THE CITIZEN.

W. C. NEGLEY - - - PROPRIETOR

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—POSTAGE PREPAID:

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FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1889.

Of each issue of the CITIZEN some extra copies are printed which are sent to citizens of the county who are not subscribers and their subscription is solicited.

Subscribers will do us a favor by sending us the names of their neighbors, not now taking a county paper.

All communications intended for publication in this paper must be accompanied by the real name of the writer, not for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Marriage and death notices must be accompanied by a responsible name.

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Address THE CITIZEN, Butler, Pa.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

COUNTY.

For District Attorney,
JAMES N. MOORE.

For County Surveyor,
C. F. L. McQUISTION.

The Fall of the Bastile.

On Sunday last the French nation celebrated the centennial of the fall of the Bastile—a crash which resounded throughout France and Europe, and, indeed, the entire civilized world, like the crack of doom. It was an epoch-making event—a death and a birth at once. It was one of a series of events which gave distinction to the year 1789—a distinction which is destined to be as enduring as time. These events were the meeting of the States-General on May 5, after an interval of one hundred and seventy-five years; the fall of the Bastile on July 14; the "St. Bartholomew of Property," as it is called, on August 4; the return of the Court to Paris, under the compulsion of the mob, October 5, and the abolition of the old provincial divisions on December 23.

There can be no two opinions as to the importance which properly attaches to the fall of the Bastile. Originally known as the Castle of Paris, and dating as far back as the middle of the fourteenth century, it had for many generations been used as a prison for persons of the better class, such as noblemen, authors, savans, priests—persons who had come under the displeasure of the court, or who had become, from some cause, an inconvenience to men in place and power. Once within its walls there was but small chance of escape. Sad stories were told of the sufferings of its inmates. Its gloomy appearance was supposed to be but a feeble indication of the horrors of the interior. It was a frowning terror—a hateful and hated monument of irresponsible tyranny. It had been long marked out for destruction; and all that was wanted by the Parisian populace to make good their purpose was the power and the opportunity. At the call of Camille Desmoulins, who charged the King with meditating the destruction of the patriots, the mob arose, rushed to the Invalides and possessed themselves of arms; and blood having been shed in a collision with a German regiment, and the necessarry stimulus having by this means been obtained, they rushed upon the hated fortress. DeLaunap, the Governor, was compelled to surrender; but the besiegers showed no mercy either to him or to his subordinates. The 14th of July, it has been truthfully said, was the second of the great days of the Revolution. The supreme authority of the assembly had been established by the events which followed quickly on the meeting of the States General; and now the fall of the Bastile had established the sovereignty of the people.

THE CITIZENS of Johnstown held an indignation meeting on Monday, and passed a long string of resolutions of which the following are samples:

Resolved, That the citizens of Johnstown and vicinity respectfully, yet earnestly, request that the fund contributed for the relief of the flood sufferers in the Conemaugh valley be as speedily as possible distributed in money directly to the people, and that all purchases, contracts and expenses to be paid for out of this fund immediately cease.

Resolved, That any hoarding up of this kind to meet problematical future wants will materially diminish its usefulness and only result in delaying to a more distant time the restoration of homes, of business, of industry and of confidence. It will do more good in the hands of the people now than at any time hereafter.

Resolved, That we repudiate as insulting to the manhood and intelligence of our citizens (now that the avenues of trade are opened up), the imputation that they cannot and will not wisely and economically disburse any funds placed in their hands, and because of this imputation, the arrogant assumption that guardians must supervise our expenditures, control our disbursements, purchase our supplies and make our contracts.

Resolved, That of the statements imputed to his excellency, Governor Beaver, that a million and a half of dollars had already been expended in Johnstown and vicinity, have no foundation, in fact it is the strongest possible argument that expending relief funds in contracting for buildings, quarter-master and commissary supplies is not a wise, judicious or economical way of disbursing such funds when the ordinary sources of supply are opened up. Only by gross extravagance and carelessness could such a sum have been used here and the people have received no adequate return for the expenditure of so large an amount.

AN Ohio bank which employed one man as cashier, teller and bookkeeper, at a salary of $1,000 per annum, is now minus cashier, teller, bookkeeper and $50,000. At a fair salary he would have considered the situation worth more than the funds.

A SMALL force of U. S. regulars have been doing good service at Johnstown since the flood, in building bridges and making roads. Their work was of the hardest and most disagreeable kind, and they have won high praise for their services. Their pay is $13 per month, or 43 cents per day with board.

