

Poor-House Statement, For the year 1840.

John Dunlap, Samuel Eckels and Benjamin Peffer, Esqrs., Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment of Cumberland county, in account with said county, from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of December, 1840, inclusive, viz:

Table with columns for 'By payment on 14 Acres Land', 'Groceries, Merchandise, Hardware, Dry Goods', 'Cash paid for stock', 'Grain, Flour and Grinding', etc.

Balance due county, 1st January 1841 by Treasurer, (and since paid over to Jacob Squier, Esq., Treasurer), \$6370 59 1/2

James Loudon, Esq., Treasurer of the Poor House and House of Employment, of said county, in account with the Directors of said Institution, from the 1st day of January to the 1st day of December, 1840, inclusive.

Table with columns for 'By cash, paid orders as stated above', 'Balance due Institution, (and since paid over to Jacob Squier, Esq., Treasurer)', etc.

Balance due Institution, (and since paid over to Jacob Squier, Esq., Treasurer), \$6370 59 1/2

Stock on Farm 1st January, 1841. 6 head of Horses, 31 head of horn Cattle, 4 Calves, 6 Breeding Sows, 53 Shoats, 42 Sheep.

Beef, Pork, Veal and Mutton, fattened and killed on Farm, in 1840. 26 Beeves, average wt. 520 lbs. (1351 lbs.) 41 Hogs, average 200 lbs. (8200 lbs.) 18 Calves, average 68 lbs. (1212 lbs.) 10 Sheep, average 52 lbs. (9907 lbs.) making in all 23913 lbs.

Farming Utensils on Farm 1st January, 1841. Two narrow wheeled Wagons, 1 wagon Bed, 1 pair Wood Ladders, 2 pair Hay Ladders, 2 Sleds, 1 Dearbourne and Harness, 1 Cart and Gears, 4 Ploughs, 3 Harrows, 2 Cultivators, 7 Wheelbarrows, 1 Threshing Machine, 2 Fanning Mills, 2 Log Chains, 6 set of Wagon Gears, 4 set of Plough Gears, 2 Flax Brakes, 2 sets Carpenters Tools, 1 set Blacksmith Tools, 1 set of Butchering Tools, and a variety of Axes, Spades, Shovels, Grubbing Hoes, Digging Irons, Single Trees, Double Trees, Sythes, Cradles, Furks, Rakes, &c. and one set of Blowing Tools.

Schedule showing the Proceeds of the Farm for 1840. 935 bushels of Wheat, 800 of Oats, 370 of Corn, 210 of Potatoes, 47 loads of Hay, 5 of Cornfodder, 150 bushels of Apples, 36 of Onions, 6 of Seed Onions, 30 of Beets, 20 of Parsnips, 7 of Peas and Beans for saucy, 5 of Tomatoes, 1500 Cucumber Pickles, 1400 head of Cabbage, 18 barrels of good Cider, 11 barrels water Cider, 160 gallons of Apple Butter, 36 lb. of Heckled Flax, 2 bushels of Flaxseed, 1 bushel of Cloverseed.

Manufactured and made in the House and Shop. 66 yards Flannel, 40 of Bugging, 123 Shirts and Chinese, 88 Frocks, 78 summer Pants and Vests, 60 pair of Stockings knitted, 40 pair of Stockings footed, 200 Petticoats, 20 Sheets, 52 Aprons, 78 Caps, 10 Chaff-beds, 40 Pillows and Bolsters, 34 barrels of Soft Soap, 130 lbs. Hard Soap.

The Directors, &c., of said county, annex the following exhibit of extra labor &c., performed by the Steward, Matron and Paupers, from the 1st day of January to the 31st of December 1840, as follows:

27 coffins, 16 bedsteads, 28 pair woolen pantaloon and roundabouts, \$43 75 worth of shoemaking, \$60 12 worth of blacksmithing, quarried stone for 15 perch fence, made turnpike before the house, weatherboarded cells and horse power shed, made 6 troughs to feed cattle, 4 small barn doors, carpenter work for milk-house, 4 tables, 6 benches, door in cell entry, 12 spitting boxes, scale frame, a high boarded yard to keep insane paupers, painted the dry house, and the milk house, and the addition to the bake house, made 3500 rads, cut 250 cords wood, made 50 bushel baskets, 50 handle baskets and 15 small baskets.

