## LIVER COMPLAINT SIX YEARS STANDING.

Mrs. Sarah Brenhiser, wife of Amos Brenhiser, corner of second street and Germaniowa road, Phil-adelphia, affected for the last six years with the Liver conner of second street and remains with the Liver indelphia, affected for the last six years with the Liver Complaint, was completely restored to health by Dr.
William 'Evans'. Camonile, 'Tonie and, 'Ramity' Apericant Pills, 'I ler symptoms were habitual cor-tiveness, exernit ating pains in the stomach, depression of spirits, lango., extreme debility, disturbed 'steep, great pain in he: side, could not lie on her left side without an aggravation of pain, dizziness in the head, dimness of sight, with other symptoms indicating preat deraigement in the functions of the Liver. Mrs. Bitenhiser has made trial of various medicines now before the public, but received no relief nutil she was advised to make trial of Dr. Fraus' Pills, of which she before the public, but receiver ho refer hour she was advised to make trial of Dr. Frans? Pills, of which sho is happy to state that they effectually relieved her of the above distressing symptoms, with others, which are not essential to intimate. Mr. Brenhiser (husband of the above Mrs.-Bren-Mrs.-Brenhiser (husband of the above Mrs.-Bren-

hiser,) had been two years afflicted with a distressed state of Piles and Costiveness, of which he was effec-

tually cured. We do hereby subscribe our signature to the trut of the above cures, that the sintement is in every res-pect true, SARAH BRENHISER, JOHN STEIF, Baker. No. 17, North Eighth street, Philadelphia.

### Dyspepsia and Hypochondriacism.

Interesting Cure! Interesting Cure! Mr. William Salmoh, Green street, above Third street, Philadelphia, afflicted for several years with the following distressing symptoms: Sickness at the stomach, head-ache, dizziness, palpitations of the heart, impaired appetite, sometimes acid and putres-cent cructations, coldness and weakness of the ex-tremities, emaciation and general debility, disturbed reat, a sense of pressure and weight at the stomach-after eating, nightmare, great mental despondency, severe flying pains in the chest, back, and sides, cos-tiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, invol-untary sighing and weeping, langor and lassitude upon the least exercise.

the least exercise. Mr. Salmon had applied to the most eminent phy-sicians, who considered it beyond the power of medi-eine to restore him to health ; however, as his afflic-tions had reduced him to a very deplorable condition, and having been recommended by a relative of his to make trial of Dr. William Evans' Medicine, he with Mandre senoired to the follog and Discoursed a make make trial of Dr. William Evans' Medicine, he with liffheulty repaired to the office and procured a pack-age, to which, he says, he is indebted for his, restora-tion to fife, health and friends. He is i ow enjoying all the blessings of perfect health. Persons desirous of further information, will be satisfied, with every particular of his astonishing cure at Dr. Evans' Me-dical office, No. 19, North 8th Street, Philadelphia. The abaves medicine in formation of the The above medicine is for sale at the office of the Herald & Expositor, Carlisle.

#### UNITED STATES ARMY. RECRUITING SERVICE.

WANTED for the UNITED STATES ARMY, a few hale-bodied citizens, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, being about five feet six inches high, of good character, and of respectable standing among their fellow-citizens. None need apply to enter the ser-vice, but those who are determined to serve the period of their enlistment—which is only three years ho-ments out feithfulle WANTED for the UNITED STATES ARMY, a fer

nestly and faithfully,			and 1100 1111
$L^{\prime}a)$		Drag	
		, whe	
	mon	nted.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1 -	
1 101 to 4-1.1 a from the amount of the	P	6	1.0
This table shows the amount of	ay	ay per	5
pay which enlisted soldiers, ac-	per	ř	10
cording to their respective grades,	1.2		Pay for 5 Years
are entitled to receive for their	5	الأي ا	12
services.	Mont	Annu	6
للأواد الرباب ويعاضا بالالران والأتراج للسناسي فيعتسستك	nit.		1
······································	1	1.2	
	\$	·· \$ ···	\$
To the Sergeant-Major, Quarter-Mas- ter Sergeant, Chief Musician, and- Chief Bugler-cach	16	102	cin
To the 1st Sergcant of a company	-15	180	
To the 1st Sergeant of a company	3	180	575
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants	3		575
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach	12	180	575 432
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—each Corporals	12	180 144 120	575 432 360
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—each Corporals Bugters	12	180	575 432 360
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Corporals Bugters Musicians	12 10 9	180 144 120 108	575 432 360 324
To the lst Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths	12 10 9	180 144 120	575 432 360 324
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—each Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers	12 10 9 10	180 144 120 108 120	575 432 360 324 360
To the lst Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers Pelvntes	12 10 9 10	180 144 120 108 120	575 432 360 324 360 288
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers Privates, Besides the monthly pay, as above s	12 10 9 10	180 144 120 108 120 96	575 432 360 324 360 288 171-
To the lat Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—each Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers Privates Besides the monthly pay, as above s tion per day is allowed every soldier, w	12 10 9 10 8 tated hich	180 144 120 108 120 , one is am	575 432 360 324 360 288 1360 288
To the lat Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Euglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers Privates Besides the monthly pay, as above s ion per day is allowed every soldier, w sufficient for his subsistence—also, a lat	12 10 9 10 8 tated hich	180 144 120 108 120 , one is am	575 432 360 324 360 288 ra- ply y of
To the 1st Sergeant of a company Ordnance Sergeants And all other Sergeants—cach Corporals Buglers Musicians Farriers and Blacksmiths Artificers Privates, Besides the monthly pay, as above s	12 10 9 10 8 tated hich	180 144 120 108 120 , one is am	575 432 360 324 360 288 ra- ply y of

fuel are at all times furnished; and every attentic will be paid to making those men who may enlist, and are determined to serve their country in good faith, comfortable and contented with their situation. The best medical attendance is always provided for the sick soldier; and no deduction of pay-is-made-during the period he is unable to perform his duty. Should the soldier be disabled in the line of his duty.

the laws provide a pension for him.

