THE CITIZEN

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WILLIAM C. NEGLEY, - Publisher

THURSDAY, JUNE 20, 1895.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
A. M. CHRISTLEY.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.
FRANK E. McQUISTION.

The Late Legislature.

Speaking of the late session of the Legislature, one of our exchanges says:—

The session was one of the longest ever held; the Apportionment bills were not passed—in fact were not even given a respectful hearing, while the list of private jobs rushed through is a long one. Regardless of the reduced income of the State, bill after bill was introduced and pushed through appropriating money for this, that and the other thing. New officers were created by the wholesale with fat salaries attached, while the charitable institutions which rely on the State to keep them going, either wholly or in part, are left to suffer from this extraordinary and unnecessary drain on the Treasury.

It is true the bosses got all they wanted at this session—something they could not do at the session of 1893, owing to the courageous and determined stand taken by that old war-horse John Cessna and a few other bold spirits. The peculiar legislation demanded by Flinn and Magee was passed without a murmur by their subservient followers, while the man from Beaver had but to ring up his satellites on the long-distance telephone to secure anything which might tend to increase his hold on the party or to defeat anything that could weaken him. All in all, the record of the Legislature is a bad one, and the people of the State will rejoice that the session is a thing of the past.

During the closing week some measures of considerable interest were acted on. Among these was the Woods Water bill, which was fixed up in conference committee and then agreed on by both House and Senate. The bill is now in the hands of the Governor.

Probably the most important bit of legislation was the passage by the Senate of the Superior Court bill. When it was taken up several important amendments were made. The number of Judges was increased from five to seven. Though Senator Green appealed for fair play claiming that the minority party was ceratainly entitled to at least two Judges out of seven, to the mind of Senator Grady, however, it was clear that the Democrats should only have one. It was also clear to the same mind that it really did not make much difference whether the Court was composed of Democrats or Republicans, but to be on the safe side he preferred to have most of them republicans. As the bill came from the House the Court was required to hold all its sessions in Harrisburg; but this was changed so as to allow the Court to meet at least once a year in Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Williamsport, Scranton and Harrisburg. The power to enforce an order of restitution by execution was stricken out, and the bill was then passed.

The revenue bill which has been the subject of so much debate both in the House and before the Senate Finance committee, was killed by the latter body, the bill being reported to the Senate with a negative recommendation on Thursday evening. On Wednesday the Committee made a bluff of having the bill recommitted in order to give those who wanted to be heard on it a last chance to appear, but the truth of the matter was that the committee had already made up its mind to negative the bill.

The Smith bill for the distribution of the school fund was smothered in the Senate Committee on Education. The bill passed the house, but struck a snag in the upper branch. Several meetings of the Committee were held, but the friends of the measure were unable to muster enough votes to get the bill out. The bill creating the office of Deputy Auditor-General passed the House by an overwhelmingly large vote, and the Governor signed it. Auditor General Mylin will at once re-organize his force. Col. John A. Glenn will be appointed Deputy, Captain Bricker, of Jersey Shore, will be retained as Corporation Clerk, and Sam Matt Friday, of Lancaster, will succeed Fred Shober as Chief Clerk.

The Flinn Road bill was one of the bosses' measures that was passed finally by the house during the week. This bill gives counties the right to construct county roads and levy a tax for their maintenance. The measure provides that the recommendation of the County Commissioners shall be first passed upon by the grand jury and approved by the Court before the roads can be improved. This was the first of a score or more road bills introduced at this session, to pass finally. All other measures of this character were either defeated or killed in committee.

Senator Kennedy presented in the Senate on Tuesday a resolution for the appointment of a committee consisting of the President pro tem. and six Senators to investigate the public schools of the State. The resolution was adopted, and the committee appointed consists of Senators Kennedy, Brown, Fruit, Snyder, Walton, Green and Thomas. A stir was caused in the Senate on Thursday afternoon by the presentation by Senator Wood of a similar resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the State Normal schools. This was loudly objected to by Senators Penrose and Grady, the former claiming that the resolutions, passage would make the Senate appear ridiculous in the eye of the people, inasmuch as another committee has just been appointed which intended to make such an inquiry as the Woods resolution contemplated a part of their investigation. The resolution was clearly passed by a viva voce vote, but President pro tem. Kauffman declared it lost and then adjourned the Senate without paying any attention to the repeated calls for the yeas and nays demanded by Mr. Woods.