ONE of our State Legislators, H. P. Brown, of Beaver, has successfully appealed for protection to the clause of our constitution which exempts a legislator from civil process while on his way to or from a session of the General Assembly. He had, at the opening of the last session, contracted for board during the session with parties in Harrisburg. Not finding it satisfactory after a few weeks, he paid up and went to another hotel. Suit was brought for boarding during the time contracted for, and Brown was served with the papers as he was leaving Harrisburg for his home. Claiming the constitutional privilege, the court sustains him and the original proceedings are declared void.

A Much-Married "Bach."

Engineer Bissell, of the P. & W. R. R., who was killed by the late accident near Akron, Ohio, formerly boarded in Zelienople, and was well known there He passed himself off as a "bach," but it seems that he had two wives and was engaged to an Allegheny, Pa., woman at the time of the accident.

The Cleveland *Press* of Friday says: "Bissell had a wife in Milton, Pa., to whom he had been married in 1866, just after coming out of the war, and had two children, a boy and a girl, nearly grown. The body was taken from Akron Monday evening by Mrs. Bissell, of Newton Falls, also wife of the dead engineer. She was accompanied by her step-father, whose name is Carlisle, and her brother from Kent. All Bissell's effects were turned over to her. She said she had been married to him six years, and that they had one child, a cripple, aged five. When Coroner Sargeant's party reached Newton Falls, Wednesday, the funeral procession was just coming out of the cemetery. Going into the home of Bissell they were introduced to the mourners and soon began to break the details of their errand. It seems that an Allegheny friend of the Bissell family in Milton had been telegraphed, Monday, to go on and take charge of the body. After coming here and finding it gone he went to Newton Falls and on Tuesday went to the Carlisle-Bissell residence and demanded the remains. He let out the secret of a dual domestic equipment, but being somewhat in liquor his demands were not given any attention, especially since he showed no papers. He left Newton Fall's before the coroner's party had arrived, but he had prepared the family for something. "I always said there was something wrong about John," said Mrs. Bissell's brother-in-law to Coroner Sargent. "I told her that I thought he was playing her false, but she never would listen to me, and finally I quit talking about it." The coroner showed his papers and Maxwell presented the certificate of marriage to the Milton wife and showed letters written to the Milton family. All were conclusive. The The Newton Falls Mrs. Bissell, without much ado, gave her consent to have the body dug up, and it was soon on the train coming back to Akron with Coroner Sargent and Maxwell Parks.

"The cap sheaf of all the sensations came Wednesday at the funeral, when an Allegheny widow turned up as a mourner, saying that Bissell, who boarded at her house when he stopped in Allegheny, was to marry her next Friday. She seemed quite heart-broken when she found one widow already, and left on the train on which the coroner and his party came to Newton Falls. Had not his death suddenly cut him short in his marrying career, Bissell would have had, on Friday, three interesting and trusting wives, with no telling where his marrying exploits would have ended. When Mrs. Bissell, sho of Newton Falls, was here Monday, after the body, the fact was mentioned to her that the train men on Bissell's train thought him single. "Yes, that's so," she replied, "few railroad men knew that John was married, for he'd been a bachelor so long when he married me." The poor woman didn't know what a Lothario-like bachelorhood it had been."

Fire at Freeport.

Guckenheimer's smallest distillery at Freeport was burned to the ground on Saturday evening. It is located on the Butler county side of Buffalo creek. The firm's largest distillery is on the Armstrong county side about a mile distant. To each establishment there is connected a bonded warehouse. Close beside the building that was burned is a warehouse containing $500,000 worth of whisky. It was the imminent danger of this vast reservoir of liquor that caused the telegram to be sent to Acting Chief Jones of the Allegheny Fire Department, at 7:15 o'clock, asking for aid. The fire broke out shortly before 7. Chief Jones did remarkably quick work in leading the Columbia engine and a wagon full of hose upon a gondola car at Madison avenue. A start was made at 8:30 and Freeport was reached in exactly 40 minutes. It is a distance of 28 miles.

The distillery, which was known as the Montrose building, was a three-story frame structure 75 feet long and 40 wide. Its destruction was complete in an hour and a half. The great fight was to save the big government warehouse. Only a twenty-foot alley divided it from the distillery. Robert O'Brien was the first to come to the aid of the night watchman. They quickly broke open the hose house, but it was full of flame and the hose was already melted and the chemical fire extinguisher ruined.

