HERALD & REPORTER

E. BEATTY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CARLISLE, PA.

WEDNESDAY, August 13, 1845.

Michael Dan Mcgehan, Esq. is the Whig nominee for the Assembly in Cambria.

☞ An old colored woman named Cornelia Payne, died in Marietta, on Saturday the 24th ult., at the advanced age of 106 years.

☞ A gentleman from Texas now in Europe, writes that a colony of 15,000 Swiss are preparing to leave that country and settle in Texas this fall.

☞ The Whigs of Washington County, Pa., have nominated Johnathan Knight for Senate, and John Meloy and White T. Hopkins for Assembly.

☞ David Kennison, one of the two only remaining patriots who threw the Tea overboard in Boston harbor, paid a visit to Racine, Wisconsin, a few weeks since.—He is said to be 86 years of age.

☞ A young man, a clerk in an Insurance Office in New York, committed suicide on Friday last, at Brooklyn. He had suddenly abstained from strong drinks, and and on Thursday evening, was seized with *delirium tremens*. While laboring under this malady, he stabbed himself with a knife.

☞ The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says:—"Our city is to-day honored with the presence of Geo. Washington Parke Custis, from the banks of the Potomoc, who visits us now for the first time in fifty-six years.

☞ Great interest is felt for the arrival of the steamship Great Britain. She is expected to arrive daily. She is constructed, as most readers will recollect, entirely of iron, carries six masts, is 320 feet in length, about 3200 tons burden, and is worked by a screw, submerged at her stern, instead of paddle wheels at her side. Her four engines are 250 horse power each, and she is altogether the largest and most remarkable ship ever built, and will no doubt attract a great deal of attention when she arrives at New York.

HENRY CLAY.—The Lexington Observer of last Wednesday says "it may please the distant friends of Mr. Clay to say that we saw him upon the election ground, fresh in health and bouyant in spirits, with his ready joke and laugh among his former friends. We do not know whether he voted or how he voted; but we will bet "a hat" (that's the usual bet we believe) that he *did* vote, and we will bet another that *he didn't vote wrong*, that is to say that he voted the same way we did, which of course is right."

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—A shocking accident occurred in the borough of Columbia, on Sunday night about 11 o'clock.—Michael Sloat, a laborer in the employ of D. Leech & Co., while in the state of somnambulism, walked out of a door from the second story of the warehouse where he worked and likewise lodged, and fell on the lever or brake handle of a burden car, which entered his breast immediately below the chin and came out at the lower part of the abdomen. He lingered a few hours in the most heart rending agony, when death released him from his sufferings.

CONVICTION OF BOYD.—The trial of Jabez Boyd, at West Chester, charged with the murder of Westly Patton, was brought to a close on Tuesday, by the rendition of a verdict of guilty *of murder in the first degree*. The examination of witnesses was concluded about three o'clock on Monday, and on Tuesday morning, after arguments, the case was given to the jury. They were out about an hour.

☞ We are informed, says the New York Tribune, that the Account Books, Checks, and other manuscripts belonging to Crocker & Warren have been recovered, having suffered no further injury from the fire than the total erasure of all entries made in blue ink, while those made in black were uniformly legible. If this is true it is a fact which should be generally known.

☞ During a storm at Richmond Va. on Friday last, two young ladies, one the daughter of Mr. P. K. White, and the other, a daughter of Mr. Samuel Putney, while sitting on a sofa together in Mr. White's residence on Union Hill, were struck by lightning and instantly killed.

☞ An Ohio paper says that pows are on the Reserve at $6 a head, for want of feed and several thousand sheep are to be driven to the Western prairies, to feed on wild grass for the winter.

☞ An exchange paper under the head of "Good Advice," advises young men to warm themselves up in their own virtue, for of them would freeze to death next winter if they had no warmer sovereign.

☞ A man named Campbell, has been sent to the Missouri Penitentiary for 99 years, for murdering Francis Mc Whalen. He will be an old man when his term expires.

☞ Mr. Buchanan is tranquillizing at Bedford.

BEFORE

Of the Visitors to the Common Schools of the Borough of Carlisle, July, 1845.