# THE. CONSTITUTION OF THE

### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AS AMENDED BY THE CONVENTION OF ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN

THIRTY-EIGHT. WE, The People of the Commonwealth of Penn-sylvania, ordain and establish this Constitution for cits Government

ARTICLE I. Alt LIGEL L Section I. The legislative power of this Common-wealth shall be vested in a General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Repre-

sentatives. Section II. The tepresentatives shall be chosen annually by the citizens of the city of Philadelphia and of each county respectively on the second Thes-day of October.

day of October. Section III. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State three years next preceding his election, and the last year thereof an inhabitant of the district in and for which he shall be chosen a representative, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or this State. day of October. Section III. I

he shall have been absent on the public-business of the United States or of this State. Section IV. Within three years after the first meeting of the General Assembly, and within every-subsequent term of seven years, an enumeration of the taxable inhabitants shall be made in such man-ner us shall be directed by law. The number of representatives shall, at the several periods of mak-ing such enumeration, be fixed by the Legislature, and apportioned among the city of Philadelphia and the several counties, according to the number of taxable inhabitants in each: and shall never be less than sixty nor greater than one hundred. Each county shall have at least one perpresentative, but no county hereafter erected shall be entitled to a sepa-rate representation. until a sufficient number of tax-able inhabitants shall be contained within it, to entitle them to one representative agreeably to the ratio which shall then be established. Section V. The senators shall be chosen for three years. by the citizens of Thiladelphia and of the several counties at the same time, in the same man-ner, and at the same places where they shall yote for representatives.

for representatives. Section VI. The number of Senators shall, at the Section VI. The number of Schators shift, at the several periods of making the enumeration before mentioned, be fixed by the Legislature and appor-tioned among the districts formed as hereinafter directed, according to the number of taxable inhabi-tants in each; and shall never be less than one-fourth, nor greater than one-third, of the number of

representatives. Section VII, "The senators shall be chosen in dis-tricts, to be formed by the legislature; but no dis-trict shall be so formed as to entitle it to elect more

tricts, to be formed by the legisticate, on the the trict shall be so formed as to entitle it to elect more-than two senators, unless the number of taxone in-habitants in any city of county shall, at any time, be such as to entitle it to elect more than two, but no city or county shall be entitled to elect more than four senators ; when a district shall be composed of two or more counties, they shall be adjoining ; neither the city of Philadelphia nor any county shall be divided in forming a district. Section VIII. No person shall be a senator, who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State four years next before his election, and the last year thereof an inhabitant of the district for which he shall be chosen, unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the United States or of this State ; and no person elected as aforesaid; shall hald said affice after he shall have removed from such dis-trict. State ; and no person elected as aforesaid; shall hald said affice after he shall have removed from such dis-trict.

Section 1X. The senators who may be elected at Section IX. The senators who may be elected at the first general election after the adoption of the amendments to the constitution, shall be divided by lot into three classes. The sents of the senators of the first eluss shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; and of the third class at the ex-piration of the shord class at the expiration-of the second year; and of the third class at the ex-piration of the inhird year; so that thereafter one-third of the whole number of senators may be chosen every year. The senators elected before the amend-ments to the constitution shall be adopted, shall hola their offices during the terms for which they shall respectively have been elected. respectively have been elected. Section X. The Generatively ion X. The General Assembly shall meet on

Section X. The General Assembly shall meet out the first Tuesday of January, in every year, unless sooner convened by the Governor. Section XI. Each-house shall choose its Speaket.

and other officers; and the Senate shall also choose a Speaker pro tempore, when the Speaker shall ex-cicise the office of Governor. Section XII. Each house shall judge of the quali-fications of its members. Contested elections shall be determined by a committee to be selected, formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law. A ranging of each house shall constitute a and other officers; and the Senate shall also choose

law. A majority of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized by

# The Carlisle Merald and Erpositor.

ouses according to the rules and lumitations pre-scribed in case of a bill. Section XNV. No corporate body shall be hereafter ircated, renewed or extended, with banking or dis-counting privileges, authout siz moniths previous public notice of the intended application for the suche in such manner as shall be prescribed by law. Nor shall, any charter for the purposes aforesail, he granted for a longer period than twenty years, and every such charter shall contain a clause reserving to the legislature the power to alter, revoke or annul the same whenever in their opinion it may be inju-rious to the clittens of the commonwealth, in such manner however that an injustice shall be done to the corporators. No lew charafter enacted, shall create, renew or extend the charter of more than one corpo-ration. ration. STARTICLE II.

and an and the second second

ration. ARTICLE H. Section I. The Supreme Executive power of this Commonwealth shall be vested in a Governor. Section II. The Governor shall be chosen on the second Tuesday of October, by the citizens of the Commonwealth, at the places where they shall re-spectively voto for representatives. The returns of every election for Governor shall be sealed up and transmitted to the seat of government, directed to the Speaker of the Seate, who shall open and publist them in the presence of the members of both houses of the legislature. The person having the highest number of votes shall be Governor. But if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen Governor by the joint vote of the members of both houses. Con-tested elections shall be determined by a Committee to be selected from both houses of the legislature, and formed and regulated in such manner as shall be directed by law.

be directed by law, Section III. The Governor shall hold his office during three years from the third Tuesday of Janu-ary next ensuing, his election, and shall not be capable of holding it longer than six in nny term

capable of holding it hoget that size in adjuster of nine years. Section IV, He shall be at least thirty years of ago, and have been a citizen and an inhabitant of this State seven years next before his election; unless he shall have been absent on the public business of the Huided States or of this State.

business he shall have been about the source of the United States or of this State. Section V. No member of Congress or person holding any office, under the United States or this

