THE EVIDENCE.—We refer our readers to the first page of to-day's paper, where will be found the evidence which fully substantiates the charge, that DA-VID R. PORTER, the sub-treasury candidate for governor, in taking the benefit of the insolvent laws, cheated several persons out of large sums of money. The first part of this evidence was published in our paper some weeks since; but, as some of the loco foco papers have denied that Porter ever owed Samuel Sturgeon, (one of the persons mentioned as being one of his creditors,) stating that the case had been arbitrated and the award given in Porter's favor, but that the award had been lost—we have thought proper to republish it, together with the certificates of Messrs. John Stonebreaker and Maxwell-Kinkead, both of whom were arbitrators in the case, and both of whom say that no award was ever given, and that Porter took the benefit of the act before it was decided. We , invite the attention of the reader, particularly, to the affidavit of Mr. Sturgeon, in which the conduct of and CHEAT the poor man out of his hard carned mo-

In publishing these articles, however, let us not be understood as censuring all who may be compelled to us down a majority of 200 for the Old Farmer. take the benefit of the insolvent laws of this commo wealth. Far from it: Many an honest and industrious man has, by the force of circumstances, been reluctantly compelled to take the benefit of the insolvent laws, who would scorn to cheat any man out of a cent. Not so, however, with David R. Porter: He applied for and took the benefit, and was discharged--ince which time, according to the showing of his own friends, he has become wealthy, being at this time acknowledged creditors at the time he went through the flint mill? It is for this we censure him, and not Harrishurg Keystone. because he took the benefit of the insolvent law---it is for the simple reason that, since he is now abundantly able, he refuses to pay a poor man what he justly owes him -- and that poor man, moreover, washimself obliged to take the benefit of the insolvent law in consequence of the losses he sustained by Porter! What think you of this, citizens of Cumberland? You who are noted all over the state as being one of the most honest and upright set of men in the land, can you or will you support such a man? We answer for you-NEVER, Come forward, then, on the 2d Tuesday of October, and, by casting your votes for Joseph Rither, ver can support a man who, like him, has defrauded the poor laborer out of his wages.

Loco Fore CELEBRATION. We perceive by the velebration on the 4th of July. As the occasion was one of festivity, and, as a consequence, one of drinking, we infer that our friend of the Volunteer saw their masters: HE want but we are wandering from double when he thought that there were not luss than 200 persons present. By an examination of the names - arranged in the proceedings, we see that the meeting was composed of pretty huch the same persons who the addition of a Taw vacillating politicians and dis- an address had time to report! They adjourned thus appointed office scokers; who are on all sides two or early, because it appeared on their coming together three times in the course of a year. The proceedings in the morning, that not more than 400 of them were throughout breathe a spirit of intolerance and unsound in attendance, and that if they remained in session of Gov. Ritner from him by such acts of violence and political principle much to be deprecated. We trust that all moderate men will be fully convinced of the to all who might attend on their deliberations. danger of supporting the candidate of a party which

advocates such views.

The toasts published identify Van Buren and Porter—they approve of all the ruinous measures of the National Administration—they white-wash Richard blers arrested, by the vigilant police of that city. It dier of the old French war in Canada! It appears M. Johnson, the practical unalgamationest and Vice is stated in the Inquirer, that the keepers of these from an obituary notice of this veteran, that he was President of the United States-Amos Kendall, the sinks of infamy bave contrived to clude the vigilance born on Staten Island, New York on the 5th of Nov. great unhung, is landed-Governor Ritner is sneered of the police for some time past; but they were not so 1734, and was of Dutch extraction. He was in reguat as the ignorant "Partier Governor"—Clay, Har- successful on Thursday last. Information having been law service for near sixty years, having commenced rison, Webster, and the best men of our country, are given to the proper authorities in relation to them, raffied-the Sub-Treasury scheme, which would be bills were promptly drawn up by the Attorney Gen- realled the French war, when about twenty years of the greatest curse upon the industry and business of eral, sent before the grand jury, and found. War- age, and served through the whole of it. He was a the country, is spoken of as, the true system—the rants were then issued, and placed in the hands of two soldier at the siege of Quebee---fought in the memò-Banking Institutions of the country are suggrantized; parties of police, who proceeded to the suspected rable action of the Plains of Abraham seventy-nine and, in a word, the true, orthodox, and genuine loco houses at 9 o'clock on Thursday night, and arrested years ago--saw the brave General Wolf fall, and foco spirit is every where visible.

