THE CITIZEN

Entered at Post office at Butler as 2d class matter

WILLIAM C. ZEGLEY, - Publisher

THURSDAY, APRIL 18. 1895

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Subject to Republican Primary of Butler county, June 1, 1895—1 to 7 P. M.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

A. M. CHRISTLEY,
Of Butler.

LEVI M. WISE,
Of Butler.

FOR DELEGATE TO STATE CONVENTION.

DR. V. P. THOMAS,
Of Fairview Borough.

WILLIAM J. MARKS,
Of Middlesex twp.

NEWTON BLACK,
Of Butler.

Harrisburg Notes.

In the House Thursday the Nickell bill amending the Constitution to abolish spring elections was defeated. The country members were against it. The bill to establish a State school directors' association to meet once a year and allowing mileage to the members was also killed.

The bill providing for a Sealer of Weights and Measures was passed on second reading, with the understanding that it would be amended on third reading to confine its operations to the cities.

At a conference held by the Governor, Lt. Govenor, Att'y General, State Treasurer, the Speakers of the House and Chairmen of the Appropriation Committees Friday night it was decided that there would be no National Guard Encampment, this year.

On Monday it was discovered that the law of 1887 requires a state encampment each year, so that scheme for saving money to the state fell through.

The possibility of saving money on the guard having been knocked out the grangers of the house are moving against the proposition to cut down the school appropriation $1,000,000. Monday night Mr. Bliss, of Chester, introduced a resolution asking State Treasurer Jackson to answer a few questions. It reads as follows:

"First, the amount of cash now in the treasury, exclusive of the sinking fund, and how much has been appropriated?

"Second, the amount subject to draft on account of appropriations made which will probably be turned back because of the failure to draw appropriation?

"Third, the estimated receipts for the next two years from all present sources of revenues?

"Fourth, the amount of money that could be raised by a tax of 16 cents per barrel on beer brewed in the state?"

Under the rules of the house the resolution will have to lie over for a day. The beer measure spoken of is the Cochrane bill, which is now in the ways and means committee. The grangers think it would produce an annual revenue of $1,000,000. Many of the members are desirous of doing even better by raising the tax to 25 cents. The brewers shipping beer into Pennsylvania from other states cannot be gotten at by this bill, and the grangers now have lawyers trying to figure out a way to make the strangers pay the tax. Mr. Bliss is aided by such strong men in the house as Niles, Merrick and Moore.

The fight promises to be a bitter one. These gentlemen contend the state has plenty of money. They say there is lots of coin laid up in banks, but for political reasons the administration does not want to draw this out. If the beer bill passes the farmers will agree to remove the one mill tax on manufacturers and building and loan associations provided for in the revenue measure. This would have brought in $400,000 a year, but a hard element to battle with would be gotten out of the way. The grangers will also try to pass the McQuown bill making it impossible to change the text books oftener than five years.

Mr. Smith of Bedford is greatly worked up over the cut in the school appropriation. He comes to the front with a proposition to issue several million dollars' worth of bonds if necessary to get the money for educational purposes. The gentleman claims the bonded indebtedness of Pennsylvania is only $6,000,000 now and it has been up to $20,000,000 when the state was in poorer circumstances than at present.

Speaker Walton's bill to retire judges on full pay after serving two continous terms, or 30 years, and having attained the age of 70 years, passed the House finally by a vote of 107 or four more than was necessary, Tuesday.

End of The Eastern War.

The London *Times* had a dispatch from Shanghai, Monday, saying that a treaty of peace between Japan and China was signed at Shimonoseki. The dispatch is is based on a telegram from the son-in-law of Li Hung Chang, who has been at Shimonoseki assisting in the negotitions.

The following are the terms of the convention signed to-day by Li Hung Chang on the part of China and Count Ito and Viscount Matsu on the part of Japan.

First—The independence of Corea

Second—That Japan retains the places she has conquered.

Third—That Japan shall also retain the territory east of the Liao river.

Fourth—That the island of Formosa be ceded permanently to Japan.

Fifth—The payment of an indemnity of $100,000,000.

Sixth—An offensive and defensive alliance.

Political Notes.

The Republicans of Bradford county, in convention at Towanda, last Friday, unanimously adopted resolutions declaring against any free silver declaration by the State Convention and instructing the delegates to do all in their power against any such move; also instructing the representatives in the Legislature from that county to vote against the bill pensioning Supreme Court Judges.

