

# Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, THE ARTS AND SCIENCES, AGRICULTURE, AMUSEMENT, & C. & C.

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## TERMS.

The "Carlisle Herald & Expositor," will be issued every TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at Two Dollars, per annum, payable in advance. ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates. Letters addressed to the editor, on business, MUST BE POST PAID, otherwise they will receive no attention.

## AGENTS.

The following named persons have been appointed Agents for the "Carlisle Herald & Expositor," to whom payment for subscription and advertisement can be made.

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## POETRY.

With sweetest flowers enrich'd,  
From various gardens culled with care.

For the Herald & Expositor.

The sky was clear, and opening morn,  
Was welcomed with resounding horn,  
Whose well known tones together drew  
The farmer's cheerful little crew.

Two thoughtless wights, a giddy pair,  
Renouncing toil and care,  
Acre before the dawn of day,  
And to the country trod their way.

Six miles were gained, (such miles as those  
Are long to him who loves repose),  
When these pedestrians, lame and sore,  
Walked up before the farmer's door.

"Good morning, Mrs. —, how 'ye do?"  
"Quite well I thank ye, how are you?"  
"Walk in—sit down—tell Susan, John,"  
"To haste and set the breakfast on."

Accosted thus, she thus replied:  
"There, then, to the harvest field,  
And soon, wide spreading o'er the ground,  
Think-gath'ring sheaves were strewn around."

From morn to night no murr'ning word  
Escaping from their lips, was heard  
Though sweat emerg'd from every pore,  
And every aching joint was sore.

"Why tolled they thus?"—the reason plain—  
"I was not to save the farmer's grain!"  
But he'd a daughter whose fair face,  
And form were fraught with matchless grace.

She smiled—'twas halm to cheer the heart—  
She sighed—it heeded the sweet smart—  
She pined—it was a gift and wine,  
This power to soothe almost divine.

Thus did old Jacob till the soil,  
With fourteen years' incessant toil,  
Ere Laban's rumping lass he took,  
Sweet Rachel with her Shepherd's crook.

But now the farmer's work is o'er,  
His sounding sheaf is heard no more;  
Come men and merry maidens, come,  
Let's have a jolly harvest home.

## THE BRIDE.

Oh! take her—she is whilthy thing—  
The vows which you have spoken,  
To love and cherish her through life—  
Oh! may they ne'er be broken!

Remember, she forsakes for thee,  
Kindred, and friends, and home—  
The scenes of childhood's sportiveness,  
O'er the wide world to roam!

Oh! take her—she is all thine own—  
To thee her heart is all brought,  
Nor deems the time an even day,  
When for thy sake she'll fight!

But if succeeding years should prove,  
That she has judged amiss!  
How can she look or think in thee,  
Who thus hath marr'd her bliss?

But still hope 'twill never be,  
That she'll have cause to weep,  
Until death's arm shall lay thee low,  
In the still grave to sleep.

And that you ne'er will blast the hopes,  
Raised in her fond young heart!  
But guard her like a tender flower,  
Till ebbing life depart!

"The Irredeemable Party."  
The only paper in circulation not controlled by SPECIE at the place where issued, will be the "Herald & Expositor," published by Gov. RITNER.

It is a just brand upon the hypocrisy of the present Administration of the Federal Government, that it is so unwisely charged by the Office Holders of the Government, with the "Irredeemable Party." The only irredeemable currency now afloat is that of the \$20,000,000 afloat for the President, passed by an Administration Congress, and now used by the Office Holders of the Federal Government. Thus the Administration which has all along denigrated the credit of the Banks, and whose organs pronounced the "yellow boys" out of the interest of the four silken purses, "swim up the Mississippi,"—now has for its currency "promises to pay,"—one year after date. POST NOTES, "Irredeemable Silver Dollars,"—while every body can have as much gold and silver as they ask for, with their "Bank Rags" at the Banks—The Banks have resumed specie payments, and the Government has been put \$20,000,000 in debt. The destroyer has become destroyed. The Pitt into which the Administration proposed to tumble others, it has tumbled itself. We suggest to Mr. Van Buren the propriety of suggesting in his next Message, the act of bankruptcy for his Administration of the Government, which he suggested in the Extra Session Message for the Bank—New York Express.