Any voter who is doubtful of the principles respecfully satisfied by a perusal of the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the description of the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the description of the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the proceedings of the proceedings of the whom it is believed that the proceedings of the proceedings two celebrations. If he then wish to support loco foco dectrines, let him join the Porter party. But if he thinks that such principles are dangerous to the liberties and happiness of the country, he must advocate the re-election of JOSEPH-RUNER as the only. omeans of preventing the evils which will flow from--their existence. We are perfectly willing that the success of our cause should depend upon the correctliess of our principles.

are about going into operation in the city of N. York | Among these munificent bequests, are \$100,000 to the under the new banking law of that state. In the first Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal place, the Express says there is the mammoth estab- Church at Greenwich, New York: \$100,000 to the him. On the first opportunity, he calisted in the arlishment, which it is intended to increase to thirty or House of Refuge in Pennsylvania: \$20,000 to the my of Gen. Wayne against the Indians, being nothing Forty millions of dollars: it has two millions already Pennsylvania Institution for the Deal and Dumb: \$10,subscribed, with which sum it will counsenee opera- 000 to the Philadelphia Dispensary: \$60,000 to the tions, and then enlarge gradually: Mr. J. D. Beers is Orphans' Asylum of Philadelphia -- and the balance selected as President, and Myndert Van Schaick as is given to other institutions in South Carolina, Penn-Vice President, both of whom are said to be well and favorably known for their excellent character and bu- more Frederick Kohnes. isiness tulents. The second is the Mechanics Association, which will probably be organized first, the directors being already chosen, the stock subscribed, andrevery thing in a fair way of continencing. The Grocers, togother with large capitalists, the trustees of which are already chosen, and its organization in a wounded parts cut out as soon as possible. The dog that of sight, which has been growing dim for the last fair way towards completion. The fourth is the U. . S. Branch, which will be under the principal control of Morris Robinson, a gentleman who is said to comperience than that of any other individual.

AR ATTEMPT TO ANSWER MR. BOND'S SPEECH .-The Delaware State Journal says, that Dr. Duncan, the loco foco member of congress from Cincinnati and the worthy successor of Surveyor General Lytle, (an account of whose enormous defalcation to the government will be found on the first page of this day's Canadas. Lord Durham issued a proclamation on the Herald and Expositor,) made a desperate effort on the last night of the session to get the floor, in order, as he said, to answer the speech of his colleague Mr. Bond, which is making such havoe with Jacksonism and loco focoism throughout the union. Nothing His lordship has also organized a court of appeals, scould be better timed than this pretended attempt of Mr. Duncan to do what he knew would prove ascomplete a failure as Luckson's pledges and promises set | Panet, Rolland, and Vallieres de St. Real; and Mr. forth in Mr. Bond's speech. He knew that he could Arthur Buller, barrister at law, who are added to the not obtain the floor at that period of the session, and Executive Council for the purpose. The amnesty act says our wily opponents are endeavoring to unite their he can now say that he would have answered the of Lord Durham has thrown the insurgents on their speech, but the House would not permit him! He backs completely, as they have now no just cause to and harmony, as they have been ever and anon since asked permission then to print the speech which he denounce the public authorities as blood hounds and had in his pocket, as having been delivered in the blood-thirsty tyrants,' as they were wont to do under

to be a pretty fair exponent of the feelings of the people of Allegheny county in reference to the subject of
governor, and bears out the statement of the United States, in of the United States, in of the States of the United States, in of the States of the United States, in the cause of Van Buren and Porphore and Porph

The Carliste Werald and Urpositor.

THE PROSPECT.—During the last week, we had oceasion to visit some of the fownships in the upper end on the currency of the country, and that Joseph Ritaffidavit of Mr. Sturgeon, in which the conduct of ner will do all in his power to put down this continen-Porter to that gentleman is fully shown. Let the peo-stal money, they are determined to go for the Farmple ponder over these Facts, and then say whether ef Governor. We give them credit for thus throw- pushed from its place an inch or two! The people they can give their support to a man; whose only object through life seems to have been to DEFRAUD ing off the shackles of party, and going for the interto those of party. We are now convinced thoroughly, conduct is condemed by all parties there. that if our friends but do their duty zealously, 'Old

MISREPRESENTATIONS CORRECTED .- In speaking many palpable falsehoods, that we are constrained to notice a few of them. In the first place, it states that | comes." fifth of the counties in the state were not represented -worth \$40,000; but still refuses to pay those who were in that convention. For the truth of our statement, we cd. on the steps and immediately within the door! appeal to the official proceedings as published in the

> Again: It says "not less than 2500 delegates were delegates from this county, a highly respectable gentlemail, would not submit to have a "collar" placed around his neck; and we heard him endeavoring to ever, remains to be told. While on their way to and persuade one of the other delegates, to put his away. from Harrisburg, the loco foco delegates to the Porscorn to do the dirty work of blackguarding the Go-

Againg The Volunteer says that "the convention adjourned about 12 o'clock on the 5th." This statement is also incorrect; as it adjourned a few minutes much longer, their weakness would become apparent

ARREST OF GAMBLERS -- We learn from the latest Philadelphia papers, that several gambling establish- died in Warren county, Tennessee, on the 8th ult. ments have been ferreted out, and a number of gam- at the advanced age of 104 years, being the last sol-Peter Holliday, Thomas Lawrence, John Coles, and John Arentrue. Their establishments were in the the conquest-of-Acadie, now called Newfoundland, by dollars have been lost and won within the last few months! The prisoners were immediately taken before Judge Conrad, and adjudged to find bail for their appearance at court in the sum of \$2000 cach.