A small line of hose was borrowed from the railroad and an inch stream was thrown on the blazing distillery. That of course was of no consequence. A bucket brigade formed a line down to the creek, and in this way the front of the warehouse was kept wet. Still its cornices and woodwork were charred. Citizens generally turned in to prevent such a monstrous conflagration as would have resulted had the 13,000 barrels of whisky taken fire, and they were only sure they had accomplished it when the engine arrived from Allegheny.

Loss, $35,000; insurance, $30,000.

End of the Homestead Trouble.

The trouble at Homestead, Allegheny county, brought about by a reduction of wages, made by the owners of the steel mills there, Carnegie, Phipps & Co., and the "strike" of the employees was settled on Saturday last, and both the firm and the laborers are well pleased over the result. No change is made in the scale for the converting, blooming, armor-plate and basic departments. Some reductions are made in the 23, 33 and 110-inch mills. All the old foot notes and extras stricken from the sliding scale are reinserted in the new one. It will be based on the selling price of billets. The workers believe they have won a great victory. During the strike the firm attempted to employ non-union men, but the union men would not allow them to enter the gates of the mill, and the Sheriff of the county and his posse were also prevented from entering. It was a bitter struggle, and one that came very near resulting in bloodshed.

THE release of John L. Sullivan by a Nashville judge after his arrest last Thursday was a judicial outrage for which there can be neither justification nor excuse.

Governor Lowrie, of Mississippi, had telegraphed to Governor Taylor, of Tennessee, that Sullivan was a fugitive criminal, charged with prize fighting, and asked that he be arrested and held until the necessary requisition papers could be forwarded.

Requests of this kind from the Governor of one State to the Governor of another are common and necessary. Compliance with them is demanded by ordinary courtesy and is essential to the due administration of justice. It is perfectly proper and regular to arrest the fugitive and hold him a reasonable time to enable the demanding State to present its case. It is done every day.

Sullivan's hasty release without giving the Mississippi authorities any chance to submit their case was a most extraordinary and flagrant departure from this established practice.

BARNUM'S great show, accompanied by 800 persons, will soon sail for Europe. Three large steamers are said to be necessary to carry the institution.

Retail Licenses in Allegheny Co.

On Monday of this week Judges Ewing and Magee, of Allegheny county, considered the applications of the retail liquor sellers for a revision of the license list, and the letter from Judge White. Then they went over the testimony taken before Judge White, and is taken for granted that many of the retail licenses refused by him will be granted.

Judge White's letter is as follows:

SEWICKLY, July 13, 1889.

JUDGES EWING AND MAGEE:

When I held the License Court I believed, and still believe, the retail and wholesale acts of 1887 were intended to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spiritous, malt and brewed liquors, as declared in the title of the retail act, and that they should be construed together. For that reason I refused applications for wholesale and bottlers' licenses when the evidence satisfied me they were unnecessary or the business had been, or would be, conducted in an improper manner—especially and mainly as establishments for selling by the quart or gallon, in bottles, jugs and buckets to the neighborhood. These I regarded as little more than retail houses, although within the letter of the wholesale act. Wholesale establishments I have always understood were such as sold to those engaged in the retail business. Those wholesale and bottling houses which sell by the quart, jug and bucket to the neighborhood, I believe cause more intemperance and greater evils than regular retail houses.

But it seems from newspaper extracts of the recent decision of the Supreme Court (I have not seen the full opinion) I was mistaken in my construction of the wholesale act and mistaken on the rule on which I acted. In the case of the wholesalers and bottlers, it is said, the Quarter Sessions has no right to go beyond three questions:

1. Is the applicant a citizen of the United States?
2. Is he of good moral character?
3. Is he of temperate habits?

The Court has no discretion as to the necessity of the house, the character of the locality, the extent of the business, the manner of conducting it, or the class of customers, since that decision, and in pursuance of it, all who were refused, for either wholesale or bottling, have obtained licenses. This materially changes the condition of things and defeats the main object of limiting the number of retail licenses. While I do not feel I made any serious mistakes, yet, had I supposed that all of those would secure license, I should certainly have granted more retail licenses. Greatly limiting the number of retail licenses and granting license to all wholesalers and bottlers, is manifestly unjust to many retail applicants. It is applying one rule to retailers and another to wholesalers, without, so far as I can see, any good reason for the difference.

If the Quarter Sessions had no discretion as to wholesalers and bottlers, the discretion as to retailers amounts to nothing. It results only in increasing the number of quart and jug establishments, without restricting the traffic or diminishing the evils of intemperence.