The Board of Visitors in presenting to the public their Annual Report of the condition of the public schools in the borough, take great pleasure in being able so liberally to congratulate the community on the great degree of perfection that has been attained in the practical operation of the Common School System in Carlisle. It is the testimony of those whose public and official relations give them a thorough acquaintance with the present condition of the system throughout the Commonwealth, that the form in which it exists here is at least unsurpassed if not unequalled any where in the State, out of Philadelphia.—This great degree of perfection we are persuaded is mainly if not solely to be referred to the unwearied and enlightened efforts of our very efficient and intelligent Board of Directors. We regard it as a matter of the greatest importance to the system, that its direction has so long been entrusted to those so highly qualified to carry it into successful execution, and who are so thoroughly familiar with all its necessities and interests. They have freely devoted their valuable time, taken from professional and other occupations, to this troublesome, self-denying work; for no other remuneration than the simple consciousness of doing good, and have thus earned a lasting claim on the gratitude of this community, which it gives us great satisfaction here most cordially to acknowledge. And we would also venture respectfully to suggest, that such is the great importance of steadiness and uniformity in carrying out this system, and so much does this depend on familiarity with its details, that we earnestly hope that it may be long before it will be deemed necessary on the part of either the public or the directors, to make any material change in the component parts of the Board. This we are aware is making a demand somewhat exacting, from those who have already done so much for the public, but it is an exaction which the past harmony and efficiency of the Board, and the future prosperity of the schools, impel us to hope will not only be made by the public but conceded by the Directors. Our feelings and convictions, after looking at the state of the schools, would not permit us to say less than we have done on this topic, in giving a faithful report to the public of this important agency.

The present state of the schools is as follows, viz:

The Primary Department, in which are taught the rudimental parts of an English education in their simplest and lowest form. This is divided into 10 schools, the teachers respectively of which are, Mrs. Caufman, Miss Wightman, Miss Reichter, Miss Edmund, Miss Wilson, Miss Bell, Mrs. Jackson, Miss Webber, Miss Strine, and Mr. Quigley.

The Secondary Department, in which the more advanced portions of the elementary studies of an English course are carried forward, including the higher rules of Arithmetic, Grammar, &c., and the simpler principles of some of the Mathematics. This includes schools Nos. 11, 12, and 13, taught respectively by Mr. Eckels, Miss Underwood, and Mr. Lobach.

The High Schools, in which are taught the higher branches of English study, including Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, History, Drawing, Embroidery, Composition, Declamation, &c. &c., embracing the principal elements of a male and female education of the higher order. This Department includes Nos. 14 and 15; the Female High School taught by Miss Whitcomb, the Male by Mr. Stone.

In all these schools vocal music forms at once a study, a recreation, and a means of discipline.

The examinations of these schools were conducted from Monday 28th of July, to Thursday 31st., and were attended by a number of the ladies and gentlemen of the borough. They were satisfactory in their character, exhibiting care and attention on the part of the teachers, and improvement on the part of the scholars, which in some instances was most marked and gratifying. The examination of the colored school under Miss Bell was attended with great interest and satisfaction.

On Wednesday evening there was an exhibition of the Schools comprising the Secondary Department consisting of Vocal Music, Declamation, &c., which was attended with great interest by a large audience of ladies and gentlemen. A similar exhibition of the High Schools took place on Thursday evening, the exercises of which were examinations and illustrations in Nat. Philosophy, Mathematics, Compositions and Declamation. The Governor and Secretary of the Commonwealth were present both of whom expressed themselves highly gratified at what they had witnessed and delivered brief addresses at the close of the exercises.

The number of Scholars enrolled is 826, the number in average attendance about 600, and the number in attendance during the examinations about 775.

The only point we have to regret in our report is the great disparity between the number of scholars enrolled, and the average actual, regular attendance. This is a most serious evil. It is discouraging to both Teachers and Directors, and injurious to the system. It is also most pernicious to the scholar who is thus required or permitted to absent himself. He loses more by one day of absence than he can offset by [illegible] which is one of the most important points of securing the improvement. We do therefore most earnestly hope that this evil will during the coming year be remedied, as far as possible.

In concluding our report, we have only to congratulate our fellow citizens on the existence of such important means of improvement for our children, accessible equally for the very poorest, and the very richest. Education to a certain point, like the light and air of Heaven are equally necessary for all, and like them should be equally free for all. And we fervently hope that no mistaken zeal, no false economy, or no political jealousy, may ever interpose to mar or diminish the blessings of this wise and beneficent system.

T. V. Moore,	*John Fallet,*
Wm. B. Knox,	*Geo. W. Hitner,*
Chas. Ogilby,	*Thos. H. Criswell,*
R. Angney,	*J. Richards,*
M. McClellan,	*A. Roberts,*
J. Baughman,	*H. S. Ritter,*
Edward Shomers,	*E. J. Newlin,*
Wm. Butler,	*S. Elliott,*
George W. Craig,	*Armstrong Noble,*

Committee.

