the second s	มีการแก่ง (และมีนาราสสักว์ที่สุด ชาวิสิตว์) เหตุสัมวิตภุณฑ์ 	and the second transmission of the second	At million attend the south cases of Seaths Section at manufacture of the states of the states of the states of the states	agent and the product of the second	ÚO SIU	المراجعين المراجعين المحكم محركة المراجع ال
A FAMILY NEWSPAPER-DEVOTED TO GENERAL INTELLIGENCE, ADVERTISING, POLITICS, LITERATURE MORALITY, AGRICULTURE, ARTS AND SCIENCES, AMUSEMENT, &c. &c.						
	2 No. 2 November 2010 - Constant and Const	IDCUBINICATION WINDLENER INTE ID. IBUDIELCRERTE.				
olume zeve.	2011-04-20-07-02-1 1		.B. PA. DECEMBER		10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -	
PRENITERIT'N IMPANANC.	ba elave trade under the operation of file	or by sea for the subjugation of lexas	16CIS OF IOPETOR DOWERS, this late procedure.	i consequent failing off in the revenue. I his	more than one hundred dollars, to be em- ployed in payment of the obligations of	
the Sounds and	ighth articla of that treater will be alter	Highi vests have now elanged since l'eyas	I to say the least of it woard a harsh and the	I has induced Longress. from 1837, to re-	I LUB 170VPFnment in hell of "dold and elver	
House of Representatives of the U. S .:	The occasional interruption experienced	during that time she has been recognized	The instalments on the claims recently	notes, and finally of funding them, in order	at the option of the public creditor, and to an amount not exceeding \$15,000,000. It	mend any material change in annual propriations. The interests which are
If any Deeple over had cause to render []	wout fellow citizens engaged in the fish-	as a sovereign power by several of the	, settied by the Convention with Mexico	to supply denciencies. 1 cannot, however,	was proposed to make them receivable ev-i	valuations of the important a above at
thanks to the Supreme Being for paren-1	ries on the neighboring coast of Nova	principal civilized States. Mexico, never-	have been punctually paid as they have fal-	withhold, the remark that it is in no way	ery where, and to establish at various i	lead to the manmandation of any o
care and protection extended to them	Sectia, has not-failed to claim the attention	duest, and refuses to tecognize her inde-	ntring the establishment of a new commis-	ment that a public debt should be created	points depositories of gold and silver to be held in trust for the redemption of such	than a liberal policy. Adequate approp
the transform from time to time expos-1	his subject have been made, but as vet	nendence. The predatory incursions to	sion in pursuance of the Convention for	in time of peace to meet the current ex-	100108, so as to ensure their convertibility l	antine in Calendari the shift share and
The state of the second of the	- d-C-ite - memory to these reproportations	which I have alwight have been attended	the settlement of situated alaims	I nenses of the Government, or that tempo-	1100 specie No doubt was butowained l	
Greet southement of our forelathers on	as been received from the British Govern-	in one instance. With the breaking up of the	With the other American States our re-	frary expedients should be resorted to an	that such notes would have maintained a par value with gold and silver, thus fur-	
s continent-through the dangers attend-	nent. Two otlige subjects of comparatively	nersons of the judges, jury and officers of	" cd uninterrupted. Onr Minister near the	them. The Executive can do no more	nishing a, paper currency of equal value	sible time, should any emergency a
	ninor importance, but nevertheless of too	the court, and dragging them along with	Republic of New Grenada, has succeeded	than apply the means which Congress	over the Union, thereby meeting, the just	while it is the chargest means of m
indence-through the war of the Kev-1	nuch consequence to he neglected; remain	unarmed, and therefore non-combatant citi-	in effecting an adjustment of the claim up-	places in its hands for the support of Gov-	expectations of the people and fulfilling the	defence onlists in its support the feel
uon-in the wisdom which led to the	till to be adjusted between the two coun-	zens, into a cruel and oppressive bondage,	on that Government for the schooner " By Change " which had been wonding for	country and for the preservation of its lib	duties of a parental Government. Wheth- er the depositories should be permitted to	of pride and confidence which bril
Communant in the hazards incident	States and Great Britain, of July, 1815; it	immorality to pass unreproved. A border	1 many years. The claim for the brig "Mur-	erties, it possesses no power to levy exac-	sell or burchase bills under very limited re-	connect to account her and continue
