

HERALD & EXPOSITOR



E. BEATTY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CARLISLE, PA. Wednesday, Sept. 28, 1842.

FOR PRESIDENT HENRY CLAY.

Subject to the decision of a National Convention

DEMOCRATIC WHIG ANTI-TAX TICKET.

James Kennedy, Newville, George Brindle, Monroeville, Robert Laird, Frankford.

Melchoir Brezeman, N. Midd., Auditor.

Robert C. Kilgore, Newton, PROTHONOTARY.

Thos. H. Criswell, Shippensburg, REGISTER.

Jacob Bretz, Carlisle, RECORDER AND CLERK.

Robert Wilson, Mechanicsburg, Y. B. PALMER, Esq., at his Real Estate and Coal Office, No. 104, South Third Street, Phila., is authorized to act as Agent, for procuring subscribers and advertisements for the "Herald and Expositor."

Bank Note List. For our Bank Note List and Counterfeit Detector, see fourth page.

To the Patrons of the Herald & Expositor.

Two weeks ago we announced to you that this establishment, through causes then stated, had passed into other hands. Circumstances, unforeseen at the time, placed it, the week following, again into our hands; but we had made arrangements previously, from which we desired not to depart, to remove to Lancaster; and we now announce to you that hereafter this paper will be conducted by Mr. E. BEATTY, who is a practical Printer, and has had some experience as an Editor. We looked for him a continuance of the same encouragement so kindly extended to us during our brief connection with the Herald. However deeply we may regret the causes which compel a separation, yet it is flattering to know that it is voluntary on our part, and not from any dissatisfaction or ill-feeling evinced on the part of our party friends, or the public generally. We have received encouragement and support from the party in this county in accordance with our expectations; and we have endeavored to repay them by our labor and zeal in the cause. If we have differed about size, it has only made us the more united in the support of principles—and the friends of CLAY have shown the same disposition to support us as that extended to us by the friends of SCOTT—for which we shall ever bear them in kind remembrance.

The Herald & Expositor hereafter, it will be seen, will support as its first object, HENRY CLAY for the Presidency; but in such a spirit, we trust, that it will not be debarred from cheerfully giving its support to the nominee of a National Convention, even should that nominee not be Mr. Clay. Mr. Clay is not our choice for the Presidency, nor do we believe he can ever, under any circumstances, be elected. Our success in this election, however, is not our object; we are content with the success of the cause which we all profess to be the advocates of the same principles; and whilst he labors to carry out those principles under the flag of Mr. Clay, we shall labor equally as zealously for the support of the same principles under the banner of that brave and gallant chief who perished his life and poured out his best blood in defence of his country—Gen. SCOTT—a banner under whose ample folds will ere long be gathered the inhabitants of the lowland and highland, the plain and the valley.

To the friends of Cumberland county, we again tender our thanks for their kindness towards us; and in return earnestly pray them to keep their banner always unfurled—maintain a steady and determined, as well as a united organization. Do this and you will always triumph. Support PRINCIPLES, instead of MEN; and the honest, and truly Pennsylvanian, of all parties will rally around and assist you in the support of those principles. The day for humbugging the intelligent people of Cumberland county, always heretofore resorted to by corrupt party leaders, under the name of "Democracy," has gone by; the name has lost its charm; and now to be successful, FACTS, REASON and ARGUMENTS must be the only weapons. With these, and good sense to carry out your principles, you can, you will, you MUST triumph over those who have always deceived the people but to abuse their confidence, violate their rights, and LOAD THEM WITH OPPRESSIVE TAXATION! That these hopes and wishes may result favorably, is the sincere wish of Your Obedient Servant, R. WHITE MIDDLETON. September 28, 1842.

To the Patrons of the Herald and the Public.