Carlisle, August 4, 1845.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.—We learn, says the Baltimore Patriot, that orders have been received from Washington for Major Ringgold to hold his regiments of mounted artillery ready to proceed at a moments warning to the South—supposed to be to Texas.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 1st. says that the 2d regiment of United States dragoons, under Col. Twiggs, took up the line of march for Texas from Natchitoches on the 25th ult—last Friday. The Chronicle says they are to be stationed at San Antonio de Bexar.

We learn that orders have also been forwarded to various other military points, ordering the troops there stationed to be held in readiness to proceed to Texas.

These orders are, as we understand, precautionary. No information of an authentic character has been received, that Mexico is about to make a military movement on Texas, but it is to be prepared for anything of the kind, that the orders referred to have been issued.

ANOTHER LONE STAR.—The New York Sun says "the Texas Convention now in session at Austin, will probably make *two* States of the territory east of the Nueces, making the Brazos river the dividing line, (running up the main fork and thence due north to the Red River,) leaving the State of Texas on the East, and Austin on the West of that river. The population of both Texas and Austin, if the Brazos line is adopted, is equal to the Constitutional requirement. The State of Austin will adopt two stars for its banner, in memory of the twin glories of Goliad and Alamo; though out of Convention another star for their capital, making a triad, has been named. This would be but just, for the ill fated city of Austin had as honorable birth and as bloody nursing as those luckless fortresses, and nearly at the same hands.—Austin is less fertile, but more picturesque and salubrious than Texas, and the tide of emigration is setting thitherward with a steadiness that will soon bring it to an equel with its elder city."

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION.—It becomes our painful duty, says the St. Louis Reveille of the 24th ult., to record one of the most serious disasters that has occured upon our waters since the explosion of the steamer "Edna." The steamer Big Hatchee, Captain Frisbee, which left St. Louis on the 20th ult., for the Missouri river, with some forty passengers on board, in leaving the landing at Hermann, about ten o'clock on the morning of the 22d inst., on her way to St Josephs, burst her starboard boiler with a loud explosion, which forced it straigh forward overboard, the steam discharging itself aloft, carrying away the main cabin as far aft as the ladies' cabin, making a perfect wreck of the boat, and spreading death and desolation among the passengers.

The explosion scalded some twenty or thirty persons; five or six were killed; among the number was Mr. Lawrence Hoyle of St Louis, the first and second engineers of the boat: the engineer, a son of Mr. Ludlow of St. Louis, was badly scalded.

DREADFUL CONSEQUENCES OF A CHARIVARI.—A wedding party in Washington, Ia., on the 24th ult., returning home after dark, were met in the woods by a Charivari party, (calithumpians) and their noise so frightened the horses that they ran off, threw their riders, and the bride, bridesmaid, and groomsman were instantly killed. There was a great excitement in the neighborhood in consequence, and several of the serenaders had been arrested.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAM SHIP GREAT BRITAIN.—The mammoth Steam Ship Great Britain, arrived in New York on Sunday last bringing intelligence down to the 29th ult. The only news of importance is the account of a dreadful and destructive fire in Smyrna. It is said that the fire began in the centre of the city, and laid waste every thing for a circumference of at least a mile and a half. The amount of the loss is not given.

☞ The Anti rent war has broken out again at Delhi, New York. The Deputy Sheriff has been shot in pursuance of his duty, by a mob of 100 Indians. The Governor is not in Albany, and his return is waited for with some anxiety by the people of Delhi, to see if he will take the [illegible]

The Whig County Meeting!

A Large and Enthusiastic Demonstration!

☞ Pursuant to notice given a large and respectable number of the Democratic Whigs of Cumberland County, met in the Market House in the borough of Carlisle, on Monday Evening, the 11th inst. and on motion of Mr. THOS. D. URIE, of North Middleton township, organized by the appointment of the following officers:

PRESIDENT.

W.M. B. MULLEN, Esq. of S. Middleton.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

David Waggoner, Shippensburg,
Joseph McDermond, Newville,
David Krysher, S. Middleton,
John T. Green, Dickinson,
W. A. Kelso, Southampton,
George Rea, W. Pennsboro',
Jacob Poglesonger, Hopewell,
Charles Oyster, N. Cumberland,
John Lutz, Monroe,
Henry Rhoads, Carlisle.
John Coover, Mechanisburg
John G. Rupp, Silver Spring,
Wm. M. Henderson, N. Middleton,
James W. Allen, Newton,
John Hays, Frankford,
Thomas B. Bryson, Hampden,
Thomas Craighead, Jr. E. Pennsboro',
George Rupp, Jr., Allen,
Andrew Frazer, Shippensburg Tp.
Jacob Zug, Carlisle,

SECRETARIES.