way subsequently waged with one of	e provided that no higher ditties shall be	warfare is everyore to be deprecated, and	ris," which had its origin during the exis-	tions on the people, or to force from them	strictions, together with all its other details	I refur you particularly to that boir
most neighborful nations of the earth-in	evied in either country on articles import-	over such a war as has existed for so many	tence of the Republic of Colombia, and in-	contributions to the public revenue in any	was submitted to the wisdom of Congress	the Secretari's Papart which has refer
increase of our populationin the	d from the other, than on the same article	bag had great cause to lament. Nor is	tion of that Republic, has devolved on its	ures as may, in its opinion, be called for	and was regarded as of secondary impor- tance. I thought then, and think now,	to recent experiments in the application
much and durability conferred on politi-	ough rice by act of Parliament, was ad-	such a condition of things to be deplored	several members, will be urged with re-	by the wants of the public service, to Con-	that such an arrangement would have been l	other many marks in the superintend
tooutuntitie emanating from the People	nittell from the croast of Africa into Great	dily because of the individual suffering at-	newed zeal.	grees; with whom alone rests the power	attended with the hanniest results. The	of distinguished officers of the Nevr
sustained by their will-the superliten-	Britalh on the payment of a duty of one	the dent upon it. The effects are far more	I have much pleasure in saying that the	to "lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts	whole matter of the currency would have been placed where by the Constitu-	addition to other manifest improvement
nce of an overruling. Providence has been	rom all other condities including the Uni-	has vively man the Earth for life resting	claim upon that Government in the case of	occasions heretofore been berformed. The	tion it was designed to be placed-under	the construction of the steam engine
entering dace more sidon the high du-	ed States, was subjected to the payment	place; and its fruits for his subsistence	the schooner "John S. Bryan," and that san-	present condition of things gives a flatler-	the immediate supervision and control of	has readered them more appropriate to
of levislation, it becomes us humbly to	of a dilty of twenty shillings a quarter	Whatever, therefole, shall make the first	guine hopes are entertained that the same	ing promise that trade and commerce are	Congress. The action of the Government	uses of shing of war one of those offi
nowledge our dependence upon Him as	Our Minister at London has from time to	or thy part of it a scene of desolution, al-	spirit of justice, will influence its councils	rapidly reviving, and, fortunately for the	would have been independent of all corpo- rations, and the same eye which rests un-	has brought into use a power which ma
ontinuidrich of His parental watchfulness	ion of the British Government, but so far	regarded as a general calamity: Wars may	maining claims, thereby removing all cause	to be opened, in order to prove abundant.	ceasingly on the specie currency and guarda	attack or defence + I cannot too strop
er our beldved country. We have new	without success. He is instructed to re-	sometimes be necessary; but all nations	of dissention between two Powers, whose	While we can anticipate no considerable	it against adulteration, would also have	recommend this cubiest to your cousid
ase for the expression of our gratitude in	iew his representations upon it:	have a common interest in briliging them speedily to a close. The United States	interests are to some extent interwoven i with each other.	increase in the proceeds of the sales of the	tested on the paper-currency, to control	tion, and do not hesitate to express my
preservation of the health of our fellow-	Some years since a claim was preferred	have an immediate interest in seeing an end.	Our Minister has succeeded in inducing	to all, for several years to come, yet the	and regulate its issues and protect it against depreciation. The same reasons which	ire conviction of its great importance.
ns, during the past season-for the	of certain American merchants, for the re-	put to the state of hostilities, existing be-	a recognition by that Government, of the	public lands cannot otherwise than be re-	would forbid Congress from parting with	that portion of the Secretary's Re
