

HERALD & EXPOSITOR.

Carlisle.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1842.

We are under no obligations to any Honorable member of Congress for copies of public documents; nor to any member of our State Legislature do we owe thanks, except to Mr. BARR, of the House, for a copy of the Governor's Message.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

We would make an abridgement of the Governor's Message for our editorial columns, were it not that we are apprehensive some might content themselves with a perusal of our compend and neglect to read the document itself. We would have every one read it, and pass it through the ordeal of his own judgment. Its length is somewhat formidable, but the nights are also long. To our mind there is much more in the message to praise than to blame.

SHIN-PLASTERS AND THE TOWN COUNCIL.

A number of the citizens of our borough—most of them Locos, too—having petitioned the Council for the passage of an ordinance authorizing an issue of small notes less in denomination than one dollar, the question was submitted to a vote of the inhabitants. On Thursday last the election was held in the Court House, and resulted in favor of the issue by upwards of sixty majority, but at a meeting of Council on the following evening, the whole affair was "repudiated."

It is stated that before the election there was a majority in Council in favor of the shinplasters, and that the annulment of the will of the citizens, as shown by their vote, is to be attributed to the backsliding, by some members of Council, from their former faith.

We are opposed to shinplasters out and out; but then we think that our borough legislators, having submitted the matter to their constituents, ought not now to refuse a compliance with their wishes.

Whilst we rejoice at the defeat of the project, we cannot help thinking that the Council have not acted in good-faith, in saying to the citizens, we leave this thing to your decision, and then, after their will was made known, telling them that it was disregarded. The members who opposed the measure from the beginning are not to be censured; those who balked must bear the blame of duping the citizens. We know not who they are. Good has come from their retrogression; the laws have been preserved inviolate, and we protected from a currency composed of dirty, little rags, but a proper end never justifies improper means.

But for our absence, we should, last week, have noticed the appearance of a visitant on New Year's morn, in our printing office, unexpected but welcomed by the tenants—a well favored mince pie. It came from a lady too, one whom we have long known, and whose goodness has never been confined to the inmates of her own domicile. By invitation of the hands in the office, we stepped in and united with them in masticating the luscious gift.

We ate, and the thought of former days revived in our mind. We remembered that she, of whose largess we were then partaking, had more than once lavished upon us her kindness; that when sickness laid us low, our lot among strangers, she was our ministering angel. To her we owe gratitude which no change of circumstance can ever efface from our memory. Year may succeed year and old age come upon us; friendly intercourse may be interrupted, but we cannot forget a debt which can never be repaid.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

TUESDAY, January 4, 1842. The House of Representatives was called to order by Mr. BONSALL. All the members were present but Mr. ROYER, of Somerset. J. R. SNOWDEN was elected Speaker, sworn, and took his seat.

Nothing of importance was done before the House adjourned.

The Senate was called to order by the Hon. Speaker Ewing. Every Senator was in his place. Ten unsuccessful ballottings were had for Speaker.

WEDNESDAY, January 5.

Mr. STROMM was elected Speaker of the Senate on the 4th ballot.

The usual resolution for the payment of postage, and providing newspapers, was offered and referred to a select committee. The resolution gave rise to much discussion, in which it was stated that the postage of the Senate for the last session exceeded \$7000.

In the House, Mr. GAMBLE obtained leave to bring in a bill to provide for the repayment of the loan authorized by the Revenue Bill of 4th May, 1841, and to provide for the resumption of specie payments by the banks.

Mr. STEVENS gave notice that on to-morrow he would ask leave to bring in a bill

providing that the printing of the Legislature should be given to the lowest bidder. He gave notice, also, that he would offer a resolution to amend the constitution that the state debt shall never exceed forty millions.

THURSDAY, January 6. In the Senate, the Governor's Message was read, and 5000 copies in English, and 2500 in German ordered to be printed.

The message was accompanied by a Veto Message against a bill passed by the last Legislature, authorizing suits to be brought against the State Treasurer who paid the warrants of the Governor in favor of Ovid F. Johnson and James M. Porter for \$1000, out of the Treasury in 1839, without authority of law.

Upon a motion to print, an animated discussion arose. The veto was said, in debate, to contain undignified and malignant aspersions of Mr. Williams, of Allegheny, a late Senator. The motion to print was finally postponed.

A resolution repudiating "repudiation," was offered by Mr. Sullivan, and laid on the table.