Dr. T. J. Cathcart, Allen,
John Miller, N. Middleton,
John G. Williams, Dickinson,
R. P. McClure, Esq., Shippensburg,
Robert A. Noble, Carlisle,
Capt. William Bigly, Mechanicsburg.

The Chairman having stated the object of the meeting to be that of taking proper measures to organize the Whig party for the approaching fall election, the following committee was upon motion appointed to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting—Messrs. E. Beatty, Carlisle; T. McCandless, Newville; Joseph Irvin, Newton; Atcheson Laughlin, W. Pennsboro'; John M. Martin, Silver Spring; Maj. Christopher Au, Hopewell; James Poatlewaite, Carlisle; George F. Cain, Mechanicsburg; Thomas D. Urie, N. Middleton.

During the absence of the Committee the meeting was addressed by L. G. Brandebury, Esq., S. Dunlap Adair, Esq. and J. H. Devor, Esq., who ably and eloquently set forth the principles of the Whig party, and appealed to the Whigs to stand firm in their orgeization and thus secure the triumph which it was now in the power of the Whig party to achieve by energetic and harmonious exertions. The following resolutions were then reported by the committee through their chairman, and adopted by acclamation:

Whereas, The general election next ensuing involves the settlement of principles of the highest interest to our State and county; it is therefore incumbent upon the Democratic Whigs of Cumberland county to resume that firm and united organization which shall enable them to present their men and principles to the public view in the light best calculated to conduce to the success of the cause we have at heart—therefore,

Resolved, That the political disaster of last fall, produced as we solemnly believe, by means the most unfair and dishonorable, has in no wise shaken our confidence or abated our enthusiastic attachment to the men and principles, in whom it has ever been our highest pride to confide and honor.

Resolved, That the Whigs of Cumberland county still maintain, as their great principles, a TARIFF for Revenue to defray the necessary expenditure of Government, discriminating with special reference to the Domestic Enterprise and Labor of our Country—a well regulated National Currency—a DISTRIBUTION of the proceeds of the Sales of the Public Lands among the States—a single term for the Presidency—a Reform of Executive Usurpation—and generally, an Administration of the Federal Government that shall be National and constant in its policy, and efficient and economical in its execution.

Resolved, That in defeat, as well as when triumph 'broke its promise to our ear,' we cherish in abiding affection the loftier than Presidential fame—the tried and true patriotism—the brilliant character and eminent public services, of the great Statesman of the West, HENRY CLAY, whom fraud, calumny and injustice, have thrust into retirement—but whose profound sagacity in the councils of the nation, the folly and ignorance of those who have the reins of Government, may yet require to save our country from disgrace, and our Union from dissolution.

Resolved, That in the declaration by the Hon. R. J. Walker, the present Secretary of the Treasury, that "*the TARIFF must be* ADJUSTED *to the Revenue Standard*," added to the declaration of the Washington 'Union,' the hireling organ of the Polk Administration, that "*The sooner the Tariff is reduced the better for all*," and that it would be "better for the *tranquillity of the Administration*" that it should be so reduced—we have the undisguised and clear indication of that war of opposition which is about to be commenced upon this favorite public measure, by the present Administration; as well as the disgraceful acknowledgment of that stupendous and infamous fraud which was practiced upon the people of Pennsylvania by the leaders and presses of the loco foco party in asserting James K. Polk to be a friend to Protection and "a better Tariff man than Mr. Clay."

Resolved, That the high State of prosperity which is now enjoyed by the manufacturing and mechanic interests of the country, is the *sole and exclusive result of the Protective Tariff bill passed by the* WHIG CONGRESS *of* 1842, and that the attempt to give the credit of it to the Administration of James K. Polk, is a barefaced and impudent assumption, only equalled by the unparalleled fraud of palming James K. Polk upon an unsuspecting people as "a better Tariff man than Henry Clay."

Resolved, That in the avowed determination of the National Administration to reduce the present Tariff—to revive the independent and exploded Sub Treasury—to enlarge the Southern power of the country to the imminent danger of the free industrial interests of the North—and lastly in the several personal and political models by officers of the Government which have appeared under an Administration only six months in power, we find exhibited only the working of the old Democratic Party, which has ever been, wherever the Administration of Martin Van Buren, the result abuses and corruptions of Black Jack Democracy, to disgrace and defeat under the yearly [illegible] of an indignant people.