The number of Paupers in the Institution, 1st January 1841, (of which 31 were Colored) are (and 3 out-door Paupers), 143

Number admitted up to 31st December, 1840, (of which 14 were colored) 8 out-door Paupers, and 6 born in the House, 180

Making the whole number through the year, 323

Of which 20 died, 15 children bound out, 172 discharged and run away, 7 out-door Paupers, 214

Leaving the number of Paupers in the House 1st January 1841, (of which 13 were colored), 109

Out-door Paupers supported at public expense through the year, 6

Whole number supported 1st January 1841, 115

Of those remaining in the Poor House 31st December 1840, there are males 71, (of which 7 are colored) 71

Females 38, (of which 6 are colored) 44

and 6 out-door Paupers, 115

There are as near as can be ascertained, under one year 5-2 from 1 to 5-1 from 10 to 20-5 from 20 to 30-14 from 30 to 40-20 from 40 to 50-20 from 50 to 60-20 from 60 to 70-12 from 70 to 80-10 from 80 to 90.

We, the Directors of the Poor and of the House of Employment of Cumberland county, certify the above and foregoing statement to contain a just and true exhibit of the affairs of the Institution during the period above stated, according to the best of our knowledge.

Given under our hands this 1st day of January, 1841. JOHN DUNLAP, SAMUEL ECKELS, BENJAMIN PEFFER, Directors.

We, the Auditors of Cumberland county, do certify, that having examined the accounts and vouchers of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of said county, from the 1st day of January to the 1st day of December, 1840, inclusive, do find a balance due said county, by the Directors of said Institution, of Five Hundred and Fifty two Dollars and Forty five cents, and we also certify that we find a balance due by James Loudon, Treasurer of said Institution, during said Term, to the Directors thereof, amounting to Five Hundred and Fifty two Dollars and Forty five cents, all of which is particularly set forth in the above stated accounts.

Given under our hands this 20th day of January, 1841. JOHN GLENDENIN, THOMAS H. BRITTON, Auditors. SAMUEL WILLIAMS.

GARDEN SEEDS. I have just received from D. Landreth, of Philadelphia, my spring supply of Garden Seeds. Warranted Fresh. S. ELLIOTT. Feb. 24, 1841.

Notice to Bridge Builders. The Commissioners of Cumberland county will receive proposals at the house of John Conman, Esq., in the borough of Carlisle, on Thursday the 16th of April next, between 9 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon, for the erection of a good and substantial Wooden Bridge, across the Conodoguinet creek, at Benjamin Eberly's ferry, in the township of East Pennsylvania, of the following dimensions: To wit: To contain in length from one abutment to the other two hundred and twenty feet, and eighteen feet wide in the clear, the abutments to be about fourteen feet thick each, there shall be two spans of 110 feet each, supported on good and substantial stone abutments and pier, the said abutments to be built in a sloping direction, with a regular slope, and about 14 feet high from the bottom of the creek, from whence wooden arches are to be started, and extended to the said pier in the center of said creek, the arches to be sprung about 10 or 12 feet in the center, the floor to be double floor with 1000 inch plank, the upper floor on and the lower yellow pine.

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We have been requested to announce that Mr. EPHRAIM CORNMAN (late one of the officers of the Volunteer), will be a candidate for the office of Town Clerk at the election on the 19th instant.

New Spring Goods. Just received from Philadelphia an assortment of the latest styles of Spring Goods.

Spring Goods. Of the newest style and fashion, splendid China Silks and Ribbons, Mouseline de Laines, Chintzes, Gloves, French worked Collars, &c.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tickings, Checks, &c. &c. All of which will be sold very low by the Subscriber at the old stand opposite S. Wanderlich's Hotel.

PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS the Hon. SAMUEL HEPPNER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in the 9th District, composed of the counties of Cumberland, Perry and Juniata, and the Hon. John Stewart and John Leffer, Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas in the county of Cumberland, have issued their precept, bearing date the 10th day of January, 1841, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at Carlisle, on the

Second Monday of April, 1841. (Being the 12th day of April next) in the forenoon: Notice is hereby given to the Citizens, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Cumberland, that they be and there in their proper persons, with their papers, examinations, and other remembrances, and those things which to their offices respectively appertain. And those who are bound by recognizance to prosecute against the prisoners, or to appear in the Jail of Cumberland county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Carlisle, the 10th day of March, 1841; and the 61st year of American Independence. PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff.

DISSOLUTION. The Co-partnership heretofore existing between JAMES BOAK and HENRY BRENNEMAN, trading under the name of "Boak and Brennan," is hereby dissolved on the 26th of February, 1841. All the debts due to the late firm are respectively requested to make payment on or before the 31st day of April next to Henry Brennan, at the old stand in New Cumberland, who is daily authorized to receive the same, where also all claims against said firm will be paid.

For sale by GEO. W. HITNER, in Cumberland County, by Agents published in another part of this paper.

From the Spirit of the Times. COMMUNICATION.—SEEK HEALTH AND ENJOY LIFE.—If you wish to retain the richest blessing of God, your health, preserve your food that your appetite becomes impaired, your bowels constipated or loose, remember—Dr. WALKER'S CELEBRATED MEDICINE.—Preserve them immediately, and use them according to directions, they will immediately remove these primary symptoms from the system. But if you neglect yourself, if they will form a habit, such as dyspepsia, liver complaints, jaundice, pain in the side, bilious affections, fevers, &c., which will certainly cure, but are attended with much distress. Dr. Walker's medicine will certainly cure all forms of the above mentioned diseases. The patient must however not conceive in the latter stages a cure can be effected in a few days or a week. If the medicine had been used at the very first attack, the disease could have been eradicated in much shorter time. The medicine must therefore be used strictly for a fortnight before much decided benefit will be realized.

MARKETS. BALTIMORE MARKETS. Baltimore, March 8, 1841. CATTLE—\$6.50 for good to \$8 per 100 lbs. for prime quality.

HOGS—\$5.50 to \$5.75 per 100 lbs. FLOUR—\$4.25 to \$4.37 1/2. WHEAT—\$2.50 per bushel. CORN—38 to 40 cents per bushel. OATS—23 to 27 cents per do. CLOVERSEED—\$4.00 to \$5.25 per do.

WHISKEY—Prices have been steady during the week at 20 cts. for hhd. and 22 for blb. The wagon price is 19 cents exclusive of the barrel.

MARRIED. On the 28th ult., by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. EMANUEL KURENS, of Martinsburg, Va., to Mrs. ELIZABETH PLATT, of Carlisle.

On the 4th inst., by the same, Mr. JOHN COWICK, to Miss HANNAH BIXLER, all of West Pennsylvania township.

DIED. In this borough, on Tuesday morning last, Mr. WILLIAM KEITH, at a very advanced age.

At his residence, in East Pennsylvania township, on the 5th instant, Mr. THOS. ALEXANDER, aged 57 years.

On Sunday last, at Kidderminster, the residence of the late James Givin, Esq., Mrs. MARGARET DUNBAR, aged about 82 years.

At the same place, on Tuesday morning next, after a severe illness, Mrs. ELIZA, wife of Dr. Giffen, of Columbia, Pa., and daughter of James Givin, Esq., on the 28th day of her age.

On the 4th inst., in North Middleton township, Mr. JACOB SHOMBAUGH, in the 46th year of his age.

At Pine Grove, of Bronchitis, on the 1st day of February last, Mrs. JANE EGE, consort of Mr. Peter Ege, aged 66 years, 8 months and 3 days.

NOTICE. Estate of Jacob Shombough, dec'd. LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Jacob Shombough, late of North Middleton township, Cumberland county, deceased, having been issued to the subscriber in due form, Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent, to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

MICHAEL FISHER, Executor. March 10, 1841.

