

THE HERALD.

Let the People Remember THAT DAVID R. PORTER VOTED IN THE SENATE LAST WINTER TO INSTRUCT OUR SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS TO VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE ODDIOUS AND INPAMOUS SUB-TREASURY BILL.

THE TRUE ISSUE. BE IT REMEMBERED that the Porter Convention which assembled in Harrisburg on the 4th of July, adopted the following resolution: RESOLVED, THAT WE HAVE FULL CONFIDENCE IN THE TALENTS, INTEGRITY, AND REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES OF MARTIN VAN BUREN, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

BE IT REMEMBERED, that the who votes for David R. Porter votes in favor of Van Buren and the Sub-Treasury Scheme, together with every other injurious measure of the present imbecile and wicked administration of the General Government; and that the who votes for JOSEPH RITNER, votes AGAINST Van Buren and the Sub-Treasury Scheme.

GREAT MEETING OF THE PEOPLE. MAKE WAY FOR THE LOWER DISTRICT!! Ritner and Specie-Payments, VS. Porter and Shin-Plasters.

Agreeably to previous public notice, one of the largest meetings ever had in the lower end, composed of the citizens of Allen, East Pennsborough, and the neighboring townships, was held on Saturday evening, the 25th inst., at the house of Mr. John Orr, in New Cumberland.

- Messrs. DAVID LAMB, ASHER LONGSHORE, LEWIS WILLET, ANDREW LEWIS, JOHN ETTER, DANIEL HANES, LEWIS YOUNG, JOSEPH WHISLER, ALEXANDER OFFICER, SEN. FERDINAND EIDELBLUTE, PETER FITTING, JOHN YOUNG, Vice Presidents.

- And Messrs. J. M. Sharp, John Miller, Hiram Holtz, James Baek, Alexander Officer, Jr., Solomon Ruple, Henry Brennan, Secretaries.

On motion, it was Resolved, That a Committee of twenty be appointed to report a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting. The president appointed the following persons to compose said committee:—David Reichard, Solomon Ruple, Capt. John Moltz, James Lamb, John Young, Christian Bixler, Jacob Carpenter, Daniel Moltz, Frederick J. Krapf, Lewis Young, Henry Crist, Rudolph Ritter, Samuel Crist, John Hoffman, William Tates, Joseph Mosser, John Shinton, John Orr, Henry Gaiswrite, and Isaac Mendenhall, Junr.

During the absence of the Committee the meeting was addressed by R. S. Elliott, T. Pein, W. Kennedy, and G. M. Phillips.

David Reichard from the committee reported the following, which were unanimously adopted: Whereas, it is the privilege and right of the people of this country to express their opinions on any question of importance to them as a nation. And whereas we consider our coming state election as vastly important, not only as regards our state affairs, but also from its bearing upon the interests of the whole Union. And whereas President Van Buren has long since declared that "the people might take care of themselves, and the government would take care of itself," and has always acted up to this saying, disregarding the wishes, and turning a deaf ear to the remonstrances of the people; and we firmly believing that if such a government is not soon removed, our rights of property, or freedom of speech, and purity of elections will be inevitably lost. Therefore be it

Resolved, 1st. That if we ever had any confidence in Martin Van Buren and his office-holders, it is now entirely gone, and we wait with impatience for the next Presidential election, when a competent, disinterested, and extravagant administration, and one totally regardless of the interests and wishes of the people, will be hurled from office, and forever remain disgraced and honored—a warning to heartless demagogues in future ages.

Resolved 2d. That we are unconditionally opposed to the Sub-treasury scheme or any other scheme of the like nature, and believe it dangerous in the highest degree to the interests of our country, giving to one man (and that man the President of the United States) the entire control of the public money; thus opening a door not only to fraud, enabling the President and his sub-treasurers to draw upon the funds of Government to any amount, but also giving the most unbounded means of bribery and corruption to the President and his executive patronage, even now increased to such a dangerous and anti-republican degree.

