THE CITIZEN.

WILLIAM C. NEGLEY - Publisher.

THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1903.

$1.00 per year in Advance, Otherwise $1.50.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

Judges of the Superior Court,
JOHN J. HENDERSON,
THOMAS A. MORRISON.

State Treasurer,
W. L. MATHUES.

Auditor General,
W. P. SNYDER.

For Jury Commissioner,
A. O. EBERHART.

Value of Coal Lands.

In a review of the realty situation in the Pittsburg district the Pittsburg Press of Sunday quotes a broker as saying that he expects to see the prices of coal lands soar a great deal higher, in the next two or three years. It was pointed out that the sales in the last year or two had been so enormous as to cause a shortage in the supply. There are but few big blocks in the market anywhere in the Pittsburg district. The Press says that this view of the situation should be of value to owners of coal and they should act wisely by holding on to their land and awaiting developments. This advice can be taken for what it is worth by the farmers of Butler county who have not yet sold their coal. The fact remains, however, that those who have waited have realized much more than those who let go of their holdings when the first purchaser came along. The value of coal lands in the greater Pittsburg district of which Butler county is an important part will continue to increase in value and it is to the material interests of the owners of this property and of the county that they should realize from this enhancement of values.

The Democratic Millstone.

Mr. Bryan in his address at Chicago Saturday gave an interesting exhibition of a man so self-centered and self complacent as to be unable to read and interpret the lessons of the recent past. As to his sincerity there can be no doubt, and the certainty that he is sincere makes the spectacle all the more amazing. Mr. Bryan, while right in the conclusion he reaches that the Democratic party could not succeed with Cleveland for its nominee, is wrong in believing that the Democratic party is handicapped in any degree by the attitude of the Cleveland administration toward corporations. What is remembered against Cleveland is his attitude on protection to American industries, and what is remembered in his favor is his attitude toward the money question. His attitude toward American industries is, however, the traditional attitude of his party, and in adhering to his party's free-trade policies he was entirely true to his platform of principles. It is, therefore the particular policy that distinguished Cleveland's administration that is an impediment to his party rather than the man himself. There is no effort in the Democratic party to repudiate free trade as a cardinal plank of party principle. Mr. Bryan himself adheres to it as strongly as does Cleveland. If we look to the action of Democratic conventions to find what is by them considered to be the handicap to Democratic success, we discover that there is a strong feeling that the handicap is the particular party policy which was dictated by Mr. Bryan himself in two campaigns, and which he is endeavoring to fasten upon his party in another campaign. The Iowa Democratic con- [illegible] free trade, [illegible] silver. The [illegible] that practically all Democrats approve the inspiring motive of the Cleveland administration, while a large section of the Democratic party repudiates the inspiring motive of the Bryan dominance of the Democratic party enables disinterested observers to see what is obscured to Bryan's vision, that he rather than Cleveland is looked on by Democrats as the millstone.—Pg. Gazette.

No Danger of Storm.

Although United States Steel stocks touched the lowest point yesterday since the combination of vast interests, common selling for $25 flat, the market showed a slight tendency toward recovery at the close, and all alarm over the possibility of a financial storm has been pretty generally dispelled, even in the most conservative of business circles.

The depression of leading stocks is a fixed programme with many of the most influential operators of Wall St.; but, the daily battles having narrowed down to men who are able to stand the rude shocks of war, the public is well satisfied to leave them to their own methods so long as the prosperity of the country and tranquility in the financial world are not disturbed.

The general belief is that a return to higher stock values is only a question of a short time, although this desirable condition will not be reached without severe losses to thousands of heavy investors the country over; while as for the small fry in the market, they have already been pretty generally wiped off the speculative earth.—Dispatch.

MORE than $30,000,000 worth of diamonds and other precious stones were brought into the U. S. during the fiscal year which ended June 30. This amount is the largest of any year in the history of our commerce and an increase of 50 per cent. over last year. Fully $25,000,000 of this vast sum represented the value of the imported diamonds alone.

IT'S a good year for crops after all. Several of our farmer friends tell us the wheat they have cut, though short in the stalk, is the best yield they've had in years. Corn has grown like scandal since the rains broke the May drouth. Potatoes are a-bulgin' and flourishing. Grass has convalesced wonderfully, and hay will be in the finish with the other crops. There's quite a bit of fruit in spots. As one of our old-time local characters would say: "Be not dismayed; there's corn in Egypt and potatoes in the land of Nod."