The Senate on Monday defeated the bill to preserve the purity and prevent the pollution of streams and waters, which came up on final passage, the measure only receiving 18 votes, or 8 less than enough to pass it.

The Joint Legislative Committee appointed under the provisions of a resolution approved by the Governor in February, to investigate the management of the hospital for the insane at Norristown, on Tuesday, through its chairman, General Gobin, made its report to the Senate. The report is a voluminous one and denounced the loose business methods employed in conducting the affairs of the institution. The committee reviews in detail the management, condemning in the first place the system which delegates to the executive committee the powers of the Trustees, as tending to create confusion and an objectionable division of responsibility. Taken all in all, the Committee finds a deplorable lack of business management, and recommends the appointment of a committee to examine into the methods of keeping the books of charitable institutions of the State. The Auditor-General and State Treasurer are also empowered by the resolutions the committee offered to settle an account with the Trustees and collect from them the unexpended balance in their hands as shown by the Treasurer's report.

Harrisburg Notes.

On Thursday Gov. Hastings approved the judicial apportionment bill, which creates five new judges in the state. The measure gives Westmorland and Washington each an additional judge, detatchest Center from Huntington and makes the former a separate district and attaches Huntingdon to Mifflin. It also makes separate districts out of the counties of Jefferson and Clarion, which now form one district.

Monday of this week, the Governor and his Cabinet listened to arguments in a number of important bills. Among these was the one to prevent any teacher in the public school from wearing the garb peculiar to any religeous denomination. W. A. Pike, of Philadelphia, C. P. Lang, of Pittsburg, and Dr. W. H. Painter, of Harrisburg, spoke in favor of the measure as necessary to remove all sectarianism from the schools.

All the advocates of it were subjected to numerous interrogatories from the Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of he Common wealth, which indicated that none of the officials were in sympathy with the proposed legislation. All the questions propounded had a tendency to weaken the arguments of the speakers, and when they had completed their remarks the bill had been thoroughly riddled by reason of the damaging answers evoked.

During the day he approved the following bills: Validating purchases or leases heretofore made or acquired by water companies of lands to preserve their water supply from contamination; to prevent physicans and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients; amending the act of 1881 to protect fruit gardens, growing crops, grass, etc., and punish trespass so as to protect berries and nuts; supplement to the act of 1834 relating to executors and administrators relating to the lien of judgments against descendants; to abolish days of grace on promissory notes, drafts etc., and to determine when such obligations maturing on Sunday or on legal holidays or on half holidays shall become due, amending the first section of the act to amend an act relating to marriage licenses providing for officers to issue licenses for parties to marry, and relating to the county wherein to secure the license; to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the municipalities of the Commonwealth by the creation of a State Board of Undertakers; to determine the status of typewriting; appropriating $17,500 for the payment of the salary of the Food and Dairy Commissioner, and for the payment of his necessary expenses as agent of the State Board of Agriculture for the two final years ending May 31, 1895.

The Piladelphia judges are seriously considering the adoption of silk gowns. Black gowns for civil, and red gowns for criminal, courts, are proposed. That would be a return to the semi-barbarous customs of the past. It was the practice in ancient times to keep the people in awe of certain dignitaries by clothing them in ostentatious robes. But now it is different. Men are judged by the quality of mind they possess and are respectable in the degree that they are fionest and justice loving. There is nothing sacred or deserving of reverence that is not true and right, and anything that diverts attention from the character and breadth and scrope of brain, to the mere pomp and tinsel of power and authority, is degrading.

Let the Supreme Court of the State have a monopoly of this nonsense.

The Keely Cure in a Murder Case.

