

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Patriot. UNITED STATES SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1838.

Mr. Clay brought forward, this morning, a measure of the very highest importance...

The distinguished Kentucky Senator, addressing himself to the Chairman of the Committee on Finance, propounded an inquiry...

These remarks started the Administration party not a little. They looked 'what's in the wind now?' as plainly as faces could speak...

Mr. Clay then introduced, with a few remarks on the neglect of the Government to present any measure for the relief of the people...

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That no discrimination shall be made...

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That no discrimination shall be made as to the currency...

Mr. Grundy rose to make a suggestion that the operation of the resolution be restricted to the banks in the vicinity of those places where the notes are received and disbursed...

Mr. Clay said in reply, that this was merely a matter of detail which might be considered when the resolution came up for action...

The resolution is over one day according to the rule.

WASHINGTON, May 2, 1838.

A debate of remarkable interest and importance arose in the Senate to-day, on Mr. Clay's Currency Resolutions...

It came up in regular course. Mr. Wright moved to refer it to the Committee on Finance, every body knows that the majority of that Committee are decidedly opposed to its principles...

Mr. Clay called upon Mr. Wright for these reasons. He thought the proposed reference unnecessary; and that no report from a Committee could be needed on either of the propositions contained in the resolution...

This distinguished orator and statesman was most earnest and eloquent in remonstrating against the indulgence of mere party feelings at this momentous period...

The day, he said, will come, when the Government cannot receive indiscriminately the paper of all the Banks. Then must we have a Bank of the Nation!

Thursday, May 3. I send you some additional speeches of the debate in the Senate yesterday, on Mr. Clay's Currency Resolution.

Mr. Calhoun said he was glad the measure had been brought forward—it deserved attention. Something, he thought, must be done to give stability to the currency...

He thought the present a proper and suitable time to discuss the subject; and he hoped Mr. Clay would now soon bring forward his proposition for a National Bank...

As to the second branch of the resolution, it was clear that it would repeal certain acts of legislation. But it is still a simple matter, and understood by all.

lating to produce delay, and excite the apprehensions of the community. The majority of the committee are known to be opposed to both parts of the resolution...

Mr. Wright again rose. He denied that there was any necessity for this resolution, in order to encourage and sustain the banks...

I had no doubt from the first that the real motive of the proposal to refer to the Committee on Finance was hostility to Mr. Wright's project...

In reply to the argument drawn by Mr. Wright from the resumption which has been forced on the New York banks by the laws of that State...

Mr. Clay rose to pieces and trampled in the dust, the other argument drawn from the fact, alleged by Mr. Wright, that the notes of the resuming banks are now received by the post offices...

Mr. Clay ever be able to nerve himself for the contest! Pray Heaven, no—bones may be broken!

It is most wonderful, but no less true, that this valiant speech did not produce the slightest effect upon any one—except to create a laugh.

Mr. Clay treated it with perfect contempt. He condescended to notice it, only so far as to say it was unnecessary to make any remark on it; but that he would reply to the speech of Mr. Calhoun...

It was idle, Mr. Clay continued, to bring up the resumption by a few banks as a reason to show that his resolution was unnecessary. Whether they now intend to resume or not, the resolution could not fall to give encouragement to support to them...

Thursday, May 3. I send you some additional speeches of the debate in the Senate yesterday, on Mr. Clay's Currency Resolution.

Mr. Calhoun said he was glad the measure had been brought forward—it deserved attention. Something, he thought, must be done to give stability to the currency...

He thought the present a proper and suitable time to discuss the subject; and he hoped Mr. Clay would now soon bring forward his proposition for a National Bank...

As to the second branch of the resolution, it was clear that it would repeal certain acts of legislation. But it is still a simple matter, and understood by all.

effective separation? Is not the Divorce complete as if the Sub-Treasury Bill had passed? It is time to be warned!

The alternatives proposed by Mr. Calhoun were the Divorce (that is, the state in which we now are) or to go back to the State-Bank system.

