THE CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES--POSTAGE PREPAID:

One year	$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.40

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FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1888.

Republican Primary Election.

The Republican voters of Butler County are requested to meet at their usual places of holding elections on Saturday, April 14th, 1888, between the hours of one and seven o'clock, P. M. of said day to vote by ballot for one person for State Senate, two persons for Assembly, one person for Jury Commissioner; two persons for Delegates to the State Convention and one person for Return Judge.

Voters will also by ballot vote their choice for one person for Congress and one person for Delegate to the National Convention.

Voters will by ballot, in the different sub-Districts of the county, vote for one person for Delegate to the congressional convention and One person for Delegate to the National Delegate convention.

The county committee left it to the option of the voters of the sub-districts whether there shall be one person for delegate to the Congressional convention and one person to the National delegate convention or whether they will elect one person to fill both places, the two conventions being held at different times.

The Sub-Districts of the county are as follows:

No. 1, Allegheny and Parker townships.

No. 2 Mercer, Marion and Venango townships.

No 3, Slipperyrock and Worth, twps, and Centreville boro.

No. 4, Cherry and Clay twps and Sunbury borough.

No. 5, Washington and Concord twps.

No. 6. Fairview twps, Fairview, Petrolia and Karns City boroughs.

No. 7, Oakland, Donegal, Clearfield twps and Millerstown borough.

No. 8, Summit, Jefferson and Clinton twps, and Saxonburg boro.

No. 9, Winfield and Buffalo twps,

No. 10, Penn and Forward twps, nd Bald Ridge.

No. 11, Butler twp, and Butler borough.

No. 12, Adams and Middlesex tps.

No. 13, Cranberry and Jackson tps Connoquenessing South, Zelienople and Evans City boroughs,

No. 14, Connoquenessing North, Lancaster and Muddycreek twps.

No. 15, Centre, Franklin and Brady twps, and Prospect borough.

The Returns Judges are to meet in convention at Butler, on Monday, April 16, at 1 o'clock, P. M, to count the votes and declare the results, and to attend to all other business that shall come before them. Said Return Judges shall constitute the County Committee for the ensuing year.

The election will be held under the rules governing primary elections. Republicans only are to participate in said election.

By order of the County Committee.

JAS. B. MATES, Chairman.

W. C. THOMPSON } Sec's.
A. M. CHRISTLEY }

The Last of the Shanties.

It is to be regretted that a photograph was not taken of the last of the old, small buildings on the Dougal rows of this place, the removal of which took place last Monday. The idea of a photograph or this "last of the lot" was suggested, but the old "Squire's office" went down sooner than was expected. Its peculiar shape, and the broken and disjointed boards, signs and letters upon its front, made it an object worth preserving the memory of. It had also become memorable as a seat of law and justice. Esquire Samuel G. Purvis, deceased, for near twenty years, administered justice in it, as a Justice of the Peace. He was followed by others in the same capacity, among them Esquire J. G. Muntz, who for many years acted usefully as a Justice of the Peace in that tenement. He was followed by L. P. Walker, Esq. R. C. McAboy, Esq., has the credit of being the last one, and was acting in the same duty up to recently. But it is gone, gone forever, the place that knew it to known it no more, but to be supplied by a new and modern fashioned storehouse, to be erected by our friend, Mr. Frank F. Anderson.

Primary Election.

The Republican Primary Election comes off tomorrow, Saturday. This really is the important election for the Republicans of this County, as whoever are nominated now will in all probability be elected in the fall. Therefore there should be a full turn out and the best men nominated.

The positions on the ticket of Delegates to the National and State Conventions are filled absolutely at the primary, and the primary therefore ends that work. These Delegates are trust positions, which should be committed by the voters into trustworthy hands. They are not positions to be hawked about and peddled or traveled over the county for. The interests and sentiments of the people of the county alone should be consulted in the selection of delegates to represent them in Conventions. With candidates for the offices to be elected this fall they of course are expected to canvass the county, and we believe have been doing so, to an extent at least sufficient to bring out a pretty fair vote at the primary, to-morrow.

THE death of Hon. Benjamin Harris Brewster, of Philadelphia, in the 72nd year of his age, ends the career of a notable man. Mr. Brewster occupied some high positions in both the State and Nation, and was a man of much learning and eloquence. He was, however, a most peculiar looking man, as well as in his habits and dress, always dressing in singular and rather showy style. But with all his peculiarities he was respected and honored for his abilities and his personal worth as a man.

