Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—DEVOTED TO GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, ADVERTISING, POLITICS, LITERATURE MORALITY, AGRICULTURE, ARTS AND SCIENCES, AMUSEMENT, &c. &c.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY B. BRATTY.

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HERALD & EXPOSITOR

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No subscription will be taken for less than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher, and a failure to notify a discontinuance will be considered a new engagement.

Advertising will be done on the usual terms.

Letters to insure attention must be post paid.

WILLIAM H. MILLER,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE REMOVED to Beetem's Row, in the room formerly occupied by S. D. Adair, Esq. Carlisle, April 3, 1844. tf-25

COLWELL & M'CLURE.

Attorneys at Law,

WILL attend promptly to business entrusted to them in the counties of Cumberland and Franklin. Offices, one door west of the Jail, East High street, Carlisle, and next door to Stumbaugh & Hoover's Drug Store, Shippensburg. April 24, 1844. tf-26

NEW STORE.

THE subscribers are now opening, in the room adjoining Mr. Duffield's Hardware Store and directly opposite to S. Elliott's Drug store, an entire New Stock of Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

consisting a general assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Wear; such as Balzorines, Barages, Mous de Laines, Organdy Lace Muslins, Lawns, Chintzes Calicoes, Cloths, Cassimeres, Summer Cloths, Gambroons, London Plaid and Plaid Drillings and Cotton Cassimeres of various descriptions, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices for Cash.

GEO. W. HITNER & CO.

May 29, 1844. tf-31

N. B. The Dwelling part of the house attached to the Store-room will be rented.

CARLISLE FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE Citizens of Carlisle and the Public generally are respectfully informed that this Institution will be opened under the Superintendance of Misses *Phebe and Charlotte Paine*, on the 2d day of January, 1845.

The large and commodious house in West Louther street, recently occupied by Mrs. Stevens as a Boarding School has been taken by them and is undergoing repairs. It will be furnished with special reference to the accommodation of the Pupils. A few Misses or young Ladies will be received as Boarders, and it is intended to afford to such all the advantages connected with a residence in the most genteel private family.

Expenses.

Board, with fuel, lights and washing, will be furnished to young ladies, at $2,25 cts. during the summer months; and $2,50, during the winter.

TUITION.—Common English studies viz Geography, History, Grammer, Arithmetic, Orthography, Reading and Writing per quarter. $3,00

With Astronomy, Algebra, Geometry, Natural Philosophy and English Composition. 7,50

Higher branches as Botany, Chemistry, Rhetoric, Mental and Moral Philosophy. 10,00

Instruction in the Languages. Drawing, Painting &c. will involve an extra charge 2,50

Lessons in Instrumental Music by Prof. S. L. Walker, for an extra charge of 12,00

The Tuition will be required quarterly and the price of Board monthly in advance, and no deduction made for absence but in case of sickness

November 27, 1844. tf-

S. ELLIOTT

OFFERS for sale at very reduced prices, a full assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, Dye-Stuffs

PAINTS, &c. together with

Stationary, Fine Cap Paper, by the Ream, Letter & Slates by the dozen, Silver Pencils, Drawing & Sable hair do., Drawing Paper, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Penknives, of a fine quality, Painting brushes, Graving do. Shaving do. Teeth do. Flesh do. Shaving and Toilet Soaps in great variety, Varnish,

Spices Ground and Unground,

Together with every other article in the Drug line the attention of Physicians, Country Merchants and Dyers, is solicited as I am determined to sell at very low prices for Cash.

Carlisle, March 15, 1844.

DRUGS, PAINTS & DYE-STUFFS.

MYERS & HAVERSTICK have just opened an extensive assortment of DRUGS, selected with great care and warranted genuine and Pure. Physicians and Country Merchants are requested to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

ALSO:

A large assortment of Paints and Dye-Stuffs, every article warranted pure and of the best quality, or no sale. Dyers, Painters and Fullers are requested to call, as we are determined to sell the cheapest and best articles of this line in the market.

Books and Stationary.

We have added to our usual stock, a choice selection of Books and Stationary, which we can sell at a very reduced price.

ALSO,

The largest assortment of CUTLERY ever offered at this place—together with the most fashionable PERFUMERY and *Fancy Notions*.

Carlisle, June 19, 1844. tf-33

Washington Hotel.

CORNER OF MARKET STREET & MARKET SQUARE

HARRISBURG, PA.

The Subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has leased this well known House, which has recently undergone a thorough repair, and has furnished it anew with the best of Bedding and other Furniture, and is now prepared to accomodate Members of the Legislature and Travellers in the very best style, and upon such terms as cannot fail to please. W. T. SANDERS.

Dec. 20, 1843.

ROBERTS' HOTEL.

SIGN OF WASHINGTON AND JACKSON.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has removed from his old stand on West High street, to the public house lately kept by David Bleanon South Hanover street, in this borough, sign of Washington and Jackson. Where he will be always glad to see his friends from the Country and Travellers, and accommodate them in the best and most comfortable manner.

His BAR shall be constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and his TABLE with the best the market can furnish. A careful OSTLER always kept in attendance, and nothing shall be left undone to please all who call with him.

BOARDERS taken by the week, month or year.

ANDREW ROBERTS.

April 17, 1844. tf-2

Ribbons, Artificials, &c.

J. A. CLIPPINGER & CO. have just received a beautiful assortment of new style Ribbons, Artificials, &c. at reduced prices.

Shippensburg, June 26, 1844.

J. LOUDON'S CHEAP BOOK STORE.

THE Subscriber has a few days since received from the city a general assortment of School Books and Stationary, which he intends to sell at reduced prices.

Purchasers can be supplied with Bibles, Paper &c. at the following rates:

Family Bibles,	$1,00
Good School Bibles,	50
Good School Testaments	12-2
Pocket bibles morocco gilt edges	1,00

School Books all the general kinds in use proportionably low. His Stationary is of good quality, also a good assortment of Lithographic Prints, Toy Books and Books suitable for Holidays.

He also carries on the Book Binding business where persons can have their old books rebound, also Blank Books, Dockets &c. made to order.

The subscriber in connection with his Book and Stationary Store, has established a

FAMILY GROCERY.

HE has now on hand a large and general assortment of fresh Groceries, spices &c. of every description and of the best quality, selected with care in the city, and which he is enabled to sell at reduced cash prices to suit the times.

Thankful for the patronage extended to him during the few days he has been in the business, he hopes by attention and endeavoring to please to merit a continuance thereof, his stock in part consists of

Strong Rio and Java Coffee,

Best and 2d quality Loaf Sugar, Brown, white, Havana and crushed Sugars

Young Hyson, Imperial and Black Teas.

Sugar House Syrup and New Orleans Molasses.

Best and 2d best Sperm Oil.

Sperm and Mould Candles. Spices of all kinds fresh ground and unground, Cheese and Crackers, Lemons, Mace, Citron, Indigo, Starch, Saltpetre, Logwood, American and London mustard, Rice, Homeopathic and Bakers best Chocolate, Raisins, Almonds and Filberts.

Crockery, China and Glass ware. Also Brushes, Tubs, Baskets Churns, Brooms, Bed cords, Halters, Ploughlines, Masons, and Carpenters Lines, Market Baskets, Best Cavendish and other chewing and smoking Tobacco, Spanish, half Spanish and Common Segars.

A general assortment of good Spool cotton, thread, tapes, thimbles, hooks & eyes, Pearl buttons, pins and needles, tooth brushes, hair brushes combs, pewter sand, shoe blacking and a variety of other notions for sale. Also No. 1 & 2 Mackerel, smoked Herring, Salmon, Cranberries, dried Beef Hams &c.

December 5, 1844.

ALFRED S. SENER

HAVING purchased the entire stock of goods belonging to Jacob Bentz in North Hanover next a few doors above Wm. Irvin's Office where he will keep constantly on hand and for sale at the Lowest Prices.

GROCERIES & SPICES

such as Loaf Sugar Double & Single Refined, Brown Havana and Crushed Sugars, Young Hyson, Imperial and Black Teas, Sugar-house, Syrup and Orleans Molasses, Sperm and Whale Oil, Candles, Cheese, Crackers, Mace, Citron, Indigo, Starch, Saltpetre, Mustard and Chocolate, Ginger Saleratus, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.

Crockery China and Glass Ware.

Brushes, Tubs, Baskets, Churns, Buckets, washboards, butter prints, ropes and twine, tobacco, spanish, half spanish and common Segars.

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description at City and Home manufacture just received at his store, consisting of Willis' double and single sole French and address morocco shoes and boots for Ladies', Children's and Men's wear at the Lowest prices.

FLOUR for sale by the barrel and small.

50 barrels White wheat Flour.

5 barrels Fresh Ground corn meal.