The SPEAKER laid before the Senate the proceedings of a meeting in Philadelphia, repudiating the state debt and resisting taxation. They raised a "rumpus," and found no favor. Before any action was had upon them the Senate adjourned.

In the House a number of petitions, mostly of a local character, were offered.

The proceedings of the "Repudiation Meeting" of Philadelphia were presented, abused, and by a unanimous vote referred to a select committee with instructions to report against the doctrines contained in them.

The annual and veto messages were read. William B. Andrews was elected clerk and Thomas J. Gross assistant; Alfred M. Clark Sergeant-at-arms and Hugh Lindsey Doorkeeper.

FRIDAY, Jan. 7th. Geo. W. Hamnersley was elected clerk of the Senate and John K. Zellier assistant; Samuel T. Williams Sergeant-at-arms, Joseph T. Wade Doorkeeper, and Boss & Patterson Printers of the English Journal.

The postage resolution was passed. Several Executive Vetoes were presented amongst them one against the bill authorizing the people to elect the canal commissioners.

In the House, the standing committees were announced. Henlock and Bratton were elected Printers of the English Journal, Hutter & Bigler of the German Journal and McKinley and Leasure of the Bills.

We are without the proceedings of the Legislature since Friday.

The communication of "Lycurgus" has been crowded out, but shall appear next week.

"Amicus" is under consideration. A writer in the New York American gives a somewhat humorous, though perhaps just, view of the change in the aspect of political affairs. The Whigs have generally something better to do than an eternal effort to keep up the steam of party, and he thus characterizes them:

The great triumph in 1840, of the Whig party, was simply the triumph of a large portion of good citizens over a bad administration. Having accomplished that end, they retire to their farms and workshops, and abandon party control and party organization. They did not fight for that; they simply rose in their strength to rebuke and abate an evil. When those evils recur, no matter by what name the party in power then may be called, the same good citizens will again rise in their power, and rebuke and abate that evil, and then, as before, retire from the conflict. It is like a man getting up at night to drive off noisy cats that may have assembled under his window. He gives them a "peppering" without killing any, and then retires to his quiet room. He don't feel himself called upon to sit up all night for another shout; but of one thing the cats may be sure, that, as often as they re-assemble for a caucusing, they will get another peppering, but so long as they assemble and keep the peace, he will not disturb them.

THE FAITH AND HONOR OF MARYLAND. We record with pride the fact that the House of Delegates avowed its determination yesterday, by a most decided vote, that the faith of the State to her creditors should be fully maintained, and the honor of her fair name preserved unimpaired.

It will be seen by our Annapolis letter that this question came before the House on a motion for leave to introduce a bill to repeal the Tax Law, and that members of both parties took the floor in earnest opposition to it. The leave was not granted.

The above from the Baltimore American is rather pleasing than surprising. We cannot believe that any of the Old Thirteen will ever attempt to repudiate. We think that we can vouch for the Keystone State, that whether her rulers be Whigs or Locos, they will never so far forget the honor of good old Pennsylvania as seriously to entertain a thought of repudiation.

Pay! pay! pay! as long as paying is possible—and then promise. But paying is both possible and attainable.

COLONEL BENTON.

The New York Commercial says:—"Colonel Benton has not resided in Missouri in many, many years. He married a widow lady in Virginia, where he resides a portion of his time, alternating between that place and the capital. About once during his Senatorial term of six years, and sometimes twice, the Colonel goes to Missouri to humber his loving constituents and procure a re-election. The pay of eight dollars for every twenty miles of his constructive journeys, which he hardly ever makes, amounts to enough, with his per diem during the sessions, to make the Senatorial business profitable."

Delaware.—It is a source of extreme gratification, that while so many of the States of the Union are so deeply involved in debt, that our own "little Delaware" is not only without debt, but an actual surplus of half a million in the Treasury. The Auditor's account, presented to the Legislature last winter shows the amount in the State Treasury to be \$618,693 92, including the School Fund, which was \$179,283,91. The estimate of the expenses for the year 1841 was \$16,414, and the State revenue for the same time \$23,810—being an income of \$7,996 above the outlay.—Del. State Journal.