Resolved 3d. That we are opposed to David R. Porter, because he holds the doctrines and supports the favorite measures, and is emphatically the candidate of the Sub-treasury and Van Buren party, he having in the Senate voted in opposition to the anti-sub-treasury resolutions, and approving of Van Buren and his odious and dangerous measures.

Resolved 4th. That we are pleased to see the friends of Porter come out in their true colors in favor of Van Buren and the

The Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

HERALD & EXPOSITOR.



CARLISLE. TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 28, 1838.

The People's Candidates, FOR PRESIDENT, WM. H. HARRISON, FOR GOVERNOR, JOSEPH RITNER, The Washington county Farmer.

NOTICE. THE Democratic Antislavery Standing Committee of Cumberland county, hereby notify the citizens of said county, friendly to the election of

JOSEPH RITNER, a good Country and Pennsylvania Farmer, and a man of high moral and political principles, to meet in person at the residence of the undersigned, on Saturday the 30th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A.M., to discuss the merits of the candidates for President and Governor.

By order of the Committee. August 21, 1838. GOVERNOR RITNER passed through this place this morning, to attend the funeral of James Myers, Esq. of Westpennington township, on whose firm our worthy Governor was raised.

We republish this week the article from the Harrisburg Chronicle, offering a reward of \$2,000 to any person who will prove, that the state debt has been increased one cent since Gov. Ritner came into office. Come on now, ye loco foci, who have been asserting that the state debt has been increased five millions of dollars by Gov. Ritner, and prove your assertions, which will entitle you to the reward, or else hereafter hold your peace.

JOHN STONEBRAKER, Sworn and subscribed, before me, the 16th day of August, 1838. DAVID SNARE.

AND FINALLY, MR. PORTER'S OWN HAND WRITING TO PROVE THE FRAUD. Received, 5th July, 1825, of Geo. Davis Esq., one hundred and twenty-five dollars, in part of Bond from Kiddo & Russel of Beaver County, ASSIGNED BY ME TO JOHN STONEBRAKER, and by him to Geo. Davis.

NEW FANGLED DEMOCRACY. At a meeting of the democratic citizens of South Ward, on Monday last, the following resolution was adopted, we learn, by a vote of 20 yeas to 17 nays.

Resolved, That the delegates of this ward be and they are hereby instructed, not to place in nomination for any office, the name of a single individual who is connected with any bank or banking institution, either as director, stockholder, or borrower, or who is liable to the suspicion of conservatism, which is only another name for federalism.

In other words, that every citizen, who by industry and economy, has saved sufficient money to purchase a share of bank stock, and thinks proper so to invest it, is an aristocrat, unworthy of public confidence, and unfit to be entrusted with any office of honor or profit. A singular feature in the history of the transaction is, that this extraordinary resolution, was offered by a gentleman who has been, until very recently, a director and stockholder in a bank, and who voted for the incorporation of a bank by the United States. We do not know that he is, or ever has been a member of a bank, but we do know, that there are very few citizens of Philadelphia, engaged extensively in business, who do not find it necessary occasionally to have the notes which they receive from their customers discounted at some of the banks or other institutions of the kind. If we are not misinformed the resolution was voted for by others who are, or have been, intimately connected with banks. We regret that it was thought advisable by any portion of the democracy of the city to take a step, the effect which can hardly fail to be injurious to the union and harmony of the democratic party in the city and county of Philadelphia, upon which, it is highly probable, the political complexion of the next legislature will mainly depend. We cannot believe for a single moment, that such a resolution can, under any circumstances, receive the countenance of the democratic General Ward Committee. We understand, that a similar one was rejected at least one of the wards in the city. Let every thing be done to unite & strengthen the party—nothing to divide and weaken it.—American Spectator.