☞ THE PUBLIC WORKS [illegible] Whigs of Cumberland county as a measure of first importance to the People; because, instead of being a profit to the State these works are a continual expense and burthen; because the holding of these works is *increasing* instead of *reducing* our enormous State Debt; because, under the irresponsible management of a political Administration they do not and never will pay the interest on their cost, thus endangering the faith and credit of the State; because, they have ever been and will continue a vast CORRUPTION FUND, accessible to every dishonest and unprincipled demagogue connected with their management; because they have ever been and will inevitably continue to be the fruitful field of plunder for the numerous and rapacious hordes of harpies, who have, through successive administrations thus rioted and fattened upon the public treasury; because they never can be managed with enterprise and profit until they are taken out of the hands of politicians and entrusted to practical business men; because the holding of them by the State *cuts off all hope of ever reducing the State Debt*, and leaves nothing to look for but its *steady increase* and the rapid and fearful addition of still more OPPRESSIVE TAXES; and finally because their speedy sale is absolutely necessary to save our otherwise rich and powerful State from hopeless bankruptcy.

Resolved, That the vote of the majority of the loco foco Legislature last winter, against the expediency of the Sale of the Public Works, was a most shameful disregard of the earnest wishes of the People deliberately expressed through the ballot-boxes; and furnishes conclusive proof that the party now in power is opposed to such sale, and that the People may look in vain to any other than a Whig Legislature for the accomplishment of this great measure of public relief.

Resolved, That we earnestly call upon the Whigs of Cumberland county to again buckle on their armor for the struggle, now no longer a doubtful one, or one which is unworthy our strongest exertions, but a contest which is now auspicious of the most brilliant success to those who have labored long and faithfully, and to whom VICTORY is now within their grasp!

Resolved, On motion of J. H. Devor, Esq., that these proceedings be published in all the Whig papers of the county.

(*Signed by the Officers.*)

DESTRUCTION OF THE OCEAN HOUSE, NEWPORT, R. I.—This splendid building and fashionable resort was destroyed by fire on Sunday last. It originated in the kitchen and communicated to the main body of the hotel. There was no water on the premises, and therefore the fire had uninterrupted sway. The baggage of the boarders was mostly saved, as well as a greater portion of the furniture. There was a deplorable loss of life attending the catastrophe. Mr. Gardner, a well known citizen of Newport, and several others were in one of the wings when it fell, and it is feared were lost. One body was recovered, too much mutilated to be identified.

FOREWARNED FOREARMED!—Take notice, all ye whom it may in any wise concern, that the purpose of breaking down the Tariff at the coming session of Congress is thus distinctly acknowledged by the government paper, if a majority can be secured in each house for the purpose! Mechanics, Farmers, Merchants—all ye who have an interest in the continuance of the present national prosperity and progress—learn from this disclosure that, unless you come forward as one man to prevent it, the axe will be laid to the root of that national prosperity by those whom you have set to watch over it!

BUB'S LETTER.—Just at the moment Willis is delighting the Mantillini's of Literature and the Missos of Milliner's shops, with his light, airy, fanciful, decorations of whip syllabub, a new writer of letters has "broke out" in the West, who has been sending his notions to the Reveille, and that paper prints them. Here is the third of the series:

LETTER FROM A BABY.

To the Editors of the Reveille.—Dear Sirs: I hear the Reveille read at home every morning; and of late I perceive the public are making some stir about us babies—may Heaven vouchsafe healthy children to our defenders. I have a string of sorrows to relate myself, and my poor bowels cry out for protection; you must therefore permit me to say a few words.

My Ma is what you would term a fashionable woman, and although she loves her baby, yet she says it is not fashionable for mammas in the Southern States to nurse their own babies; I am, consequently, turned over to the care of nigger Molley, and Lord preserve me, such nursing as I get would kill a young *Indian*. I am fed with every thing from a green apple to a chunk of fat pickled pork, and the sufferings which I undergo therefrom would crack a sucking bottle, or rend a diaper in tatters. After feeding me into sickness, they set a doctor at me, who physics me into a state of quiet insensibility, and they then say, "bess it's itile bessed heart, it's ditten better, it is." I get a little peace until I get strong enough to cry out, and then nigger Molley stuffs me to keep me quiet and I go through another spell. I see our dog Flora watching her pups, and if any one goes near them she is almost ready to tear them to pieces; I wish my Ma was as careful of me. I see a poor woman opposite, kissing her baby, and I envy that child; nobody kisses me but black Molley, and then she does it to smother my cries of suffering; I don't know what kills other babies, but this treatment will soon finish me. BUB.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, August 8, 1845.