## THE HERALD.

### HURRAH FOR FRANK-FORD!

A meeting of the friends of Joseph Ritner was held at the house of John Hetrick, in Frankfort township, on Saturday afternoon the 8th inst. The meeting was composed of the yeomanry of the country, principally aged Germans, whose enthusiasm gave strong assurance that they are determined to show those who have insulted them by stigmatizing their Governor as a "damned old Dutch hog," that they will not desert the old wagoner. Several addresses were delivered, and responded to by the cheers of the multitude.

The meeting was organized by the appointment of Mr. JOHN MYERS, President.

SAMUEL KITTLEWELL,  
JOHN BROWN,  
ABRAHAM BOWMAN,  
HENRY SNYDER,  
JOHN MESSER,  
DAVID BOUGHWALTER,  
ANDREW OILER,  
JOHN BURGHOLDER,  
Vice Presidents;

George Miller,  
George Zinn,  
Isaac Shellabarger,  
Isaac Williams,  
Secretaries.

On motion, the following persons were appointed a committee to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting:—Daniel Leckey, Robt. Laird, John Winecoop, John Hetrick, Samuel Merkwert, Victor Shannon, Samuel Grayson, Samuel Bowers, and John McKeelam; who after retiring a short time reported the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, it is the right of the people, under the Constitution of our Government, freely to express their opinions of men and measures at all times respecting the administration of our government; and whereas, we consider the coming election as very important, both to our own state and to the Union; and whereas, Martin Van Buren has, long since, forfeited all claim to the confidence of the people, by declaring that the people might take care of themselves and the government would take care of itself, and having uniformly acted on that principle with an apparent design to change our government to aristocracy, and take into his own hands both the purse and the sword of the nation: Therefore be it

Resolved, That we cannot support Martin Van Buren for our next President; and as we consider the election of David R. Porter for our next Governor would be an approval of the acts and measures of Martin Van Buren, as they are, in principle, identically the same.

Resolved, That we will not support D. R. Porter for Governor, because we know of no qualifications that he possesses which fit him for the office; and because there is good reason to believe that he is an immoral and dishonest man; and because he is in favor of the Sub-Treasury Scheme and a Shin-plaster currency.

Resolved, That we will support the re-election of our present worthy Governor, Joseph Ritner, by all honorable means in our power, because he is a good governor, and an honest man; because he has managed well for the interest of the State—has made our public works productive—repealed the State Tax, &c.—considerably reduced the State Debt, and has put the Common School System on a good footing, giving equal chance of education to all, both poor and rich.

Resolved, That the conduct of the friends of Porter throughout the state in insulting the Governor on account of his descent, calling him "dutch hog," and representing his person on paper for the purpose of ridicule, is degrading to human nature, and shows the badness of the cause they espouse.

Resolved, That we highly approve of Governor Ritner's Specie Proclamation; already do we find that it is a reality, and not a humbug—already can every man find his good bank paper have gold or silver for it, not like the few pieces of Jackson gold that was shaken at our noses a few years ago, on election ground, so humbug us out of our votes.

Resolved, That we will use all honorable means to promote the election of the Ticket nominated by the friends of Joseph Ritner, on Wednesday the 5th instant.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the officers and published in the Carlisle Republican, the Herald and Expositor, and the German paper.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

MAKE ROOM FOR THE LOWER END!!!

Agreeably to notice, a meeting of the friends of Joseph Ritner was held in Shrewstown on Saturday the 8th of September. The meeting was organized by the appointment of LEVI MERKEL, Esq., President.

NICHOLAS DE GR,  
DANIEL SHREMAN,  
DANIEL ZARINO, Esq.,  
LEWIS SHELLEY, Senr.,  
JACOB RUFF, Esq.,  
BENJAMIN HOPKINS,  
JACOB LANDIS,  
Vice Presidents,  
Daniel S. Hamaker,  
Jacob Pipher,

Jacob Shelly,  
John S. Miller,  
I. D. Rupp,  
David Reichard,  
Secretaries.

On motion, a committee was appointed to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the meeting, viz: Joseph Mosser, Henry Rupp, Robert Wilson, George Sherborne, John Sadder, John Shelly, Jr.

During the time the committee retired to prepare resolutions, C. B. Penrose, Esq., was called on, and ably addressed the meeting, whose remarks were received with cheering and acclamations.

