HERALD & EXPOSITOR.

E PLURIBUS UNUM.

Carlisle.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1841.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN BANKS,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

Standing Committee.

The Democratic Whig Standing Committee of Cumberland county, will meet on Tuesday the 13th day of April, at 1½ o'clock, P. M., at the house of C. Macfarlane, in the Borough of Carlisle. Business of importance will be submitted. The following persons compose the committee.

Nicholas Urich, Dr. Larae Lener, Allen; Dr. John J. Myers, Wm. M. Porter, Carlisle; James Weakley, Wm. Gilleland, Dickinson; Simon Oyster, Jacob Rupp, East Pennsborough; Daniel Lecky, David Bloser, Frankford; Wm. W. Boyd, Jacob Hefflebower, Hopewell; Samuel J. Miller, John Brandt, Monroe; Samuel J. McCormack, Jacob Wagoner, Mifflin; Robert Wilson, George Singizer, jr. Mechanicsburg; Henry Breneman, Lewis Young, New Cumberland; John Dunfee, Joseph McDarmond, Newville; Thomas D. Urie, Jacob Hershey, North Middleton; Isaac Koontz, Charles Brewster, Newton; David Mahon, sr., Robert Stuart, Shippensburg Borough; John Raum, Elias Hough, Shippensburg township; Robert S. McCune, Michael Ziegler, Southampton; Peter McGlaughlin, Isaac Cauffman, South Middleton; Christian Caufman, John Martin, Silver Spring; Lewis H. Williams, Capt. Wm. G. Davidson, West Pennsborough.

WM. M. PORTER, Ch'r.

To Correspondents.

We have received several answers to the enigma—they are all correct.

Mr. McD.'s favor from Lycoming county is acknowledged; also Mr. C.'s, of Hoguestown.

☞ We owe an apology to our subscribers at Mount Rock, Stoughstown, and on the Walnut Bottom Road, for the delay of our last paper. Owing to the lateness of the hour at which we received our supply of paper, and some unavoidable accidents, we were unable, with all our exertions, to get it ready in time to meet the mails. We will endeavor in future to be more punctual.

Paper Manufactory.—We are happy in being able to state that Mr. *William Mullen*, the enterprising and industrious proprietor of the "South Middleton Paper Manufactory," has fitted up that establishment in a handsome manner, with entire new machinery, where he is now manufacturing machine printing paper of an excellent quality. The paper upon which the present number of the "Herald & Expositor" is printed is of Mr. M.'s manufacture; and we consider it a much superior article to that which we have had in use for the last few months. We trust that the enterprising manufacturer will meet with the encouragement he deserves.

Tide Water Canal Notes.—We see it stated in some of our exchanges, that these notes are again in circulation. We caution our friends against receiving them. They are probably forced into circulation by shavers, in order that they may reap a handsome profit in the shape of discounts. Last fall they cried them *down*, and then bought them *up*, at an enormous profit.—Tide Water Canal and Franklin Rail Road notes are "*no go*."

☞ C. F. Mitchell, late a representative in Congress from the 33d Congressional District of New York, has been guilty of forgery to a large amount, and fled to Texas. He will probably become an important public character *there*. Before his departure, he addressed a letter to the editors of the New York Courier & Enquirer, wherein he stated his determination not to be taken alive. Roguery in high life appears to be the order of the day.

Temperance.—The march of Temperance is onward. From all parts of our own happy and favored land—from England, Scotland, Ireland, Continental Europe, and the Sandwich Islands—we have the most cheering intelligence. Millions "have thrown the bowl aside," and ceased to be drunkards. Ireland is rapidly "repealing the union" between man and drunkenness; and ere long the inhabitants of that beautiful Isle will become as celebrated for sobriety, as they once were for its reverse. Father Matthew, the Apostle of Temperance in Ireland, has done wonders, and has succeeded, indeed, in making the laboring population of that country "the finest pisanthry in the world." Nor are the Catholic Priests in the United States idle. Every where they are preaching Temperance and administering the pledge; and we are pleased to hear that their efforts have been crowned with great success. St. Patrick's Day was celebrated in our cities and large towns on strictly temperance principles.