The above announcement apprises you of another change in the Editorial conduct of this paper. For some years past the HERALD has been managed upon which many of the co-ops have had their opinions "voiced" and their entrance, whether it shall be to "bring a little heat," or remain peacefully, we have no objection to disclose. We may state, however, that we enter upon our duties with a view to permanent location; and will not relinquish our office until we have secured our property and your disposition to give encouragement. It is proper that in announcing our connection with the HERALD, we should state the course we intend pursuing, and the principles which shall govern us. This we will do without unnecessary prolixity. We can, perhaps, in no better or broader manner express our political opinions and feelings, than by holding the flag inscribed with the name of HENRY CLAY for President, and the name of the DEMOCRATIC WHIG ANTI-TAX TICKET for the National Convention. We are, however, in the first instance, in the hands of the friends of the Anti-Tax Ticket, and we are, and shall be, in the hands of the friends of the Anti-Tax Ticket. We are, and shall be, in the hands of the friends of the Anti-Tax Ticket.

many nature, have interwoven the name and fame of HENRY CLAY with every fibre of the hearts of Whigs, and extorted even from the most doled of our opponents the warm homage of their admiration. His name, therefore, as our preference, we place at our head, and shall retain it until the bidding of a National Convention—which is not probably, or a defeat at the ballot-boxes, which is still less probable—shall demand its removal.

The name of his distinguished rival, Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT, we display with great deference to the feelings of his friends, and lay by his banner, bright with the history of glorious deeds, to a later season. His "hour has not yet come." But while we firmly support our preference, we shall endeavor to avoid a course which will alienate the friendship of those who do not agree with us in this particular, or tend to sever those relations which bind the Democratic Harrison party together, united as it is upon principle, and fighting only as to their representative. It must not be forgotten that at the same time that we shall be called upon to banish the traitor from Washington, our own State councils will demand the whole strength of the Harrison party to cleanse them of the rank corruption by which they are defiled, and by the introduction of honest reform to save the Commonwealth from the destruction to which the plunderers, who laugh at her calamities, are fast hastening her. To effect this object, it is manifest that perfect "union and harmony" must be preserved in our ranks, and to this end our efforts shall be steadfastly directed.

Whigs of Cumberland, we respectfully tender you our services in the cause to which we are attached. A Democratic Whig from the earliest time we were capable of acquiring correct political notions, time has but strengthened our confidence in the soundness of the principles held by the Whig party, as being those upon which our Government can be most securely and prosperously administered. Late events have but the more closely allied us to our noble party, and proven it more than ever worthy the name of Whig—the synonyme of patriot—which it inherited from our revolutionary fathers. We never look upon its manly and patriotic course during its late disasters without feeling our heart stirred by a high and just pride, or without feeling a deeper and stronger estimation of the truth of Whig principles. Notwithstanding the loss of their lamented chief while yet rang in his ears the proud hum of victory, and after that the black and damning perjury of his traitorous successor, the Whigs have presented to the world the sublime spectacle of a party, governed only by an unshaken and firm confidence in their principles under all the disheartening circumstances attending the death of one leader and the treason of another, who with all the treasures which power has bestowed could not seduce them from their faith, maintaining in indomitable strength its high and honorable position. A traitor facility to principles never characterized any party, than has been exhibited by the Whigs since the unfortunate period when a disposition of Providence, one of the purest patriots was removed from the Presidential chair, and the bases of traitors permitted for a brief season to occupy it. We feel that we cannot assume a higher duty than standing as a sentinel upon the watch-towers of such a party, or in advocating and sustaining principles which have been preserved with such true and holy regard.

Citizens of Carlisle and Cumberland, we are a stranger in your midst. A few days ago, and we roared for the first time the rich soil, and breathed the pure air of your luxuriant valley. In becoming one of your community we desire to cultivate friendly relations with its members, to lend a hearty assistance in sustaining and promoting its high character, and to co-operate to the extent of our means in all efforts that are made for its further advance in improvement. We shall esteem it a pleasure to promote by any means in our power the prosperity of the public institutions now flourishing amongst you, which have contributed so much to give Carlisle its elevated and distinguished position in the Commonwealth, and to pursue generally a course which shall conduce to the welfare and interests of the community.

