2d. I charge him with being guilty of a high misdemeaner in retaining men in office for months after they have been rejected by the Senate as un-worthy, incompetent and unfaithful, to the great definient of the public interests, and hazard of loss to the public Treasury; the Government having no security for the faithful application of the public funds passing through their hands, and he thereby defeating that provision of the Constitution which requires the advice and consent of the Senate to all nominations made by the President.

3d. I charge him with gross official misconduc in attempting, in a spirit of revenge, for a consti-tutional exercise of power by the Senate, in the rejection of one of his nominees to office, to reove a large number of faithful and meritoriou subordinate officers from the Custom-house of Philadelphia, with whom no fault was found save that of a supposedpolitical preference for another, and who had discharged their duties with entire satisfaction to the collector of customs, and for attempting to substitute in their stead men having no other recommendation than that of a supposed acquies

cence in his views.

4. I charge him with the high crime and misdemennor of endeavoring to excite a disorganizing and revolutionary spirit in the country, by inviting and revolutionary spirit in the country, by inviting a disregard of, and disobedience to a law of Congress, which law he has himself sworn to see faithfully executed.

5. I charge him with the high crime and misde-

meanor in office of withholding his assent to laws indispensable to the operations of Government, involving no constitutional difficulty on his part—of depriving the Government of all legal sources of revenue—of assuming to himself the whole power of taxation—and of collecting duties from our citizens without the authority or sanction of law.

6. I charge him with the high crime and misdemeanor of the open prostitution and profligacy in a willingness to barter away the offices of Government. and the principles he professed, to obtain the support of one of the parties in Congress to which

he has heretofore been opposed.

7. I charge him with gross official misconduct, in having been guilty of a shameless duplicity, equivocation, and talsehood with his late Cabinet and Congress; such as has brought him into disgrace and contempt with the whole American people, which has disqualified him from administering this Government with advantage, honor, or virtue.

8. I churge him with an arbitrary and despotic abuse of the veto power, to gratify his persona and political resentment, with such evident marks of inconsistency and duplicity as leave no room to doubt his total disregard of the interests of the people and of his duty to the country.

9th. I charge him with the high misdemeanor of arraying himself in open hostility to the Legislative department of the Government, by the publication of slanderous and libellous letters under his own signature, with a view of creating a false and unmerited sympathy for himself, and bringing Congress into disrepute and odium with the people, by which means that harpony, between the Eccutive and Logislative departments as essential to good-government and the welfare of the people has been atterly destroyed.

10th. I charge him with an abandonment of an

acknowledged constitutional duty, in refusing to render such aid to the constituted authorities of Rhod Island, when called on, as he had himself previously promised in his letter to Gov. King, as a sacred constitutional obligation resting upon him.

11th. I charge him with pursuing such a course of vaccillation, weakness, and folly, as must, if he

is permitted to remain longer at the head of the Government, bring the country into dishonor and disgrace abroad, and force the people into a state of abject misery and distraction. 12th. I charge him with being utterly unworthy

and unfit to have the destinies of this nation in his hands as Chief Magistrate, and with having brought upon the Representatives of the People the imperious necessity of exercising their constitutional prerogative of impeachment, or of surrendering the Government to him to be used as a play-tning and a toy, for his vport on the one hand and his malignity on the other.

More Impeacement.-The Madisonian, as an offset to Botts' twelve charges against the President, publishes the peoples charges against Congress, embracing an equal number as those of Botts, but somewhat more forcible in their application.

### List of Tariff Laws.

Our Washington Cotre-pondence furnishes for the Express the following list of the dates of the several Tariff Laws, or laws taying duties on imports, which have been passed by Congress since the adoption of the Constitution, with the volume and page, of the Laws of the United States where found. "The laws providing for regulations for the collection of duties

	July	4.	1789,	Laws	U.S.	vol.	2, pag
	August	10,	1790,		"	65	7,17,6
	March	3,	1791,		44	46	
	May	2:	1792,		**	"	´ 4 g
	June	7,	1794.		¢¢ ·	64	** 2
	January	29	1795.	;	44		
	March	3,	1797,		"	66	
	July .	8,	1797,	***	**	44	44
	May	.13,	1800,		46	**	" 5
	March	26,	1804,	Mediter	ranca	n fun	d.) " (
	March	27	1804,	• •	46 .	• 6	
	July	1,	1512,	•	46	4	· " 5
	July	29,	1813,		46	<b>61</b> .	" 5
	Februar		1816.		46 ,	6 .	66
٠,	April	27,	1816,		"' -	"	4 10
	April	20,	1818,	(coach fur	niture	. Sec	) "·3.
٠	April	20,	1818,	(iron,alum	Sec.)	š	્રિ <u>" 3</u> ફ
	March	3,	1819,	1	"	"	i 4
	May ,	22,		(general.)		7-	. " 2
	May	19,		(general,)	15	8 .	ec .
٠	May	24,	1828,	(wines, &	c.)	"	* 1
	May	20,	1830.	(tea, colfee	and a	coco	2.)" 30
	May	29,		(molasses.		44	" " g
	May	27,		(salt.)	í.	"	" " 3
	Jaly	7,		(French w	rines 1		6
	July	14,		(general.)		**	" 6
	March -			(Comproir	ida na		7
_			1000,	Chambre	1.50 80		- 34 0
	March	2,	1000,	(hardware	, wac	co,œ	ه ۳۰٫۰۰۰ ۲