indance with which the earth has yield-	urn of export duties haid by them on ship-	tween Mexico and Texas. They are our	adjustment effected by his predecessor of	garded as the foundation of the public cred-	the power over the coinage, would seem	which has reference to the act of the
up its fruits to the labors of the husband-	nents of wellen goods to the United States	neighbors, of the same continent, with	the first claims in the case of the "Mace-	it. With so large a body of the most fer-	to operate with nearly equal force in re-	session of Congress which prohibited
in-for the renewed activity which has	o other contracts on similar articles exported	ing the relations of amity but of the most	received by the claimants in the United	and at the diagonal of the Government, on	gard to any substitution for the precious metals in the form of a circulating medium.	ransfer of any balance of appropria
of trade in all its departments-for the	consequently in contravention of the com-	extended commercial intercourse, and to	States.	one can reasonably doubt the entire ability	Paper, when substituted for specie, consti-	for building, equipment and repair.
reased rewards attendant on the exer-	nercial convention between the two na-	practise all the rights of a neighborhood	In Notice of the exchange of ratifications of	of the Government to meet its engagements	tutes a standard of value by which the op-	reneal of that prohibition will enable
e of the mechanic arts-for the continu-	ions sectifing to us equality in such cases.	hospitality. Our own interests are deeply	the treaty with Peru, which will take place	under every emergency. In seasons of	erations of society are regulated, and what- soever causes its depreciation, effects soci-	Department to give renewed employn
reviving prosperity of the whole coun-	has long since been virtually admitted by	neutral may be our course of policy, we	but is shortly expected to be received,	which we are passing, the capitalist makes	ery to an extent nearly, if not quite, equal	necessarily discharged in consequence
Tehall be permitted to excligance con-	Great Britair. But obstables to a settlement	cannot hope to escape the effects of a spirit	when the claims upon that Republic will	his investment in the Government stocks	to the adulteration of the coin. Nor can I	the want of means to nav them-a cire
unlations with you, gentlemen of the	tave from time to time been interposed, so	of jealonsy on the part of both of the pow-	doubtless be liquidated and oaid.	with the most assured confidence of ulti-	withhold the remark, that its advantages,	stance attended as actually at this set
b Houses of Congress, on these auspi-	hat a large portion of the amount claimed	ferent to the fact that a warfare, such as is	tween this Government and that of Rue-	be said in a period of great financial pros-	contrasted with a Bank of the United (States, apart from the fact that a bank was f	of the year, with much privation and
since, of my ready disposition to concur	s now engaged in the prosecution of the	waged between those two nations, is cal-	pos Ayres, occurring several years ago, this	perity, such as existed some years after	esteemed as obnoxious to the public senti-	It gives me great nain to announc
I cou in the adoption of all such meas-	laim, and I cannot but persuade myself	culated to weaken both powers, and finally	Government has remained unrepresented	1833, I should regard it as suicidal in a	ment, as well on the score of expediency	you the loss of the steam ship P'The I
s he shall be calculated to increase the pinises of our constituents and to ad-	hat the British Government will ho longer	to relider them, and especially the weaker	at that court, while a minister from it has	season of financial embarrassment, either	as of constitutionality, appeared to me to a be striking and obvious. The relief which	ouri," by fire, in the Bay of Gibra
putters of our constituents and to ad-	I am happy to be able to say that noth-	the bart of stronger and more powerful lia-	of irritation have in a great measure passed	ceeds arising from their sales. The first	a bank would afford by an issue of \$15,- 1	where she had stopped to renew her s
Since the last adjournment of Congress,	ng has occurred to disturb in any degree	tions, which, intent only on advancing	away, and it is in contemplation, in view	and paramount duty of those to whom may	000,000 of its notes, judging from the ex-	with Mr. Cushing the American Mini
Executive has relaxed no effort to ren-	he relations of amity which exist between	their own peculiar views; may sooner or	of the important interests which have grown	be entrusted the administration of public	perience of the late United States Bank, h	to China on hoard. There is ground