Gov. McKinley of Ohio, returned to Columbus, last Saturday, after a visit to Connecticut and Rhode Island, where he seems to be very popular. His reception at Hartford, was accepted at Washington, as plainly showing two things—that the McKinley presidential boom has a distinct status in New England and that the field is to be diligently cultivated. The Buckeye favorite was hailed at the banquet table as the next president of the United States, and the sentiment, according to the reports, was greeted with loud and prolonged applause. The response was in the governor's best style and the principle of protection dwelt upon with characteristic earnestness. It was a McKinley night of remarkable hilariousness and encouragement. A visit to Massachusetts was to have followed, but this was cancelled on account of the governor's fatigue. He has not as yet entirely recovered form the grip, and returned home for a rest. The Bay state will see him later, and will give him, his friends say, a rousing assurance of its distinguished consideration.

The latest dark horse presidential candidate, hails from Pennsylvania and is familiarly known as John Wanamaker. According to the story, as printed, Mr. Wanamaker was to have been President Harrison's legatee at Minneapolis in 1892 if it became apparent that the Indianian could not secure a renomination. Now the ex-postmaster-general is to be entered in the race next year with a view to receiving the support of Mr. Harrison and his friends when the proper time arrives. In case Mr. Wanamaker fails in his ambition he is to be taken care of under the following plan: Gov. Hastings and John Wanamaker have also formed an offensive and defensive political alliance, having for its object the overthrow of the supremacy heretofore exercised by senators Cameron and Quay in Pennsylvania politics. If successful in the accomplishment of this purpose Mr. Wanamaker would succeed Mr. Cameron in the United States Senate, and Gov. Hastings would be pushed to the front and occupy Mr. Quay's seat in 1899. Politicians in Washington do not regard the latter proposition as too unreasonable or chimerical. They argue that Senator Cameron's open and active advocacy of free silver cannot be sustained at the present time in Pennsylvania, and that his defeat is a foregone conclusion. They say Senator Quay will exercise all of his influence and prestige to bolster up his colleague, but the weight is too great and he will be dragged down in the same political disaster which will overtake Mr. Cameron.

At the Venango county primary, Saturday, B. F. Gault of Oil City was nominated for Sheriff, and G. S. Criswell for Judge.

Petersville Items.

The Easter services at the Petersville M. E. church, were well attended The program was good and the church was beautifully decorated with flowers and ferns.

Rev. Cutter and Brother Henry are still conducting meetings at Prospect.

The sick have about all recovered from gripp.

Several changes in oil teritory has been made within the last few weeks. David Johnston bought out Tasker; the Forest bought the wells on the H. K. Dambach farm owned by Albert Thorn and others; Purviance Bros., bought out Sam'l Wing on the Peter Rader farm.

The Bradstreet well is worth pumping.

Fred Barnhart has made some improvements in our town lately by buying the Fleming lot and moving his barn onto it; and also bought part of a lot from Dan'l Henshaw next to his front lot. This makes a very nice front lot.

UNDERWRITER.

Prospect and Vicinity.

You may not have heard that:

Elmer Millison has been off duty for several days with a very sore hand.

Homer Martin and family, of Marion, Ind., are still visiting Mr. Martin's mother.

Hattie Boehm has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Pittsburg

If you want to know how to bake an April fool-cake, ask Pearl Boehm, and if you wish to know how to eat it, ask Billie K. Henshaw.

Our jolly tax-collector, Charlie Newman, has nearly finished collecting for 1894, and will soon be after you again for 1895.

Mrs. G. P. Weigle has purchased an organ of Cornish & Co., Washington, N. J., and the West End is becoming musical

Frank Dick is the happy father of a brand new girl baby, while Jeff Henshaw and Nels Harvey are equally happy over the arrival of boy babies at their homes. Now boys, nothing less than five centers.

Miss Eva Beighley, of Whitestown, passed through town recently, from a visit to her uncles, Jacob and Josiah Albert, of Hickory Corner.

Asa Heyl. Nels McClure, Frank Burry, Cherrie McCandless, May Weigle and Marian Hays were examined for diplomas, Saturday, Apr. 6, and with what result, we haven't heard.

Misses Bertha Shaffer and Bertha Heyl have each entertained the Luthern League within a few weeks, and those present say they were royally treated

Miss Mary Martin and her sister in-law Mrs. Homer Martin, have been visiting friends at Evans City, for a couple of weeks

Ben McGrew wishes something said about the new meat shop that he and Charlie Weigle have built for John Roxberry, on Franklin ave. Well, Ben, it is really a good one.