Section V. No member of Congress of person holding any office under the United States or this State shall exercise the office of Governor. Section VI. The Governor shall at stated times receive for his services a compensation, which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected. Section VII. He shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of this Commonwealth, and of the militia, except when they shall be called into the actual service of the United States. Section VII. He shall appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth during pleasure, and he shall nomi-nate and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint all judicial officers of courts of record, unless otherwise provided for in this Consti-tution. He shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen in such judicial officers of methes shall expire at the cudof their next session? Pro-vided, that in acting on executive mominations the Senate shall is with open doors, and in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the post shall be taken by grant next. Session? Pro-vided, that in acting on executive mominations the Senate shall is with open doors, and in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the post shall be taken by yeas and nays. Section TX. He shall have power-to-remit lines and forfeitures, and grant reprives and pardons, except in cases of impenchment. Section X. He may require information in writing, from the officers in the executive department upon-rom yeiget relating to the duties of their respec-tive offices. a Section XI. He shall from time to-time, give to Section XI. He shall from time to time, size of the General Assembly information of the state of

any sugget retaining to the dates of them to be tive offices. Section XI. He shall, from time to time, give to the General Assembly information of the state of the Commonwealth, and recommend to their belta-sideration such measures as he shall judge expedient. Section XII. Ho may, on extraordinary occasions, Section XII. Ho may, on extraordinary occasions, Tonveno the General Assembly i and in case of disagreement lictween the two houses, with respect to the time of adjurnment; adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper, not exceeding four months.

mon'flis. Section/XIII. He shall take care that the laws

be faithfully executed. Section XIV. In case of the death or resignation be faithfully executed: Section XIV. In case of the death or resignation.
Section XIV. In case of the death or resignation.
of the Governor, or of his removal from office, the Speaker of the Senate shall exercise the office of Governor, until another Governor shall be duly qualified; but in such case another Governor shall be chosen at the next annual election of representa-tives, unless such death, resignation or removal, shall occur within three calendar months immedi-ately preceding such next annual election, in which case a Governor shall be chosen at the second suc-ceeding annual election of representatives. 'And if the trial of a contested election shall continue longer than until the third Monday of January next ensuing the election of Governor, the Governor of the last year or the Speaker of the Senate who of such contested election, and until a Governor shall be duly qualified as aforesaid.
Section XV. The Secretary of the Commonwealth ishall keep a fair register of all the official acts and proceedings of the Governor, and shall, when re-quired, lay the same and all papers, minutes and vouchers relative thereto, before either branch of the legislature, and shall perform such other duties as shall be enjoined him by law.

as shall be enjoined him by law. ARTICLE III. Section I. In elections by the citizens every white

established. Not more than five counties shall at any time be included in one judicial district organized for said Courts. Section IV: The jurisdiction of the Supreme Section IV: The jurisdiction and the judges Section IV: The jurisdiction of the sopreme Court shall by virtue of their offices, be justices thereof, shall by virtue of their offices, be justices of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery; in

he several counties. Section V. The judges of the Court of Common the several counties. Section V. The judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in each county, shall by virtue of their offices, be justices of Oyor and Terminer and Gene-ral Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offichers thergin; any two of the said judges, the president being one, shall be a quorum i but they shall not hold a court of oyer and terminer, or jail delivery, in any county, when the judges of tho Supreme Court, or any of them, shall be sitting in the same county. The party accused, as well as the Commonwealth, may, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law, remove the indictiment and proceedings, or a transcript thereof, into-the Supreme Court.

shift be proceedings, or a transcript thereof, into-the Supreme Court. Section VI. The Supreme Court, and the several courts of common pleas, shall, beside the powers heretofore usually exercised by them, have the power of a court of Chancery, so far as relates to the perpetuating of testimony, the obtaining of evidence from places not within the State, and the care of the persons and estates of those who are non compotes mentis. And the legislature shall vest in the said courts such other powers to grant relief in equity, as shall be found necessary: and may, from time to time, enlarge or diminish those powers or vest them in such other courts as they shall judge proper, for the due administration of justice. Section VII. The judges of the court of Cuartor-Ses-sions of the peace, and orphans' court thereof; and the register of with, together with the said judges, or any two of them, shall compose the aregister's court of each county.

or any two of them, shall compare the Arguery court of each county. Section VIII. The judges of the courts of common pleas shall, within their respective counties, have the like powers with the judges of the Supreme Court, to issue writs of certiorari to the justices of the peace, and to cause their proceedings to be brought before them, and the like right and justice

brought before them, and the first end status to be done. Section IX. The president of the court in each circuit within such circuit, and the judges of the court of - common pleas within their. respective counties, shall-be justices of the peace, so far as relates to criminal matters. Section X. A register's office, for the probate of wills and granting letters of administration, and an office for the recording of deeds, shall be kept in each county.

office for the sector of all process shall be Section XI. The style of all process shall be "The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania." All prose-cutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and conclude " against the peace and dignity of the same.'

same." ARTICLE VI. Section I. Sheriffs and coroners shall, at the times and places of election of representatives, bo-chosen by the entrzens of each county. One person shall be chosen for each office, who shall be commis-sioned by the Governor. They shall hold their offices for three years, if they shall so long behave. "themselves wells, and until a successor be duly qualified; but no person shall be twice chosen or appointed sheriff, in any term of six years. Vacan-cies in either of the said offices shall be filled by an appointment, to be made by the Governor, to continue until the next general election, and until a successor shall be chosen and qualified as afore-said. ARTICLE VI.

said, Section II. The freemen of this commonwealth Shall be threed, organized and disciplined for its defence, when and in such manner as may be directed, by law. Those who conscientiously scruple to bear arms, shall not be compelled to do so; but shall pay, an equivalent for personal service. Section III. Prothonolaries of the Supreme Concluded the superior of the supreme

an equivalent for personal service: Section III. Prothonotaries of the Supreme Court shall be appointed by the said Court for the term of three years if they so long behave themselves well. Prothonotaries and clerks of the several other courts, Recorders of decds, and Re-gisters of wills, shall at the times and places of election of representatives, be elected by the quali-fied electors of each county, or the districts over which the jurisdiction of said courts extends, and shall be commissioned by the Governör. They shall hold their offices for three years if they shall so long behave themselves well, and until their successors shall be duly qualified. The legisla-ture shall provide by law, the number of persons in each county who shall hold said offices, and how many and which of said offices shalt be keld by one person. Vacancies in any of the said ofhow many and which of said offices shall be neta by one person. Vacancies in any of the said of-fices shall be filled by appointments to be made by the Governor, to continue until the next gene-ral election, and until successors shall be elected

rat election, and untit successors shall be cletter, and qualified as aforesaid. Section IV. Prothonotaries, clerks of the peace and orphans' courts, recorders of deeds, registers of wills, and sheriffs, shall keep their offices in the county town of the county in which they, respec-tively, shall be officers, unless when the Governor shall, for special reasons, dispense therewith, for

or affirmation, to support the constitution of this Commonwealth, and to perform the duties of their respective offices with fidelity. ARTICLE IX.