MUNIFICENT BEQUESTS .- We learn from the Germantown Telegraph, that the late Frederick Kohne, toga, where Burgoyne surrendered; and he was at the of Philadelphia county, has bequeathed the whole of siege of Yorktown, where he had the singular and rehis immense estate, amounting to seven hundred and markable fortune to see Cornwallis surrender his NEW BASES IN NEW YORK .- Several new banks charitable institutions, after the death of a certain heir. sylvania, and New York. It is a pity, there were not

BEWARE OF MAD Dogs .- The Philadelphia Na-'tional Gazette' states, that Mr. Thomas Sparks, President of the Southwark Bank; was bitten by a mad third is an Association of Dry Goods Merchants and dog on Wednesday afternoon, in the populous part of suries of life. He never had a spell of sickness in his the city by Spruce and Second streets, and had the life, and retained all his faculties to the last, except immediately after bit a black man standing near Mr. Sparks; but, of the extent of the injury, or the remedies applied to him to prevent hydrophobia, were not mentioned. Great complaints are made by the citizens, that the dog law is not rigidly enforced by those entrusted, with its execution, there being hundreds of their running at large during the day this weather!

> LATE FROM CANADA.—The Quebec Gazette of Friday week contains some late intelligence from the ford, in which rewards were offered for the apprehension of Papineau and others, as their apprehenthe members of which are Chief Justice Sewell, of Quebee; Chief Justice Read, of Montreal; Justices

Gnoss Insults to Gov. RITHER -The outrageous ! and vile conduct of the Porter delegates to the 4th of of our county, and were pleased to find that Governor July convention at Harrisburg, in grossly insulting Ritner is gaining daily in the estimation of the honest the Chief Magistrate of the state, injuring his premisfarmers in those townships. Men who have been bat- es at the dead hour of night, and disturbing the quiet tling against him with all their energies for years of the neighborhood, must arouse the indignation of past, declare that they are now perfectly convinced, every honest Pennsylvanian, and induce him to resent that, in all his public acts, he has acted solely with an the insult at the polls, in October next. "Damn oldeye to the best interests of the state, and that they will Joe Ritner --- we refor Porter --- bring out your Chamtherefore go heart and hand for his re-election. They paigne, you damn'd old Dutch hog!" were some of the declare themselves heartily tired with the reign of insulting expressions used by the loco foco delegates shin-plasters, which were brought upon us by the mad during their brutal attack on the residence of Gove schemes of the national administration; and knowing Ritner the night before the 4th of July! The editor that if David R. Porter is elected governor, Martin of the Harrisburg Intelligencer, from whose spirited Van Buren will persevere in his ruinous crusade up- paper we derive these facts, says he examined the loor of the governor's residence a short time after the outrage was committed, and found it much bruised and marked, one of the columns of the door way being in the whole neighborhood were alarmed at the noise ests of their country, which are much more preferable and rioting of these young Porter delegates, whose

But this is not all of their ungentlemanly and high-Mother Cumberland' is safe for Joseph Ritner. Set ly reprehensible conduct. As the Governor was one day coming down his usual walk from the Executive chamber, while the loco foco delegates were in town he was insulted in the following manner as he passed of the loco foco convention which met at Harrisburg Prince's hotel: Before he had quite reached the house, on the 4th instant, the Volunteer gives utterance to so one of the loco foco 'jowlers' called out in a voice sufficiently loud to be heard across the street, "Here he Several of them then came out of the bar-"every county (with one or two exceptions) was re- room, and stood on the outside of the pavement, leavpresented." This we pronounce to be untrue, as one- ing an open space for the Governor to pass between them and their blackguard associates, who were post-

The Governor walked deliberately through their ranks, and when he reached the end of the defile, a number of them groaned, and the remainder set up : attendance, all wearing badges [collars] labelled shout for Porter! The Governor heeded them not Porter and Democracy." This statement is also false; but walked on as if nothing had happened, leaving his for, according to the official proceedings, there were ruffian assailants to enjoy the honor of their unmanly but 1307 delegates (all told) in attendance; and, as to and disreputable achievement as best they could. the wearing of badges or collars, we know that 'all' is remarked, however, that he received no insult is the delegates did not wear them. One, at least, of the passing either Wilson's or Buchler's hotel; and these statements are given 'on the best authority."

The most disreputable part of their conduct, how

As to this part of the case, however, we care nothing; ter. convention, insulted every friend of the government. the honest farmer, show David R. Porter that you ne- for if men, professing to be human beings, will so far ernor whom they recognized along the public works! descend below their natures as to wear a collar like Every lock-keeper along the canal was groaned at, grey hounds, which come and go, at their master's and some of them insultingly told that they would be bidding, so let it be: We want none of such men' to kicked out of their places as soon as Porter was electbelong to our party: We want in our ranks none but | cd governor! - Even some of the lock-keepers' wives Volunteer that the friends of Poursu held their usual the free, untrammelled citizens those who would and daughters were assailed by them in insulting and indelicate terms, such as only brutes in human form versor of this great Commonwealth at the bidding of would or could apply to helpless females! Such vile and infamous conduct is almost beyond credence; but, t is substantially true in every particular, and shows what the leading friends of Porter would do . if they were in power. We heartly agree with our contemporary of the Intelligencer, that the wretches who whave been the party hacks for the last few years, with after 10, and before the committee appointed to draft | could be guilty of acts of this kind, righly deserge to smile grimly through the gates of a prison for the remainder of their lives. The loco focos are mistaken, however, if they think they can drive the supporters

blackguardism.