Dr. Wiles, formerly of this town and county has made an affidavit, to be used before the Board of Pardons, in the Werling murder case. Wiles is now proprietor of the Oakland Private Hospital, and he states that he treated Werling twice, and that he believes Werling "to have been unsound at the time he was at the Keely Institute." He says the regular treatment at the Institute consists: First—Of an internal remedy composed of several of the bitter tonics, in addition to cinchona. Of this mixture a teaspoonfull is given every two hours during the day. Second a plan of hypodermic treatment, which consists, first of the so-called specific solution, which is a solution of hyoscyamine, of which the dose is eight to ten minims. "This is equal to about one one-hundredth of a grain of the drug; secondly, a solution of thein, of the strength of two grains to the drahm; thirdly, a solution of pilocarpine, of the strength of one grain to the drahm; fourthly, a solution of morphia, two grains to the drahm.

"The red, or specific solution, is given constantly during the entire course of treatment, four times per day. The thein solution is used as a placebo and as a stimulent in morphia cases. The pilocarpine solution is used as a relaxant in cases of excitement and to produce Emesis. The morphia solution is used but very rarely in the treatment of liquor cases.

"The three solutions are made in the institute by the physician in charge. The contents of the red or specific solution is only to be ascertained by analysis or by watching the effect of the drug on many patients.

"While I have never actually made a chemical anlys's of the red solution, I know what it consists of by the effects which it produces, having administered it many hundreds of times and closely watched the results on the patients.

"This red solution, when administered hypodermically to the patient, produces widely dilated pupils, increased blood pressure, pallor to the skin, of a peculiar ashen hue, dry mouth and throat, langnor and stupidity; at times loss of memory, and a dazed condition.

"Having noticed the effects of this red solution and knowing that only a certain class of drugs produce a like effect, I reasoned by deduction, and after throwing out all other drugs of this class, I administered to a number of patients an ordinary dose of hyoscyamine, hypodermically, for several days at a time, and I obtained exactly the same symptoms and effects as resulted from the use of the Keeley specific or red solution. No other drug of this class, when administered in similar doses, produced this effect.

"When I was at Dwight, Ill., receiving my course of instruction at the parent Keely Institute, I was instructed by the lecturer to use the red solution with caution, if at all, in cases of atheormatous-blood vessels and fatty degeneration of the heart, or in any condition of the circulatory system when increased blood pressure would be dangerous.

RECENTLY there have been several miscarriages of justice in some of the courts of the State, and some people are inclined to say hard things of the judiciary in general. This is wrong. When the people lose confidence in the integrity and honesty of their courts, there is danger of anarchy and ruin to our most cherished institutions. Among the many judges in our state there are but few who are not entitled to the respect of the people. It is true, a few demagogues and libertines have succeeded in being elected to this high position of honor and trust; but, thank goodness, they are few in number, possibly not a dozen in the State. As a rule, therefore, the judiciary of our State is entitled to the utmost respect at the hands of the people, and it is a mistake to condemn all because a few have disgraced their positions.

AT the Republican National League convention in Cleveland, the Presidential booms of McKinley, Harrison and Allison are being looked after; and the free coinage delegates are endeavoring to have their views adopted.

IT is said that Senator Quay will be a delegate from Beaver Co, to the State Convention, and that he will try to make himself Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

The resolutions of the Memphis silver-convention advocate free coinage at a 16 to 1 ratio, and declare that international action is not necessary. Sibley was not indorsed for President.

18th Annual Convention of The Butler County Sabbath School Association,

Held at Butler, Pa. 1st. Session, M. E. Church, 8 P. M. June 5th, 1895. The President, Rev., D. Decker, being absent, J. W. Orr of Bruin, presided. Major C. E. Anderson welcomed the delegates in a manner that showed the cordiality, courtesy, and urbanity for which he is famed, has not been dimmed by his 72 years.

