THE CITIZEN.

WILLIAM C. NEGLEY - - Publisher

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1899.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

(Subject to the Republican Primary of March 25, 1899, from 1 to 7 P. M.)

FOR SHERIFF.

J. BRADEN BLACK, Of Butler.

M. L. GIBSON, Of Butler.

THOMAS R. HOON, Of Centre twp.

JAMES R. KEARNS, Of Butler twp.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.

GEORGE W. ARMY, Of Butler.

JOHN C. CLARK, Of Washington twp.

J. M. MCCOLLOUGH, Of Fairview twp.

ROBERT J. THOMPSON, Of West Sunbury.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.

W. J. ADAMS, Of Butler, formerly of Washington twp.

J. P. BOGGS, Of Forward twp.

A. M. BORLAND, Of Butler.

W. J. BURTON, Of Penn twp.

W. E. COOPER, Of Worth twp.

J. P. DAVIS, Of Brady twp.

JAMES H. MORRISON, JR. Of Harrisville.

GEORGE E. THOMAS, Of Butler.

PORTER WILSON, Of Centre twp.

FOR TREASURER.

CHARLES H. BOOK, Of Cherry twp.

D. L. RANKIN, Of Butler.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

W. H. CAMPBELL, Of Concord twp.

GEORGE M. GRAHAM, the Teacher, Of Connoquenessing twp.

REUBEN MCELVAIN, Of Butler.

J. H. PIZOR, Of Worth twp.

D. D. QUIGLEY, Of Penn twp.

MILES C. SARVER, Of Buffalo twp.

W. P. TURNER, Of Butler.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

JAMES F. BROWN, Of Franklin twp.

G. W. CROWE, Of Forward twp.

LOYAL W. DAUGHERTY, Of Slipperyrock twp.

JOHN W. GILLESPIE, Of Middlesex twp.

S. W. GLENN, Of Centre twp.

MCCALLISTER KUHN, Of Concord twp.

ROBERT MCCLUNG, Of Butler twp.

J. J. MCGARVEY, Of Mercer.

SAMUEL RILEY, Of Forward twp.

HARMON G. SEATON, Of Washington twp.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR.

JAS. A. MCDOWELL, Of Butler.

J. W. PATTERSON, Of Jeffersor twp.

P. H. SECHLER, Of Prospect boro.

HARRISBURG.

At Thursday's joint session 20 members were paired and the vote stood, Quay 103, Jenks 81, Dalzell 15, Stone 7, Stewart 6 etc, 232, and 117 necessary to a choice.

In the Senate that day the discussion of McCarrel's Jury bill brought out a eulogy of Senator Quay by Senator Brown of Lawrence Co. and the statements by others that the bill was solely in the interest of Senator Quay, and to help him out of his trouble in the Philadelphia courts.

In the house Mr. Dindinger introduced a bill exempting buildings used for theatrical purposes from the act of 1895 in boroughs and townships haying a population of less than 1,500.

At Friday's session the vote was Quay 73, Jenks 55, Dalzell 13, Stone 7, etc. After the days session the Independents met and it was unanimously resolved by those who had not paired that they would not go into the joint convention Saturday or Monday. Their reasons were that, from discussions and suggestions in the convention on the question of pairs, they were convinced that in a crisis it would be held that pairs are not legally binding and could not, therefore be enforced. They believe that the questionable methods being resorted to in order to secure Democratic and anti-Quay votes for Senator Quay are of such a character that they are justified in not taking any chances in a joint convention that is slimly attended.

Their circular states that the scheme of the Quayites was suggested by the result of the vote taken for United States Senator at the joint session last Saturday it goes on to say:

Upon that occasion but 133 Senators and members were present and voting, the balance being paired. Of the 133 votes Senator Quay received 55, or 12 short of the number necessary to elect. It was figured out by the Quayites that had 24 friends of Senator Quay violated their paired pledges and remained to vote for the Beaver man he would have had a total of 79 votes, or a majority of the 157 present and voting. With this object lesson of the possibilities of the violation of an honorable agreement by 24 men before them, the Quayites laid their plans for utilizing this despicable method of securing Senator Quay's re-election. The plan was carefully worked out by four or five of Senator Quay's most eminent friends, and everything was arranged for springing the trap on Saturday. The men among Senator Quay's supporters who could be trusted to violate their paired pledges were carefully selected, and they were all secured by Thursday night. Pairs had been arranged for them, and it was their purpose to remain here, and before the vote was announced on Saturday demand that they be recorded as present and voting for Senator Quay.

At Saturday's convention 77 pairs were announced, and 64 absent without pairs, leaving but 32 members present and no election was announced.

At Mondays sesssion but 39 members were present no quorum. It was said that there would be no break for two weeks.

