds." The distress and pain in my throat was so violent, that I could not sleep, night after night, for months together. I also had great oppression and pain in my chest and lungs, and was subject to all the symptoms of incipient consumption. I have tried almost every thing recommended for my complaint, but without any permanent relief. I was induced to try your Compound Syrup of Tar and Wood Naptha, and I have taken three bottles, which have cured me, and I feel as well as I ever did in my life. I have recommended it to many persons, and it has never failed to produce the desired effect. I make this voluntary statement, that others may be benefited by it.

JAMES PERRY,
No. 12 Sassafras st. near 2d.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1, 1844.

Mr. S. THOMSON—Dear Sir: I have been afflicted with a cough for upwards of twenty years, which I have tried many things to cure, but without effect. I was induced to try your Compound Syrup of Tar and Wood Naptha, and I have taken two bottles, which have cured me, and I feel as well as I ever did in my life. I have recommended it to many persons, and it has never failed to produce the desired effect. I make this voluntary statement, that others may be benefited by it.

JAMES PERRY,
No. 12 Sassafras st. near 2d.

Sole Agent for Carlisle, Pa.

JACOB PLANK.
FRANKLIN GARDNER.

Carlisle, December 17, 1845.—tf.

CONSUMPTION,

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all Diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs, the most effectual and speedy cure ever known for any of the above diseases, is DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY—ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE OF CONSUMPTION!

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 20th, 1845.

Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir.—I feel called by a sense of duty I owe to suffering humanity, to acknowledge my grateful thanks for the wonderful effects of your "COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY" on me, after having suffered months after months with the most afflicting of all diseases, Consumption, with scarcely a ray of hope, or a "beacon light" to guard me against my own horrible forebodings. The circumstances which first led me to the awful state of debility was from taking a very heavy cold, which seemed to fix itself upon the lungs, which gradually grew worse, with profuse night sweat, a hacking cough, oppression in the breast, spitting blood, with great general debility. My constitution seemed broken down, and nervous system very much impaired, with all the symptoms of confirmed Consumption. I went to Philadelphia, and was treated there by physicians of the highest respectability, but still grew worse, until they gave me up as incurable, and advised me to go South, but being very poor, after losing so much time from my work, and having spent all my money on the various "Patent Medicines" which were recommended so highly through the medium of the press, I was unable to take their advice. Being a member of the Order of Odd Fellows, they supplied me with money gratuitously to send me to my friends in Saco, Maine. I was treated by physicians of the highest standing there, but received no benefit whatever from them, but gradually grew worse, until my physicians and myself gave up all hopes of my ever recovering, and I felt like one who is about to pass through the valley of the shadow of death. At this "awful juncture," I heard of your "COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY," and knowing you to be a regular practising physician in Philadelphia, gave me more confidence in the medicine, so I concluded as a last resort, to make a trial of it. I sent to your agent in Boston, and purchased one bottle which relieved me very much. I then procured two bottles more, which I am happy to say entirely cured me, and I am now enjoying better health than I ever have before in my life. It seemed to have a beneficial effect at once. I gained strength rapidly, although reduced to a mere skeleton, and I feel satisfied from its salutary effects in my own case, that Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry will cure any case of diseased Lungs, if taken according to the prescribed rules, contained in the pamphlets accompanying the medicines. Even the physicians who witnessed my case are highly recommending it in similar cases—and I wish you to make this public, so that others who are suffering as I have been, may know where to procure a remedy at first, which will reach their disease, without tampering with and ruining their constitutions with the many "quack nostrums" with which the shelves of every druggist's store are lined. Any person who may doubt the genuineness of this recommendation, may call on me in Providence, and I will satisfy them that no such thing as fabrication or exaggeration exists in the case. I made this voluntary statement, at different times, to many of my friends and the physicians, and all to the same effect. About two months since I first used your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and I feel that I owe your medicine all the credit for my present good health, for I drank no other medicine, and I was cured by your medicine.

