The Carlisle Herald and Expositor.

U. S. Treasury.

By the report of the Secretary of the Treasury, it appears that the present administration of the general government has brought the public purse into a very *consumptive* condition. From a state of fulness and healthful *abundance*, it has fallen away, under the superintendence of our economical rulers, to something very considerably less than a *shadow*.

The Secretary estimates the receipts into the Treasury for the current year, in round numbers, at about *twenty* millions of dollars, and the expenditures at about *thirty-three* millions, showing an excess of expenses of nearly THIRTEEN MILLIONS. At the beginning of the fiscal year there was a balance in the treasury of nearly SEVEN MILLIONS, which will not only be used up, but the country will have a debt of about SIX MILLIONS.

The Secretary says it will be necessary to raise ten millions for the support of the government, and further says:

"In order, therefore, to discharge that excess, (six millions,) and retain of the money reserved on the first of January, one million, which is the smallest sum deemed proper, under the acts of Congress, for the efficient operations of the Mint, and at least three or four millions more, to answer sudden and contingent calls, there will probably be a necessity *to resort to the deposits now with the States*, and to the instalments destined for them in October."

What think you citizens of Cumberland county, of being called upon to *plank up* your share of **TEN MILLIONS** to Martin Van Buren? Pennsylvania cannot pay her share without taxation, and if Congress should sanction this proposal of the Secretary, you will have to pay a tax *three times as great* as the oppressive state tax was, from which our patriotic Governor Joseph Ritner, relieved you. Those who are fond of ***Van Buren and Taxation***, let them support the candidates of that party—but we trust that the days of our oppressors will be numbered by an injured and indignant people.

Specie.

It would seem that the great object of our Van Buren government, is to increase the profits of the public officers at the expense of the people. The great anxiety which has been shown by the different departments at Washington to procure specie, instead of the ordinary currency of the country, arises from the fact that the office holders can obtain a large increase to their salaries from the sale of the gold and silver, in which they are paid. Officers of the government who are receiving their thousands in gold and silver, can, with great calmness, look upon the distresses of the country, and view the destruction which they have assisted to create. They feel that the very sufferings of the community increase the profits of their office—and without doubt, are opposed to any change which would deprive them of the ten per cent. *premium* which they receive for their gold and silver.

President Van Buren, his Secretaries, Postmasters and Clerks, have long been enjoying their share of the public treasure in gold and silver collected from the people, to their great disadvantage. The Secretary of the Treasury, Levi Woodbury, hoping to corrupt Congress by the glitter of *gold* has thrown out the gilded bait, and is willing that they should participate in the plunder of the Commonwealth. His bulletin to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, reads as follows:

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Aug. 16, 1837.

"SIR:—The near approach of the session of Congress makes it proper for me to apprize you, in order that the information may be used for the benefit and accommodation of the Members of the House of Representatives, that this department will be prepared to furnish funds for their payment in *specie*."

It is thus that the daily pay of a member of Congress is increased from eight to nearly nine dollars per day. Why this class of people should be paid in money which they can sell at a high premium, in preference to other creditors of the government, the Secretary does not state. MECHANICS who are in the employment of the government are obliged to receive the hard earned wages of their labor in depreciatad *rag money*, but for the *gentlemen* members of Congress and other office-holders with high salaries, nothing but *specie* will suffice. The motto of the Van Buren administration remarks a cotemporary, is—"*Gold and silver for the office-holders—Shinplasters for the people.*"

Van Buren Shin-plasters.

The absolute folly and impractibility of the government plan of an entire metallic currency, is now sufficiently obvious to any man having the possession of his senses. The idea when *first* suggested, did remarkably well as an electioneering expedient, but since our rulers have attempted to carry the project into practical operation, the fallacy of the measure has become apparent. The government, have for the present, abandoned the plan, and have become the fathers of the most monstrous SHIN-PLASTER currency that ever disgraced this country. TWELVE MILLIONS of dollars are to be issued upon the suggestion of our *hard-money*, democratic President Martin Van Buren. This single fact will for ever establish the question, who compose the Shin-plaster party? and Martin Van Buren must now be acknowledged to be the *great leader* of this RAG PARTY.

Shin Plasters.