YESTERDAY'S dispatches contained accounts of another battle in Venezuela, in which the government troops captured the town of Bolivar. One paragraph of the account reads thusly—

"The government forces, which were advancing from all directions, arrived near the centre of Ciudad Bolivar. When the inhabitants of the commercial and foreign parts of the city saw the advance of the government troops they abandoned their houses, crossing the streets amid a hail of bullets and shells, the women carrying their children, the strong helping the weak. Many men in trying to protect the women fell, struck by bullets, in the middle of the streets. What with the firing, the moans of the wounded and the crying of the women and children, a terrible scene was witnessed. The government troops, however, acted with humanity, especially the forces of Gen. Rivas, who, fighting bravely, was the first to order the attacking forces to be merciful."

Public Franchises.

Up in the pretty city of Toronto, public franchises are negotiated for through a municipal agency representing the community as a whole. Instead of leaving street railway franchises to be scrambled for by the politicians, the city of Toronto itself took the franchise, fixed its terms and invited competition for a lease limited to 25 years. The main consideration was to provide accommodation for the public, and the interests of every class of the community were considered. Different classes of tickets were provided for, ranging in price from 10 for 25 cents to 8 for 25 cents, good during special hours. Tickets good at any time on week days 6 for 25 cents, and on Sundays at 7 for 25 cents. Moreover, it was provided that the cars should be of such design as the city engineer should approve, and that the lines should be run on such streets, and cars should be run at as frequent intervals as the city authorities should direct.

For a franchise so conditioned and limited to 25 years, reserving to the city the right to purchase the plant at the expiration of the franchise the company which holds the lease pays $800 per mile of single track and 8 per cent on all gross receipts up to a million dollars, the percentage increasing for each additional half million until it amounts to 20 per cent. upon all receipts over $3,000,000 per annum Thus, in addition to securing cheap fares for the people, the city derives a large revenue from the franchise, amounting last year to $235,447, and, moreover the company pays taxes upon all its property, the sum last year amounting to $22,758.96. The company is prosperous and declares regular dividends, but, of course there is no capitalization of franchise value in its stocks and bonds. The exhibit shows what good municipal management can do; the results of municipal mismangement and incompetency can be seen all about us.

THE Trans-Siberian Railway of Russia now runs four express trains every week out of Moscow, which make the trip through to Dalny, the Pacific terminus of the road in Manchuria, in thirteen days. The distance is 8,053 versts or 4,368 miles and the fare for a first class passenger about $132.50. From Moscow to Manchuria station is 4,197 miles and to Port Arthur 5,388 miles. The fare to Port Arthur is $134 and includes cost of passage across Lake Baikal by steamer.

PROMINENT physicians in this country believe that Prof. Maragliano, of Genoa, Italy, has at last discovered a cure for consumption. The Italian asserts that he has produced, after more than 30 years of study, a serum, which, introduced beneath the skin of the arm as vaccine lymph is used in vaccination, produces a small circumscribed tuberculosis sore, attended with slight fever for two days, after which the system of the subject is immune to tuberculosis or consumption.

THE returns of 4th of July casualties, gathered by the Chicago Tribune from 200 cities and towns, foots up these totals: Killed, 52; injured in various way s, 3,665. The toy pistol was responsible for 559 injuries; gunpowder in its many methods of use wounded 768; sky rockets, 206; firearms, 562; fireworks, 1,176; cannon, 319. The toy-pistol's work, in the shape of lockjaw, is still going on. In some cases the tetanus was caused by the explosion of fire-crackers in the hand.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN, who has gathered together considerable of this world's goods, has an art collection valued at $6,000,000. Recently Mr. Morgan has indicated his willingness to present this to a national art gallery to be established at Washington. He desires that this collection should occupy a wing of the building, to be constructed at his expense, and that it be forever and eternally known as the J. Pierpont Morgan Collection. Which is not unreasonable.

THE chief glory of this Republic is that the poorest and obscurest boy between the two oceans may become the greatest dignitary in the land. The son of a washerwoman, if he possess brains and character and energy, is more likely to be a great and good man, possessing the esteem of his fellows, than the son of a millionaire. But strong and splendid characters, with all the rugged honesty and sterling worth that honest poverty breeds, may also come out of the luxurious homes of the rich. President Roosevelt was born and reared in a mansion on Fifth Ave. But a large majority of our chief magistrates were poor boys, the sons of laborers and artisans.