2 barrels Buckwheat Flour.

Persons purchasing flour of me can have it delivered at any part of the town. Those who may favor him with their custom, will be dealt with on the most satisfactory terms. He therefore solicits a share of public patronage.

Carlisle, January 8, 1845.

Country Merchants.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT YOU WILL FIND AT THE STORE OF THE SUBSCRIBERS,

No. 20 North 4th street, Corner of Commerce street, Philadelphia.

A LARGE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

CONTAINING AS

GREAT A VARIETY

As is offered by any House in the City of Philadelphia.

THEY regularly attend the sales by auction and are frequently able to purchase many seasonable descriptions of Goods much below the regular prices and which they will sell at a small advance. They also receive many goods direct from the manufacturers, and new styles of Foreign Goods as soon as they are in the market from importations here and in New York. Their assortment consists in part of the following goods, viz:—

BROAD CLOTHS,

Beaver and Pilot Cloths, a full assortment, Satinets, Jeans, Flannels, Kerseys and Linseys, Marseilles and Valencia Vestings in great variety, Black Silk Velvet, Figured Silk Velvet, Black Satin, Red Padding, Canvass, Brown Holland, Canton Flannels, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Colored Cambrics, Silesias, Buckram, &c., &c.

Also.—Prints—an extensive assortment—and are constantly receiving the newest styles as they come from the manufacturers—Mous de laines, Printed Lawns, Cambrics, Jaconets, Book and Mull Muslins, Swiss Muslins, Irish Linens, Linen Lawns, Russia Sheetings, Burlaps, Russia Diaper, Cotton Diaper, Linen Crash, &c., &c.

ALPACAS in great variety, figured and plain, Handkerchiefs, a full assortment of Cotton and Silk, Suspenders, Hosiery, Gloves, Thread, Buttons, Lace Goods, &c. With a full assortment of Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings.

WM. H. BROWN & Co.

No. 20 North 4th st., Phila.

February 5, 1845.—4m.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers, under the firm of J. P. Lyne & Co, terminated on the 1st inst. by mutual consent. The Books are in the hands of J. P. Lyne for collection; and those indebted are requested to call at the store and settle their accounts, as it is desirable that the books should be settled up as speedily as possible.

J. P. LYNE,
G. W. SHEAFFER.

December 12, 1844.

J. P. LYNE would respectfully inform his Friends and the Public generally that he will continue the *HARDWARE BUSINESS* at the old stand where may be found a first-rate assortment of Goods, such as Locks, Hinges, Screws, Paints, Glass Nails and a complete assortment of Carpenter's Tools, Saddlery, Bar, Band, Hoop and Slit Iron, Steel of all kinds, and every article usually kept in a Hardware store, all of which we will sell at the very lowest prices. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.

Patent Medicines.

JUST received, a large assortment of the following *Patent Medicines*, which we offer for sale wholesale and retail at a very reduced price:

Hays' Liniment, for cure of Piles,
Dr Hewes' Bone and Nerve Liniment,
Dr Spohn's cure for Sick Headache,
Dr Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry,
Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,
Dr Swaim's Panacea,
Dr Vermifuge,
Dr Houck's Panacea,

Together with a general assortment of the most approved chaterics and specific Pills.

MYERS & HAVERSTICK.

tf-3

Cheap Carpets, &c.

THE Subscriber would call the attention of persons in want of CARPETS, to the excellent assortment they now offer, and to the extremely low prices at which they are selling.

CARPETINGS.

Imperial 3 ply
Superfine Ingrain
Fine & Common do
Royal twilled venitian
Fine Worsted do
Plain Striped do

Also, a large Stock of FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, of all widths, cut to fit Rooms, Halls &c. together with Hearth Rugs, Piano and Table Covers, Stair Rods, Matting Bindings, &c. Wholesale or Retail very low for Cash. Low priced Ingrain Carpets from 35, to 50 cents per yd. and Entry and Stair Carpets from 15 to 50 cents per yard.

ELDRIDGE & BROTHER,

No. 41 Strawberry street, one door above Chesnut st. between Second & Third sts., Philadelphia.

February 26, 1845.—6m.

ROBERT B. WALKER,

No. 25 North Second St. opposite Christ Church Philadelphia,

has just received and is now opening a very extensive and beautiful assortment of CARPETINGS.—The goods are fresh and of new styles, and being purchased principally for CASH, they will be sold at the lowest prices they consist in part of splendid Brussels, (rich patterns,) Beautiful Imperial 3 ply, Super Extra Ingrain, 3-4, 4-4, 5-8, Twilled Venitian, 3-4, 4-4, 5-8, Plain do, Colors warranted durable.