\* This act was continued from year to year, to the 3d of March, 1815, when it expired by limita-

### tion .- N. Y. Expres

Absurditics of the Common Law It is not a little surprising that, in this enlightened age and country, a code of laws can-not be framed sufficiently perfect to answer the purposes of justice, without a resort to the max-ims of other ages for rules of practice in our halls of justice. There are doubtless instances where much must be left to the discretion of judges and jurors; but leading principles could certainly be so defined, that it would no longer be a doubtn whether an injured man might obtain ful question whether an injured man mignt countriedress by litigation, or whether a reque might escape by one of the thousand quibbles of the common law. We have been led to these remarks, by reading an article on the subject of "Judicial Testimony," in an eastern paper, in which the absurdities daily exhibited under the ed severity. "Suppose," says the writer, "in a suit of law, a witness offered and directed to hold up his hand to be sworn. At the moment, the opposite party objects on account of the infamy of his character. "Ah," but says the witness, stretching his hand higher, "I have a religious belief-I believe in future rewards and punishments." "But says the objector, "you were never known to speak the truth when it was your interest to tell a lie. You never paid a debt, when you could cheat your creditors out of it. You stand convicted by the unanimous voice of the stand convicted by the unanimous voice of the public as a liar, a knave, and a hypocrite. More than that, you was convicted of sheep-stealing not two years since." "But I have been pardoned," says the witness. "You now stand convicted of perjury," says the jobjector. "Judgment is not yet pronounced," says the witness. And stretching his hand as high as he can reach, "I have moreover a usry religious belief. I hold my book higher, and gad my prayers louder, than any man in church. "I pray your honors, am I not a competent witness!" "Certainty," says the Court "according to Common Law, as held by a compatent witness. Court according to Common Law, as held by sound lawyers. You must therefore be sworn."

A keg of powder, near which a lighted candle was incautiously placed, in the store of Jacobs & Hines, in Chestertown, Md. exploded on the morning of the 4th inst and blew the house to atoms. The houses adjoining on each side, caught fire, and were destroyed, and, singular to say, no person was injured.

### HEBALD & EXPOSITOR.



R. WHITE MIDDLETON, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR,

CARLISLE. PA.

Wednesday, July 20, 1842.

### CEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

Subject to the decision of a National Convention Gen. Scott on the Tariff.

"I am not only in favor of a TABIFF FOR REVE-Gen Scott on Removals.

', My rule would be to TURN OUT THE BAD AT ONCE, and displace the indifferent as fast as might conveniently be done." "I hold that on a change of parties, vacancies no matter how made—I mean by death resignation or removals, ought to be filled by selections from

UV. B PALMER, Esq. at his Real Estate and Coal Office, No. 104, South Third Street, Phila., is authorized to act as Agent, for procuring subscriptions and advertisements for the "Herald &

VIII.AIMIMIMINIVI Public Documents. COur thanks are due to Messrs. Wm. R Gon-

FAB of the Senate, and J. M'CLURE of the House,

for public documents. We give to day several letters from our atentive Harrisburg correspondent. They con-

#### Plunder!

We regret that our neighbor takes our queres about the Legislature plundering the People and especialy in the knife line, so much to heart! It seems that the question we asked is a cutting ne-even more cutting than the BRITISH knives ies, committed in their public capacity, and the Look out, neighbor; we have some AWFUL DIS-CLOSURES to make, and lay before the injured her of the citizens of St. Louis. people of this heretofore "hood-winked" county, "after the dog-days."

### "Mean!".

The Volunteer thinks it "mean" to let the ax payers know that SIX or SEVEN HUN-DRED DOLLARS are yearly thrown away, to Harrisburg! Very well-but what say the labor St. Augustine. or and tax-payer?

### Look Here!

We learn that neighbor Sanderson and hi delegate" clique have already selected the men to be swallowed up by those of their party willing to be duped by them! How convenient it is, to have a "thinking Committee!" It saves a monstrous sight of trouble!

### Democratic Scott Meeting at

Harrisburg. In another column we give the proceedings of the late Democratic Scott meeting at Harrisburg Tariff Laws, or laws taying duties on imports, which have been passed by Congress since the adoption of the Constitution, with the volume and page of the Laws of the United States where found. The laws providing for regulations for the collection of duties are not included in this list, It is a list of laws imposing duties only.

July 4, 1789, Laws U. S. vol. 2, page 2 August 10, 1790, " " 176 August 10, 1790, " " " 176 March 3, 1791, " " " 203 March 3, 1791, " " " 203 Stevens or "Old Chip" says: "Mr. Stevens' Stevens' Stevens' Stevens' Stevens' Stevens or "Old Chip" says: "Mr. Stevens' from that in which we look upon it, in order to procure their publication. We learn that it was a most enthusiastic one, and Stevens or "Old Chip" says: "Mr. Stevens' exordium was an eloquent description of the com-583 plete prostration of all business in this country. and the consequent suffrings attending it. In his parration he portraved, in most vivid colours, the heroic bravery, indomitable perseverence and suffering of Gen Scott during the last war. These lost nothing of their true interest by this rehearsal." | gress contains information of the highest impor-

We ask attention to the proceedings, and trust that they will be perused carefully by our readers.