In entering upon the responsible duties of our new calling we expect to encounter difficulties. It is idle to hope that the field of exertion will all ways be smooth and sunny as a summer sea—nothing but disappointment can follow such a hope. But while we shall endeavor, in expressive phrase, to "love our own row," whatever difficulties may be met or obstacles impede, we trust a generous tolerance will be extended to the deficiencies of short experience, and that our efforts will not be too rigidly and severely decided upon. With these premises for the future we throw ourselves upon the consideration of the public, and earnestly solicit its friendship and its patronage. Sept. 28th, 1842. E. BEATTY.

Our paper is almost exclusively taken up with political matter. After the election we shall endeavor to make it of more general interest.

Temperance Addresses. Several Temperance Addresses will be delivered in the First Presbyterian Church, (Mr. Sprule's), on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, the 4th of October, at 7 o'clock. The Ladies, and the friends of Temperance generally, are invited to attend.

MORNING HERALD.—We have received several numbers of a new daily, with this title, published in Pittsburgh by R. A. McPherson. It is very neatly printed, and goes for HENRY CLAY strong. We know the first Editor, intimately—he is one of the cleverest of our acquaintances and a whole-souled Whig. We wish him, as great prosperity as we desire for ourself.

Distinguished Visitor. Our town has been graced, during the last day or two, with the presence of the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, U. S. Senator and a candidate for the Presidency. We have heard it rumored that the main object of his visit was the settlement of the difference now existing between the different factions of the loco foco party in this county. However, we have both sides, and discovering that the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN, Stewart, McClure and Giddings, was a branch of the Porter faction, we invited for their endeavor to cut his throat, and place in the U. S. Senate with the assistance of Judge Lewis, who was retained from any interference, leaving the old leader to kick the bucket with the best possible grace!

Mr. John Wain intends making another balloon ascension from Gettysburg on Saturday next.

THE ELECTION! Cumberland County must be Redeemed. To the Polls, Freeman!

Freemen of Cumberland county! the election is close at hand. On next Tuesday a week, you will be called upon to exercise the noblest privilege, you enjoy under our free government—one that, more surely than any other indicates the capacity of man for self-government—the privilege of choosing your law-makers. You will on that day be called on to choose men to represent your wishes and opinions in the Legislative Councils of our State. Always an important duty, the difficulties and embarrassments which wicked and corrupt legislation have plunged us into, make it this fall doubly, trebly important. Are you prepared for it?

Among the most important business which the next Legislature will have to transact, besides a hundred matters of incidental occurrence which require men of tried honesty and firmest integrity to deliberate upon and settle satisfactorily, are the election of a

UNIFIED STATES SENATOR. THE APPOINTMENT OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS. THE DISFRANCHISING OF THE STATE FOR SEVEN YEARS.

THE REPEAL OR INCREASE OF THE INFAMOUS TAXES, AND THE SALE OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

This long catalogue of subjects, than which none of more vital importance—none that more involve the welfare, happiness and prosperity of the people of this Commonwealth, could be presented to the Legislature—all will come up for the deliberation of the men you choose this fall. To have these questions decided properly and in such a manner as the true interests of the people and the Commonwealth manifestly require, men of tried integrity, intelligence and firmness, should be selected—no trucklers to the Executive, but men whose only standard of conduct will be the will of the people. Are not the selection of such men, and these questions, freemen of Cumberland county, appealing as they do to the strongest manner to your "business and bosoms," sufficient to arouse you to the most determined action at the ballot-boxes? Is not a disposition of these questions in such a manner as the unprecedented embarrasments of the State obviously demand, sufficient to induce you to give one day to your country, and rescue her from the grasp of the harpies who are chocking out her very life's blood and precipitating her to infamous destruction? Arouse then! Come out in your strength and majesty, and show the minions of power that you will no longer stand submissively and have your dearest rights trampled upon, your interests trifled with, and your wishes disregarded to carry out the plundering schemes of a corrupt Executive! Let no honorable means be left untried—no want of energy, abate your exertions. Cumberland county is pledged to send a whig delegation to the Legislature, and this pledge must be redeemed!