"All Fool's Day."—Thursday last (April 1st,) was "All Fool's Day," and a busy and important one it was in our borough. The idle wags, who had "nothing else to do," amused themselves with playing tricks upon the credulous and unsuspecting; whilst the more industrious were busily employed in effecting a change of residence. From an early hour in the morning until late at night, the streets were thronged with carts, wagons, and other vehicles, filled to the top with the *plunder* of those who were eagerly deserting their *old homes* to make their fortunes in new ones. Here might be seen men, women, and children, carrying heavy burdens, anxiety depicted in their countenances, hurrying along, and jostling all with whom they met. It was truly a *moving* spectacle, and exhibited forcibly the proneness of the American people to change. However, those who have changed their residences have our best wishes for their success in business and life.

We may as well mention here, for the information of our country friends, that *we* still continue to "hold forth" at the *Old Stand*, in the rear of the Court House, where subscriptions, advertisements, money, &c., will be "thankfully received."

☞ Walter Forward, Esq. of Pittsburgh, has accepted the appointment of 1st Comptroller of the Treasury. The Pittsburgh Gazette, in announcing this appointment, says:—"Domestic manufactures will, in him, have an efficient friend, instead of an opponent who preceded him."

THE BANK BILL.

The Governor has not as yet given any intimation as to the course to be pursued by him relative to the Bank Bill. He has had it nine days. If he allows another day to pass without returning it with his objections, it becomes a law without his approval.

Since the above was in type, we learn verbally from Harrisburg, that the Governor would send to the Legislature to-day a message vetoing the Bank Bill.

☞ As some of the Locofoco papers are hunting up popularity for Com. Stewart, we will endeavor to assist them. Whether the gallant Commodore was born in a *Log Cabin* or not we are unable to say; but we have heard it stated that he was once a "*Cabin-boy*" on board a ship. So, gentlemen, we guess he'll do. Trot him out.

☞ The *Volunteer* frequently endeavors to convey the impression that the "New-York Herald" is a Whig paper. If the Herald is any thing in politics, it is certainly *locofoco*; as its editor was formerly conductor of the "Pennsylvanian," about whose orthodoxy there can be no dispute. The Herald is, in fact, a plague spot upon the press of this country, and has been denounced by Whig and Locofoco as a press "which panders to the vitiated taste of the depraved and vulgar." It has been lately presented by the Grand Jury of N. York as a nuisance; and on the whole we know not a more reckless and unprincipled sheet in the Union. What a beautiful source the Volunteer has chosen from which to glean public opinion.

☞ On the appearance of President Harrison's Inaugural, the Volunteer pronounced it a "well-written document."—*Now*, however, it quotes Bennett's Herald to prove that it is *not* a "well-written document." The editor, probably, has not much confidence in his own judgment.

General Thos. C. Miller.—We have heard that General Miller, one of the State Senators from this district, during his late visit to Carlisle, declared that in voting against the Bank Bill, he did not give expression to his own sentiments, but that he thought that in so doing he was carrying out *the will of his constituents!* If this be true, we would respectfully inquire of the General whom he considers as *his* constituents? Does he acknowledge the *whole people* as forming his constituency, or does he bow in reverence to the will of the little clique in this borough who manage the affairs of his party? Is he not, as a Senator, sworn to perform the duties of his office according to the dictates of his own judgment, regardless of the "denunciations" of interested party leaders? The district which the General represents (or rather misrepresents,) is composed of the counties of Franklin, Cumberland, and Adams, which gave, at the last Presidential election, a Harrison majority of over sixteen hundred! Truly this is "carrying out the will of his constituents" in an admirable manner! General Miller, we believe, is disposed to do right; but, like the man who guides the helm of state, he lacks that moral courage—that high and fixed determination to do his duty to the people as an *independent* representative—without which characteristics a district had better be left unrepresented.

Who acts as President?

As this is a question hourly put, we publish the provision of the Constitution.