Superior quality 6-4 English Bockings, with a large stock of well seasoned Oil Cloths of all widths Rugs, Piano and Table Covers, Sheep Skins, Stair Rods, Bindings &c. with an extensive assortment of Low Priced Carpetings, of all descriptions. Ingrains of good patterns and quality for 37½ to 50 cts. per yard. Purchasers are requested to call, and they may rest assured of being pleased with goods and prices.

ROBERT B. WALKER.

March 26, 1845.

Important Items.

J. W. EBY,

GROCER AND TEA DEALER,

West Main st., Carlisle.

IN addition to his general assortment is now in receipt of a new and additional supply of the best Winter

OILS! OILS!!

Prices reduced—even LOWER THAN EVER viz:

Winter Strained Sperm at $1,12½ per gallon.
Solar " 87½ per gallon.
Elephant " 75 " "

all clear and handsome Lamp oils, and equal to any in our market, finest quality Table Oil in pint and quart bottles.

ALSO—Pure Sperm, Mould and Common Candles, at prices Low in proportion, together with a fine assortment of Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and extra Gunpowder, Imperial and Souchong

from 75 cents to $1,50 per lb.

To make no mistake—just remember nearly opposite the "BIG LOCUST TREE."

February 5, 1845.

D. O. PROUTY,

No. 194½ MARKET STREET, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

MANUFACTURER of Agricultural implements and dealer in Garden, Grass and Flower Seeds; offer for sale Prouty and Mears' Patent centre draught self-sharpening Ploughs, for which nine premiums were awarded in the States of Pennsylvania and Delaware the past fall. They are made both right and left hand, are light in draught, cheap to keep in repair, and are particularly recommended for turning under green crops, and are strong enough for any soil. Subsoil Ploughs, for one, two or three horses. Side Hill Double Mould and N. York Ploughs, from $2 to $6 each. Taylor's Patent Straw Cutter, (new) Green's Hovey's Conklin's, Sinclair's and improved Guillotine Straw Cutters. Corn Stalk Grinders. Grain Fans, from $8 to $10 each. Corn Shellers in a great variety, for hand and horse power. Horse Powers and Threshing Machines. Meat cutters and stuffers.—Churns. Hay and manure forks. Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Rakes. Transplanting Trowels. Corn Planting, Agricultural furnaces, and every other implement wanted for the Farm or Garden.

ALSO—The most extensive assortment of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, in Philadelphia, including 50 new and superior kinds, crop of 1844, grown expressly for this establishment, and warranted of the best quality and true to name; can be obtained by the pound or bushel, or neatly put up and labelled, with directions for planting. Bulbous Roots and Fruit Trees, of the choicest kinds. Dealers are respectfully invited to call and see the assortment.

D. O. PROUTY,

194½ Market st. Philadelphia.

January 29, 1845.

Prices extremely low.

JOHN C. FARR.

112 Chesnut st. Philadelphia.

OFFERS for sale of his own importations or manufacture, the following, with a variety of other goods in the line, on the most advantageous terms as to prices, &c.

Gold Lever Lepine and other Watches, Silver Levers, Silver Lepine, Silver Verge Watches, Ebony and Rich Gilt Mantel Time Pieces, Large Musical Boxes, playing 6 to 12 Tunes, Small do in Tin and Shell cases, Plated Table Castors, Tea Sets, Coffee Urns, do Communion Service, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Lever watch movements of various makers, with a general assortment of watch makers tools, files and watch materials. Orders from the Country are solicited and every effort will be made to give satisfaction.

Aug. 20, 1844.—3m.

WATCHES, JEWELRY &c.

JUST received a fine assortment of Watches and Jewelry consisting in part of Gold and Silver Watches, Pencils, Spectacles, Gold Breast pins, Rings, Lockets, Watch keys, Ear rings, Bracelets, Clasps, Miniature cases, Silver thimbles, Butter knives, Sugar tongs, Hair Pins, Jet Breast Pins, a large lot of Common Spectacles, Watch Chains and Guards, Common Watch Keys, Goggles, and a great many other things which persons will see when they call.

THOMAS CONLYN.

N. B. Any articles which I may not have on hand will be procured at the shortest notice and as low as they can be purchased in the city. Watches repaired as usual.

January 8, 1845.

