HERALD AND EXPOSITOR.

BY PHILLIPS & VEAZEY.

CARLISLE.

Tuesday, November 7, 1837.

The People's Candidates.

FOR PRESIDENT,

WM. H. HARRISON.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

FRANCIS GRANGER

Democratic Antimasonic Candidate

FOR GOVERNOR

JOSEPH RITNER.

Friends of Harrison!

ATTEND!!!

A Meeting of the Friends of the Patriot HARRISON, will be held at the Court House on Monday Evening next, at early candle-light, for the purpose of adopting such measures as shall then be deemed proper.

MANY.

Carlisle, Nov. 7, 1837.

The New Market House.

On Saturday morning last, our market was held in the handsome and convenient new building, which being now finished, adorns our public square. The celerity with which this building has been brought to a finish by the last undertaker—Mr. SAMUEL GRAHAM—reflects great credit upon him, and will no doubt be the means of getting him into many good jobs in our borough.

The market house is neatly finished and painted, and every stall numbered, and being about twice the size of the old one, will be amply commodious to accommodate all our farmers who may have any thing to dispose of. We hope they will not be slow in bringing in whatever they may have to spare, as marketing of all kinds now commands a high price.

United States Line.

On Friday evening last, the car of the new "United States Line" commenced running their regular trips between Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Pittsburg and Wheeling. Our attention has been called to this car from its extraordinary beauty, the finish of which both externally and internally is of the first order. On the outer panneds is handsomely painted the coat of arms of all the different States composing the Union There is a peculiar fitness in this, as it is the *United States Line.* The interior arrangements are all made with a view to the comfort and convenience of the passengers. The seats are of that luxurious kind which prove so tempting to those who are in search of an easy seat, being soft and inviting. But that for which we feel most disposed to recommend this elegant car is the peculiar construction of the wheels and axle by which all danger from the breaking of one of the latter, is entirely avoided—indeed so ingenuously is this contrived that unless the axle breaks *outside* of the box in which it revolves the car will not be in he least affected by it, but will continue its course, carrying its unconscious passengers in perfect safety.

All the cars of this new line are constructed upon the same principle, which secures the safety of the traveller; and as there is a neat little coal stove inside each car, traveling during the ensuing cold weather will be as comfortable an affair as sitting by "our ain fire sides."

The Volunteer is very wrathy at the Lancaster Examiner for saying that a large number of Perry votes came over the mountain on the day of the last election to vote against Mr. Penrose; and that a letter was received from an office holder in Washington stating, that if money was required to defeat Mr. Penrose, it should be forthcoming. The latter, he declares, is absolutely *false,* Stop, Mr. Volunteer—not so fast. Be wary. See that you are on safe ground, before you go so far.—The Examiner is not so far out the way as you imagine. We can assert the Examiner in this case, as *we* happen to *know* that such a letter *was* received, and the tender of money actually made; and this we hold ourselves ready to *prove* in a court of justice; which we can do without "calling up Morgan's Ghost to our aid." Do not the editors of the Volunteer, know where the following for substance, if not the very words, is to be found.

WASHINGTON CITY, Sept. — 1837.

"It is all important that Penrose should be defeated, as in the event of his success the bank will "be sustained, and in case of his defeat, it must "fall. * * * If money is necessary for his defeat, let us know, and it shall be sent." * * * *

As to the Perry voters, the Volunteer well knows that the Examiner is not in error, at least to any very great degree, as any can see who will compare the number of votes given at the last election, with the previous year.

We shall say nothing more at present than to advise the editors of the Volunteer to ascertain in future that the *truth* has not leaked out before he ventures to pronounce it false.

The KNICKERBOCKER, for November, has been already received. We are glad to see it make its appearance so early in the month, and hope that it will continue to show itself thus early. We shall notice it more particularly in our next.

The Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

Our neighbor of the Volunteer seems to think that our hoisting the Ritner flag to the mast head was the *effect* of Gov. Ritner's appearance in our town on Sunday week. In this, as in many other things, the editors are in error. That article was penned some days previously, and actually was in type on the *Saturday* preceding the Governor's visit. By the bye, the Governor's *visit* to Carlisle on Sunday, was nothing more nor less than his attendance on preaching in company with his son, who is a regular worshipper with the first Presbyterian Congregation. His stay in town was only during the hours of worship; immediately after which he quietly left the place, setting an example worthy of imitation. Gov. Ritner has too much respect for the Sabbath to make *visits* on that holy day.