The various parts of the President's Message have now all been referred to appropriate committees, and the word should be, work! no talking—but work!—Alexandria Gazette.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.—The last Louisville Journal says:—"A gentleman, just from Indianapolis, brings the latest news from that place. A valuation law will be passed, providing that no sale of personal property can take place under execution unless it bring two-thirds of its appraised value. The fifty dollar treasury notes will certainly be redeemed by five. The law to abolish imprisonment for debt having passed the House, will certainly pass the Senate. The debt of \$700,000, due by the State to the bank, will be paid in five dollar treasury notes. No stay law will be passed. The war between Gov. Noble and the late fund commissioner Stapp waxed warm: Stapp has replied to the report of Noble, and will put in a rejoinder."

The Philadelphia Inquirer of Monday has the following notice of the recently discovered forgery case in Philadelphia. "THE CHEYNEY HICKMAN CASE.—The recent affidavit of Mr. John M. Riddle has thrown a new light upon the character of Mr. Cheyney Hickman, who sometime since figured as a Director of the United States Bank. Mr. Riddle has made affidavit, that he never endorsed certain notes signed C. Hickman & Co., and Cheyney Hickman, for more than \$100,000; and that consequently such notes, so far as related to his endorsements are forgeries. This Hickman was originally appointed a Director of the United States Bank by General Jackson, and was then re-elected from year to year on the general ticket by the stockholders. He was apparently a dull, illiterate man, with little or no ambition, good-natured and limited in his views and aspirations. No one would ever have dreamed of him as a forger. He kept a leather store in Chestnut street above Third, not a great while ago; but subsequently moved into Front street, took a large store and became a shipping merchant. He flourished there for a year or two, visited the Exchange regularly every day, and talked freely and coolly of the ups and downs in the Stock of the Bank of the United States. Indeed, he was rather looked upon as a mere makeweight in the Board of Directors and not likely to have the least influence in any question.

That such an apparent blockhead should with success have committed forgeries to such an immense amount, is really calculated to startle. It was understood, however, some weeks before he left the city for South America, that he had made improper use of the names of several of our citizens; that is, that he had forged them as endorsers, but contrived to save them from harm by taking up the notes. He made his escape in good time. This Riddle business has unraveled his character to an extent really strange to those who used to regard him as a soft, good-natured cat's paw.

THE BUSINESS OF CONGRESS.—We wish we were able to inform our readers that the business of Congress is going on either smoothly or rapidly. But, on the contrary, no progress at all, to speak of, has been made in it this week; and the proceedings in the House of Representatives at least, have been any thing but harmonious. The subject which most urgently requires attention at this body—the actual state of the Treasury—has not yet received it, though a bill for the purpose was reported a week ago. The necessary consequence of neglecting to act on the bill for changing the terms of the authorized Loan, of which it is known not more than one half was taken, has been to require the introduction of a bill yesterday, by the Committee of Ways and Means, to authorize a re-issue of the Treasury Notes to a sufficient amount to meet the demands upon the Treasury until money enough for the purpose be realized from the revenue, or the further execution of the loan.—Nat. Intelligencer.

MILEAGE. Members of Congress receive from the public Treasury, 40 cents per mile, or \$8 for every 20 miles for travelling expenses. We believe that is the amount. This is outrageous, in these times when travelling is so rapid and cheap. A member of Congress pays 4 dollars to travel from Philadelphia to Baltimore—90 miles, and draws 36 dollars for mileage! He pays 30 dollars for travelling from New Orleans to Pittsburgh by steamboat—say 2000 miles, and the time occupied is not ten days—he draws 800 dollars! This is robbing the people with a vengeance. Some members take the most circuitous route, that their mileage may be increased; a member trav-

elling 200 miles a day he makes 80 dollars! A pretty round sum. Some members charge 2000 or 3000 dollars mileage annually!! Admitting that the per diem of members of Congress is not too high, who will justify these exorbitant allowances for mileage? What excuse can be offered for them? If none, why does not some honest friend of economy propose and urge the reform upon Congress. The present rates of mileage were fixed years ago; when travelling was expensive, tedious and dangerous. In this day of railroads and steamboats, the cause of high travelling expenses are removed, and mileage should consequently be reduced. We hope Congress will reform this shameful abuse.—Village Record.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday last, as the morning train of cars from Philadelphia, was rushing down grade near the Warren, in Chester county, Pa. with great velocity, the end of the broom before the engine struck a turn out, and threw the engine off the track, with a tremendous shock, and as the ground was frozen, proceeded nearly one hundred yards into an adjoining common—drawing the passenger trains along with it. Here the engine, in running up a steep bank upset, and with it one of the long cars attached, filled with passengers; and a glowing red hot stove. Singular, indeed, to relate, not a passenger was injured—which may be considered a most extraordinary and unparalleled event. One of the men on the engine had his leg badly cut. Carelessness—Recklessness—the cause of this fearful accident.