Section 6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President; and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, *both of the President and Vice President*, declaring what officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a President shall be elected.

It will be seen that the duties and powers of the office, devolve on the Vice President. There is an opinion amongst a few, that Congress may provide for a new election. This, it seems to us, is incorrect. The meaning of the article appears to be, that *only* in case of the death &c. of *both* the President and Vice President can Congress act. There is no provision of the Constitution, neither is there any law which authorizes Congress to order a new election in any event. By an act of Congress 1st March, 1792, sec. 9. In case of the death, &c. *both* of the President and Vice President, the president of the Senate pro tempore shall act, &c. By act of 26th March, 1804. Whenever the offices of President and Vice President shall *both* become vacant, the *Secretary of State* shall forthwith cause a notification to be made to the Executive of every State, specifying that electors shall be chosen in the several states, &c. at the usual time of election, in November.

So then John Tyler is now the President of the United States, and will continue in office, for the whole term for which General Harrison was elected. In case of his death, Mr. Webster, or whoever is Secretary of State, will have to order a new election; Congress has nothing to do with the matter.

We may be mistaken, but the matter seems to us to be very clear.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

In the Senate.—On Monday 29th inst. the nomination of Judge Burnsides, as president Judge of the 7th judicial district, was confirmed. Mr. Brown's bill, for the election of canal commissioners, was passed through committee of the whole. On Wednesday the bill for the election of County treasurers, was finally passed.—On Thursday Mr. Fegely presented two petitions from citizens of Berks county, asking for a reduction of the salaries of county commissioners. On Friday 2nd April, another bill was returned vetoed by Governor Porter; it granted power to the authorities of the townships of Kingsessing and Tinicum Delaware county, to erect an embankment to prevent inundation from certain marsh lands; this it appears our excellent Governor would not allow.

In the House of Representatives.—On Tuesday the 30th inst., the bill from the Senate extending the charter of the Northampton Bank, passed final reading by a vote of 64 to 16. The first section of the bill, providing for the relief of the contractors on the Gettysburg railroad, passed second reading by a vote of 41 to 33.—The resolution relative to the final adjournment, was taken up and after a long debate, the 19th of April was fixed upon. On Wednesday, Mr. Cox presented the remonstrance of citizens of Cumberland county, against increasing the compensation of county Commissioners. Mr. Miles from the Judiciary committee, in reference to abolishing the office of Secretary of the Land office, and transferring the duties to the Surveyor General, reported that it was inexpedient, without changing the whole system under which the Land office has heretofore been conducted, the two offices being mutual checks on each other. The bill for the relief of the contractors on the Gettysburg railroad, was finally passed, yeas 39, nays 29. On Thursday, the law relating to tavern licenses, passed on the 27th March 1841, was suspended in its operations until 1st December 1941, by a vote of 68 to 12. On Friday, the bill to establish a uniform mode for the valuation of property, and the assessment of taxes for State purposes, came up on third reading, and was passed finally by a vote of 54 to 27. The resolution for the amendment of the State Constitution, which limits the term of the Governor's office to three years out of twelve consecutive years, passed second reading by a vote of 73 to 8. The Governor sent in a message giving his reasons for the rejection of the bill relative to the Chester county Prison, the vote was taken and the bill lost 44 ayes to 32 nays, not being two-thirds.

Hon. Francis Granger.—This gentleman, in a very neat and appropriate letter to his constituents, has resigned his seat in the 27th Congress. Mr. Granger is much beloved by the people of his district, as his repeated elections will testify; and although they cannot but feel gratified at his elevation to a Cabinet Office, they will nevertheless lose the services of a talented and industrious member of Congress. Mr. Granger will make an excellent Postmaster General.

Commodore Charles Stewart.—Certain of the Locofoco papers are making a desperate attempt to bring forward Commodore Stewart as their candidate for the Presidency in 1844. A similar attempt was made in 1838, but it failed. Great exertions were at that time made use of by the printers of the Keystone paper to produce a certain degree of popularity for the Commodore, with a view of securing him a nomination for the contest of 1840. On the 4th of July, 1838, the Commodore made his appearance in Harrisburg, tricked out in full uniform; and, if we were correctly informed at the time, a motion was made to admit him into the Porter convention as a member, which motion *was lost!*

Death of President Harrison.

