(Aft.)
After long and telious experiments, the subscriber has succeeded in manufacturing teeth of materials entirely incorruptible, and perfectly in initation of hu-They have a semi-transparency, and are inde of various sizes and shades.

I cases where absorption of the aveolar process,

r other causes may render it necessary, he will east the same materials attached to the teeth, artificial saids, which shall imitate the gum, and supply the, e of substance It is entirely impossible for these teeth to change

the will insert them from one to entire sets, in such

THE proprietor respectfully informs the public in eneral that he is now ready to accommodate a large THE proprietor respectfully informs the public in general that he is now ready to accommodate a large of representatives shall, at the several periods of making the public of Boarders and Visters. The Springs are structed 4 miles north of Carlisle and 3 miles south of Sterrett's Gap, on the North Mountain, in a fine, healthy, and romantic place and pure air. There is no extensive Balking Establishment erocted (both warm and cold.) and every accommodation may be relied on.

neath-in-in-ing breezes, or who wish to escape for neither the city of Philadelphia nor any county shall be divided in forming a district.

Joy the pleasure of a retreat affidst nature's bowers, and along side of one of Mermont delightful four lands. Those unacquainted with the advantage of shall not have attained the age of events live years, and have been a citizen and inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhabitant of the district for which he shall be chosen, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States of this complete the city of Philadelphia nor any county shall be district.

Section TILL No person shill be a senator, who shall not have attained the age of events live years. And have been a like the four person between the public business of the United States of this complete the city of Philadelphia nor any county shall be deviabled in forming a district.

Section TILL No person shill be a senator, who shall not have attained the age of events like years, and have been a citizen and inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhapitant of the State four years next before his election. Tains—These unacquainted with the advantage of the spring, will find no more satisfactory who of becoming better informed that he paying it a Chambershurg'to the Sprnig, and back again, can be

· Pidit Bundi.

TRIAT large and commodious TAVERN TIAND, Francily in the occupancy of C. E. R. Derry, in taglet on the corner of Main and Bedford streets, opposite the jail. Said house has long been coupled as a Tavens, and is well worthy the attention of a person competent to keep a good house, the I wildlags belog extensive and calculated to give comated to give com-Portable accommodation to a journers, &c. very cater-size stabling, and office rate well of water in the yard. This property will be let on advantageous terms to a person desirous of engaging in the tavern-keeping business. Also, a Frama Budding adjoining the avera suitable for offices or shops for mechanics; . ROBERT McCLAN Month of Commodore Jesse D. Elliott.
March 12, 1858.

Torivarding and Commission

### LLOHSE,

CHELLINE SELECTOR HAVE token that large and commodious WARE-HOUS 2, lately creeted on the Canal and Rail Road, below the foot of Chestnut street, Harrisburg, where their arrangements are such that they can at all times forward produce and marchandize with promptness and despatch, to the following places, viz:

Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Columlia, Baltimore, Carlisle, Chambersburg, and all intermediate places.

They have lately entered into arrangements so as to enable them to send any produce or goods by way o the Pennsylvania Canal and Columbia Railread to the Pennsylvania Canal and Columbia Ratircad, to Philadelphia, at the same prices charged by other companies running on the Union canal, thus gaining three days in time, and delivering goods in Broad street, avoiding the usual expense of hauling from the Schuylkill. THEY WILL PURCHASE Grain, Flour, and

constry produce of every description, and keep constantly on hand egal, plaster, fish and salt for sale.

April 2, 1838 ft. 18.

### MANSION HOUSE HOTEL

South west corner of Main & Pitt sts. Carlesle, Pa

HAVING taken the above named establishment, (furnively kept by Mr. George Aughinbaugh,) respectfully solicits his friends and the public generally, to favor him with their cust m. The house is large and convenient, containing upwards of F O R TY CH. 2.M B.E.R. S. well adapted for Families, Students, Boarders and transient custom. The stabling is extensive and convenient, capable of holding upwards of 70 horses, worthy the attention of Drovers, being in a central and excellent part of the town for the sate of liorges.

Drovers, Farmers, Pedlers, and Travellers are invited to give him a call.

George Ferree,

vited to give him a call.

He hopes by strict attention and moderate charge to render general sat shetion. Carlisle, April 9, 1838. 19.

Herald & Expositor, Carlisle.

## TAKE NOTICE.

A Wilson, late of this brough, deceased, will please to make payment without delay; and those having claims against said estate, will present them to SAMUEL ELLIOTT, Ex'r.

Of the last Will of Mary D. Wilson, dec'd.

Jane 18, 1838.

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

Avariety of Travelling and Family Baskets, at the Store of Chas. BARNITZ.

May 14.

# The Carlisle Merald and Erpositor.

aux ) CONSTITUTION

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. AS AMENDED BY THE CONVENTION OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN-THIRTY-EIGHT.