It is really quite amusing to witness the solemn gravity which some men can assume, when it suits their purposes. At the late Van Buren meeting held in the court house, we perceive that one of the individuals appointed to draft resolutions, was a person who was amongst the first in this county to have shin plasters printed in his individual name, immediately after the suspension of specie payments by the banks; yet we find this hard money democrat, agreeing to bring in a resolution, condemning the issue of such paper, as a pure violation of the laws, and meeting the disapproval of the democracy. We afterwards find the same personage at a Van Buren meeting in Shippensburg, where he officiated as an officer, and solemnly set his name to a resolution, in which it was declared that the issue of shin plasters, was the result of *a conspiracy* between, "city bands, city brokers, and city Whigs," to defraud the dear people. The poor fellow should not have been permitted thus to criminate himself! This is but one instance in a million, of the insincerity and inconsistency of the Van Buren party.

GREAT VICTORY.

Maine Revolutionized.

Mr. Kent, the Whig candidate for Governor in this hitherto decided administration state, is elected by a majority of over 1000 votes. This is a gain of more than TEN THOUSAND votes since the last gubernatorial election. Pennsylvanians! come thou and do likewise.

THE SENATORS.

The Senatorial conferees of the Van Buren, loco foco party, met at Shippensburg on Friday last, and nominated A. Smith McKinney, of Cumberland, and ——— Robeson, of Adams county, candidates for the Senate, on their ticket. We do not suppose that they have the most remote expectation of success, but merely wish to make an exhibition of their strength. Mr. Robeson is a young man and is scarcely known in his own county. Here, not one man in a thousand ever heard of him. This fact may be to his advantage, for the great difficulty with some of the candidates on the same ticket is that they are too well known. Mr. McKinney is known as a man who has been for many years hankering after office, and has from time to time given reason for his opponents to think that he would *fly off the handle*, if he did not receive a nomination. He is wavering in his principles—undecided in action, and possesses other qualities indicative of a weak mind. His ambition for a nomination has been gratified, and he is now offered up as a sacrifice by the party.

Of Mr. Penrose and Mr. Cassat on the other ticket it is scarcely necessary to speak a single word. Mr. Cassat was formerly a member of the Legislature from Adams county, and was distinguished for his intelligence, industry and devotion to the duties of his office. Mr. Penrose is favorably known in his own district, not only as a useful and exemplary member of society—as the friend of the poor man and the encourager of merit, but he is known throughout the Commonwealth, as a statesman of splendid talents, of enlightened views, sound principles and commanding influence. As a representative he has ever been a live to the interests of his constituents, and never failed to carry through the Legislature for them any measure entrusted to his care, which his influence, energy and eloquence could accomplish. His name is identified with the Cumberland Valley Rail Road and his efforts have been mainly instrumental in bringing this great work to a speedy completion.

We think that the freemen of this Senatorial district will quickly choose between the two tickets.

The Government Speculating on Specie.

We call the attention of the public to the following statement, which we find in the present shape, in the Harrisburg Telegraph:

"A draft for $90,000 was recently drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the mint, and in favor of the BARINGS, of England. The money had never been in circulation here; and is already shipped for the English market. The PREMIUM which the officers of the government will realize on this money will be something like *nine thousand dollars*, which will be pocketed by Mr. Woodbury and his confederates. Verily, ho country was ever cursed with *such* a government as ours. Our public functionaries think no more of *plundering the people*, than if it were a part of their prescribed duty. We see in this export, evidence of the *penchant* of the reigning dynasty for RAG MONEY—they sell the *specie* to foreigners, make a handsome profit on it, and pay their debts in the depreciated *scrip* of the Treasury. Their maxim is, that any currency *is good enough for the people*, no matter whether it has any intrinsic value or not. The workings of the "*experiment*" are now seen in their *prepossessing point of view*—and the predictions of the friends of a sound currency are being realized to the very letter."

