# THE CITIZEN.

WILLIAM C. NEGLEY - - Publisher

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER, 1, 1898.


## REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.
WILLIAM A. STONE, of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
J. P. S. GOBIN, of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
JAMES W. LATTA, of Philadelphia.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE.
WILLIAM W. PORTER, of Philadelphia
W. D. PORTER, of Allegheny Co.

FOR CONGRESSMEN-AT-LARGE.
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT, of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna Co

FOR CONGRESS.
DR. J. B. SHOWALTER, of Millerstown boro

FOR ASSEMBLY.
JAMES N. MOORE, of Butler.
JOHN DINDINGER, of Zellenople.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JACOB M. PAINTER, of Butler.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.
FRANK E. McQUISTION, of Butler

### Officers Versus Men.

The following appeared in the Soldiers Column of the Washington, D. C "Post" of Wednesday of last week, the 24th inst.

Editor Post: Last Friday's Washington papers stated that as soon as it became known that certain volunteer regiments had been selected to be mustered out, protests began to be sent to the war department strongly opposing the same and objecting to discharge before seeing some actual service. These protests, it was said, came "from officers, politicians, and others," but none was reported from the rank and file of the regiments.

I do not know how the men of other commands may feel, but will do my best to set forth the position of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers and the opinions of the great majority of the regiments concerning this matter of being mustered out. The Fifteenth left their homes "for war" April 27 and lay in camp at Mount Gretna, Pa., until the 11th of June. During this period expeditions were being formed and regiments assigned to them. Our commander had a chance to take his regiment to Manila, but let it slip through his fingers.

June 12 we came to Fort Washington and have been garrisoned here ever since. We felt on arrival that here we would stay till the end of the war and never see any actual campaigning. The regiment's captains, like the great majority of their men, felt dissatisfied with our assignment and proposed a concerted movement to secure a change to greater activity, but the higher officers seemed very well content with their snap job and not only refused to take part in the movement, but the colonel rolled his eyes in astonishment, feigned or real, and came down on the project flat-footed.

Hostilities have now ceased and the war is practically over unless difficulties arise with the Cubans themselves. To prevent or settle such troubles troops will have to be stationed in Cuba and other new acquisitions. Most of the officers have found it very nice and fine to do nothing all day long and draw salaries ranging from $125 to $300 per month, while the men in the ranks, who generally made as good wages, and in some cases a great deal more, at home, draw their "little $15.60 per." So it is only human that the officers wish to make their soft snaps continue as long as possible, and, sad to say, it seems that they are willing to do so at the expense of their men, sacrificing the rights and undoubtly blasting the future of many. The newspapers stated not long ago that two officers of the Fifteenth had been at the war department in Washington trying to have their regiment assigned to occupy some post in the Philippines or other islands, and at the present writing another is away from camp, presumably trying to further this design.

Of course every one, officer or private, knows best why he does or does not wish to continue army life. We, for our part, know that four-fifths of the Fifteenth Regiment are sick and tried of millitary life as viewed from the standpoint of garrison duty, and object most strongly to spending the next twenty months in existence so lacking in pleasure and usefulness. We see no honor in being sent to occupy Cuba after Spain has surrendered it. It's true we enlisted for "two years unless sooner discharged." If the war lasted two or twenty years we expected to stay with it, but if the war is over we wish to be returned to our homes to resume the peaceful pursuits we left in the hope of serving our country. If Uncle Sam has no more use for us we feel that he should discharge us. The garrison duty belongs to the regulars, who make soldiering a business. The great majority of us feel this way, and yet "officers, politicians, and others" go to the war department and state there and to the world that we object to being mustered out, but wish to continue in this tent ed exile. In asserting this they simply try to make Secretary Alger and the public believe a lie.

Now let it be understood that an overwhelming majority of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers want no additional twenty months of garrison duty and if we are not needed to suppress guerrilla bands of Cubans in actual warfare we consider our government under obligation to muster us out of the service. No matter what any salary dazzied officer or designing politician may say, this is the truth. E. H. NEGLEY,
Company E. Fifteenth Pa. Vol.
Fort Washington, Md.

This letter caused a sensation in the camp, and Col. Kreps telephoned from Washington to place Negley under arrest, and he was threatened with court martial and imprisonment.

The letter was answered in the same paper next day, by one signed by a Sergeant named Ludwig, but supposed to have been written by Major Crawford, in which a feeble denial of Negley's charges was made, and that was followed by one of Private Lewis of the Grove City company in which he said.