That the general, great and essential principles of liberty and free government may be recognised and unalterably established, WE DECLARE, THAT

Iberty and free government may be recognised and unalterably established, WE DECLARE, THAT Section I. All men are born equally free and in-dependent; and have certain inherent and indefeasible rights, among which are those of enjoying and de-fending life and liberty; of acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation, and of pur-suing their own, happiness. Section II, All power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their au-thority, and instituted for their peeze, safety and happiness; For the advancement of these ends, they have, at all times, an unalienable and indefeasible right to alter; reform or abolish their government, in such manner as they may think proper. Section III. All men have a natural and indefea-sible right to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of their own consciences; no man can, of right, be compelled to attend, ercet, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against lis consent; no human authority can, in any case whytever, control or interfere with the rights of conscience; and no preference shall ever, be given, by law, to any religious\_establishiments or modes of worship.

on science : and no preference shall conscience : and no preference shall siments or modes of worship.
Section IV. No person who acknowledges the being of a God and a future state of rewards and punishments, shall on account of his religious sentiments be disqualified to hold any office or place of trust or profit under this Commonwealth.
Section V. Elections shall be free and equal. Section VII. The printing presses shall be free to every person who undertakes to examine the proceeding of the legislature; or any branch of government: And no haw shall ever be made to restrain the right thereof. The free communication of thoughts and opinions is one of the invaluable rights of man; and every citizen may freely speak, write and print. on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty. In prosecutions for the publication of papers invisingating the official conduct of officers, or may be given in evidence: And in all indictments for libels the jury shall have a right to determine the law and the facts, under the direction of the court, as in other cases. under the direction of the court, as in other cases. Section VIII. The people shall be secure in their persons, houses, papers and possessions, from unrea-sonable searches and seizures: And no warrant to scarch any place, or to seize any person or things, shall issue, without describing them as nearly as may be, nor without probable cause supported by oath or affirmation.

oath or affirmation. Section IX. In all criminal prosecutions, the be-cused hath a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the ac-cusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to cusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to face, to have compulsory process for obtaining wit-nesses in his favour, and, in 4-uscentions by indict-ment or information, a speedy public trial, by an impartial jury of the vicinage; he cannot be com-pelled to give evidence against himself, for can he be deprived of his life, liberty, or -property unless by the judgment of his peers or the law of the land.

<sup>41</sup>and. Section X. No person shall, for any indictable offence, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court, for oppression and misdemeanour in office. No person shall, for the same offence, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall any man's property be taken or applied to public use; without the consent of his representatives, and without just compensation being made. Section XI. All courts shall be open, and every man for an injury dong him in his lands, goods, person or reputation, shall have remedy by the due without sale, denial or delay. Suits may be brought against the Commonwealth in such manner, in such courts; and in such cases ds the legislature may by law direct. Section X. No person shall, for any indictable

law direct. Section XII. No power of suspending-laws shall be exercised, unless by the legislature, or its au-

be exercised, unless by the legislature, or its au-thority.--Section XIII.- Excessive bail shall not be re-quired, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel pu-nishments inflicted. Section XIV.- All prisoners shall be bailable by sufficient surcties, unless for capital offences, when the proof is evident or presumption great; and the privinger of the writ of habeas corpus.shall, not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or in-vasion, the public safety may require it. Section XV. No commission of Oyer and Terminer or jail delivery shall be issued. Section XVI. The person of a debtor, where there is not strong presumption of fraud, shall not.-be continued in prison; after delivering up his estate-for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law. Section XVII. No expost facto law, nor any law impairing contracts shall be made.

LOUCK'S 446<u>16</u>16 Famous Cure for the Rheumatism and other Pains.

Famous Cure for the Rhetts of the said constitution, shall take effect from the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and torty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the commission so for the resident for the eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-for the first day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-fore

n Srove,	David Bender,	Jacob L. Nagle,
Lindemuth,	- George Fisher,	John Alsbaugh,
Stoner,	John Coover,	Samuel Fenely.
ron Bender,	P Lindemuth jr.	Samuel Young,
bert-Dysart,	R. Richardson,	Jacob Worlich,
nry Alsbaugh-	J. Diffenbaugh,	Jacob Miers.
ristian Organ,	J. Hiestand,	
	ust 25, 1836	