Most of our readers have no doubt by this time heard the melancholy news of the death of President HARRISON. It arrived in Carlisle on Sunday evening. As every thing which we could wish to say, will be found in an article from the Philadelphia Inquirer, which we give below, we refer our readers to it. No event since the death of Washington has caused such general grief.

A National Calamity!

DEATH OF

GEN. WM. H. HARRISON,

Late President of the U. States.

We are called upon to record a national calamity of the most painful character, and one which will touch and agitate the hearts of the millions who inhabit this Union.—Gen. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, the Hero, the Patriot, the Sage, who had just been called by his grateful and confiding countrymen to preside over the destinies of the Republic, and whose inauguration had been consummated but a single month, departed this life at an early hour yesterday morning, full of years, full of honors, with a mind calm, resigned, and imbued to the last with the purest principles of patriotism. This painful event will plunge the nation in tears. Foes as well as friends will now join in honest tribute to his memory, while his name and his fame, his services and his character, will go down to posterity side by side with those of the immortal Father of his Country. In this city, the intelligence, although not altogether unexpected, produced the strongest sensation, and spread a deep gloom over the whole community. And yet it is our duty as men and Christians, to bow in a proper spirit to the decrees of an All-wise Providence.

We annex the official announcement of the melancholy event:

An all-wise Providence having suddenly removed from this life, WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, late President of the United States, we have thought it our duty, in the recess of Congress, and in the absence of the Vice President from the seat of government, to make this afflicting bereavement known to the country, by this declaration, under our hands.

He died at the President's House, in this city, this fourth day of April, Anno Domini, 1841, at thirty minutes before 1 o'clock in the morning.

The People of the United States, overwhelmed, like ourselves, by an event so unexpected and so melancholy, will derive consolation from knowing that his death was calm and resigned, as his life has been patriotic, useful, and distinguished; and that the last utterance of his lips expressed a fervent desire for the perpetuity of the constitution, and the preservation of its true principles. In death, as in life, the happiness of his country was uppermost in his thoughts.

DANIEL WEBSTER,
Secretary of State.
THOMAS EWING,
Secretary of the Treasury.
JOHN BELL,
Secretary of War.
J. J. CRITTENDEN,
Attorney General.
FRANCIS GRANGER,
Postmaster General.

We are overwhelmed with sorrow at the painful news brought us by last evening's mail from Washington. General Harrison sleeps with his fathers. The whole nation will be astounded at this unexpected dispensation of Providence. But a short week ago, and he was surrounded by his friends in full health and vigor, and now his body is about to be carried to the house appointed for all living. Oh, how quickly does the swift messenger track our footsteps, and keep his death-watch upon us, till he bears us off in his resistless embrace.

Vice President Tyler has been sent for to take upon him his new duties of President of the United States, in consequence of the demise of General Harrison. The President and his new Cabinet were proceeding most harmoniously and successfully in the execution of their high duties, when the old General was called hence. It is supposed that Mr. Tyler, will be in Washington on Wednesday or Thursday, so that the administration will be in full operation in a few days. It is the opinion of our friends, that the same cordiality that characterized the late President and his Cabinet, will mark that of President Tyler, and of the distinguished men by whom he will be surrounded. The funeral of Gen. H. will take place early in the week.—Nothing of importance will be transacted by the Government in the meantime. The sorrow of the nation will be deep and afflicting at the loss of an old and beloved friend.—*Phila. Inquirer.*

Funeral of the President.

The following notice in reference to the funeral of the President, was issued yesterday at Washington:

Washington, April 4, 1841.

The circumstances in which we are placed by the death of our venerable chief magistrate, render it indispensable for us in the recess of Congress, and in the absence of the Vice President, to make arrangements for the funeral solemnities. Having consulted with the family and personal friends of the deceased, we have concluded that the funeral be solemnized on Wednesday the 7th inst. at 12 o'clock.