The house held a short session that night. The number of members afflicted with pneumonia is causing alarm. It is feared the walls of the new Capitol without plaster are damp. The men in the cellar, who work the fans, have not learned how to operate them without creating a draft, and in consequence members are complaining of bad colds.

Tuesday's vote showed no changes; 247 members were present and the vote stood Quay 104, Jenks 81, Dalzell 14, Stone 7, Stewart 6 Huff 6, etc.

It was expected that the fight over the McCarrell bill would begin in the house next day.

A number of bills were introduced in both houses, and the appointments sent into the Senate by Gov. Stone were confirmed. The only opposition developed on the confirmation of Rev. Dr. George E. Reed, of Dickenson college, as state librarian. Senator Washburn, of Crawford, said Dr. Reed would not attend to his duties, but 'sell out' the office to others, as it was given in payment for a political obligation. No one voted against confirmation, however, Washburn declining to vote.

William Hasson, Democrat, Venango, read in the house "a bill to provide for the construction and completion of a capitol building and making an appropriation therefor.

Gov. Stone, Gen. D. McM. Gregg, Reading; Louis A. Watres, Scranton; B. F. Jones, Pittsburg; A. J. Cassatt and Robert E. Patterson, Philadelphia, and A. A. Palmer, of Franklin, are named as a commission and are instructed to provide with the least possible delay, either by completing the present structure, remodeling it, or by removing it and erecting an entirely new structure on revised plans.

The said building shall be fireproof and as nearly as possible of the Renaissance style of architecture, known as the colonial. The commissioners are authorized to employ architects and experts and to finish the new building by November 1, 1901.

The cost is limited to $2,000,000, in addition to what still remains of the $550,000 originally appropriated. The commissioners are to receive no compensation for services.

In the House Tuesday, Mr. Hosack of Allegheny presented a pension bill for Judges, providing that any law judge after having attained the age of 70 years, and having held his commission for at least twenty years consecutively, or, if not continuously in the same court, having faithfully served as a judge altogether thirty years, shall before the expiration of his term resign, he shall thereafter in consideration of such resignation and retirement, receive in equal quarterly installments an amount of money equal to two-thirds of the annual salary payable to him at the time of such resignation.

Yesterday's vote was Quay 108, Jenks 82, Dalzell 15, Stewart 7, Stone 6, etc—241 in all and 121 necessary for election.

At a meeting of the House committee on Education that day several bills regarding the minimum school term were examined. The minimun term is now six months and it is probable that this legislature will add another month.

Deputy Stewart has just completed a table to show how many districts would be affected by the increased school term and where they are located. There are in the state 867 school districts with six-month terms. Allegheny county has only two of these, while 102 districts have more than six months school. A number of eastern counties, such as Chester and Bucks, have no six-month terms. Some of the counties which will be affected by the increase are as follows:

Armstrong county has 32 six-month districts out of 42, Beaver 19 out of 49; Bedford, 30 out of 40; Bradford, 11 out 58; Butler, 18 out of 52; Cambria, 30 out of 56: Crawford, 6 out of 64; Fayette, 18 out of 40; Indiana, 33 out of 39; Somerset, 36 out of 41; Venango, 13 out of 34; Washington, 17 out of 63.

The McCarrell Jury Bill was forced through the Senate, yesterday, 28 members voted for it, 17 against it, and 3 absentees.

SENATOR HOAR'S learned and labored argument about the unconstitutionality of American control of the Philippines, and his assertion that "When you raise the flag over the Philippines as an emblem of dominion and acquisition you take it down from Independence Hall," was ably answered by Senator Platt, of Connecticut. He said: "We found this continent in the hands of the Indians, who did not want us here, nor did they want to be placed under our government. Notwithstanding that condition, we established our government here, and now, at last, we have brought many of the Indians to a state of civilization and citizenship. "You violated the Declaration of Independence," says the Indian, "when you legislated for me." But who, Mr. President, would turn back the hand of time to meet the requirements of the doctrines of the senator from Massachusetts? It is the spirit of the Declaration of Independence that gives it life. It is perfectly well assured that no attempt will ever be made to legislate for the people of this country, or of our acquired territory, in contravention of the Declaration of Independence and the constitution. I am one of those who believe, Mr. President, that we shall not ring the doom of this country when we shall place over the inhabitants of our acquired territory legislation which will confer on them the blessings of happiness ond prosperity."

"Embalmed Meat."