WE, The People of the Commonwealth of Pensylvania, ordain and establish this Constitution for its Government.

Section I. The legislative power of this Common-wealth shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Repre-Section II. The representatives shall be chosen

He will insert them from one-to entire sets, in such manner that they will make articulation of the voice perfect, and materially assist in masticistion, and so that they cannot be distinguished from the most beautiful natural living teeth by the most scrutinizing observer.

He also performs all the various operations in Dental Surgery, according to the late scientific improvements in the art.

N. W. corner of Charles & Payette streets,
Baltimore,
Baltimore,
CARLISLE SPICINGS.

CARLISLE SPICINGS.

THE proprietor respectivily informs the public in provincial that the is now read to a corner of the transle inhabitant of the first meeting of the General Assembly, and within every subsequent term of seven years, an enumeration of the transle inhabitant of the made in such manner that their is now read to a commodite a large annually by the citizens of the city-of Philadelphia and of each county respectively on the second Tues-

the taxable innabitants spair be made in such made-ner as shall be directed by law. The number of representatives shall, at the several periods of mak-ing such enumeration, be fixed by the Legislature, and apportioned among the city of Philadelphia and county hereafter erected shall be entitled to a sena-

D. CORNMAN.

July 3, 1838.

N. B. A Barouche will run daily from Carlisle to the Springs for the accommodation of Visiters.

D. C.

South Mountain, 14 Miles East of Chamber 1 favors, respectfully informs them, that he will favors, respectfully informs them, that he will repair no efforts to re der satisfaction to whoever may fivor him with their company.

Will be abundantly supplied with the best the country can afford—lies H.7R with the best the country and first of the supplied with the best the country can afford—lies H.7R with the best the country and first of the supplied with the best the country can afford—lies H.7R with the choicest Liquors, and the supplied with the best the country can afford—lies H.7R with the best of field.

Will be abundantly supplied with the best the country can afford—his BAR with the choicest Liquors, and his STABLE with the best of feed.

To persons acquainted with the character of this Spring, its Jecutem and salubrious air, nothing need lessed to recommend it to those who desire the invigorating effects of the conf fourtail, and pure, health-invalved the supplied of two or more counties, they shall be composed of two or more counties, they shall be adjoining, neither the city of Philadelphia nor any county shall be sayed in forming a district.

State; and no person elected as aforesaid, shall hold said effice after he shall have remayed from such dis-

said space with residur may be entered from Section IX. The senators who may be elected at the first general election after the adoption of the amendments to the constitution, shall be divided by fot into three rights. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the record year; and of the third class at the expiration of the record year; and of the third class at the expiration of the third year; so that thereafter questions of the whole women of worthers may be chosen piration of the third year is of that thereafter que-third of the whole number of quators may be chosen every year. The senators elected before the amend-ments to the constitution shall be adopted, shall hold their offices during the terms for which they shall respectively have been elected. Section X. The General Assembly shall meet on the first Tuesday of January, in every year, unless some convened by the Governor. Section XI. Each house shall choose its Speaker

Section XI. Each house shall choose its Speaker and other officers; and the Senate shall also choose a Speaker pro tempore, when the Speaker shall exercise the office of Governor.

— Section XII. Each house shall indge of the qualifications of its members. Contexted elections shall be determined by a committee to be selected, formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law. A majority of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number-may adjourn from day-to day, and may be althorized by law to compet the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as may be and under such penalties as may b

provided.

Section XIII. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member, but not a second time for the same cause; and shall have all other powers necessary for a branch of the legislature of a free State.

State.
State.
Section AIV. The legislature small not have power to enact laws annulling the contract of murriage in any case where, by law, the courts of this Commonwealth are or may hereafter be empowered to decree

wealth are or may nereques as empowers.

Section XV. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish them weekly, except such parts as may require secreey; and the yeas and nays of the members on any question shall, at the desire of any two of them, be entered on the interest. ournals.

Section XVI. The doors of each house and of

committees of the whole shall be open, unless, when the business shall be such as ought to be kept Section XVII. Neither house shall, without the

consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Section XVIII. The Senators and representatives. Section XVIII. The Senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the Commonwealth. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same. And for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Section XIX. No Senator or representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Com-

during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Commonwealth which shall have been created or the emoluments of which shall have been increased during such time: and no member of Congress or other person holding any office (except of afterney at law and in the militia) under the United States or this Commonwealth, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in Congress or in office.

Section XX. When vacancies happen in either aguse, the Speaker shall issue writs of election to Dyspepsia and Hypochondilsuch-vacancies.

Section XXI. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives, but the Senate may propose amendments as in other bills. Section XXII. No money shall be drawn from Section XXII. No money shall be drawn from the proposed of the section XXII.

Interesting Cure!