The religious services to be performed according to the usage of the Episcopal Church, in which church the deceased most usually worshipped. The body to be taken from the President's House to the Congress burying ground, accompanied by a military and a civic procession, and deposited in the Receiving Tomb.

The military arrangements to be under the direction of Major General Macomb, the General Commanding-in-Chief the Army of the United States, and Major General Walter Jones, of the militia of the District of Columbia.

Commodore Morris, the senior Captain in the navy now in the city, to have the direction of the naval arrangements.

The Marshall of the District to have the direction of the civic procession, assisted by the Mayors of Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, the Clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States, and such other citizens as they may see fit to call to their aid.

John Quincy Adams, Ex-President of the United States, members of Congress now in the city or its neighborhood, all the members of the Diplomatic body resident in Washington, and all officers of Government, and citizens generally, are invited to attend.

And it is respectfully recommended to the officers of Government that they wear the usual badge of mourning.

DANIEL WEBSTER,
Secretary of State.
THOMAS EWING,
Secretary of the Treasury.
JOHN BELL,
Secretary of War.
J. J. CRITTENDEN,
Attorney General.
FRANCIS GRANGER,
Postmaster General.

REPORT OF THE PHYSICIANS.

Washington, April 4, 1841.

Dear Sir: In compliance with the request made to us by yourself and the other gentlemen of the cabinet, the attending and consulting Physicians have drawn up the abstract of a report on the President's case, which I herewith transmit to you. Very respectfully, your obedient servant.

THO. MILLER.
Attending Physician.

To the Hon. D. Webster, Sec'y. of State.

On Saturday, March 27, 1841, President Harrison, after several days' previous indisposition, was seized with a chill and other symptoms of fever. The next day Pneumonia, with congestion of the liver and derangement of the stomach and bowels, we ascertained to exist. The age and debility of the patient, with the immediate prostration, forbade a resort to general blood-letting. Topical depletion, blistering, and appropriate internal remedies, subdued, in a great measure, the disease of the lungs and liver, but the stomach and intestines did not regain a healthy condition. Finally, on the 3d of April, at 3 o'clock P. M., profuse diarrhœa came on, under which he sank, at thirty minutes to 1 o'clock, on the morning of the fourth.

The last words uttered by the President, as heard by Dr. Worthington, were these: "Sir, I wish you to understand the true principles of the Government. I wish them carried out. I ask nothing more."

THO. MILLER, M. D.,
Attending Physician.
FRED. MAY, M. D.,
N. W. WORTHINGTON, M. D,
J. C. HALL, M. D.,
ASHTON ALEXANDER, M. D.,
Consulting Physicians.

TOWN MEETING.

A meeting of the citizens of Carlisle convened at the Court House, on Tuesday evening the 6th instant, to take measures preparatory to a suitable expression of public feeling in relation to the death of the President of the United States.

Dr. GEORGE D. FOULKE was called to the chair, John Gray, Wm. Irvine, R. Angney, and John Phillips, were appointed Vice Presidents; and *Robert Cameron*, General *Willis Foulk, Jas. Noble*, and *William Gould* Secretaries.

Messrs. Durbin, Gaullagher, and McClintock addressed the meeting in a very feeling and appropriate manner.

The following resolutions offered by Mr. William M. Porter, were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the citizens of Carlisle having been informed of the death of the President of the United States, are deeply impressed with intelligence so unexpected and painful, and consider it a duty to his memory to give a public expression of their deep regret.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, whose duty it shall be, under the direction of this meeting, to make such arrangements as may be deemed necessary in commemorating a dispensation so afflicting to the American people.

The following persons were appointed said committee, viz: Messrs. President Durbin, Gen. W. Foulke, R. Parker, Dr. J. J. Myers, J. Harper, Esq., Capt. G. Ege, H. Gaullagher, Esq., C. Bell, Esq., Capt. S. Crop, Wm. M. Porter, Esq., J. Halbert, Col. G. McFeeley and Robert Irvine.