The American Druggist and Pharmaceutical Record, published in New York and Chicago, an authority on the wholesale chemical and drug trade of country, has a leading editorial in its current issue depreciating the use of chemicals for preserving meat and endorsing Dr. Daly in his charges before the War Inquiry Commission. The article in part is as follows:

"It is an open secret in the chemical market that the meat-packing houses are among the largest consumers of borax, and that their consumption of salicylic acid is by no means inconsiderable. While some of the borax might possibly be used for cleansing purposes, packers can have no possible use for the salicylic acid, save as a preservative for meat."

"The use of chemical preservatives of any kind in foodstuffs is decidedly objectionable under any circumstances, and becomes a very serious matter when the food so preserved is fed to people with enfeebled digestions. Salicylic aclid is particularly objectionable, as the same qualities which render it of value as a preservative agent enable it, to greater or less extent, to arrest the activity of the digestive ferments.

THE selection of the Doerr farm by the County Commissioners for a Poor Farm is generally commended. An abundance of good water either from the S. S. reservoir or springs or drilled wells on the premises can be obtained, and the buildings can de sewered into the Centre Ave. main.

AT Washington, Friday, a military court found Gen. Eagan guilty of the charges preferred against him, and sentenced him to be dismissed from the service.

Lost Pension Through Pills.

William Rowlins, of Port Crane, N. Y., a veteran of the civil war, was drawing a pension of $20 a month for liver troubles contracted in the service. Three months ago he was asked to write a testimonial for the manufacturers of a liver pill that he said had helped him. He complied and gave the pills a glowing sendoff, saying they had made him a well man.

When the last quarter's pension was due Rowlins was told that he had been cut off the list. When an explanation was demanded he received a clipping of his testimonial, together with a statement that the Government could not afford to pension healthy pensons.

Political Revelations.

It is impossible to avoid the lessons on our political system that are conveyed in the plain avowals of the governing cliques on two subjects. The first is the assertion in the debate yesterday, that the laws of criminal procedure must be changed so as to rescue Senator Quay from the power of the District Attorney to "stand aside" jurors whom he may suspect of being unduly friendly to the defendant.

This power has been a part of the authority of the prosecuting attorney from before the establishment of the Pennsylvania Courts. On its strict justice there has been a division, the weight of judicial and legal opinion in this State being in its favor. But what is remarkable is that the alleged injustice of the practice to the common citizen on trial has never at all appealed to our political magnates, who dictate our legislation. They have not lacked opportunity to amend the practice, for the benefit of the ordinary defendant. Those honestly opposed to it have brought in bills to repeal it in every session for the last nine Legislatures, and those whose nod determine the fate of legislation permitted them to be stifled. It is only when the head of the machine is in danger of feeling the halter draw, that the practice is discovered to be inequitable. And that no detail be lacking to prove that our laws are to be changed to suit the exigencies of our political dictators, the fact is on record that Senator Quay has himself used exactly this practice to secure the conviction of editors who had made publications obnoxious to his tastes.

Yet that remarkable phase of the subject is reduced to innocuous mildness by another one developed yesterday. One of the Quay organs of this city quotes an unnamed politician, evidently of the Quay stripe, to the effect that the appointment to the Supreme Court, to fill the vacancy caused by Justice Williams' death, will be used to cause a break in the Democratic ranks, that will insure Senator Quay's re-election. It is hard to imagine any assertion which puts the whole scheme of politics on a plane of more utter degredation than this. The Supreme Court is the last bulwark of justice. The property, liberty, even the lives of the people may depend on its integrity and impartiality. If the Supreme Court is not above suspicion, our whole system is a failure. Yet we are told, through an organ of Quay politics, that position on the Supreme Bench is to be used as political merchandise, with which to bribe Democratic members to vote for Quay.

It is not hazardous to say that if any such proposition were made to Mr. Jenks, he would resent the insult insult in such terms that it would not be repeated. But, supposing the schemes to be successful, the fact that a Senator has to have the laws changed to enable him to escape justice, and has to trade positions on the Supreme Bench to buy votes for his re-election, would make the whole proceeding so infamous that the people would be forced to revolt against it.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

AT Helena, Montana, last Saturday, William A. Clark, a native of Connellsville, this state, and the owner of the largest copper-mine interests in the world, was elected United States Senator by a combination of Democrats and Republicans.

The Fight in Lebanon Co.

At Lebanon, Pa., last Friday, the first gun of the anti-Quay campaign in the interest of Dr. Samuel Weiss, candidate for State Senator to succeed Lieutenant Governor Gobin, was fired at over-flowing meetings in Jonestown and Annville. Besides local speakers C. C. Kauffman, of Columbia, and Representative J. B. Randall, of Chester county, were the speakers at Jonestown, and Senator Flinn, of Pittsburg, and Senator J. Bayard Henry, of Philadelphia, at Annville.