Mr. William Salmon, Green street, above Third street, Philadelphia, afflicted for several years with the following distressing symptoms: Sickness at the stomach, hend-achie, dizziness, palpitations of the heart, impaired appetite, sometimes acid and putrescent cructations, coldness and weakness of the extremities, emaciation and general debility, disturbed rest, a sense of pressure and weight at the stomach after cating, nightmare, great mental despondency, severe flying pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuting pains in the chest, back, and sides, costiveness, and in the propose hard proceed to re-consider it. If, after such considered, and if approved by two-indications to the other house, by which likewise it shall be reconsidered, and if approved by two-indications had reduced him to a very deplorable condition, and laving been recommended by a relative of his to the following pains the chest, back, and proceed to re-considered, and if approved by two-indications to the other house, by which likewise it shall be a law. But in such cases the votes of both houses shall be a law. But in such cases the votes of both houses of perfora voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of the process of perforations, and the names of persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of the process of the p

necessary (except on a question of adjournment)
shall be presented to the Governor, and before it
shall take effect, be approved by him, or being disapproved, shall be repassed by two-thirds of both

ouses recording to the rules and limitations proseribed in case of a bill.

Section XXV. We corporate hedy shall be hereafter reacted, reneved or extended, with banking or discounting privileges, without six mon'hs previous pu'lle notice of the intended application for the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law. Nor shall any charter for the purposes aforesaid, be granted for a longer period than twenty years, and every such charter shall contain a clause reserving to the legisliture the power to alter, revoke or annul the same whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the commonweal h, in such manner hovever that no injustice shall be done to the corporators. No law hereafter canted, shall create, renew or extend the charter of more than one corporenew or extend the charter of more than one corpo-

ARTICLE II.

Section I. The Supreme Executive power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a Governor. Commonwealth shall be vested in a Governor.

Section II. The Governor shall be chosen on the second Tuesday of October, by the citizens of the Commonwealth, at the places where they shall respectively vote for representatives. The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government, directed to the Speaker of the Senate, who shall open and applied them in the presence of the members of to the Speaker of the Senate, who shall open and publish them in the presence of the members of both horses of the legislature. The person having the highest number of votes shall be Governor. But if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen Governor by the joint vote of the members of both houses. Contested elections shall be determined by a Committee to be selected from both houses of the legislature, and formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law. be directed by law.

Section III. The Governor shall hold his office

during three years from the third Tuesday of Janu-ary-next-ensuing his election, and shall not be capable of holding it longer than six in any term of nine years.
Section IV. He shall be at least thirty years of age, and have been a citizen and an inhabitant of this State seven years next before his alection ; unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or of this State. Section V. No member of Congress or person holding any office under the United States or this

holding ary office under the United States or this State shall exercise the office of Governor.
Section VI. The Governor shall at stated times receive for his services a compensation, which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected.

Section VII. He shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of this Commonwealth, and of the milital except when they shall be called into the actual service of the United States.

Section VIII. He shall appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth during pleasure, and he shall nonity. the actual service of the Office States.

Section VIII. He shall appoint a Secretary of the Commonweal'h during pleasure, and he shall nomit, nate and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint all judicial afficers of courts of record, unless otherwise provided for in this Constitution. He shall have power, to fill all vacancies that may happen in such judicial effices during the recess of the Senate, by grading commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session: Provided, that in acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and in confirming on rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the voic shall be taken by year and nays.

Section IX. He shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures; and grant reprieves and pardons, except in cases of impeachment.

Section X. He may require information in writing, from the officers in the executive department upon my subject relating to the duties of their respective offices.

The subject relating to the duties of the representation of the state of the General Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth, and recommend to their confideration such measures as he shall judge expedient. Section XII. He may, or extraordinary occasions convene the General Assembly; and in easy of disagreement between the two houses, with respect to the time of adjournment, adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper, not exceeding four months.

months. Section XIII. He shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.
Section XIV. In case of the death or resignation Section XIV. In case of the death of resignation of the Governor for of his removal from office, the Speaker of the Senate shall exercise the office of Governor, until another Governor shall be duly qualified; but in such case another Governor shall be chosen at the next annual election of representatives, unless such death, resignation or removal, shall occur within three calendar mon his immediately preceding such next annual election, in which case a Governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding annual election of representatives. And if the trial of a contested election shall continue longer than until the third-Monday of January next ensuing the election of Governor, the Governor next ensuing the election of Governor, the Governor of the list year or the Speaker of the Senate who may be in the exercise of the executive authority.

shall continue therein until the determination of such contested election, and until a Governor shall be duly qualified as a foresaid.

Section XV. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a fair register of all the official acts and proceedings of the Governor, and shall, when see quired, lay the same and all papers, finitutes and vouchers relative thereto, before either branch of vouchers relative thereto, before either branch of the legislature, and shall perform such other duties as shall be enjoined him by law.