ASTHMA, 3 YEARS STANDING Mr. Robert Monroe, Schuylkill, afflicted with the above distressing malady. Symptoms—great langor, flatulency, disturbed rest, nervous headache, diffeulty of breathing, tightness and stricture across the breast, dizziness, nervous irritability and restlessness; could not lie in a horizontial position, without the sensation of impending suffocation, palpitation of the heart, dis-tressing cough, costiveness, pain of the stomach, drow-siness, great debility and deficiency of the nervous energy. Mr. R. Monroe gave up every thought of recovery; and dire despair sat on the countenance of every person interested in his existence or happiness, till by accident he noticed in a public paper some eures effected by Dr. William Evans? medicine, in his complaint, which induced him to purchase a pack-age of the Pills, which resulted in completely remov-ing every symptom of his disease. He wishes to say his motive for this declaration is, that those afficited with the same or any symptoms similar to those from the commissions of the other half of those who shall have held their offices ten years or more at the adop-tion of the amendments to the constitution, shall expire on the twenty-seventh day of February, one-thousand eight hundred and forty-two; the first half to embrace those whose commissions shall bear the oldest date. The commissions of all the remaining judges who shall not have held their offices for ten years at the adoption of the amendments to the con-stitution shall expire on the twenty-seventh day of February next after the end of ten years from the date of their commissions. date of their commissions. Section VIII. The Recorders of the several May-

and of their commission of the several May-ors' Courts, and other criminal courts in this Com-monwealth, shall-be appointed for the same time, and in the same manner, as the president judges of the several judicial districts of those now in-office, the commission oldest in date shall expire on the twonty-seventh day of February one thousand cight, hundred and forty-one, and the others every two years' thereafter according to their respective dates. Those oldest in date expiring first. Section IX. The legislature at its first session un-dor the amended constitution, shall divide the other recommissions of the State into four classes. The commissions of the date of the dates shall expire. with the same or any symptoms similar to these from which, he is happily restored, may likewise receive the same inestimable benefit.

--- Paralytic Rhéumatism.--

A perfect cure effected by the treatment of Dr. Wil liam Evans. Mr. John Gibson, of N. 4th street, Williamsburgh

Mr. John Gibson, of N. 4th street, Williamsburgi, afflicted with the above complaint for three years and nine montis, during which time he had to use crutches. His chief symptoms were exerutiating pain in all his joints, and especially in the hips, shoulders, knees and angles, an aggravation of the paints towards night; and for the most part all times from external heat, an obvious tickening of the fascin and ligaments, with a complete loss of muscular power. For the benefit o-those, afflicted in a similar manner, Mr. Gibson conceives, it meet to say that the pains have entirely ceased, and that his joints have completely recovered their natural tone, and he feels able to resume his or-dinary business. dinary business.

dinary business: The above medicine is for sale at the office of the Herald & Expositor:



MANUPACTOBY. The Subscriber respectivily informs the oitizens of Cumberland county that he still continues to carry on the above business, at his shop in West High Street, in the borough of Carlisle, and for many years occupient by Mr. William Alexander, where he has now on hand a large and excellent assortment of

Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, &c. &c. which he will sell on the most accommo-

dating terms. " Thankful for past favors, he respectfully asks a of the public patronage. SAMUEI, ENSMINGER. continuance of

Carlisle, May 7, 1838 .-- 8w. 23

CITIZENS' AND UNITED S. LINES,

FROM PHILADELPHIA TO PITTS-

BURG AND WHEELING,

BY RAIL ROAD,

Section IX. The legislature at its first session under the amended constitution, shall divide the other associate judges of the State into four classes. The ecommissions of those of the facts class shall expire on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty of those of the second class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and of those of the fact class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and of those of the fourth class on the twenty-seventh day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-three. The said classes from the first to the fourth shall be arrunged according to the seniority of the commissions of the several judges. Section X. Prothonotaries, florks of the several judges. Section X. Prothonotaries, the section of representitives in the year eighteen bundred and thirty-nine, in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Section XI. The appointing power shall remain as heretofore, and all officers in the appointment of the amended constitution, at the provint shall be statiled of the amended constitution of the sixth article of the amended constitution at the provint shall some results where the shall be such aws as may be required by the eight section of the sixth article of the amended constitution, at the section of a shall somer expire by their own limital finders, or shall somer expire by their own limitalitons, or the said offices shall become vacant by fleath or resignation, and such laws shall be held in the year eighteen the said offices shall be forty at the time fixed for the election XII. The first election for aldermen and justices of the parce shall be held in the year eighteen the said offices shall become vacant by fleath or resignation, and such laws shall be fixed by law for the issuing of new commissions, at the expiration of which the said of new shall provide the amended constitution. Th

-the laws provide a pension tor him. By the above it is seen that the pay and allowances are respectable, and that, with prudence and economy, the monthly pay of the soldier may be laid up—as every thing requisite for his foomfort and convenience is furnished by the Government, including his sugar, and coffee. The prudent soldier, therefore, may readily save from \$300 to \$500 during his short en listment of 9 years; and at the expiration of the term he can, if he chooses, purchase a small farm int any of the Western States, and there settle himself comforta-bly, on his own land, for the rest of his life. Building, East Main. Street, formerly used as the Volunteer printing office.

Volunteer printing office. December 4, 1837.—tf.

December 4, 1837.--tf. () The sum of **TWO DOLLARS** will be given to any citizen, Non-commissioned officer, or Soldier, who shall bring to this Rendezvous an able-bodied recruit, well formed, sound, and otherwise duty qualified, (as above described) for the dutics of a soldier, and who shall be regularly enlisted.

### FARMER'S HOTEL.

High Street, a few doors east of the Court House,

CARLISLE,

The subscriber having leased the above named establishment from Mr. Simon Winulerlich, and hav-ing provided himself with every thing necessary, is now enabled to accommodate travellers and others in a style that will not fail to please those who may favor. m with a call.

THE BAR AND CELLAR

will receive his special attention. These will be kept constantly provided with the best of LIQUORS.

THE LARDER

will at all times be abundantly supplied with all the delicacies which the season and market can afford, and no exertions will be wanting to please the palate of the most fastidious.

THE STABLES

are commodious and scenre; and a careful and atten-tive hostler will be always in attenuance. BOARDERS will be taken by the week; month or

year, on the most reasonable terms. A strict attention to business and an anxious desire.

to please, will, he trusts, ensure him a reasonable share of public patronage. JACOB REHRAR Carlisle, April 23, 1838.-tf.

N. B. The cars run past the above establishment, at 6 and 11 o'clock, A. M. and at 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M. ----- J. R.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, or will lease for a term of years, that valuable tract of land, situate in the southern part of the borough of Carlisle, containing about 5 Acres, having thereon crected a

Large Stone Building,

(Formerly known as "Gray's Distillery,")

MILL HOUSE, and a Brick Dwelling House, with two wells of water on the premises. This property is suitable for many purposes, such as distilling, a foundery, or tan yard. The buildings will be sold or leased, with or without the land, and possession given immediately. For terms and to terms apply to

JAMES ARMSTRONG. Carliale, April 9, 1838.