The Committee then reported the following resolutions:

Whereas, a crisis is approaching in the political history of our State when several important questions will have to be answered, shall we continue to enjoy the privileges which have so long been the boast of Pennsylvania—whether our rights of property are to be longer preserved? or whether the agrarian doctrines of foreign rulers are to be put in practice? whether we shall continue to enjoy the privilege of electing our state rulers, or whether we are to submit to have placed over us men—whose only recommendation is that they are the chosen puppets of the wire workers at Washington? whether we are to enjoy the benefits of a sound currency, or to have saddled upon us forever irredeemable promises to pay by our bankrupt national administration? whether we are to continue in office the chief magistrate of our State, whom we know to be honest, and who has shown himself in the highest degree capable of performing the duties of Governor of this commonwealth? or to remove him in order to place in the executive chair of Pennsylvania a man whose reputation for integrity is at best but doubtful, and the very idea of whose talents for government is ridiculous.

Therefore Resolved, That we believe it our duty to express in the most decided manner our disapprobation of the course of President Van Buren and the leading measures of his administration, knowing the former to be characterized by extravagance and corruption, and the latter to be fraught with danger to the interests of the commonwealth.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the election of David R. Porter, because he is the candidate of the Van Buren party, and is pledged to carry out all the hateful and dangerous measures of the Van Buren administration, and his election would be considered as an approval of his course.

Resolved, That in the Sub-Treasury Scheme we see a deep laid plot of designing politicians to fasten upon us a national bank of the worst description; one over which the President of the United States has the entire control; one which gives him the most unbounded means of bribery and corruption; one which gives his office-holders all the silver and gold, and which compels the people to make use of the wretched substitute called shin-plasters.

Resolved, That we glory in having such a man to support as Governor Ritner, who has always been the firm friend of Pennsylvania, and who has done more to advance her interests than any man since the days of his illustrious example Simon Snyder.

Resolved, That we cannot support David R. Porter, because we believe him totally incompetent to govern this great commonwealth; the public records of our legislature give no evidence of his good qualities as a statesman; he never succeeded in his profession; his name until his nomination was scarcely ever heard out of his own county; and the only reason for his nomination was that he was considered a fit and pliant tool for the hands of Martin Van Buren.

Resolved, That we have strong practical evidence of the Statesmanship of Governor Ritner in the comparative prosperity of Pennsylvania, when in every other State there was the greatest pressure and distress.

Resolved, That David R. Porter has shown himself in favor of a State Debt, for an appropriation bill which would have almost doubled our state debt, which was merely in favor of private companies, and which would have taxed us to pay the interest, if Governor Ritner had not interposed his constitutional power, for which he deserves and receives the thanks of the people of this commonwealth, and for which he will receive as a reward a majority of their votes at the coming election.

Resolved, That the cry of proscription comes with a bad grace from men who have made it a rule to turn out of office all who are opposed to them in politics, who are even now turning out post-masters in this and other counties of the state, and who are now advising the further application of the "hickory broom" in Cumberland county, and the sweeping out of office all whom they suppose favorable to the re-election of Governor Ritner.

Resolved, That we are afraid to trust the good farm Pennsylvania in the hands of an intriguing village lawyer, who would manage his own affairs, but would let out for another three years' term to the Old Farmer Government, who has brought it into an exceedingly good state of cultivation, and who we are confident will pay off a good portion of the debts against it during the next three years.

Resolved, That we cordially approve of the ticket fixed upon by our delegates, and feel confident that by proper exertions on the part of our friends with Joseph Ritner

at the head, will receive a majority in Cumberland county.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the officers of this meeting and published.

[Signed by the officers.]

Deferred Articles.

THE VAN BURENS.

Martin is taking

"His flight Towards the Sulphur Springs, Leaving dull care behind him."

He was at Norfolk on the 25th, where the Corporation gave him a dinner—thence he intended to pursue his journey to the Springs via Richmond, to recruit after his unavailing struggle to pass the Sub-Treasury Bill.

John, his son, was present at the Coronation of Victoria. Bennett, the "truth teller" of the New York Herald, thus describes his reception by the Queen.—"What a thing it is to be a son of the President, eh, and a Democrat at that?"