The train was under the care of the agent who ran into the West Chester cars his name should be known—H. AMBROSE. It should also be known, that when, a short time before, the proper persons were notified that the broom was loose, and that it might catch in a turn out, it was disregarded.—Village Record.

Wouldst Believe Him.—An attempt of J. G. Bennett, of the New York Herald, to indict M. M. Noah, M. Y. Beach, and N. T. Eldridge, for alleged libels, in calling him "a liar, cheat, forger and extortioner," failed, through the grand jury, who saw out the complaint, as they could not believe the complaint.

Prosecuting the Gamblers.—They have quite a time in Richmond, Va., just now, in prosecuting the keepers of gambling establishments. Some days since it was discovered by a mercantile firm there that a young man in their employ, had made way with a considerable amount of money belonging to the firm.—The firm, Messrs. Davenport & Allen, insisted upon knowing what he done with it, when he told them he had lost it by gambling. To save a criminal prosecution against himself, he agreed to tell where the different gambling establishments were, and also to give a list of those who visited them, so that witnesses might be obtained. This was done, and we perceive by the Star, that the prosecutions are now in progress. An incident occurred soon after the disclosure of the names, which created something of a breeze. A gentleman whose name was on the list, felt that he had been much aggrieved by having his name thus made public, and his deeds blazoned to the world.

He attempted to take the law in his own hands, and with a ovoidle proceeded to the store of Messrs. D. & A. and commenced a flagellation of one of the partners. He met with poor success, however, and we presume will have to suffer some for his "extra-judicial" operations.

The Methodists in Boston have leased the Odion, a building which was erected for a theatre, but has of late been used as an assembly room, for concerts &c., and it is expected that after the adjournment of Congress, Mr. Maffit will occupy the pulpit. Mr. M. has, during the last session, drawn together large audiences in Boston. He cannot please those whose taste is chastened to the Robert Hall standard, but he must be acknowledged to possess unusual powers of a certain kind; he has continued for twenty years to command special attention as a public speaker.

The New Orleans Bee of December 21, gives the following details of the fate of the Santa Fe Expedition. Kendall is editor of the paper. The Bee says:—"We learn that intelligence has been received by a letter from Chihuahua, to the effect that when the expedition approached within a few hours march of Santa Fe, five persons, of whom Mr. Kendall was one, were sent in advance to the town to inform the authorities of its approach and assure them of its peaceable purpose. These persons were immediately seized and three of them shot. The citizens then went out to meet the Texans and assured them that they were perfectly willing to receive them upon condition that they would surrender their arms before entering the town. The Texans, ignorant of the sacrifice of those who had preceded them, were induced by the protestations of their deceitful foes to adopt this advice. When they had delivered up their arms, they were seized, and after submitting to the most appalling indignities, marched off to a distant place, where they were detained until the determination of Santa Anna. This is dreadful news and it is probably too true. The son of Gen. Cos was among those sent to Mexico."

We understand that Governor Seward, in his preparations for the New Year, has substituted lemonade and cold water for punch and wine. This is a bold innovation; but one which the spirit of the times demanded. The temperance cause has a right to claim an example from the highest authorities.—The amount heretofore expended for wine, &c. by the Governor, will now be given to the poor.—Albany Journal.

The same excellent and praise worthy "innovation" was adopted by his honor the Mayor of New York, N. Y. Com. Advertiser.

Whetling, Monday Morning Jan. 3. The River.—There is a fine stage of water about 9 feet, and but little ice running.

A letter from New York says:—"Rhode Island, by a decided majority of the voices of her people, has resolved that she will cast aside the old Charter of Charles the Second, and adopt a Constitution. A majority of all the people there has thus decided; and what is more, a majority of all the freeholders have come to the same conclusion.

The Northeastern Boundary.—We learn from the Bangor Whig that Major Graham, who has been charged with the arduous service of surveying the Northeastern Boundary line, having closed the survey for the winter, named through that city on the 28th ultimo on his way to Augusta, and thence to Washington.