In our last number we copied an able review of these questions, and their importance in the coming contest. To keep them fresh in the minds of the people, let us again hastily glance at them. First is the election, by the next Legislature of the UNITED STATES SENATOR. The present representative of Pennsylvania in this high position, whose place is to be filled, is JAMES BUCHANAN. The very last act of Mr. Buchanan, if his whole course of opposition to Pennsylvania interests is not sufficient, should be enough to condemn him in the eyes of those whose interests he again asks to have entrusted to him. We have shown by an "extract" from his speech on the Tariff, in another column, that he is opposed to the dearest principle which Pennsylvanians hold—the Protection of our own Industry! This he candidly confesses, and he might as well have added, what is a fact, that he is pledged to a Repeal of the Tariff Law! Besides this he dares to state in the very face of suffering, bleeding and impoverished Pennsylvania, struggling with a forty million debt around her neck, that he is opposed to her receiving her share of the proceeds of the Public Lands, which would now pour into her Treasury three hundred thousand dollars annually, and give her a portion equal to her congressional representation of an immense domain of eleven hundred million of acres! This large fund, which would pay off our State Debt, complete our internal improvements, and secure for all time the blessings of education to generation after generation of our posterity—he would vote to deprive Pennsylvania of and give to the National Government, in obedience to the wishes of John Tyler; where it would overflow the Treasury and prove a fruitful source of waste, profligacy and corruption! Shall JAMES BUCHANAN be returned to the U. S. Senate with such avowed principles and objects? We trust that the people to whose wisdom and virtue this question is submitted, are ready to give it an emphatic NO! at the ballot-boxes.

The passing of a bill Apportioning the Congressional Districts, and the districting of the State for members of the Legislature, falls to the care of the next Legislature, and makes it of the highest importance to the whigs that they should have a majority of members. If Locofocoism should secure the ascendancy, we may look for about as much of the spirit of justice and fairness in arranging the districts, as was evinced by their kind and amiable brethren in Ohio, who happening to get

into power in an undoubted whig State, were willing to give the whigs, about six districts out of twenty-one, while in even those the contest would be warm and doubtful! Nothing can be of more importance to the whigs than having a Legislature who will make a fair and just apportionment of the Congressional and Legislative districts. It will depend upon the election this fall, whether the Harrison party is ever permitted to raise its voice in our Legislative halls for the next seven years.

But "more than this, than these, than all," freemen of Cumberland county, if Locofocoism succeeds in securing a majority in the next Legislature, A STILL FURTHER INCREASE OF TAXES, THROUGH DOUBLED BY THE LAST LEGISLATURE, will follow, as certainly as night follows day! PLUNDER AND CORRUPTION will never cease, so long as the present Executive remains in power, and is able to gather around him a majority of pliant tools, like your late representatives BARR and CULVER, who forgetting their obligations to the people who sent them, famely bow at the foot of power and in obedience to its behests, vote away the money of the people to enrich the parasites of the Executive, and gorge the cornorants who swarm upon our public works. Let it not be forgotten that Cumberland county now pays

Thirty-Six Thousand Dollars RAISED BY TAXATION, into the State Treasury, and that next year, if this infamous law is not REPEALED by a majority of honest men in the Legislature, your Taxes will be increased to Seventy-Two Thousand Dollars!

all of which will be squandered in sustaining the corrupt men now in power, and enriching the hordes of office-holders, Contractors, Domestic Creditors, &c. who line our Public Works! A portion of the best of the loco focos in this county, started at the growing profligacy of the administration and alarming waste of the public money, have nobly spurned the mandates of their leaders and refused again to sanction such monstrous abuses. Will not such conduct stir up the Harrison men of Cumberland to renewed exertions in the cause of Reform—to shake off all apathy, and, leaving their farms and their labor—their mechanics' shops, their stores and their offices, spend ONE DAY in a mighty effort to banish the blighting spirit of Locofocoism, and purify their corruption the Legislative halls of our beloved Commonwealth?