"I noticed by this morning's issue of your paper that Sergt. Ludwig, of Company C, Fifteenth regiment United States Volunteers, has taken exception to the statement of E. H. Negley, Company E, Fifteenth regiment, in which he says that Negley is only speaking for himself and a few of the rank and file. The following figures will prove that Sergt. Ludwig's statement is incorrect. His own company and 75 men out of 106 signed a petition asking the Governor of Pennsylvania to use his influence to have them mustered out. The other companies signed as follows: Company K, 90; Company E, 90; Company F, 90; Company G, 89. Companies A, B and D were intimidated by officers and threatened with a court martial. We cannot see that Negley made any assault on the integrity of our officers. While we have the greatest respect for our officers, we do not wish to be retained for garrison duty and sacrifice our personal interests at home.

IRAD LEWIS,
Company F, Fifteenth Regiment U. S. V

Lewis was at once put under arrest also.

Thursday evening, to gain an expression of the opinions of the men, the officers presented a paper to each company and we were asked to put down out names in one of three columns on that paper. The first column was in effect "we are ready and willing to do garrison or any other duty during the remainder of our enlistments"; the second read "we want our discharge", the third was non committal. We were told that the paper might be kept as a record against signers of the second column. Friday morning Co. E, unaminously agreed not to have anything to do with the paper, deeming it unfairly stated. Co. A did likewise. In G out of seventy signatures more than sixty were in the second column and in C twenty-two signed the first column and fortyeight the second.

These companies, on hearing how A and E had treated the papers, resolved to do likewise. We do not know what the result was at Fort Sheridan.

Previous to this over sixty members of Co. E signed a statement that they wished to be mustered out, while only eight indicated that they wished to do garrison duty. This paper is still in the company.

We are not homesick, or cowards, poltroons or shirkers of duty, but we have laid in our little tents as a garrison four months while the war was being fought and the victory won. During these all this time we heard of but one feeble effort to have the 15th sent to the front where there was a possibility of being shot at. Now that all danger is past some people are seized with a desperate panic to get to the front. Why, oh! why this wonderful change?

Why are the rank and file supposed to be willing to enjoy (?) twenty months more of garrison duty, when we emphatically are not. Why does someone think that after a few weeks occupation of a foreign post that we will become indifferent, resigned to our fate? Are American Volunteers usually an indifferent grade of people? Does the lowly station of a private or noncomish make a slave of a man? God forbid that we ever become indifferent to such a state of affairs. Why wish to prolong your services in a war that, though marked by great deeds and great victories, has also been replete in political intrigue and favoritism. In which ten times more ink than blood has been spilled. We say this with a comrades reverence for the noble men who have given up their lives through wounds or sickness.

Let those who like garrison soldiering do it as regulars; send the volunteers to their homes and work where they are of some real use to their country. No one would have heard anything of this widespread howl from the volunteers, had others not tried to tell our wishes, and did so incorrectly.

Tuesday last several Co., E boys took an excursion to Colonial Beech, fifty-six miles down the Potomac on the "Jane Mosley". They enjoyed salt water swims and a general day of pleasure, another excursion to the same place is billed for Sept. 7.

Sergt. O'Donnel and privates Brown and Green are back from their visits home, all looking the better for their few days off.

Friday we received new clothes, nearly every one now has much more than he could carry during a day's march.

Saturday we signed the muster roll for our August pay and Wednesday, the 31st monthly inspection and muster in will be held. Pay day some time next week.

Saturday morning we were ordered to "fall in" in front of our tents, stripped to our waists, barefooted and pants rolled up above our knees. Then our officers inspected us and found that we kept ourselves clean.

Chaplin Hays and Mr. Howe addressed us Sunday morning.

Miss Lottie Otto, formerly of Butler and now of Manorville Pa., visited her brother Hyle of C during the day.

One morning last week Sergt. Vanderlin and Moore and Corp. Martin failed to rise in time for roll at reveille. A little later the rest laughed and cheered as the three noncoms. marched past the dining tent with a keg of lime and shovels to disinfect the sinks

All last week's sick people have recovered. There are two "E's" men with a little fever in the hospital now. If looks indicate anything, everyone is gaining flesh since melons became plenty. The flies which pestered us at first have been greatly reduced in numbers by hornets, but now mosquitoes come charging into our tents company front at night, making life miserable and sleep almost impossible.

This morning John Huselton, Ralph Minks, George and Oscar Shaffer returned from their visits home.

E. H. NEGLEY.

## WAR RECORD

On Saturday President McKinley and party made a tour of Camp Meade at Middletown and expressed himself as being greatly pleased with it.