Nicholas Biddle has at length (according to the prediction of the Keystone) submitted a statement of the condition of his Bank to the Auditor General.—Had he not done so prior to the meeting of the Legislature, articles of impeachment would, in all probability, have been preferred against the Governor, by the lower House, for a shameful neglect of duty in not requiring monthly statements from the Bank, according to law—hence, as soon as it was ascertained that a democratic House of Representatives was returned, a report was immediately forthcoming.

What strikes us as being very strange, is, that in this report the Bank is represented as having about double the amount of specie in its vaults, at present, that it had when it suspended payment, whilst its paper circulation has been considerably diminished! How has this been effected? Certainly not by redeeming its bills with specie, as the law requires it to do. It must have some other means of reducing its circulation, and at the same time replenishing its coffers with specie, that at present meets the public eye. Time will, perhaps, determine how it has been done. For the present, we are left entirely in the dark.

The above is from the Carlisle Volunteer, the writer of which has the candor to admit that he is somewhat puzzled by the "strange" facts, in relation to the action of the bank, disclosed by its late report. The truth is, the Loco Foco editors have had a troublesome time of it since they commenced the war upon this institution. At one time they have represented it as being insolvent, broken, &c. and at another poured upon it their virtuous indignation for hoarding up more specie than it could have use for.

Quite recently they were in full cry against it for "sending specie to Europe," "buying up specie with its own worthless rags," and such like offences, which they charged upon it, while now they are suddenly made to tear open their eyes in amazement, at the discovery that the monster has "double the amount of specie in its vaults, at present, that it had when it suspended specie payment, *whilst its paper circulation has been considerably diminished!"* The editor admits that he is "entirely in the *dark*" on this subject, which we doubt not has been pretty much the case with his co-laborers all the while, or they would not have said so many absurd things and made themselves ridiculous as often as they have done in prosecuting their opposition to the "monster."

The only good Gen. Jackson ever secured to Pennsylvania for all her unyielding adherence to him, was in vetoing the U. S. Bank, a consequence of which is, that it has become a Pennsylvania *State* institution—has already poured *millions* into the Treasury of the People—pays annually a hundred thousand dollars into the Public School Fund—contributes its powerful aid to may important private enterprizes, the completion of which will confer lasting benefits upon large sections of the State; and, in fine, having become identified with the prosperity of the State that has adopted it, will be the means, in spite of the opposition of many of her misled and recreant sons, of so invigorating the energies of PENNSYLVANIA, in her career of improvement and general prosperity, as to set all rivalry at defiance, and challenge the admiration of the world.

It is a mistake in those who represent the Bank as anxious to obtain a charter from the General Government. However anxious the people may be for its restoration to its former position, in order that the general benefit it recently conferred upon the country might be regained and enjoyed, those who control the Bank, although perhaps willing to assume their former responsibilities, cannot be anxious to do so when their interest would not be thereby promoted.

It cannot be questioned that the U. S. Bank of Pennsylvania is a *powerful* institution, capable of doing a vast amount of good or evil—and that it is *capable* of producing evil, is a no more valid argument against it than against those indispensible elements to our existence, fire, water, and air, which, although constantly yielding their innumerable gifts so requisite to sustain life, are *capable,* certainly, of destroying our homes and our lives, and of sweeping hundreds and thousands to their graves with scarce a moment's warning! But there is no reason why the directors of this institution should, in the least degree, adopt a line of conduct with the interests of the community. Apart from the ample restraints of law, and the honesty of its directors, the *interest* of the Bank and the people, it seems to us, are so closely connected as to present no motive to the former to act to the injury of the latter; the prosperity of the People is the prosperity of the Bank, and *vice versa.* There may be, it is true, occasions when the Bank, like individuals, must look to its own safety without doing injustice to others, though we confess that it is on *such occasions* that the great and irremediable imperfection in the banking system exhibits itself; we mean, that in seasons of commercial reverses and pecuniary embarrassments, when aid is wanted, and when increased means of obtaining funds demanded to preserve credit and avert sacrifice, the banks become affected by the circumstances, and instead of being enabled to afford *relief,* they are obliged, for their own safety, not only to withhold that relief, but *to curtail* their accommodations.—*Chambersburg Whig.*

Theft and Murder.—A horrid affair occurred last week at Columbia, Penn. Mr. Benjamin Peart, a respectable farmer residing near the outskirts of the town having detected a negro in the act of robbing his pig-sty, attempted to arrest him, and in the struggle received several deadly wounds, inflicted by a sharp knife which the negro had in his hand. A neighbor, named Cruzer, who heard Mr. P's cries, pursued the negro and when about seizing him also received a wound in the stomach, the negro having driven the knife up to the handel. Mr. P. expired soon after, and Mr. C's. recovery is doubtful. The negro has been arrested.—*Columbia Spy.*

DIED,

On Thursday last, Mr. Harkness Adams, of East Pennsboro' towship, aged about 27 years.