Brady's Jump.

John P. Cowan wrote up Brady's Bend for last Sunday's Gazette, and winds up his interesting article as follows:

"Four miles from the river is the hamlet of Kaylor. A few months ago this place could boast only of a store and a blacksmith shop. Since the coming of the railroad and the building of the coal tipples its population has increased to almost 1,000.

Everywhere there are evidences of prosperity. Many of the houses that have been vacant for a decade have been rebuilt by Mr. Dewey and are being rapidly picked up by tenants.

A drive through this region is a revelation to the sojourner who delights to get away from the maddening crowd. The first thing that your driver will tell you is the story of Brady's escapade. It seems that every person in the town has his own version. Down on the bank of the river, while sitting in a skiff that is used to ferry the romantic stream, a boy pointed out a jutting cliff on the Armstrong county side of the stream and said confidentially:

"Over yonder is where Captain Brady jumped off when the Indians chased him. He jumped clear down off the top of that rock into the river and swam the stream—and they didnt dare to follow him, either."

The story is a good one but it would be rank heresy to repeat it in Beaver Co. where the people point out one of their hills and tell the same tale. Nevertheless the youngsters up here like to relate the incident and I suppose it does them some good—with humble apologies to the good people of Beaver."

A Highland Fling Snake Story.

Eight hundred rattlesnakes, measuring upwards of three feet each, were accidently let loose at the village of Highland Fling, on the top of the Alleghanies, about six miles north of Altoona, last Sunday morning and complete consternation as a result is reported to be reigning among the residents who have become terrified.

J. C. Albright of that place had collected them for an eastern agency. While feeding them the cage door became unfastened in some unknown way and before it could be closed the reptiles escaped. Albright was badly bitten and went to the hospital for treatment. On the way he was stopped twice for fast driving, but when he showed his snake bites and told the story of the rattlers swarming about the town he was allowed to continue his journey. He has a chance for recovery.

No person has ventured near enough the town yet to see if others have been bitten by the reptiles, but word reached Altoona that the town is virtually overrun with the snakes. The bravest of the residents have been hunting the reptiles and hundreds of them have been killed. The others are escaping to the mountains or finding hiding places under houses.

Albright spent the greater part of the summer gathering snakes and valued collection at $1,000.

DEATH OF THE POPE.

Pope Leo XIII, died at the Vatican in Rome, at 4 P. M. of Monday, or about 10 A. M. of our time—(there being a difference of six hours)—aged 93 years.

The funeral will not occur for several days, and after that will come the election of a new Pope by the College of Cardinals.

In the meantime Cardinal Oreglia Dean of the Sacred College will act as Pope.

The death of the pope brings about a widespread change in all the administrative departments of the church and considerably influences questions of church policy. The change within the vatican affects practically all the officials from the highest to the lowest. Cardinal Rampolla retires from the post of secretary of state, where he exercised a strong influence, owing to the physical infirmities of Leo. Other high officials are similarly affected, the master of the chamber, the under secretary of state, the vicar of Rome, the vice chancellor, the grand penitentiary, the librarian of the vatican and a host of lesser officials. These will continue to exercise their functions until the new pope is elected, when he will designate his own secretary of state and other officials to carry on the various important branches of the church's work.

Thus there is a complete transformation of apostolic authority, the death of the pope meaning the nominal death of all the officials under him. The propaganda alone remains intact, as the prefect and entire machinery of the propaganda is unaffected. The chief international questions which may be affected by the death of the pope are those connected with the suppression of religious orders in France, the change of the clergy in the new Spanish-American possessions, the selection of the successor of the late Cardinal Vaughan and attendant questions connected with the administration of the church in England. Emperor William's visit to the pope created a new bond of sympathy between Germany and the vatican. All these questions are more or less affected by the death of the pope.

Among the vatican officials the Philippine question involving transfers from the Spanish to the American hierarchy and the elimination of the friars is regarded as one of the most importance. The present Philippine policy had the hearty approval of Leo XIII. and there is no reason to believe that it will be changed. The relations between the Italian government and the vatican continue to be serious problems. Although the temporal authority of the papacy terminated eight years before Leo XIII became pope, he steadfastly maintained the principle of temporal power and lost no opportunity to endeavor to secure its restoration. Although the futility of the contest has been recognized in recent years, the question of the relations of the government and the vatican remains one of the highest importance.