Let it also be remembered at the polls, that in spite of the thunder tones of the popular voice, demanding the SALE OF THE PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, while the last Legislature was in session, that the majority of that body turned a deaf ear to the complaints of the people, and scornfully refused to listen to their petitions! It is manifest to all that nothing but the immediate disposal of our Public Works can save the fair fame and honor of Pennsylvania from being stained with the villainous reproach of REPUDIATION! It is to be expected that without a reduction of our immense debt by the sale of the Improvements, which instead of being a source of revenue, as they were five years ago, are a constant drain upon the Treasury to keep them in operation, and while Locofocoism persists in depriving us of our share of the proceeds of the Public Lands—that the people of this Commonwealth will submit to TAXATION for raising the interest on our enormous debt, now amounting to near two millions of dollars annually! The expectation is absurd. To prevent REPUDIATION the people must elect men to the Legislature unconditionally pledged to the sale of the Public Improvements under proper restrictions. This should be a sufficient inducement, if there were none others, to ensure the attendance of every Tax-payer at the polls.

Freemen of Cumberland! bear these things in mind—weigh them well, and let every man go to the polls on Tuesday a week next, and discharge faithfully his duty!

The Benighted Hepburn, McClure & Co. having induced Mr. Haverstick—nominated for Assembly by the opponents of the regular Loco Foco tax ticket—to decline, the members of the late Convention re-assembled on Monday last and settled the following ticket:

Assembly—Capt. JOHN DUNDAP, Col. LEWIS HYERES, Prothonotary—MITCH. MCCELLAN, Recorder & Clerk—F. G. MILLER, Register—LEVI K. DONAVAN, Commissioner—JOHN HEMMINGER, Director—JOHN ZUG, Auditor—RICHARD WOODS, Esq.

This is a very good ticket, far superior to the one headed by BARR and CULVER, and will receive a strong support from the Loco Foco party. But the real honest ANTI-TAX ticket, headed by KENNEDY and BRINDLE, should be voted by all desirous of securing the defeat of the Mormon Tax ticket.

The Reign of Terror! The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser says the following is an extract of a letter from the Post Master General to a gentleman in that city, received a few days since. It aptly exhibits the madhouse which rules at Washington. No wonder the Administration is held in such utter contempt by both parties.

WASHINGTON, — 1842. "Sir—If your Post Master (or any of his clerks) DARE to wag his tongue against the Administration, let me know it, and the procedure will be corrected."

Our friend of the Post Office here must be careful how he lets either his "tongue" or his "tail wag," or he will be reported to his Master at Washington.

FACTS TO BE REMEMBERED AT THE POLLS!!

It is a fact, That the citizens of Cumberland county paid this year THIRTY-SIX THOUSAND DOLLARS State Tax. It is a fact, That next year, that amount will be doubled, and SEVENTY-TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS for State Tax alone, will be deducted from the earnings of the People of Cumberland county!

It is a fact, That every cent of this large amount is expended to maintain an army of useless office-holders on our public works, who care nothing for the hard working farmer and mechanic, and whose only object is to secure as much plunder as they can enrich themselves with the money drawn from your pockets!

It is a fact, That the public debt so far from being lessened by the money arising from the State improvements is annually increasing. In the last year only it has increased more than a million and a half of dollars!

It is a fact, That it will take a man counting half dollars at the rate of sixty in a minute, more than ten hours a day, for eighty three days, to count the sum which has been added to the State debt within the past year!

It is a fact, That should the Locofocos succeed in obtaining a majority in both branches of the Legislature, this debt will soon go on increasing faster and faster every year—that your taxes will be doubled year after year, and that at last the office-holders will have all and the people nothing!

It is a fact, That one acre out of every five, of your farms, is now swallowed up by the office-holders. In other words, it will take the fifth part of all the clear money you can make to pay the oppressive taxes imposed upon you by the Loco loco Legislature.