For the Herald & Expositor.

The Dreamer.

Whereas, great and weighty matters have transpired, which claim the consideration of all concerned; and whereas, the signs of the times indicate a downfall of our union—now, therefore, be it known, that Section 18th of Article 3d of our happy Constitution contains the following very apt language, viz: That every woman shall have full right to speak at all times—and to say what she pleases, without fear of molestation. And further, that she is hereby instructed and empowered, to *babble, tattle,* and *prattle,* so that her tongue may not cleave to the roof of her mouth, but be kept in a perfect state of *flexibility* and *voluability*—moving on without ceasing—betraying secrets of the most sacred kind—defaming neighbours—calumniating good men—setting friends at variance—fomenting quarrels and producing domestic broils: Provided, however, that she shall not be allowed the privilege of ever saying one word to the purpose, or conversing on any subject but nonsense. Certainly a Constitution having such praiseworthy objects in view, cannot fail of effecting good; and of producing a lasting benefit to the sisterhood.

At a regular meeting of the Association, held at Head-Quarters, on Friday evening, the 20th ult.—

On motion of Miss Tattle, it was

Resolved, That the Association recommend to our male acquaintances, the propriety of treating with contempt all "Select Parties," and of discontinuing many of their late and pernicious pursuits,—and that they be advised, and entreated to spend all their leisure hours in company with this association, during the approaching dreary season.

[Signed,] SALLY BABBLE, *Pres't.*

Attest,—JULY PRATTLE, *Secretary.*

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Office of the American,
Nov. 4, 1837.

FLOUR.—We note an improvement in the prices of Howard street flour. Sales from stores are making at $8 62½ and 8 75, and the wagon price ranges from $8 37½ and 8 50.

Sales of some parcels of City Mills flour yesterday, at 8 37½. To-day the market is firm at 8 50.

GRAIN.—There is very little Wheat in rivin, and prices of reds continue to rule at 1 80 and 1 85, for very good prime,—and at 1 85 and 1 92 for good to prime whites. The supplies of wheat are short of the demand.

Sales of white Corn from stores, at 95 cents: we quote white at 93 and 95 cents, and yellow at 98 and 100 cents.

We quote Rye at 85 and 88 cents, and Oats at 37 and 38 cents.

Millinery & Mantua Making.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing the Citizens of Carlisle and its vicinity, that she has commenced the above-named business in all its various branches, in Pomfret street, a few doors East of the Second Presbyterian Church, where she is ready to receive all those who may favor her with their custom.

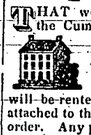
She hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of patronage, and pledges herself that her work shall be done in a neat and substantial manner. She also keeps on hand, Dress Caps, Bonnets, &c.

E. O'DONELL.

N. B.—Fashions will be received regularly every season. E. O'D.

Carlisle, November 6, 1837.

FOR RENT.



THAT well-known Tavern Stand, situated on the Cumberland and Perry line, known by Sterritts Gap. This is one of the best country stands in either county.

The Tavern

will be rented alone, or with the cleared land attached to the premises, which now is in good order. Any person wishing to view, or rent the property, can be accommodated by applying to the Subscriber, residing at the Gap.

W. Clark.

Sterritt's Gap, Nov 6, 1837.

Estate of Harkness Adams, deceased.

NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Harkness Adams, late of East-pennsboro' township, Cumberland county, deceased, have issued in due form of law to the Subscriber residing in said township. All persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those indebted will make payment to—

ISAAC ADAMS,

Nov. 6, 1837.—6w. *Administrator.*

FRESH GROCERIES, FRUITS, &C.

THE subscriber has just opened a lot of Fresh Groceries, Fruits, &c. which he will sell at a low profit. viz:

Rankin's best Young Hyson Tea.
Java Coffee, 20 years old.
Rio Coffee, prime strong scented, and free from dirt and stones.
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugars.
Steam Sugar House Molasses.
London Bottled Mustard.
Bottled Cayenne Pepper.
Cinnamon, ground and unground.
Ground Nuts, Brazil Nuts, English Walnuts, Soft and Paper Shell Almonds, Raisins, &c.
Old London, Pale Pinet, Champagne and Cognac Brandies.
Holland Gin, Jamaica and Boston Rum.
Choice Madeira, Fair do., L. P. Teneriffe. Sicily Madeira, Lisbon, Port, Fine and Common, and Sweet Malaga Wines.
Two Setts of Beautiful China, one 72, and one 46 pieces.
Large Liverpool Bowls, and a General Assortment of China, Liverpool & common Ware.
Connecticut Mess Shad, 13½ cents per lb.
No. 2, Mackerel—Smoked Herring.
NORTH RIVER CHEESE, 1st quality.
FRESH LEMONS, &c.