Monsignor Gasparie, who, it is said, will be designated by Cardinal Oreglia to succeed the late Monsignor Volpini as secretary of the consistory, served as secretary of the special commission of cardinals appointed to deal with the Philippine question. In this capacity he took a prominent part in the negotiation with the Taft commission in Rome last year.

In point of longevity Leo was third among the popes, having been surpassed only by Pope Agatho, who died in 682, at the age of 107, and Gregory IX, in 1241, aged 98.

His Best Monument.

Much has been printed within the past two weeks about the life of Leo. He has been acclaimed the greatest of modern popes. His closing hours have revealed his greatness as a man. Take the incident where Mgr. Angeli, one of his secretaries, described to him the world-wide sympathy which his illness had elicited, declaring that it had produced a revival favorable to the Church unexampled in its history. "Blessed illness!" exclaimed the Pontiff. Devotion could go no further. It is this effect of his exhibition of fortitude which is most consoling to those who have esteemed him. He has shown the world how a good man can die. Something of the same spirit was felt by the nation which watched around the bedside of William McKinney. There was a moral quickening which could not be measured, yet was undoubtedly far-reaching. The calm courage of the dying pope will no doubt be reflected in a similar awakening, extending even beyond the limits of the church over which he presided.

The progress toward the sympathetic union of the churches which has been accomplished during his tenure of office has been strikingly shown during his illness. Creeds and dogma were forgotten. Prayers were offered for his recovery in churches as wide apart when he ascended the throne as the poles. There may not be any tangible tendency toward unification, but that there is a broadening liberality and tolerance is indisputable. As much of this as is due to the wisdom and progressiveness of the late pope is his best monument.—Dispatch.

A Fashionable City Church

I attended a fashionable city church one
Sunday morn,
Feeling half sick and all forlorn,
Seated myself in the pew
As many others were wont to do.

The choir struck a strain,
It reached to the clouds then came back
to earth again.
The singing was grand, the people said,
I almost wished I were dead.

They never lived in Butler county like
me,
To hear the warbling birds and humming bee.
I love harmonious sounds,
From the singing birds to the baying
hounds.

This church choir sings for pay,
Every blessed Sabbath day.
The preacher made a prayer;
He prayed for every saint and sinner
there.

He prayed for the whole world, which
was nice,
Even the heathen Chinee who kill missionaries and eat rats and mice.
The deacons numbering eight,
Passed around the collection plate.

The preacher would have us know
The money to a foreign land would go.
The preacher announced his text, he refered to some old sinner who had
God defied.
He should of preached Jesus Christ crucified.

This theme the people love to hear,
Every Sabbath in the year.
Those old sinners are long dead and
gone,
The worst the sun ever shone on.

Why they reserrect them at the present
day
Is beyond my ken I would surely say.
This is what the preachers are prone to
do,
Holding their bad deeds up for the
young to view.

They should let their bad deeds be buried in the dreary past,
They will be brought to light at last,
On the dread judgment day
We will all hear what they have to say.

Perhaps they had temptations we know
not of,
We read of some who were deeply in
love.
This will make of any man a fool,
It is a lesson that is never taught in
school.

David fell in love with Uriah's wife;
He placed Uriah in the midst of the
strife.
He knew in the battle Uriah would
surely fall,
At the present day we would say he had
great gall.

There was Noah and many more.
And Solomon who had wives by the
score.
If a man has only two wives at the
present day
There is a grand kick and the duce to
pay.

If the preachers would take the new
testament and drop the old,
They would gather more lost sheep into
the fold.
Say to old and young, great and small,
Jesus Christ died for all.

ALEX M. HAYS.

Gen. Clay Declared Insane.

One of the final scenes of a remarkable romance was enacted in the courtroom at Richmond, Kentucky, last week when Gen. Cassius M. Clay, aged 93, was declared insane. A week previously Dora Richardson Brock, the divorced child wife of the aged Kentuckian, had declared her intention of going on the stage. It is alleged Gen. Clay has been insane several years, and his mad love for a 16-year-old girl, who was 13 when she married him, is held to be largely responsible for his condition. At the time of the marriage Gen. Clay was 90. He was cultured, a man of repute in the affairs of the Nation, the scion of a famous family and the possessor of wealth. She was illiterate, untutored in the ways of the world, content amid her lowly surroundings.