ARTICLE III. Section I. In elections by the citizens every white freeman of the age of twenty-one years, having resided in this state one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election, shall enjoy the rights of an elector. But a citizen of the United States who had previously been a qualified voter of this State, and removed the Prom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, ufter residing in the state six nonths. Provided, that white freemen, citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in the State one year, and in the election district ten days is aforesaid, shall be entitled to Section I. In elections by the citizens every white

ing resided in the State one year, and in the election district ten days is aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

Section II. All elections shall be by ballot, except those by persons in their representative capacities, who shall vote viva voce.

Section III. Electors shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace be privileged from arrest, during their attendance on elections, and in going to and returning from them. ARTICLE IV.

Section I. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeaching.
Section II. All' impeachments shall be tried by the Senate; when sitting for that purpose, the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

son shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Section III. The Governor, and all other civil officers under this Commonwealth, shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeamour in office; but judgment, in such cases, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold any office of honour, trust or profit, under this Commonwealth! The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law.

ARTICLE V.

ARTICLE V.

Section I. The judicial power of this Common-wealth shall—be-vested—in a Supreme Court, in Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail De-livery, in a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Register's Court, and a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, for each county; in Justices of the Peace, and in such other Courts as the legislature may from time to time establish. of the Peace, for each county; in Justices of the Peace, and in such other Courts as the legislature may from time to time establish.

— Section-II. The fudges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be nominated by the Governor, and by and with the consent of the Senate appointed and commissioned by him. The judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years if they shall so long behave themselves well. The president judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other judges, required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well. The Associate judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of hoe years if they shall so long behave themselves well. But for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient ground of impeachment, the Governar may remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the legislature. The judges of the Supreme Court and the presidents of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall at stated times receive for their services an adequate compensation to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of effec, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth.

Section III. Until otherwise directed by law, the Courts of Common Pleas shall continue as at present

HATS! HATS!!-Received a freat variety of Fashionable Ruscia, Brush, and Silk Hats.

For sale by

CHAS. BARNITZ.

May 11. 34

estatished. Not more than five countries shall of any time be included in one judicial district organized

The contract of the Contract o

For said Courts.

Section IV. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court Mall extend over the State; and the juriges thereof, shall by virtue of their offices, be justices of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery; in he several counties.
Section V. The judges of the Court of Common

Section V. The judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in each county, shall by virtue of their offices, be justices of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders therein; any two of the said judges, the president being one, shall be a quorum; but they shall not hold a court of oyer and terminer, or jail delivery, in any county, when the judges of the Supieme Court, or any of their, shall be sitting in the same county. The party accused, as well as the Commonwealth, may, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law, remove the indictment and proceedings, or a transcript flereof, into the Supreme Court.

Supreme Court.
Section VI. The Supreme Court, and the several Section VI. The Supreme Court, and the several courts of common pleas, shall, beside the powers heretofore usually exercised by them, have the power of a court of Chancery, so far as relates to the perpetuating of testimony, the obtaining of evidence from places not wightin the State, and the care of the persons and estates of those, who are non computes mentis. And the legislature shall vest in the said courts such other powers to grant relief in equity, as shall be found necessary; and may, from time to time, enlarge or diminish those provents or vest them in such other courts as they shall judge proper, for the due administration of justice. Section VII. The judges of the court of common pleas of each county, any two of whom shall be a pleas of each county, any two of whom shall be a quorum, shall compose the court of Quarter Sessions of the peace, and orphans' court thereof; and the register of wills, together with the said judges, or any two of them, shall compose the register's

or any two of them, shall compose the register's court of each county.

Section VIII. The judges of the courts of common pleas shall, within their respective counties, have the like powers with the judges of the Supreme Court, to issue writs of certiorari to the justices of the peace, and to cause their proceedings to be brought before them, and the like right and justice to be done.

Section IX. The president of the court in each circuit within such circuit, and the judges of the court of common pleas within their respective counties, shall be justices of the peace, so far as relates to criminal matters.

relates to criminal matters.

Section X. A register's office, for the probate of

wills and granting letters of administration, and an office for the recording of deeds, shall be kept in each county.

Section XI. The style of all process shall be "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania." All proces cutions shall be carried or in the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and conclude "against the peace and dignity of the same."

Section I. Sherills and coroners shall, at the times and places of election of representatives, be times and places of election of representatives, be chosen by the citizens of each county. One person shall be chosen for each office, who shall be commissioned by the Governor. They shall hold their offices for three years, if they shall so long behave themselves well, and until a successor be duly qualified; but no person shall be twice chosen or appointed sheriff, in any term of six years. Vacancies in either of the said offices shall be filled by an appointment, to be made by the Governor, to continue until the next general election, and until a successor shall be chosen and qualified as aforesaid.