GEO. W. CRABB.

November 7, 1837.

AN ORDINANCE,

TO REGULATE THE MARKETS.

Section 1. The Town Council of the Borough of Carlisle ordain: that the inner stalls and area of the Market House shall be exclusively appropriated to butchers and retailers of meat, who shall use the stalls or spaces between the columns for the purpose of exposing their meat for sale. The outer stalls or benches shall be exclusively appropriated to the venders of provisions and articles other than meat by less measure or quantity than a quarter, which shall not there be exposed for sale: and any person or persons offending against the provisions of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay to the Borough of Carlisle the sum of one dollar.

Sect. 2. No butcher or retailer of meat by less quantities than a quarter shall occupy any stall of the Market House without first having obtained a license therefor from the Borough Treasurer, and having paid for said license the sum which shall be fixed as the annual rent of such stall, as he or they may select: a stall, being the space between any two of the columns which support the building. And any one offending against the provisions of this section shall forfeit and pay the sum of one dollar for each offence.

Sect. 3. It shall be lawful for any vender of, provisions or articles other than a retailer of meat by less quantities than a quarter, to have a space upon the outer benches of the Market House appropriated to his, her or their exclusive use, he, she or they having first obtained a license therefor from the borough Treasurer, and paid for the same at the rate per annum which shall be fixed by the Borough Authorities, from time to time. And during the time for which the said license shall be so granted, it shall be unlawful for any one else to occupy the space so appropriated, and any one offending against this provision, shall forfeit and pay to the person interrupted, the sum of one dollar.

Sect. 4. It shall be lawful for a person or persons to occupy a stall or half a stall, and the area of the market place, for the purpose of vending meat, for a market day, having first paid to the clerk of the market, such price for the occupation of the same, as shall be fixed from time to time by the authorities of the Borough.

Sect. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person to buy any article of provisions, (groceries, all kinds of grain, and bread only excepted,) after the hour of sunset of the evening of the day preceding the markets, as established by the charter, except in the Market House.—And it shall be unlawful for any person to retail any article of provision (except as before excepted) in shops or houses, within the said Borough, without first having obtained a license for that purpose from the Treasurer of the Borough, and paid for the same such price as shall be fixed therefor. And any one offending against these provisions, shall forfeit and pay, for the use of the Borough, the sum of one dollar for each offence.

Sect. 6. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, who have obtained a license as aforesaid, to retail provisions, to purchase within the usual Market hours, any article or articles of provision, above the quantity herein limited, to wit: Half a bushel of buckwheat or corn meal, 4 quarts of any kind of nuts, 2 dozen of eggs, six pounds of butter, 12 bushels of potatoes, one bushel of fruit, 20 pounds of meat, (unless a single piece should exceed 20 pounds.) And any person offending against this provision, shall forfeit and pay to the Borough, the sum of five dollars.

Sect. 7. If any person shall hereafter sell or offer for sale, any butter which shall be found not to be of full weight, such butter shall be forfeited for the use of the Borough, to be sold by the Clerk of the Market, and the proceeds paid over into the hands of the Treasurer.

Sect. 8. It shall be unlawful to bring to market for sale, unwholesome, bad, or unmarketable provisions: and any one offending against this provision shall forfeit and pay to the Borough the sum of five dollars for each offence. And it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Market immediately to remove the offensive article.

Sect. 9. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Borough to issue a license to any person or persons applying for the same, entitling him, her or them, to the exclusive use and occupancy during market hours, of any stall or stalls in the area of the Market place, or any space or spaces on the outer benches, for a term not more than one year, nor less than three months: the applicant or applicants therefor, paying to the Treasurer the following annual rent, to wit—For stalls Nos. 1 and 26, the sum of twelve dollars; for stalls Nos. 2 and 25, the sum of 10 dollars; for stalls Nos. 12 and 13, the sum of 11 dollars, and for stalls Nos 11 and 14, the sum of nine dollars. For all other stalls in the North East wing of the Market House, the sum of nine dollars; and for all other stalls in the South West wing of the Market House, the sum of eight dollars. And the applicant or applicants, for a space of spaces on the outer benches of the Market House, paying to the said Treasurer, the annual rent of two dollars for a space of four feet, or one dollar and a half for a space of three feet, as marked, designated and numbered on the said benches, which said several rents shall be paid quarterly in advance. And it shall be the duty of the said Treasurer to keep an entry in a book for that purpose, of the numbers of each and every stall and space, and the names of the persons to whom the license therefor has issued, and the time for which it has issued.