Miss Eva Murphy, of West Liberty, is working for Mrs. Park Hays, while the well near by is being drilled.

Miss Stella McCandless recently celebrated her 13th birthday, and as usual, presented her teacher with a piece of excellent cake. The teacher wishes Stella had a birthday every now and then.

Elmer Grant has gone to Cooperstown, where he's working for Collins & Heasley, and will soon move his family there.

Prof. Hillard, the new principal of the Academy, opened the spring term, last Tuesday, and the school will soon put on its old time vigor.

Hazen, the nine-year-old son of Ira Gallagher, died of scarlet fever, Saturday, Mar. 30. Ira and his wife have the deep sympathy of their many friends over the loss of their bright little boy.

Rev. McClelland and mother have moved to town, and we hope their sojourn among us will be pleasant. Rev. McClelland has charge of the Presbyterian church as minister.

G. A. Warren and E. H. Pyle have been contracting in the Whitestown and Muddy Creek oil fields, and have met with good success. Give the boys a trial.

The well on the Shaffer farm is dry in the Beres and Hundred foot, and the drill will hunt the lower sands. The well on the Hays farm is nearly down, and the fate of that vicinity will soon be known.

JO COSITY.

Harriseille Items.

Judge Kerr is able to be out on the streets again.

The Presbyterians are papering their church and will have services in the M. E. Church Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock.

Miss Birdie Steen of Grove City made a flying visit home accompanied by Mr. Vandyke and sister.

Miss Jessie Steen and Nora Black are learning the art of dress making from Miss Emma Steen.

Mrs. Samuel Walker is home from a visit to her son near Mechanicsville.

Mrs. Beckie Vandyke of near Clintonville is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Walker.

Mr. Marsh who used to be mail carrier here has moved near town on his farm.

It is reported that in the near future that our farmers are going to lease their farms for oil wells.

Miss Anna Brown of Butler was home a few days last week. Miss Bessie Brown who is attending college at Centerville is home sick.

Prof Peterson has hired with Mr. Lewis and is away canvasing.

Mr. James Wiles of Mechanicsville stopped here at Central Hotel on his way to Butler, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hovis have rented rooms at the home of Mr. Will Brown.

Miss Eliza Cochran and niece Mary have gone to Pittsburg to the openings. They will bring on a nice line of millinery goods

Mrs. Wimel has rooms to rent.

Mrs. Geo. West and niece Delia of Mechanicsville were the guests of Mrs. Wm. Stuart and family, Saturday.

Ed Bingham of Butler was home over Sunday.

Mrs. Frank Woods of W. Y. is home, the guest of her mother Mrs. Rothmire, her mother-in-law Mrs. Woods of Barkeyville was her guest, Tuesday

Mr. and Mrs. Graham of Butler were the guests of Judge Kerr, recently.

Miss Emma and Jennie Crowl of East Brook are the guests of their brother John Crowl and sister Mrs. Steen.

Robert Galbreath and family moved to Franklin yesterday morning.

Miss Clara Cubbison is visiting in New York.

If you want a good meal call at the Central House, Wm. Stuart Prop.

The body of Jos. S. Emery, a well-to-do farmer, was found in the creek near Barkeyville, Venango Co., Tuesday. He is supposed to have committed suicide.

The Water Works Bill.

(Extract from a speech by Mr. Douthett on the bill now pending in the House.)

Mr. DOUTHETT. Mr. Speaker, the bill under consideration is one that seriously affects the boroughs of the Commonwealth. I don't want to take your time at length, but am compelled this evening to give this bill more than passing notice.

We oppose this bill first, on general principles It is wrong in principle, and it would be a vicious precedent to incorporate into our statute law. It discriminates in favor of one class of corporations, conferring on them special privileges, which are not accorded to other corporations or individuals. It is in short special legislation, or class legislation. No other class of corporations have claimed or been accorded such special favors or rights as this bill confers on water companies. It is suspicious, and taking its language in the first section, is seemingly designed to confer on municipalities rights they did not have before and certain powers they did not have, but in really gives nothing they did not practically have before, and in the second section it imposes upon them duties and limitations or restrictions never before imposed. And this in regard to matters of the most vital interest and importance to their people. What can be of more importance to people of these municipalities than an ample supply of pure water? Yet no matter how insufficient the supply, or how bad the quality, a municipality cannot take any steps to furnish its people with a sufficiency of proper quality without first buying any plant, however poor or worthless, a corporation may have established within its limits. The plant may be practically worthless to the municipality, and when bought may have to be abandoned, of no practical use or benefit, yet the corporation must be paid, not the value of the plant to the municipality, but whatever sum the corporation may be able to show was the consequential loss to it, consequential damage is what the corporations seek to obtain by this bill, and this opens the door to wild guessing, for any man who has had any experience in matters of this kind knows that there is nothing in which men are so wild in their opinions and estimates as when they come to speak of consequential damages.