DEATH OF AN OLD PATRIOT .- The Nashville Whigh contains a notice of the death of My. John Luck, who his career in the army in the war Acadic, commonly some of the principal ones while playing at faro, viz: participated in all the sufferings and hardships of tha ardnous and memorable campaign. He was also a nies of New England by the Anglo-Americans. He enlisted early in the war of the revolution, and fought like a soldier and a patriot till its close. He was attached to the expedition to Canada under Gen. Arnold, and was at the building of Ford Edward, where he was wounded. He was also in the battle of Sarapeace, the old soldier hid down his musket and his knapsack for a while; but he did not remain and in inactivity, as the 'piping times of peace' did not suit daunted by the terrors of the wilderness, or the straalready weathered the storms of sixty winters! At the close of this brilliant affair, he joined the regular army under Col. Butler; but the brave old man was at last discharged as unfit for duty when near nights cars of age, and subsisted for several years upon the cold charities of the world! From the passage of the pension law in 1818, he availed himself of its privileges, and has since been furnished with all the necesten years. He was a man of remarkable strength of constitution and clasticity of frame, and was in the babit of walking to M'Minville, a distance of seven miles and back again the same day, after he was over 100 years! Peace be to his memory.

> QUICK PASSAGE Capt. Strader, one of the contractors of the mail between Louisville and New Orleans, some time since offered a premium of \$500 to the first boat that should make the trip from New Orleans to Louisville in six days. The Louisville Journal says, that Capt. Carter, of the steamboat Diana, performed the trip in less than six days, and that Mr. C. J. Blair, in the name of Capt. Strader, presented o Capt. Carter, on Monday week, a purse containing one hundred half eagles. Might not such tompting premiums be productive of steamboat racing, bursting of boilers, and consequent loss of life?

"Union and Harmony."-The 'Village Record distracted ranks by preaching the doctrine of 'union the defeat of Wolf and Mühlenberg, but with little prospect of success. Many of the 'rank and file' are House—a request to which no opposition was made,
Mr. Bond himself assenting. We may now expectat
pretty compound of loco focoism from Dr. Dunean, in
reply to a speech which he did not dare to meet when
it was delivered some months ago!

The lace commotions appear to be entire
it was reported at Toronto, that Sir George
it was a great flourish to rally
guelted by the speech which he did not dare to meet when
it was delivered some months ago!

The lace commotions appear to be entire
grandigury last in session in that city took the vote for
governor) before they separated, which resulted as
follows: For Ritner, 17:—for Porter, 4. This seems
to be a pretty fair exponant of the feelings of the peaple of Alleghery county in reference to the subject of
Alleghery county in reference to the subject of
All glacy is 1858, (heing the 15th day,) at 10 evlock
in the cause of very interest to omnate make within
the dath it was reported at Toronto, that Sir George
of their old file-leaders, by jumping out of the traces
a the cause, so as to make our trumpu more complete.

The doc of the interest to omnation and mathemas of the Porter presses are
to make, so as to make our trumpu more complete.

The doc of the interest to omnation and the the constitution of the traces
to the prediction and laws have placed in my, power; and
at the opening of the next session of the interest to omnation and so the safet
county, location to the constitute of
the call. It was reported at Toronto, that Sir George
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the dath is the safet of the safet
then the constant to the constant to the constant the one, justices of the safet
the dath and there in the county, latting the safet
the party in the commotion and mathemas of the Porter preserves are
the dath and the safet
the dath and the safet
the dath and the safet
the dath and the safe

The original resolution of Mr. Wright, permitting the government to receive the notes of specie-paying banks, which have issued notes under five dollars since