Section II. The freemen of this commonwealth Section 11. The treemen of this common wearing a state of the series of the section of the secti

ains, shall not be compelled to do so, but shall pay ains, shall not be compelled to do so, but shall pay an equivalent for personal service.

Section III. Prothonotaries of the Supreme Court shall be appointed by the said Court for the term of three years if they so long behave themselves well. Prothonotaries and electis of the several other courts, Recorders of deeds, and Registers of wills, shall at the times and places of election of representitives, be elected by the gualified electors of each county, or the districts over which the jurisdiction of suid courts extends, and shall be commissioned by the Governor. They shall hold their offices for three years if they shall so long behave themselves well, and until their euccessors shall be duly qualified. The legislature shall provide by law, the aumber of persons in each county who shall hold said offices, and how many and which of said-offices shall be held by one person. Vacancies in any of the said of by one person. Vacancies in any of the said of-fices shall be filled by appointments to be made by the Governor, to continue until the next gene-ral election, and until successors shall be elected.

and qual fied as afgresaid.

Section IV. Prothonotagies, clerks of the peace and orphaus' courts, recorders of deeds, registers of wills, and sheriffs, shall keep their offices in the county town of the county in which they, respectively, shall be officers, unless when the Governor shall, for special reasons, dispense therewith, for any term not exceeding five years after the county

shall have been erected.
Section V. All commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and be sealed with the State seal, and signed by the Governor.
Section VI. A State Treasurer shall be elected annually, by joint vote of both branches of the legis-

Section VII. Justices of the peace or aldermen Section VII. Justices of the peace or aldermens shall be elected in the several wards, boroughs, and townships at the time of the election of constables by the qualified voters thereof, in such number as shall be directed by law; and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years; but no township, ward or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qua lified electors within such township, ward or bo-

rough.

Section VIII. All afficers whose election or appointment is not provided for in this constitution, shall be elected or appointed as shall be directed by law. No person shall be appointed to any office within any county who shall not have been a citizen and an inhabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been so long erected; but if it shall not have been so long erected, then within the limits of the county or counties out of which it shall have been taken. No member of Congress from this state, or any person holding or exercising any affice or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this state, to which a salary is, or fees or perquisites are by law, annexed; and the legislature may by law declare what State offices are incompatible. No member of the Senate or of the house of representatives shall be appointed by the Governor to any office during the term for which he shall have been elected.

he shall have been elected.
Section IX. All officers for a term of years shall hold their offices for the terms respectively specified, only on the condition that they so long behave themselves well; and shall be removed on conviction of misbehaviour in office or of any infamous crime:

section X. Any person who shall, after the adoption of the amendments proposed by this Convention to the Constitution, fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honour or profit in this State, and shall be pumshed otherwise in such manner as is, or may be prescribed by law; but the executive may remit the said, offence and all its discussions. its disqualifications.

ARTICLE VII.

Section I. The legislature shall, as soon as conveniently may be, provide by law, for the establishment of schools throughout the State, in such manner that the poor may be taught gratis.

Section II. The arts and sciences shall be promoted in one or more seminaries of learning.

Section III. The rights, privileges, immunities and estates of religious societies and corporate bodies, shall remain as if the constitution of this State had not been altered or amended.

Section IV. The legislature shall not invest any corporate body or individual with the privilege of taking private property for public use, without

of taking private property for public use, without requiring such corporation or individual to make compensation to the owners of said property, or give adequate security therefor, before such property shall be taken.

ARTICLE VIII.

Members of the General-Assembly, and all officers, executive and judicial, shall be bound by eath

The second secon

or affirmation, to support the constitution of this, Commonwealth, and to perform the duties of their respective offices with fidelity.

ARTICLE IX. That the general, great and essential principles of liberty and free government may be reegnised and unalterably established, WE DECLARE, THAT Section I. All men are born equally free and in-dependent, and have certain inherent and indefeasible rights, among which are those of enjoying and de-tending life and liberty, of acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation, and of pur-suing their own happiness. Section II. All power is inherent in the people,

and all-free governments are founded on their au-thority, and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness; For the advancement of these ends, they have, at all times, an unalienable and indefeasible have, at all times, an unationable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish their government, in such manner as they may think proper.

Section III. All men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of their own consciences; no min can, of right, be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against his consent; no human authority can, in any

against his consent; no human authority can, in any case whatever, control or interfere with the rights of conscience; and no preference shall ever be given, by law, to any religious establishments or modes of worship.

Section IV. No person who acknowledges the being of a God and a future state of rewards and punishments, shall on account of his religious sentiments be disqualified to hold any office or place of trust or profit under this Commonwealth.

Section V. Elections shall be free and equal. Section VI. Trial by jury shall be as heretotore,

Section VI. Trial by Jury shall be as heretotore, and the right thereof remain involute.