There was quite a scene in the camp of the Third Missouri that morning when the men received news of their muster out. They cheered and yelled and danced like wild men and in a trice the regimental band was trotted out and heightened the excitement by such lively strains as "When Johnny Comes Marching Home." Col. Gross heard the cheers and strains of the band in his tent and was greatly displeased. He ordered assembly and had the call to quarters sounded, but the men paid no attention to it. Exasperated further by this spirit of disobedience, Col. Gross mounted his charger and galloped up to the band. Waving his sword, he yelled: "Who ordered you men out? Go back to your quarters!"

The men answered with hoots, yells and hisses. Angered almost beyond endurance the colonel summoned the officers of the companies to which the men belonged and gave them a raking for allowing them to make such demonstrations. Then, with the exclamation: "You are a disgrace to the regiment and will have to pay for this!" Col. Gross galloped off.

### Hastings' Hospital Train.

During the later part of last week Gov. Hastings went to Philadelphia where he raised $5,000 and with it chartered and equipped a hospital train of 18 cars. He went with it to Chickamaugua and there selected 213 sick soldiers from the hospitals and brought them home and distributed them among the hospitals of their home towns or to their homes.

The train was well supplied with nurses and necessaries, it accomplished its mission without accident or delay, and thus reflected great credit upon Gov. Hastings.

### Expose and Punish the Guilty

We have whipped the Spaniards on land and sea without half trying, and a war of not exceeding one hundred days of actual battle closed with the most brilliant naval victories in the world's history, and with decisive triumphs for our armies in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

There is no longer a conflict between the armies of the United States and Spain, but there is an irrepressible war upon us for the exhaustive exposure and relentless punishment of the incompetents and speculators who deprive our brave men in the field of proper rations, medical stores and attendance, and this war must be waged as long as an incompetent or a thief is unwhipped of justice.

Our killed and wounded in action did not numbers one per cent of the entire army, and but little over ten per cent of the troops engaged in the bloodiest fight of modern times for the capture Santiago; but many, many thousand of our brave soldiers, regulars and volunteers, have been literally murdered by the incompetent or corrupt management of the War Department.

Generous allowance must be made for the haste with which the army had to be forced into Cuba. But there was no excuse whatever for want of medical stores, medical attention and proper food for sick and well. More than one-half of all the deaths and shattered constitutions which tell the fearful story of the Santiago campaign could have been averted with every ordinary business methods and energy by the heads of departments; and even when the truth was published from day to day, and when Major General Miles gave the unvarnished facts to the Government, no practical methods were adopted to furnish relief to our suffering soldiers.

Equal incompetency and neglect were exhibited in the location and management of the leading camps, where our soldiers were thrown together by tens of thousands only to contract fearful disease and submit to the needless sacrifice of life. Both the Chickamaugua Camp and Camp Alger, in Virginia, proved to be simply plague spots with thousands of men huddled into them. In both the States the amplest supply of pure water, with perfectly healthy location, could have been found, but neither had anything approaching sufficient water supply, and what they had was impure and bred disease with fearful rapidity.

There can be no excuse given for these blunders, and those who are responsible for the incompetency and negligence that has cost the lives of thousands of soldiers who never met the enemy, and given many thousands of others hopelessly shattered constitutions, must answer to an indignant country for these fearful wrongs

The President is now relieved of the exacting duties of war, and he is the responsible head of the government, whom the nation looks for the exposure and punishment of the men who have so recklessly sacrificed the lives and health of scores of thousands of our soldiers. Let the President begin the inquiry and prosecute it to the end. It must be made honestly, fearfully and thoroughly. No matter upon whom the blame shall fall, the punishment must befit the crime.—Philadelphia Times.

PRIVATE NEGLEY, of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania, has been arrested for trial by court-martial for publishing the statement that three-fourths of that regiment desire to be mustered out of service and premitted to go home. If the statement was one of fact it is difficult to see that Mr. Negley was guilty of any crime. He did, on a small scale, what Colonel Roosevelt did at Santiago—acquainted the public with facts his superior officers did not want known. Technically, this might be construed as insubordination; practically, it is a public service. The court-martial sitting in his case, if wisely constituted, will promptly release him.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### Flick Items.

Bert Criner, of Cornwallis, W. Va. is visiting his parents for a few days.

Some of our young ladies are talking of going to Fort Washington, Md., to visit the Soldier Boys.

Mrs. W. P. Criner and daughters Pearle, Irene and Mattie attended a reunion at Bakerstown, Thursday, Aug. 18, and report a very enjoyable time.