On motion—*Resolved*, That it be recommended to the citizens of Carlisle to close their stores and shops and suspend all business on to-morrow—that the several Volunteer corps be requested to have a discharge of cannon every half hour during the day; and that the bells of the different churches be tolled for five minutes after each discharge.

Resolved, That this meeting now adjourn to meet in the Court House on Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock to receive the report of the committee.

[Signed by the Officers.]

Stagnation of the Blood.—The repeated changes in the atmosphere, by acting as they do upon the consistence and quality of the blood, give occasion for the most fatal and malignant disorders. The blood from a state of health becomes stagnant and is plunged into a state of corruption.

Thus it loses its purity: its circulation is impeded; the channels of life are clogged; the bowels become costive, and if not an immediate attack of some malignant fever, headache, nausea, loss of appetite, and a general debility of the whole frame are sure to follow.

It requires the tempest and the tornado to bring about a state of purity in the ocean; when its waters become stagnant, and it will require repeated evacuation by the stomach and bowels before the blood can be relieved of its accumulated impurity.

Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills should be taken, then there will be no danger; because they purge from the stomach and bowels these humors which are the cause of stagnation, cleanse the blood from all impurities, remove every cause of pain or weakness, and preserve the constitution in such a state of health and vigor that casual changes cannot effect.

☞ For sale in *Carlisle* by GEO. W. HITNER, and in *Cumberland County* by Agents published in another part of this paper.

Sickness.

There are many persons that we daily behold whose countenance and frail trembling limbs denote affliction, which we find has principally originated from neglect of proper remedies at the commencement of sickness. At first the patient complains of *bile* on the stomach attended with *Sickness, Costiveness, &c.* he neglects to procure proper medicine; at length he complains of pain in the side and stomach with sour acrid eructations; his appetite becomes impaired; his rest troublesome, his mind harassed, and all things around him appear not in their proper station. He still neglects himself, when in all probability the disease may at length be so fast-seated, that no medical aid will replace him again. At the the first attack of sickness, there should be no time lost in procuring Dr. Hurlich's Compound Strengthening and German Aperient Pills, which immediately remove *bile* from the stomach, obviate costiveness, remove disorders in the head, invigorate the mind, strengthen the body, improve the memory, and enliven the imagination; thus restoring the body again to its proper functions.

Principal Office, No 19 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia.

For sale by Dr. J. J. Myers & Co., Carlisle; and Wm. Peal, Shippensburg, Pa.

Interesting Cure,

Performed by Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Prunus Virginiana, or Wild Cherry.

Having made use of this invaluable Syrup in my family, which entirely cured my child. The symptoms were wheezing and choaking of flegm, difficulty of breathing, attended with constant cough, spasms, convulsions, &c. of which I had given up all hopes of its recovery until I was advised to make trial of this invaluable medicine. After seeing the wonderful effects it had upon my child, and concluding to make the same trial upon myself, which entirely relieved me of a cough that I was afflicted with for many years. Any persons wishing to see me can at my house in Beach street, above the market, Kensington.

J. WILCOX.

This medicine is now in general use in nearly all the respectable families in the Union. Children take it readily. There is not the least doubt but it has saved the lives of *Thousands*. A letter from the Rev. Mr. Jackson may be seen at No. 41, St. Clair St. Pittsburgh, near the Allegheny Bridge.

For sale by Dr. J. J. Myers & Co., Carlisle; and Wm. Peal, Shippensburg, Pa.

Proofs,

Of the efficacy of Dr. Paris' Soothing Syrup.