### The Marvest!

From every quarter we learn that the Wheat and Rye crops are very abundant, and it our own beautiful and laxuriant valley "the [yield

our own beautiful and laxuriant valley the yield of these rich grains will be great beyond precedent. The Oats and Corn, also, never at this season of the year looked better, and from every apone of the year looked butter, and allowing questions in the printing of the your looked by a kind Providence of the year looked butter, and and year looked butter, and and year looked butter, and any are looked butter, and any are looked butter, and any are looked butt no special rule can be made to apply, and where and we trust that nothing will occur to blast the

If the Harrisburg Capiltonion will look at the query propounded in reference to our members, it will find that their "whereabouts" on the 4th of July was not given. The editor must feel much in want of "small game," when he volunteers to give the "whereabouts" of Loco Foco members of the Legislature about whom an enquiry is made,

Gen. Scott in Adiams County.

A highly respectable meeting of the friends of OLD CHIP" was held in Gettysburg, on Saturday last JAS, CUNNINGHAM, Esq. presided; an eloquent set of resolutions were adopted, and the meeting was addressed by D. M. Saysen and Alex. R. Stevenson, Esqrs. Delegates to the Democratic Scott State Convention were also appointed—among them, Mr. Stevens, Col. Clark son, Mr. Thomson, Mr. T. J. Coopen, Mr. Cunson, Mr. T. J. Coopen, M Gen. Scott in Adams County.

The meeting was most decidedly in favor of a Protective Tariff, as well for the holding of a Naonal Convention. The proceedings in full will given in our next.

P. S. Since the above was prepared, the roccedings have appeared in the Gettysburg Star; out we have only room for the names of the deleates appointed to the Convention-which we

John Dickson, sen. Jas. Cunningham, Wm. W. Paxton, C. Zecher, John Brough, Jas. A. Thompson, Thaddeus Stevens, P. W. Koehler, A. D. Buehler, Daniel M. Smyser, R. W. M'Sherry, Jacob Martin, Henry Munfort, A. R. Stevenson, W. McAdams, Valentine S. Fehl, G. W. Bowen, C. S. Swope, John Brinkerhoff, Dr. J. N. Smith, E. Z. Liftle, Henry Saltzgiver, Col. Jno. Wolford, Samuel Sadler, Wm. Cobean, George Trostle, Jno. Neely, Ozias Ferree, A. K. Myers, Peter Sholl, A. Heintzleman, Dr. Geo. L. Fauss, Arnold Gardner, Moses Tyers, Geo. Hersh, Peter Dichl. Wm. D. the political majority, and always with the best men that can be had for the several places."

WINFIELD SCOTT.

Wines, Harman Countries, Feter Bient, Wm. D. Himes, Harman Wireman, Peter Raffensparger, Henry Hunt, M. D. G. Pfeiffer, Wm. Loudon, Alexander Harbaugh, Joseph H. Culbertson, Wm. exander Harbaugh, Joseph H. Culbertson, Wm. Albright, Conrad Weaver, David Heagy, James Major, Thos. J. Cooper, Jas M'Allister, Jacob Dellone, Joseph J. Smith.

#### The Cabinet.

We have still rumors of probable changes in the Cabinet. "The opinion," says a Washington writer, "is hourly gaining ground, that, as soon as Congress has separated, three of the Cabinet will be induced to resign their places, and their room be made good by gentlemen of the opposite party.-Mr Forward, it is said, was not even consulted by the President, relative to his last veto-and a slight so great, if it indeed be true, no man of the smalltain much valuable information and will be read est particle of self-respect, would be willing to submit to. Mr. Spencer is the intimate and close friend of Mr. Forward—and their fate will not Eve, his defiance of the prophet Joe: be separate. The Secretary of State will remain," it is certainly to be hoped, until the foreign negotiations are closed."

Steamboat Accident.

The steamboat Edna colapsed both flues of her larboard boiler on the 3d inst. at the mouth of

proceeds appropriated to their own private use? - inst, that on the 4th. forty of these unfortunate victims were followed to the grave by a large num-

> Owing to the many robberies lately committed in Harrisburg, the authorities have found it necessary to organize an efficient force to patrol the streets every night.

TIt is intended to inter the remains of those gallant men who fell in "Dade's Massacre," in Subjects of foreign kingdoms, purchase BRITISH penknives for our servants at Florida, in the garden of the U. S. Barrucks, at The Gettysburg Compiler, copying our re-

narks in reference to advertising Wives, appends thereto the following appropriate comments: We copy the foregoing from a late number of the Carlisle Herald & Expositor, and the sentiments expressed, fully meet our approbation. We have ever regretted to see the course pursued by some men (i) in advertising their wives, when in a large majority of cases, if the 'whole truth' was known, there is of class, if the "whole truth" was known, there is little reason to doubt but that cruelty, on the part of him who has promised to shield and protecthis wife while life shall last, has impelled her to a seperation. We, too, have refused such advertisements, and no inducement will constrain us to depart from the course of conduct laid down for our guidance. The 'Almighty dollar,' potent as its influence almost always is, will fail of its desired effect, when tendered to us for the purpose of requires the insertion. cure their publication.