On this point he was well answered by Mr. Davis. We did not put you, (said he) in a position where these are the alternatives. They are not our measures—we are not responsible for this choice of evils...

Benton next rose full of wrath and fury. He declared there were two real topics of complaint. One was among the New Yorkers that there was a superabundance of specie...

He finished by declaring war to the knife against the resolution. He wished it sent to the Committee on Finance, that it might be met by an expostional show of it up in true colors!

Mr. Fraley of the city, offered a preamble and resolutions requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote and use their influence against the bill...

Mr. Fraley supported the resolutions with his usual ability. He referred briefly to the present degraded state of the currency of the country, and the course of the Government on the subject...

YEAS.—Messrs. Barclay, Case, Cassat, Darragh, Fraley of the city, Fullerton, Harper, James, McConkey, Paul, Pearson, Purviance, Sterrett, Strohm, Penrose, Speaker.—15.

NAYS.—Messrs. Caldwell, Carpenter, Fraley of Schuylkill, Irvin, Kelley, Kingsbury, Leet, Michler, Miller, of the City, Miller of Berks, Myers, GENERAL DAVID R. PORTER, Rogers, Sangston, Snyder, Slenker.—10.

We now appeal to the FARMERS and MACHINISTS, the honest reflecting, and upright citizens of our county, to say, who is in favor of, or who is opposed to shin plasters.

Mr. Clay declared in conclusion, that it was now perfectly manifest, that no usual purpose of a reference, was to be answered by the motion to send this subject to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Calhoun in reply, maintained that the Sub-Treasury system had worked well—it was a natural process, and, under it, the banks left to themselves had resumed specie payments, when the State Bank Deposit System, had drew them to suspension.

Mr. Calhoun appeared to be extremely anxious that Mr. Clay should present his project for a National Bank, and have it made the subject of general discussion.

Mr. Preston stated that the question was whether the union between the Banks and the Government, should be regulated by law, or left to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Post Master General.

discrimination. It met his entire approval. He would vote for a repeal of the Treasury Circular, in almost any form, but he thought the resolution of 1816, was better than the present proposition.

Mr. Clay and Mr. Tipton both remonstrated against the reference—as unpardonable; and insisted that the Senate ought to keep the resolution in its own hands.

THE SHIN PLASTER PARTY AND THEIR CANDIDATE. Ever since the shin plaster currency commenced, it has been the grand object of the Loco Foco party, to shift from their shoulders...

They will also bear in mind that, this winter the same party have asked for a law authorizing the issue of TEN MILLIONS more of the same kind of currency...

Friday March 30, 1838. ORIGINAL RESOLUTIONS. Mr. FRALEY of the city, offered a preamble and resolutions requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote and use their influence against the bill...

Mr. Fraley supported the resolutions with his usual ability. He referred briefly to the present degraded state of the currency of the country, and the course of the Government on the subject...

YEAS.—Messrs. Barclay, Case, Cassat, Darragh, Fraley of the city, Fullerton, Harper, James, McConkey, Paul, Pearson, Purviance, Sterrett, Strohm, Penrose, Speaker.—15.

NAYS.—Messrs. Caldwell, Carpenter, Fraley of Schuylkill, Irvin, Kelley, Kingsbury, Leet, Michler, Miller, of the City, Miller of Berks, Myers, GENERAL DAVID R. PORTER, Rogers, Sangston, Snyder, Slenker.—10.

We now appeal to the FARMERS and MACHINISTS, the honest reflecting, and upright citizens of our county, to say, who is in favor of, or who is opposed to shin plasters.

Mr. Clay declared in conclusion, that it was now perfectly manifest, that no usual purpose of a reference, was to be answered by the motion to send this subject to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Calhoun in reply, maintained that the Sub-Treasury system had worked well—it was a natural process, and, under it, the banks left to themselves had resumed specie payments, when the State Bank Deposit System, had drawn them to suspension.