Sect. 10. It shall be unlawful to use any fraud, force or violence in the act of purchasing or removing, or attempting to remove any article or articles of provision without the consent of the owner. And it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, to use any fraudulent or dishonest practice either in buying or selling during market hours in the market place: and any one offending against these provisons shall forfeit and pay the Borough for the use of the person injured the sum of two dollars.

Sect. 11. It is hereby ordained that the stands to be used by butchers in cutting up their meat, shall be made of plank about three inches thick, with feet to stand upon, of a proper heigth, and to be in length, not exceeding four feet, and in breadth not exceeding two feet six inches; and that the same shall not be suffered to remain in the Market House, except in Market hours, unless the same shall be so turned upon the permanent benches between the columns as that the outer surface thereof, shall not be exposed to filth or uncleanness. And no person or persons shall bring within the Market House or the enclosure which surrounds the same any block, dray, cart, wagon, carriage of any kind, or any other thing not authorized by this ordinance. And it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to bring into and leave within the said enclosure any head, feet or the offal of any animal; and any person or persons offending against any of the provisons of this section shall forfeit and pay for each offence the sum of two dollars.

Sect. 12. It is hereby ordained that the Clerk of the market, shall always keep for the use of the corporation exact standard weights and measures, as the same are or shall be fixed by the laws of Pennsylvania, and that it shall be his duty once in every three months, or oftener if he shall be thereto required, to try the weights and measures of all inhabitants of the said borough, who buy or sell by weight or measure, and all and every weight or measure used in the said borough either for buying or selling, which shall be found either greater or less than the standard weight or measure, shall be taken into the custody of the said clerk, whose duty it shall be under the direction of the burgesses or either of them to reduce or to increase the same to the true standard, and the expense of doing the same shall be paid to the Borough by the person owing or occuping the said weights or measures, and if any person or persons within the said borough shall knowingly sell any article by weight or measure under the just standard so to be kept or shall buy by any weight or measure above such standard, he she or they on being thereof duly convicted, for every such offence shall forfeit and pay for the use of the corporation the sum of ten dollars, and shall also forfeit the said weights or measures.—And if any inhabitant within the said borough using any weights or measures for the purpose of buying or selling, shall refuse on demand being made in the day time by the said clerk of the market, to produce or deliver the said weights or measures by which he either buys or sells, to the said clerk, for the purpose of being tested by the said standard weights and measures, and being thereof legally convicted shall for every such offence forfeit and pay to the use of the said corporation the sum of twenty dollars. And it shall be the duty of the clerk of the market to attend every market morning at the market house, where the said standard weights and measures shall be kept, in the house provided for keeping the same; and all articles offered for sale (other than butter, put up in precise quantity) the price of which shall depend upon weight or measure, shall if brought to the said house, be by him justly weighed and measured, and he shall be paid by the seller for weighing each draft not exceeding ten pounds, one cent; and if over ten and not exceeding twenty pounds, two cents; and if exceeding twenty and not exceeding fifty pounds, three cents; and if more than fifty and not exceeding one hundred pounds, four cents; and if more than one hundred pounds, six cents; and for measuring all kinds of articles sold by the bushel, or less quantity, he shall receive if under half a bushel, one cent for each measure; if above half a bushel and not more than one bushel, two cents; and two cents for every bushel he shall have so measured in addition. And if the said clerk shall be called upon by any person or persons buying or selling any articles by weight or measure, to weigh or measure the same at any other time than on the morning of the prescribed market days, and within market hours, the seller shall pay to the said clerk double the rates above mentioned.

Sect. 13. No huckster or seller of cakes shall be permitted to occupy any stall or set within the line of posts and foot pavements put around the Market House, with intention to sell at any other time than during market hours; nor shall they then occupy the Market house unless they have a license for that purpose, under the penalty of one dollar to be paid to the Borough.