In addition to the facts stated above, it is *notorious*, that our post masters receive nothing but specie; that this specie is paid to the mail carriers, and that they take the specie to the cities, and there sell it, from whence it is carried to Europe!! Thus is the country drained of its specie!! Thus, through the *mismanagement* of the currency, the general Government first compel the banks to suspend specie payment, and then aid its officers and agents to speculate *on the necessities of the people, and encourage FOREIGNERS to carry off the SPECIE to foreign countries*, while those who earn money here, are compelled to take nothing but *shin plasters!!!*

THE FOUR "EXPERIMENTS."—The New York Express thus classifies "three Experiments" of the administration party, with the fourth, now about to be attempted in the introduction of a treasury bank system—superadding a *fifth* and last experiment, in which the people will do themselves justice:

Experiment Number One. The veto of the U. S. Bank, to give the "better currency" of the State Banks in its stead.

Experiment Number Two.—The removal of the deposites "to better" the domestic exchanges of the country.

Experiment Number Three.—The specie circular to make the "Yellow boys" run up the Mississippi—to "peep out through the interstices of the long silken purses," and to "set the three branch mints at work," so as to "abolish bank rags before the first nine months of the administration of the author of the letter to Sherrod Williams!"

Experiment Number Four—The new Treasury Bank, to be called "the divorcement of Bank and State."

To these we will add the *Fifth* and last experiment, by the people;—The expulsion of Martin Van Buren from the Executive chair.

PUBLIC MEETING.

Agreeably to a recommendation of the Anti-Masonic Senatorial Conferees, the people of the senatorial district, composed of the Counties of Cumberland, Franklin and Adams, are requested to assemble in public meeting at the house of Robert Cochran, in the borough of Shippensburg **On Saturday the 30th day of September,** inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to deliberate on the various questions, on which the elections this fall will turn. The citizens of said counties without regard to parties are invited to attend. THOUSANDS.

September 19th, 1837.

ADDRESS.

FELLOW CITIZENS—Being selected by the Democratic Antimasonic convention of Cumberland county, to address you on the subject of the approaching election, we beg leave to submit the following. We having been long laboring together in the political field, and being acquainted with many of you, and you with us, you will not expect that fine diction and beauty of scholarship, as if this address emenated from some of the more learned of our fellow citizens. We give you our sentiments in our own unvarnished style and with sincerity of heart.

In accordance with our motto, "PERSEVERANCE," we have adhered to our principles, and contended for the "*supremacy of the laws*," even when some more cautious, advised us to cease from our opposition to secret societies, through a dread of their violence. But, being the offspring of those brave-hearted men who planted the tree of liberty in our land, we were not to be turned aside from warring with that which we considered dangerous to liberty. On the 24th day of June, 1826, a masonic orator named Brainard, delivered an oration in Connecticut, in which he uttered the following boastful language:

"What is masonry now? It is powerful;—It comprises men of rank, wealth, office and talent, in power & out of power, and that too in almost every place where power is of any importance—and it comprises among the other classes of the community to the lowest, in large numbers, & capable of being DIRECTED by the efforts of others, so as to have the FORCE OF CONCERT THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD; and they are distributed too with the means of knowing one another, and the means of keeping secret, and the means of co-operating in the sacred desk, in the Legislative Hall, on the bench, in every gathering of men of business, in every party of pleasure, in every enterprize of Government, in every domestic circle, in peace and in war, among its enemies and friends in one place as well as another; so powerful indeed is it at this time, that it fears nothing from violence, either public or private, for it has every means to learn it in season, to counteract, defeat, and PUNISH it,—it is too late to talk of the propriety of counteracting, or suppressing masonry, after the time to do so has gone by. So good or bad the world must take it as it is, think of it, laugh at it, hate it or depise it. Still it is not only what I have told you, but it will continue to be, and the whole world in arms cannot stop it."

It was after such bravado was uttered by the advocates of the order, and after the tragic scene, in the western part of New York, which terminated in the death of Captain William Morgan, the untrammelled freemen of America aroused to the danger of fostering such an institution. Since then many contests have been waged. We met the enemy on all occasions in open combat, and though powerful in subterfuge it was forced to give way. It is with grateful hearts we can say, that in this contest we have been backed and encouraged by many good and honest men, who in youth had been led into its alluring grasp. We can say to such men, to you we owe much, very much, for even at the risk of reputation, property, and life itself, you came forth to the rescue!