The speakers reviewed Senator Quay's political history, declaring that he had debauched the politics of the State, and made strong appeals to voters to overthrow bossism. The fight is squarely Quay and anti-Quay, and the voters, understanding it as such, will make united efforts to elect Dr. Weiss, the pronounced anti-Quay candidate. Meetings have been booked for every night until the primaries, on February 4. The contest will be the hottest ever experienced in this county.

At Myerstown, Tuesday evening, Senator Flinn, was the chief speaker. He took up Quay's indictments, alleging the misappropriation of the State money, and cited other reasons why Quay should not be returned to the United States Senate. Senator Henry said he was inspired in the cause of this great contest against Quay. He called attention to Gen. Gobin's many offices and called this a bi-election. He said: "All the eyes of the State are upon Lebanon county in this bi-election and the most important election in the last 25 years." He said that the 52 legislators at Harrisburg would stay out against Quay until the day of judgment before they would vote for him. Senator Henry finished by saying he hoped Lebanon county would send a "Weiss" man from the east instead of a gold brick.

Two Judges to Elect.

There are, this fall, two Judges of the Supreme Court of this State to be elected.

One of them will be to fill the place of Chief Justice Sterrett, whose term expires with this year; and the other to fill the place of Justice Williams who died suddenly a few days ago. This presents a rather singular state of affairs. By our State Constitution whenever it so happens that two Judges of Supreme Court are to be elected at the same time, or same year, the voters can vote for but one of them. This is for the purpose of always giying the minority a representation on the bench. So, in any event, the Democrats will get one of the Judges to be elected at the coming fall election.

Governor Stone has the right to appoint a man to fill the place made vacant by the death of Judge Williams. This appointment will last only to Jan. 1. And here another singular condition exists. He has the power and may appoint a Democrat; or he may appoint a Republican, as he should do.

But it is feared he will be influenced by the Senatorial fight now pending and make the appointment in the interest of Quay, In this view both Republican and Democrat will hesitate as to accepting the appointment, because in either case they will be liable to the charge of Quayism in securing the appointment and therefore on that ground be opposed in the nominating conventions that are to follow, and thus endangering their nomination. Who Gov. Stone will appoint is now therefore an interesting question. Better not appoint at all, but let the people, of each party, settle the candidates in their coming State Conventions soon to be held.

WASHINGTON.

At Tuesday's session of the Senate the nominations of A. W. Christy to be P. M. at Slipperyrock and John Watters for Evans City were confirmed.

The Hull Army bill passed the House Tuesday by a vote of 168 to 125. Three Democrats voted for it and six Republicans against it. It now awaits the action of the Senate upon it. The bill gives the President power to increase the size of the regular army to 100,000 men whenever he thinks it necessary. President McKinley is strongly in favor of the bill and it was through the efforts of the administration that party lines were drawn so strictly. If the bill passes the President will have the granting of about 3000 additional army commissions. It may be impossible to carry it through the Senate during the present session. Among amendments tacked onto the bill was one to prevent civilians from being appointed on the civil engineer corps, one to abolish the army "canteen" and the sale of liquor in camps, and one to strike out a provision for additional pay to commands serving in Alaska, the West Indies and Philippines.

Two million glass eyes are manufactured annually in Germany alone. This would indicate that a large proportion of the human family is looking at the world through one eye, and enduring the discomfort of a foreign body in the anatomy for the sake of appearances. False teeth are much more common. Millions of people are grinding their food with porcelain, which not only makes them healthier and happier, but very much improves the appearance of the sub-alfactory orifice commonly called the mouth.

Quay's Career.

Whether Quay is elected or defeated for United States senator and whether the trial of the charges against him acquits or convicts him the fight against Quay and Quayism will continue until he has become "a nightmare of the past." The anti-Quay Republicans of the State are determined to have better politics and better government than that permitted under the Quay regime.

The anti-Quay people are resolved to keep on fighting and some lively times may be experienced in the State this year should Quay be re-elected. If he is defeated it is thought that he will pass into oblivion as he will have neither the energy nor ambition to renew hostilities. The Philadelphia Press says editorially concerning Quay.

"Mr. Quay has no claim upon the party for services rendered. He has been re-paid a thousand-fold for everything he has ever done. On the other hand he has brought defeat and disaster and discredit upon the party. To him and his friends the party owes the defeat of two Republican candidates for governor. To him the present governor-elect owes the fact that his plurality was only 117,000 instead of 500,000, and to him a number of Republican candidates for Congressional, legislative and county offices owe their defeat at the last election. Senator Quay has never been loyal to the Republican party when it suited his interests to be otherwise. He has time and again caused the defeat of Republican candidates obnoxious to him. The party caucus has no binding claim upon him. He kept his friends out of that caucus a couple of years ago and joined with the Democrats to prevent a fair reapportionment of the State which had been decreed by a majority of the Republican legislators. Senator Quay has been a malign influence in the politics of the State and Nation. He has solemnly promised sweeping reforms, and after he has gained his ends has failed to keep his pledges. One of the worst Legislatures in our history, that of 1897, was absolutely controlled by him. He has degraded the politics of the State and made a laughing stock of reform."