Mr. Calhoun appeared to be extremely anxious that Mr. Clay should present his project for a National Bank, and have it made the subject of general discussion.

Mr. Preston stated that the question was whether the union between the Banks and the Government, should be regulated by law, or left to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Post Master General.

Mr. Buchanan made a few remarks on that part of the resolution which relates to

From the Pennsylvania Telegraph. BLASPHEMY.

THE LOCO FOCOS IN COLUMBIA COUNTY.

The Loco Foco meeting at Bloomsburg, although a "slim concern," gave evidence of the "genuine spirit of the party."

Resolved, That we will vote for the D-I, if he will let us call him a Democrat, in PREFERENCE to an Angel of Light, whom we may choose to call a Federalist.

Such blasphemy may be expected from a party that publicly toasts that notorious INFIDEL, "Fanny Wright," as "the Bright Venus of Democracy."

Those who have any regard for the religious institutions of our country, should look well to the effects of their conduct, before they act with a party seeking their destruction.

Friday March 30, 1838. ORIGINAL RESOLUTIONS. Mr. FRALEY of the city, offered a preamble and resolutions requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to vote and use their influence against the bill...

Mr. Fraley supported the resolutions with his usual ability. He referred briefly to the present degraded state of the currency of the country, and the course of the Government on the subject...

YEAS.—Messrs. Barclay, Case, Cassat, Darragh, Fraley of the city, Fullerton, Harper, James, McConkey, Paul, Pearson, Purviance, Sterrett, Strohm, Penrose, Speaker.—15.

NAYS.—Messrs. Caldwell, Carpenter, Fraley of Schuylkill, Irvin, Kelley, Kingsbury, Leet, Michler, Miller, of the City, Miller of Berks, Myers, GENERAL DAVID R. PORTER, Rogers, Sangston, Snyder, Slenker.—10.

We now appeal to the FARMERS and MACHINISTS, the honest reflecting, and upright citizens of our county, to say, who is in favor of, or who is opposed to shin plasters.

Mr. Clay declared in conclusion, that it was now perfectly manifest, that no usual purpose of a reference, was to be answered by the motion to send this subject to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Calhoun in reply, maintained that the Sub-Treasury system had worked well—it was a natural process, and, under it, the banks left to themselves had resumed specie payments, when the State Bank Deposit System, had drawn them to suspension.

Mr. Calhoun appeared to be extremely anxious that Mr. Clay should present his project for a National Bank, and have it made the subject of general discussion.

Mr. Preston stated that the question was whether the union between the Banks and the Government, should be regulated by law, or left to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Post Master General.

Mr. Buchanan made a few remarks on that part of the resolution which relates to

NEWS OF THE DAY.

TEXAS AND THE UNION.—The Congress of Texas have passed a resolution to apply to Washington to get back their petition of annexation to the United States.

Death of an Indian Chief.—The celebrated Indian Chief, Jumper, died at New Orleans on the 18th ult. and was buried in the afternoon.

Mammoth Ozen.—Jonathan Andrews, Esq., of Smithfield, slaughtered on Monday a yoke of fat oxen, which weighed upon the foot, 3970 lbs.

Let litigation thrive.—The number of suits commenced in the District Court of New Orleans since the 4th of March, 1837, to the 20th ult. is 2,200.

Drill Story of a Fox.—Some years ago a fox was kept at the Talbot Inn, Shrewsbury, and employed in a wheel to turn the jacks, but after a while Reynard gave his keepers the slip, and regained his native fields.

A valuable hint to subscribers.—The Indianapolis Journal states that a merchant of Cincinnati having received an order for some goods from a man in a neighboring state, went to a newspaper office...

BEASTLY INTENTPENCE. We perceive in the Cincinnati papers, that three hogs were taken up in the street of that city, quite intoxicated from eating cherries, which had been sown in ruin.

ROTATION. We find the following very clear thing in the Susquehanna Register:—At a late Van Buren meeting in Philadelphia county, among other resolutions in favor of "rotation in office," it was resolved that they have no doubt Mr. Van Buren will "carry out the rotary principle."