There is some talk of a wedding in our town. I wonder who it is.

Mrs Ada Shaffer, of Covington, Ohio, is visiting her friends here.

Earl Hezlep was the guest of Jos. Logan and family one evening last week.

Miss Ada Matteson, who has been visiting her father has returned to her home in Renfrew.

The Misses Pearle and Irene Criner gave a party last Friday evening in honor of their brother, who is home on a visit. The evening was spent in music and dancing. Lunch was served at 11:30 o'clock. Among those present were Mrs. Tillie Sweeney, of DeHaven, Miss Carrie Bery, of Bakerstown, Mr. Jesse Imus, of Angola, N. Y., Mr. Gus Allen, of Clarion, and Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Anderson, of Glade Mills.

Chas. Fair is on the sick list.

Earl Hezlep and his mother spent last week with friends at Curllsville, Pa.

Croft Johston spent last Tuesday visiting relatives near DeHaven. He says he never had a better time.

On Oct. 5 the members of the Hanlin gun club of this place will hold their second annual coon hunt. This promises to be one of the most enjoyable events of the season. The members are already taking a great deal of interest in arranging every thing and there will be nothing left undone to insure those who take part a fine evening's sport. Guns and ammunition will be furnished free on the ground, and all dogs injured in the hunt will be looked after by the ambulance committee. John Hanlin and George Gates will act as chief trainers and anyone having a coon dog that has a habit of chasing rabbits when he is wanted to hunt coons will do well to give him in charge of these gentlemen, as they have been known to break dogs of this bad habit in a single night.

A MEMBER.

### Logan Valley.

F. D Tinker and family have returned after a month's visit with friends in Ohio.

Miss Reiber, of Pittsburg, is visiting her sister Mrs. J. Kornrumpf before leaving to visit other relatives in Germany.

Messrs Eisler Mardorf and McDowell of Butler visited friends here lately.

Miss Hattie Moorhead of Kansas City, Mo., is the guest of her sister Mrs. Calvin Logan.

A burglar entered the house of Peter Kriley on Friday morning but had to leave rather suddenly, he was pursued some distance but escaped.

Miss June Rhinewalt called on the Misses Logans Saturday evening.

Miss Ethel Burtner has been a Tarentum visitor for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Swartz of Allegheny City are the guests of the latter parents Mr. and Mrs John Emerick.

Miss Effie Logan of Penn twp., is visiting friends here.

Some one entered the house of W. S. Cochran on Wednesday and gathered up all the valuables that were to be found, took a gold watch and rings belonging to Mrs. Dr. Logan of Allegheny also rings and other articles owned by Miss Cochran, they had a grip of clothing packed and in some way left it on the stairs.

Miss Watson is the guest of I. P. Burtners family.

Miss Ora Logan and Blanch Burtner were Butler visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Montag were Butler visiters this week.

## The Teachers' Institute.

With splendid weather, a beautiful room to meet in and a good lot of instructors—the Teachers' Institute of this year was a pleasant and successful affair. It was opened Monday afternoon, with prayer by Rev. Johnston; an address of welcome by John Wilson, in which he welcomed the teachers into everything in Butler excepting the new jail, and response to by George Dombart of Mars in a spoken analysis of man.

Then Prof. Albert of the Bloomsburg Normal, started in on the regular programme and things ran along smoothly.

The number of teachers enrolled is 303, and the fee this year was $1 50.

The following officers and committees were selected: Enrolling secretary, W. W. Irwin; executive committee, G. P. Weigle, C. S. Pierce, Albert Carter; committee on resolutions, Rolla McQuistion, Mary Butterfield, Nettie White; committee on reading course, J. E. Kocher, Mont. Hockenberry, Grace Braham; committee on local institutes, C. H. Wolford, J. C. Dight, C. E. Wilson; accompanists, Mabel Copley, Bessie Shanor.

### Jacksville Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Fetteroff of Franklin attended the McNees reunion on the 23d.

Mrs. Kate Beight, of Petersburg, Ohio, is visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Charlie Pizor was so unfortunate as to run a fish hook into his hand the other day. Without consulting his parents he ran to the doctor and had it cut out, something that few boys would have the nerve to do.

Mr. David Studebaker is reported better.

Mrs. Rev. Geo. Seaman, of Braddock, and Mrs. John Hildebrand, of Butler, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Reichert on Monday.

Mr. G. W. Spencer is employed by Mr. M. C. Searing for a few days. Mr. Searing is putting in quite a large field of wheat.