The Nashville Banner says:—"We understand that the Union Bank of Nashville has been apprised that between nine and ten thousand dollars of the notes abstracted from that institution in March last, have been found in the jail at Paducah; Ky. It is supposed to have been left there by the negro man who attended at the Bank and ran away after the money was missing and was afterwards apprehended and confined in the Paducah jail.

The River continues to recede, and the ice is running in large quantities; The Eliza left yesterday in the ice, for New Orleans. It is probable she will get out, but it is doubtful whether a boat can get up in the present condition of the River.—St. Louis Republic, Dec. 28th.

Mr. Thomas G. Martin, of St. Louis, was assaulted and beaten almost to death, by five miscreants, on Saturday night last. Three of them were apprehended and recognized—the others are still at large.—Mr. Martin is in a very critical state, and may not survive.—St. Louis Era.

It is stated that the Branch Mint at New Orleans is noted for emitting the smaller denominations of coin or fractions in times had been stamped within the last twenty days, prior to the 21st ultimo.

Whiskey.—The spread of the Temperance cause in the West has doubtless had its effect in reducing the price of this article in that quarter. At Cincinnati, last week, it was selling from wagons as low as fourteen and a half cents per gallon!

Another Explosion.—The Lebanon, Ohio, Bank has exploded—burst up. The President and Cashier, as a matter of course say that the assets will meet the liabilities, and a considerable surplus be left, and advise note-holders not to sacrifice them.—That story is stale.

MARRIED. On the 30th ult., by the Rev. J. Ulrich, Mr. WILLIAM HERTZ, to Miss MARGARET BRENNER, both of South Middleton tp. On the 6th inst., by the same, Mr. ROSS ANDERSON, to Miss MARGOT JANE BURTNE, all of Monroe township. On the same day by the same, Mr. JOHN FRICKER, to Miss CATHARINE MILLER, all of Allen township.

On the same day by the same, Mr. NICHOLAS HERTY, of Newton township, to Miss BARBARA ANN THURSH, of South Middleton township. On Thursday evening the 30th ult., by the Rev. Henry Slicer, Mr. MICHAEL SNEYDER, to Miss JANE ELENORA GILL, both of this borough.

On the 25th ult., by the Rev. N. J. Smith, Mr. JOHN SPONG, to Miss CATHARINE SPINGER, both of East Pennsboro' township. On the 20th ult., by the same, Mr. JOEL BERLIN, to Miss ELIZABETH FORTY, both of the vicinity of Dillstown, York Co. On the 29th ult., by the Rev. H. Aurand, Mr. PETER BLACK, to Miss AGNES MURRAY, all of Dickinson township.

DIED. On Monday the 3d inst., in Silver Spring township, Mr. JOHN SEXTON, aged about 40 years. In Mechanicsburg, on Thursday the 30th ult., Mr. MARTIN MOHLER, in the 24th year of his age. At the Poor House, on Tuesday the 4th inst., Mrs. JANE WHITE, at an advanced age.

TEMPERANCE DEPARTMENT. PLEDGE OF THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY TEMPERANCE SOCIETY. WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, DO AGREE, THAT WE WILL NOT USE ANY INTOXICATING LIQUORS NOR TRAFFIC IN THEM AS A BEVERAGE; THAT WE WILL NOT PROVIDE THEM AS AN ARTICLE OF ENTERTAINMENT, OR FOR REASONS OF OUR EMPLOYMENT; AND THAT, IN ALL SUITABLE WAYS, WE WILL DISCOURAGE THEIR USE THROUGHOUT THE COMMUNITY.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—At the annual meeting of the C. C. T. S., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Rev. Dr. DUREIN, President. Rev. H. Aurand, Rev. W. T. Sprole, Jacob Spire, Esq., Vice Presidents. Samuel Elliott, Secretary. John Phillips, Treasurer. Prof. M. Caldwell, L. G. Brandebury, Henry Duffell, J. Fetter, Rev. Thomas Boyman, P. R. Lovejoy, Executive Committee.

S. ELLIOTT, Sec'y. January 1, 1842. TEMPERANCE IN PENNSYLVANIA. The following Temperance papers are now published in our State, none of which existed one year ago, except the first, and that had but just commenced.

The Age, published at Lancaster. Temperance Advocate and Literary Repository, Philadelphia. Washington Banner, Allegheny City. Temperance Advocate and Family Visitor, New Berlin. The Water Spout, Columbia. There may be others. May these all deserve the patronage of the public, and be well sustained. The Temperance cause is onward!