THE SATURDAY EVENING VISITOR.—The last number of this excellent hebdomad reached us on an eagle new dress. It is embellished with an engraved view of the new Court House, now in course of erection on Grant's Hill. As we are glad to see the Visitor prosper as it does, as, in our opinion, it is one of the best weeklies in the country. We hope that the editor, E. BORKS FOSTER, may continue to receive the patronage which he merits. The West particularly, should come to his support. The Volunteer and other kindred prints, are chuckling and swaggering no little, because a certain William A. Kinship, who prints a paper from the Ritner, in Leebing county, has deserted from the Ritner ranks, and gone over to the Foyers. A contemporary says, did not this same Kinship desert from the United States army during the late Florida campaign? He understood he is the same identical fellow, and he is now in the very company that will suit him to a fraction. We wish the loco foci Van Buren and Porter men might enjoy in the honorable acquisition they have thus obtained to their ranks!

INTERFERENCE OF THE GENERAL GOVERNMENT IN OUR STATE AFFAIRS.—The "powers that be" at Washington, city, not content with merely sending their hired emissaries into this state to influence the coming election, have issued their mandate to the Postmaster General to remove all deputy postmasters in this state, who may have expressed a preference for Joseph Ritner over David R. Porter. Accordingly, we learn that the "hickory boom" has been applied to this county, by the removal of Mr. F. Gilliland, postmaster at Centreville, than whom there was not a better officer in the union, to make room for a violent party man. The case is worse from the fact, that Mr. G. took but little part in politics, merely giving his opinion when asked, and voting as his conscience dictated. Thus we see that Martin Van Buren and his administration are determined to do all in their power for their sub-treasury candidate, David R. Porter. Now these loco foci will have an opportunity of sending the Globe and Keystone, the Iron Gray and Volunteer in profusion into Dickinson township, franked free to all the good citizens thereof. What say you, citizens of Cumberland county, to this interference of the general government in your local affairs? Will you permit your servants to become your masters? Will you suffer Martin Van Buren to force you into the support of David R. Porter, who has defrauded his creditors, cheated the poor man, and perjured himself when he took a solemn oath to deliver up to his creditors all his property, some of which, at the very same time, he had transferred to another person to be kept for him, as will be seen by an affidavit published in another part of this paper? Again we say, citizens of Cumberland county, will you thus suffer your rights to be trampled upon, by the national government? We answer for you—never, never. And we say, then, in your might on the second Tuesday of October next, and by casting your votes for JOSEPH RITNER, a man who has rebuked our national rulers in their attempts to interfere in the affairs of our state, show these men that you have rights, and that you are determined to maintain them.

PORTERIAN APOLLONIS.—Notwithstanding all the fuss and bluster which the loco foci and their press have made about Gov. Ritner being an abolitionist, and all the holy harangues they have expressed against the principles and tendencies of abolitionism, it seems out that their own darling candidate for Governor, the honest and courageous David R. Porter, is himself an abolitionist. As an avowal of this, H. of R. when the Missouri question agitated the country, Mr. Porter voted in favor of a resolution instructing our senators in congress to vote against the admission of any territory into this union, unless such territory should first stipulate and agree, that slavery should be abolished, and that all the negro children born in that territory should be free. If this was not interfering in the domestic institutions of the south, and the very essence of abolitionism into the bargain, we confess our ignorance of the import of words. Mr. Porter was so strenuous an abolitionist during the sessions of 1819-20, when this resolution was voted on by the House, that he would not permit the free white citizens of the territory of Missouri to participate in the advantages and benefits of our union, unless they would first stipulate to abolish slavery, as well as in his many admirable private utterances. Mr. Porter has been twice elected by the people of this district to a high and honorable station, and hence Ramsey's malignant hostility to him. But Mr. Porter heads not the attacks made upon him by such "small fry" as William S. Ramsey, and treats them with merited contempt. He knows, and his constituents know, that his name is associated with the best interests of his native state, and whilst his memory will be cherished with affection and respect by the patriotic and enlightened in future ages, the name of Ramsey will be consigned, ere long, to oblivion, and he will be heard of no more for ever.