The reckless course pursued by the Pennsylvania Reporter, and its kindred prints, in relation to the Pennsylvania United States Bank, is really astonishing; such a determined series of erroneous statements we have never witnessed.

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION. The editor of the New Yorker, a nautical paper, who is remarkably accurate in his political statistics, has published a comparative view of the last Presidential canvass, and on the last occasion when the people were called on to record their votes.

Our Prospects.—Lebanon county will do her duty at the approaching election: instead of losing, Governor Ritner is daily gaining strength. We have conversed with a number of political friends from all parts of the county, during the last few weeks, and we feel satisfied that the Farmer Governor's vote will not be less than it was three years ago—his majority then was 900.—Lebanon Courier.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, is flourishing in the steamboat trade. From March 26th up to April 24th inclusive, there has been 69 steamboat arrivals, and 74 steamboat departures from this port.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Take three quarts of good spring water, one quart of wheat bran, half pint of tar, and half pint of honey. Simmer them gently for two or three hours in a stone pot over a slow fire.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY.—The Petersburg Intelligencer of Tuesday last says: "We learn that a man by the name of Marks, in Prince George, shot a man by the name of Lebetter and his wife, on Friday last."

NEW YORK, July 24, 1837.

Fierce Fight.—Colonel Nichols and a Mr. Bowie, had a fierce encounter with pistols and a Bowie knife at Natchez April 20.

Death of an Indian Chief.—The celebrated Indian Chief, Jumper, died at New Orleans on the 18th ult. and was buried in the afternoon.

Mammoth Ozen.—Jonathan Andrews, Esq., of Smithfield, slaughtered on Monday a yoke of fat oxen, which weighed upon the foot, 3970 lbs.

Let litigation thrive.—The number of suits commenced in the District Court of New Orleans since the 4th of March, 1837, to the 20th ult. is 2,200.

Drill Story of a Fox.—Some years ago a fox was kept at the Talbot Inn, Shrewsbury, and employed in a wheel to turn the jacks, but after a while Reynard gave his keepers the slip, and regained his native fields.

A valuable hint to subscribers.—The Indianapolis Journal states that a merchant of Cincinnati having received an order for some goods from a man in a neighboring state, went to a newspaper office...

BEASTLY INTENTPENCE. We perceive in the Cincinnati papers, that three hogs were taken up in the street of that city, quite intoxicated from eating cherries, which had been sown in ruin.

ROTATION. We find the following very clear thing in the Susquehanna Register:—At a late Van Buren meeting in Philadelphia county, among other resolutions in favor of "rotation in office," it was resolved that they have no doubt Mr. Van Buren will "carry out the rotary principle."

The reckless course pursued by the Pennsylvania Reporter, and its kindred prints, in relation to the Pennsylvania United States Bank, is really astonishing; such a determined series of erroneous statements we have never witnessed.

PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION. The editor of the New Yorker, a nautical paper, who is remarkably accurate in his political statistics, has published a comparative view of the last Presidential canvass, and on the last occasion when the people were called on to record their votes.

Our Prospects.—Lebanon county will do her duty at the approaching election: instead of losing, Governor Ritner is daily gaining strength. We have conversed with a number of political friends from all parts of the county, during the last few weeks, and we feel satisfied that the Farmer Governor's vote will not be less than it was three years ago—his majority then was 900.—Lebanon Courier.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, is flourishing in the steamboat trade. From March 26th up to April 24th inclusive, there has been 69 steamboat arrivals, and 74 steamboat departures from this port.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. Take three quarts of good spring water, one quart of wheat bran, half pint of tar, and half pint of honey. Simmer them gently for two or three hours in a stone pot over a slow fire.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY.—The Petersburg Intelligencer of Tuesday last says: "We learn that a man by the name of Marks, in Prince George, shot a man by the name of Lebetter and his wife, on Friday last."

NEW YORK, July 24, 1837.