Gen. Clay treated his wife as a child. He bought her dolls, picture books, toy furniture, and many other things which have been made to amuse children. Finally the old man purchased his young wife a doll about 20 inches long and filled with mechanical contrivances that caused it to talk, and cry, and laugh. The general's attempts to educate his wife were futile. She read a little and wrote a little, but she had no taste for books and art. After a few months she ray away with a farmer youth, whom she married after Gen. Clay secured a divorce.

The girl's second husband, whose name was Brock, died in a short time. The love of the aged soldier and diplomat for the young country girl then sprang to life again, and he sought to have her return to Whitehall, his country seat, as his wife in as ardent a fashion as when she first left him to go back to her brother's humble shack in the woods. His children interfered, however, and prevented a reconciliation. By the proceedings in the insane court they have also blocked his plan to leave his whole estate to Dora Richardson. He is now confined to his home with a nurse and guards. His health is poor, and it is feared he cannot live long.

It is said Dora Richardson will make her first stage appearance next month in Boston, and that she will be advertised as "the child wife of Gen. Cassius M. Clay."

Gen. Clay died suddenly, yesterday. He was a famous abolitionist and author in his day; and was President Lincoln's Ambassador to Russia.

National Finances.

The Treasury department's figures for the fiscal year show that the excess of receipts over expenditures was $52,710,936, which may be compared with $92,000,000 in 1902 and $77,000,000 in 1901. Income was $558,887,526, and outgo $506,176,590. Owing to the repeal of war taxes, the internal revenue receipts were reduced by nearly $42,000,000, but the receipts from customs show a gain of about $29,500,000. This is due chiefly to enlarged imports of materials to be used by manufacturers, and of some finished products which could not be obtained from our own factories without much delay. It indicates activity rather than idleness in our own industries. While the total revenue was less than that of 1902 by $3,500,000 there was an addition of $35,000,000 to the expenditures. Of this increase, $15,000,000 is to be charged to the navy and $6,000,000 to the army. The treasury's available cash balance at the end of the year was $231,415,000 and the total amount of gold in the treasury was $631,639,000, an increase of $71,000,000 in twelve months. At the end of the year the national bank circulation had risen to $413,670,650, the addition for the year amounting to $56,000,000, or nearly 16 per cent. The treasury's figures do not include the revenue ($134,368,000) and the expenditures ($138,885,000) of the Post Office department. Here a deficit of $4,617,000 is disclosed against $2,961,000 last year.

Brady Township.

T. J. Badger is assisting John G. Thompson to harvest.

Perry Hines lost a valuable horse the other evening, it was only sick a short time.

Mr. Campbell and Roy Dickey have been helping W. C. Badger clean his corn.

The Duffy timber, which is situated upon the McKelvey Hill, has been sold to Mr. Keasey, and John F. Bricker is the foreman, and he with the following hands are boarding at Thos. Badger's: Teamstors, Jas. Bulford, Geo. Keasey, Cull Lewis and John Hutton; sawyer, A. J. Wolford; fireman, Wm. Murphy. A. J. Wolford lives near Coaltown and he walks back and forth on Saturday and Monday, a distance of about eight miles.

Lester Anderson is working for Mr. Bricker in Duffy timber.

Jas. McDeavitt has been helping Beveridge and Thos. McClymonds to harvest.

Thos. McClintock and family were up from Ellwood last week to visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Badger and also made a call on J. W. McKissick.

Mike Fair got one hundred and fifty dozen of wheat threshed on the place where he used to live, but where S. B. Shannon now lives and they made one hundred ten bushels.

Several farmers have part of their hay in, and a great many would have been done, if it had not of been for the wet weather.

The potatoe crop is not a promising one this summer, but may be a fair yield yet.

Floyd Bollinger of Greece City was visiting friends in this vicinity last week.

Ayer's

Losing your hair? Coming out by the combful? And doing nothing? No sense in that! Why don't you use Ayer's Hair Vigor and

Hair Vigor

promptly stop the falling? Your hair will begin to grow, too, and all dandruff will disappear. Could you reasonably expect anything better?

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is a great success with me. My hair was falling out very badly, but the Hair Vigor stopped it and now my hair is all right."—W. C. LOGGDON, Lindsay, Cal.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass. for Thin Hair

NEW OWNER DRUGS STOCK

I have purchased the C. J. Harvey Pharmacy, in the Stein building, at 345 S. Main St., am remodeling and restocking the store. I have twenty-two years experience as a pharmacist, and compounding of prescriptions will be under my personal attention.

Pure drugs and honest treatment guaranteed.

When in town shopping, stop and leave your packages.