FLOUR—The receipts still continue light, mostly occasioned by the low stage of the water, which prevents the mills from grinding. City Mills and Howard street, from new wheat, have sold at $4 62½, although there have been transactions at $4 50. Flour from old wheat has sold at $4 37½, and for Howard street at something less; for old brands. The cash prices are 4 25 a $4 37½, for old and new to dealers.

GRAIN—Wheat is less firm, the close of last week, millers showing a disposition to pay over 80 to 83 cents for good to prime reds, 75 to 79 for inferior to fair and 85 to 90 for fair to prime whites. The receipts, which are altogether of the low grade, and mostly Maryland are small, and the quality good. No transactions of moment in Rye. Corn is steady about 43 to 44 cents for white, and 44 to 45 for yellow. Oats may be quoted 27 to 28 cents for new.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

The subscriber has just received and is now opening at his stand on Main street, two doors from the public square, a large and elegant assortment of articles for gentleman's use and wear; to which he respectfully invites their attention. Roussel's unrivalled Shaving Creams in large and small jars; Oils and Perfumes for the Hair; a large variety of Soaps; Hair Brushes, tooth, clothes and nail Brushes, of all prices; Razors and Razor Strops; also an elegant assortment of gentlemen's linen, made up in the best and most fashionable style such as Stocks, Collars, Bosoms, &c. all of which will be sold at the lowest prices for cash. *Wm. Webb.*

June 18, 1845.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES,

Balzorines at reduced prices

THE attention of the ladies is invited to the new and handsome styles of Paris Balzorines at very reduced prices to be found at ARNOLD'S and EINSTEIN'S store in North Hanover street. Splendid styles at 18¾ to 37½ cents.

Also very cheap Lawns, Bareges, Ginghams, Plaid Stripe, Mull, Swiss, Cambric, Book and Jaconett Muslins. Also a splendid assortment of Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons, newest style; Artificial Flowers and inside trimmings for Bonnets, &c.

Carlisle, June 11, 1845.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

LAST ARRIVAL.

THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the public to the large and splendid assortment of Watches and Jewelry, just received at his old stand in Main street, opposite Loudon's Book Store and a little West of Beetem's Hotel, consisting of Gold Patent Lever and Lepine WATCHES, the most extensive and cheapest he has ever offered to the citizens of Cumberland county. Silver Lever and Lepine do. Gold and Silver Breast Pins, Ever-pointed pencils, Watch-keys, Watch-chains, Spectacles, &c. Also Miniature cases, Guards, Clasps, Lockets, Hair-pins, Ear-rings, Finger-rings, Medallions and a lot of very superior

Diamond pointed Pens,

a very desirable article, for men of Business generally; together with many other articles in his line of business unnecessary to mention.

Persons wishing to purchase any of the above articles would do well to call soon, as it is the handsomest, and cheapest assortment ever offered to this community, and will be sold lower for cash than they can be purchased at retail in the cities.

THOMAS CONLYN.

July 9, 1845.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the undersigned and others, to the next Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the incorporation of a Company to be styled the "CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK." It is intended to have it located in the Borough of Carlisle, Cumberland county; that it shall have a capital of *thirty thousand dollars*, with the privilege of increasing it to One Hundred Thousand Dollars; the object being to receive deposites of money, and discount notes.

Samuel Hepburn	Michael Cocklin
R. Angney	Robert C. Sterritt
William Ker, jr.	George W. Sheaffer
Skiles Woodburn	Robert Snodgrass
John Agnew	Michael G. Baltzhoover
Jas. H. Graham	J. Baughman
Samuel Woods	Adam Longsdorf
John Stuart	George Sanderson
Samuel Wherry	J. W. Eby.

July 2, 1845. 6m.

New Books

AT J. M. KNEEDLER'S

Cheap Book and Periodical Store.

Satanstoe, a new novel by J. Fennimore Cooper, in two volumes, price 50 cts.

Evelyn, or a Heart Romance, by Anna Cora Mowatt, author of Fashion &c., price 25 cts.

Dashes at High Life, by N. P. Willis, just rec'd. price 50 cts.

Temptation or the Watch-Tower of Kent-Yen by Eugene Sue, price 25 cts.

July number of the monmoth Pictorial Brother Jonathan, price 12 1-2 cts.

True Politeness, the ladies Book of Etiquette, elegantly bound, price 31 1-4 cts.

Gentlemen's book of Etiquett, price 12 1-2 cts.

New Postage Law, price 12 1-2 cts.

The Smuggler by James, price 25 cts.

Godey's Lady's Book, price 25 cts.

The Columbian, Arthur's and the National Magazine, price 12 3-4.

The Nevells of Garrestown, by Lever, 25 cts.