Many will ask you, "What is the use of opposition to secret societies now—masonry is dead and gone, give it up!"—Ah, fellow citizens, listen not to the Syren song, intended to lull you to sleep. He who tells you so, is an enemy. He is either devoted to the Lodge for promotion, clings to it from his obligations, or is hired as a jack to carry their burthens. They will prey upon the unwary—saying they are neither Masons, nor Antimasons. But beware of such wolves in sheep's clothing, they are only seeking whom they may devour. In primary meetings the people sent delegates to a County Convention for the purpose of nominating candidates, to be voted for by the freemen of this county and Senatorial district at the ensuing election, and nominated candidates for the different offices, worthy the support of freemen, and if we are true to our country, its free institutions, and ourselves, the whole will be triumphantly elected, by the votes of freemen, who go forth determined to preserve the glorious legacy, purchased by the blood and toil of our forefathers; and handed down to us to be treasured dearer than life. We are the descendants of the brave yeomanry who repelled British oppression from our land. And now when our rulers lay hold of the sword and the people's money, and thus to force us into subjection, by a set of men now at the head of the General Government who unblushingly say that men are happier when slaves than when free, we say to all who love liberty better than slavery, come to the polls—brandish your tickets in the breeze, determined on victory, and vote the Democratic Antimasonic ticket. The candidates named on it are all men in whom we can safely confide.

At the head stands CHARLES B. PENROSE, for the State Senate, who came forth in time of need and saved our state from utter ruin. When there was an attempt made by the General Government to prostrate all our manufactories and agriculture, from which we derive our sources of wealth, he came forth with all his influence, eloquence and energy, and saved our state from ruin. We had just emerged from obscurity. Our Iron and Coal had just opened to view—our manufactories just started—our public rail roads and canals just made at great expense—our state tax very heavy, but then, all promising fair; a beautiful prospect was before us. The sound of the forge hammer was heard, the spinning jennies were whizzing, the shuttle was flying, the happy farmer was singing at his plow: all were employed and paid too. Our General Government Treasury was overflowing, every industrious man was becoming the owner of a piece of land with a neat dwelling thereon, where he could recline when the toil and heat of the day was over, under his own vine and fig tree, enjoying the sweets and comforts of a virtuous and happy family. But alas, the spoiler came, we became the envy of European manufacturers. The General Government made war upon our currency: The prop and stay of the enterprizing manufacturer was knocked from under him; the employed was arrayed against his employer; our specie either locked up or shipped off by the General Government, and that nearly bankrupt; our commerce lessened; the merchant and manufacturer ruined; the agricultural products, from which the resources of this state are principally derived, annihilated; our state plunged into debt by the lavish expenditures during the administration of Gov. Wolf, many of whose minions have decamped with their ill-gotten gain, leaving the poor laborer unpaid; taxation upon taxation levied to keep up this hoard of squanderers: our great emporium, the city of Philadelphia, heretofore the centre of the domestic exchanges of the country, was about to loose a large amount of active capital. At a crisis such as this the gentleman just named boldly stepped forward, and patriotically braved the load of vituperation and which he was threatened with, to rescue the state from ruin. Aided by Mr. Penrose and a band of fearless and worthy men Governor Ritner, in less than two years, has taken off the taxes which were placed upon the people by George Wolf's Administration, and prosecuted the improvements of the state without increasing our debts. Let us here remark, that the forecast of our patriotic Governor in vetoing the large improvement bill of last session, has fortunately saved the state from being plunged into the greatest difficulties, and leaves the treasury full and able to meet the demands upon it without any trouble. What a contrast our state presents under the fostering hand of our FARMER GOVERNOR, compared with that of the General Government, which is now nearly, if not altogether, bankrupt, and compelled to issue SHIN PLASTERS in order to meet its engagements!! and utterly unable to meet the requirements of the law which required it to deposite with the states nearly ten millions on the first of October next!!

Along with Mr. Penrose you have *Jacob Cassat* of Adams county, a man of sterling integrity, and one who may be depended upon in the greatest emergency.