But why should a municipality be compelled to buy a water plant? Why should it not be free to say whether it needs the plant? Whether it is such as its people need, or as will properly serve their purpose? In no other case is it compelled to act thus, individuals are not compelled to act thus. No such unreasonable restrictions are laid on the action of municipalities or individuals in other cases. The argument of the water companies is that they were induced to go into the business, to organize their companies and invest their funds, when municipalities were poor and unable to establish such works, and they invested for the benefit of the people of the municipalities, and with the expectation that they would be remunerated by the incomes when the boroughs or cities increased in size and their works became profitable. This is mere allegation, but is untrue in fact as put. It is true they invested their funds, and in some cases when the municipality was small and poor, but it was with the expectation they would be reimbursed by this business, when it increased, but it is untrue that they ever dreamed even at that time that the municipality would, as such, reimburse them. On the contrary their charters were obtained and corporations formed because the promoters thought they saw a good chance of making money in the usual and ordinary course of such business, or because they owned real estate in the municipality that would be largely enhanced in value, or because in some other way they expected to be fully recompensed. Not one of them believed or for a moment thought that the municipalities would reimburse them in any case or under any circumstances They could not have supposed so, for there was no law on the statute book authorizing such a thing and there was no reason to suppose such a thing could be—that the people could be taxed to compensate them for any outlay for their plant, much less for any merely speculative or consequential damages they might think they sustained.

These corporations enter on the business just as any business man enters into any business, or as any other corporation, manufacturing, gas, electric light, street car or other corporation, with their eyes open, with full knowledge of the laws as they move and of the rights and privileges of their corporations under those laws, willing to assume the risks, knowing that their business was liable to the vicissitudes, the contingencies and uncertainties attending all business undertakings. Why then should they be made an exception? A man starts a business, gets it established, another man starts a similar business in competition, he may have better facilities, more capital or other advantages and the first finds himself worsted in the struggle. A bridge company erects a bridge across a stream, accommodates the public, the property becomes valuable. The county may, if proper proceedings are taken, acquire the bridge by paying therefor such sums as views of a jury may determine, but after the viewers report, it must be submitted to the grand jury and be approved by them and by the court before the county can pay for it, but this proceeding is commenced by the people, at least twenty of whom must petition for it, and on the grounds that public interests require the bridge to be made a free bridge. The corporation owning the bridge has nothing to say as to the propriety of the county acquiring it, and if the county saw fit to do so, under proper proceedings, it might erect another along side of the toll bridge of a company, furnishing free passage and practically destroying the value of the corporation bridge. Yet the bridge corporation would not be compensated for the loss or damage to them caused by the new erection. (For provisions as to acquiring a bridge by the county, see act May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, pamphlet laws 181.)

The corporation act of April 29th, 1874, provides that municipalities may become the owner of the gas works of a corporation within its limits, to be determined as therein set forth. This act is obligatory on the company to accept the price as fixed, but there is nothing requiring the municipality to buy, it is wholly optional with it.

Corporations may be and are established for the purpose of furnishing electric light to municipalities. Yet there is nothing to prevent the municipalities from levying a tax and using it for providing electric light for the light up of the streets, alleys, etc., under act of April 16th, 1878, as supplemented by the act of June 16th, 1891 The municipality is not bound to buy out the electric company's plant, in such case they may procure their electricity in any way they please. The value of the corporations property may be greatly reduced by such actions of the municipality. So under the same act a municipality may furnish sufficent water for extinguishing fires, cleansing streets, and all public purposes, but the municipality is not required to buy out a water company's plant within its limits, nor to take the water from such company, but may procure it in whatever manner or from whatever source they please The water company's property may be greatly depreciated in value, by such action, but in all these and other similar cases the loss must be borne by the private corporations. It is one of the contingencies attending the business which falls on them, as such losses fall upon other corporations engaged in other business or on individuals, and it will be observed that in all these cases there is no compulsion on the municipality to buy. They may, but there is no must in any case, and there is no case on the statute books, that I can recall at present, and I believe there is no case where a municipality is hedged around in its action in seeking to promote the interests and welfare of its people, as this bill proposes to hedge about and restrict municipalities. If the principle is once established, you will readily see that it is applicable to bridge, gas companies, electric light companies, and divers others who may claim the same favors with equal justice, and similar legislation will be refused, unless it is the purpose to give water companies a preference as a class over all others.