### The Land Question.

IMPORTANT TO PENNSYLVANIANS. The following questions, propounded through the National Intelligencer, to our Senators in Con-

tance to Pennsylvanians, and should be republished in every newspaper in the State THE LAND QUESTION.

To the Hon. James Buchanan and Daniel Stur GEON, Senators in Congress from Penn-

. sylvania.

GENTLEMEN: As one of your constituents I claim

The share of Pennsylvania in those lands, at the minimum price, (\$1 25) would be worth \$127,232,-130; and, at forty cents per acre, would pay off the whole of her. State debt, amounting to unwards of forty millions of dollars, which never can be paid in any other way, without whishing the people under insupportable burdens. Take away the proceeds of the public lands and Pennsylvania must become bankrupt, or, what is worse, repudlate. In this condition of things, would it not be more wise and particule in her Representatives to endeavor to procure additional means to pay her debts, than to give away.

triotic in her Representatives to endeavor to procure additional means to pay her debts, than to give away, for nothing, the only means she has?

The question, then, to which I request answers (and they must be given to the tax-paying people by all who voted with you on this subject) are these:

1st: Is Pennsylvania in a condition to give away the whole of her distributive share of her public lands without some equivalent? lands without some equivalent?

2d. If Pennsylvania surrenders to the United

Kernan, of our borough; the robbers succeeded in entering the house, but were alarmed by the family and fied.

States. 101,785,704 acres, her distributive share of public land, worth, at forty cents per acre, more than forty millions of dollars, ought it not to be on condition that the United States assume at least that amount of the Pennsylvania, debt, for which her oreditors would gladly accept a United States three per cent. Short time since and robbed of two hunded dollars in per sare, less than one-sixth of the present minimum price?

money and two silver watches. We are sorry to learn that the robbets have not as yet been arrested.

Of The surplus products of Franklin County, this year—those which can be spared for market the robbets have not as yet been arrested.

The surplus products of Franklin County, this is a grave and important question, to which this year—those which can be spared for market creasing taxation—note, henceforth, and forever.—Vill this answer be satisfactory?

other. It will be discussed and understood by the people, who already see clearly that the land and the tariff questions are inseparably connected.

Those who vote to give the land proceeds to the States go for the tariff and against State taxation; and those who vote to take the land from the States and give it to the United States, vote against a tariff, and in favor of increasing State taxation. Such is the obvious effect of their votes, and it cannot be lang discussed on exadely. ong disguised or evaded,

This brings up the great tariff question itself.

This brings up the great tariff question itself, which so deeply concerns the prosperity of all the States, and of none more than the State you represent. Pennsylvania is essentially agricultural; and of all interests the farming interest is the most deeply concerned in the result of the tariff question; for it may be safely affirmed that more than one-half of the value of all the goods imported from abroad consists of the agricultural productions of foreign countries, worked up into cloth, iron, hats, shoes, and every species of merchandise, &c, sent here for sale, and our specie, by millions, exported to pay for them, while our farmers are left without a market, without money, and without a motive to industry. For example: Take a yard of toreign cloth, worth six dollars one-half the value (\$3) is wool, the product of sheep, sustained by the grass and grain offoreign countries; one-fourth of its value (\$1 50) consists of bread and meat, and other agricultural supplies consumed by the hands employed in its manufacture. Thus three-fourths of the whole price (\$4 50) is sent in specie to pay for English and French wool and other agricultural produce, worked up into a yard of cloth, and sent here for sale. The same result will attend the analysis, of iron and a thousand other articles. Is it not ruinous to our agriculture (on which every other interest depends) to pursue such a policy? Andre can it be sustained by the votes of American Senators, and especially those representing the great farming interests of the country?

country!
But I will not now trouble you further on the tar-iff question but may hereafter add something in Yours, respectfully, FAYETTE.

The Mormon Troubles. ar-We noticed a few days since (says the Phildelphia Inquirer) the excommunication of Gen. Bennett, of the Nauvoo Legion of Latter Day Saints. We now have from the Burlington Hawk

Nauvoo, Ill., June 27, 1842. Mr. Edwards: In your paper of the 23d, you allude to the "Trouble among the Mormons," and express a desire or hope that the schism is incurable," and I assure you it is really so. The holy Joe fears the consequences of my disclosures, and has threatened to take my life, and has ordered some of in the pockets of Messrs. Barr and Culver! If it her larboard boiler on the 3d inst. at the mouth of seems "mean" in the eyes of our neighbor to ask questions about the plunder in a small, way; how will be as against will be as against will be as against will be as a gainst with a gain of the militial satisfaction to all. Just suppose in the "Sangamo Journal" of next week as a gainst with a gain of the week following a gain of the gain of the week following a gain of the gain of We learn by the Missouri Reporter of the 5th or the week following, over my name. In haste, Yours respectfully,
JOHN C. BENNETT.

Debt of Pennsylvania.