I deem it proper to make these remarks in view of the applications next year. If it is so understood that the rigid rule with reference to retail licenses will be continued the Court will be overrun with applications for wholesale and bottling licenses, and the evils of excessive drinking will be as great, if not greater, than in the worst days under the special act of 1872. Better have a thousand retail houses than a thousand quart and jug establishments.

As I have made arrangements to leave next Monday to be absent some time, I submit the whole matter to your judgments, and will be satisfied with whatever you do. I have only two suggestions to offer, if you conclude to grant more licenses:

1. Do not limit consideration to the petitioners in this application.
2. Give preference to those who have hotels or restaurants.

J. W. F. WHITE.

The Kirk Reunion.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Monks, of Middlesex Tp., and their son, Rev. W. A. Monks, attended the reunion of the Kirk family in Sharon yesterday. Mrs. Monks' maiden name was Kirk and she is one of the twelve children of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kirk, of Sharon, the semi-centennial of whose landing in America was celebrated yesterday.

There are 145 members in the family connection, including those who have become members by marriage. The youngest is a great-grandchild of a few weeks of age, and the oldest is Mr. Arthur Kirk, of Pittsburg, the well-known Scotchman. Owing to illness the golden-wedding celebration of Mr. and Mrs. Kirk, Sr., could not be held at the appointed time a few years ago. To make up for the disappointment of the children and grandchildren the semi-centennial celebration referred to was planned. Mrs. Kirk is in her 85th year and Mr. Kirk is in his 86th year. They landed in America with six children in the year 1839. They came directly to Pittsburg, and resided there for 15 years. Mr. Kirk engaged in the work of warp-making with the Eagle Mills, and was one of the energetic pioneers in Pittsburg's industry.

After retirement from an active mill life, Mr. Kirk moved to Sharon and has for over thirty years been identified with the interests of that city. He is quite a property-holder, and his own residence is located in one of the most attractive portions of the place. One son, Mr. George Kirk, who was general manager of the celebration, makes his home with his aged parents. There are twelve children, six boys and six girls, all of whom were present at the reunion. These are Arthur Kirk, of Pittsburg; Mrs. Ellen Love, of Sharon; James Kirk, of Davenport, Ia.; David Kirk, of Bradford; Mrs. Elizabeth Allen, of Nebraska; Mrs. Jane Monks, of Butler county; Wm. Kirk, of Parkersburg, W. Va.; Mrs. Mary Crowl, of Sharon; Dr. Edward Kirk, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Ann Ashton, of Sharon; Mrs. Margaret Tribby, of Allegheny, and George Kirk, of Sharon. Two of the children, Dr. Edward Kirk, of Philadelphia, and Mr. George Kirk, of Sharon, are unmarried.

THE county commissioners of the State who met in convention last summer at Erie will assemble again on September 25 in Allentown. Their meeting last summer was for the purpose of discussing financial matters pertaining to the duties of their office and to draft a revenue bill providing for a new system of of taxation. The bill drawn up by them was a carefully considered instrument embodying all the most approved ideas throughout the Union. As contrasted with our present rattle-trap laws it was perfection itself. Yet it received but slight attention from our Legislature, and another patch was put upon the old system. If the commissioners will resolve themselves into a committee of the whole to secure careful consideration of their bill by the thoughtful minds of the State, and secure influential advocates, they will be turning their efforts to good account.—WilkesBarre *Record*.

ON Thursday of last week, the Johnstown Commission, of which Governor Beaver is the head, put forth the general statement that there had been expended *Seventeen Hundred Thousand Dollars* in the Conemaugh Valley, and that large sums are still needed. This statement will probably be considered remarkable by the public.

Transportation to Gettysburg.

The Board of Commissioners on Gettysburg Monuments—namely: Gen'l John P. Taylor, President; Gen'l J. S. P. Gobin, Col. John P. Nicholson, Secretary, and Col. R. Bruce Ricketts—have issued the following circular under date of July 1, and request us to publish it for the information of our soldier readers:

The Act providing for transportation of of Pennsylvania soldiers, resident in Pennsylvania, who participated in the battle of Gettysburg, is as follows:

AN ACT

To provide transportation to Gettysburg at the time of the dedication of the monuments of the Pennsylvania organizations, for all the surviving soldiers resident in Pennsylvania, who participated in the battle of Gettysburg on the first, second or third day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and who served in any such Pennsylvania organizations.

