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Wraps, Millinery, Dress Goods, Novelties, Blankets, Underwear, Hosiery and Domestic of all kinds

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Don't you think you had better be getting your winter footwear?

The boys and girls are now going to school. The cold, wet weather is here, and they must have boots and shoes that will positively keep their feet dry and warm.

SEDDY GOODS WON'T DO IT. No one can afford to have cold, wet feet. It costs too much to settle THE DOCTOR'S BILL.

HUSELTON keeps the kind of footwear you are looking for, both in quality and price, and what he sells, he can rely on.

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A stock superior to anything we have previously shown, and at prices that will interest shrewd buyers. Gold Chairs, Onyx Stands, Lamps, Decorated China, Plain White China, Decorated Dinner Sets, Brass and Iron Beds.

CARPETS. BERKIMER & TAYLOR, Funeral Directors and Embalmers, iam ond Fleck, next door to Post Office, Butler, Pa., prompt attention given to orders, day or night.

THE KIND THAT CURES



On Crutches 10 Years! EATING SORES THAT WOULD NOT HEAL! CURED! CURED!

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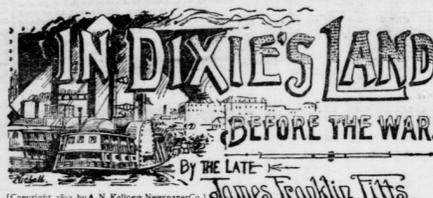
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C. F. L. McQUISTON, Engineer and Surveyor, Butler, Pa.



INDEXESLAND BEFORE THE WAR. By the Late James Franklin Tits.

you suppose you can blackmail me in this way? I'll have you arrested... This is a story about a man named Bostock who is involved in a legal dispute.

As soon as the landlady's indignation had cooled, he gave me an explanation that surprised me. He said that the mortgage on which my father's farm was sold was small in amount, and that it was sold well.

"What will there be to prevent you from making your foolish complaint?" "There will be nothing, Deacon Hallock understood. I know what I'm doing, and I'm doing nothing of the kind. I make no bargains.

"I am pondering on this revelation." "I'll take time," I said. "Yes—of course." "And perhaps the deacon might make it appear that he don't owe me anything.

"What brings you back here?" he demanded. "I was in too great a hurry to leave, just now. I've come back to have a settlement with you." "He turned sharply, and faced me. 'What do you mean?'

"I want you to account to me as my creditor," I said. "I've got five hundred dollars coming to me." "A contemptuous smile curled his thin lips. 'You're getting along famously, indeed! What other gossip have you heard out at the tavern?'

"Look here—you impudent jackass! There is nothing to settle. The very first time I saw you, I was struck by the way you looked. I was struck by the way you looked. I was struck by the way you looked.

"I beg your pardon; that reminds me that I have not introduced myself. My name is Deacon Hallock. I have come from the north from New Hampshire." "I beg your pardon; that reminds me that I have not introduced myself.

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that everybody in Vicksburg knew of the great rich Mr. Bostock. As we sat there, my host inquired of several loungers, one after another, if they knew the object of my search.

"Who was it?" a man asked, coming in for a drink. "A planter named Pierre Bostock." "I had heard of him," I said. "He had a large plantation in the north, and he had a large plantation in the north, and he had a large plantation in the north.

"I recall incidents about him which none but a friend would remember. Among other things, I remember distinctly his showing me your letter, telling me about your father and yourself, and saying that you were a fine fellow; that he should have you down here some day and make a planter of you. But I fancy that you might as well end all your dreams of his favor right here."

"I saw by the moonlight that his face was thoughtful. Sorely disappointed as I was by these things, I was burning to hear more. He presently went on to explain himself. All that is contained in chapter first of this narrative I thus heard for the first time. He was a planter in the north, and he had a large plantation in the north, and he had a large plantation in the north.

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FARMING IN FOREIGN LANDS.

EXPERIMENTS made in the tobacco cultivation throughout Europe have not given much promise of success. In Germany, where the cultivation of tobacco has been carried on for a long period, the area planted fell from the average of about 55,000 acres; between 1870 and 1880 to 30,500 acres; for last year's crop.

The average requirements of the United Kingdom and France during the ten years past have been 200,000,000 bushels of wheat, but this year's crop is estimated at only 325,000,000 bushels, leaving a balance of 200,000,000 bushels that will be necessary to import during the harvest year 1893-94, which is over 60,000,000 bushels more than the average requirements.

The condition of the English crops continues unsatisfactory, especially the poor people, and Mexico has sent \$2,000,000 since then to the United States to pay for corn. The condition of the English crops continues unsatisfactory, especially the poor people, and Mexico has sent \$2,000,000 since then to the United States to pay for corn.

ALL the documents of the first fourteen congresses were found in the basement of the senate the other day. A million dollars in gold coin will weigh 2,000,000 pounds, and \$1,000,000 silver coin will weigh 35,273,959 pounds. A MEETING of 2,000 persons over 70 years of age is annually held at Leicester, England, and of these over 400 die.

THE greatest travelers in Switzerland are the English; then come the Germans, the Americans, the French and the Italians. Old English silverware is much in demand in the United States just now, and genuine pieces, especially those of historic interest, bring high prices. The romantic and supposed beautiful Mary "Queen of Scots" was crossed and had other physical blemishes that were not accounted attributes by her.

BUTTER oil is made by pressing the oil from American cottonseed. It is a kind of milk, and is used in the manufacture of soap. A new society has sprung up of what may be termed "young India." The Hindoo of Calcutta does not represent an ancient tradition, for he is but a thing of yesterday, called into being by the foreigner, and in consequence of his being a novel phase of thought, which is gradually making itself felt, and is the chief characteristic of what has been dubbed "young India."

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FREEZING BUTTER.

The freezing of butter is now practiced, and the reader probably knows. According to a New York trade paper in a few cases reports were made of lots of butter which was not benefited by the freezing, but in every instance it was stated that it was due to the fact that these lots of butter were of a poor quality, having too much salt and water, or having too much cheese curd left in the butter. It was found that the butter which kept best in the freezers was that which was of medium or fair salting, and was free from cheese curd and water. Special success was found in freezing the finest separator cream, which came out after eight to eight months storage with the flavor and bouquet of the finest fresh made stock.

In past years it has been the custom of butter-makers to put an extra amount of salt in butter, intended for holding, as the high salted butter would keep longer. This extra amount of salt was objectionable to most consumers, and it is fortunate to learn that the finest and most delicately salted butter, which is made by the freezers and retains its flavor and aroma for an indefinite time. As noted above, the butter which kept best in the freezers and retains its flavor and aroma for an indefinite time. As noted above, the butter which kept best in the freezers and retains its flavor and aroma for an indefinite time.

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