"My friend young John Van Buren is behaving very well here. He puts up at Long's fashionable Hotel in Bond Street, and quizzes the English dandies most unmercifully. I understand also that the Queen is much better pleased with our Prince than with the white haired sprig of royalty from France—I mean the Duc de Nemours. John has a great deal of natural drollery and wit about him—a little bizzare it is true—but the poor Frenchman has little of either. Both have long legs, but the form and figure of the Democrat is decidedly much straighter than that of the tri-color. On each side of the Queen, when she is at the dinner table, is a chair generally vacant.

"When she wants to talk to any of her guests, she sends her page to the person with a request to drink wine with her majesty. The person thus honored immediately gets up, and walks up to one of the vacant chairs, drinks with her majesty, and enters into conversation. When John had the invitation entered, I am told, into quite an interesting TETE A TETE with the pretty little queen. He talked of the United States—of big rivers—big mountains—and big prairies. The queen was highly delighted with young John's indications of which crossed her fair cheeks in the form of sweet smiles. After a little while, her majesty sent her page to another of her guests. This was the signal for John to retire to his former seat at table; which he did with great grace, her little majesty saying—him-fom—beneath her left eye all the time."—Sciota Gazette.

A SURE SIGN.

All circumstances now conspire to show that Mr. Ritner will be re-elected by a handsome majority in October. We feel confident in that result. But we now see that our opponents are not less convinced; they give up the contest, we presume, excepting for form's sake. We hope they are not about to rally on another candidate, so as by any chance to make us elect our man again by a plurality. We want a majority, say about 20,000. The indication of despair which we find, and which we believe unerring, in this particular, is to be found in the fact that some of the leading Van Buren papers of the state have come out with a declaration for the new constitution. While there was a hope that they could defeat Mr. Ritner, they kept pretty quiet on the question of the constitution, for obvious reasons—they did not wish, after toiling and spending their time and money to secure the election of a Governor, to find that in placing him in the chair of state, they had taken from his hands the means of rewarding them for their party toils and their party sacrifices. This was well understood months since—there was to be a leaning towards the new constitution by the most active of the party papers and party men, until the "signs of the times" should enable them to guess with some accuracy, as to the chances of success with their gubernatorial candidate; then, if the signs were favorable, they were to let the old constitution defeat the amendments; but if not, they were to give up the contest, and the defeat of their candidate, then they were to rally to the support of the new constitution, and by carrying that, take from their opponents the executive patronage which they (the Van Buren men) have wielded, and, under other circumstances, would have yielded, for party purposes, and as a reward for party labors and the means of future success. The signs are against them; Mr. Ritner's re-election is now placed almost beyond the reach of doubt, and the loco-foco are about to seek vengeance for their coming defeat, by stripping him of a portion of his executive privileges, and limiting his term of office. The question of old or new constitution is undoubtedly one of much consequence; but at present we are busy with that of the Governor, and we had the indications noted above as a most favorable sign.—United States Gazette.

Private Sentiment.

We are slightly informed, by a gentleman of undoubted veracity, that he overheard one of the leading "Hickory" men, in Williamson's Living, the other day, thus declare the private opinion of the loco-foco party, in regard to the moral honesty and character of DAVID R. PORTER, in the following terms:—"We give him our language." He said: "Had the democratic party known that David R. Porter's moral character was so bad—had they known that he was so dishonest—our party would never have taken him up as a candidate for Governor; but having received a late nomination by our party, we shall have to do the best we can with him. He is certainly an honest confederate, and we believe that the gentleman spoke the truth."

From the New Orleans Picayune.

Methodism in Texas.

We were actually astonished, and at the same time gratified, at seeing in the Natchez Free Trader, a statement of the progress of religion in Texas. The Methodists alone have in that country twenty societies and three hundred and twenty preachers, including six elders and three exhortors. One of their Missionaries, (the Rev. R. Alexander) has travelled this year, in the course of his circuit, twenty-two hundred miles on horseback, through swamp and prairie, swimming rivers, and sleeping out, exposed to every privation and inclemency.

The Free Trader, after giving the above mentioned particulars, bestows upon the Methodist clergy some neat and richly merited encomiums, which we copy below.