The reunion of the 134th Reg. P V. took place at the residence of Mrs. Anna Heckathorn on Friday last. It was largely attended and was quite an enjoyable affair.

It is high time our road commissioners were looking into the condition of the roads in and about Jacksville to see that they are kept in good condition.

Miss Grossman was the successful applicant for the Kelly school. There were two others had applied for it.

MORE ANON.

## A BIG INDUSTRIAL SHOW.

### Many Novel and Entertaining Features at the Pittsburg Exposition This Year—Fine Musical Program.

With summer on the wane the people of Western Pennsylvania are turning their thoughts to the Pittsburg Exposition, to be held open doors on Wednesday evening, September 7, for the tenth annual season. By that time everybody will have returned from a delightful month in the country, and the opening of the big industrial show in Pittsburg will be heartily welcomed by all who can spare the time to take a trip to the Smoky City. No exposition in the country enjoys a wider range of patronage than that of Pittsburg, and the interest and enthusiasm displayed over the approaching season indicates that the attendance this fall will be larger than ever. This is due in no small measure to the splendid musical features, which will surpass those of any season of that popular institution in years.

Manager Thomas J. Fitzpatrick announces a strong list of musical attractions, including such well-known organizations as Sousa's band, the New York Symphony orchestra and Victor Herbert's Twenty-second Regiment band of New York. John Philip Sousa, the great march king and composer, with his superb band of musicians, will give two concerts daily during the opening week of the big show. Next in order will come Prof. William Guenther and the Greater Pittsburg band for a period of ten days, to be followed by a week of the celebrated New York Symphony orchestra, with Walter Damrosch of German opera fame as conductor. Then will come the renowned company of light opera, Victor Herbert, and the Twenty-second Regiment band of New York, which will remain for a period of three weeks, closing the Exposition on Saturday evening, Oct. 22. It is a fitting tribute to Mr. Herbert that he is to give the closing series of concerts, as he is to be the conductor of the Pittsburg orchestra during the coming season. Mr. Herbert also plays cornet in Manhattan Beach, where they have been giving concerts all summer.

There will be many novelties among the displays in the big Exposition buildings this season. The Laflin-Rand Powder company will have a novel show. It will consist of a working model of their immense establishment, which turns out the smokeless powder used by the government. The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company will present new and varied inventions in the shape of electrical motors and machinery, and the electrical display in the big machinery hall will attract widespread attention. There will be whirring machinery on all sides and the lover of mechanical pursuits will have plenty of food to instruct him. Another feature of machinery hall will be a large tank filled with water, in which Captain Adams will give exhibitions of deep-sea diving, showing the manner of conducting submarine operations, the use of torpedoboats, and how the government mines are operated. Another interesting exhibit will be a box making machine to be furnished by W. S. Dog of New York. It will not only make the boxes, but will print and stamp them, showing how they are prepared for commercial use.

At the entrance to the main building will be the exhibit of the Southern railway, which will occupy the main foyer. There will be a miniature cotton field, with workmen picking cotton, various woods and products of the soil along the line of that picturesque railway, and a large collection of minerals. The interior of the main building will be taste fully decorated in national colors. Many new designs in the arrangement of the booths will be noticed and there will be a general rearrangement that will prove pleasing to everybody. Up in the art gallery will be located the cinematograph with views of the late Spanish-American war.

Another attractive feature in the amusement line will be Hagenbeck's animal show, a collection of trained lions, bears and leopards, which aroused so much interest among the visitors to the World's fair in Chicago. Other amusements, located at the lower end of the Exposition grounds, are the gravity railway and the merry go-round, each of which always has its full quota of patrons among the younger set.

Extremely low excursion rates will be arranged on the various railway lines centering in Pittsburg, and no doubt every body in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia, who can do so, will avail themselves of the opportunity to visit one of the finest industrial expositions in the United States.

### Card of Thanks.

We desire through the columns of the CITIZEN to extend our sincere thanks to the many friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us during the death of our beloved husband and father, John W. Watters, your kindness so freely given shall never be forgotten by us.

MRS. J. W. WATTERS
AND CHILDREN.


FROM LOWELL, MASS.

The Home of Hood's Sarsaparilla—A Wonderful Cure.

"A swelling as big as a large marble came under my tongue. Physicians said it was a semi-transparent tumor and must be operated upon. I felt I could not stand it, and as spring came began to take my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The bunch gradually decreased and finally disappeared. I have had no sign of its return. I am glad to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. M. COBURN, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass. Get HOOD'S.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

D. L. CLEELAND,
Jeweler and Optician,
125 S. Main St.,
Butler, Pa.


## DEATHS.

STARR—At his home in Butler, August 25, 1898. Jeremiah W. Starr, in his 67th year.