It may be urged that others besides the corporations and their stockholders are interested, and these are the bondholders of these corporations, and the position is that existing legislation does not sufficiently protect the holders of these bonds This claim of the bondholders, however, has no better foundation than that of the corporations themselves or their stockholders.

EASTER MILLINERY.

We cater to our own trade, which is the most desirable trade of the city of Butler,

We think our customers will not be disappointed in the provision we have made for the present season.

Receiving goods every week. Our styles are always up to date.

We have just received a full line of our perfect fitting, imported kid gloves. The Easter shades are specially nice.

M. F. & M. MARKS,

113 to 117 S. Main St., - Butler.

DEATHS.

EVANS—At his home in Forward twp., April 14, 1895, Jackson Evans, aged about 77 years.

FORQUER—At his home in Chicago, April 13, 1895, Alfonse Forquer. He was buried at Murrinsville, Tuesday.

JOHNSTON—At his home in Allegheny City, April 15, 1895, Dr. A. D. Johnston, aged 54 years.

MCCAMMON—At his home in Slipperyrock twp., April 6, 1895, James B. McCammon, in his 77th year.

STAMM—At her home in Butler, April 13, 1895, Lucinda Harvey, wife of J. George Stamm, aged 43 years.

GEIBLE—At his home in Butler, April 12, 1895, Charles Geible, in his 71st year.

BUCHELE—At her home in Butler, April 15, 1895, Philomena Buchele, aged 20 years.

NICKLASS—At his home in Forward twp. April 11th 1895, Jacob Nicklass, aged about 22 years.

DUNN—At her home in Brady twp., April 15, 1895, Mrs. James Dunn, aged about 45 years.

McANALLEN—At his home at Reibold Station, April 15th 1895, John McAnallen, aged about 60 years

OBITUARY NOTES.

Eli Yetter, a merchant formerly of Butler, died as his home in the West a few days ago.

Samuel Riddle formerly of this county, died at his home in Verona on the 15th, aged 81 years.

THOMAS WILSON MARTIN.

Mr. Martin was born May 2nd, 1833, and died March 16th, 1895; aged 61 years 10 months 14 days. The beginning of his sickness took place about mid-winter, when he contracted a very severe cold, which developed into an almost constant cough and lung trouble. At times he seemed to rally and give the most sanguine hopes to his friends and neighbors that he would recover, but this most generally was followed a more severe attack which caused the anxiety of his friends and neighbors to rise to the highest pitch. From better to worse he continued for two months, when about one day before his death he took a decided change for the worse, and although everything possible was done by his loving brothers and sisters, friends and family physician, nothing seemed to avail anything for him and he passed quietly away near the dawning of the day March 16th. Do we not believe and hope that it was a dawning of a new day, infinitely better, brighter and happier than any day that he ever spent here below.

Mr. Martin lived and died in the immediate community in which he was born, being the oldest of a large family and never married. It was his privilege to be with that family until it was broken up by death and marriage, then he went to his brother, Wm Martin's, and made his home there until the time of his death. He was a consistent member in the Brownsdale U. P. Church and nothing but sickness deprived him of the privileges of the public sanctuary. In his death the church has lost an honored member; one who held the interest of his church at heart.

Our entire neighborhood rises up to testify of the kind disposition of our departed brother. I verily believe I never met any one more in touch with the Golden rule (Do unto Others as you would have Others do unto you) than he. No one ever went to him for help, but what he received it, if it was in his power to give. He was a most pleasant neighbor all his life, ready and willing to minister to his neighbors every want whenever called upon, and I know I speak the truth when I say that he died without leaving an enemy behind; a most precious record indeed. What a precious legacy this is to leave behind. Who can estimate its worth or fathom its depth or measure its influence

Thomas is gone but as the years roll on you will ever find his "Foot Prints on the Sands of Time".

The funeral services were held in the Brownsdale U. P. Church. Rev. Gilfillan, his pastor for the past year was assisted by Rev. R. P. McClester, of Butler, a former pastor of his. Both spoke in high est terms in regard to the departed friend and brother. The church was filled with friends and neighbors who came that they might pay their last respects to the one they had known to love so well.