indestructible the relations of amity	he United States and France, Austria and Russing as well as with the other Powers	with terms as life collition of their inter-	during the present session of Congress	attairs, is to guard the public credit. In	would not have occurred in less than fif- teen years; whereas, under the proposed f	ligh commendation of the officers and m
too and other countries. The treaty	if Europe; since the adjournment of Con-	position; alike derogatory to the nation	with the concurrence of the Senate, to re-	Government, the readiest and most obvi-	arrangement, the relief arising from the is-	submission to discipline evinced under
ly concluded with Great Britain has	ress. Spain has been agitated with inter-	granting them and detrimental to the inter-	store diplomatic relations between the two	ous mode is taken to restore the credit of	sue of \$15,000,000 of Treasury notes r	nost trying circumstances. Surrounded
ded greatly to increase the good under-	hal convulsions for many years, from the	ests of the United States! We could not	Conntries.	the States. The extremities can only be	would have been consummated in one a year; thus furnishing in one-fifteenth part of	raging fire, which the atmost exerti
nating which a reciprocity of interest is ulated to encourage? and it is most ar-	lestined speedily to recover-when: under	terference to our disalvantage. Consider-	gress of the last session, a Minister was	in the Central Government, and the history	of the time in which a bank could have ac-	oute not subque, and which threate nomentarily the explosions of her s
it's to be hoped that nothing may trans-	a more liberal system of commercial policy	ing that Texas is separated from the United	despatched from the United States to Chi-	of the present day fully establishes the fact,	complished it, a paper medium of exchange s	supplied magazines, the officers exhib
to interrupt the relations of amity	in her part, our trade with her may again	States by a mere geographical line, that her	na, in August of the present year, who,	that an increase in the value of the stocks	equal in amount to the real wants of the r	no signs of fear, and the men obeyed ev
	aksions are concerned, its almost fatesten	a partian of the derritory of the United	two of Sugar in Farmer of the 25th of Sec.	instructed be attended by on ingrease in the	country, at par value with gold and silver. C. The saving to the Government would have	1. 1
ions to cultivate. A question of much importance still re-	hannels, thereby adding to the mutual	States, and it is homogeneous in its popula-	tember last, on his route to Oklas.	value of the stocks of the States. It should	been equal to all the interest which it has i had to pay on Treasury notes of previous	ng her had expired. It is well worth
ins to be adjusted between them. The	prosperity of both countries.	tion and pursuits with the adjoining States,	In regard to the Indian tribes residing	therefore, be a matter of general congratu-	had to pay on Treasury notes of previous	our consideration whether the losses
	The Germanic Association of Customs	makes contributions to the commerce of	within our jurisdictional limits, the great-	lation, that amidst all the embarrassments	as well as subsequent issues, thereby re-11	ained by the officers and crew in this
itorial limits of the two countries in re-	and Open manage and that address the second life is	I dealer thank in the second second is the second of the second sec	and the fight of the second seco			·
on to what is commonly known as the fa	nd Commerce, which, since its establish-	the world in the same articles with them;	est vigilance of the Government has been	arising from surrounding circumstances,	lieving the Government, and at the same f	ortunate affair should not be reimbur
ou to what is commonly known as the egon, territory, still remains in dispute. e Inited States would be at all times	nd Commerce, which, since its establish- nent in 1853, has been steadly growing a power and importance, and consists at	the world in the same articles with them, and that most of her inhabitants have been citizens of the United States, speak the	est vigilance of the Government has been exerted to preserve them, at peace among themselves, and to inspire them with feel-	the credit of the Government should have been so fully restored that it has been ena-	lieving the Government, and at the same f time affording relief to the people. Under all the responsibilities attached to the sta- tion which I occupy, and in redemption of j	o them.