A recent report of the Auditor General to the Legislature, gives the funded debt of the State as follows, of course not including unsettled claims:-

Held by citizens of Penn'a. \$9,635,613 47 Citizens of other States of 1.080.536 00 the Union. 24,738,206 06

Specie of the United States. IT The following is an estimate of the amoun of specie in the United States Treasury, made by the Register, in a recent communication to Con-

ESTIMATE. -"It has been estimated by some, that there was specie and bullion in the country on the 30th September, 1820, \$18,000,000; but say \$20,000,000

CROPS IN MISSOURI.-The last Hannibal Journal says-"From present appearances and information, we are led to believe that the fariners never had better reason to rejoice over their prospects of an abundant harvest. The quantity of wheat, and that of the finest quality, that will be gathered, will be one-half greater than last year's crop. Corn, hemp, tobacco, &c. promise to be abundant."

A RELIC.—The packet ship New York, from Liverpool, at New York, has Benj Franklin's Printing Press on board, consigned to

INTERESTING CEREMONIES.—The seremonics attending the crection of a monument to Uncas, the celebrated Mohican chieftain, took place at Norwich, Conn., on the 4th. Among the performances was an address by Col. Stone, of the New York Commercial Advertiser.

EMIGRATION.—The emigration from Europe to America will be immense this year. The movement is especially from Germany vhole towns and villages are coming over in a

### REVIEW OF THE MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16, 1842. FLOUR.—Sales of superfine, \$5 371 to 5 50 Rye Flour \$3 75: Corn Meal \$2 56 to 2 94 per GRAIN. - Wheat 131c; Corn, 52 to 54c; Oats;

WHISKEY—21 to 32c per bbl.
CATTLE MARKET,—Beef Cattle 41 to \$51

per 100 lbs. Cows and Calves—16 to \$33; Spring ers—10 a 17; Dry Cows 5 to \$9; Hogs—4a \$41 BALTIMORE, July 16 1842. FLOUR AND GRAIN .- Flour, \$6 per bbl .-

Wheat \$1 to 1 30; Rye, 66 per bushel; Corn 54. to 57: Oats, 31 to 35. WHISKEY.—None.
CATTLE MARKET.—Beef Cattle, \$3 50 to

\$5 25 per 100 lbs; Hogs, \$4 50 to \$4 75. HYMENIAL REGISTER.

### MARRIED

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Henry Aurand Mr. DANIEL LEEDS to Miss ELIZABETH CLAUSER, all of Perry County,
On the evening of the 28th of June, by the Rev.
J. Marsdon Grandin, Mr. ALEXANDER BIL-LIFETT to Miss ELIZA H. JOHNSON, both of Dillsburg, York county, Pa. On Sunday, 15th May, by the Rev. John Lindsay, Mr. JOHN STOCKDALE, formerly of Car-

sle, to Miss CHARITY PRIME, of New On the 10th inst. by the Rev J. Marsden Grandin, Mr. ARNOLD SINK, of Mechanicsburg, to Miss MARGARET KENNEDY, of Shoperds.

#### OBITUARY RECORDA DIED.

June, Mr. SAMUEL LOBACH, formerly of Carlisle, aged 27 years, At his residence in Sou the 6th inst. Mr. SAMUEL KELSO; aged 55 years.



Scott and a Protective Tariff

HE People of Cumberland County friendly to the election of Gen. SCOTT to the Pre-ncy, and in favor of a PROTECTIVE TARsidency; and in rayor of a FRUI EQUITY A CAPIFF—a Tariff that will give, not only revenue to the Government, but protection to the Manufacturer, Mechanic and Laborer without any compromise whatever—are requested to meet in Carlisle

On Saturday Next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. To appoint delegates to the State Convention, which assembles at Harrishurg on Tuesday next. All friendly to the object of the meeting are invited to attend. Friends of Scott and a Turiff.

#### Scott County Meeting.

We ask attention to the above call, and hope that all who can make it convenient to attend will do so. Adams, Allegheny, Dauphin, Lancaster, Franklin, Erie, Lebanon and many other counties have appointed delegates. "SCOTT AND A PROTECTIVE TARIFF" will soon by the war-cry in old Democratic Pennsylvania. "Old Mother Cumberland" must let her voice be heard, as she has within her bounds many friends of the Gallant old Soldier who fought and blead for his country who are anxious to express their approbation of his worth and great services. Let them come up then on Saturday next to his help.

ADVERTISEMENTS. Selling off at first Cost.

CHEAP GOODS! NO MISTAKE. AT THE STORE OF ARNOLD & ABRAMS,

SHIPPENSBURG. HE subscribers intend winding up their busi nces, and are now determined to sell goods at such unusual low prices as cannot fail to convince the purchaser that they have the cheapest goods ever offered in this region of country.

Their stock is NEW and CHEAP, consisting in part of

Blue Black, Blue Invisible Green, Brown and Drab Cloths, Cassimeres. a wariety of Mouslin de Laines,
Plan & Figured Silks, Black,
Lyon & Blac Black Hombozines,

Summer and Winter Shawls, '
Muslins, Calicoes, Dress Hankerchiefs, &c. &c. There numerous advantages in purchasing goods which were frequently made known in former advertisements, will be sufficient proof to satisfy all those desirous of obtaining bargains, that they are now prepared and fully determined, to sell them exactly cheap enough.—Come then all ye who have so long been suffering under the severe pressure of the times, and adopt the remedy which is here provided for you, i.e. CHEAP

GOÓDS. They would particularly invite the attention of purchasers to their Cheap Cloths, Cassimeres and Sattinctts.