Now to these brothers, sisters and friends who so keenly felt the loss of this departed brother, let me say, that God stands in the midst of all these sad Providences and bereavements ready and willing to bind up the broken heart and stop the running tears, if we but trust him we can live in the happy anticipation of some day meeting this brother in heaven.

And oh! What a glorious meeting in heaven that will be, when all the members of he household here below shall unitedly surround the marriage supper of the lamb. There they "shall meet at Jesus' feet; shall meet to part no more; no one is absent; bright faces shall meet there; bounding hearts will meet there; and on the banks of the river of of life they will walk hand in hand as they did unitedly here below. No more separation; no more lying down on beds of pain; no more sinking into the arms of death; no more tears, "For the Lamb which is in the midst of the throne shall feed us and lead us into living fountains of waters," and God shall wipe away all tears from our eyes.

Happy thought indeed is this the only source of comfort in our afflictions and bereavements. Take up the language of the Poet and make it your own and then you can sing

"We shall go home to our father's house;
To our father's house in the skies,
Where the hope of our souls shall have no blight;
Our love no broken ties,
We shall roam on the banks of the river of Peace,
And bathe in its blissful tide;
And one of the joys of our heaven shall be,
To meet the loved one that has died."

A. M. D.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

Seanor & Co's.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE,

Rear of Wick House,

Butler, Pa.

The best of horses and first class rigs always on hand and for hire.

Best accommodations in town for permanent boarding and transient trade. Special care guaranteed.

Stable room for sixty-five horses.

A good class of horses, both drivers and draft horses, always on hand and for sale under a full guarantee; and horses bought upon proper notification by H. SEANOR.

PURE BRED POULTRY.

Eggs for hatching from the following well known varieties:

Buff Leghorn $1.50 for 15.

S. C. Brown Leghorn $1 for 15.

Barred Plymouth Rocks $1 for 15.

My fowls are large and vigorous, and are from the best egg producing strains in this country. Call and see them or address

JOHN H. REIBER,
304 Mercer St, Butler, Pa.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

A Westmoreland Co. farmer was released from the Western Penitentary last week, under remarkable circumstances. Some years before he discovered that his wife was engaged in an intrigue with another man; he accused her of it and they lived unhappy; and she, to get rid of him, forced their two daughters to accuse their father of an unnatural crime. He was convicted and sent to the penitentiary; but the doubt as to his guilt led his relatives to engage the services of a detective who, after working at the case for nearly two years, got the oldest girl away from her mother and secured a complete confession from her. The girl said that her mother had tortured her frightfully to deceive the doctors who testified in the case. Her mother also had threatened to send her to prison if she did not appear aghinst her father. After she had given false evidence she was forced to remain silent because her mother had made her believe that when a person swore falsely and got another in prison and it was found out the innocent person was released and the perjurer put in his cell to serve out the rest of his term. Her brother and sister confirmed her story, and their father was released.

Nearly every town and township in Westmorland county was represented at the mass meeting in Greensburg, Thursday, called to protest against the creation of Monongahela county. There were about 500 men present. The president first made a vigorous speech against the Culbertson bill. He was followed by protests from Paul H. Gaither, D. S. Atkinson, James S. Moorhead, John F. Wentling, James McClure, Henry Shoemaker, Thompson McClain, Amos Front, John Betty and E. F. Houseman. Mr. Gaither, in his speech, severely arraigned the bill, claiming that the creation of the new county would be unconstitutional. Resolutions were adopted and will be taken to Harrisburg.

Bucks county's proposed skunk farm, which will be established near Chalfont, is rapidly nearing completion, and considerable curosity is manifested in the unique enterprise by the farmers in the vicinity. The proprietors are nearly ready to stock their farm, and it is said that some of the neighbors are already investing in large quantities of toilet water, and even nose protectors. Some of the property owners near by seem to think that the new enterprise will depreciate the value of their properties, but this remains to be proven. This will be the first skunk farm established in Pennsylvania.

At Scottdale last Thursday an Italian laborer named Orifino, committed suicide by throwing himself in front of a moving freight train. He incurred the enmity of the Mafia Society in New Orleans, years ago, and had been hounded by them all over the civilized world until life became a burden.

5c. 5c.

LAST 5c

WALL PAPER

—SALE—

AT

HEINEMAN & SON'S

SATURDAY and MONDAY, APRIL 20 and 22.