Sect. 14. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to cut, break, mash, deface or otherwise injure the Market House or the enclosures around the same, or any other improvement or ornament which now is, or hereafter shall be made, within the said Market House Square or any other of the public Squares of the Borough: or to cut, break, mark, deface or otherwise injure, any public building or house of worship which now is, or hereafter may be, enclosed within any of the public squares of the Borough: and it shall be unlawful for any crowd of men or boys to assemble in the Market house or enclosures, or either of them, for the purpose of amusement or otherwise, and for any person or persons to use or occupy the benches in the said Market House for any purpose whatever, except during Market hours: and any person or persons offending against the provisions of this ordinance shall forfeit and pay to the said Borough the sum of twenty dollars.

Sect. 15. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to construct and put up in the said Market house, or cause the same to be done, any beam, hook or device for any purpose whatever in addition to the same as at present constructed, without first having obtained the consent of the Town Council thereto, and any person offending against this provision shall forfeit and pay the sum of two dollars: and the Clerk of the Market is hereby required to remove the same.

Sect. 16. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer once in every three months to furnish to the Clerk of the market a list of the persons who have paid for and taken out licenses for stalls or places in the Market House, and if any of the said stalls shall be occupied or used by any person or persons who have not taken out a license for the same, it shall be the duty of the said Clerk immediately to make report in writing thereof to the Treasurer, whose duty it shall be to procure process to be issued against such person or persons for the collection of the penalties imposed by this act. Provided, however, that any person or persons may obtain permission from the Clerk of the market to occupy a stall or half a stall in the said Market House for one day during market hours, first paying therefor to the said Clerk the sum of fifty cents for the use of a stall or twenty-five cents for half a stall. And if the Clerk of the Market shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties required of him by this act he shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty cents for each individual so occupying the stall or stalls without license, and for each and every market day the same shall be so occupied.

Sec. 17. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to grant and issue a license to any person or persons appying for the same to retail provisions of any kind or to keep and maintain an oyster or eating house within the said Borough for the term of one year, he, she or they so applying for the same having first paid to the said Treasurer the sum of two dollars; and any person or persons who shall keep or maintain an oyster or eating house in the said Borough without having obtained a license therefor shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars.

Sect. 18. It shall be the duty of the High Constable on the second Saturdays of April, July, October, and January, to make due enquiry & report to the Treasurer, all and every person or persons, retailers of provisions within this borough; and if any person or persons shall be found retailing without a license, the Treasurer shall cause process to be issued, against such person or persons so offending, for the penalties in such case provided.

Sect. 19. It is hereby ordained that the space on the South and East sides of the Market House are hereby appropriated during market hours for the use of wagons, carts, or carriages, and the owner or driver thereof shall back his wagon, cart, or carriage in such way as that the hind part thereof shall be next the Market House, and any person or persons the owner or driver of a wagon, cart, or carriage, who shall suffer the same to remain any length of time during market hours in any other position shall forfeit and pay the sum of one dollar. And it is hereby also ordained that wagons ladened with wood, rails, boards or other lumber shall not be permitted, during market hours, to occupy the space on the South or East sides of the Market House, and any person or persons offending against this provision shall forfeit and pay the sum of one dollar.

Sect. 20. It is hereby ordained that all laws heretofore passed which are altered or supplied by this ordinance are hereby repealed.

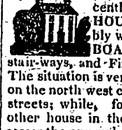
Passed the 31st October, 1837.

FRED'K WATTS,
President of Town Council.

Attest—JAMES W. HOYT, *Clerk.*

November 6, 1837.

FOR RENT.



THE subscriber will rent that well known, large and convenient house, for many years, occupied by Christian Humrich, and more recently by others, as a TAVERN HOUSE. The house is remarkably well calculated for entertaining BOARDERS; there being three stair-ways, and Fire places in most of the rooms. The situation is very pleasant and desirable, being on the north west corner of Hanover and Louther streets; while, for conveniences, it excels any other house in the borough or country. It possesses the unusual advantages of 12 rooms on the first floor—12 rooms on the 2d floor—4 rooms on the 3d floor—6 Cellars in house. Two wells of water; (one at the front door on Louther street, with a pump therein; the other in the yard at the kitchen door;) a Cistern made to contain eighty five Hogsheads; large and convenient stabling, with carriage house and sheds; large and excellent gardens attached to the buildings; besides many conveniences not specified. For particulars enquire of

CHRISTIAN HUMRICH.

N. B. The house has recently gone under complete repair. C. H.

Carlisle, Nov. 6, 1837.

FOR SALE.