It is a fact, That if we wish to become still more burdened with debt and taxation, all you have to do, is to vote for the Loco loco candidates!

It is a fact, That should they succeed in electing BARR and CULVER, the State debt will be increased, the taxes will be doubled, the State will be unfairly apportioned, the Whig voters will be disfranchised, and worse, if worse can be, than all this, the present system of corruption will be continued by refusing to sell the public works!

It is a fact, That the last Locofoco Legislature, by refusing to provide for the payment of the interest on the State debt, and by appropriating the funds pledged expressly for that purpose to other objects, have shewn their intention at no distant day to repudiate, add cheat widows and orphans out of the sum lent on the faith of the State!

It is a fact, That these evils can be averted in no other way, than by going to the polls and voting the entire Democratic Whig ANTI-TAX TICKET!

Two of the most important questions to be acted upon by the legislature this winter, are the sale of the public works and the election of a United States Senator. Those who would see the State relieved from the burden of maintaining the public works, can only effectually secure the accomplishment of their wishes by electing men to the Legislature pledged to go for their sale. The Locofocos are opposed to selling the public improvements; and if they have a majority in the next Legislature our tax-payers may rest assured they will not be sold! Those who have no desire to see the Tariff law repealed, and the policy of protection driven from our national councils, will aid in electing men to the next Legislature who will in turn elect a sound Tariff man to the United States Senate in place of James Buchanan, WHO IS PLEDGED TO GO FOR REPEAL!

Who are the true friends of the Tariff?

Mr. Buchanan's Opinions! It is very well known that the Whig party in Congress, encouraged by the continued appeals of their suffering constituents to leave no means untried for the relief of the people, labored incessantly and unweariably, and at last successfully, in procuring the passage of a law imposing duties on foreign importations and protecting our own American industry against the overpowering competition of British pauper ten-cent-a-day labor. It is as well known that through a long and arduous session of Congress, while the Whigs were striving body and soul to effect the passage of this law, Locofocoism was striving equally as hard to shove the question off, and by every device of wicked ingenuity to prevent its being decided by the present Congress, that they might have the satisfaction, by perversion and misrepresentation of the facts, of holding up to the country, in their usual style, the "hollowness of Whig professions!" And when they were at last, after the most desperate attempts at evasion, driven into a corner, and some of them compelled to assist the Whigs in passing the bill, how they moaned and whined at the giving of a vote which was against, as they averred, both the "dictates of their will and their judgment," and which they were only induced to give because they felt assured that a day would arrive when they could accomplish its repeal—their intention to do which, let it be remembered, if they can succeed in gaining the power, they have already in all quarters most unequivocally declared!

But now, the election drawing nigh, and a little additional capital required to their exhausted stock, the tune is suddenly changed! There are no purer or stronger

Are you Assessed?

Voters, look to it! If you are not yet assessed it is time you had it done.—You must be assessed ten days before an election.

Voters of Cumberland County! Bear in mind, that every one of you who votes for BARR and CULVER, votes in favor of the corrupt and dishonest administration of David R. Porter!

He votes to retain in the hands of the Commonwealth the Public Improvements, and to squander millions on those not yet completed.

He votes in favor of continuing the present outrageous assessment bill, by which Lancaster county annually pays into the State Treasury TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS more than she receives for school purposes, whilst thirty-four northern loco-foco counties actually receive SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS more per annum out of the State Treasury than their gross amount of State tax!!

He votes in favor of a repeal of the Tariff Law; and in favor of throwing open the free labor of the American Farmer, Laborer and Manufacturer to the competition of the pauper labor of Europe.

He votes against receiving Pennsylvania's share of the proceeds of the public lands, by which the interest on our State debt might be paid, and the honor of the Commonwealth maintained inviolate, and by which alone the debt of the State might be eventually paid off.

And he votes for men who will sustain David R. Porter in all his rascalities and usurpations, and will upon all occasions advocate and sanction the most EXTRAVAGANT SYSTEM OF TAXATION!