We give the above precisely as we find it in the

last number of the Van Buren organ in this place, and ask our readers to mark the disingenuousness and misrepresentations which characterize this precious little paragraph! The editor evidently conveys the idea to his readers, that the bill which passed both houses of congress, and which will afford some relief to the banks, was Mr. Wright's bill which passed the Senate by a majority of five votes; and that the federalists,' as he terms 'the democracy of numbers,' were opposed to the former bill! This is the obvious meaning of the editor's language in the above statement, whatever may have been his intention in making itand it proves that he was either ignorant of the facts of the case, or misrepresented them for the purpose of imposing upon his readers! Mr. Wright's bill, as knowledge of the interests of the Commonwealth. it passed the Senate, placed the public treasure under the sole control of the President, without any limitation or restriction, which, had it passed the House in the same shape, would have been more injurious to the country than the far-famed specie circular itself. But the House, by a decided majority of 19, struck out the obnoxious section in Mr. Wright's bill-the leading Van Buren men clinging to it and sustaining it as their last and only hope, while the 'federalists,' or the true friends of the country, manfully and successfully opposed it. In this important amendment of the House, striking out the second section of the bill, which gave the President the entire control over the custody of the public money, the Senate concurred by a strong vote of 29 to 17, although some of the prominent Van Buren members opposed it, because it was shorn of its sub-treasury feature, and calculated to give some relief to the banks and the country! " I may be asked, however, how this bill happened to pass the Senate by so strong a vote, composed as it is of a majority of Van Buren men? The answer is a plain and palpable, onc: The representatives of the people, a majority of whom were elected as Van Buren men, could not sanction the ruinous measures of the administration. They obeyed the voice of their constituents, so loudly proclaimed from one end of the country to the other, by repealing the injurious specie circular—by prostrating the odious sub-treasury bill and, finally, by defeating Mr. Wright's iniquitous project of placing the people's money under the sole control of the President! The Senate had caught the inminate. Congress having risen without usual confidence and prosperity.

Given under my hand and the great seal of Given under my hand and the great seal of persecuted people, and saw the business and trade of eral Executive the entire control of the Nathe country much paralized: Hence a sufficient num-tional wealth, and of the whole amount of ber of administration members were found houest specie in the country, and the consequentenough to vote with the whigs, and to adopt such measures as were best calculated to restore confidence under the present embarrassed state of affairs. In concurring in the amendment of the House to his bill, restrictions on so much of this power as had Mr. Wright did not do so as a matter of choice, but been already arrogated, it is incumbent on of policy and expediency; for he well knew that it the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to put would pass the Senate without his vote, as a majority forth her strength, to quicken her dormant of the members had given plain indications that they energies, and to take that stand in the trade would do something to give relief to the country before they adjourned, however trifling it might be. In addition to this, Mr. Wright's darling untried expecial projects, having been signally defeated, he cared little about the bill which conferred a small favor on the banks and the people. How far, therefore, Mr. Wright and his prominent political friends in either house of remembers were in the banks and the people. Wright and his prominent political friends in either house of congress were instrumental in the passage of house of congress were instrumental in the passage of this hill, will be seen from the facts stated above, for which we are indebted to the proceedings of that body; which we are indebted to the proceedings of that body; and which cannot be controverted. And how fur the spirit of the laws, which have been forced, issued ont of the spirit of the laws, which have been forced, issued ont of the spirit of the laws, which have been forced, issued ont of the spirit of the laws, which have been forced, issued ont of the court House in the borongs of Cambridge on Saturday the 4th day of August next, 1838, at 10 and the laws of the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws, which have been forced in the spirit of the laws of the spirit of the laws of the spirit of the laws of the spirit of the spirit of the laws of the spirit of the spirit of the spirit of the laws of the spirit of the house of congress were instrumental in the passage of For the production of this most desirable 'abusing the administration' for the adoption of a messure, which they themselves were mainly instrumental in carrying, time will determine. But of one thing
we are certain, that the more intelliment portion of
the Constitution which requires the Govwe are certain, that the more intelliment portion of
a mesearly in the week, at \$1,50 in store; later
in the week, at \$1,45, and some sales at
\$1,40. A lot of new Wheat has come in

Since of the Constitution which requires the Govof the Constitution which requires the Govof the Constitution which requires the Govfully termed by the menials of a tory President!) are | stood before their late derangement was unthe patrons of the Volunteer—those, we mean, who read other public journals, and who are fully able to comprehend what they do read—cannot fail to perceive at a glance the ignorance displayed by the edit-

or in the paragraph quoted above, or his disposition o impose upon his unsuspecting readers by downright misrepresentations of facts, Manufacturer, the organ-of the post-office faction in that city, jibes and ridicules Governor Ritner, because he once followed the humble but honest occupation of thirty-three thousand dollars, to various religious and sword to Gen. Washington. On the restoration of a weaver, as if that was a disgrace to him! The Harrisburg Chronicle very justly asks---what will the mechanics and laborers think of this? Will they support for governor an bonest and hard-working man like themselves, or a royal sprig of aristocracy, who has never labored a day in his life, but who has lived on the labor of others? Gov. Ritner has worked hard tagems of the powerful and wily foe, though he had the preater portion of his life, while Porter lived off those who were compelled to gain their subsistence by

county in favor of Ritner and Penusylvania interests, and that the Van Buren and Porter ranks are breaking up in all quarters. In 1835, this county gave Go-Note of Wolfand-Muhlenberg. The Pittsburg Times says we are gaining ground so rapidly there, that we will have a majority in Allegheny of more than Fifteen Hundred votes for Gov. Ritner and the whole ticket, And why? Because the more the people examine the measures of Gov. Ritner's administration, the larger will be his vote; for they have promoted the best interests of the people, repealed the state tax, and are rapidly paying off the interest of the enormous state debt saddled upon us by Woles adminis-600 to 800, instead of 94; and 400 in the borough of real redemption in specie, and a withdrawal cause, so as to make our triumph more complete.