Dear Sir—It is with pleasure that I send you these few lines informing you of the astonishing effects your Syrup produced on my suffering infant.—When at the age of seven months, the gums began to swell, which produced severe pains with sudden fits of crying, spasms, &c. A physician was called in who lanced the gums, and prescribed medicine (which increased the pain) but to no effect. After all attempts to relieve the "little sufferer," proved in vain, a friend of mine pointed to me an advertisement in one of the public prints, of your invaluable Soothing Syrup for "Children Cutting Teeth."—Being so highly recommended I was induced to send to Philadelphia, for a bottle to "test its virtues."—On receiving the medicine I immediately applied it according to direction on the bottle, which I am happy to inform you that the good effect was immediately perceived; the child rested well all night. In the morning the pain resumed, which I subdued by the frequent use of the Syrup. I used one bottle and sent for the second. Since that time my child has recovered. I feel fully assured that the Syrup is a valuable medicine for children, when cutting teeth, and recommended every family to procure it where there are young children.

MRS. E. COHEN

Germantown, Feb. 15, 1840.

Principal Office, No. 19 North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

For sale by John J. Myers & Co., Carlisle; and Wm. Peal, Shippensburg, Pa.

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening, the 18th of March last, by Jacob Kirk, Esq., Mr. JOSEPH STEVENSON, of Cumberland county, to Miss ESTHER SHOWERS, of New Market, York county.

PROCLAMATION.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

DAVID R. PORTER,

Governor of the said Commonwealth,

To PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff of the County of Cumberland, Esquire, Sends Greeting:

WHEREAS a vacancy has happened in the representation of this State in the House of Representatives of the United States, in consequence of the death of William S. Ramsey, Esq. elected a member of the twenty-seventh Congress from the thirteenth Congressional District. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions in such case made by the constitution of the United States, and by the act of the General Assembly, passed the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, DAVID R. PORTER, being vested with the executive authority of the State of Pennsylvania, have issued this writ, hereby commanding you the said Paul Martin to hold an election in the said county of Cumberland, on Tuesday the 4th of May for choosing a representative of this Commonwealth, in the House of Representatives of the United States, to fill the vacancy which has happened as aforesaid; and you are hereby required and enjoined to hold, and conduct the said election and make a return thereof in the manner and form as by law is directed and required.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg this 30th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth the sixty-fifth.

By the Governor.

H. PETRIKEN, Deputy Secretary, of the Commonwealth.

In pursuance of the above writ, I PAUL MARTIN, High Sheriff of Cumberland county, do hereby give public notice that an election will be held in said county, on

Tuesday the 4th of May,

for a representative in Congress, occasioned by the death of the Hon William S. Ramsey.

And the several Judges and Inspectors, (with the clerks appointed by them,) who were elected on the 10th of March, are required to attend and perform at the said election the several duties enjoined on them by law.

And the return judges of the several election districts of Cumberland county, are hereby required to meet at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, on Friday next after the said election, at 11 o'clock, A. M., with certificates of the election in their districts.

Given under my hand at Carlisle, this 1st day of April, A. D. 1841, and the sixty-fifth year of American independence.

PAUL MARTIN.

CHANGE OF POSITION!

UNION HOTEL,

CARLISLE, PA.

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the citizens of this county, that he has removed to the well-known Tavern Stand, on the North-West corner of South Hanover and Pomfret streets, recently occupied by George Beetem, Esq.; where he is prepared to accommodate, in first rate style, all those who may favor him with their custom.

The HOUSE is large and commodious, and is fitted up and furnished in a style of elegance and comfort unsurpassed by any house in the borough.—As it is situated in a central and pleasant part of the town, it is very convenient for business men and travellers.

His TABLE will constantly be supplied with the best the market can afford—and his

BAR with the very best of liquors.

DROVERS will find it their interest to stop with him, as his STABLE is ample, and a careful and experienced Ostler will always be found in attendance.

☞ BOARDERS will be taken by the week, month, or year.

WM. S. ALLEN.

Carlisle, April 7, 1841.—tf.

George Ferree,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

BRANDYWINE SPRINGS.

Would inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the MADISON HOUSE, No. 39 North Second street, Philadelphia, and solicits a continuance of the patronage so liberally extended to that establishment.

Brandywine Springs will be opened for the reception of Company on the 10th of June; persons wishing to engage Rooms, will please to call at the Madison House, Philadelphia.