expense of any other nation; but while States, and embraces a population of 21,- filter institutions with ourselves, this gov- enhanced in the contract of the border inhabitants. This has happily notes, on terms more favorable than any close of its first session, I submitted the border inhabitants. This has happily notes, on terms more favorable than any close of its first session, I submitted the border inhabitants is subnations as well as that of individuals, from other and with foreign States, offers to the that she shall be left free to act; especially jec of regret that they suffer themselves the six per cent, stock which was created secutive sessions. The recommendation, setting up a demand for a territory which latter the most valuable exchanges on prin- in regard to her domestic affairs, onawed in some instances to be imposed upon by in 1842, has advanced in the hands of the however, met with no favor at its hands. the time in the bay, Every thing that does not belong to them, they would as nn-willingly consent to a surrender of their fiscal system of any other European power. Views of other countries. In full view of standing all the efforts of the Government. its par value. The confidence of the peo-sities of the times have since become great-promptly performed. It is by such acts of The receipts inth the most rigid, and as far as From its origin, the importance of the all these considerations, the Executive has The receipts inth the most rigid, and as far as From its origin, the importance of the all these considerations, the Executive has practicable unbiassed examination of the German Union has never been lost sight of not hesitated to express to the Government calendar year 1843, exclusive of loans, has thus been signally manifested. These son to hope that the country is safely and of nations, that fraternal feelings are nourish-subject, the United States have always con- by the United States. The industry, mo- of Mexico how deeply it deprecated a con- were a little more than eighteen millions of opinions relative to the public lands do not rapidly emerging from the difficulties and ed and the blessings of permanent peace tended that their rights appertain to the en-tine other valuable qualities of the tinuance of the war, and how anxiously it dollars; and the expenditures; exclusive of in any manner conflict with the observance embarrassments which every where sur-tire region of country lying on the Pacific, German nation, have always been well desired to witness its termination. I can payments on the public debt, will have of the most liberal policy towards those of rounded it in 1841, yet I cannot but think