banks, which have issued notes under nive dollars since the 4th of July 1836, in payment of duce until the 1st of October next, has passed the House of Representatives, been concurred in by the Senate, and is now a law. What protext will the federalists next make for munity, and is well calculated to increase Governor in such cases, which penalties, if this no-Rither's great and growing popularity. Since this tice be not complied with in a reasonable highly important State-paper has been issued, we time, it will be the duty of all good citizen have seen a large portion of the leading Anti-Van to enforce. Buren papers of the State, which universally show that they entertain a due sense of the great benefits to be derived by the people from it. The loco-foco papers uppear to be much dissatisfied with the measure, and are vainly attempting to deprive Governor the advantages that will flow from the proclamation They feel much mortified that he should cause the abolition of Shin-plasters, and be the restorer of

the "Constitutional Currency." It cannot be denied that, throughout the trying times which we have passed, Governor Ritner has evinced great judgment, independence and a true When the Van Buren Administration, by its war upon the currency, first caused the suspension of specie payments, we then saw Joseph Riggen throw himself into the breach; and by his firm and decided course prevent an increase of the evils which we then suffered—now since Congress has refused to sanction the control which Van Buren had usurped over the public monies and the currency of the country, we gain see Joseph Ritner rush forward, and by his offiial authority bring us back to the days of GOLD AND SILVER.



ennsylvania, BY JOSEPH RITNER.

Governor of the said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION. The period has arrived when the series of nisfortunes produced by the injurious interference of the National Government with Providence on the exertion of our own modthe Currency of the Country is about to ter- eration and industry, about to return to our power to affect and wield to its own purpoes all the capital and credit of the Union; and having also imposed certain saltuary and commerce of the Union, which her unbounded resources, her vast natural artificial facilities for their development, and the

ALL those who are opposed to the abominable and of the times, and to restore credit and the impolitic measures of the administration are reproach- | currency to the firm basis on which they

ernor of the State to take care that the laws from Delaware, which is of good quality, he faithfully executed, and for the purposes and is held at \$1,50 per bushel. Rye has be faithfully executed, and for the purposes afforcasid, do hereby require all Banks in also declined; some sales of 2 a 3,000 of LAND, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Mayberry's heirs, Jane Thompson, Valenthis Commonwealth, on or before the thirteenth day of August next, ensuing the date hereof, to resume and continue the redemption of their respective notes, bills demption of their respective notes, bills and other obligations, in gold and silver of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of some sales of some sales of 2 a 3,000 of LAND, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Mayberry's heirs, Jane Thompson, Valentine Hoffman, Peter Ege, Adam Houk, Thomas Weakley, William Weakley, the heirs of J. Moore, dee'le, and some ty—demand moderate. Oats—large sales of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of some sales of 2 a 3,000 of LAND, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Mayberry's heirs, Jane Thompson, Valentine Hoffman, Peter Ege, Adam Houk, Thomas Weakley, William Weakley, the heirs of J. Moore, dee'le, and some ty—demand moderate. Oats—large sales of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of Southern, afloat, at 28 and some 29 cents of Southern and moderate. Oats—large sales of Southern and moderate of the same more or less, bounded by lands of Mayberry's heirs, Jane Thompson, Valentine Hoffman, Peter Ege, Adam Houk, Thomas Weakley, William Weakley, the heirs of J. Moore, dee'le, and some the proposed same and continue the reduction of the proposed same and coin, according to the true intent and mean- per bushel. RITNER AND THE MEGRANICS.—The Pittsburgh ing of their charters. And, for the purpose of aiding those institutions in the accomplishment of this laudable object, I deem it proper to state, from the information I have obtained, that their solvency and general condition is such as to entitle them to the confidence of all who hold their notes. their amount of specie on hand being largely increased, and of notes in circulation much diminished, since the suspension of specie payments in May, 1837.

While it is thus cheerfully announced that the means of the Banks are ample, and and sterling democrat, always supporting the interests that their conduct has been, throughout the late trying crisis, generally such as to sus of the workingmen, while Porter is an aristocrat and office-seeker, who has grown immensely rich by the fees and perquisites which he has received from the public while in office. Gov. Ritner is supported on public while in office. Gov. Ritner is supported on of property, and prevent the State from bethe strength of his own faggits and talents, while Porter has nothing whatever to recommend him to public his favor, but his subserviency to Van Buren and his sub-treasury partizans! Between two such men, the such anchanics and laborers of the state cannot hesitate a moment in supporting the former for Governor.

In the strength of his own faggits and talents, while Porter has nothing whatever to recommend them to public to lake all the means in my power to compel take all the means in my power to compel take all the means in my power to compel take all the means in my power to compel take all the means in my power to compel take all the means in my power to compel to the comforts of his guests, he hopes to be able to reader general satisfaction to these who may attend their creditors for which they were created. If, however, a return be promptly and faithfully made to that line of duty to the laws.