NOTICE. Estate of James Givin, dec'd. LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of James Givin, late of South Middleton township, Cumberland county, deceased, having been issued to the subscriber in due form, Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said decedent, to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

SAMUEL GIVIN, Executor. ROBERT GIVIN, Executor. JACOB RITNER, Executor. March 10, 1841.

PROCLAMATION. PURSUANT to the provisions of the 3d section of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An act to establish a general system of Common Schools," passed the 9th day of April, 1834, I hereby give notice to all the citizens in the several school districts in the county of Cumberland, to meet in their respective townships and boroughs, at the places where they hold their elections for Supervisors, Town Council, and Constables, on the 12th day of March next, to elect their respective townships and boroughs, and three elect two Citizens of each School District, to serve three years as School Directors of said Districts respectively, which elections shall be conducted and held in the same manner as elections for Supervisors and Constables are by law held and conducted.

PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff. Carlisle, March 4, 1841.

HERALD & EXPOSITOR.



Carlisle. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1841.

We have occupied a large portion of our paper with the Inaugural Address of President Harrison. It is an able document—an official endorsement of his opinions, heretofore expressed on a variety of subjects.

We are indebted to the politeness of a friend at Meadville, Pa., for a copy of Judge Baldwin's address to the Literary Societies of Allegheny College.

We have extracted this week from the American Farmer, an article on the importance of using the Roller in farming. It is from the pen of our townsman, FREDERICK WATTS, Esq. If any of our farmers wish to take a paper devoted to Agriculture, we advise them to subscribe for the Farmer—it is the best publication of the kind in the country.

Some person has been imposing on the credulity of the Editors of the Harrisburg Telegraph. The last number of that paper contains a paragraph in relation to popular feeling in this county, and the proceeding of our County Convention, which is totally untrue in every particular; and we advise these gentlemen heretofore to look well to the source of their information—on this subject at least—before they give it publicity; as in this instance they have been led by the Harrisburg party of this county in a false position.

One of the last official acts of Mr. Van Buren was to appoint P. V. Daniel of Virginia Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Barbour. The appointment has been confirmed by the Senate.

Small notes are at a premium in Philadelphia in consequence of the scarcity of change. The people in the interior are suffering equally with those in the city.

The back building of Mr. Geo. Heckman, was burned down on Friday last; the fire we believe, was occasioned by running a stove pipe into the garret, for the purpose of smoking meat, and a large quantity of bacon was destroyed. Through the exertions of our Firemen, the front house was saved, although it was injured considerably by the indirect efforts of those, who are in the habit of such occasions of kicking the ash out of the windows, and then throwing the furniture into the street.

The PORTER CONVENTION. We learn by the Harrisburg papers, that this body met on the 4th inst. Henry W. Benson, of Fayette, was appointed President of the Convention, Governor Porter was the only person placed in nomination, which, however, was not unanimous—Dr. Sturgeon having received several votes.

A resolution was offered declaring the nomination unanimous, and after some discussion was withdrawn. The Convention adjourned on Friday, sine die, after having passed a series of resolutions, and an address, a part of which aimed at the United States Bank, forcibly illustrates the fabric of the living Ass, kicking the dead Lion.

Was not the regular candidate friendly to Mr. Strohm's nomination—and was not selected by the Pennrose clique to carry out the views of that leader, in the convention?—Volunteer.

As the editor of the Volunteer has come to the conclusion, that there is a feud in the Harrison party, and as his friends say, he has obstinately largely developed, we shall not put ourselves to much trouble in attempting to convince him of his error. But we think it somewhat impudent in a man, to put a question, when he states at the same time that he feels bound to disprove the answer. We know that the editor of the Volunteer does not wish to believe the truth in this case, but we think his readers do, we reply in answer to the first question, that so far from "the regular candidate being friendly to Mr. Strohm's nomination," we know, and we can prove—if necessary—that he stated both before and after his nomination, that "if Mr. Strohm was the candidate of the Harrison party he would not vote at all." Nor was he selected to carry out any views, other than such as will be calculated to elect as Governor, the nominee of the 10th of March Convention.