Rev., C. J. Kephart, Gen. Sec., for Penn. being present and his engagements only permitting him to stay for one Session, the order of program was changed. Rev. Kephart spoke on the need of more thorough organization in county and sub-district work; he is a man of fine presence, and eloquent and pleasing address; his lecture was a model in subject and delivery; and the State Association, of which Hon. John Wanamaker is President, shows its good judgement in having him so employed; and if there is not an increased interest in Sabbath School work wherever he goes, the fault will not be his.

Mrs. J. W. Barnes of Newark, N. J. followed Rev. Kephart's address with a practical talk to Primary Teachers. Mrs. Barnes has a charming personal appearance and gave a very entertaining lecture in a clear practical way. She is also employed by the State Association to attend the County Conventions in the interest of primary work.

2ND SESSION—Presbyterian Church, 9 A. M. of the 6th inst. After Devotional Exercises, Ira M. Graham, delegate to the State Convention last year, made a very interesting report.

Rev. T. V. Milligan, of Freeport, Pa., Vice President of the 10th Dist., was introduced and gave a very instructive address. The Rev. gentleman suggested that Missionary work would be very proper for this church. The few children present were formed into a class and Mrs. Barnes illustrated her method by the board. It it to be regretted that there could not have been a Union Meeting of Sabbath School children of the borough, or at least the assemblage of the Churches' Sunday Schools. The fine illustration of the lesson was highly appreciated by the class and delegates. The topic "What is effective Bible Study", was opened by Prof. J. B. Carothers, Sec. of the Young Mens' Christian Association of Butler, Pa. The gentlemen spoke for 30 minutes and showed the Convention that he was an earnest, pleasing speaker, and a thorough Bible student. The topic proved interesting, and Rev. Eli Miller, Mrs. Emma Wheeler, Rev. W. E. Snyder, and John McBride made remarks on the same.

3RD. SESSION—Church of God, 2 P. M. Devotional exercises conducted by Robert McBride, delegate from the Unionville Presbyterian Church. The topic "History of the Sabbath School" was laid over, and Rev. Milligan addressed the Convention on the line of aggressive Sabbath School work. The address was eloquent and practical and among many impressions left upon the minds of the audience, one was, that if all our ministers were as earnest in the work as Bro. Milligan, their prayer would be sooner answered, and the pickets and lines of the Sabbath School Advance would be further to the front than they are.

The topic "Temperance in Sabbath School" was taken up, and the discussion that followed led by J. W. Orr, left no doubt that this was the dominant question before the Convention. Brother Orr's address bristled with facts and figures and led up to "Work and vote for Prohibition". Mrs. Emma Wheeler said that the Presbyterian Church in Harmony said 'that they were sound for Temperance', yet just two Prohibition votes.

Robert McBride—Not sure whether it is best to carry the question so far as politics.

Rev. Sparks—We are Lutherans; can go as deep into the question as we wish; it is well received by our people.

H. R. Sheffield—A few of us started a remonstrance; presented it to the Church members, almost a stampede; 5 male signers; Millerstown no worse than other towns; temperance should by taught with every lesson.

A. C Gibson—Temperance dont start first in the Sabbath School; must start in the home.

Rev. Davis—Believes in Temperance Don't believe in theory, but very much in practice.

H. C. Black—Should teach character; the ten commandments.

Joseph Criswell—Enforce the the Brooks Law; and we have prohibition; no politics mixed with his temperance.

Topics "Relation of Sabbath School to good citizenship" opened by John H. Sutton. Our Legislature not what it should be; is run in the interest of Trusts, Rings, and Monopolies; our Offices not all filled by good men; we must get rid of the license; vote the Prohibition ticket, and put temperance men in office.

The hour of adjournment came too soon for the Session, and the time was far past the hour fixed for closing, when Rev. Davis pronounced the benediction.

4th. SESSION—U. P. Church, 9 A. M. Devotional Exercises conducted by Rev. McKee. Prayer by J. B. Carrothers.

Rev. McKee introduced the lecturer, Rev. T. V. Milligan. The gentleman gave a very interesting address on the organization and management of Sabbath Schools. An abridgment of the address would not do the Speaker justice and will not be attempted. But all present were highly pleased with the lecture.