Come and get some of the 5c. WALL PAPER as this will be the last 5c. sale this season.

Brown Back Paper 5c.

Borders to Match 1½c. per yard.

Heineman & Son,

L. C. WICK

DEALER IN

Rough and Worked Lumber

OF ALL KINDS

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, Shingles and Lath Always in Stock.

LIME, HAIR AND PLASTER.

Office opposite P. & W. Depot,

BUTLER

Indian Game EGGS

From three yards of the best double laced stock in this country. $2 for 15 eggs.

S. R. MILLER,
Chambersburg, Pa.

Bees and Bee Supplies For Sale.

Such as Sections, Brood Frames, Hives, Foundations, Bee Smokers, etc.

JAMES C. MURPHY,
Mercer Street, Butler, Pa
Or J. B. MURPHY, at S. G. Purvis & Co.

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND 1895

Country Gentleman

THEBE ST OF THE

Agricultural Weklies.

DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processess, Horticulture & Fruit-Growing Live-Stock and Dairying

While it also includes all minor department of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee-Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fire side Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its Market Reports are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—When to Buy and When to Sell. It is liberally Illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription price is $2.50 a year, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1895.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS, in one remittance.....$ 4
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS, do do 10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS, do do 15

☞ To all New Subscribers for 1895, paying in advance now, we will send the paper Weekly, from our receipt of the remittance, to January 1st, 1895, without charge.

☞ Specimen Copies Free. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*,
Albany, N. Y

"TO BE FIRST IN ANYTHING IS A DISTINCTION."—Plato.

WE BELIEVE that we have achieved the distinction of producing the finest garments ever made in the county, and cheaper than same can be bought elsewhere in the State. AS TO THE variety of our Stock and beauty of its Styles we have our own opinion; but we would like yours also—it will add to the distinction.

FOR THIS SPRING we have secured a large number of special confined, single suit patterns. They are the very newest novelties. Select early. If you don't want a suit now we will reserve the pattern for you.

ALAND, Tailor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF AMERICA

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 26th, 1894.

South — WEEK DAYS

	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Butler.....Leave	6 15	8 35	11 00	2 45	5 06	
Saxonburg...Arrive	6 44	9 00	11 24	3 11	5 28	
Butler Jun't.	7 30	9 25	11 50	3 40	5 53	
Butler Jun't. Leave	7 30	9 41	12 03	3 40	5 53	
Natrona.....Arrive	7 48	9 51	12 13	3 50	6 02	
Tarentum.....	7 43	9 56	12 19	3 57	9 07	
Springdale.....	7 55	10 05	12 33	4 08	....	
Claremont.....	8 11	....	12 50	4 23	6 27	
Sharpsburg.....	8 18	....	1 05	4 29	6 32	
Allegheny City.....	8 33	10 33	1 24	4 44	6 45	

North — WEEK DAYS.

	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Allegheny City Leave	6 55	8 25	10 40	3 15	6 10	
Sharpsburg.....	7 04	8 39	10 58	....	....	
Claremont.....	....	8 45	11 08	....	....	
Springdale.....	7 24	8 58	11 26	....	6 41	
Tarentum.....	7 32	9 10	11 39	3 61	6 50	
Natrona.....	7 37	9 15	11 45	3 55	6 53	
Butler Jun't. Arrive	8 14	9 57	12 25	4 32	7 30	
Butler Jun't Leave	7 45	9 45	12 38	4 15	7 02	
Saxonburg.....	8 03	10 11	1 04	4 40	7 25	
Butler ..... Arrive	8 35	10 35	1 30	5 00	7 50	

A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEEK DAYS. P. M.	A. M.	For the East.	WEEK DAYS A. M.	P. M.
2 45	6 15	Lv. Butler.....Ar.	10 35	1 30
3 40	7 30	Ar. Butler Junction Lv.	9 45	12 35
4 04	7 45	Lv. Butler Junction Ar.	9 41	12 28
4 10	7 49	Ar. Freeport.....Lv.	9 35	12 35
4 15	7 53	" Allegheny Juc't. "	9 31	12 30
4 26	8 04	" Leechburg..... "	9 20	12 12
4 46	8 21	" Vandalia (Apollo) "	9 05	11 55
5 14	8 51	" Saltsburg..... "	8 37	11 32
5 50	9 22	" Blairsville..... "	8 05	11 00
6 00	9 30	" Blairsville Inter'n "	7 50	10 45
8 50	11 40	" Altoona..... "	10 44	8 00
1 00	3 20	" Harrisburg..... "	11 55	5 20
4 30	6 50	" Philadelphia..... "	8 50	11 20
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.