WOOLLEN FACTORY!

THE Subscriber would inform the public that he still continues to carry on at the old stand (well known as the MILO WOOLLEN FACTORY, situated in South Middleton township, about four miles south of Carlisle, within sight of Craighead's mill and near Harnish's mill, and within two miles of Spring Forge, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for Fulling, Carding, and manufacturing kinds of goods from the fleece, such as *Flannels, Cassinets, Blankets*, both broad and narrow, and other articles in his line. All work warranted to be done in a workmanlike manner. The subscriber will take country produce in exchange for work, at market prices, such as wheat, rye, corn, soap, fat, &c. &c.

JACOB F. HOOVER.

South Middleton township, April 7, 1845.

CASH FOR PRODUCE.

The highest market prices at all times paid for all kinds of Country Produce, by

FULLER & FULTZ.

Baltimore, April 2, 1845.

DR. C. LOOMIS,

DENTIST,

WILL perform all operations upon the Teeth that are required for their preservation, such as *Scaling, Filling, Plugging, &c.*, or will restor the loss of them, by inserting Artificial Teeth, fro a single Tooth, to a full sett.

Office on Pitt street, a few doors South of the Railroad Hotel.

N. B. Dr. Loomis will be absent from Carlisle the last ten days, in each month.

24, 944

Cabinet Making.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he carries on the

CABINET MAKING BUSINESS,

in all its variods branches, in Locust Alley, directly in rear of E. Bullock's Chair Factory (N. Hanover st.) where he keeps constantly on hand, and will manufacture to order,

Secretaries, Bureaus, Tables, &c.

and every other description of Cabinet Ware—all of which he will sell cheap for *cash*, or exchange for country produce at market prices. He will also take Lumber of all descriptions in exchange for work.

COFFINS made on terms reasonable at short notice, and he will attend funerals with a splendid Hearse, in town or country. A Hearse will also be kept for hire.

He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage, confident that he can tender general satisfaction:

J. R. WEAVER.

March 26, 1845. tf-31

A CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has leased, and will move on the 1st of April next, to that well known, large and commodious

TAVERN STAND,

situated on the corner of Main and Bedford streets, (close by the Jail) in the Borough of Carlisle, and owned by Commodore Jesse D. Elliot, of the U. S. Navy which house he will continue to keep as a House of entertainment for all those who may favor him with a call. He, therefore, respectfully asks a share of public patronage, assuring his visitors that all things in this power shall be conducted in a quiet, genteel way, and that the charges will be made moderate, much more so than where he now lives, this he will be enabled to do in consequence of the very great difference in the rents of the two establishments, and at the same time he begs leave to assure all, that his

TABLE, BAR, BEDS,

and all other things connected with the concern shall be as good, if not better, than where he now lives. He therefore hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage, for which he will be thankful.

W. FOULK.

March 12, 1845.

NEW GOODS,

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

THE subscriber is just receiving a splendid assortment of Spring and Summer Goods selected with care, to which he would invite the attention of purchasers. Call and examine for yourselves if you wish to purchase cheap goods.

J. A. CLIPPINGER.

Shippensb'g, March 26, 1845.

N. American Insurance Co. OF PHILADELPHIA.

CAPITAL $600,000.

THIS long established Company makes insurance permanent or limited, against loss or damage by Fire on property and effects of every description.

Their terms are very reasonable, and property holders will do well to avail themselves of the advantages afforded by them.

The subscriber is AGENT for the Company for this Borough and vicinity—and application to him, in person or letter, will receive immediate attention.

JOHN J. MYERS.

March 26, 1845. 3m.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of J. A. Clippinger & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books are in the hands of W. F. Carey for collection, and those indebted will please call and make settlement.

J. A. CLIPPINGER,
W. F. CAREY.

Shippensburg, March 12, 1845.

J. A. CLIPPINGER would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that having purchased W. F. Carey's interest in the above establishment, he business will in future be conducted by himself, and hopes by a strict attention to business, and a determination to sell goods at the very lowest prices, to receive a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.

Removal.

THE subscriber has rented, for one year, the Dwelling House lately in the occupancy of Mitchell McClellan, Esq., in South Hanover street, immediately opposite the store of Miss McGinnis, and a few doors south of Burkholder's Hotel, where he will continue all kinds of

Upholstering, Bedding, Mattrass, Agency, &c.