"Every true Republican in Pennsylvania and the Nation will rejoice when they hear that the self-respecting and loyal Republican members of the Pennsylvania Legislature have retired Mr. Quay to private life."

Harmony and Zelienople.

F. Shouse, who lives several miles south of Zelienople, on Wednesday of last week tracked a fox to the north side of Abr. Ziegler's hill near Harmony where he saw him sit under a peach tree and shot him with a Remmington rifle. The fox was two years old.

Mrs. Hallstein has been very sick at the home of Geo. Beaver, in Lancaster township, for several weeks. Her sons Fred, of Allegheny City, and Henry, of Harmony, with whom she lives have been at her bed side for a week. She is improving at present and will be taken to Harmony this week.

The robbery in Jackson township last week created a sensation; it is a fact known that the farmers are arming themselves and volleys of lead will greet the next intruders.

Thursday evening of last week, Miss Mary Butz, daughter of Rev. J. G. Butz, was married to Rev. Karl Braener in the St. Paul's church in Zelienople by the brides father. The church was filled with members who were invited to witness the ceremony. The bride received many handsome and costly presents. The choir partook of the wedding feast. Many kind wishes were showered upon the young couple.

Miss Myrtle Nisce, one of the Elwood teachers was in Harmony over Sunday the guest of her father, Henry Niece.

Representative John Dindinger was at his home in Zelienople over Sunday and left for Harrisburg on Monday morning.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Reformed church in Harmony will observe the 18th birthday of the C. E. on Sunday evening.

The following candidates were calling on Republican voters in our town the last week: Porter Wilson, of Centre twp.; D. D. Quigley, of Penn twp.; J. J. McGarvey, of Mercer twp.; J. P. Davis, of Brady twp.; D. L. Rankin, of Butler boro.; G. M. Graham, of Connoquenessing twp.; James R. Kearns, of Butler twp.

Rev. J. A. Leuzinger, of Butler, filled the Grace Reformed church pulpit last Sunday. Rev. C. F. Hartung, of Harmony, preached for Rev. Leuzinger at Butler on the same day.

The grip usually is in the hand, but at present it is generally conceded to be on hand.

Our towns furnish their full quota of grip victims.

Wm. Kavenaugh moved one of his steam hammers to the Scio oil field, last week, with three of his machinists.

Alexander Bros. are drilling and contracting in the Scio field.

The contest for the Harmony P. O. will be ended next Saturday when by direction of Hon. J. B. Showalter, the Republican patrons of the office will elect a postmaster. The following are candidates for the office: Rev. C. F. Hartung, D. P. Boggs and Mrs. J. J. Fiedler Jr.

The ice plants with their excellent equipments had a competition on a large scale recently which also proved disastrous to some weather prophets. How can they regain their reputation?

Rev. J. W. Otterman will commence his protracted meetings in the Harmony M. E. church next Sunday evening.

Misses Dot and Lillie Williams of Harmony have been visiting relatives in Butler for ten days.

The well drilled on the Joseph Ziegler farm is said to be a producer.

A well is being drilled on the Sid Kirker lot in Harmony for gas.

WELCOME home 15th.

DEATHS.

DAUBENSPECK—At her home on the Wallace farm in Penn twp., Jan. 26, 1899, Mrs. Wm. Daubenspeck, nee Mahood, aged about 56 years.

GRIEB—At her home in Summit twp., Jan. 29, 99, Mrs. Barbara Grieb, aged 78 years.

FLEEGER—At his home near the Brewster School in Centre twp., Jan. 30, 1899, a son of Eli Fleeger, aged 15 years.

PARKS—In Pittsburg, Jan 26, 99, Mrs. G. W. Parks, nee Heath. She was buried in Butler, Saturday.

PETTEGREW—At his home in Washington twp., Jan. 28, 1899, Robert D. Pettegrew, aged about 63 years.

His wife, four sons and four daughters survive him.

MCELWEE—At her home in Winfield twp. Jan. 22, 1899, Mary, daughter of Daniel McElwee, aged 26 years.

Her remains were buried in the Catholic cemetery at Herman.

GABLE—At the home of her son, Chas Gable, in Jefferson twp, Jan. 24, 1899, Mrs. Elizabeth Gable, in her 84th year.

Mrs. Gable was a sister-in-law of Mrs. Grabe whose death we noted last week.