We shall not take time to answer the other questions drawn from the first, and as the editor is wrong in his premises, every thing connected therewith falls to the ground.

The Herald is without a locality as well as a head.—Volunteer.

The editor of the Volunteer should be careful how he speaks about heads; people might suspect that he feels the want of one; However, if the Herald is without a head, we know that it generally has a head.

The Herald must be particularly interesting to its readers of late. Its columns are generally filled with laudatory articles of Mr. Pennrose, to the exclusion of almost every thing else.—Volunteer.

By the way, the Volunteer once contained an article in relation to this gentleman, which, if not "particularly interesting to its readers," was rather interesting to the editor.

with which our relations are most intimate, a pleasing guaranty that the harmony so important to the interests of their subjects, as well as our citizens, will not be interrupted by the advancement of any one or pretensions upon their part to which our honor would not permit us to yield. Long the defender of my country's rights in the field, I trust that my fellow-citizens will not see in my earnest desire to preserve peace with foreign Powers any indication that their rights will ever be sacrificed, or on the honor of the nation be invaded, by any admission on the part of their Chief Magistrate unworthy of their former glory.

In our intercourse with our Aborigine neighbors, the same liberality and justice, which marked the course prescribed to me by two of my illustrious predecessors, when acting under their direction in the discharge of the duties of Superintendent and Commissioner, shall be strictly observed. I can conceive of no more sublime spectacle—none more likely to propagate an impartial and common Creator, than a rigid adherence to the principles of justice on the part of a powerful nation in its transactions with a weaker and uncivilized people, whom circumstances have placed in our power.

Before concluding, fellow-citizens, I must say something to you on the subject of the parties at this time existing in our country. To me it appears perfectly clear, that the interest of the country requires that the violence of the spirit by which those parties are at this time governed, must be greatly mitigated, if not entirely extinguished.

If parties in a Republic are necessary to secure a degree of vigour in the administration of the government within the bounds of law and duty, at least point their usefulness ends. Beyond that, they become destructive of public virtue, the parents of a spirit of anarchy, of the liberty, and eventually, its inevitable conqueror.

We have examples of Republics, where the love of country and of liberty, were at one time, the noblest passions of the whole mass of citizens. And yet, with the continuance of the name and forms of free government, not a vestige of these qualities remaining in the bosom of any one of its citizens. It was the beautiful remark of a distinguished English writer, that "in the Roman Senate Octavius had a party, and Antiochus had a party, but the Congress had no name." Let the Senate continue to meet in the Temple of Liberty, to talk of the sacredness and beauty of the Commonwealth, and gaze at the statistics of the cities Brutus and the Capitol and Decius. And the people assembled in the forum, not as in the days of Camillus and the Scipios, to cast their free votes for magistrates, or pass upon the merits of the Senate, but to receive from the hands of the leaders of the respective parties their share of the spoils, and to receive for one, or the other, as those collected in Great Britain, or the lesser Asia, would furnish the larger dividend.

The spirit of liberty had fled, and avoiding the shades of liberty, had sought protection in the wilds of Scythia or Senecia; and as, under the operation of the same causes and influences, it will fly from the Capitol and the Senate, a calamity will not only befall our country, but the world, must be depressed by every patriot; and every tendency to a state of things likely to produce it, immediately checked. Such a tendency has existed—does exist. Always the friend of my countrymen, never their flatterer, it becomes my duty to say to them from this and other points to which liberty has created me, that there exists in the land a spirit hostile to their best interests—hostile to liberty itself. It is a spirit contrived in its views, selfish in its object. It looks to the aggrandizement of a few, even to the destruction of the interest of the whole.