A Picture for Tax-Payers. Pennsylvania is over Forty Millions in debt; she must annually raise two millions to pay interest thereon; the last instalment due in August has been repudiated; about one-third of the State Debt has been contracted since David R. Porter has been Governor; the State and the People have become poor during that time while the Governor has become rich and built himself a magnificent house; some of his office holders, on three and four dollars a day, have bought large farms; built themselves palaces and now live on their means and the people are doubly taxed to pay for it. Not a single person holding prominent office on our State improvements, under David R. Porter, but has become well off on comparative small salaries; the public works are speculated upon without reference to economy or the interests of the Commonwealth; and as greedy office-holders and illegal contractors knock at the Treasury for more money, the tax gatherer will be sent among your farms and workshops to collect it. Contemplate this picture, taxpayers, and say if it is too highly colored—or rather, is it not drawn to the very life.

Ten Cents and No Meat! A MISERABLE FAILURE! The Lancaster Union, of the 20th inst. says: The Locos, after spending weeks in drumming up the faithful, in procuring signatures to the call in riding the county and in copying names from all the grave stones far and near, met in grand County Meeting, in this City, on Saturday last, with the avowed intention of taking measures to promote the elevation of James Buchanan, the advocate of the Ten cent system, to the Presidency. The day was beautiful, the time was auspicious, everything combined to favor a large turn out. There was nothing wanted to make it an overwhelming display of strength, but the presence of a reasonable number of the "dear People"—yet they came not. In spite of all the exertions of the Buchanan leaders for the last three weeks, they could barely muster strength to fill about one half of the Court House. A mere baggage account of empty boxes we never saw—the whole affair was a miserable failure. So much for "Ten Cents a day and no meat."

Col. Frazer addressed the meeting and labored hard to excite a little enthusiasm, but it was no good. The cheers were faint as those given to the President at the Ashburn dinner—all was dull, dull as though the news of Harrison's election was still ringing in their ears. Altogether, it was the most cheerless, spiritless affair of the kind that has taken place for many years in this City. It has struck more terror to the heart of Buchanan's friends than all the opposition from abroad has been able to impress upon their minds. It has shewn, that even in his home, the People care nothing about him, and have made up their minds to go for some more popular candidate.

Questions for the People. The Locos pretend to be anti-bank—can anti-bank men vote to re-charter banks, as a majority of the locos in the last Legislature did?

The Locos pretend to be in favor of a judicious tariff, exceeding an amount necessary to defray the ordinary expenses of the General Government, "is oppressive in its effects on the consumer and unproductive of any good to the country," as the locos did in the last Legislature?

The Locos pretend to be opposed to repudiation—can any one opposed to repudiation vote to take the funds solemnly pledged to pay interest on the State Stock, and devote them to other purposes, as the Locos did in the Legislature?

The Locos pretend to be friends of the people—do they show their friendship by DOUBLING THE TAXES to support a swarm of useless office-holders on the public works, when the people have demanded that these works should be disposed of?

The Locos pretend to be the hard money party and strongly opposed to the Relief notes under the act of May 4, 1841. Does Governor Porter show that opposition by authorizing at least half a million dollars additional to be issued by the Erie, Towanda and Middletown Bank?

The interesting ceremonies of the Commencement at Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, (Pa.) took place week before last. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on thirteen graduates, and that of Master of Arts on thirteen. The honorary degree of A. M. was conferred on two clergymen. Mr. Kraush continues to preside over the institution. We notice that of the thirteen graduates who received the degree of A. M., ten had already been ordained as clergymen.—fillings, we imagine, the desires of the founders and supporters of the institution.

The Tyler Party. Now my whole charge consists of ancient, corporals—such as indeed were never soldiers, but discarded ostlers, trade-fallen, the members of a calm world and a long peace; and such have I to fill up the rooms of them that have bought out their services. I'll not march through Coventry with them, that's flat!