For Assembly we have *John Coover*, of Mechanicsburg, and *David S. Runsha*, men who approve of the independent and manly course pursued by Joseph Ritner, in saving the state from so much evil. But who opposes Joseph Ritner? why *William R. Gorgas* and *James Woodburn*, whose whole party are in favor of taxation, hoping thereby to create more offices for the faithful to rot on the hard earnings of the sweat of the labourers' brows. We need say nothing more. A choice is made by all honest men, and all we ask is that one day may be devoted to the Election, and bring your neighbor with you, that you once more may go home with your rights preserved. We have an easy way to redress our wrongs compared with what our forefathers had. Yes, they bought us the right to vote, and why not exercise it. We know there is a large majority in our county willing to save our country, and we earnestly urge them to the Polls. Since the good work is begun, stick to it—the west has spoken in a voice that is well understood, and the east has come up to the rescue. Let us not faulter.

We must not loose sight of our county officers. We want a Commissioner, and James Eckles has been nominated. He is a mechanic, who by his own industry, care, and virtue, has raised himself up to a standing in society surpassed by no man. His honesty, frugality and good sense qualify him in a high degree for the office. But he needs no plaudits from them that know him, and we have scarce a doubt of his being elected.

The Director of the Poor is an office of much trouble and little profit, and it is necessary that one Director should live near the Poor House. Our candidate, *Ulrich Strickler*, lives on the adjoining farm. He is a fine farmer, moral, humane and virtuous, well worthy of our support. The whole ticket being selected from the best men in the county, we can with confidence urge our fellow citizens to the Polls, to bestow their free suffrages on it, and prosperity will once more be seen perched on the republican banner, and the sentinel on the watch-tower cry "All's well"—come up boldly to the rescue. As the SHINPLASTER PARTY are already horror stricken, their defeat is certain. If we swell our vote to its fullest height, our majority will be overwhelming.

We have written in the simplicity of sincere republicans. Our wish is that all of us may be true to ourselves, true to our country, and manfully come to the polls and rescue, preserve, treasure up, defend and perpetuate Liberty and equality, whereby all may reap a rich reward.—With sentiments of much esteem we submit to you this address, and beg leave to subscribe ourselves your fellow cititizens with our best wishes, &c.

THOS. CRAIGHEAD,
JACOB RUPP,
CHRISTOPHER AU.

Just Received.

Port, Sicily, Madeira, Sweet Malaga, and superior Lisbon and Teneriffe Wines.

G. W. CRABB.

Sept. 25, 1837.

Estate of Christian Coover, deceased.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of Christian Coover, late of Dickinson township, Cumberland county, deceased, have issued in due form of law to the subscriber, residing on the farm of said deceased, in said township. All persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those indebted will make payment to

ADAM COOVER, Adm'r.

Sept. 25, 1837.—6w.

MARRIED,

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. George G. Cookman, Mr. JOHN MCELWEE, of Paper town to Miss ELIZABETH DARLINGTON, of York Pa.

DIED.

At his residence in Mifflin township, on the 26th of August last, Mr. JACOB HIGH, senr. in the 69th year of his age. Mr. High's character was such as to win for him the good opinion and respect of all who knew him.

The large attendance at his funeral, gave evidence of the feelings of his neighbors and acquaintances, who there assembled to pay their last tribute of respect to one whom they honored while living, and whose memory they respected when dead.

His disease was pulmonary from the effects of which he suffered much, but without murmuring or complaining.

On Friday the 1st inst., WILLIAM MILLER, son of Mr. Philip Miller, of Monroe township, aged 16 years 11 months and 14 days. The deceased was a lad of much promise, and was beloved and respected by all who knew him.

$200 REWARD.

Whereas some malicious person or persons, last night or this morning, placed obstructions on the tract of the Cumberland Valley Rail Road near the *Water Station*, west of Mechanicsburg, with the palpable design of throwing the Locomotive Engine off of the track, and thereby destroying the Lives of the Passengers, and injuring the property of the Company. Now be it known that the above Reward will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person engaged in the above villainous attempt.

The same amount is offered to any one who will in future detect and convict any person guilty of a similar offence against the Company and the community.

W. MILNOR ROBERTS,
Chief Engineer.

September 25, 1837.

Orphans' Court Sale.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, I will expose to sale by public vendue, or outcry, on Friday the 20th, October next, at 12 o'clock M. of said day, on the premises, the following property of the heirs of Joseph Knox deceased, viz. a lot of ground situate on the North Side of Pomfret street, in the borough of Carlisle, bounded on the South by Pomfret street, on the East by a lot of the heirs of John Delancy Esq. deceased, North by an ally; and West by a lot of John Main, together with all the buildings thereon erected. Terms made known on the day of sale.