WHEREAS, The act of the Legislature of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven provided for the erection of suitable monuments on the battlefield of Gettysburg to mark the positions held by Pennsylvania organizations in said battles, which monuments are to be dedicated at such time during the present year as may be designated by the Governor of this Commonwealth, at which dedication the presence of all Pennsylvania soldiers who participated in the battle of Gettysburg is greatly desired; and *whereas*, The people of this Commonwealth have always venerated the patriotic and heroic deeds of her soldiers, and now desire not only to commemorate the sacrifices of fallen heroes of the Republic but also to honor the surviving veterans and make their remaining days comfortable and happy; therefore

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That at the time of the dedication of the monuments of the Pennsylvania organizations on the battle field of Gettysburg there shall be provided and furnished, at the expense of the Commonwealth, transportation to all the surviving honorably discharged soldiers now resident in Pennsylvania, whose names were borne upon the rolls of such organization previously to and at the date of the battle of Gettysburg on July first, second, or third, one thousand eight hundred and sixty three, such transportation to cover distance from the stations at which such soldiers live, or from the railroad stations nearest to their places of residence, by the shortest or most convenient route to Gettysburg and return, and shall be so arranged as to passage that the said veterans shall have the privilege of remaining at Gettysburg not less than one week, and shall have the privilege of stopping off at any station en route.

SEC. 2. That the Adjutant-General be and is hereby authorized and empowered to provide transportation over the lines of the several railroads of this State over whose route any of the soldiers referred to in the first section of this act shall require passage to and from Gettysburg, and for such transportation he is authorized to pay such sums of money as may be agreed upon . . . . . And the Adjutant-General [Brig.-Gen. D. H. Hastings] is further authorized to provide such blanks and establish such rules for the reception of applications and the issuance of orders for transportation as may be deemed proper, and he shall take the necessary means to give publicity to the provisions of this act in order that all the soldiers entitled to transportation under the same may avail themselves of its benefits.

SEC. 3. That any person who shall personate or attempt to personate any soldier entitled to the provisions of this act in order to secure transportation under this act, or shall use or attempt to use the transportation provided for any such soldier, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not exceeding one month, or be both fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the court before which the conviction is had.

SEC. 4. That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of transportation provided for in this act. . . . . the money to be paid on requisition of the Adjutant General and warrant of Auditor-General, drawn in the usual manner, providing that duly verified vouchers showing the detailed disbursements under this act shall be made and filed in the Auditor-General's office.

Approved May 8th, 1889.

By order of Board of Commissioners,
JOHN P. NICHOLSON, Sec'y.

Marion Twp. Items.

Laura Adams is teaching a month's subscription school in No. 1 school house.

B. W. Kimes has gone to Grove City to clerk in C. H. Welch & Co's new store.

J. H. Dible has given up his trade (carpentering) for the summer, and is at work on his farm.

Maggie Atwell has returned to her home after a prolonged visit to friends in the vicinity of Mercer.

It is rumored that Will Atwell, Jr., is about to come home with a valuable piece of property—a wife.

A young son of Henderson McWilliams has been dangerously ill for some time, but is now convalescing.

An ice dream supper will be held at Clintonville, Saturday evening, 20th inst. Proceeds for missionary purposes.

The wells on the Gormley farm were shut down a few days last week, owing to a break in the sucker-rod connection.

Hal Forker is our obliging meat man now. He has lately undertaken this enterprise, and we wish him abundant success.

The remnant of the gang of counterfeiters, who were taken last winter, but who have been out on bail, left last week for Erie to have their trial which will come off soon.

When Joseph Blakely was plowing in the spring he came on to a nest of birds, the names of which he did not know. His little son was with him, and seeing the birds, concluded he would make pets of them. He carried them home and placed them in a cage. On developing they have proven to be mocking birds, and are now from one-half to three-quarters grown, and as happy and contented in their cage as if out in the free air. They are so tame that he can let them out, when they will follow him around like chickens and apparently never think of escaping. There were five birds in the nest and the five are living yet. NEMO.

Prospect Again.

It is observed:

That the wet weather sets the farmer's plans at naught.

That Miss Alice Grove is lying sick with typhoid fever.

That C. F. Newman has bought the Foehringer property. The boys evidently think that Charlie is weary of single life.

That the family of Mr. John Reed, of Pittsburg, is visiting their grandfather, Mr. Henry Shaffer.

That Mrs. J. D. Myers and Mrs. Isaac Albert, of Franklin, are visiting friends and relatives in town and vicinity.