5th. SESSION—South Side Reformed Church, 9 A. M. Devotional Exercises conducted by Rev. D. L. Snyder. Report of Rev. Eli Miller, treasurer, and Joseph Criswell Sec. were presented and approved. J. W. Orr President, Rev. Eli Miller Treasurer, Joseph Criswell Secretary.

Rev. Davis, John H. Sutton, Rev. D. N. Harnish, Ex Com., elected for the ensuing year. Bruin, the unanimous choice for the next Convention. Rev. Eli Miller elected delegate to the State Convention, with William Walker as alternate. The advisability of dividing the County into sub-districts was discussed, and the Ex. Com., were instructed to do so, if practicable. The delegate to the State Convention was instructed to pay the State Association $10.00, and to pledge no less than that for next year.

Topics "Conference on Teaching"—Preparation—opened by J. G. Rankle; should prepare by earnest prayer; should study all the connecting links between lessons; think about the lesson during the week.

"Lessons taught" opened by H. R. Sheffield; we are anxious about our childrens progress in the public school, but how few parents know the Sunday School lesson; are anxious about setting up their children in business for the world, but little interest taken for their eternal welfare.

"After the Lesson" opened by Rev. W. E. Snyder; after the lesson is the important part; important for Superintendent to review the lesson; something to bring home the lesson to the School; Teachers should live the lesson.

While the the attendance was not what it should have been, considering the ability and prominence of the Lecturers sent by the State, nor the interest taken by the Schools of the Borough what was expected, yet the Convention was a good one, and the impress of its teachings will be felt throughout the County.

The Secretary was instructed to report the proceedings to the County papers; on motion the thanks of the Convention were extended to the people of Butler for their generous hospitality, and the Press for notice given.

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This house has been thoroughly renovated, remodeled, and refitted with new furniture and carpets; has electric bells and all other modern conveniences for guests, and is as convenient, and desirable a home for strangers as can be found in Butler, Pa.

Elegant sample room for use o ommercial men.

DEATHS.

JACKSON—At her home in Donegal twp. June 13, 1895, Elizabeth, wife of J. B. Jackson, in her 75th year.

McCARRIER—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. McNutt, in Parker, June 12, 1895, Mrs. Catharine McCarrier, widow of James McCarrier, aged 86 years and 4 months. She was the mother of Mrs. J. S. Wick and Wm. Walker of Butler, and Mrs. Jeff Burtner of Harrisburg.

BRUNER—At the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Williams in Renfrew, June 14 1895, Samuel Bruner, aged 73 years. He was buried at Pine Hill cemetery Foxburg. He was the father of Mrs. Williams of Renfrew, Mrs. S. J. Maxwell of Butler, Mrs. Sherman of Portland, Samuel Jr. of Renfrew and Wm. Bruner of Brownsdale.

McPHERSON—At the residence of her son E. H., in Butler, June 18th, 1895, Mrs. Rachael McPherson, aged 78 years.

McLAUGHLIN—At his home in Fairview twp., June 15 1895. D. G. McLaughlin, aged 58 years.

Mr. McLaughlin's death was a sudden one. He took a pain in his side Saturday morning and died before night. He was an excellent citizen, and was trusted by everybody.

NICKLAESS—Jacob Nicklaess, Jr., died April 12th, 1895, in his 24 year.

The above young man took sick about four weeks before his death with typhoid fever and continued worse and worse each day till death relieved him of his pain and suffering. He was perfectly resigned to die and his last expressions were those only coming from a life well spent while here. Jacob was well-known in this vicinity and all his neighbors and associates knew him to love him, for I firmly believe he died without leaving an enemy behind. An enviable record indeed.