I will furnish Hotels and Dwellings as cheap and better than can be obtained in the cities. I charge for nothing but labor, the materials can be furnished at first cost. Also, any kind of Agency business at, tended to promptly. Terms—cash or barter.

Wanted—A good Boy and Girl, for house work.

ALBERT LOMBARD.

April 2, 1845.

LADIES' SHOE MANUFACTORY.

JUSTICE HARMER.

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage he has received, would inform the Ladies of Carlisle and its vicinity, that he still continues to manufacture LADIES' SHOES of every quality and variety, at the following prices for CASH, as he keeps no books.

Ladies' French Morocco and Kid double-soled shoes,	$1,12½
Ladies Walking shoes,	1,00
" Gaiter Shoes,	1,37½
Misses' and Children's shoes in proportion.	

All work done by him warranted, and all rips repaired gratis. Call at the last house in Harper's Row next door to Mr. Guthrie's Watchmaker.

Carlisle, February 5, 1845.—6m.

I HAVE just received my spring supply of GARDEN SEEDS, consisting a very general assortment, warranted genuine.

S. ELLIOTT.

Carlisle, March 5, 1845.

MR. CALHOUN AND OREGON.

We invite the attention of our readers to the following remarks of Mr. Calhoun, made in the Senate of the United States, in January 1843, on the subject of Oregon. It will be seen that then Mr. C. was ready and willing to consider the difficulties of our contending against Great Britain for the possession—and the propriety of distinguishing that may be, between an indisputable title. A part of the prophetic remarks of Mr. Calhoun have been fulfilled. We have persisted to assert our claim, and Great Britian has asserted hers!

"Has the time arrived, said Mr. CALHOUN, and prudent for us to attempt to assert and maintain our exclusive right to the territory against the adverse and conflicting claim of Great Britain? I answer, no, it has not; and that for the decisive reason, because the attempt, it made, must prove unsuccessful against the resistance of Great Britain. We could neither take nor hold it against her; and that for a reason not less decisive—that she could in a shorter time, and at far less expense, concentrate a far greater force than we could in the territory.

We seem to forget, in the discussion of this subject, the great events which have occurred in the Eastern portion of Asia, during the last year, and which have so greatly extended the power of Great Britain in that quarter of the globe. She has there, in that period, terminated successfully two wars; by one of which she has given increased quiet and stability to her possessions in India; and by the other, has firmly planted her power on the eastern coast of China, where she will undoubtedly keep up, at least for a time, a strong military and naval force, for the purpose of intimidation and strengthening her newly acquired possession. The point she occupies there on the western shore of the Pacific, is almost directly opposite to the Oregon Territory, at the distance of about five thousand five hundred miles from the mouth of Columbia River, with a tranquil ocean between, which may be passed over in six weeks. In that short time, she might place at a moderate expense, a strong naval and military force at the mouth of that river, where a formidable body of men as hardy and energetic as any on this continent, in the service of the Hudson Bay Company, and numerous tribes of Indians under its control, could be prepared to sustain and co-operate with it. Such is the facility with which she could concentrate a force there to maintain her claim to the territory against ours, should they be brought into collision by this bill.

I now turn to examine our means of concentrating an opposing force by land and water, should it become necessary to maintain our claim. We have no military or naval position in the Pacific ocean.—Our fleet would have to sail from our own shores, and would have to cross the line and double Cape Horn in 56 degrees of south latitude; and turning north, recross the line, and ascend to latitude 46 north, in order to reach the mouth of Columbia river—a distance from New York (over the straightest and shortest line) of more than 13,000 miles, and which would require a run of more than 18,000 of actual sailing on the usual route. Instead of six weeks, the voyage would require six months. I speak on the authority of one of the most experienced officers attached to the Navy Department.

These facts are decisive. We could do nothing by water. As far as that element is concerned, we could not oppose to her a gun or a soldier in the territory.

But as great as are the impediments by water, they are, at present not much less by land. If we assume some central point in the State of Missouri as the place of rendezvous, from which our military force would commence its march for the territory the distance to the mouth of the Columbia river will be about two thousand miles of which much more than a thousand miles would be over an unsettled country consisting of naked plains of mountainous regions, without provisions, except such game as the ride might supply. On a greater portion of this long march, the force would be liable to be attacked and harrassed by numerous and warlike tribes of Indians, whose hostilities might be readily turned against us by the British traders. To march such a distance without opposition would take upwards of 120 days assuming the march to be at the usual rate for military forces. Should it be impeded by the hostilities of Indians, the time would be greatly prolonged.