July 2, 1845.

CLOTHES SCOURING.

We return our thanks for the patronage already bestowed on us in our line of business—the Scouring of Clothes, &c., with Soap of our own manufacture. Fall is drawing near and all those who desire to get their fall and winter clothing readly cleansed from grease spots before wearing again, will please give us "a call" in West Pomfret Street. The collars of Coats, or any spots, will be cleansed without touching the other parts of the garment if desired. Our prices will be in proportion to the job, varying from 12 1-2 cents to half a dollar.—Send us word and we will come to your dwellings for the Work. From those who may not wish to give us the cash we will take trade of any kind we can use.

Auction sales will be attended to in town and country, and on market mornings at the Market House. WESLEY MILES.

July 2, 1845.

N. B. I have procured a room connected with Mr Stephen Keeper's Tinner Shop in the rear of the Market House, where I will receive all kinds of goods, &c., at any time during the day, or in the evenings. All accounts will promptly be settled immediately after the sales. W. M.

Pension and General Agency.

GEORGE M. PHILIPS, late of the Treasury Department, has opened an office in this city, and will attend to the prosecution and collection of claims before Congress and the several Executive Departments of the Government, such as pre-emption and other land claims; claims for invalid, navy, Revolutionary, widows, and half-pay pensions; for Revolutionary services, whether for commutation, half-pay, or bounty lands; for services during the last war; to the settlement of accounts of disbursing or other officers of the Government; to the interest of bidders for contracts; obtaining remission of fines or forfeitures for alleged violations of the revenue laws; collection of private claims; and all business brought before Congress or the public offices requiring the services of an Agent.

Charges will be moderate, varying according to the nature of the business. All letters must be post paid.

G. M. P. will also attend to the sale and renting of houses, lots, &c., collection of rents, negotiating loans.

Washington D. C. June 25, 1845.

Valuable Houses

AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

BY virtue of the last Will and Testament of William Weakley, late of the borough of Carlisle, deceased, will be sold at public vendue on Thursday the 18th day of September next, on the premises, the following described property, situate in the village of Papertown, Cumberland county, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND,

on which is erected a Log Plastered HOUSE, well finished, in which a store has been kept for many years, with a Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, &c., and a well of never-failing water with a pump therein, on the premises. This is a very desirable and valuable property, and the best business stand in the village or surrounding country. Also a

LOT OF GROUND

adjoining the above described lot on the north, on which is erected two DWELLING HOUSES, one a commodious Brick house, and the other a frame weather-boarded house, both suitable for private families and easily converted into a business stand. The above property will be sold either separate or together as may best suit purchasers.

Sale to commence at one o'clock on said day when attendance will be given and terms made known by MARY WEAKLEY,

Adm'x. with the will annexed of W. Weakley dec'd.

August 6, 1845.

Fresh Salted Oil and Kentucky Bacon.

Just received and for sale by *Stevenson & Mehaffey.*

June 11 1845.

Register's Notice.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
CARLISLE, July 9th, 1845.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filed in this office for examination by the accountants therein named, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county for confirmation and allowance on Tuesday, the 19th of August, A. D. 1845, viz:

1. The account of Jacob G. Miller, Administrator of Joseph Smith, late of Allen township, deceased.

2. The account of Jacob Thrush, Administrator of Catherine Thrush, late of Newton township, deceased.

3. The account of George Houke, Executor of Michael Leidig, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

4. The account of David Sterrett, Executor of Mary Ann Culberson, late of Mifflin township, deceased.

5. The account of William Fahnestock, Jr. Executor of William Fahnestock, Sr., late of Monroe township, deceased.

6. The account of Joseph Wirt, Administrator of Peter Wirt, late of North Middleton township, deceased.

7. The supplemental and final account of Jones Newcomber, Administrator of Peter Curl, late of Stough's town, dec'd.

8. The account of George Rupp, Administrator of George Rupley, late of East Pennsborough township, deceased.

9. The supplemental account of George W. Sheaffer and Jacob Shrom, Executors of David S. Forrey, late of the borough of Carlisle, deceased.

10. The account of Peter Myers, Administrator of Isaac Leas, late of Frankford township, deceased.

11. The account of Samuel Sensaman, Executor of Justina Sensaman, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

12. The account of Alexander C. Gregg, Executor of Isabella Love, late of the Borough of Carlisle, deceased.

13. The supplemental account of Wm. M. Miley, Executor of Jacob Miley, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

14. The account of Benjamin Erb, surviving Administrator of John Sierer, late of East Pennsborough township, deceased.

15. The account of Edward Bord Administrator of Allen Burd late of Shippensburg township, deceased.

16. The account of John B. Coover, Esq., and John Sherrick, Administrators of Christian Crall, late of Allen township, deceased.