G. FERREE, Proprietor.

April 7, 1841.—8m

BEETEM'S HOTEL.

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs his customers and the public in general, that he has removed to that large and commodious establishment on the North-west corner of the Public Square, late the property of Thomas C. Lane, which he has fitted up in a very superior manner as a

PUBLIC HOUSE,

and where he is prepared to furnish all who may favor him with their custom with the very best accommodations.

This Hotel, from its central location, is very convenient for business men; and being near the stopping place of the Cars on the Rail-road, it will also furnish Travellers with a ready place of rest and refreshment. The ROOMS are large and airy; the TABLE will always be well supplied with the best the markets can afford; the BAR with the best of Liquors; the charges will be reasonable, and nothing shall be left undone on the part of the subscriber to merit a share of public patronage.

BOARDERS will be taken by the week, month, or year.

☞ Commodious Stabling attached to the establishment, and an attentive Ostler always ready to attend to that department.

GEORGE BEETEM.

Carlisle, April 7, 1841.—tf

NOTICE.

The best BEEF in the Carlisle Market at NOBLES' Stalls, will be sold at *six and one-fourth cents per pound*, veal and mutton in proportion, for cash.

JOHN NOBLE & CO.

April 7, 1841.—3t*

BOARDING.

FOUR YOUNG MEN can be accommodated with good Boarding and convenient rooms, in a pleasant part of the borough. For further particulars inquire at this office.

Carlisle, April 7, 1841.

Castner, Christian & Curran,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 76 South Wharves, Philadelphia.

OFFER their services to the Millers, Distillers and Dealers, as Commission Agents for the sale of Flour, Grain and other kinds of Produce.—From their advantageous location and experience in the business, they flatter themselves they will be able to render entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with consignments. They will be prepared at all times to make the customary advances on goods committed to their charge.

They have received the Agency of the Susquehanna Transportation Line, (via Tide Water Canal,) and are prepared to receive and forward Merchandize of every description, for the Juniata, Cumberland and Susquehanna Valleys. The Line will be composed of new decked Canal Boats, and will be towed by steam between this city and Havre de Grace, and proceed up the Canal without transhipments. They will run day and night, and goods will be delivered in the shortest possible time.

Apply to

CASTNER, CHRISTIAN & CURRAN,
No. 76 South Wharves, Philad.
WEAVER & MILLER,
Harrisburg.

Philad. April 7, 1841.—5m

FOX & CURRAN,

WILL CONTINUE THE

Forwarding and Produce Commission Business,

at the old stand in Broad above Race street, Philadelphia.

April 7, 1841.—3m

NEW HARDWARE AND

VARIETY STORE.

The subscribers have opened a general assortment of new goods, (in the Room lately occupied by Messrs. Hamilton & Grier, on the south east corner of Hanover and Louther streets) consisting of

Hardware, Groceries, Paints,

OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS,

GLASS, &c. &c.

Having selected their goods with care, they are prepared to sell low. Those desirous of purchasing will find it to their advantage to give them a call.

BOSSERMAN & HUTTON.

Carlisle, March 31, 1841.—3t

The Celebrated Horse

WAKEFIELD

Will stand for service during the season, commencing on the 1st of April and ending on the 1st of July, as follows—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week, at Middlesex, and Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at the stable of Andrew Roberts, in Carlisle. The terms are $6 for the season, and $10 for insurance.

Any person parting with an Insured Mare before she is known to be with foal, will be held liable for the insurance.

Great care will be taken, but no accountability for accidents.

JOHN THOMPSON.

Carlisle, April 7, 1841.—3m

CAUTION!

NOTICE is hereby given, that any person cutting or carrying away timber, hoop poles, rails, or any other thing, on or from the Mount Holly Estate, without my authority in writing, shall be prosecuted as a trespasser, according to law; and all persons are cautioned against paying rents, except to myself, or to my written order, as there is no agent authorized by me to act in these matters, nor do I intend to appoint any.

WM. GRIMSHAW,
Attorney of the Farmers' Mt. Holly Estate.