LOOK HERE! THE Subscriber, residing at Cumberland Mills has on hand a large quantity of

Bran, Shorts & Ship Stuff. which he will sell low for cash.

D: REICHARD. May 1, 1838.—6w. } 

such manner and under such penalties as may be provided. Section XIII. Each house may determine the

spectron ATH. Each nouse may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member, but not a second time for the same cause; and shall have all other powges necessary for a branch of the legislature of a free State.

section XIV. The legislature smill not have power to enact laws annulling the contract of marriage in -any case where, by law, the courts of this Common-wealth are or may hereafter be empowered to decree

a divorce. Section XV. Each house shatt keep a journal of Section XV. Each noise shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish them weekly, except such parts as may require secrecy: and the yeas and nays of the members on any question shall, at the desire of any two of them, be entered on the

journals. Section XVI. The doors of each house and of committees of the whole shall be open, unless, when the business shall be such as ought to be kept

Secret. Section XVII. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting. Section XVIII. The Senators and representatives

shall receive a compensation for their services to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of

shall receive a compensation for their services to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the Commonwealth. They shall in all cases, ex-cept treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their at-tendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same. And for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place. Section XIX. No Senator or representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elect-ed; be appointed to any eivil-office under this Com-monwealth which shall have been increased during such time : and no member of Congress or other person holding any office (except of altorney at law and in the militia) under the United States or this Commonwealth, shall he a member of either house during his continuance in Congress or in office.

office. Section XX: When vacancies happen in cither bouses the Speaker shall issue write of election to fill sich vacancies. Section XXI. All bills for raising revenue shall

Section XXII. At birs of representatives, but the Senate may propose amendments as in other bills. Section XXII. No money shall be drawn from. he treasury but in consequence of appropriations nade by law. Section XXIII. Every bill which shall have

passed both houses shall be presented to the Go-vernor. If he approve he shall sign it, but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objec-tions to the house in which it shall have originated, shall not apjove he shall feel at which a we originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon their journals and proceed to re-consider it. If, after such re-consideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent with the ob-jections to the other house, by which likewise it shall be re-considered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall be a law. But in such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the jour-nals of each house, respectively. If any bill shall not be -returned by the Governor within ten days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been pre-sented to him, it shall be a law in like manner as if ho had signed it, unless the General Assembly, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall be a law, unless sent back within three

it shall be a law, unless sent back within three days after their next meeting. Section N-IV, Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of both houses may be necessary (ixcept on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the Governor, and before it shall take giffet, he approved by him, or being dis-approved, shall be repassed by two-thirds of both

ARNOLD & CO.,

Have some very superiori Black and Blue. Black French Bombazine, of Lupina, Lulliers and other selebrated makes, which are offered decidedly cheep-ruther can be purchased classificate application must be madento er than can be purchased elsewhere. d elsew. Middlesex; May 1, 1838. 221 . May 14

them. ARTICLE IV.

ARTICLE IV. Section I. The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeaching. Section II. All impeachments shall be tried by the Senate; when sitting for that purpose, the Senators shall be upon oath or affirmation. No per-son shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Section III. The Governor, and all other civil officers under this Commonwealth, shall be liable to impeachment for any misdemeanour in office; but judgment; in such cases, shall not extend further thad to removal from office; and disquilifeation to hold any office of honour, trust or profit, under this Commonwealth: The party, whether convicted or acquitted, shall'nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and pupishment according to law. ARTICLE V. ARTICLE V.

trial, judgment, and pupishment according to law. ARTICLE V. Section I. The judicial power of this Common-wealth shall 'be vested in a Supreme Court, in Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail De-livery, ln a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Register's Court, and a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Dence, for each county in Justices of the Pedce, and in such other Courts as the legislature may, from time to time establish. Section II. The judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as tre or shall be established by law, shall be nominuted by the Governor, and by and with the consent of the Senate appointed and commissioned by him. The judges of the supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years if they shall so long behave themselves well. The president judges of the several Courts of for the termiof ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well. The Associate judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices of Common Pleas shall hold their offices of common Pleas shall so long behave themselves well. But for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient ground of impeachment, the Governor may remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of ach branch of the Registature: The judges of the Supreme Court and the presidents of the several Courts do be used and their offices for the term of be sufficient ground of impeachment, the Governor may remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Registature: The judges of the Supreme Court and the presidents of the several Courtie of Common Pleas shall at stated times receive for their services an adequate compression to be preded by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall erected by law, the Courts of Common Pleas shall at stated times free of predi under this Commonweallh. Section III. Until otherwise directed by law, the Courts of Common P

COOPER WANTED.

tively, shall be officers, unless when the Governor shall, for special reasons, dispense therewith, for any term not exceeding five years after the county shall have been erected. Section V. All commissions shall be<sup>6</sup> in the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Penn-sylvania, and be sealed with the State scal, and sign-ed by the Governor. Section VI. A State Treasurer shall be elected annually, by joint vote of both branches of the legis-lature.

lature.

lature. / Section VII. Justices of the peace or aldermen / Section VII. Justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, boroughs, and townships at the time of the election of con-stables by the qualified volers thereof, in such number as shall be directed by law, and shall be number as shall be directed by law, and shall be five bection A.A. Incentizens have a right, in a peace-able manner, to assemble together, for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances, or other proper purposes, by petition, address or remon-strance. number as shall be directed by lab, and, but of commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years; but no township, ward or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or alder-men without the consent of a majority of the qua lifted electors within such township, ward or bo-

rough. Section VIII. All officers whose election or ap-Section VIII. All officers whose election or ap-section VIII. All officers whose election or ap-pointment is not provided for in this constitution, shall be elected or appointed as shall be directed by law. No person shall be appointed to any of-fice within any county who shall not have been a citizen and an inhabitant therein one year next before his appointment, if the county shall have been so long erected, but if it shall not have been so long erected, then within the limits of the county or counties out of which it shall have been taken. No member of Congress from this state, or any person kolding or ecercising any office or appointment of trust or profit under the United States, shall at the same time hold or exercise any office in this state, to which a salary is, or fees or States, shall at the same time hold of elected any office in this state, to which a salary is, or fees or perquisites are by law, annexed, and the legisla-ture may by law declare what State offices are in-compatible. No member of the Senate or of the house of representatives shall be appointed by the Generator to any office during the term for which he head there been elected.