J. L. McKee, Pharmacist,

Stein Block, S. Main St., Butler, Pa.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS TO ACTUAL settlers. Write for map and prices of land in the Red River Valley, Minnesota.
7-23-4t L. LAMBERSON, Warren, Minn.

DEATHS.

ATKINS—At Jamestown, N. Y., July 16, 1903, Andrew Atkins, formerly of St. Joe.

CRITCHLOW—At her home in Forward township, July 16, 1903, Mrs. Critchlow, widow of Samuel Critchlow, dec'd., aged about 75 years.

WILLIAMSON—In Pittsburg, July 16, 1903, J. G. Williamson, formerly of Butler, in his 64th year.

CASTOR—At his home in Brady township or West Liberty borough, July 20, 1903, Frank Castor, aged about 65 years.

He is survived by his wife, three sons and three daughters. He was a veteran of the Civil War.

TURK—At the home of her parents, S. C. and Mary J. Turk, near Hallston, July 9, 1903, Sarah Almira Turk, after a brief illness.

"He giveth his beloved sleep."

MAGEE—At his home in Harrisville, July 20, 1903, George W. Magee, aged about 65 years.

Obituary.

James McNeil Whistler, the American-English artist, died in England last week. He painted portraits and etched pictures exceedingly well. He also wrote about the "gentle art of making enemies;" sued Ruskin for libel; and had a fuss with DuMaurier for putting him in the original "Trilby."

Mrs. Eva Forner of Pittsburg, nee Boggs of Evans City, died on Wednesday of last week.

"It"

is the New and Better Breakfast Food, so different from all others that it pleases everybody. Get a package to-day at your grocers.

THE GENESEE PURE FOOD CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

Clearance Sale

Straw Hats

At 1-2 Price.

ODD LOTS OF

Underwear,
Fancy 1-2 Hose
Wash Ties,
Stocks, etc.,

Will be sold at less than cost.

Jno. S. Wick

HATTER and MEN'S FURNISHER.

Opposite P. O.

People's 'Phone. 615

BUTLER, PA.

B. & B.

Prices that show our determination in this shelf emptying sale.

30 beautiful patterns, 40c, genuine **Corded French Gardenias,** texture heavier than French Organdie, **15c** —an extraordinary low price for such goods. Pretty floral printings in multi-colored designs, 30 inches wide.

Great variety 25 cent **Tissue Swisses** —striped and embroidered—10c—opportunity women have seldom seen. They're medium dark colors, and can be used for almost any kind of dress, for all occasions. Cadet Blue, Pink, Black, Green and White grounds.

Good and prettily printed American Dimities at a mighty small price for such goods—great variety of styles—12½ cent quality, **8c,** 15c ones, **10c.**

Lot 10 and 12½ cent American Dimities, **5c.** —they're not exactly choice styles, but the quality is there, and that counts. Stripes and figures—white and colored grounds.

You know Volle—by far the most fashionable wool fabric of the year but it comes high, generally.

—sacrifice sale good plain **Black American Volle, 20c**—remarkable and wont be duplicated.

For prompt attention be sure to mark your letter B. C. 28,—state colors, style, whether neat, medium or elaborate, and about the price preferred.

Boggs & Buhl

Department X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

Binding of Books

Is our occupation. We put our entire time to studying the best and latest methods of doing our work. If you are thinking of having some work done in this line I am sure you will be well pleased if you have it done at

The Butler Book Bindery,

W. W. AMON, Prop.
Opp. Court House.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clerk's Notice in Bankruptcy.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. Paul Emil Cerutti, of Evans City, Butler county, Pa., a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of July 1, 1898, having applied for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Act, notice is hereby given to all known creditors and other persons in interest, to appear before the said Court at Pittsburg, in said District, on the 15th day of August, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

WILLIAM T. LINDSEY, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court the undersigned will expose to sale.

Friday, July 24th, 1903,

at 2 o'clock p. m. on the premises, all that certain tract of land situated in Clay township, Butler county, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Harlan Brook and L. C Wick, on the east by lands Sarah A. Boreland, on the south by lands of Samuel Thompson, on the west by lands of L. B. Snyder, containing eighty-nine acres more or less, with a two-story frame house and other outbuildings thereon; well watered and under good state of cultivation.

Terms: Either cash or one-third down, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, deferred payments to be secured in the usual way.

Jacob C. Brown,
Administrator of Rosanna Brown, deceased.