Through trains for the east leave Pittsburg (Union Station) as follows:

Pennsylvania Limited, daily.....	7 15	A.M
Atlantic Express. "	3 10	A. M.
Day Express. "	8 00	"
Philadelphia Express. "	4 30	P.M.
Eastern Express. "	7 00	"
Fast Line. "	8 10	"

For detailed information, address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agt., Western Reserve Bldg. 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. J. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass'r. Ag't

P. & W. R. R.

Schedule in effect Nov. 18., 94. (Butler time) The Short Line to Pittsburg.

DEPART SOUTH.	FROM SOUTH.
6.25 a m Allegheny	9.25 a m. Allegheny Ex
8 15 a m All'y & Akron	10.00 a m, Al & N Castle
10.05 a m Allegheny Ac	12.20 p m. All'y & Ch'go
2.55 p m Allegheny Mail	5.05 p m, Allegheny Ex
3.50 p m Chicago Ex.	7.15 p m, All'y & Akron
5.55 p m All'y & Ell. Ex	8.00 p m. Allegheny Ac
FROM NORTH.	FROM SOUTH.
10.05 a m Kane & Brad.	8.05 a m. Foxburg Ac
5.15 p m Clarion Ac	9.52 a m, Clarion Ac
7.35 p m Foxburg	5.20 p m, Kane Mail

SUNDAY TRAINS.

DEPART SOUTH.	FROM SOUTH.
8.15 a m, DeForest Ac	9.55 a m.Allegheny Ac
3.50 p m, Chicago Ex	5.05 p m, Allegheny Ex
5.55 p m, Allegheny Ac	7.25 p m, DeForest Ac

Train arriving at at 5.05 p m leaves B & O depot, Pittsburg, at 3.15 o'clock.

Butler and Greenville Coach will leave Allegheny at 3.20 p. m, daily except Sunday. Connecting at Willowgrove, arriving at Butler at 5.55.

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and first-class Day Coaches run through between Butler and Chicago daily.

For through tickets to points in the West Northwest or Southwest apply to

A. B. CROUCH, Agent

Trains leave the B. & O. depot in Pittburg for the East as follows.

For Washington D. C., Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, 7.30 and 9.20 p. m. Cumberland, 6.40, 7.30, a. m. 1.10, 9.20 p. m. Connelsville, 6.40, 7.30, a. m. 1.10, 4.30, 4.45, 5.30, 9.20 p. m. Uniontown, 7.30 a. m., 1.10, 4.30, 5.30 p. m. Uniontown, Morgantown and Fairmont, 7.30, a. m, and 5.30 p. m. Mt. Pleasant 6.40, 7.30 a. m. 1.10 and 4.30 p m. Washington, Pa., 7.40 and 9.30 a. m., 4.00, 4.45 and 9.00, 11.55 p. m. Wheeling, 7.40, and 9.30 a. m., and 4.00, 9.00, 11.55 p. m. Cincinnati, St. Louis, Columbus and Newark, 7.30 a. m., 9.40, 11.55 p. m.

For Chicago, 2.40 and 9.30 p. m.

Parlor and sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, Cincinnati and Chicago.

PITTSBURG, SHENANGO & LAKE ERIE R.R.

Takes effect Monday, Dec. 31 1894.

Trains are run by standard Central Time (90th Meridian.) One hour slower than City Time.

GOING NORTH.			STATIONS		GOING SOUTH		
10	14	12		9	11	13	
p.m	m	p.m.	Art Lv'e	a.m.	a.m.	p m	
....	4 55	2 30	.....Buffalo.....	.....	5 35	12 1	
....	3 26	1 00	.....Dunkirk.....	.....	7 00	1 39	
	a. m.						
7 00	1 42	10 00	..... Erie.....	6 10	8 35	3 35	
6 25	1 09	9 25	.Wallace Junct.	6 47	9 15	4 12	
6 20	1 04	9 15	.....Girard.....	6 50	9 18	4 15	
6 00	12 54	9 05	.....Lockport.....	7 00	9 29	4 26	
6 02	12 48	8 55	....Cranesville....	7 08	9 38	4 34	
5 45	....	10 22	ar.Conneaut lv.	....	7 40	3 10	
8 10	....	7 40	lv ar.	10 22	6 45		
5 57	12 44	8 45	ar....Alb