Section VII. The printing presses shall be free to every person who undertakes to examine the proceedings of the legislature, or any branch of go vernment: And no law shall ever be made to restrain the right thereof. The free communication of thoughts and opinions is one of the invaluable rights of man; and every citizen may freely speak, write and print on any subject being responsible. rights of man; and every citizen may freely speak, write and print on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty. In prosecutions for the publication of papers intestigating the official conduct of officers, or-men-in-a-public capacity, or where the matter published is proper for public information, the truth thereof may be given in evidence: And in all indictments for libels the jury shall have a right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the court, as in other cases. Section VIII. The people shall be secure in their persons; houses, papers and possessions, from unreasonable searches and secures; and no warrant to search any place, or to seize any person or things, sonable searches and setzures: And no warrant to search any place, or to seize any person or things, shall issue, without describing them as nearly as may be, nor without probable cause supported by oath or affirmation.

Section 1X: In all-criminal prosecutions, the ac-

cused hath a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the ac-cusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to cusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to face, to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favour, and, in prosecutions by indictment or information, a speedy public, trial, by an impartial jury of the vicinage; he cannot be compelled to give evidence against himself, nor cap-he be deprived of his life, liberty, or property, unless by the judgment of his peers or the law-of the land.

fand.

Section X. No person shall, for any indictable offence, he proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service intime of war or public danger, or by leave of the court, for oppression and misdemeanour in office. No person shall, for the same offence, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall any man's proyperty be taken or applied to public use, without the perty be taken or applied to public use, without offeconsent of his representatives, and without just compensation being made.

Section XI. All courts shall be open, and every

man for an injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation, shall have remedy by the duccourse of law, and right and justice administered, without sales denial or delay. Suits may be brought against the Commonwealth in such manner, in such courts, and in such cases as the legislature may by law direct.

Section XII. No power of suspending laws shall be exercised, unless by the legislature, or its au-

thority. Section XIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel puquired, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruot pu-nishments inflicted.

Section XIV. All-prisoners shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offences, when the proof is evident or presumption great; and the privilege of the writt of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or in-

suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion of invasion, the public safety may require it.

Section XV. No commission of Oyer and Terminer or juil delivery shall be issued.

Section XVI. The person of a debtor, where there is not strong presumption of fraud, shall not be continued in prison, after delivering up his estate—for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as chall be prescribed by law. shall be prescribed by law. Section XVII. No ex post facto law, nor any law impairing contracts shall be made.

Section XVIII. No person shall be attainted of treason or felony by the legislature.

Section XIX. No attainder shall work corruption

of blood, nor, except during the life of the offender, for feiture of estate to the commonwealth; the estates of such persons as shall destroy their own lives, shall descend or vest as in case of natural destroy and if one persons thall be killed by death; and if any person shall be killed by casualty, there shall be no forfeiture by reason Section XX. The citizens have a right, in a peace-

section A.A. The citizens nave a right, in a peace-able manner, to assemble together, for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government-for reduces of grievances, or other proper purposes, by petition, address or remon-strance. Section XXI. The right of citizens to bear arms,

in defence of themselves and the State, shall not be questioned.

Section XXII. No standing army shall, in time of peace, be kept up without the consent of the Legislature; and the military shall, in all cases, and at all times, be in strict subordination to the civilpower.
Section XXIII. No soldier shall, in time of peace,

Section XXII. No solider shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Section XXIV. The legislature shall not grant any title of nobility or hereditary distinction, not create any office the appointment to which shall be for a longer term than during good behaviour.

Section XXV. Emigration from the State shall not be prohibited.

not be prohibitéd. not be prohibited.

Section XXVI. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated. WE DECLARE, that every thing in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government, and shall for ever remain inviolate.

ARTICLE X.

Any amendment or amendments to this constitu-ANTICLE X.

Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in the Senate or House of Representatives, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the years and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be published three months before the next election, in at least one newspaper in every county in which a newspaper shall be published; amo if in the legislature next afterwards chosen such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each house, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same again to be published in manner aforesaid, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people in such manner and at such time, at least three months, after being so agreed to by the two houses as the legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the qualified voters of this State voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people oftener than once in five years; Provided, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner and form, that the people may vote for or against each amendment senarately and distinctly. and form, that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately and distinctly.

SCHEDULE. That no inconvenience may arise from the altera-

tions and amendments in the Constitution of this Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared and ordain-ed, That, Section I. All laws of this Commonwealth in force at the time when the said alterations and amendments in the said Community shall take effect, and not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions prosecutions, claims, and contracts as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if the said alterations and amendments had not been

made.