The writer of this brief sketch had the privilege of being very intimately acquainted with this young man; he being a scholar of his in public school for three years, and during all that time we found him to be a very apt, studious and obedient scholar; in fact in all that time we cannot recall a single instance where it was even necessary for us to reprove him for any misdeed. This kind, gentle and unoffending disposition followed him out of the school room and on through life, up till the time of his death, and even on his death bed it was manifested for there were no murmurings of discontent heard from him. Father and mother will miss him, for he was always a very obedient and kind son toward them. Brothers and sisters will miss him, for he was always ready to help them in every way possible. His wide circle of neighbors and associates will miss him for they always looked upon him as one that would not speak a harmful word of anyone, but rather speak words of kindness and helpfulness to all. Though death carried him away early in life, yet he made a record for himself which shall never die; and though we shall never see him again in person, yet ever and anon will he appear to us by his kind disposition and good deeds. To the sorrowing father, mother, brothers and sisters let me say; murmur not for you have good assurance that it is well with him. Submit then to the providential affliction of your home; remembering that all these providences are from the Lord, and when death comes into your household, and crushes the fond hopes of your hearts, it is for same, wise and good purpose. Though we may not understand it here, where we look through a glass darkly, but eternity will reveal it. Give up willingly for it is the Lord's will that you should. Have the meek submission to exclaim, "Not my will, but thine be done." Thus submitting, thus trusting you can say:

He lives! In all the past
He lives! nor, to the last,
Of seeing him again will I despair;
In dreams I see him now,
And on his angel brow,
I see it written, "Thou shalt see me there."

Yes, we all live to God!
Father, thy chastening rod;
So help us, Thine afflicted ones, to bear,
That in the Spirit-land,
Meeting at thy right hand,
'Twill be our heaven to find that he is there!

A. M. D.

REV. SAMUEL WILLIAMS,

The following account of the life and work of Rev. Samuel Williams, prepared by a committee appointed for that purpose was adopted and ordered to be placed in the records of Presbytery.

Another solemn call to watch and pray and work has come to the members of Butler Presbytery in the death of their beloved and eldest brother Rev. Samuel Williams, which occured unexpectedly at his home in the bounds of Muddy Creek congregation Saturday May 11, 1895. The condition of his health, at the time of our April sessions, gave us no apprehension that we should see his face no more nor enjoy his fellowship and counsels, which he had attended faithfully for nearly 40 years. When Presbytery then appointed him their principal clerical commissioner to the General Assembly to meet in Pittsburg they little thought that before the time of its meeting he would receive a commission to enter at once. "The General Assembly and church of the first born which are written in heaven."

When he preached on the last Sabbath of his life, his hearers did no dream that they were listening to his last proclamation of the Gospel. He did not himself suspect that his end was so near, only two days before his death he traveled in his buggy to Butler a distance of ten miles, and after making some arrangements for attending the General Assembly returned home, and he did not abandon his hope of taking his place for the fourth time in the meeting of our highest Church Court until the day of his death. He was a member of the General Assembly at Rochester 1860—At Lois 1874—and at Minneapolis 1886. But if death came to him unexpectedly, it did not find him unprepared.

Rev. Samuel Williams was the son of Levi and Mary (Chipps) Williams, born Oct. 25, 1820. He graduated from Washington College Pa. 1853, and from the Western Theological Seminary 1856, and was licensed by Allegheny (now Butler) Presbyteria June 18, 1856, and ordained by the same April 14 1857. At this time he became pastor of Muddy Creek and Centreville churches both of which he had supplied for a year. His connection with Centreville was dissolved some years afterwards, this church taking the entire time of a pastor, but he continued pastor of Muddy Creek until his death a period of over 38 years. He was also pastor of Unionville when he died and had been from its origin. The people of those churches will cherish his memory as that of an able and earnest preacher, a kind and faithful pastor a devout and exemplary follower of Christ. Presbytery will remember him as a beloved brother, a wise counselor, a courteous christian gentleman.

His family—May God comfort them—will mourn over the immeasurable loss they have sustained in his death, but will not forget his godly life, his earnest prayers, his wise counsels and they will live in the fond hope of meeting him in the great company of the redeemed, on high, where there is no sorrow over the death of loved ones and where "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

Mr. Williams was thrice married, his first wise was Miss Sarah Dunlap. His second wife was Miss Margaret Stewart. His third and surviving wife was Miss Fanny Porter, who, with her son and daughter and a daughter of each of his deceased wives, mourns over his death.