Dablin Gao Sorings. the strength of his own negrits and talents, while Porfully made to that line of duty to the laws learn, that very great chapges have taken place in this and to the public from which they have the past year will only be recorded in our history as another instance of the perfect vernor Ritner a majority of 616 votes over the joint adaptation of republican institutions to the demands of every crisis, and will show that common and overruling necessity being bowed to by general consent, becomes for the time the law of the land. But to justify such rule of necessity, and to prevent luture evil from its unnecessary recurrence or unjust continuance, it is indispensably requisite that the instant the pressure of cir cumstances which produced it ceases, the empire of the express and ordinary law of tration. The Times is confident, that, in the city of the land should be restored. Accordingly, Pittsburgh alone, we will obtain a majority of from if on the other hand a return to general and Allegheny, instead of 83. This is truly cheering and of all illegal paper money from circulation pleasing news, which should encourage our friends in do not now take place, when all admit that Cumberland to redouble their exertions in the good it may, with safety and public benefit, I shall hold it my duty, forthwith, to take all the

THE GOVENROR'S PROCLAMATION—Specie PAX, ters," to take instant measures for the full THE GOVENNOR'S PROCLAMATION—SPECIE PAX | IEFS, 10 take instant incasures for 3.00 Crawford, MENTS.—We insert below the Governor's Proclama- and honest redemption of the same, in gold Keller with the court of the same in gold Wise for use tion on the subject of the general resumption of specand silver coin, or such other ample equiv-

Should this requirement be fully and promptly complied with, the Common wealth will be restored to that sound currency-which she possessed before the suspen sion, viz: One composed of gold and silve Ritner of the gratitude which the people will feel for all sums under, and of notes instantly convertible into specie for all sums of and over five dollars. The result of the attemp to improve the currency will then obvious ly be, that the only paper issues in circula tion and not convertible into specie at the place whence issued, will be those of the National Government.

In communicating thus publicly with my fellow citizens on this most important and interesting matter, I would respectfully and carnestly say to all, be firm and cook in the emergency. Trust in the laws, have confidence in the institutions, and sustain the high credit and character of your glorious Com monwealth. You have borne yourselves through the crisis nobly and honorably:-You have come almost uninjured out of the trial. Make one more calm and stead effort and all will be well. The forbearance and determination heretofore exhibited have been such as to reflect creditupon the State while it has strengthened the hands and cheered the hearts of your public agents i the performance of duties of no ordinary difficulty. Contrasting, as is naturally done the feelings and hopes connected with thi In the name and by the author attempt to aid the resumption, with those ity of the Commonwealth of which animated me when I addressed my fellow-citizens on the subject of the suspen sion of specie payment, I cannot but rejoice To the Heirs and legal Representatives of at the difference. We were then entering upon a new and untried course of action whose happy termination was only matter of hope. We are now at the conclusion of doubts and fears, and, with the blessing of July, 1838, at ten o'clock A. M. where all inter-

the State at Harrisburg, this tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and of the Commonwealth the sixty-third. By the Governor:

THO: H. BURROWES, Sec'ry of the Commonwealth

MARKETS.

Philadelphia, July 14, 1838. FLOUR AND MEAL .- Flour has again declined in price, and the domand for home use is increasing. Prices have ranged at from \$6 .75 to 6 .25 for Ohio, and \$7 to 6 50 for Pennsylvania. A parcel sold for export, at \$6 50, subject to re-inspection. Meal—sales of several lots at \$4 per bbl.

GRAIN-Wheat is dull of sale, at a further decline in prices. Sales of good prime

WHISKEY continues dull of sale a 291 to 29 cents in hlids; bbls have sold more freely at 31 cents. - Inquirer:

NOTICE.

Lettres Societies of Dickinson College, on Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock, in the Methodist Episco pal Church, by Sidner G. Fisner, Esq. of Phila-By Order of the Committee. delohia. Carlisle, July 17, 1838.

DUBLIN GAP. SULPHUR SPRINGS.

This celebrated Spring is situated nine miles northe Cumberland Valley Rail Road at Newville

Dublin Gap Springs, 3t. July 10, 1838.

FRENCH AND GERMAN LANGUAGES.

J. N. KRYCZYNSKI, a Polish exile, proposes to give instruction in the French and German Languages to those who, may desire it.

He may be consulted at Beetem's Hotel. Refer to Rev. P. II. GREENLEAF, FREDERICK WATTS, Esq. Carlisle, July 17, 1838.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Honorable JOHN REED, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleis in the counties of Cumberland, Juniata, and Perry, and the Hon. John Strant and John Lergyre, Judges of the Stud Caust of Common Pleis of the Students. of the said Court of Common Pleas of the county of Cumberland, have issued their precept bearing date the 30th day of April, 1838, and to me directed, for

Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Proce, at Carlisle, on the second Mou-day of August, 1838, (being the 13th day,) at 10 o clock