MARY B. KNOX,
Administratrix of Joseph Knox, dec'd.

Carlisle, Sept. 8, 1837.

Public Sale:

THE subscriber, executor of the last will and testament of Samuel Ruby, Esq, late of East Pennsborough township, Cumberland county, deceased, will expose to public sale the following real estate, to wit:—On the premises, on Friday the 20th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in Silver Spring township, about two miles from Hoguestown, one farm of excellent

LIMESTONE LAND,

containing about 60 Acres, whereon is erected a two story

Stone dwelling House,

a barn and other out houses, adjoining lands of Peter Eberly, Elizabeth Albright, and John Harman, in sight of the Conodoguinnet creek.

ALSO—Two lots of ground, situate in Hoguestown, marked in the additional plan of said town, Nos. 1 and 14.

ALSO—One other tract of land, situate in Rye township, Perry county, adjoining lands of Solomon Fennikle, Mr. White, and others, containing about

100 ACRES,

thereon is erected a two story dwelling house, and other buildings, within sight of White's saw-mill.

ALSO—One other tract of timber land, situate in Rye township, Perry county adjoining lands of George Kline and others, containing 100 Acres.

ALSO—One tract of timber land, situate in Greenwood township, Perry county, adjoining lands on the south side of Lick Run, or Cockalamus, containing

300 ACRES.

ALSO—One other tract of timber land, situate in Rye township, Perry county, containing 150 Acres.

ALSO—One other tract of timber land, situate in Greenwood township, Perry county, adjoining on the north side of Buffaloe Hill, containing 300 Acres.

ALSO—About 100 bushels of corn, by the bushel.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on the day of sale by

JOHN RUPP,
Executor of Samuel Ruby, dec'd.

E. Pennsboro' township, }
Sept. 25, 1837.—ts. }

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Farm.

WILL be sold at public vendue, on Saturday the 14th day of October, 1837, on the premises, that valuable tract of land, situate in Allen township, Cumberland county, Pa. two miles south east of Mechanicsburg, joining lands of Daniel Mohler, John Sheely, and others, containing

150 ACRES,

of Patented land, more or less. The soil is Limestone of an excellent quality, and in a good state of cultivation. About 120 acres are cleared, and the balance in good thriving timber. On the farm is an excellent

Apple Orchard.

The improvements are a large Double Stone Dwelling House, well finished, with a porch the whole length of the building; a two story stone Spring house; a smoke house, and a brick dry house. An excellent building used as a Wagonmaker's shop; a large Log Barn with a wagon shed attached, and a stone hog pen. There are three wells of water convenient to said building, which yield an abundant supply of water, at a depth of but 13, 20 and 25 feet below the surface.

The farm is under good fences, a large part thereof being post and rail. This farm lies in an excellent settlement, and possesses numerous advantages for markets for the sale of produce: it is within 2 miles of the depot of the Cumberland Valley Rail Road, which promises to create a large demand for produce.

Any person desirous of viewing the farm, can call upon either of the subscribers, the one living on the premises, and the other adjoining them.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

Samuel Mohler,
Joseph Sollenberger,
Executors of Christian Mohler, dec'd.

Sept. 25, 1837.—3w.*

SPLENDID FORTUNES
FOR OCTOBER.
SEND YOUR ORDERS EARLY.

CAPITAL $30,000!!!!

Virginia State Lottery.

For the benefit of the Monongalia Academy, CLASS, No. 7, for 1837.
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, Oct. 14, 1837.
Grand Capital Prizes:
30,000 dolls.—10,000 dolls.—6,000—5,000—4,000—2,500—2,000 dollars—25 of 1000—25 of 500—28 prizes of 300—200 prizes of 200 dollars, &c.
Tickets $10—Half $5—Quarter $2 50!
Cer. of Packages of 25 W. Tickets 130 dolls
do do 25 Half do 65 dolls
do do 25 Q do 32 50

Capital prize $40,000.