and embraced within the forty second and know u and appreciated. On this subject not but think that it becomes the U. States, been about twenty-three millions of dol- our fellow-citizens who press forward into that its restoration to a sound and healthy fifty-fourth degrees of North latitude .- I invite the a tention of Congress to the re- as the oldest of the American Republics, to lars. By the Act of 1842, a new arrang- the wilderness and are the pioneers in the condition would be greatly expedited by a This claim being controverted by Great port of the Secretary of State, from which hold a language to Mexico upon this sub-Britain, those who have proceeded the pres-it will be seen that while our cotton is ad-ject of an unambiguous character. It is it should commence on the 1st day of July all such their rights of pre-emption, the The operations of the Treasury now iont Executive, actuated, no doubt, by an mitted free of duty, and the duty on rice time that this wor had ceased. There must in each year. The accounts and estimates Government performs but an act of retribu- rest on the act of 1789, and the resolution the nuclearness desire to adjust the matter upon has been nuch reduced, which has already he a limit to all wars ; and if the parent of the current fiscal year, will show that tive justice for sufferings encountered and of 1816, and those laws have been so aditering metually satisfactory to both coun- led to a greatly increased consumption, a State, after an eight years struggle, has the loans and Treasury notes made and ishardships endured, and finds ample remu- ministered as to produce as great a quantries, have caused to be submitted to the strong disposition has been recently evinced failed to reduce to submission a portion of such before the close of the last Congress. In a close which its policy turn of good to the country as their provis-British Government, propositions for set- by that great body to reduce, upbit certain its subjects standing out in revolt against to meet the anticipated deficiency, have not ensures and the happiness which it imparts ions are capable of yielding. If there had ensures and the happiness which it imparts | ions are capable of yielding. If there had Should a revision of the tariff, with a been any distinct expression of opinion regular mail, as to require the greatest vigtlement and final adjustment, which, how- conditions, their present duty upon tobacco. it, and who have not only proclaimed them- been entirely adequate. Although on the ever, have not proved heretofore secrepta- This being the first intimation of a conces- selves to be independent, but have been 1st of October last, there was a balance in view to revenue, become necessary in the going to show that public sentiment is ble to it. Our Minister at London has, sion on this interesting subject ever made recognized as such by other Powers, she the Treasury in consequence of the provi- estimation of Congress, I doubt not you averse to the plan either as heretolore tecunder instructions, sgain brought the sub- by any European power, I cannot but re- ought not to expect that other nations will sion thus made of \$3,014,082 77, yet the will approach the subject, with a just and ommended to Congress, or in a modified ject to the consideration of that Govern- gard it as well calculated to remove the quietly look on, to their obvious injury, appropriations already made by Congress enlightened regard to the interests of the form, while my own opinion in regard to come., There is also too much reason to ment; and while nothing will be done to only impediment which has so far existed upon a protraction of hostilities. These will absorb that balance, and leave a prob-compromit the rights, or honor of the Uni- to the most liberal commercial intercourse United States threw off their colonial de- able deficiency of two millions of dollars whole Union. The principles and views it would remain unchanged, I should be which I have heretofore had occasion to very far from again presenting it to your ted States, every proper experient will be between us and them. In this view, our pendence, and established independent gov- at the close of the present fiscal year. submit, remain unchanged. It can, how-consideration. The Government has orig-ever, never be too often repeated, that the inated with the States and the people, for resorted to in order to bring the negotiation Minister at Berlin, who has heretofore in- ernments; and Great Britain, after having There are outstanding Treasury notes to anow in the progress of resumption, to a dustriously pursued the subject, has been wasted her energies in the attempt to sub- bout the amount of four millions six hun- prominent interest of every important pur- their, own benefit and advantage; and it sible expense, all the useful objects for speedy and harpy termination. In the instructed to enter upon the negotiation of due them for a less portion than Mexico dred thousand dollars i and should they be suit of life, requires for success, perma- would be subversive of the foundation which it was established meantime it is proper to remark, that many a commercial treaty, which, while it will has attempted to subjugate Texas, had the returned upon the Trossury during the fis- nency and stability in legislation. These principles of the political edifice which In regard to all the D neantime it is proper to remark, that many a commercial treaty, which, while it will has attempted to subjugate Texas, had the returned upon the Treasury during the fis- nency and stability in legislation. of our citizens are either already establish- open new advantages to the agricultural in- wisdom and justice to acknowledge their cal year, they will require provision for can only be attained by adopting as the ba- they have readed, to persevere in a measure quite happy in the belief that, nothing have which in their mature for the varies are constituents, while others are propared field for commercial opera-inent settlements, while others are propared to the political as of of our constituents, clearly expressed, accountability, rigidly enforced. This is ing to follow-and in view of these facts, the light to guide in some degree apparent from the fact, the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization, no one section of the system now adopted be ganization. I must repeat the recommendation contained in previous messages, for the establish | will be communicated to both Houses of disparage Mexico to imitate. While, there- continuer. The loan of 1841, amounting should desire to have its supposed interests a monarchial or aristocratical government the default of any of its agents. In the fore, the Executive would deplore any col- to \$5,572,976 88, falls due on the let of advanced at the sacrifice of all others; but and a Republic being, that in the first the complex, but at the same time, beautiful ment of military posts, at such places, on Congress.