CRAMER—Jan. 30, 1899, Eli V. Cramer, at his residence in Cherry Tree, Indiana Co., Pa., aged 76 years.

He was a veteran of the Mexican war, and leaves a wife and ten children.

HAMILTON—At her home in Oakland twp., Jan. 30, 1899, Mrs. James Hamilton, in her 94th year.

Mrs. Hamilton was the mother of Robert Hamilton of Butler, and was the oldest person, (with one exception) in the township.

ECKMAN—Jan. 21, 1899, Mrs. Catharine Eckman, at her home near Springs Church, Armstrong Co, aged 54 years.

Mrs. Eckman leaves a husband to mourn her loss. She was a daughter of the late John Myers; and a sister of our fellow townsman J. B. Myers, and of Robert L. of Buffalo twp., also of Eli and Lemuel of South Buffalo twp., Armstrong Co., Pa.

MEALS—At the home of her son-in-law, John M. Williams, of Bellevue, Pa., January 28, 1899, Elizabeth W., widow of Joseph Meals, formerly of Centre twp., aged 71 years.

Mrs. Meals removed from her farm in Centre twp. to Allegheny county three or four years ago, with her son Samuel A. Meals who still resides there. Her remains will be interred, today, at the Rider Lutheran Church, Centre twp

KOHLER—At his home on E. Jefferson St., Jan. 28, 1899, Gabriel Kohler, in his 76th year.

The deceased was born in Wurtemburg, Germany, and had lived in Butler since 1854. He is survived by a widow and eight children: Mrs. Jos. Rockenstein, Attorney Frank X. John and Louis of the Hotel Willard, Clement, Mary, Francis and Mrs. John Kappler. The funeral services were held from the German Catholic church, Tuesday morning.

BRAUN—At her home in Pittsburg, Jan. 30, 1899, Miss Kate W. Braun, sister of W. F. Braun.

Miss Braun was a well known reader and elocutionist, and she was a remarkably talented young woman. She was well read in English, French and German, and was one of the brightest students of her art. She studied under the following well-known teachers: Steele Mackaye, Miss Genevieve Stebbins, Madame Dekarte, F. T. Southwick and Byron King.

FLEMING—At his home in Buffalo twp., Jan. 26, 1899, Samuel Fleming, in his 66th year.

Mr. Fleming was born and raised on the farm on which he died, and was one of Buffalo township's most influential citizens, and was engaged in farming all his life. He leaves a wife and ten children—James W. and Harry B. of Buffalo twp; Homer H., Charles W. and Mrs. C. G. Neely of Glade Mills; Rachel E., Maggie F., Samuel M., Ellen M. and John G.

Mr. Fleming contracted rheumatism six years ago, from which he never found any relief. After consulting all the local physicians he consulted specialists in Pittsburg, Chicago and New York, but never found relief. He bore his affliction patiently and awaited patiently for the calling of his Master.

Mr. Fleming was a member of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church of Sarversville, but owing to his affliction was unable to attend services. The funeral services was conducted from his late residence, on the 27th, by Revs. Harter of Buffalo twp., Melhorn of Freeport and Harper of Carbon Black. His remains were laid to rest in the Sarversville cemetery. Mr. Fleming was one of the five charter members who purchased the ground and laid out the beautiful cemetery where his remains now lie. His remains were followed to their last resting place by a large concourse of neighbors and friends.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Augustus H Garland, Attorney General of the U. S. under President Cleveland, ex-Governor of and ex-Senator from Arkansas, fell insensible while pleading a case before the U. S. Supreme Court at Washington last Thursday and shortly afterwards expired.

The remains of Joseph Liebler were buried at Herman last Saturday. Quite a number of his relatives from Butler and Pittsburg attended the funeral. Joseph carried several thousand dollars insurance on his life.

MRS. SARAH ROBERTSON.

Mrs. Sarah Beatty Robertson, died of pneumonia at her home in Oakland township, Butler Co., Pa., Monday, January 23, 1899, at one o'clock p. m., aged 62 years, 6 months and 22 days.

Mrs. Robertson was a daughter of the late Hugh Beatty, of Butler, who was a ruling elder of the United Presbyterian church in Butler until his death in 1859. Five brothers and two sisters survive her.

She was married to Richard Robertson by the Rev. Isaiah Niblock, of Butler. She was the mother of eight children—4 sons and 4 daughters, all of whom survive her. Two of her sons—Dr. Stewart Robertson and Dr. John L. Robertson are physicians in Allegheny.

The remains were interred in North Butler cemetery, the pallbearers being her brothers. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Shirard, pastor of the Fairview United Presbyterian church of which she was a consistent member.

Mrs. Robertson was a loving mother and will be sadly missed from her accustomed place at home. She was loved by all who knew her. From childhood it was evident she "had been with Jesus and learned of Him.