J. D. Marshall, Attorney.

Notice to the Members of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company of Hannahstown and Vicinity.

It having come to the knowledge of this company that several members hold dances at night in their barns and as this is contrary to the rules and constitution of this Company, the directors in their meeting of July 11, 1903, adopted the following resolutions:

"If a loss occurred on insured buildings such as barns or other buildings, wherein hay or straw may be or is stored, caused directly or indirectly by public or private dances, parties, or any other public gatherings which may be deemed dangerous to the safety of such buildings by the Board of Directors, the insurance on said loss shall be void, and will not be paid by the Company.

By order of the President.

ALPHONSE KRAUSE, Secretary.
July 13, 1903 Marwood, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary in the estate of James W. Park, dec'd., late of Middlesex township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to, and all having bills against same will present them duly authenticated for payment to

REUBEN W. PARK, Ex'r.,
R. F. D. 24, Valencia, Pa.
W. D. BRANDON, Att'y. 7-9-03

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Charles S. Lowry, dec'd., late of Butler, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the said estate will make immediate payment, and all having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for payment to

JOHN F. LOWRY, Adm'r.,
425 N. Washington St., Butler, Pa.
P. W. LOWRY, Att'y. 7-9-03

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Dr. J. W. F. Moore, late of Butler, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make prompt settlement and those having claims against the estate will present the same duly authenticated for settlement to

FRANK H. MURPHY, Executor,
Younkin's Bldg, Butler, Pa.
June 30th, 1903.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF PAUL TROUTMAN, DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Paul Troutman, deceased, late of the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., have been granted to Henry N. Troutman of Butler, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands against said estate are requested to make the same known without delay.

HENRY N. TROUTMAN,
Administrator,
A. T. BLACK, Attorney. Butler, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of John Kellerman, dec'd., late of Butler, Butler Co., Pa., having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

MRS. ADA KELLERMAN, Adm'x.,
N. Washington St., Butler, Pa.
S. CUMMINGS, Attorney. 3-19-03

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Maria Lemmon, dec'd., late of Butler twp., Butler Co., Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and any having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement to

E. E. YOUNG, Adm'r.,
3-12-03 Armory Building, Butler, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of William R. Staples, deceased, late of Adams twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

MRS. S. CATHARINE STAPLES, Adm'x.,
Callery, Pa.
J. D. MCJUNKIN, Att'y. 2-19-02

I MAKE

LIARS

OF MY COMPETITORS

If they told the truth concerning my pianos, myself, and my way of doing business I would sell all of the pianos that are sold in Butler.

When a party comes to you with a story concerning my business, ask them to call at my store with you and repeat it in my presence.

I am here for business, and I am happy to say I have lots of it. My patrons are my friends, I always refer to them. Ask them.

I can give you a list of over 300 patrons to whom I have sold pianos since I came here four years ago.

And if you will find any of them who will say that I have not been honorable in all my dealings with them, I will present you with a piano.

Trusting to have my just share of your patronage, I am yours for business.

Your credit is good at

W. R. Newton's

THE PIANO MAN,

317 S. Main St., Butler, Pa.

R·R·TIME·TABLES

B & O R R

Time table effective May 17, 1902. Eastern Standard Time.

SOUTHBOUND

Allegheny Accommodation	6:20 a.m
Allegheny and Cleveland Express	8:00 a.m
Allegheny Express	*9:10 a.m
"	†11:40 a.m
Ellwood City Accommodation	†1:40 p.m
Chicago, New Castle and Allegheny Ex	*2:40 p.m
Allegheny Express	*5:24 p.m
Allegheny Accommodation	*5:50 p.m
Ellwood and New Castle Accommodation	*5:50 p.m

NORTHBOUND

Kane and Bradford Mail	*9:42 a.m
Clarion Accommodation	*4:55 p.m
Foxburg Accommodation	‡8:00 p.m

* Daily. † except Sunday. ‡ Sunday only.

Trains leave the Allegheny station for Butler at 7:30, 8:15, 10:45 a.m., and 1:15, 3:00, 6:15 and 11:30 p.m. and Pittsburg station at 7:50 a.m. On Sunday at 7:30 a.m. and 6:15 and 11:30 p.m.

For through tickets, Pullman reservations and information apply to W. R. TURNER, Agt., Butler, Pa.
E. D. SMITH, A. G. P. A., Pittsburg, Pa

B R & P R R

Time table in effect Feb. 15, 1903. Passenger trains leave and arrive at Butler as follows:

LEAVE FOR NORTH.