That J. P. Wilson, a law student of Butler, is home helping his father to harvest. Well John, no doubt but Purdon will show you the technicalities in pitching hay.

That the festival, given by the ladies of the Presbyterian Church, was quite a success. They cleared about $30.

That Messrs. Joseph and Male Garland and their wives were the guests of Mrs. Albert Grine last week.

That Willie Heyl has come home from Allegheny county, where he was harvesting.

That Johnson & Co., photographers, are in town ready to do any work in their line, at the lowest rates.

That John Roxberry is so happy that he is selling beef at five cents per pound, with a piece thrown in. It is a boy.

That Mr. and Mrs. Allen Barr, who have been sick for a couple of weeks, are improving and will soon be in their usual good health. OPTIMIST.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

A company has been organized at Franklin, Pa., with a capital of $10,000, for the purpose of manufacturing paving brick, or vitrified fire brick.

Miss Madge Crawford of Kittanning died in Rome, Italy, of typhoid fever, last Sunday, week.

Mrs. Gertrude Barker, of New Brighton, youngest daughter of Congressman C. C. Townsend died at her father's residence a few days ago, after an illness of several weeks. The deceased was one of New Brighton's most estimable and highly respected ladies, and her early death is mourned by her many friends.

Williamsport and Lock Haven both celebrated the Fourth notwithstanding their recent sorrow.

A Binghamton woman dislocated her jaw while scolding her husband and a doctor had to be called in to fix it.

William Gise, of Mahanoy, who had hartshorn flung in his eyes by a schoolmate not long ago, has gone entirely blind.

Noxious odors emitted by several trees in Easton have caused sickness in their vicinity.

Graduates and teachers of the Uniontown Soldiers' Orphan School will hold a reunion on July 23 and 24.

By a careful canvas it has been learned that at Williamsport during the flood 3,482 houses were submerged.

Frank Taylor, of Smethport, Mckean county, who caught a fly in his throat and in his effort to cough it up burst a blood vessel, is in a precarious condition.

Since the flood receded an island in the Susquehanna, near York has become so densely infested with serpents that the owners of timber which had drifted there are afraid to go after it.

Amos Kribbs, who was working an oil well on the farm of a man named Hubauer, at Clarion, eloped on the Fourth with Hubauer's pretty 10-year-old daughter, Rose. Kribbs leaves a wife and two children.

The storms in Clarion county last week did more serious damage than expected. Samuel Spangle's grist and shingle mills on Mill Creek were overturned and wrecked, four dams are torn out and all the bridges along Mill Creek are gone.

He Lived to Tell the Tale.

NEW YORK, July 16.—The reference as to whether the new method of execution by electricity is a cruel and unconstitutional one, was continued to-day. Dr. Frederick Patterson, who claimed to be a specialist of nervous diseases, testified that in some cases, when he had cut the dogs open after they had been experimented upon by Expert Brown, the heart beat for 36 minutes. This, he said, was no indication of life. In these experiments some of the dogs seemed to suffer pain. This was not noticeable with those performed on in Edison's laboratory. He was confident that the actual resistance could be measured at any moment.

J. H. Noble, an expert connected with the Westinghouse Electric Company, was recalled. He related his experience with a dynamo generating a force of 1,050 volts, the same as that on the State execution machine. One day, while tending the machine, he accidently fell and his hands came in contact with the two poles. The result was that he received a severe shock. His hands were burned and the skin came off, leaving them sore for weeks. The only physical effect discerned was extreme nervousness for several hours after. In the opinion of Mr. Noble, the Westinghouse machine might be increased with safety 200 or 300 volts. Beyond that it would be dangerous. He did not know of any electrical current that could be considered absolutely fatal. Mr. Noble said that, from experiments he had tried, instead of the resistance lowering with a series of measurements it increased.

F. W. Jones, General Manager of the Postal Telegraph Company, described a number of experiments which he had made, the result of which was to show that the effect of an electric shock upon the human body cannot be estimated in advance with any certainty.

Tillie Hemphill.

The following was adopted by the Oak Grove United Presbyterian Sabbath School, on the death of Miss Tillie Hemphill.

Resolved, 1st. That while we bow before His will, who doeth all things well, we are broken-hearted, well knowing that our loss is irreparable, and but for the knowledge that the Lord reigneth and all is well, could not be comforted.

2d. That this sad Providence is a direct admonition to each one of us of the uncertainty of life, and the certainty of death, and that soon the place that knows us now shall know us no more forever.