The itinerant of the Methodist church—the real unsophisticated followers of Wesley and Whitfield—are the most extraordinary body of men that ever lived. They are the pioneers of civilization; they lead not for luxuries; they care not to tread the carpeted hall, nor to seek learning or pleasure in cloister or saloon, but on, on they go, to the remotest verge of the globe, wherever erring man has wandered; wherever there is one soul to be reclaimed, there they go, to wrestle with the world, to defy its temptations, to enlighten its moral darkness.

Apart from the holy character of his mission, there is a moral grandeur in the Methodist itinerant as he wends his way through pathless forests, without associates, without reward, without even the stimulus of praise. He leaves home, and kindred, the tie of early love, perhaps, and goes forth, to struggle unknown and alone—to doom himself to poverty, to the gibes and jeers of the gay, the broken health, to premature old age. And what is his impulse? It is not ambition—it is not pride—it is not any of the selfish motives that sway the human breast. What is it, Reader?—it is to preach the word of life to the poor.

From the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

Young Men's RITNER CONVENTION.

Pittsburgh, Monday, 12 M.

Convention met at the 2d Associate Reformed Church, on Fourth street, and was temporarily organized by appointing Gen. T. S. CUNNINGHAM, of Mercer, President, and Col. J. D. MATHEW, of Westmoreland, and Mr. E. GUYER, of Dauphin, Secretaries.

The following committee, consisting of one delegate from each city and county represented, was appointed to report permanent officers:

Adams, Michael C. Clarkson,  
Allegheny, Gen. Wm. Marks,  
Armstrong, Joseph Buffington,  
Beaver, W. D. Bois,  
Berks, Levi B. Smith,  
Bedford, A. King,  
Bradford, —Cowell,  
Butler, C. C. Sullivan,  
Cambria, Evan Roberts,  
Centre, Maj. G. Armstrong,  
Chester, Jesse James,  
Clearfield, Benjamin Hartshorn,  
Crawford, Joseph C. Hays,  
Cumberland, Thomas Himes,  
Dauphin, Martin Lutz,  
Delaware, Y. S. Walter,  
Erie, Andrew Scott,  
Fayette, G. W. Bowman,  
Greene, Joseph Gregg,  
Huntingdon, James Arthurs,  
Indiana, William Moorehead,  
Jefferson, C. A. Alexander,  
Juniata, C. Ramsey,  
Lancaster county, S. S. Patterson,  
Lancaster city, W. L. Adee,  
Lebanon, George Mark,  
Lehigh, A. F. Ruhe,  
Lycoming, J. B. Quigley,  
Mercer, J. P. Garrett,  
Mifflin, J. J. Maclay,  
Philadelphia county, H. C. Pratt,  
Philadelphia city, Mordecai Taylor,  
Perry, A. W. Monroe,  
Schuylkill, B. P. Pomroy,  
Somerset, Smiley Frame,  
Union, G. A. Vanvalsey,  
Venango, J. Highland,  
Washington, William M. Kennan,  
Wayne, Col. R. L. Seelye,  
Westmoreland, Maj. James Moorhead.

The Convention then adjourned to meet again in the same place, at 3 P. M.

AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

The committee appointed at the previous session, reported the following officers, who were unanimously elected:

President,  
WM. HEISTER, Esq., of Lancaster.  
Vice Presidents,  
Daniel M. Smyser, Adams,  
Henry M. Brackenridge, Allegheny,  
Capt. Samuel Murphy, Armstrong,  
James Patterson, Beaver,  
Wm. H. Kain, Berks,  
Samuel Funk, Bedford,  
Jarvis Ely, Bucks,  
George W. Smith, Butler,  
George F. King, Cambria,  
Andrew G. Curten, Centre,  
Benj. Hartshorn, Clearfield,  
D. M. Farrelly, Crawford,  
William M. Porter, Cumberland,  
Isaac Updegraff, Dauphin,  
William Ely, Delaware,  
Elijah Babbitt, Erie,  
John J. Clyde, Fayette,  
William Crawford, Greene.