Governor to any office altern the term for summer he shall have been elected. Section IX. All officers for a term of years shall hold their, offices for the terms respectively specified, only on the condition that they so long behave themselves well; and shall be removed on conviction of misbehaviour in office or of any infamous crime.

Section X. Any person who shall, after the adoption of the amendments proposed by this Convention to the Constitution, fight a duel or Convention to the Constitution, fight a duel or send a challenge for that purpose, or be aider or abettor in fighting a duel, shall be deprived of the right of holding any office of honour or profit in this State, and shall be punished otherwise in such manner as is, or may be prescribed by law; but the executive may remit the said offence and all its discultions.

the executive may remit the said: offence and all its disqualifications. ARTICLE VII. Section I. The legislature shall, as soon as con-veriently may be, provide by law, for the establish-ment of schools throughout the State, in such manner that the poor may be thught gratis. Section II. The arts and sciences shall be pro-moted in one or more seminfriles of learning. Section III. The rights, privileges, immunities and estates of religious societies and corporate bo-dies, shall remain as if the constitution of this State had not been altered or amended. Section IV& The legislature shall not invest any corporate body or individual with the privilege

Section 144 The legislature shall not invest any corporate body or individual with the privilege of taking private property for public use, without requiring such corporation or individual to make compensation to the owners of said property, or give adequate security therefor, before such pro-berty shall be taken. perty shall be taken.

perty snaw of taken. ARTICLE VIII. Members of the General Assembly, and all offi-cers, executive and judicial, shall be bound by oath

DR/ WILLIAM S. ROLAND HAS removed his Office to the Dring Store in N. Hanover street, a few doors north of the corner, and directly opposite George W. Sheafer's Des Good kins, Checks, and Diapers, which are officed uncom-store. us habits. Immediate application directly opposite George W. Sheater's Dis Good lins, Checkw, this application of the Checkw, this application of the Checkw, the Annold is application of the Annold is application

Section XVII. No expost facto law, nor any law impairing contracts shall be made. Section XVIII. No person shall be attainted of treason or felony by the legislature. Section XIX. No attainder shall work corruption of blood, nor, except during the life of the offender, forfeiture of estate to the commonwealth; the es-tates of such persons as shall destroy their own lives, shall descend or vest as in case of natural death; and if any person shall be killed by casualty, there shall be no forfeiture by reason thereof. Section XX. The citizens have a right, in a peaceconvention nave hereunto signed our names at Philadelphia, the twenty-second day of Febru-ary, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the sixty-second.

JOHN SERGEANT, President. Ezra S. Hayhurst,

Daniel Agnew, Wm. Hays, Abm. Helffenstein, Wm. Ayres, M. W. Baldwin, M. Henderson, Wm. Henderson, Ephraim Banks, John-Y. Barclay, Win. Hiester, William High, Jacob Barndolar. Chas. A. Barnitz, Andrew Bedford, Jos. Hopkinson, Andrew Bedfo Thos. S. Bell,

John Houpt, Jabcz Hyde, Charles Jared Ingersoll, Phs. Jenks, George M. Keim, James Kennedy, Thos. S. Bell, James Cornell Biddle, Lebbeus L. Bigelow, Saml. C. Boitham, Chas. Brown, Jeremiah Brown, William Brown,

William Curll. 2 Wm. Darlington, George Chambers, John Chandler, Jos. R. Chandler;

Ch. Chauncey,

John Clarke, William Clark,

A. J. Cline, Lindley Coates, R. E. Cochran,

Thos. P. Cope,

Cornelius Crum, Benjn. Martin, John L. M'Cahen,

E. T. M'Dowell

Harmar Denny,

Jas. Donagan, J. R. Donnell,

James M Sherry, Mark Darrah,

John Dickey, Joshua Dicketson, Jacob Dillinger,

Joseph M. Doran, James Dunlop,

Thomas Earle.

D. M. Farrelly,

Robt. Fleming,

Walter Forward

John Foulkrod, Joseph Fry, Jr. John Fuller, John A. Gamble,

Nathaniel Clapp, . James Clarke,

Aaron Kerr, Jos. Konigmacher, Jacob Krebs,

H. G. Long, David Lyons, Alex. Magee, Joel K. Munn,

W. M. Meredith, James Merrill, Levi Merkel, Wm. L. Miller,

D. Nevin, Wm. Overfield,

E. C. Reigart, A. H. Road,

Geo. W. Riter, Jno. Ritter,

H. Gold Rogers, Samuel Royer, James M. Russell,

Daniel Saeger, John Morin Scott,

Tobias Sellers, G. Seltzer, Geo. Serrill,

Henry Scheetz, George Shilleto, Thomas H. Sill,

James Montgomery, Christian Meyers,

Hiram Payne, Matthias Pennypacker

James Porter, James Madison Porter,

Saml. A. Purviance,

uestioned. Section XXII. No standing army shall, in time of peace, be kept up without the consent of the Le-gislature; and the military shall, in all cases, and at all times, be in strict subordination to the civil... Pierce Butler. Samuel Carey, John Cummin, -Thomas S. Cunnin

Section XX. The citizens have a right, in a peace-

strance. Section XXI. The right of citizens to bear arms, in defence of themselves and the State, shall not be

wer. Section XXIII. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but, in a manner to be

prescribed by law. Section XXIV. The legislature shall not grant any title of nobility or hereditary distinction, not create any office the appointment to which shall be for a longer term than during good behaviour. Section XXV. Emigration from the State shall not be prohibiled.

of the prohibited. Section XXVI. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated, WE DECLARE, that every thing in this article is ex-cepted out of the general powers of government, and shall for ever remain inviolate.