Mr. Starr was born in Concord twp., moved to Penn in 1875, and afterwards to Butler. For some months past his health had not been good; his heart had been bothering him, but his condition was not considered serious up to an hour or two of his decease. Mr. Starr was a man of kindly nature, a good citizen and close friend. He is mourned by his wife and five children Wm. M. of Butler, Albert H of Penn twp., Mrs. N. L. Brown of Pittsburg John and Ross L. of Butler. His funeral Saturday afternoon was very largely attended.

CROW—At the home of the Misses Maharg in Butler, August 29, 1898, Miss Nettie, daughter of George Crow, of Penn township, aged 17 years.

Miss Nettie came to Butler to visit her aunts, the Misses Maharg, a few days ago was taken sick of typhoid fever and grew worse so rapidly that she could not be removed to her home.

SULLIVAN—At her home in Buffalo twp., Aug. 31, '98, Mrs. J. Q. A. Sullivan, nee Valeria McClure, aged about 60 years.

TRUXALL—At his home in Wilkinsburg, August 29, 1898, N. M. Truxall, aged 43 years.

REIBER—At the home of her son, William, in New York, Sunday, August 28, 1898, Mrs. Caroline Eliszabeth, wife of Jacob Reiber, in the 73d year of her age.

Mrs. Reiber, accompained by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. John J. Reiber, left to visit relatives and friends in New York some four weeks prior to her death. On the previous Sunday she was taken sick, and after one week of suffering she quietly passed away. She was a most excellent, Christian woman. For many years she resided at Glade Mills where she was a member of the Presbyterian church, and about five years ago moved to Butler and connected herself with the First English Lutheran church, of which she was a very active and consistent member.

Her funeral Wednesday was very largely attended and the services were conducted by Revs. Roth and McNees, in which both spoke very feelingly of her pure, Christian life. An extended notice will appear next week.


Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

"Move Up"

Is a law universal. Evolution is another name for it. The street car conductor says "move up." Competition says "move up." To move anything requires "push." A good pusher requires strength. Our strength is in low prices, reliable goods, and attractive service. We have quite a lot of broken lots of summer wear going at 1-2 price. Test our mutual benefit plan on its merits.

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Ed. Colbert,
Successor to
Colbert & Dale.
B. S.

We're depending on goods and prices to prove that

this store is of interest to you and your pocketbook

—if interest because it expects to and does make every sale by selling choice goods for less prices. It's a store that always does as it says—has a record to show it—and if it does save you money can you afford to miss the advantage?

Prove us—using as evidence whatever you're interested in Dry Goods. We'll have it—and we want the kind—this store's choice kind—for the price—this small profit store's price to show that it will pay you to buy here.

Is there any fairer test?

Get samples 50 inch Figured Black Mohairs, 35c yd.—made to sell for not less than half a dollar a yard—choice lustrous quality—neat dressy designs.

Thoroughly organized mail order department here to do your mail order bidding.

Boggs & Buhl
ALLEGHENY, PA.


## Sheriff's Sales.

By virtue of sundry writs of Ven. Ex., Fi Fa, Lev., Fa. &c., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Butler, on

### Friday, September 2nd,

A. D. 1898, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described property, to-wit:

E. D., No. 61, September Term. J. D. Marshall, Att'y.

All the right, title, interest and claim of A E Harper of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Jackson township, Butler county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Michael Zeigler, east by lands of Martin Zinkhann, south by lands of Henry Zinkhann and George Hartung, and on the west by lands of Jacob Endres; containing fifty acres, more or less, having thereon erected a brick dwelling house, frame barn and outbuildings.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Jackson twp, Butler Co. Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by right of way of the P & W R R Co., east by lands of Stephen Lockwood and on the south by New Castle street, being triangular in shape; containing two acres, more or less, having thereon erected two dwelling houses.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of land, situated in Harmony boro, Butler Co. Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by P & W R Railroad, east by lot of P F Otto, on the south by German street and on the west by P & W R R; containing nine-tenths of an acre, more or less, and having erected thereon a frame barn, hay or wagon scales and coal house connected with the P & W R Railroad.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of A E Harper at the suit of H C Milleman and Jacob Milleman, partners as Milleman Bros.