3d. That in her death our Church and Sabbath School has lost a faithful and devoted member.

4th. We mourn her early departure, but we are comforted by the good hope that her spirit is with the spirits of just men made perfect and by her cheerful acquiescence in the will of God and the the peace of her last hours tell us that it is well with her.

5th. That we sympathize with her parents, brothers and sisters and friends who mourn her loss.

6th. That these resolutions be engrossed in our minutes and that a copy be furnished the family of deceased.

J. D. HARBISON,
EVA H. CUNNINGHAM, } Com.
JENNIE NORRIS,

Jefferson Twp. Items.

Mrs. George Grabe, who has been in poor health for a long time, is convalescent.

The school directors of this township have fixed the salaries of teachers at $40 per month. Schools will begin October 1st and continue for seven months.

Chas. Pfeiffer now carries the mail between Saxonburg and Carbon Black.

Bible Reading Circle.

The Allegheny Branch of this organization held its fifth anniversary in the Allegheny Presbyterian Church, Thursday evening last. The programme consisted of Devotional exercises, instrumental music, singing, recitations and reading and a short address by the pastor of the Church.

Much credit is due to the officers of the Circle for the efficient manner in which they have carried on the work during the year.

The Circle specially thank Messrs James Meck and Newton Laughner for their assisting with cornet and violin.

W. J. H.

A WILLIAMSPORT firm who suffered great loss by the recent floods asked a Western creditor for an extension of time. This is the reply:

THE OVAL CHURN CO.,
GOSHEN, Ind., July 1, '89.

F. H. Keller & Co., Williamsport, Pa.

DEAR "GENTLEMEN":—Your "esteemed favor" of the 26th at hand. We make draft on you to-day at ten day's sight for the amount you are owing us, and if not paid we will sue it just as sure as you live. What an absolute, thoroughbred set of asses you must be, and what a shame it is that you are not resting with the lost on the bottom of the Susquehanna.

Respectfully,
THE OVAL CHURN CO.

SOME very interesting stories are being told of the Senatorial fight now going on in North Dakota. It is said that not only are several big railroads interested in the outcome, but a number of old political scores are to be paid off in the first Senatorial election from one of the four new States.

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Counterfeiters on Trial.

ERIE, July 16.—The United States Court was occupied to-day with the case of the Government against Curtis Fox and P. H. Porter, the ringleaders of a gang of counterfeiters who have been making Cherry township, Butler county, their headquarters. The counterfeiters are defended by Judge McCandless. Witnesses are here from Iowa and elsewhere.

Greenville's Postmaster Resigns

H. K. Reiss created a sensation at Greenville on Tuesday by resigning the postmastership. He had about two years yet to serve, having been appointed by President Cleveland. Republican aspirants circulated petitions all day.

THEY say you ought not to tell the truth in jest, but a cynical Britisher of whom we have heard entertains a different opinion. He remarked that the Shah of Persia is almost immoral enough to be a British nobleman.

THE General Executive Board of the K. of L. met in Chicago on Tuesday. Mr. Powderly said the meeting was merely for business and was held at Chicago for the convenience of the Western District. He makes it plain that he is in favor of eight hours for a day's work. The meeting of the General Assembly will be held in Atlanta.

MARRIED

CONWAY—McCRACKEN.—March 12th, 1889, at the home of the bride by the Rev. W. J. Hazlett, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Merrit, Mr. Clinton B. Conway and Miss Margaret A. McCracken, both of Butler county, Pa.

DEATHS.

GIESS—At his home in Zelienople, July —, 1889, Mr. George Geiss, aged 76 years and 10 months.

HEMPHILL—Friday, July 12, 1889, Miss Tillie Hemphill, daughter of Stephen Hemphill, of Clinton township, in the 23rd year of her age.

RHODES—On Thursday, July 4th, 1889, Miss Nettie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Rhodes, of Cleveland, O., in her 19th year.

Miss Nettie visited friends at her old home, in Sunbury, Butler county, Pa., and attended Commencement of the Academy held there recently. She was not feeling well the morning she left for home and died on the date above given.—*Telephone.*

McJUNKIN—At the residence of Mr. Jno. Mittchell in Butler, Saturday, July 13, 1889, Mrs. Priscilla McJunkin, aged 83 years and 3 months.