7:30 a. m., mixed for Punxsutawney and all intermediate stations.

10:12 a. m. daily, vestibuled day express for Buffalo, connects at Ashford, week days, for Rochester.

5:21 local for Punx'y and Du Bois and all stations.

10:22 p. m. night express for Buffalo and Rochester.

ARRIVE FROM NORTH.

6:08 a. m. daily, night express from Buffalo and Rochester.

9:45 a.m. week days, accomodation from DuBois.

5:31 p.m. daily, vestibuled day express from Buffalo. Has connection at Ashford week days from Rochester.

7:40 p.m. week days, mixed train from Punxsutawney.

Trains leave the B. & O. Station, Allegheny, for Buffalo and Rochester at 9:00 a.m. and 9:30 p.m., and for local points as far as DuBois at 4:10 p.m.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R.R. CO.

Time table in effect May 17, 1902.

CENTRAL TIME

One hour slower than town time.

Northward. Read up			STATIONS.		Southward (Read down)		
				a.m.	A.M.	a.m.	
2	10	14	STATIONS.	1	9	11	
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.					
	6 25	1 20	Erie		6 00	11 18	
	6 01	12 53	Fairview		6 26	11 44	
	5 51	12 42	Girard		6 37	11 57	
	6 00	1 15	ar..Conneaut..ar		8 11	1 15	
	4 32	11 15	lv..Conneaut..lv		6 15	11 15	
	5 33	12 25	Cranesville		6 55	12 15	
	5 28	12 20	Albion		7 00	12 20	
	5.12	12 07	Shadeland		7 12	12 33	
	5 09	12 04	Springboro		7 15	12 36	
	5 03	11 58	Conneautville		7 20	12 42	
			Meadville Junct.				
	6 47	12 11	ar..Meadville..ar		8 28	2 02	
	3 43	10 42	lv..Meadville..lv		6 02	12 30	
	6 20	11 46	ar..Conn.Lake..ar		8 01	1 35	
	4 11	11 10	lv " lv		6 30	12 58	
	4 40	11 35	ar..Expo. Park..ar		7 50	1 10	
	4 40	11 35	lv " lv		7 50	1 10	
	4 48		ar..Linesville..ar		10 25		
			lv " lv		7 20	11 55	
	4 16	11 10	Hartstown		8 07	1 31	
	4 11	11 04	Adamsville		8 12	1 37	
	4 02	10 53	Osgood		8 20	1 48	
6 10	3 55	10 47	Greenville	5 30	8 26	1 55	
6 05	3 50	10 40	Shenango	5 38	8 34	2 05	
	(3 43						
5 45	3 25	10 21	Fredonia	5 58	8 47	2 25	
5 27	3 09	10 06	Mercer	6 18	9 03	2 43	
5 22	3 04	10 01	Houston Junction		9 07	2 48	
5 00	2 48	9 41	Grove City	6 43	9 25	3 07	
4 48		9 28	Harrisville	6 57		3 19	
4 40	2 31	9 20	Branchton	7 07	9 42	3 26	
4 45	3 00	10 27	ar..Hillard..ar	10 17	10 17	5 45	
3 30	2 00	6 10	lv..Hillard..lv	6 10	6 10	2 00	
4 25	2 28	9 10	Keister	7 12	9 46	3 30	
4 18	2 15	9 02	Euclid	7 30	10 00	3 44	
3 45	1 50	8 25	Butler	8 00	10 25	4 10	
2 00	12 15	7 15	Allegheny	9 25	12 00	5 35	
p.m	p.m	am		a.m.	pm	p.m	

Train 12, leaving Grove City 5.00 a. m. Mercer 5:25, Greenville 6:05, Exposition Park 6.53, Conneautville 7:18, arrives in Erie at 8:40 a. m.

Train 15, leaving Erie 4:10 p. m. Conneautville 5:35, Expo. Park 6.07, Greenville 6:45, Mercer 7:31 arrives at Grove City at 7:55 p m.

E. H. UTLEY, Gen. Mgr.
E. D. COMSTOCK, Gen. Pass. Agt, Pittsburg, Pa.
W. R. TURNER. Tkt Agt, Butler, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 27, 1903.

SOUTH.

STATIONS.		WEEK DAYS A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M
BUTLER	Leave	6 05	7 30	10 05	2 35	4 35	
Saxonburg	Arrive	6 34	8 08