The subscribers offer for sale the following described

House and Lot of Ground,

situated on the north side of Louther Street, in the borough of Carlisle, nearly opposite the College—bounded on the West by Dickinson College lot, on the East by the Widow Halbert's lot, containing 60 feet Front, and 240 feet in depth.—The buildings are a Stone House, fronting on Louther street, with a Brick back building and stable. The lot is in a good state of improvement. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and examine the premises. The terms will be made kuown by

Henrietta Collishaw,
Nov. 6. John Hutton.

NOTICE.

The annual Court of Appeal of the Carlisle Light Artillery Company will be continued at the house of Robt. Macfarlane on Saturday the 11th inst. between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.

E. M. BIDDLE,
Carlisle, Nov. 6. 1837. *Captain.*

LIST OF CAUSES

For Trial at November Term, 1837.

First Week, commencing Monday, Nov. 13, 1837

Abr'm Waggoner & Jos Hunter's ex'ors,	vs	Mary McFadden
Jno Carothers, ex'ors	vs	A'w Carothers' ad
Stockton	vs	Moore, Mahon, co
Woods	vs	P Ege et al
Weise for use of Mc. Lanahan	vs	Cronisters' adm'r
Stair for use &c	vs	Zug's adm'r
Gray	vs	Wilson
Camp	vs	Woods
Beatty	vs	Sample's adm'r
Yotter	vs	Sanno

Second Week, (Same Term.)

Com'w'lth for use, &c	vs	Neal
Eichelberger & wife	vs	Rupp's ex'ors
Zearing	vs	Hoover
Geese	vs	Wonderlich
Whisler & wife	vs	Bear
Scirer	vs	Clark
Brackenridge	vs	Early & Dunlap
Battersby	vs	Bennett
Bennett	vs	Battersby
Gorgas	vs	Gill
Carlisle Bank	vs	Geo Ege co-draw'r
Alexander	vs	Sheaffer
McAllister	vs	Laverty
Same	vs	Same
Same	vs	Same
Clever	vs	Patton
Same	vs	Same
R. Angney	vs	Jos. A & M P Ege
Martha Means	vs	N. Ramsey's exs
Gaullagher's ex'r	vs	Stockton
Kirkhoof	vs	Bishop

TRIAL LIST,

FOR ADJOURNED COURT.

Commencing Monday, Nov. 27, 1837.

Ramsey	vs	Harper
John Martin & wife for use, &c.	vs	Andrew Brown's executors
T Creighton & wife	do vs	Same
Harkness al of same	vs	James Brown et al
James Martin	vs	Same
Mary Martin	vs	Same
Martha Martin	vs	Same
Jane Martin	vs	Same
E Maatin by his gu'dn	vs	Same
John M Wilson by do	vs	Same
Seth Wilson by do	vs	Same
Margaret Wilson by do	vs	Same
Dinsmore & Kyle, indees, &c.	vs	Ege and others.
Bell and Stirling	vs	Weakley
Alexander	vs	Fetter
Blymire for use, &c	vs	Moore
Fettrow's adm'r	vs	Pelse
Maxwell for use &c	vs	Same
Clippinger	vs	Moore
Same	vs	Patton
Wightman's Adj'mr	vs	Clever
Sanders	vs	M'Keehan constl
Goodyear	vs	Lehman
Harrisb'gB'k ind'ee &c	vs	Mahon
Christleib for use &c	vs	Sturgiss
Shannon	vs	Kell

DOCTOR FREDERICK EHRMAN,

Has commenced the practice of Physic in the Borough of Carlisle, where he will be happy to render his professional services to those who may please to call upon him. His place of residence is in North Hanover st., in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Fahnestock, and nearly opposite to Mr. John Cornman's Inn.

October 9, 1837.—3w.

Robinson's Old Established LOTTERY & EXCHANGE OFFICE,

80 *Baltimore Street.*

SPLENDID LOTTERIES FOR NOVEMBER.—Orders from all parts of the United States respectfully solicited.

$30,000 Capital.

VIRGINIA RICHMOND ACADEMY LOTTERY,
Class C. for 1837,

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va., SATURDAY, November 4, 1837.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

$30,000—10,000—6,000—5,000—4,000—3,000—2,500—2,120—2,000—25 of 1,000, &c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50.
Certificates of packages of 25 whole tickets $120
do do 25 half do 60
do do 25 quarter do 30

The Most Spledid Yet,

50,000—20,000—10,000!!!

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,
Class B.

To be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on *SATURDAY,* Nov. 18, 1837.

MOST SPLENDID PRIZES.