HUNTINGTON COUNTY.—The democratic anti-slavery delegates of this county met in Huntington on Wednesday week, and nominated Jeremiah Cunningham and John Morrison for the legislature. These gentlemen represented the county in the last legislature, and were active, useful, and efficient members, faithful to the interests of their constituents, of their party, and of the state. At the evening, a county meeting was held in the court house, the spacious arena of which was crowded, the studies and windows filled, and the seats and feet, and feet crowded—all to the glory of Joseph Ritner and specie payments. It was a meeting of the hope and glory of the county where Porter resides, employed of farmers and mechanics, manufacturers and laboring men, merchants and independent men, all united with the same zeal in opposition to David the dolger, and in favor of Joseph the farmer. The prospect in Huntington county is truly cheering, as there is no doubt we will elect our whole ticket by a majority of at least 1000.

THE GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.—The serpentine representation of this road, which originated with the Chambersburg Telegraph, and which is going the rounds of the Porter papers wherever they can obtain the cut, is pronounced by the Gettysburg Star as a reckless game of deception designed to deceive the voters of the Union, and hold them in a snare in such matters, acknowledges its incorrectness, for the editor says that he has been protracted by a gentleman of Chambersburg (with a mere correct draft of the Gettysburg rail-road). But as the York Republican very justly remarks, grant that it is correct, David R. Porter votes for an appropriation to this very road in the mammoth improvement bill of 1836-7, which Gov. Ritner vetoed; and he violated the question at the last session, when the appropriation to the same road was made. The loco foci, therefore, will make nothing by their picture to the injury of Gov. Ritner, but they are exposing the inconsistent and discreditable course of David R. Porter in the senate.

SINGULAR WAY OF ELECTRONERING.—In speaking of the Porter papers advocating the cause of their candidate by publishing a biographical notice of his father, Gen. Andrew Porter, who, it seems, was a revolutionary soldier, the York Republican says this exhibition of that "decreasing honor which has nothing to show off in but an old coat of his ancestor's achievements, is a poor plan of electioneering. The very same men who put in this plea for David R. Porter, are these who denounced Gen. Harrison, the son of a soldier of the Declaration of Independence, as a petty politician, a coward, and a friend of selling white men into slavery! Besides, the people do not want a governor who has merited only by proxy, not personally—and they will not elect a man who has disgraced his father, a revolutionary hero, by jacking to horse-raising, debauchery, and defrauding the poor.

THE PORTER ESTIMATE.—The extravagant and ridiculous estimate put forth a few weeks ago by the Porter Central Committee at Harrisburg, by which they made out for their honest candidate a majority of more than twenty thousand, does not seem to meet the views of many of the more honest members of the party, who look upon it as a wild and absurd, and silly calculation. The American Sentinel, in its issue, thus speaks of it: "We published the estimate, and the probable vote for Governor at the ensuing election, as prepared by the Central Committee of Correspondence, on the authority of that committee, and as we do hundreds of other acts, without considering ourselves responsible for its correctness. The committee themselves merely gave it as their opinion, derived from information obtained from their political friends in the various counties of the state. The estimate itself we have never examined."

PROVINCIAL ESCAPE.—The Cincinnati Gazette states, that Gen. Harrison was among the passengers on board the steamer Herald, which was turned below Cincinnati a few days since, but received no injury. It is a little singular that both the old general and Mr. Clay, within a short time of each other, were passengers on board of boats that were lost, one being burnt and the other sunk. So it goes. Loco foci flames may burn, and the waves of tyrrany may roll, but the great whig champions are unscathed.