E. D. No. 133, September Term, 1898. Ralston & Greer, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Hannah C Abernathy, formerly Hannah C Wimer, of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of land, situated in Centreville Boro, Butler Co. Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by an alley, south by New Castle street, east by lot of John Christley, and on the west by lot being seventy-six feet front on New Castle street and extending back at said width one hundred eighty feet to said alley; and being the same lot conveyed by Etta McCoy and E A McCoy to Hannah Abernathy by deed dated September 10th, 1898. Recorded in the proper office. Having thereon erected a frame house and stable and outbuildings.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Worth twp, Butler Co. Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner in the West Liberty road, thence by lands of H H Grossman north 67½ deg. east 42 perches to a corner, thence by lands of same north 18.25 deg. 50 perches to a corner, thence by same south 89.75 deg. east 112 perches to a white oak tree, thence by lands of Joe Hawk north 3.50 deg. west 124.4 perches to a stone pile, thence by lands of W F Taylor 58.75 deg. west 83.9 perches to a stone pile, thence by same south 6.50 deg. west 41.25 deg. west 56 perches to a post, thence by same road north 43 deg. west 83.2 perches to the place of beginning; containing one hundred thirty-six acres and twenty-one perches, having thereon a two story frame house, barn and outbuildings and orchard.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Worth twp, Butler Co. Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner, thence by lands of John McConnell north 89.5 deg. east 31 perches to a corner, thence by lands of George Taylor south 21.25 deg east 47.5 perches to a stone pile, thence by same north 89 deg. east 27 rods to a corner, thence by lands of A Kelley south 3.25 deg. east 19.1 perches to public road, thence by said road north 77.25 deg. west 29.5 perches, thence by said road north 63.25 deg. west 34 perches, thence by said road north 46.25 deg. west 1.6 perches, thence north 2.25 deg. west 72.6 perches to the place of beginning; containing twenty-three acres 88.5 perches, known as the Wimer farm.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Hannah Abernathy, formerly Hannah C Wimer, at the suit of J J Pisor, guardian of Samuel Wimer, minor child of Abner Wimer, dec'd, now for use.

E. D. No. 39, September Term, 1898. W. D. Brandon, Att'y.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Maurice (or Morris) Norris of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Oakland twp, Butler Co. Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of Christian Myers, east by lands of Christian Myers, south by lands of John and Jonah Neyman, west by John Shoup et al; containing fifty-six acres, more or less, being the same land conveyed to Maurice Norris by Charles Duffy et ux, by deed dated March 4th, 1876. Recorded in Deed book 46, page 254.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Maurice (or Morris) Norris at the suit of Butler Savings Bank.

E. D. No. 132 and 151, September Term, 1898. W. H. Lusk and W. D. Brandon, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of H C Aggers of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Clay twp, Butler Co. Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of A J Evans et al, east by lands of A J Evans et al, south by lands of Dambach et al, and on the west by lands of Dambach et al; containing twenty acres, more or less, being the same property conveyed by deed dated Jan. 6th, 1888, having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, barn and outbuildings; also having thereon one or more producing oil wells.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of H C Aggers at the suit of The Citizens Bank et al.

E. D. No. 124, September Term, 1898. W. A. & F. J. Forquer, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of John M Phillips of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Butler Boro, Butler Co, Pa. bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by an alley, south by Mortimas Alley, east by lot of Josephine Phillips being No. 2 in same plan, south by Bortmas Alley, west by Butler Alley, one hundred twelve feet, more or less; being the same land conveyed by Jacob Beckert and wife to J M Phillips by deed dated April 11th, 1895, recorded in Butler county in deed book 157, page 36, in which deed same is described as two lots numbered three and four in plan of lots in said boro as laid out by G C Pillow in 1890, and same fronting ninety-four feet, more or less, on the north by West street ninety-four feet, and the same width one hundred twelve feet, more or less.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of J M Phillips at the suit of Curtis Phillips.