P. S. Those who are yet indebted to the subscribers, will please satisfy the same between this. uid December next. . .

Shippensburg, July 20, 1842. DOTTOID. ETITIONS for Discharge and Certificate under the Bankrupt Law have been filled by ABRAHAM HAMILTON, late Merchant of the firm of Hamilton & Graff, now

of the firm of Hamilton & Graff, now Clerk. Cumberland co DWARD A. SEIKER, Teacher. Cumberland and FRIDAY the 30th day of SEPTEMBER next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., is appointed for the hearing thereof, before the said Court, sitting in Bankruptey, at the District Court Room, in the City of Philadelphia, when and where the Creditors of the said Petitioners, who have proved their Dehts. and all other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why such Discharge

ABRAHAM W. GRAFF, late Merchant

and Certificate should not be granted.
FRAS. HOPKINSON, Clerk of the District Court.

Philadelphia, July 11, 1842.

# JOHN W. HENDEL,

DEDWISW. ESPECTFULLY tenders his services to the citizens of Carlislo and its vicinity, that he attend to and perform all dental operations such as Cleaning, Pluging and Extracting naural Teeth, and inserting incorruptable artificing eeth from a single tooth to an entire set. Office opposite M'Farlane's Hotel.'
July 20, 1842.

### DOCTOR J. T. WARD.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Carlisle and its vicinity; and that he tends to devote his time to the duties of his proession, having been many years engaged in the ractice in the State of New Jersey. He flatters mself that the experience thus acquired will entitle him to public patronage.

(C) Calls to the Country will be attended to.—
Residence, East High Street, next door to Col.

McFcely's, July 20, 1842. 3t-38

NOTICE TO UREDITORS. TAKE notice that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, for the benefit of the Insolvent
Laws of this Commonwealth—and that they have
appointed MONDAY the 8th day of AUGUST
next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, lat
the Court House in the borough of Carlisle, when
and where you may attend and make objections
to our discharge if you think proper

to our discharge, if you think proper,
WILLIAM NOACRE,
BENJ. BRUBECKER, JOSEPH MOSSER, HENRY GINDER, ADAM G. LIBHART, JONAS MILLER. GEORGE MATTHEWS. July 20, 1842.

Register's Notice. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Carlisle, July 16, 1842.

OTICE is hereby given to all persons inter-ested, that the following accounts have been filed in this office for examination, by the accountants therein named, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, for confirmation, and allowance, on Tuesday the 16th day of August, A. D., 1842, viz:
The Administration account of George Clark,

nexo, of William Hamilton, late of Cumberland (now Perry) county, deceased. The Administration account of Samuel Woods,

years.

On the 11th inst. in South Middleton township, Captain DAVID COOK, aged about 40 year.

On Friday morning last, in South Middleton township, Mr. PHILIP FISHBURN, Ir., aged about 38 years.

On Monday morning last in South Middleton, township, Mr. JACOB HARNISH, aged about 39 years.

On Monday morning last in South Middleton, township, Mr. JACOB HARNISH, aged about 30 years. Mr. H, was an honest man, a good citizen, and was much beloved and esteemed by all who knew him.

Administrator of Sampson S. Mullep, late of Dickling.

The Guardian ship account of Josiah Hood, Guardian of Philip Cope, late of Wast Penns brough township, deceased.

The Guardian of Mary J., William and Elizabeth Stephenson, minor children of John Stephenson, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

ISAAC ANGNEY, Register.

July 20, 1842.

July 20, 1842.

Union Paper Mill.

In at large, that he has leased the above establishment, six miles south of Caflisle, for a term of years, and the MILL having been retently repaired, and new machinery introduced, he is therefore prepared to manufacture to order, (and Boarders & Visiters,

also has a supply constantly on hand) Paper of every kind and Quality, which he will furnish to printers, merchants and sant little valley or Gap of the mountain. The air others, in any quantities at the lowest city prices. All orders addressed to the subscriber, at Papertown, Cumberland county, will receive prompt Run, about two miles distant, will afford amusement

materials, he flatters himself that he will be able to manufacture paper equal in quality to any other from this invaluable water.

WILLIAM BLEAN. establishment in the country.

WILLIAM B. MULLIN.

16.3

Papertown, July 20, 1842.
N. B. The highest price paid for rags.

### RHEUMATISM

NTIRELY Cured by the use of Dr. O. P. HARLICH'S Compound Strengthening and German Aperient, Pills. Mr. SOLOMON WILSON, of Chester county, Pa., afflicted for two years with the above distressing disease of which he had to use his crutches for eighteen months his symptoms were exeruciating pains in all his joints, especially in his hips, shoulders and ankles, pain increasing towards evening, attended with heat. Mr. Wilson was at one time not able to move heat. Mr. Wilson was at one time notable to move his limbs on account of the pain being so great; he being advised by a friend of his to procure Dr. Harlich's Pills, for which he sent to the agent in West Chester and procured some; on using the medicine the third day, the pain disappeared, and his strength increased fast, and in three weeks was ablesto attend to his business, which he had not done for eighteen months. For the benefit of other afflicted, he wishes these lines published, that they may be relieved, and again enjoy the pleasures of healthy life.