150 prizes of 1,000 dollars!!
VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the benefit of the Mechanical Benevolent Society of Norfolk.
CLASS No. 8, for 1837.
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, the 21st of October, 1837.
CAPITAL PRIZES
$40,000—$10,000!!!
4,000—3,000—1,240—5 of 1,500—5 of 1,200—150 prizes of 1,000—64 of 100—64 of 90 dollars, &c.
Tickets $10, halves and quarters in proportion.
Cer. of packages of 25 Whole Tickets $140
do do 25 Half do 70
do do 25 Quarter do 35

CAPITAL **$30,000**

Virginia State Lottery,

For the benefit of the Town of Wellsburg.
CLASS No 7, for 1837.
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. on Saturday, Oct. 28, 1837.
SCHEME:
30,000 dollars—10,000 dollars—7,000—5,000—4,000—3,000—2,165—25 prizes of 1,000 50 of 500—50 of 200—88 of 130 dollars, &c.
Tickets 10 dollars, shares in proportion.
Cer. of packages of 25 W. Tickets $130.
do do 25 Half do 65
do do 25 Qr. do 32 50

☞ Orders for tickets and shares of certificates of packages in the above magnificent scheme, will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us. Address

D. S. GREGORY & Co. Managers.
Washington City, D. C.

Sept. 16, 1837.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Samuel Ruby, late of East Pennsborough township, Cumberland county, deceased, are requested to make payment on or before the first day of November next, to the subscriber, residing in the township aforesaid; and those having claims against said estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN RUPP.

September 25, 1837.—6w. 42

ATTENTION
MARIONS!!!

YOU are ordered to parade at the Court House in the borough of Carlisle, on SATURDAY the 14th day of October next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon, with arms and accoutrements in good order, with white pants, and knapsacks, with at least one blanket & one pair of blue pantaloons.

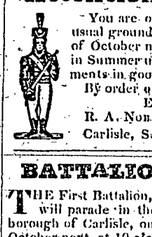
By order, &c.

HENRY J. KELLY, O. S.

N. B. A general turn out is requested, as business of importance will be laid before the company.

Carlisle, Sept. 25, 1837.

Attention Artillery!



You are ordered to parade on your usual ground on Saturday the 14th day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in Summer uniform, arms and accoutrements in good order.

By order of

E. M. BIDDLE, Captain.
R. A. NOBLE, O. S.

Carlisle, Sept. 25, 1837.

BATTALION ORDERS.

THE First Battalion, Cumberland Volunteers, will parade in the Centre Square, in the borough of Carlisle, on Saturday the 14th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in SUMMER UNIFORM, with arms and accoutrements in good order.

By order of Lieut. Col. W. FOULKE.

WM. B. MURRAY, Adjutant.

First Regiment Volunteers,

Will parade at Springfield, on Tuesday the 17th of October next, (in summer uniform) completely equipt for drill at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order, &c.,

JOHN KELSO, Adj't.

September 25, 1837.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Thursday the 26th October next, a tract of Land situate in Frankford Township, bounded by lands of John Ernest, Geo. Myers, the heirs of Hunter, Benj'n Burkholder and others, containing one hundred and fifty seven acres, more or less, of Slate Land, about 100 acres of which are cleared and under good fence, and of which about twenty acres are meadow. The improvements are a Log

HOUSE AND LARGE BANK BARN,

an Apple Orchard, with other fruit trees, and an excellent Well of water with a pump in it. The Farm is calculated for grazing, having a stream of water running through it.

The terms of sale will be one-third of the purchase money to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the life of the widow, the interest of which to be paid to her, and one hundred dollars payable on the confirmation of the sale; one half of the residue of the purchase money on the first of April, 1838, when possession will be delivered, and the balance in one year thereafter, without interest.

HENRY RUPLEY,
Administrator of David Crefs, dec'd.

September 18, 1837.—ts.

Flaxseed Wanted

One Hundred Bushels of clean Flaxseed wanted at the store of the Subscriber in South Hanover Street.

S. C. BOLANDER.

Carlisle, Sept. 18, 1837.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, there will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday the 12th October next, the following described property, viz:—A Plantation or

Tract of Land,

situate in Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, one half mile from Kreider's Mill, between Carlisle and Harrisburg, adjoining lands of George M'Hoes, George Buttorf, James Greason, the heirs of Wm. Clendenin and others, containing,

262 ACRES,

more or less, of Slate and Limestone land 150 acres of which is cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a

DOUBLE STONE

HOUSE,

Two Double Log Barns, a Spring House, and other out houses. There are several springs on the farm, and a small stream passing through it, an excellent

APPLE ORCHARD.