I now ask, how could any considerable force sustain itself in so long a march, through a region so destitute of supplies? A small detachment might live on game; but that resource would be altogether inadequate to the support of an army. But admitting an army could find sufficient supplies to sustain itself on the march to the territory, how could it sustain itself in an uncultivated territory, too remote to draw supplies from our settlements in its rear, and with the ocean in front, closed against it by a hostile fleet? And how could supplies be found to return, if a retreat should become necessary? In whatever view the subject may be regarded, I hazard nothing in asserting, that such is the difficulty at present, on our part, of concentrating and maintaining a force in the territory, that a few thousand regulars, advantageously fortified on the Columbia river, with a small naval force to support them, could, with the aid of the Hudson Bay Company, and the co-operation of the Indians under its influence, bid defiance to any effort we could make to dislodge them. If all our other difficulties could be surmounted, that of transporting a sufficient battering train, with all its appurtenances, to so great a distance and over so many obstacles, would be insuperable.

Having now made good my first position—that the attempt, at present, to assert and maintain our exclusive claim to the territory, against the adverse claim of Great Britain, must prove unsuccessful, if she resisted, it now remains to inqure whether she would resist. And here let me say, whatever might be the doubts of others, surely they who have, in this discussion, insisted so strongly on her power, her jealousy, and her determination to hold the territory, cannot doubt that she would resist. If, indeed, provoking language can excite her to resistance, or if half, which has been said of her hostile disposition be true, she not only would resist, but would gladly seize so favorable an occasion to do so, while we are compatatively weak; and she so strong in that quarter. However unfavorable the time might be for us, for her it would be the most propitious.

Her vast resources and military power in the East are liberdted, and at her disposal, to be directed to assert and maintain her exclusive claim to the territory against ours, if she could determine to follow our example, in case this bill should pass.—Even I, who believe that the present Ministry is disposed to peace; that the recent mission to this country originated in the spirit of peace; and that Sir Robert Peel has exhibited great wisdom and moderation—in the midst of splendid success, and therefore, more to be trusted—do not doubt she would resist, if we should adopt this measure. We must not forget, as clear as we believe our title to be, that the right to the territory is in dispute between the two countries; and that, as certain as we regard our right to be, she regards hers as not less so. It is a case of adverse conflicting claims; and we may be assured, if we undertake to assert our claims; and we may be assured, if we undertake to assert our exclusive right, she will oppose us by asserting hers, and if the appeal should be to force; to decide between us at present, the result would be inevitable—the territory would be lost to us. Indeed, this is so incontestable, that no one has ventured to deny it; and there is no hazard in asserting that no one will, who understands the subject, and does not choose to have the soundness of his judgment questioned.

Mrs. Caudle's Curtain Lectures,

MR. CAUDLE HAS LENT AN ACQUAINTANCE THE FAMILY UMBRELLA.

"Ah! That's the third umbrella gone since Christmas. What were you to do! Why let him go home in the rain, to be sure. I'm very certain there was nothing about *him* that could spoil. Take cold indeed. He doesn't look one of the sort to take cold. Besides he'd better take cold than take our only umbrella. Do you hear the rain, Mr. Caudle? I say do you hear the rain? And as I'm alive, if it isn't Saint Swithin's day! Do you hear it against the windows? Nonsense, you don't impose upon me. You can't be asleep with such a shower as that! Do you hear it, I say? Oh, you do hear it! Well, that's a pretty flood; I think it will last for six weeks; and no stirring all the time out of the house.—Pooh! dont think me a fool, Mr. Caudle. Don't insult me. *He* return the umbrella! As if any body ever *did* return an umbrella. There—do you hear it! Worse and worse! Cats and dogs, and for six weeks—always six weeks. And no umbrella!

"I should like to know how the children are to go to school to-morrow. They shan't go through such weather I'm determined. No they shall stop at home and never learn anything—the blessed creatures!—sooner than go and get wet. And when they grow up, I wonder who they'll have to thank for knowing nothing—who indeed; but their father? People who can not feel for their own children ought never to be fathers.

"But I know why you lent the umbrella. Oh yes, I know very well. I was going to tea at dear mother's to-morrow, you knew that, and you did it on purpose. Don't tell me, you hate me to go there, and take every mean advantage to hinder me. But don't you think it, Mr. Caudle. No, sir; if it comes down in buckets full, I'll go the more. No, and I won't have a cab. Where think you the money's to come from.—You've got nice high notions, at that club of yours! A cab indeed. Cost me six-pennyce at least—six-pennies!—two shillings, for there's back again—Cabs, indeed! I should like to know who is to pay for 'em! I can't pay for 'em; and I'm sure you can't, if you go on as you do; throwing away your property, and beggering your children—buying umbrellas.