E. D. Nos. 154 and 157. September Term, 1898. Forquer and Williams & Mitchell, Att'ys.

All the right, title, interest and claim of Nicklas Weitzel of, in and to all that certain piece of land, situated in Brady twp, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post thence by a public road south 61.5 deg. east 30.2 perches to a cherry stump, thence by lots of Wm Lilley south 60.5 deg. west 8 perches to a post, thence south 29.5 deg. east 21.7 perches to a post, thence by lands of Jonathan Clutton south 67 deg west 22 perches to a post, thence south 5 deg. west 9.5 perches to a post, thence by lands of Jas McIlevitt south 89 deg. west 9.5 perches to a post, thence by C P church grounds north 16.5 deg. east 12.3 perches to a post, thence by a grave yard north 89 deg. east 3.7 perches to a post, thence north 1 deg. west 16.9 perches to a post, thence south 89 deg. west 9.6 perches to a post, thence by lands of Clutton north deg. west 32.3 perches to the place of beginning; containing six acres and 77 perches more or less. Having thereon a frame stable.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or lot of land, situated in West Liberty, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the north west corner of said lot No. 14, thence by lots Nos. 11, 10, 9, 8 in said village of West Liberty north 28.75 deg. west 240 feet to a post, thence by lands formerly of N F Wick north 81.25 deg. east 214 feet to a post, thence by lands of John Convert south 1 deg. east 198 feet to a post, thence by lands of N Weltzel south 61.25 deg. west 111 feet to the place of beginning and containing 52304 sq. ft. of land. Having thereon a frame shop.

ALSO—Of, in and to all those certain lots of land, situated in West Liberty, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by a street, east by lot of E G Clutton, south by an alley, west by lot of W W Robinson; being 120 ft. by 120 ft. having thereon frame house, barn and outbuildings.

ALSO—Of, in and to all those certain lots of land, situated in West Liberty, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post thence by lands of N Weltzel south 60 deg. west 120 feet to a post, thence by lands of same north 30 deg. west 120 feet to a post, thence north 60 deg. east 120 feet to a public road, thence by said road south 30 deg. east 120 feet to the place of beginning; containing 14400 sq. ft.

ALSO—Of, in and to all those certain lots of land, situated in the village of W Liberty, Butler Co. Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post, thence by lot No. 11 north 61.25 deg. east 120 feet to a post, thence by lands of Niclas Weltzel south 28.75 deg. east 120 feet to a post, thence by a street south 61.25 deg. west 120 feet to a post, thence by a street south 28.75 deg. west 137 feet to the place of beginning; being lots Nos. 12 and 13 in said village.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Brady twp Butler Co., Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post and running by lot No. 1 in the village of West Liberty north 30 deg west 120 feet to a post, thence by land of John Convert north 60 deg., east 65 feet to a post, thence south 30 deg., east 120 feet to a post, thence by a public road, south 30 deg., west 60 feet the place of beginning; containing 7200 feet more or less. See deed book 5 Page 31.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or lots of land, situated in West Liberty Butler Co., Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: Being lots Nos. 5, 9, 11, and part of No. 8 in the plan of the village of West Liberty, Butler Co., Pa.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Nicklas Weltzel at the suit of John Fischer et al.

E. D. No. 159, September Term, 1898. R. P. Scott, Att'y.

All the right, title, interest and claim of George H Graham of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Fairview twp, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a white oak at the southeast corner of land of Joseph Hawk and west line of Fairview boro, thence west along Sunbury road 12 rods to a post, thence by lands of Jas Hawk north by a straight line to a post on the North Washington road to the north east corner of the orchard on lands of said Joseph Hawk, said post to be west by lands now owned by G H Graham along the road ten rods, thence east by North Washington road to McElrie lot, thence south by said lot 18½ feet to the southwest corner, thence east by said lot of John Adams 120 feet to line of lands of H Graham, thence south along said line to the place of beginning; containing 3 acres, more or less.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Fairview twp, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner, thence by lands of Joseph Hawk south 58.5 deg. east 36 perches to a post, thence by Petrolia road north 70 deg. east 42 perches to the place of beginning; containing 10 acres and 92 perches.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Fairview twp, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by Fairview and Sunbury road, east by the McCleary farm, south by the McHafferty farm now owned by David Rankin, west by Fairview and Sunbury road; containing six acres, more or less.

ALSO—Of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land, situated in Fairview twp, Butler Co, Pa, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southwest corner at a white oak, thence north 1 deg. east 9 perches to a post, east 50 perches to a post, thence by Washington road south 8.5 deg. east 11.8 perches to a post, thence by same south 57.5 deg. 12.8 perches to a post, thence by lot of Maxwell south 16 deg. west 15.5 perches to a post, thence by lands of J M Bice south 38 deg. west 14 perches to a post, thence by same south 16.5 perches west 17.7 perches to a post, thence by Middletown road south 83 deg. west 9.4 perches to the place of beginning; containing five acres and 96 perches, and being the same lands described in mortgage of G H Graham to Butler Savings Bank, recorded in Mortgage book 20, page 337.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of George H Graham at the suit of Butler Savings Bank for use of R P Scott.

E. D. 127 September Term, 1898. W. H. Lusk, Atty.

All the right title, interest and claim of James E Thorn of, in