FOR RENT! The two commodious School Rooms, in the basement of the Methodist Episcopal Church, now occupied by Mrs. Stevens, for the purpose of being given on the first of April. For terms apply to WILLIAM D. SEYMOUR, Agent for Trustees. Carlisle, January 5, 1842.

THE Carlisle Barracks, situated in the town of Carlisle, Pa., containing about 2500 square feet of floor space, and a well equipped kitchen, and is now for rent. For terms apply to W. M. PORTER, P. M. Carlisle, January 5, 1842.

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THE AGR. The Ex. Com. of the C. C. T. S. have received Prospectus of the above weekly paper, published at Lancaster, and have put it into the hands of Secretary, S. Elliott, who will act as agent for any who wish to subscribe. The Age is an interesting family paper, devoted in part to the cause of Temperance. Subscription price \$1.50, in advance. Clubs of eight persons can obtain the same for \$12.00. M. CALDWELL, Chm. Ex. Com. January 4, 1842.

ADAMS COUNTY TEMPERANCE CONVENTION. The Cum. Co. Temperance Society is expected to be represented in the Adams county Convention to be held at Hagerstown, on Saturday, the 15th inst. by Rev. Prof. McClinton, Rev. Thomas Bowman and George R. Crooks. M. CALDWELL, Chm. Ex. Com. January 10, 1842.

NOTICE. A delegation from the Cumberland county Temperance Society, will attend a meeting of the "Dickinson Temperance Society" at the Cumberland Furnace, on the evening of Thursday the 13th inst. M. CALDWELL, Chm. Ex. Com.

Spitting of Blood. Is another dangerous symptom of "Palmonary Affection," and difficult to arrest when neglected; it commences with cough, copious expectoration, which consists of bright frothy matter, or black, and dotted with blood, there is fever, headache, palpitation of the heart, flushed face, and redness of the cheeks; difficulty of breathing, soreness of the throat, and salivary taste in the mouth, &c. Dr. Manca's Expectant Remedy will be found to arrest this complaint. One single bottle will answer if used at the first attack; but when neglected, it may require many bottles. No one can be afflicted with "Spitting of blood" should lose time in procuring the above medicine, as this disease mostly proves serious when not early attended to. It is sold at the Dispensing Office, No. 19 North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

For sale at the Drug Store of J. J. Myers & Co. Carlisle, and Wm. Paul, Shippensburg. Jan. 12

NOTICE. Estate of Samuel C. Edgar, dec'd. THE ESTATE OF ADMINISTRATION on the Estate of Samuel C. Edgar, late of Shippensburg, Cumberland county, dec'd., have been granted to the subscribers. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the above estate to make payment, and those having claims to present them legally proved, to Robert Cochran of Shippensburg, or the subscriber, on or before the 1st June 1842, or otherwise be barred of all benefit of said estate. JOHN M. EDGAR.

January 12, 1842.—At the Store of CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, Jan. 12, 1842.

Caps! Caps! Caps! Just received an extensive assortment of Otter, Fur Seal, Hair Seal, Ceylon and Cloth Caps, which will be sold at reduced prices by CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

Cassimeres & Vestings. Just received a large assortment of the very latest styles—at exceedingly low prices. CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

GUM SHOES of all kinds just received and for sale at the Store of CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

At a stated Orphans' Court begun and held at Carlisle, for Cumberland county on Tuesday the 14th day of December, A. D. 1841, before the Hon. Samuel Hepburn, President, and John Stuart and John Leffer, Esqrs., Associate Judges of the same court, assigned, &c.; the following proceedings were had, to wit:—Upon the petition of Wm. Nevill, Esq., Adm'r. de bonis non, &c., of Elizabeth Hunter dec'd., Rescued by the Court, that he has settled his account of the estate of said decedent and is now ready to pay over the balance found in his hands as per his return to the Court. He therefore prays your Honor to permit him to resign his office and trust as Adm'r. as aforesaid: Now, to wit, 14th December 1841, Rule to show cause by next stated Orphans' court why the Administrator should not be permitted to resign. Notice to be given in two newspapers for three weeks.

By the Court. Cumberland County ss. I, W. FOULK, Clerk of C. C. do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of Record. Witness my hand and seal of said Court at Carlisle, 17th December, 1841.