She was a daughter of Andrew Christie, dec'd, formerly of Concord twp., and was married to Col. Wm. McJunkin in 1827. Five children—Mrs. Enoch Varnum, Mrs. Washington Bovard, Mrs. Jno. Mitchell, Mrs. Samuel Kerr, D. D., and J. D. McJunkin, Esq.—survive her; also twenty-one grand children, and twenty-nine great-grand-children.

SHANER—At Enon Valley, Pa., S. T. Shaner, on Wednesday, July 17, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M.

BROWN—Near Harrisville, on June 25, 1889, in the 79th year of her age, Mrs. Margaret Brown, wife of Elder Alexander Brown, and mother of Rev. N. E. Brown, Evansburg, Crawford county, Pa.

GRANT—At the home of his son, W. H. Grant, in Springdale, Butler, Thursday, July 11, 1880. —— Grant, aged 71 years.

Hood's Sarsaparilla 100 Doses One Dollar

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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Administrators and Executors of estates can secure their receipt books at the CITIZEN office.

Administrators' Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Butler County, at No. 62, Dec. Term 1888, to them directed, the undersigned administrators of the estate of George Beam, late of the borough of Harmony, dec'd, will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, July 27, 1889,

on premises No. 5, in the borough of Harmony, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., the following described property, viz:

No. 1. All that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in Lancaster Tp., Butler Co., Pa., containing one hundred acres, and bounded and described as follows, viz: On the west by lands of J. R. Beyer, on the north by the Harmony and Prospect graded road, on the east by lands of Eichenhaur, and on the south by lands of John Peffer. About one-half of said tract is cleared, and is partly underlaid with coal, and a portion of the same is covered with good timber.

No. 4. Also that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in Jackson Tp., Butler Co., Pa., containing one hundred and thirty-five acres and bounded and described as follows, viz: On the north by a public road leading to the old Franklin road, on the east by lands of John Behm, on the south by lands of Gantz and Ash, and on the west by the Connoquenessing creek. About one hundred acres of the said tract is cleared and under a good state of cultivation and the whole underlaid with a good vein of coal.

No. 5. Also all that certain other piece, parcel or lot of ground, situate in the borough of Harmony, Butler Co., Pa., and bounded and described as follows, viz: On the north by a street, on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Wm. F. Wild, and on the west by the Diamond. The improvements thereon consisting of a large two-story brick house and frame stable—reserving the privilege of adjourning and to the premises of each piece or parcel if desired.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-third of the purchase money in cash, on the confirmation of sale by the Court—and the remainder in two equal annual installments from that date, with legal interest to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with an attorney's commission of 5 per cent in case the same shall have to be collected by legal process.

SAMUEL BEAM,
J. ENSLEN BEAM,
Administrators of George Beam, dec'd.
LEV. MCQUISTION,
H. H. GOUCHER,
Attorneys.

Public Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, pursuant to his appointment and commission from the Auditor-General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as Deputy Escheator of the escheated estate of Richard Gibson and Mary E. Gibson, late of Middlesex Township, Butler Co., Pa., deceased, and by virtue of the power and authority therein given, authorizing him so to do, and according to the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Butler, on

Friday, August 30, 1889,

at 1 o'clock P. M., all that certain tract of land, situate in Middlesex Tp., Butler Co., Pa., bounded on the north by lands of John McBride, on the east by lands of James Whiteside, south by lands of C. Truber, and on the west by lands of John Ferguson, and containing sixty acres, more or less; with log house thereon, and partly timbered. The property will be sold to the highest bidder, subject nevertheless to any reversion, remainder, lease, rent, mortgage, or other profit issuing out of the same, to which it may have been subject before the finding of the inquisition escheating said estate to the Commonwealth.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-half the purchase money on delivery of the deed, and balance in one year thereafter, secured by bond and mortgage. Possession to be given on or before the first day of April, 1890. Any growing crops thereon reserved.

LEV. MCQUISTION,
Deputy Escheator.

Estate of Norman Graham, dec'd.

(LATE OF CONNOQUENESSING TWP.)

Letters of adm'n on the estate of Norman Graham, dec'd, late of Connoquenessing Twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and any having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. D. GRAHAM, } Ad'mrs.
G. M. GRAHAM, }
Whitestown P. O., Butler Co., Pa.
W. D. BRANDON, Att'y.

Estate of George Beighlie, dec'd.

LATE OF CONNOQUENESSING TWP.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Geo. Beighlie, dec'd, late of Connoquenessing Twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and any having claims against the said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. C. BEIGHLIE, Ex'r,
Whitestown P