The circumstances of his death were very impressive. But a few minutes before he departed, he sang with full voice accompanied by his family and a few friends all the stanzas of the hymn. "There is a fountain filled with blood." Then after a prayer offered by one of his elders, he attempted to sing further, with those around him, but his voice faltered and finally failed, and almost immediately he was carried up by angels and joined the heavenly hosts in singing a song like the last one he sang on earth, viz. "Unto him that loved us and washed us from our sins in his own blood, and made us kings and priests unto God and his Father, be glory and dominion, for ever and ever, Amen."

The name of Samuel Williams will no longer appear in the roll of our Presbytery but it is a great comfort to feel assured that it has been inscribed, for ever to remain in the Lambs book of Life. As a message came to Samuel of old, so one came to our brother in his youthful days. It was Samuel, Samuel go preach my Gospel, and he obeyed. Then after nearly 40 years of service in this blessed employment he received another message—It was Samuel, Samuel, cease thy work and enter upon upon thy reward. He obeyed and thus the words of the poet were realized:

"And the white winged angels of heaven
To bear him thence shall come down,
And God shall give him gold for his hire,
Not coin but a golden crown."

OBITUARY NOTES.

J. H. Cratty, a prominent and wealthy oil producer of Franklin died very suddenly last Thursday evening of heart disease. Mr. Cratty, in company with his partner, Hosea Myers, had returned from a visit to his wells near Cooperstown, and had just alighted from his carriage when he suddenly threw up his hands, exclaiming, "I'm sick," and in a few moments was dead.

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Ladies Gaiters 50, 75, $1
Misses Dongola Shoes 95, $1, $1.25, $1.50
Misses Tan Shoes 95, $1, $1,25, $1.50
Children's Dongola Shoes 25, 50, 75, $1
Men and Boys' Ball Shoes 75, 85, $1
Men and Boys' Bicycle Shoes $1.25, 1.50, $2
Men's Shoes 95, $1, $1.25, $1.50
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The New Shoe Store

C. E. MILLER,

215 S. Main St., Butler, Pa.

Auditor's Report of Penn Twp.

ROAD.

Account of Geo. E. Hay, collector of cash road tax for the year ending March 11ta, 1895;	
Amount of Duplicate $664 18	
Paid to Treasurer	615 09
Exonerations	12 12
Rebate	11 22
Percentage	25 75
Total	664 18
Account of H. W. Lassinger and W. J. Nixon road Supervisors for the year 1894.	
Account of H. W. Lassinger	
Amount of Duplicate $1404 85	
Tax Worked	1385 19
Exonerations	19 66
Total	1404 85
To 72 days as Supervisor at $1.50 per day	108 00
Rec'd of T. J. Graham Treas	108 00
Account of W. J. Nixon	
Amount of Duplicate 1252 11	
Tax worked	1186 37
Not worked	46 09
Exonerations	19 65
Total	1252 11
To 120 days as Supervisor at $1.50 per day	180 00
Money paid out	5 96
Total	185 96
Rec'd of T. J Graham Treas	135 00
Balance coming to Nixon from twp	50 96
Account of T. J. Graham Treasurer of cash road tax for the year ending May 20th, 1895.	
Balance due from last year	163 33
Rec'd from W. G. Patterson Col for 93	298 83
Rec'd from Geo. E. Hay Col for 94	615 09
Total Receipts	1067 27
EXPENDITURES	
Two road scrapers	469 24
W. J. Nixon services as Supervisor	135 00
H. W. Lassinger services as Supervisor	108 00
George Nixon	12 00
A M Douthett, nails	5 45
Phillip Troutman, timber	2 00
Jno Renfrew, timber	9 50
James Haginbotham, timber	19 80
E. McJunkin Council to Supervisors	5 00
Thomas Gibson	7 50
Jno Craner, stone	2 21
W H Wise, plank	36 86
A D Cornelius, tile	2 20
Jackson & Mitchell	11 47
S Nixon, plank	28 77
Jno Webber, plank	4 13
I N Maharg, plank	50 00
Allen Nixon, timber	6 40
A H Starr, timber	12 60
H Sink	7 15
Price Bro	8 06
Peter Nicklass	2 25
R A Henderson	12 00
Treasurers Percentage	49 72
Paid I N Maharg succeeding Treas	12 80
Total expenditures	1067 27

SCHOOL.