"Do you hear the rain, Mr. Caudle I say do you hear it? But I don't care—I'll go to mother's to-morrow, I will, and what is more, I'll walk every step of the way, and you know that will give me my death. Don't call me a foolish woman—it's you that's a foolish man. You know that I can't wear clogs; and no umbrella, and the wet's sure to give me a cold—it always does. But what do you care for that?—Nothing at all. I may be laid up for what you care, as I say I shall—and a pretty doctor's there'll be. I hope there will!—It will teach you to lend your umbrellas again. I shouldn't wonder if I caught my death; yes; and that's what you lent the umbrella for. Of course.

"Nice clothes, I shall get too, trapesing through weather like this My gown and bonnet will spoil quite. Needn't I wear 'em then. Indeed Mr. Caudle, I shall wear 'em. No sir I am not going out a dowdy to please you or any body else.—Gracious knows! it isn't often that I step over the threshold; indeed; I mightas well be a slave at once—better I should say.—But when I go out Mr. Caudle, I choose to go out as a lady. Oh! that rain—if it isn't enough to break in the windows.

"Ugh! I do look forward with dread for to-morrow! How am I to get to mother's I'm sure I can't tell. But if I die I'll do it. No, sir; I won't borrow an umbrella. No and you shan't buy one. Mr Caudle, if you bring home another umbrella, I'll throw it in the street. I'll have my own umbrella, or none at all.

"Ha! and it was only last week I had a new nozzel put to that umbrella. I'm sure if I'd have known as much as I do now, it might have gone without one for me. Paying for new nozzels, for other people to laugh at you. Oh it's all very well for you—you can go to sleep. You have no though for your poor patient wife, and your dear children. You think of nothing but lending umbrellas.

"Men, indeed!—Call themselves lords of creation! pretty lords, when they can't even take care of an umbrella.

"I know that walk to-morrow will be the death of me. But that's what you want—then you may go to your club, and do as you like and then, nicely my poor dear children will be used—but then, sir then you'll be happy. Oh! dont tell me! I know you will. Else you'd never have lent the umbrella.

"You have to go on Thursday about that summons; and, of course, you can't go.—No indeed, you *don't* go without the umbrella. You may lose the debt for what I care—it wont be so much as spoiling your clothes better lose it; people deserve to lose debts: who lend umbrellas.

"And I should like to know how I'm to go mother's without umbrella. Oh, don't tell me that I said I *would* go—that's nothing to do with it; nothing at all. She'll think I'm neglecting her, and the little money we were to have, we shan't have at all—because we have no umbrella.

"The children too! Dear things! They will be sopping wet; for they shan't stop at home they shan't lose their learing; it's all their father will leave 'em, I'm sure.—But they shall go to school.—Don't tell me I said they shouldn't; you are so aggravating Caudle; you'd spoil the temper of an angel. "They shall go to school; mark that. And if they get their death of cold, it's not my fault—*I* didn't lend the umbrella.

"Here, says Caudle in his MS., "I fell asleep; and dreampt that the sky was turned into green calico, with whalebone ribs; that in fact, the world revolved under a tremendous umbrella.

"Mat Mat Cousin Bill, he's in the parlor with sister Sal, and he keeps a bitin her."

"Cousin Bill biting my Sal."

"Yes'm I seed him do it ever so many times; bite right on the mouth—and the tarnel gal didn't holler a bit, nother."

"Oh ah! never mind Ned, I guess he din't hurt her much."

"*Hurt* her! by gosh she loves it, she does, cos she kept a lettin him, and didn't say nothin, but just smacked her lips as though 'twas good, she did. I seed it all through the key hole. I'll fire taters at him, by gosh.

☞ The trial of Mrs. Martha Shaw, the insane old woman, who *gnawed* her husband to death last February, in Cecil county, Md., took place in that county last week. She was pronounced insane, and sent to the hospitals.

☞ The hour of adversity in woman's hour—in the full blaze of fortunes rich meredian, her modest beams recire from vulgar notice, but when the clouds of woe collect around us, and shades and darkness dim the wanderers path, that chaste and lovely light shines forth to cheer him, an emblem and an emotion of the Heavens!