Section II. The alterations and amendments in the

A supply of Pale Sperm, and Common Oil,—and also Spermaceti Candles, warranted free from adulteration, just received by

A fresh supply of coloured English Braid Straw Florence Braid, and ORIENTAL BONNETS, have just been received, and are offered uncommonly low, by

ARNOLD & CO. BONNETS, BONNETS,

sul Constitution shall take effect from the dirst asy of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, its estatement of the said Constitution, which remain unaftered, shall continue to be construed and have effect as if the said Constitution had not been amended.

Section IV. The General Assembly which shall convene in December, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, shall continue its, session, as, herefore, not its shall continue its, session, as herefore, not its shall continue its session, as herefore, not its shall continue its session, as herefore, not its shall continue its session, as an advanced in the note its shall continue its districts and of the source its shall continue its shall cont tion of the amendments to the constitution, shall expire on the twenty-seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; the first half to embrace those whose commissions shall bear the oldest date. The commissions of all the remaining judges who shall not have held their offices for ten years at the adoption of the amendments to the constitution shall expire on the twenty-seventh day of February, next after the end of ten years from the date of their commissions.

February next after the end of ten years from the date of their commissions.

Section VIII: The Recorders of the several Mayors' Courts, and other criminal courts in this Commonwealth, shall be appointed for the same time had in the same manner, as the president judges of the several judicial districts; of those now in office, the commission oldest in date shall expire on the same time that the same that the court of the several day of Education, one thousand

office, the commission oldest in date shall expire on a the twenty-seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and the others every two years thereafter according to their respective dates. Those oldest in date expuing first.

Section IX. The legislature at its first session under the amended constitution, shall divide the other associate judges of the State into four classes. The commissions of those of the first class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen limited and forty-one; of those of the third class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the third class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two; and of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighte first to the fourth shall be arranged according to the sciolity of the commissions of the several judges. Section X. Prothonotaries, clerks of the several courts (except of the Supteme Court) recorders of deeds and legisters of wills, shall be first elected under the amended Constitution, at the election of repre-sentatives in the year eighteen hundred and thirty sentatives in the year eighteen hundred and thirtytime, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.
Section XI. The appointing power shall remain as
heretofore, and all-officers in the appointment of the
executive department shall continue in the executive
of the duffes of their respective offices; until the
legislature shall pass such laws as may be required
by the eighth section of the sixth article of the
tamended constitution, and until appointments shall
be made under such laws; unless their commissions
that he emergeded by new appointments, or shall shall be superseded by new appointments, or shall somer expire by their own limitations, or the said somer expire by their own immations, or the sant offices shall become vacant by death or resignation, and such live shall be enacted by the first legisla-

so in land a large and excellent assortment of the mended constitution.

Section NII. The first election for allermen and justices of the peace shall be held in the year eighteen hundred and forty, at the time fixed for the election of constables. The tegislature at its first session under the amended constitution shall provide for the said election and for subsequent similar elections. The aldermen and justices of the peace how in commission, or who may in the interim be appointed, shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective officer, until lifeen days after the duty which shall be fixed by law. The issuing of day which shall be fixed by law the issuing of new commissions, at the expirat of which time,

their commissions shall expire.

In testimony that the foregoing is the amended constitution of Pennsylvania, i.i. figreed to inconvention, We the officers and members of the have hereunto signed our names at Philadelphi), the twenty-second day of February, Anno Domidi one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the sixty-second. JOHN SERGEANT, President.

Ezra S. Hayhurst,

Wm. Hays, Abm. Helffenstein, Wm. Avres, M. W. Baldwin, Ephraim Banks,
John Y. Barelay, M. Henderson, Wm. Henderson, Wm. Hiester, Jacob Barndolar. William High,
Jos. Hopkinson,
John Houpt,
Jabez Hyde,
Charles Jared Ingersoll, Chas. A. Barnitz. Thos. S. Bell, James Cornell Biddle, Lebbeus L.-Bigelow, Saml. C. Bonham, Phs. Jenks, George M. Keim, Chas, Brown, Jeremith Brown, James Kennedy. Aaron Kerr, Jos. Konigmacher William Brown, Pierce Butler, Jacob Krebs, Samuel Carey, H. G. Long, Lavid Lyons, Alex. Magee, John Cummin, Thomas S. Cunningham, William Curll, Wm. Darlington, George Chambers, John Chandler, W M. Moredith. Jos R. Chandler. Levi Merkel, Ch. Chauncey, Nathaniel Clapp, Wm. L. Miller. James Montgomer Christian Mevers, D. Nevin, James Clarke, John Clarke, William Clark, cA. J. Cline, Lindley Coates, R. E. Cochran, Thos. P. Cope, Wm. Overfield Hiram Payne, Matthias Pennypacker James Porter, James Madison Porter Saml. A. Purvia E. C. Reigart, A. H. Read, Geo. W. Riter, Walter Craig, Richd, M. Crain, Jno. Ritter, H. Gold Rogers, Samuel Royer, James M. Russell, Benin, Martin, John L. M'Cahen E.T. M'Dowell, James M'Sherry, Mark Darrab, Daniel Saeger, John Morin Scett, A Tobias Sellers, G. Seltzer, Geo. Serrill, I nry Scheetz. Jacob Dillinger, Gecige Shilleto Thomas he Sill Wm. Smyth, Joseph Snively, James Dunlop, Thomas Earle, D. M. Farrelly, Jno. B. Sterigere, Jacob Stickel. Ebenezer W. Sturdevant Walter Forward, Thomas Taggait, Morgan J. Thomas, James Todd, John Foulkrod, Joseph Fry, Jr. John Fuller, John A. Gamble, Thomas Weaver, William Geathart, David Gilmore, J.cob B. Weidman, R. G. White, Geo. W. Woodward, Virgil Grenell.