Account of George E Hay, Collector of School tax	
Amount of Duplicate 2075 55	
Paid to Treasurer	1867 23
Exonerations	96 34
Rebate	33 32
Percentage	78 66
Total	2075 55
Account of I. J. Maharg, Treasurer of School fund of Penn twp, for the year ending Jund 3rd 1895	
Received of George E Hay	1867 23
Received of W G Patterson	33 63
Borrowed Money	400 00
State appropriation	1732 79
Total	4033 65

MONEY PAID OUT.

Paid for teaching	2128 00
Tending Institute	76 00
Borrowed money	600 00
Interest on money	18 00
Books and Supplies	831 82
Coal	146 80
Repairs	67 61
Building	45 53
To last years Treas	21 57
Insurance	11 43
Secretary's salary	40 00
Auditing and Publishing	15 00
Treasurer's Percentage	80 24
Total Expenses	4092 12
Total Receipts	4033 65
Balance due Treasurer	58 47

POOR.

Account of T J Graham Treasurer of Poor fund for the year ending May 20th, 1895.	
Balance due Twp from last year	441 60
Rec'd from W G Patterson, collector	266 42
Total Receipts	708 02
EXPENDITURES.	
D B Dodds services as Overseer of Poor	25 50
R W Stewart " " " " "	96 75
A D Sutton groceries for Herman Young	35 60
Thomas Robinson Council to Overseers	15 00
J D Martin burying Russell's Child	10 50
Other articles for poor	7 35
Paid for maintaining Hilliard family	101 34
H S McClymonds Medical services	122 75
Paid for maintaining Mrs Wm Long	73 00
For Thomas Henry at St Pauls Orphan's Home	75 00
Hay for Robert Burns	24 90
For assisting Mrs Swope	10 65
Auditors wages	16 50
Treasurers per cent and wages	34 77
Paid to I N Maharg succeeding Treas	128 35
Total Expenditures	708 02

We the Auditors of Penn township believe the foregoing report to be a correct statement of affairs of the Township.

J. M. DOUTHETT
W. S. BARTLEY } Auditors.
ROBT PHILLIPS.

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ALAND, Tailor.

Financial Statement of Clinton Township Schools.

Whole number of schools	6
No. of months taught	7
Salaries of teachers	$40
Whole number of scholars	236
Average daily attendance	157
Percentage of attendance	89
Cost of each pupil ber month	$1 40
No. of mills levied for school purposes	4
No. of mills for building	3
Total amount levied	$2691 95
RECEIPTS.	
State appropriation	$ 993 72
Bal. from last year	78 86
From collector	2550 20
From loans	1000 00
From Co., treasurer on sale of unseated lands	1 04
From other sources	15 26
Total receipts	4639 08
EXPENDITURES.	
Teachers wages	1740 00
For buildings	1440 00
For insurance	34 43
Rent and Repairs	166 93
For text books	281 66
For school supplies	271 03
For fuel and contingencies	160 40
For fees of treasurer	92 92
For auditing	6 10
For salary of Sec'y	25 00
For debt and interest	520 84
Total	4739 31
Am't due treasurer	100 23
Am't borrowed and unpaid	1000 00
Liabilities in excess of resources	1100 23

CHARLES B. GLASGOW
I. N. HARVEY } Auditors.
Jno. D. HARBISON
Jno. Montgomery, Pres.

T. A. Hay, Sec'y.

JUDSON HARMON of Ohio has been appointed by President Cleveland to succeed Olney as Attorney General.

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