ARTICLE X

shall for ever remain inviolate. ARTICLE-X: Any amendment or amendments to this constitu-tion may be proposed in the Senate or House of Re-proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall cause the same to be published three months before the next election, in at least one newspaper in every-county in which a newspaper shall be published; and if in the legislature next afterwards chosen such pro-posed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the commonwealth shall cause the same to be published in manner aforesaid, and such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people in such manner and at such time, at least three months, ofter being so agreed to by the two houses as the legislature shall prescribes and if the people shall, approve and ralify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the qua-lified voters of this Slate voing thereon, such amend-ment or amendments shall be com-stitution j-buit no amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people of the form shall prescribes and if the be houses as the legislature shall prescribes and if the be house as the legislature shall prescribes and if the box houses as the legislature shall be con-stitution j-buit no amendments or amendments shall be submitted to the people oftener than one in five years's Provided, that if more than one agendment be submitted to the people any vote for. or against each amendment septifiely and distinctly. Joshua F. Cox, Walter Craig, Richd. M. Crain, Geo. T. Crawford,

### SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the altera-tions and amendments in the Constitution of this. Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared and ordain-

ed, That, Section I. All laws of this Commonwealth in force

Section I. All laws of this Commonwealth in force at the time when the said alterations and amend-ments in the said Common in shall take effect; and not inconsistent therewith, and all rights, actions, prosecutions, claims, and contracts as well of indi-viduals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if the said alterations and amendments had not been made. nade. Section II. The alterations and amendments in the

CHEAP, CHEAP GOODS,

.cu

To Laneaster, Harrisburg, Carlisle, and Chanibers-burg. Rail Road distance, 150 miles. Leave corner of Broad and Arch streets, daily, at six o'clock, A. M., by superior Coaches from Chambersburg to Bed-ford, Stoughstown, and Greensburg, to Pattsburgh. Through to Pittsburg in 48 Hours.... United States' Rail Road and Mail Stage Lines to Chambersburg, Bedford, Somersett, Washington and Wheeling, the only lines direct to Wheeling from Philadelphia. ALSO, PEOPLES' LINE Of Rail Road Cars to Lancaster and Columbia, at 8 m<sup>2</sup>clock, A. M.

8 % clock, A. M. The publicare most respectfully informed, that the Proprietors of these Lines, have spared no expense, to make them equal, if not in many points superior to any ever placed on the Western Road; and every other necessary accommodation to render the Travel-ler perfectly safe and comfortable; and therefore hope to receive a share of good will, and the patronage of a liberal public.

Office, No. 89 Chesnut Street. one door below 3d st. Office, No. 89 Chesnut Street. one abor below 54 st. For seats apply as above; at P. Osborne's Hotel, No. 218 Market Street; Western Hotel, No. 288 Market Street; and at T. G. Kerns' Hotel, No. 288 Market Street; and at T. G. Kerns' Hotel, Depot House; orner of Broad and Arch Streets. GARLIN, MILITIMORE & Co. Rail Road Car Proprietors WM. KITTELL, Agent. May 14, 1838.

May 14, 1838.

Pennsylvania, Union and Schuylkill

### Transportation Line. THE subscriber will continue at the opening of the

navigation to run his

Geo. Smith, Wm. Smyth. LINE OF BOATS. Joseph Snively, Jno. B. Sterigere, Jacob Stickel. Ebenezer W. Sturdevo 

Ebenezer W. State Thomas Taggari, Morgan J. Thomas, James Todd, Thomas Weaver, J.cob B. Weidman, R. G. White, Geo., W. Woodward, D. Young Between Philadelphia and Harrisburg-produce for R. Young.

Between Philadelphia and Harrisourg—produce to the city market, received at the Warchouse of Henry Rhoads, Main Street, Carlisle, or at any other Warc-house on the Cumberland. Valley Rall Road; to be forwarded to George W. Laybg, who will forward it immediately to the persons consigned to in Philadel-phia. Also, in retury bring all kinds of Merchandize of the custometr reto. William Gearhart, David Gilmore, Virgil Grenell, William L. Harris, Thomas Hastings, (Attest,) S. SHOCH, Secretary. the customary rate. WILLIAM BOSTICK, G. L. FAUS, J. WILLIAMS, Assistant Secretaries.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISDUG, FERLYARY 29, 1838. I certify, that the foregoing is an exact and literal eopy of "the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as amended by the Convention of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven-thirty-eight," deposited in this office on the 26th day of February, 1838; the amendments being in *italic*, and the retained portions of the present Constitu-tion in round left.

tion in roman letter. THO. H. BURROWES, Sec'y of the Commonwealth. in Stand

# on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Produce ordered to Weaver & Miller, Harrisburg, fog us, will be forwarded without delay. ORRICK & FOX, Refer to Droad Street, above Race, Phila. SPLENDID CHALLIES,

"Lead and Light ground Mouslin De Laines, Extracted Ginghanis," Chintzes and Chally Launs, (a new article,) sale hy Refer to Broan Succe, above Actor, a .... CHARLES OGILAY, F59-, 2 Carlisle, Mr.-HENRY-RITOADS, May 14, 1838, -6m, 24 for sale by May 44. - 24 

March 19, 1838.—Sib PRODUCE COMMISSION WABEHOUSE. The subscribers continue to transact a general Com-mission Business for the sale of all kinds of country produce. They also continue to receive and forward with despatch, goods ordered for any of the towns on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Produce ordered to Weaver & Miller, Harrisburg, and the towns with the Miller, Harrisburg,

n an an Anna a Anna an Anna an

Harrisburg. 16.

24