In her death her children have lost a cheerful and loving mother. In her call home can be recognized the sovereignty of "Him who doeth all things well," and should impress one with the uncertainty and value of time, and like her when the Master comes to be found ready, waiting and watching.

LINES ON THE DEATH OF OUR DEAR FATHER AND FRIEND, D. A. RENFREW.

Dear father thou art gone to rest,
Thy toils and cares are o'er.
Sorrow, pain and suffering now
Shall never distress thee more.

Oh! let us think of all he said,
And all the kind advice he gave,
And let us do as now he's dead,
And sleeping in his lonely grave.

Dear father, thou art gone to rest,
And this shall be our prayer,
That when we reach our journey's end,
Thy glory we may share.

We stood beside the bed of death,
Bowed down were we with sorrow,
We knew he would be lost to us
Upon the coming morrow.

Tis hard to give thee up—
Tis hard to be resigned.
In death, 'tis true we all must part,
Though friends as the dearest kind.

We miss thee, dear father,
We miss thee in the dear old home,
But to the will of God we bow,
And say, Lord, thy will be done.

The family circle is incomplete—
A vacancy has appeared
Which place can never be filled.
We trust he has a heavenly seat,
Above this world of sorrow and tears.

We miss our father, dear,
But prepare while we are here
To meet him upon high
In that home beyond the sky.

D. M. W.

JUDGE AGNEW concluded an article on the Philippines, published a few days ago, as follows:

"I have lived many years. Life's race is nearly run. For me it has no allurement to mar love of country. But if there is one thing that my 50 years at the bar has impressed upon me, and if I could give that thing to my fellow countryman, it is a profound respect for law and order. I would that they were awake to the growing tendency of disrespect for law, in high places as well as in low. May patriotism cut of the source of this by replacing opinionless and selfish politicians by statesmen, lovers of the people, haters of grasping greed!"

There is some "food for thought" in those remarks.

Middletown.

Positive: grip, comparative:—For furthur comparison you are respectfully referred to Dante's Inferno or to your mother-in-law.

McCallister Kuhn, whose health has been poor all winter, is again confined to his bed with no prospect of a speedy recovery.

Revival meetings in the Presbyterian church of this place closed last week. A number of accessions to the church are reported. The C. E. Society here was addressed on Sunday night by Messrs Shaw and Wright of Grove City.

A number of Christian ladies here manifest the true spirit of Christ by their care and attention of the sick and the afflicted in this community.

The following persons are among the sick at present: A. F. Cochran, esq., Mrs. Linn Cumberland, Mrs. Henry Thompson, Mrs. Ana Pryor, Mrs. C. C. Kuhn, Mr. and Mrs. John Varner, Thos. Caldwell, Mrs. Frank Cochran and Mrs. E. Pisor. Also the following near Greece City: C. A. Clark and wife, N. Bauers, Mrs. Fred Bauer, Ed Turner and Milo Christy is suffering from an attack of spinal meningitis at the home of his father Newton Christy.

The Republican nomination of this twp. was held on last Saturday and a ticket containing names of men of both old parties was put in nomination.

SILEX.

IN 1885 an island arose out of the ocean between New Zealand and Australia and was named Falcon island. Now it is again on the move, sinking in the sea and is now three fathoms under water. Near there the temperature of the sea at five miles depth was taken and found to be 35 degrees above zero, while it was 82 at the surface.

Keister.

Mrs. C. J. Armstrong, who has been at Mercer Hospital undergoing an operation has returned much improved.

Mr. S. J. Keister is on the sick list at this writing.

Mrs. J. E. Hays went to Coaltown on a business trip last Saturday.

Mrs. Hosack who has been confined to the house with the grip is able to resume her duty once more.

J. W. Dobson and M. C. Wigton have almost finished piling lumber for the Kirk Christy Co. of Cleveland O.

Miss Myrtle Mershimer was home over Sunday.

Johnson McKissick our good and noble blacksmith has moved from Keister to Wick we were sorry to lose you Johns but we wish you all success

Mrs. Audley Mershimer of Youngstown O. who has been visiting her mother Mrs. Margarett Wigton has returned to her home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Keister made a business trip to Slipperyrock one day last week.

L. L. Dobson has gone over to Kittanning to team for Barron Bros. who have a saw mill there,

Mr. G. W. Hosack our agent is working rather late these nights, business must be rushing you, George.

A. I. Latchaw is repairing the old store house for Mrs. Keister as she expects to move soon.

John B. Keister expects to put up quite a nice lot of ice this winter.

Latchaw Bros. from Edgecliff Pa. are about to take hold of the blacksmith shop. It is hoped by the people of Keister and vicinity that they may soon come as we are badly in need of a blacksmith at the present.