17. The supplemental account of William Galbreath, Administrator of Joseph Galbreath, late of Dickenson township, deceased.

18. The account of Leonard Wise, Jr., one of the Administrators of Leonard Wise, Sr., late of South Middleton township, deceased.

19. The accounts of Robert M. Hays, Guardian of Robert Mickey, Mary Ann Mickey and Hays Mickey, Minor children of James Mickey, deceased.

JACOB BRETZ,
July 19, 1845. Register.

Spring Arrival!

NEW GOODS!

HENRY ANDERSON desires to inform the public that he has just received at his old stand in North Hanover street, near the Post Office, a large and elegant assortment of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which he will sell at a small advance for cash and which he invites the public to call and examine. His stock now consists of an entirely new supply of CLOTHS, of all colors qualities and prices; also Silks, Lawns, Balzorines, Bareges, Mousline de Laines, Cashmere and Alpaca Lustres, Bombazines, Chintzes, Delts, Muslins, Silk and Cambric Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, and every other article of Ladies' wear, of the best description and most fashionable patterns. Also a splendid assortment of Gloves and Hosiery.

Also, a fresh assortment of every variety of Groceries, Queensware, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest price for cash. Give us a call.

April 30, 1845.

Removal.

S. M. HARRIS,

HAS removed his DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE to Main Street, in the room formerly occupied by T. H. Stiles, a few doors below Beetem's Hotel, where he will be glad to see his old customers, and as many new ones as choose to call. He has just returned from the East with a choice selection of goods which will make his assortment complete. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere—every thing sold at the lowest prices for cash.

April 23, 1845

HARDWARE, CUTLERY & SADDLERY

REMOVAL!

JOHN P. LYNE respectfully informs his friends and the public generally that he has removed his stock of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and SADDLERY, to the new house on North Hanover street, two doors south of the Post Office and nearly opposite his old stand, where he continues to keep as heretofore a full and complete assortment of every thing in his line at *prices cheaper than ever.*

Cabinet Makers are earnestly invited to call and examine a splendid lot of MAHOGANY VENEERS, just received. Carpenters and Builders will find an excellent assortment of Latches, Locks, Bolts, Hinges, Screws, and every variety of Building Materials, at reduced prices. Also a new and superior article of PLANES, warranted good in every respect. Also, gun and rock Powder, warranted; Safety Fuse, for blasting rocks, Shot, Lead, Spelter, &c. Window Glass of all sizes, Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Cedar-ware, Blacksmith's Bellows, Drilling Machines, and every variety of articles in the Hardware line. Persons commencing Housekeeping will find it to their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere.

The books and accounts of the late firm of J. P. Lyne & Co. are in my hands, and persons indebted are requested to call and make payment to save further trouble. JOHN P. LYNE.

April 23, 1845.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand of his own manufacture or importation a large assortment of Gold and Silver Lever and other Watches, Gilt and Ebony Clocks, Gold Jewelry, Silver Plated Castors, Waiters, Silver, Plain, and Threaded Forks and Spoons, large and small Musical Boxes; also *Diamond Pointed gold Pens*, of the best manufacture, together with a general variety of Watchmakers' Tools, Files and materials.

Orders from the country are solicited, with the assurance that every pains shall be taken to give satisfaction, wholesale or retail.

JOHN C. FARR.

No. 112, Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

May 7, 1845. 3mo.

TO MOTHERS

Rose of Alpine Cordial, a certain safe and speedy cure for Colic, Pains, and vomiting, yielding great relief to children teething! For sale at the Drug store of Stevenson & Mehaffey.

Chrome, Yellow & Green,

from Wetherill's manufactory, just received and for sale by *Stevenson & Mehaffey.*

June 4, 1845.

HAY'S LINIMENT

still remains unrivalled and warrants a certain cure. For sale at the Drug Store of *Stevenson & Mehaffey.*

May 7, 1845.

Essential Oils

Oils Cinnamon, Bergamot, Peppermint, Cloves, Sassafras, Lemon, Lavender and Spearmint all of a pure quality just received and for sale by *Stevenson & Mehaffey.*

June 4, 1845.

To Cabinet & Coach Makers.

THE undersigned are now supplied by which they will receive regular supplies of Varnish, Japan, Turpentine, Linseed Oil, Glue, Shellac, Brushes, Putty, Glass and materials to suit the trade, which they will sell low for cash or on time to good customers. *Stevenson & Mehaffey.*

June 4, 1845.