Principal office 19 North 8th street Philadephia For sale at the Drug Store of J. J. MYERS & Lo. Carlisle, and WM. PEAL, Shippensburg. July 20, 1842. .

A RARE CHANCE!

NY person wishing to invest a few Thou-sand Dollars in new and substantial Property in Carlisle, yielding ten per cent per annum, will hear of an opportunity of doing so by calling on the Editor of the "Herald & Expositor."

Carlisle, June 29, 1842.

To the Electors of Cumberland county TRELLOW CITIZENS: I offer myself to your Recorder and Clerk of the Courts of Cumberland County at the ensuing general election, and if elected will discharge the duties

hereof to the best of my ability.

GEORGE F. CAIN, Mechanicsburg, June 22, 1842.

To the Electors of Cumberland county ELLOW CITIZENS. I offer myself to your / PROTHONOTARY of Cumberland County, at the election in October next, and if elected pledge myself to perform the duties of said office with fidelity, and to the best

of my ability: WM. M. BEETEM.
Carlisle, June 22, 1842. To the Electors of Cumberland county. MELLOW-CITIZENS-I offer myself to your consideration for the office of

of Cumberland county at the ensuing general elecn, and if elected will discharge the duties thereof ion, and it elected.....to the best of my ability.

WESLEY MILES:

REGISTER

South Middleton tp.-July 13, 1842.

In Bankruptcy.

MOTUGE. PETITION for the benefit of the Bankrupt A PETITION for the benefit of the Bankru Law has been filed the 8th July, 1242, by JOSEPH FRY, formerly Cabinet Maker, now Laborer, Cumberland county Which Petition will be heard before the Dis which Petition will so heard before the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, sitting in Bankruptcy, at the District Court Room in the City of Philadelphia, on MONDAY the 22d day of AUGUST next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. When and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said Petition should not be crusted and the raid Petition.

declared Bankrupt. FRAS. HOPKINSON.

Clerk of District Court. Philadelphia, July 8, 1842. COURT PROCLAMATION. HEREAS the Hon. Samuel Herburn President Judge of the Co.

Pleas of the Ninth Judicial district of Pennsyl. vania, and the Hon. John STUART and THOMAS C. MILLER, Judges of the said Court of Common C. MILLER, Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cumberland, have issued their precept bearing date of the 22d day of April, 1842, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at Carlisle, on the second Monday of August, 1842—being the 8th day—at 10 o'clock in the forenoon:—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Coroner, Lustices of the Peace and Constables of the Peace and Consta Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said County of Cumberland, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other tf-38 remembrances, to do the things which to their of-fice respectively appertain—and those who are bound by recognizances to prosecute against the said county, to be then and there to prosecut against them as shall be just and right.

Dated at Carlisle, the 25th day of June, A. D.
1842; and the 66th year of American Indepen-

dence. PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff. July 13, 1842.

Trial List for August Term, 1842 vs Stuart . Carver & Wallace Moale & Brother vs Lyon Reigle vs Aul Moore and Biddle Reynolds & Mosher vs vs Moore va Moore & Mahon Hughes' Adm'r. vs Harper vs M'Clure Cake vs Myers vs Givler Myers et al Same Given's Ex'rs. Gillingham et al Same Same Alexander Gorgas et al vs Poorman & Sheely Snavely Thorno . vs Zeigler's Ex're. Sturm elth vs Leas GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y.

## Carlisle, July 13, 1842.

N Pursuance of an order issued out of the Or The Administration account of George Clark, phans' Court of Laucaster County, I will hold dministrator of Elizabeth Deihl, late of the an inquisition upon the Real Estate of the said Borough of Shippensburg, deceased.

The Administration account of John Fulwiler, Administrator of William B. Fulwiler, late of the Borough of Shippensburg, deceased.

The Administration account of Jacob Bizler,

Administrator de bonis non cum testamento an-George Sheaffer, deceased, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of AUGUST, A. D. 1842, at Locclock, P. M.,

The Real Estate of the said deceased consists of the PLANTATION, in Earl township, The Administration account of Samuel Woods, Administrator of Sampson S. Mullén, late of Dickinson township, deceased,

The Guardianship account of Josiah Hood, Guardian of John Cons and James Continues. A PIECE OF LAND, in said. township, containing about 12 Acres, adjoining lands of John High and Gideon Houder, and A PIECE OF SPROUT LAND, in said township, containing about S Acres, adjoining lands of Wendel Holl, Jesse Line and A. E. ROBERTS,
Sheriff of Luncaster county.

Sheriff's loffice, Lancheter, /

DUBLIN GAP

HE subscriber respectfully informs the public at large, that he has leased the above es. at the above well known and justly celebrated spring, situate eight miles North of Newville, in a plea-

is pure, the scenery beautiful and romantic; the Mountain abounds with game, the Laurel or Trout or those who are fond of angling—and every ex-Having lately received a supply of the very best ertion will be used for the accommodation and naterials, he flatters himself that he will be able

VALUABLE Tan Yard Property FOR SALE.