Any person wishing to view the premises, will call upon either of the subscribers, or John Armstrong, on the farm.

TERMS.—Three hundred dollars of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the one-half of the residue, on the first of April, 1838, and the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest.

ROSS LAMBERTON,
JAMES GREASON,
Administrators of Samuel Waugh, dec'd.

September 18, 1837.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY an order of Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, I will expose to public sale on Thursday the 26th day of October next, on the premises, a tract of first rate

LIMESTONE LAND,

situate about one mile west of Mechanicsburg in Silver Spring township, containing about 30 Acres, more or less, bounded by lands of John and Jacob Moyer, George Sailor's heirs, David Sponsler, George Rupp, and others, about four acres of which is covered with first rate

TIMBER,

and the residue is enclosed with excellent fences. The improvements are a two story

ROUGH CAST HOUSE,

A Kitchen, and a Double Log Barn, *Wagon Sheds, Corn Cribs, &c.* A first rate Apple Orchard, and a well of good water. The property is near the Trindle Spring Road, eight miles from Carlisle, nine from Harrisburg, and half a mile from the Cumberland Valley Rail Road.

Terms made known on day of sale by

JOHN HOUSER,
Administrator of Jonas Zearing, dec'd.

Sept. 18, 1837.

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscribers beg leave most respectfully to inform the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity, that they have taken the corner room on Main Street, immediately opposite Mr. Aughinbaugh's Hotel, where they intend carrying on the above business in all its branches. From their long experience in most of the cities they flatter themselves that they will be able to render general satisfaction to those who may favor them with a call. They therefore solicit a portion of the public patronage.

MARTIN & SKILES.

Carlisle, Sept. 15, 1837.—tf.

TO THE CITIZENS OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Fellow Citizens,—I respectfully decline being considered a candidate for the sheriffalty at the ensuing election. I return my sincere thanks to my friends for the exertions they have made, and feel disposed to make in my behalf; but circumstances not necessary to mention induce me to withdraw my name.

WILLIAM GOULD.

Carlisle, Sept. 18, 1837.

NOTICE.

Letters of Administration *de bonis non*, on the Estate of John Heck, late of the borough of Shippensburg, deceased have issued in due form of law to the subscriber. All persons having claims against the said Estate, will present them duly authenticated, and those indebted will make payment to the subscriber residing in Subscriber.

JOHN CRESSLER,
Administrator.

September 18, 1837.—6t.

PUBLIC SALE.

By an order of the Orphans Court of Cumberland County there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on Thursday the 26th day of October next, A tract of land in Mifflin Township, Cumberland County, bounded by lands of Chr. Failure, and James Purdy, and John Hickes, containing one hundred and twenty-eight acres, more or less about 80 acres of which are cleared and cultivated, and the residue covered with good timber. The improvements are a

Log House, Log Barn,

Two Apple orchards, and an excellent well of water.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

JAMES PURDY Sen'r,
Adm'r of William Purdy dec'd.

Carlisle, Sept. 18, 1837.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises on Saturday the 4th day of November next,

A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND,

containing two acres, situate in S. Middleton township, on the Trindle Spring Road, about four miles below Carlisle. There is also a stable on the premises. Terms of sale: one half on the confirmation of the sale and the residue in two annual payments without interest.

JOSEPH CULVER, Guard'n,
of the minor children of Jonathan Kitsmiller, dec'd.

Carlisle, Sept. 18, 1837.

Notice.

UPON the application of David S. Runsha, Administrator of the estate of William W. Clark, late of Southampton township, Cumberland county, deceased, the Orphans' Court of said county have appointed the undersigned Auditors to settle and adjust the rates and proportions of the assets of the said estate, to and among the respective creditors, according to the order established by law. The undersigned auditors will meet at the house of Jacob Engle, Innkeeper, Shippensburg, on Wednesday the 11th of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when all persons interested may attend.

ROBERT S. M'CUNE,
SAMUEL KELSO,
SAMUEL WHERRY,
Auditors.

September 18, 1837.