W. FOULK, CLK. O. C. LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office at Carlisle, January 1, 1842.

Enquiries will please be advertised. Arnold Robert, Mrs. Anna Mrs. Angely Renwick, Annor Genl Edward, Allen Mrs Hannah, Armstrong Joseph, Esq, Bricker Benjamin, Bates James C, Bittice William H, Bank Mrs Jane, Brown Ann Mrs, Blackburn Cato, Harris John Mrs, Bonwill Edith, Esq, Bowland John D, Esq, Brandt Henry, Brewster Jacob, Brown E F, Buchanan Arthur, Corman George, Clemans John, Cornum Jonathan, Crumley Peter, Cleper Joseph, Cornum Ann, Cornum Robert, Corothers Matthew L, Digges John 2, Duke John Jr, Davidson Elizabeth Mrs, Fildis Edith Mrs, Foster William H, Gamber Peter, Gresson William, Hensley Samuel, Hensley Henry B, Harman Mary Ann Mrs, Hensley George, Honner John, Henwood William, Hoffman John W Rev, Hickens B H, Humes Ann Mrs, Hiles William H, Irvine Edger, Jackson Joseph, Kinsinger George, Krens Jacob, Lewis John, Linn Ann B Mrs, Morrell James F, Miller William H, Esq, Miller Joseph, Mark Abraham, Moudy Mary Mrs, Clark Bayard Esq, Holmes B S Dr, Kearney P J, Leat 2, Turnbull Thomas, Green William.

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LAST NOTICE. All persons indebted to the estate of Jacob Goodhart, of Westmoreland county, deceased, either by Bond, Note, or Book account, are requested to call and settle their respective accounts on or before the 15th of January next, as after that time the books and papers will be left with the assignee for collection. No longer indulgence shall be given. W. M. PALM.

STRAY STEER. CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, about the first day of November, 1841; a BLACK STEER. Said steer about seven months old; hind legs white, has one white spot in the forehead, and a hole in each ear. If the owner is desirous to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. JOSEPH BRANDT. Monroe tp., January 5, 1842.—St.

TO LET. FROM THE FIRST DAY OF APRIL NEXT, the rooms in the occupancy of Doctor IRVIN as an office. For terms apply at the adjoining house. Carlisle, January 5, 1842.

At a stated Orphans' Court begun and held at Carlisle, for Cumberland county on Tuesday the 14th day of December, 1841, before the Hon. Samuel Hepburn, President, and John Stuart and John Leffer, Esqrs., Associate Judges of the same court, assigned, &c.; the following proceedings were had, to wit:—

In the case of the will of Parvill and Valuation on the Real Estate of JOHN SHERRIFF, dec'd., Now to wit 14th December 1841, Inquisition confirmed, and the Rule on the Heirs to appear on the first day of next stated Orphans' court, and accept or refuse to accept of the said estate at the valuation.—The Court order and direct personal notice to be given to all persons interested residing within forty miles of Carlisle, and public notice to be given in two newspapers in Carlisle to those interested residing beyond forty miles of Carlisle.

By the Court. Cumberland County ss. I, W. FOULK, Clerk of C. C. do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of Record. Witness my hand and seal of said Court at Carlisle, 17th December, 1841.

January 5, 1842.—At the Store of CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, Jan. 12, 1842.

Caps! Caps! Caps! Just received an extensive assortment of Otter, Fur Seal, Hair Seal, Ceylon and Cloth Caps, which will be sold at reduced prices by CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

Cassimeres & Vestings. Just received a large assortment of the very latest styles—at exceedingly low prices. CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

GUM SHOES of all kinds just received and for sale at the Store of CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg, January 12, 1842.

At a stated Orphans' Court begun and held at Carlisle, for Cumberland county on Tuesday the 14th day of December, A. D. 1841, before the Hon. Samuel Hepburn, President, and John Stuart and John Leffer, Esqrs., Associate Judges of the same court, assigned, &c.; the following proceedings were had, to wit:—Upon the petition of Wm. Nevill, Esq., Adm'r. de bonis non, &c., of Elizabeth Hunter dec'd., Rescued by the Court, that he has settled his account of the estate of said decedent and is now ready to pay over the balance found in his hands as per his return to the Court. He therefore prays your Honor to permit him to resign his office and trust as Adm'r. as aforesaid: Now, to wit, 14th December 1841, Rule to show cause by next stated Orphans' court why the Administrator should not be permitted to resign. Notice