Adam Blair, Washington,  
Adam Banesman, Indiana,  
James B. Ferree, Lancaster county,  
P. Meixwell, Lancaster city,  
George Mark, Lebanon,  
Aug. F. Ruhe, Lehigh,  
Jervase Manley, Lycoming,  
Ezekiel Sankey, Mercer,  
P. F. Kessler, Mifflin,  
Thomas Reed, Montgomery,  
William Metcalf, Philadelphia county,  
M. S. Wickersham, M. D. Phila. city,  
H. F. Eiter, Perry,  
George M. Eckert, Schuylkill,  
John F. Tiedman, Somerset,  
John Wolf, Union,  
R. D. Reno, Venango,  
Robert Wylie, Washington,  
Col. R. L. Seely, Wayne,  
Jesse Lippincott, Westmoreland,  
John Baer, York,  
C. Darrah, Pittsburgh.

Secretaries,  
John R. Royer, Huntingdon,  
Thos. W. Duffield, jr. Philadelphia co.  
J. S. Richards, Berks,  
William M. Lefridge, Lehigh,  
D. W. Farrelly, Mercer,  
Wm. Mills, Washington,  
William Henry, Beaver,  
Samuel G. Byers, Crawford,  
John B. Quigley, Lycoming.

On taking the chair, the President made a short and eloquent address, after which it was resolved that committees be appointed to draft resolutions, and to prepare an address.

During the appointment of the committees, the Convention was addressed by T. C. Hamblin, Esq., of York, and Mr. Farrelly, of Crawford. After the names of the committees had been announced, Mr. Dunham, of Beaver, having been loudly called for, spoke until the time of adjournment.

The Convention adjourned to meet at the Dravo House at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning; thence to march in procession to Mr. Stevenson's lots, on Penn street.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 4.

The Convention met, in pursuance to adjournment, at the place appointed by the Committee of Arrangement. The minutes of the day were read by Thomas W. Duffield, jr., of Philadelphia county, one of the Secretaries. The following committee to draft resolutions, made the report below, which was unanimously adopted:

Henry M. Wats, of Pittsburg,  
Richard Biddle, Allegheny,  
Dr. George L. Fauss, Adams,  
Alex. McNickle, Armstrong,  
John Collins, Bedford,  
George G. Barclay, Berks,  
Samuel M. Barclay, Bedford,  
Col. Elias Gilkerson, Bucks,  
Deimore Passavant, Butler,  
George Kerms, Cambria,  
L. P. Boyd, Crawford,  
J. D. Petriken, Centre,  
Benjamin Hartshorn, Clearfield,  
George M. Phillips, Cumberland,  
Samuel Shooh, Dauphin,  
J. K. Zeilen, Delaware,  
William M. Wats, Erie,  
William Sloan, Fayette,  
James W. Moorehead, Greene,  
Samuel McNeely, Huntingdon,  
Dr. George Getters, Indiana,  
Andrew Barrett, Jefferson,  
George Ford, Lancaster city,  
James B. Ferree, Lancaster county,  
W. W. Selfridge, Lehigh,  
Henry Bastian, Lycoming,  
Dr. Loring Lusk, Mercer,  
Valentine Cotner, Mifflin.

Jacob Keyser, Philadelphia county,  
Thomas C. Crowell, Philadelphia city,  
William H. Mann, Schuylkill,  
Smiley Frame, Somerset,  
C. Vanvotz, Union,  
William Cornwell, Washington,  
John F. Beaver, Westmoreland,  
Mr. Spangler, York.

After which, Judge Brackenridge addressed the Convention, and was followed by the Hon. R. Biddle, of Pittsburg.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was then read by Mr. Wats, its chairman, and unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, It is not only the right, but the duty of the people, peaceably to assemble and consult on all occasions touching the public welfare; and whereas, the present eventful crisis, the contest for the office of Governor of this commonwealth, is one that has excited the deepest interest throughout the Union; and whereas, in view of the state of things, we, the Representatives of the Young Men of Pennsylvania, have assembled together at this time, for the purpose of expressing our sentiments, and adopting such measures as may be deemed conducive to the interest, the happiness, and the future prosperity of our fellow-citizens:

Therefore,

Resolved, That coming, as we do, from all parts of the commonwealth, we feel duly authorized in declaring, that the unlawful interference of Martin Van Buren and his Federal office-holders, with the rights and liberties, and privileges which they have reserved to themselves, and hold sacred, has excited intense and lasting indignation amongst the People of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That we, the young men of Pennsylvania, consider Martin Van Buren as the delinquent in respect to the rights and liberties of the people, and we cordially protest against his administration, and his measures, to the "old man of the commonwealth, who has invoked our assistance,

Resolved, That we will oppose Martin Van Buren, now and hereafter, because we have no faith or confidence in the man—because his principles are not the principles of the Constitution—and because his most cherished measures have resulted in the ruin of countless thousands, and in the disgrace and bankruptcy of the nation.