The cure remedy is with the people. Something, however, may be effected by the means which they have placed in my hands. It is upon that I want, not of a party for the sake of that party, but a union of the wisest and best of the country for the sake of the country—for the defence of its interests and its honor against foreign aggression, for the defence of those principles for which our fathers gave their blood and treasure. As far as it depends upon me, I shall be accomplished. All the influence that I possess, shall be exerted to prevent the formation at least of an Executive party in the halls of the Legislature.

I wish for the support of no member of that body in any measure of mine that does not satisfy his judgment and his sense of duty to his constituents. I hold his appointment, nor any confidence in advance from the people, but that asked for by Mr. Jefferson "to give firmness and effect to the legal administration of the laws."

I deem the present occasion sufficiently important and solemn to justify me in expressing to my fellow-citizens a profound gratitude for the confidence, the light, and a thorough conviction that sound moral, religious liberty, and a just sense of religious responsibility, are essential to the happiness and glory of our country; and that good being who has blessed us by the gifts of civil and religious freedom, who watch over and prosper the labors of our fathers, and has heretofore preserved our liberties far exceeding in excellence those of any other people, let us unite in fervently commending every interest of our country to the care of our Heavenly Father, who looks to the aggrandizement of a few, even to the destruction of the interest of the whole.

The following notice has been issued by the Committee of Arrangements TO THE FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE. We, the undersigned, have been appointed a Committee by the Washington Temperance Society of Baltimore, to make arrangements to celebrate the First Anniversary of said Society, to take place in Baltimore on MONDAY, the 4th April ensuing.

We expect on that day to give the death blow to intemperance in the city of Baltimore, and we cordially invite all Temperance societies and Temperance men throughout the United States, to participate with us on that occasion.

Then we say, come, one, come all, and assist us to raise high the Banner of Temperance, and wipe the foul blot of Intemperance from our beloved country.

Geo. K. Quill, James Bruce, Charles B. Purcell, Francis Gallagher, John Green, John Showers, Alex. Gaudes, Wm. A. Fisher, Anthony Helming, George Munroe, W. Mark, A. W. A. Fisher, Benj. Boswell, George Sumvall, Stephen Vanild, John W. Haggart, James Dunn, Robert M. Deam, James L. M. Pliny, John D. Morris, John Gallaway, Michael Culp, John W. Morris, Wm. Meeks, George Irvin. By order.

Papers throughout the country, and in relation to the Temperance cause, will please copy the above.

COMMUNICATION. We call the attention of the public to the numerous certificates, which have been in circulation in our paper and some others of this city, highly recommending Dr. Sway's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry; we have seen the original certificates, and have no doubt but they come from truly grateful hearts, expressing the benefits which they have received from that very valuable Compound. We have acquaintances who have frequently used the above medicine, who can speak with confidence of its virtues.—See Chronicle.

Principal Office, No. 19 North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

For sale by John J. Myers & Co., Carlisle, and Wm. Peal, Shippensburg, Pa.

INTERESTING INTELLIGENCE. To those who bring Children. Dr. Paris.—Dear Sir—I take this present opportunity of informing you of the wonderful effects of your invaluable Strychn Stray von Children's Extract. My child was first taken with a violent screaming and crying, attended with a dreadful bowel complaint. I sent for a physician, he came and he made me such a long and tedious lecture on the game. This I would not submit to, he then commended your invaluable "Soothing Strychn" which I procured at your office, No. 10 NORTH 11TH STREET, and I used it according to the directions. The effect was astonishing, the child went to sleep and recovered well all night. I continued to use it until it again, and continued it for several days, and it recovered immediately, and is healthy to this day. Happy would it be both for parents and little children if they could be made to understand the value of your medicine. I am sure that many would be no object in comparison with human suffering.

MRS. H. HOLMES. 37-B Principal Office for the sale of this invaluable medicine, is at No. 18 North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

Also, For sale by John J. Myers & Co., Carlisle, and Wm. Peal, Shippensburg, Pa.

U. S. BANK NOTES. Will be received by the subscriber at par, for all kinds of Merchandise, &c. Doing anxious to reduce my stock, I will sell goods at reduced prices for cash.

CHAS. OGILBY. Feb. 24, 1841.