Thomas Hastings, (Attest,) S. Shoch, Secretary. G. L. FAUS, Assistant Secretaries.
J. WILLIAMS,

R. Young.

William L. Harris.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
HARRISBURG, FEBRUARY 28, 1838. Harnishung, February 28, 1838. I certify, that the foregoing is an exact and literal copy of "the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as amended by the Convention of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven-thirty-eight," deposited in this office on the 26th day of February, 1838; the amendment's being in italic, and the retained portions of the present Constitution in roman letter.

Tho. H. Burrowes. THO. II. BURROWES,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

RYE & CORN WANTED. PRUIE highest price in cash, will be paid by the ber, and subteriber, at his Wurchouse, for Ryc & Corn. where.

OWEN M'CABE.

April

MOUNTAIN MOUSE. THE subscriber announces to the public, that he has rented the well known

has rented the well known.

Tavern Stand,

at Sterreit's Gap,



Returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Carlisle and adjoining country, for the most liberal patronage which has been bestowed upon him, and wishes to inform the public generally that he has replenished his stock of Goods, and districts himself that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who will call at his Store, both in quality and price of goods; as he is resolved to sell low for cash.

Call at the old well known Stand of L. Harlan, in North Hanover Street, and examine his stock of Goods; as he has a general and complete, assortment loods; as he has a general and complete assortment

of Hardware, CUTLERY, PAINTS, OILS, &C. Also, a large assortment of Griffin's Double Refined Steel Pasamore and Newton Darlington's

of the late st city ftshion. Caplisle, May 22, 1838;—tf.

SADDLE AND HARNESS



WAROBOACER. The Subscriber respectfully, infirms the citizent of Comberland county that he still continues to carry on the above business, at his shop in West High Street, in the borough of Caelisle, and for manyyears occupied by Mr. William Alexander, where he has now on hand a large and excellent assortment of

WARDTOUSE Broad Street, Philadelphia. THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Franklin and Cumberland counties, that he has opened a WAREHOUSE in Bread Street next door above Bread street Hotel, for the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, and respectfully solicits consignants.

ments.

From his general acquaintance, knowledge of business, and the exercise of his best efforts to promote the interest of his customers, he flatters himself that he will be able to reader general satisfaction.

JACOB, BERLIN.

Philadelphia, M.v., 1838. REFERENCES. Philip Berlin, Chambersburg. David Mahon, Esq. Shippensburg. Geo. W. Himes, Esq. J. Swoyer, Esq., Newville. Gen. Sam'l Alexander, . Carlisle. W. M. Henderson, Esq. .

Jacob Rupp, Esq. Geo. W. Layng, Esq. } Harrisburg. THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE,

Annuity and Trust Company of Philadel phia. Office, 159, Chestunt street. CAPITAL OF \$300,000. Charter Perpetual.

INSURE LIVES, grant Annuties and Endowments and make contracts generally that involve
the contingency of life. Accept Trusts as authorized
by the charter, from individuals, corporate bodies, or
Courts of Justice, and execute them agreeably to the
desire of the parties, and receive Deposites of money
in trust, and on interest. trust, and on interest.

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LIFF. INSURANCE.—The terms are as low a hose of any office in the Union.

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at the office.

B. W. RICHARDS, Pres'l,
JOHN F. JAMES, Actuary.
George W. Asn, Treasurer.
June 11, 1838.—6m LUMBER AND COAL MARD,

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has for sale, at his Coal and Lumber Yard, on the bank of the Susquehanna river, in the town of Wormleysburg,

2000 Bushels superior Smith Pannel and Common Boards.

"Poplar Plank and Scantling, &c. &c. 2000, good quality, seasoned Tight Bar-rel Staves and Heading:
All of which he will dispose of at low rates, and on the most accommodating terms. Persons wishing to purchase would do well by calling with the subseri-ber, and examine his trock before they purchase else-where.

where.

April 9, 1833 3m,

GEORGE RUPLEY.

19.