LIST OF CAUSES

For trial at August term, 1838. 1st Week commencing on the 13th August, 1838. vs. Moore's adm'rs. Piper Cronister's adm'rs, Finley Wilson Cart Bredin

c.	Commonwealth	719:	Neal
នៅ	Commonwealth		
-	List of Causes for	ırıaı	at August Lein
	1	838.	
d		1	Oth August 1838
1-	2d Week commen		OH August, 1800.
	Barr	พระ	
1-	Same	vs.	Same
1-	Swigert	2/8.	Picking,
er	Givin for use	W8.	
17	Lyon et al.	228.	
y.	Clippinger	718	
d	Same	3.2°	Patton
nt	Bredin	W.	Sheffer et al.
3-	Same	n:8.	Matthews
-	Oyster	ws.	Black
1-	Christleb for use	v_8 .	Sturgis
įe	Commonwealth	' U8.	P. Leivinger
ie	Bullock	W8.	Martin et al
·	Commonwealth	V8.	A. Young
	Same	208.	Kauffman
y.	Pierce	vs.	Waples
d	Snowden	7.8.	M'Laughlin
1	Kennedy	2'8.	M'Dermond et al
d	Lyon	vs.	Houk et al
Ç.	Rail Road	w.	Meiley
i-	Boyle	W8.	Bitzer
	Brandt et al	vs.	Brandt
h	Baldwin,	708.	Craighead
1 -1	Lightner	W8.	Barr
s	Rail Road	:708.	Moore
	Dysert	. ws.	Dysert's adm'rs.
-	Hursh	7:8.	Smith
e	Lanc's administrators	vs.	Harper et al.
y	McCormick ass.	7.8.	Longnecker et al
	Commonwealth, for use	vs.	Harper et al
c:	Monroe .	O8.	Grey's adm'rs.—
Ç,	Himes' indec.	vę.	Harper
e,	Carothers' exer.	vs.	Moore
ď	Lecper	vs.	Herren et al
	Bennett	78.	Hennon and wife
ın	Murtin	7'8.	Wilson
У.	Hall & Co.	vs.	Givin
	Black	·U8.	Woodburn et al.
C,		WR.	Noble
is	M'Allister	218.	Layerty
3Ç	Same	T'8.	Same
.I.	Same	~ 218.··	Same

James Waugh, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

ested may attend. JOHN Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, '21st June, 1838.

STRAY COLT.

AS taken up, by the subscriber, living near Hoguestown, Cumberland county, Pa., on the 23d day of Jine last, A BAY COUT, supposed to be two years old last Spring, with black main and tail, and a small white spot on its forehead. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take it away; otherwise it. will. be disposed of prepuriting to law. JACOB OTSTOT. July 2, 1838.

FOR SALE. By the subscriber at Bosserman's Mill, in Frank-

400 GALLONS LINSEED OIL, and

Which will be sold cheap for eash, or given in exchange for Flaxseed for which article the highest prices will at all times be allowed.

J. CULBERTSON. July 3, 1838.—3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The Forge and Furnace estate, called Mount Holly Iron Works,

_7689 ACRES

FURNACE AND FORGE,

one Smith Shop, two Carpenter Shops, a Warehouse, an Office, two Mansion Houses of stone, each two stories high, a Bank Barn and Subling, and

THIRTY TENEMENTS, The citizens of this borough and vicinity are respectfully invited to attend on the delivering of an Address before the Union Philosophical and Belles the Seizeid and taken in execution as the property of George Eye, and to be sold by me.

JOHN MYERS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Carlisle,
June 7, 1838.

NOTICE.

A LL nersons are cautioned against purchasing of CYRUS RINGWALT, a note for \$50, given by me to him, on or about the 21st of June, 1838, payable on demand, as I will not pay the same fulless. compelled by law.
ROBERT ARMSTRONG.

Carlisle, July 9, 1838.—3w.

NOTICE.

THE Auditors appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, to marshall the assets of the estate of James Macfarlane, dee'd, to and among the creditors of said deceased, have appointed Friday the 7th day of August next, for a hearing of said creditors, and adjustment of their claims; to meet at the house of F. T. Nier, Innkeeper, Leesburg; where all concerned may attend.

SAMUEL WHERRY,

WILLIAM GILLELAN, SKILES WOODBURN.

TO OUR CREDITORS. TAKE notice that we have applied to the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland country, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws, and the said Judges have appointed the 2d-Monday of Aogust, (being the 19th) for the hearing of us and our creditors, when and where you may attend if you think proper. 3ACOB HESS, 3AMES MOORE. HENRY HARDER.

July 9, 1838.—3w.

July 9, 1838.-6w.

FOR SALE A quantity of Pine Scan Ling, and four Oak Sills, uitable for a Frame Building. Inquire of ROSS LAMBERTON. Carlisto, Funde 26, 1858.

FLAX SEED WANTED. 600 BUSHELS OF FLAXSEED are wanted by the subscriber at Bosserman's Off Mill, for which the highest price will be given. J. CULBERTSON.

July 3, 1838.—3w.

ARNOLD & CO., Have some very superior Black and Blue Black French Hombazine, of Lupius, Lulliers and other celebrated makes, which are offered decid dly cheap-

er than can be purchased elsewhere.
May 14.

BOOTS, SHOES, & BROGUES, of every variety, received and for He by CITAS. BARNITZ, May 14