Cumberland county, that large and commodious TANGERAND, situate on the north east corner of Louther and East streets, bounded by Letart Spring, and on the

TWO STORY STORE

DVELSING HOUSE,
a Two Story Stone Finishing Shop, a

Puck Beam House, a large frame large two story Buck Beam House, a large frame Bark and Mill House, with a Bark Mill in it.— There are 44 Layaways and 1 Pool in the Yard, 5 Handlers, 3 Limes and 1 Bate in the Beam House, and a good well of water at the kitchen door. The property is in good order, and in a very desirous situation for a Tannery or a private

Dwelling. "ITTerms of sale will be made known on the day of sale, and any information will be given about the property before the day of sale, by

G. W. SHEAFER,

JACOB SHROM.

SHERIFF'S SALE. Y virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me di-

Pleas of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on THURSDAY the 4th day of AUGUST, 1842, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, the following described Real Estate, viz:
A CERTAIN

BRICK HOUSE and half Lot of Ground,

borough of Carlisle, bounded East by a half lot of the heirs of Joseph Kuox, deceased; West by a lot and North by a twenty feet alley, containing thirty feet in front on High street, and two hundred and forty feet in length from the street to the Allev. Also, A Lot of Ground, Situate in said borough of Carlisle, on the North-side of the road or street extending westward from said borough, and north of the College square, and running parallel with the turnpike road; be ed East by a lot of Andrew Carothers on the West

property of Charles R. Cooper, and to be sold by PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff-

SHERIFF'S SALE.

following desirable Real Estate, viz: A LOT OF GROUND,

DWELLING HOUSE, part brick and part frame; also, a log building erected for a distillery, with two stills

situate in said town of Springfield, containing one fourth of an acre, more or less, bounded on one courth of an acre, more or less, bounded on the North by a lot of Daniel Swigart, on the East by a lot of Josiah Hood, on the South by a lot late the property of Andrew Morris, and on the West by a lot of Samuel French.

Sherff's Office, Carlisle, { July 13, 1842.

Sheriff's sale. Y virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on THURSDAY, the 4th of AUGUST. A. D. 1842, at ten o'clock, A. M, the following-

of Martin Brandt, south eighty-six degrees, west thirty-four perches to stones, thence by lands of the heirs of Jacob Bricker, south twenty-six derees, east five perches and two-tenths to a stone, ke., having thereon creeted a small Stone and log

LOUSE, and log stable. Seized and taken in And to be sold by me,

PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff.

Interesting Intelligence.

TO THOSE WHO BRING UP CHILDREN. R. PARIS—Dear Sir—I take this present. opportunity of informing you of the won-tul effects of your invaluable SOOTHING SY-RUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. My child was first taken with fits of screaming and crying, attended with a dreadful bowel complaint. I sent for a physician; he came and told me he could do nothing for it, but "to lance the gums."
This I would not submit to; he then recommended To the heirs and legal representatives of STREET. As soon as I obtained the medicine. GEORGE SHEAFFER, late of Earl township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, deceased:

I used it according to the directions. The effect was astonishing; the child went to aleep and rested well all night. The next morning I used it again, and continued it for several days. The child recovered immediately, and is hearty to this day.

Happy would it be both for parents and little children, if they could have access to a small portion of your medicine. I am sure that money would be no object in comparison with human suffering.

MMS. H. HOLMES. MRS. H. HOLMES,

Sept. 9, 1840. Spruce street. REMEMBER, none is genuine unless the signature of Dr. PARIS is impressed on the phials; also, be careful and purchase only at the Medical Office, No. 19 NORTH EIGHTH STREET. and advertised Agents. Beware there are several and advertised Agents. Deware there are several persons imposing a deletorious article on the rublic for the above put up in plain bottles, with the name of Paris spelt different. When you purchase, see that the name of Paris is spelt as you see it in this notice, and unless the phials are impressed with "DR. PARIS' SOOTHING SY-

RUP," touch it not.
For sale at No. 19th North 8th St. Philadelphia. also at the Drug Store of John J. Myers & Co., Carlisle; and at the Prug Store of William Peal,

July 13, 1842.

of SATURDAY, the 23d day of JULY, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Borough of Carlisle,

June 22, 1842

situate on the North side of High street, in the

by a lot of James Noble, and on the aforesaid goad, containing TWO ACRES or thereabouts. Seized and taken in execution as the

Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, 7

July 13, 1842.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Comberland County, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court house in the borough of Carlisle, on THURSDAY the 4th day of AU-

fastened in the same and the necessary apparatus thereunto belonging; also, a log Spring House thereon erected. Also, A Lot of Ground,

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Peter Noaker, and to be sold by me,
PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff.

described real estate—to wit: A Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in Monroe township, Cumberland county, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a heap of stones, thence by lands of Jacob Bricker and Michael Ege's heirs, north eighty-one and a half degrees, east fifty-nine perches to a Spanish oak, thence by lands of Michael Ege's heirs, north twenty-eight degrees, west forty-six perches to a stone, thence by lands of the heirs

Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, July 13, 1842.

6t-36 Shippensburg