The correspondent would like to know why we could not go together and get a preacher to come and preach in the school house for us. at least every two weeks. It would be greatly appreciated by those that have no way of going to church. Let us take a vote on this and see what we can do.

Nervous Weak Tired. Thousands are in this condition. They are despondent and gloomy, cannot sleep, have no appetite, no energy, no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla soon brings help to such people. It gives them pure, rich blood, cures nervousness, creates an appetite, tones and strengthens the stomach and imparts new life and increased vigor to all the organs of the body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents

B. & B.

If you want to get the greatest value in good useful goods you ever did, send for samples and see what splendid Dress Goods and Silks being closed out.

Odd and surplus lines—at prices that don't near touch what the goods cost us.

Dress Goods—Novelties and Plain Mixtures—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Silks 50c, 65c, 75c,—including lots of fine evening silks.

Broken lines—but good goods—choiceness always a feature here.

When you see the styles and qualities, and let the goods prove what we say, you'll want to buy in your pocket book's interest—and all who are buyers will get money's worth such as never before heard of.

It's worth prompt attention.

Boggs & Buhl

Department X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

A BILL TO HELP QUAY.

Next to the senatorial contest the efforts to protect Senator Quay in his fight against the charges pending against him in the courts of Philadelphia are most interesting. Reference has already been made in these letters to the McCarrell bill. It is a bill introduced solely in the interests of Senator Quay, and prevents district attorneys in all counties of the commonwealth from setting aside jurors, as is now the law. The bill is being railroaded through the senate, and an effort will be made to railroad it through the house. All pretense as to the character of the bill was thrown aside on Thursday last, when Senator Brown, of Lawrence county, proclaimed that the bill was in the interests of Senator Quay. Senator Henry of Philadelphia, Senator Finn of Pittsburg and Senator Miller of Berks, Democrat, are opposing the passage of the measure.

An amendment was tacked on to the bill that it should not apply to cases where indictments are now pending. This amendment was fought bitterly by the Quayites, because if it should pass it would remove the Quay case from the operations of the bill, should it become law. The amendment was defeated, but will be renewed in the house when the bill comes up there. As Senator Henry, of Philadelphia, declared, the bill is in the interests of the criminal classes. If it should become law no criminal of wealth or influence could ever be convicted. The bill will undoubtedly pass the senate, because Senator Quay's friends are there in a majority, but it is believed it cannot pass the house.

Up to last Saturday ten ballots had been taken in the senatorial fight. In every one of them Senator Quay lacked from 12 to 14 votes of a majority. His friends predict that he will get them; they do not say where. It is only another Quay machine bluff. The Democrats are standing as firm as a rock, and their leaders assert that not one of them will vote for Senator Quay. The anti-Quay Republicans are equally as firm, and the prospect is for a long deadlock.

There is nothing left for the Quay people to do except to declare that Quay cannot be defeated. It is all there is to sustain them now. There are doubtless half a dozen Democrats under obligations to Senator Quay, who would vote for him if the chance offered, but half a dozen votes are not enough, and as the honor of the Democratic party is at stake, no Democrat will sell out his party and his own honor, and risk being a marked man for the rest of his life.

THE REWARDS OFFERED.

It is reported that there is over a quarter of a million dollars in Harrisburg for use in this senatorial campaign, but hus far it has been lying idle. The reason is that the men selected to handle it are afraid of exposure. Hon. John Wanamaker and the Business Men's League have offered rewards for the detection of bribery aggregating $55,000. Detectives are in Harrisburg in squads, and every suspected man is being watched. During the past week there has gathered together the most disreputable gang of lobbyists and political heelers that Harrisburg has seen in a decade.

1831 Sixty-Ninth Year THE 1899

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, $2,
Two Subscriptions, $3.50.
Four Subscriptions, $6.

PECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGE CLUBS.

Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free till Jan. 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural news of the day) may readily by reduced, by making up a small Club, to

LESS THAN A CENT A WEEK.

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES,

Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany N. Y

LOOK AT THE LABEL

Pasted on your paper, (or on the wrapper in which it comes,) for a brief but exact statement of your subscription account. The date to which you have paid is clearly given. If it is a past date a remittance is in order, and is respectfully solicited. Remember the subscription price, $1.00 a year. Don't send money in an ordinary letter—it will be at your own risk. Use money order or registered letter. Remit to

W. C. NEGLEY,
Butler, Penna.

If the date is not changed within three weeks write and ask why.

News and Opinions OF National Importance

The Sun ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Duff's College

Gives a specialized Bread-winning Education.

FOR CIRCULARS ADDRESS,

P. DUFF & SONS, 244 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURG, PA.