COLONEL STOUGH AND CAPTAIN RAMSEY.—In the Volunteer of the 16th inst., there appeared a communication signed "Upper End," evidently written by that "pink of Democracy," Captain WILLIAM S. RAMSEY, recommending Col. WILLIAM STOUGH, of Newton, as a suitable person to be supported by his "whigs" in the next Legislature. The Captain declares that the Colonel is every way qualified to fill that honorable and important station, that he is a young gentleman of German extraction, a citizen of the "upper end" of the county, &c. &c. and concludes by expressing an earnest wish that he may receive the nomination. As respects Mr. Stough, it is a matter of indifference to us whether he be nominated or not, although we believe him to be as well qualified for the station as any other man they could select from their ranks, whether from the upper end, the lower end, or from the centre of the county; and as to consistency, the Colonel claims to have been an original Van Buren man, and to have written the first article favorable to him that ever appeared in the columns of the Volunteer. No great recommendation this, we should think!

When we read the article signed "Upper End," we at once concluded that the gallant Captain was "fishing for compliments," and we were not in the least surprised when, on taking up the last Volunteer, we perceived therein a homiletic communication signed "William Stough," in which the Colonel modestly declines the intended honor, and strongly urges upon the "democracy" the claims of his very particular friend, Captain Ramsey. The Colonel laments his own inability to write or speak in an able manner; intimating pretty distinctly that "the party" has been whipt "up hill and down dale," that it is on its last legs, and stands in need of all the talents it can command to raise it up again. He also bestows upon the Captain a good deal of "soft savanry," talks of his "high and exalted station," and of his being a "through-going democrat," and of his having "been rescued from a great fall," and all that sort of stuff. In fact we had to laugh outright, and thought of our "bursts that Mr. Stough was 'jacking Jim'" at the Captain, when our eye caught the following sentence in the "Colonel's" interesting and unique production: "As a speaker, he [the Captain] is eloquent and persuasive, and a writer, he has no superior in the county."—Why!—William S. Ramsey, an able speaker! Heard ye ever the like of that, my masters! Did the Colonel hear his ANCE speech delivered at the Porter's Hall on the evening of the 13th inst? If he did not, we can inform him that it was considered, even by his political friends, as a poor specimen of a complete and miserable failure—and not to be compared to the one delivered by our old friend, Hiram GUYLASSIER, Esq. on the same occasion. It was considered unworthy even of an appropriate country lawyer, and excited in the minds of those who heard it, pity and contempt for its author. It resembled more the silly prating of an angry maid than the sound reasoning and dispassionate eloquence of an orator. We did think, when we heard him deliver himself of his "leather and princella" speech, that he should have been hushed for not doing it in a better manner, inasmuch as the substance of it has been the burden of his song for years past. It was, to make the best of it, a mere child's play, and a mere snare for the unwary. Esq. a man infinitely his superior in intellectual attainments as well as in his many admirable private virtues. Mr. Ramsey has been twice elected by the people of this district to a high and honorable station, and hence Ramsey's malignant hostility to him. But Mr. Porter heads not the attacks made upon him by such "small fry" as William S. Ramsey, and treats them with merited contempt. He knows, and his constituents know, that his name is associated with the best interests of his native state, and whilst his memory will be cherished with affection and respect by the patriotic and enlightened in future ages, the name of Ramsey will be consigned, ere long, to oblivion, and he will be heard of no more for ever.

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We have received, and shall publish next week, an address signed by Thomas H. Burrows and N. P. Hobart, Esqrs. in answer to one of the Porter Central Committee, in which it is shown that the state debt, instead of being increased, as is stated by the Porter Committee, has been actually reduced ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. We give the concluding paragraph: WE, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the Auditor General, both of whom are, with the State Treasurer, Commissioners of the Internal Improvement Fund of Pennsylvania, do hereby certify that the whole Permanent State Debt, on which the State paid interest, and which was liable to be repaid, was, on the 31st day of December, 1835, \$24,230,000 3/4; and that it is now, (18 August, 1838) \$24,230,000 3/4. THOS. H. BURROWS, Sec'y. of the Comw'lh. NATH. P. HOBART, Auditor General. HARRISBURG, August 15th, 1838.