Resolved, That in our deliberate opinion, the destruction of the currency, the suspension of specie payments, the prostration of credit, industry and commerce, and the consequent embarrassment of the nation, are solely ascribable to the wild policy and measures of the Loco Foco party, of which Martin Van Buren is the head, and Thomas H. Benton the file leader.

Resolved, That we recognize as the leading measures of Martin Van Buren's administration, the infamous Sub-Treasury scheme—a system that had its origin in selfish ambition and political profligacy—that was designed to place the purse of the country in those hands that already wielded the sword—that would have converted the servants of the public into a privileged order, by furnishing "gold for the office-holders, and rags for the people"—and that but for the refusal of Congress, and the loud condemnation of the people, would have flooded the country with irredeemable paper, banished credit, prostrated commerce—and involved all but the office-holders of the Federal Government in common ruin.

Resolved, That recognizing Martin Van Buren as the legitimate author of the irredeemable paper system, which he substituted in lieu of our good old fashioned but sound currency, we sincerely recommend to him the advice of Old Joe Ritner, and earnestly hope that he will adopt instant measures for the redemption of his Ten Millions of National Shin-Plasters.

Resolved, That the motto of the Anti-Van Buren Young men of Pennsylvania, is "Equal Rights and the Supremacy of the Laws," and they will stand together, shoulder to shoulder, in maintaining the one and upholding the other.

Resolved, That we consider the doctrines avowed by the Loco Foco Van Buren party, through their papers and in their conventions, as subversive of justice, morality, and the principles of the Constitution, and so consider it our duty to oppose the election to office of any man who shall identify himself with that party.

And whereas, The Democratic Antislavery Convention, which assembled at Harrisburg on the 5th of March last, did unanimously nominate our present distinguished Governor for re-election:

And whereas, We, the Representatives of the Young Men of Pennsylvania, have the most perfect confidence in the intelligence, virtue, honesty, and patriotism of Governor Ritner, and are well pleased with the measures of his Administration: Therefore,

Resolved, That we recommend Joseph Ritner for re-election to the office of Governor of Pennsylvania:

1. Because he is a Democratic Republican of the old school, and in the language of Thomas Jefferson, "honest, capable, and faithful to the Constitution."

2. Because, in all the relations of private life, he has sustained an unblemished reputation, whilst his whole public career has been distinguished by true wisdom, and exalted patriotism.

3. Because, his situation, as a practical farmer and working man, has identified him with the interests and feelings, and made him familiar with the wants of the people.

4. Because, in the last war between the United States and Great Britain, he exposed his life in the service of his country.

5. Because, during his administration as Governor of this commonwealth, he has shown himself to be a true-hearted Pennsylvanian, by firmly and nobly resisting the encroachments and usurpation of Martin Van Buren and the federal office-holders on the rights and liberties of the people of Pennsylvania.

6. Because, that during his administration, the State tax has been repealed, the State debt diminished, a wise system of internal improvements adopted, common schools sustained and promoted, the income of the public works doubled, and all the great interests of Pennsylvania protected, without adding one dollar to the burthens of the people.

7. Because, when by the unnecessary and unauthorized interference of the General Government with the currency of the country, a general suspension of specie payments had taken place, he refused to sanction that suspension by the banks of this commonwealth, thus giving to the people the most effectual guaranty that those institutions would be prevented from flooding the country with irredeemable paper, and compelled at the earliest possible period to resume the redemption of their issues in gold and silver.

8. Because, by his celebrated proclamation of the 10th of July, 1838, he not only redeemed his pledge of compelling the banks of this commonwealth to resume specie payments, but was mainly instrumental in effecting that desirable object in no less than ten States in the Union—thus gaining for himself the approbation of the American people, and the glorious title of restorer of the currency.

9. Because, he has been the steady and able opponent of the Van Buren Administration, commonly called the "Shin-Plaster," and the strenuous advocate of