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Insurance Companies.

DELAWARE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO'Y.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

On the Mutual Insurance principle, combined with a large paid up Capital. Premiums reduced to nearly half the usual rates.

BY the Act of Incorporation, the stock is pledged for the payment of any losses which the Company may sustain. And as an *additional security* to the assured, the act requires that the *profits* of the business shall be *funded* and *remain* with the corporation, as a *guarantee* and *protection* to the insured against loss. This fund will be represented by scrip issued by the Company, bearing interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum. The insured are entitled to a pro rata share of the profits of the Company, and will receive that proportion of the aforesaid fund in scrip, which the amount of earned premiums paid by him, bears to the total sum of earned premiums and capital stock.

The scrip thus issued, to be transferable on the books of the Company as stock.

No dividend of scrip can be made when the losses and expenses exceed the amount of earned premiums.

The insured are protected from loss at the ordinary rates of premiums, *without any individual liability or responsibility* for the losses or expenses of the Corporation. The *assured* have all the rights of membership—can vote at all elections, and are eligible as Directors of the Corporation.

The subscriber has been appointed agent for this Company, and as the *mutual principle* is superseding every other mode of Insurance, he would confidently recommend it to his friends and the public.

The North American Company has closed their Agency. Those having policies expiring in that office can have them renewed in the Delaware Company on much more favorable terms.

For full particulars enquire, either by letter or person to JOHN J. MYERS.

Carlisle, September 10, 1845.—1 y.

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Charter Perpetual.—$400,000 Capital paid in

Office 165½ Chesnut Street.

MAKE INSURANCE, either permanent or limited, against loss or damage by fire on PROPERTY and EFFECTS of every description, in town or Country, on the most reasonable terms. Applications made either personally, or by letter, will be promptly attended to.

C. N. BANCKER, Prest.

Rates of Insurance Reduced!

PERPETUAL RISK.

Brick or Stone dwellings or stores	from	2½ to 3	per ct. per annum
do do Churches		2½ to 3	do
do do Taverns		3 to 4	do
do do Barns		4 to 5	do
do do Stables (private)		4 to 5	do
do do Stables (public)		6 to 7½	do
do do Grist Mills, Water Power,		7½ to 10	do

ANNUAL RISK.

Brick or Stone dwellings and Furniture	from	30 to 40c $100 value	
do do Stores and Merchandize		35 to 50	do
do do Taverns and Furniture		40 to 60	do
do do Barns and Contents		65 to 75	do
do do Stables (public)		100 to 150	do
do do Grist Mill and Stock		75 to 80	do
Frame and Log dwellings and Furniture		50 to 75	do
do do Stores and Merchandize		65 to 85	do
do do Taverns and Furniture		60 to 100	do
do do Barns and Contents		60 to 100	do
do do Grist Mills and Stock		90 to 100	do

The subscriber is agent for the above company for Carlisle and its vicinity. All applications for assurance either by mail or personally will be promptly attended to.

W. D. SEYMOUR.

June 12, 1845. 1y-33

ALLEN & EAST PENNSBOROUGH

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Allen and Easpenmsborough Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cumberland County, incorporated by an act of Assembly, is now fully organized and in operation under the management of the following commissioners, viz:

Cht. Stayman, Jacob Shelly, Wm. R. Gorgas, Lewis Hyer, Christian Titzel, Michael Hoover, Henry Logan, Michael Cocklin, Benjamin H. Musser, Levi Merkel, Jacob Kirk, Melchior Breneman and Sam'l Prowell, who respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Cumberland and York counties to the advantages which the company hold out.

The rates of insurance are as low and favorable as any Company of the kind in the State. Persons wishing to become members are invited to make application to the agents of the company who are willing to wait upon them at any time.

JACOB SHELLY, Pres't.
MICHAEL HOOVER, Vice President.
Lewis Hyer, Secretary.
Michael Cocklin, Treasurer.