ment, new republics are destined to spring anticipation of a public discussion, which declared they would do, as entirely indeup, at no distant day, on the shores of the it has been pleased to infer from newspaper | pendent of Mexico? The high obligations

the detention of American vessels by Brit- If designed to prevent Congress from in- the Government in its course of section:

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ish cruisers on the coast of Africa, under troducing that question, as a fit subject for Measures of an unusual character have

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the time of travel, as will furnish security. I communicate herewith certain despatch- lision with Mexico, of any disturbance of January, 1845, and must be provided for Union being the great interest, equally preand protection to our hardy adventurers es received from our Minister at Mexico; the friendly relations which exist between or postponed by a new load; And unless cloud to sil, should be fostered and sustain-against hostile tribes of Indians inhabiting and also a correspondence which has re- the two countries, it cannot permit that the resources of revenue should be mater ed by mutual concessions and the cultivathose extensive regions. Our laws should cently occurred between the Envoy from Government to control its policy, whatever fally increased by you, there will be a prob- tion of that spirit of compromise from which also follow them, so modified as the cir- that Republic and the Secretary of States it may be, towards Texas; but will treat able deficiency for the service of the fiscal the Constitution itself proceeded. the influence of our free system of govern- dinary that the Government of Mexico, in dence the United States have long since

I about four millions of dollars. If the Treasury Department, of the measures The Army may be regarded, in conse- ernmeht itself, and that while the laws. The defusion meident to an enormously taken under the act of the last session, au- quence of the small number of the rank have been executed with efficiency and vigexcessive paper circulation? which gave a thorizing the re-issue of Treasury notes in Pacific, similar in policy and in feeling to publications, as likely to place in Congress, of public duty may enforce from the con-those existing on this side of the Rocky relation to an exaction of Texas to the Mountains, and giving a wider and more United States, should have so far antici-policy which the course persevered huby Mountains, and giving a wider and more United States, should have so far anticipioney which the generative spread to the principles of civil pated the result of such discussion as to Mexico will have mainly contributed to ed by the substitution of the precious met- a large amount o

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anil religious liberty.

I am have announced its determination to visit produce; and the Executive, in such a con-

I am happy to inform you that the cases any such anticipated decision by a formal

which have arisen, from time to time, of declaration of war against the U. States.—

upon the participated the participated decision by a formal

which have arisen, from time to time, of declaration of war against the U. States.—

upon the participated the participated decision by a formal

which have arisen, from time to time, of declaration of war against the U. States.—

which have arisen from time to time, of declaration of war against the U. States.—

which have arisen form time to time. The refer you also to that
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         introduced. This transition, although interport for the means proposed by the Sec-
timately connected with the prosperity of retary to increase the revenue, and particu-
ish cruisers on the coast of Africa, under
present en of being engaged in the slave
trade, have been placed in a fair train of ad-
justmeat. In the case of the Welliam and
file case of the Tygris and Seamew, the
British Government admits that satisfaction
is due. In the case of the Jones, the sum
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pon the occasion by the British authori ties at Gibraltar, and the commander, officers and crew, of the British ship of the line "The Malabar," which was lying at good will by one to another of the family

secured. The report of the Postmaster General will bring you acquainted with the operations of that. Department during the past year, and suggest to you such modifications of the existing laws as in your opinion the exigencies of the public service may require. The change which the country has undergone in the mode of travel and transportation has afforded so many facilities for the transportation of mail matter out of ilance and circumspection in order enable the, officer at the head of the Denastment " to restrain the expenditures, within the infear that the franking priviledge has run into great abuse. The Department nevertheless has been conducted with the greatest vigor, and has attained at the least pos-

In regard to all the Departments, I am will of the few prevails over the will of the machinery of our Government, it is not a many, while in the last the will of the matter of surprise, that some remote agen-many should be alone consulted. P cy may have failed for an instant to fulfil. The report of the Secretary of War will its desired office; but I feel confident in the

bring you acquainted with the condition of assertion, that nothing has occurred to inand follow them, so induning as the clock of the second of and file in each Company and Regiment, or, the rights neither of States nor individu as little more than a nucleus around which als have been trampled on or disregarded, to rally the military force of the country In the mean time the country has been in case of war, and yet its services in pre- steadily advancing in all that contributes to emergency, the reliance of the country is States and territories, where a refuge is properly placed in the militia of the several found not only for our native born fellow-States, and it may well deserve the consid- , citizens, but for emigrants from all parts of eration of Congress, whether a new and the civilized world, who come smong, us, more perfect organization might not be in- to partake of the blessings of our free insti-

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