1	prize of		50,000
1	do		20,000
1	do		10,000
1	do		7,500
1	do		6,040
2	do		2,500
3	do		2,000
5	do		1,500
10	do		1,250
20	do		1,000
30	do		750
30	do		500
60	do		300

Besides many of $250—200—150, &c.
Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50.
Certificate of packages of 25 whole tickets $140
Do do 25 half do 70
Do do 25 quarter do 35

☞ Orders for tickets and shares or certificates of packages in the above magnificent schemes will receive the most prompt attention, and the official drawing of each sent immediately after it is over, to all who request it. All orders strictly confidential. Address

E. W. ROBINSON,

October 30, 1837.—td.

SPLENDID LOTTERY FOR NOVEMBER.

$50,000—$20,000—$10,000!!

Grand Consolidated Lottery.

Class B.

To be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, Nov. 18th, 1837.

MOST SPLENDID PRIZES.

1	Prize of	$50,000	3	Prizes of	$2,000
1	do	20,000	5	do	1,500
1	do	10,000	10	do	1,250
1	do	7,500	20	do	1,000
1	do	6,040	30	do	750
2	do	2,500	30	do	500

60 of 300, besides many of $250—$200—$150, &c. &c.

Tickets $10—Half $5—Quarter $2 50.
Cer. of Packages of 25 W. Tickets 140 dolls
do do 25 Half do 70 dolls
do do 25 Qr. do 35 dolls

100 Prizes of $1,000!!

Maryland State Lottery.

CLASS, No. 23, for 1837.

To be drawn at Baltimore, Nov 22d, 1837.

$30,000—8,000—4,000—3,000—2,500—100 prizes of $1,000, &c. &c.

Tickets $10—Half $5—Quarter—$2 50
Cer. of packages of 25 W. Tickets $130
do do 25 Half do 65
do do 25 Qr. do 32 50

Capital $35,294 nett $30,000.

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

For Endowing Leesburg Academy and for other purposes.

CLASS No 7, for 1837.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, Nov. 25, 1837.

SPLENDID CAPITALS.

$35,294—11,764—6,000—5,000—3,000—2,500—2,361.

50 Prizes of $1,000, &c. &c.

Ticket $10—Half $5—Quarter $2 50.
Cer. of packages of 25 W. Tickets $130
do do 25 Half do 65
do do 25 Qr. do 32 50

☞ Orders for tickets and shares of certificates of packages in the above magnificent schemes, will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us. Address

D. S. GREGORY & Co. Managers.
Washington City, D. C.

Oct. 23, 1837.

ROBINSON'S OFFICE,

0 *Balt. st., 4 doors below the Franklin Bank.*

13 64 61 10 62 5 4 63 75 53

Are the drawn numbers of the great $40,000 lottery class 8, drawn Oct. 21, lowest prize $10.

Combination	10,5385	$1,000 prize
do	4,3764	1,000 do
do	13,6175	1,000 do
	6164	90 do

Besides a vast number of small prizes.

The second capital of 8,000, package 259, in in Virginia Wheeling Lottery, No. 6, drawn 7th October, was sent to a Bostonian. The capital prize of $30,000, a share package of 546, in the Virginia Norfolk Lottery. No. 7, drawn 30th September, was sent to Louisville, Ky.

Attention is respectfully invited to the two splendid schemes for November, $30,000, $50,000 high capitals. See Robinson's advertisement.

October 30, 1837.—td. 48.

A FORTUNE.—The attention of citizens and strangers and all persons at a distance is respectfully directed to ROBINSON'S ADVERTISEMENT in another part of this paper.—$30,000, 50,000, Capitals 4th and 18th, the ensuing month, November.

October 30, 1837.

OYSTERS!

The subscribers respectfully informs the citizens of this borough and vicinity that he has opened an

Oyster Cellar,

In the house of John Agnew, in the East end of Louther Street, where he has now, and will at all times keep on hand, a supply of fresh Oysters, Tripe, Turtle Soup, Pigs' Feet, &c.

DAVID JAMES.

Carlisle, October 30, 1837. 48.

WAS FOUND

In the Cars sometime since, a box of Porcelain teeth. The owner is desired to call at Aughenbaugh's Hotel where they can be had by giving satisfactory evidence of the same.

Carlisle, Nov. 6th, 1837. 3ti

Wanted Immediately,

THE subscriber desirous of hiring 3 or 4 good MASONS, and also 3 or 4 carpenters, will give constant employment and the highest wages to any who may call upon him for work.

SAMUEL NEIDIG.

Carlisle, Oct. 30, 1837.—3t*