AGENTS.

Michael Hoover, General Agent, Mechanicsburg.
Rudolph Martin, N. Cumberland township.
M. Cocklin, Allen township.
Wm. R. Gorgas, Allen township.
Christian Titzel, Allen township.
John C. Dunlap, Allen township.
Peter Barnhart, East Pennsboro' township.
David Martin, Churchtown.
C. B. Harmon, Kingstown.
Henry Zearing, Shiremanstown.
Samuel Oyster, Wormleysburg.
Dr. Jacob Baughman, Carlisle.
Jacob Kirk, General Agent for York County, New Cumberland P. O.
Henry Logan, York county.
John Sherrick, York county.
John Rankin, York county.
Daniel Baily, York county.
J. Bowman, York county.
Philip Breckbill, Cumberland county.
Robert C. Sterret, S. Middleton township.

☞ Other agents will be added hereafter.

July 31, 1845. 1f-40

THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY

Mutual Protection Com'y.

THE CUMBERLAND VALLEY MUTUAL PROTECTION COMPANY, being incorporated by an act of the Legislature of the present session, and fully organized and in operation under the direction of the following board of Managers, viz:—Thomas C. Miller, John Moore, David W. McCullough, James Weakly, William Moore, Samuel Galbraith, Thomas Paxton, A. O. Miller, Philip Spangler, Samuel Woods, Abraham Kurtz, George Brindle, Scott Coyle, call the attention of the inhabitants of Cumberland Valley to the cheapness of their rates and the many advantages which this kind of insurance has over any other.

1st. Every person insured becomes a member of the company and takes part in the choice of officers and the direction of its concerns.

2d. No insurance no more is demanded than is necessary to meet the expenses of the Company and indemnity against losses which may happen.

3d. The inconvenience of frequent renewals is avoided by insuring for a term of five years. Policies can be taken for any period from one to five years.

4th. Any person applying for insurance may give his premium note for the amount stated at the rate of five per centum, which will be $10 on the $1000 for which he will have to pay $2.50 for five years and $1.50 for three years, and no more unless loss be sustained to a greater amount than the funds by law will admit of, and then only such proportion of the loss as his share of the premium note will pay. Thus the insured run no risk of being taxed beyond the amount of their premium notes.

THOS. C. MILLER, Pres't.
A. O. Miller, Sec'y.

The following gentlemen have been appointed AGENTS:

Dr. Jno Dale, Mechanicsburg.
James Beatty, do. Newville.
George Brandt, do. Shippensburg.
Thomas Ewing, do. Carlisle.
Jacob Rheem, do.
L. H. Williams, do. Westpennsboro'.
James Williams, do. do.
Cal. Sadler, do. do.
Jno. Sadler, do. do.
Jno. Stevenson, do. Cumberland.
Jacob Miller, do. do.
Samuel Miller, do. do.

TO FAMILIES.

DO YOU VALUE HEALTH? If so, you will find the following preparations, a few, few and more concerned in relations unto all, from grown persons down to the at, namely:

DR. LEIDY'S
SARSAPARILLA BLOOD PILLS,
DR. LEIDY'S
TETTER AND ITCH OINTMENT,
DR. LEIDY'S
PATENT WORM TEA,
DR. LEIDY'S
MEDICATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.

These are medicines universally known and employed throughout the United States, Mexico, the West Indies, &c.

Prepared as they are by Dr. N. B. Leidy, a regular Physician, assisted by Drs. Chapman, Jackson, Gibson, Horner, Hale, Physick, Cox, Dewees, James, Rev. W. H. Delaney, Robert Adrian, L. A. D. Li Biddle, &c. &c., causes them to be employed with more confidence than medicines prepared by the unskilful and ignorant.

DR. LEIDY'S
SARSAPARILLA
BLOOD PILLS
25 Cents a Box.

are the only Pills in existence containing Sarsaparilla to them, and were the first ever introduced by that name.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS PILLS

prepared by others called "Blood Pills," "Purifying Pills," "Sarsaparilla Pills," &c., which are attempted to be palmed on to the public on the reputation of "Dr. Leidy's only true and genuine Sarsaparilla Blood Pills." Take no other, than Dr. Leidy's, for they possess all the virtues that can be combined in Pills, whether as a purgative or general purifier of the blood and fluids in the body, requiring no restraint from occupation, usual course of living, or fear from exposure, and may be employed with equal safety at all times, by

YOUNG AND OLD,
MALE AND FEMALE.

In addition to more than five hundred certificates having been heretofore published, their increasing sales and demand is strong proof in their favor; more than one hundred Boxes are sold daily at Dr. Leidy's Health Emporium, and thousands throughout the United States.

THEY COST BUT 25 CENTS A BOX!

And you will take one or more, as may be necessary, according to your disease and the length of time afflicted, much money will be saved in doctors bills, and instead of trying the various Quack Pills and other medicines forced upon the public by false reasoning and manufactured certificates.

☞ Directions in German and English.

DR. LEIDY'S

Vegetable Worm Tea.

IS THE MOST POPULAR.

Besides being the safest, best, and most effectual destroyer of worms now in use. Thousands in Philadelphia, as well as elsewhere, can testify to it, as it has been used in almost every other family in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, &c., &c.

To avoid the great expense of publishing certificates of its efficacy, Dr. Leidy would suggest to those who have not used it, to ask their neighbors, who have, and they will be fully satisfied.

Parents that once introduce Dr. Leidy's Worm Tea in their families will never use any other—'tis so pleasant—so safe even for infants, and always effectual.

It is put up in 12½ and 25 cent packages.

DR. LEIDY'S

Tetter and Itch Ointments,

Never fails curing all diseases of the skin, such as Tetter, Itch, Ringworms Dry and Watery pimples of the Face, Neck and Body, Salt-Rheum, Scaled-Head, &c., &c.

It has been used by numerous Schools, Factories, board of vessels, and families, with unparalleled success.

Thousands could testify to it by certificates but feel a delicacy in publishing their names in connexion with the diseases of the skin, some of which are even considered disgraceful, besides being loathsome and disagreeable. Try it.—It cures.—Try it!

25 CTS. PER BOTTLE.

Medicated Sarsaparilla is by far the strongest preparation of Sarsaparilla extant, as has been frequently tested both by its effects and analysis; it is last taking the place of all other preparations because of its efficacy, (numerous certificates being published from time to time) and because of its superior strength (one bottle being equal to six pints of Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or two bottles of any other extract it is consequently) the best and cheapest, requiring less to be taken, and costing less, being sold at

$1 FOR A SINGLE BOTTLE,
$2 50 FOR THREE BOTTLES,
$4 for Six Bottles.

It is particularly recommended for all Rheumatic affections; Ulcerous Sores of the Nose, Throat or Body; Diseases of the Bones; Diseases of the Liver, Lungs, Spleen and Kidneys; Affections of the skin, or a breaking out of dry and watery pimples of the Face, Neck and Body; Scrofula, Erysipelas, Constitutional diseases arising from the use of mercury and other minerals, Syphilitic and Venereal Affections, as well as the greatest purifier of the Blood and Fluids of the body, that has ever been discovered.

Dr. Leidy the proprietor, offers to refund the money satisfactory proof is given of its inefficacy, or of his assertions proving untrue.

☞ General Depot for the above medicines, the Leidy's Health Emporium, No. 101, N. 2d St. near Vine St. (Sign of the Golden Eagle and Serpents) Philadelphia. L. CARLISLE, Agt.

STEVENSON & MEHAFFEY.

October 15, 1845.

DR. G. B. SMITH'S SUGAR COATED PILL

CAUTION TO ALL.

LET all the world take notice, and be careful not to buy the (sug