DON'T forget date of Republican Primary Election—April 14, Saturday.

New Castle Delegates.

We had expected to be able this week to give the full list of candidates, settled upon in each of the 15 sub-districts of the County to represent the same at the coming New Castle Convention, but up to this writing have not been fully informed as to the same. In some districts we believe they are fully settled upon, while in some others there may be two or more candidates. Hence we are unable to give names. It is a matter for the voters of each district to determine at the polls on Saturday. Good men should be chosen in all cases, men of standing and character, who will faithfully obey and carry out the decision of the people.

THE story of "Minne-wa-wa," to be seen on the first page of the CITIZEN this week, will be read with interest by the people of this town, as some of the principal scenes in the story are laid as happening at a well known spot now within our borough limits. The story itself is founded upon old Indian traditions. The "sour spring" still exists, but we presume there would be a difference of opinion as to whether its water became and remain sour by reason of the cause assigned in the story. As to whether Massy Harbison, in her escape and flight from the Indians really crossed the Connoquenessing at that point, is also an open question. But the story of Minne-wa-wa is very happily and well written, and will greatly add to the literary reputation of our young friend, the writer, of this place, and now at College at Columbus, Ohio, in the journal of which institution, the "*Spectator*," we found the story.

REPUBLICAN Primary Election—to-morrow.

The Truth Well Told.

Col. W. P. Hepburn, of Iowa, in a speech delivered at the recent Iowa State Convention, draws the difference between the two parties as follows:

"The principal objection which is now urged against the Republican party is in regard to its vitality; it won't die. The enemy complains that it has outlived its usefulness. The platform which was made in this hall three years ago announced that no issue is settled until it is settled right. In his judgment no question is settled right so long as 10,000 men in Georgia elected 11 men to Congress while it takes 32,700 votes in Iowa to elect the same number of men to Congress. So long as a man can serve in the Presidential chair no longer than a dozen months ago who wrote a letter to South Carolina complimenting John C. Calhoun, things are not settled right. So long as the man who commended Jeff. Davis to the children of the country can be appointed to a high office, so long as a flag can be degraded to honor the memory of a traitor like Jake Thompson, things are not settled right. [Cheers.] So long as a Senator can be taken by this administration and placed in the cabinet and subsequently put on the Supreme Bench, who says 'no man can call in question the patriotism of Jeff Davis in my presence,' things are not settled right. These are questions now pressing upon the people that no other party than the Republican party can make right. There is a necessity for the Republican party which dares to grapple with these great questions so long as the anarchists are shouting for division and destruction. What party is the friend of Henry George? There is not a man in the country who follows the red flag, who does not hope that victory will perch on the Democratic party, as every polygamist in Utah wishes for it. Do you ever hear of the Democratic party rebuking the ballot box stuffers and the Ku Klux of the South. Where do you ever find the Democratic party grappling with transportation questions; where will you find a Democrat, or where can you look with hope to Democrats to meet the great question of trust? Such questions are for the Republican party to meet, and it alone will undertake the work. Why is it that the Democratic party is today unwilling that Dakota should become a State, having 600,000 people, a greater population than at least three Democratic States? Because they came with a Republican form of goverment, and because if they did it would be necessary to reform the map of illiteracy of the United States. If you examine the maps of illiteracy, which are prepared so that you can tell by the dark shadings where the most illiteracy comes, you will find that the dark shadings are right where Grover Cleveland got the majorities which elected him. The real trouble also in the tariff question is a similar one. The Democratic party will not dare to attack the sugar tariff, for it would lose them Louisiana and seven electoral votes. They dare not offend the South, yet they say they are tariff reformers. But there is a difference when the Republicans talk about reforming the tariff. When the Democrats reform the tariff they propose to destroy the protective principle, which is the vitalizing force of all the industries of the country, while we believe in regarding the principles of the present tariff and lopping off the inequalities. They say we ought to feel as much for the people across the ocean, but somehow we can't do it. We like one of our own people here in America better than one of those from across the water. The Democratic reformer says, let the foreigner with his cheap labor in other countries stand on an equality with the man who has been long here and has built up this country. We prefer that wages should be high here rather than they should be high there. That is the difference between the two parties."

Republican Politics in Armstrong.

KITTANNING, PA., April 11.—There is an animated contest being waged in this county between Joseph R. Henderson and W. B. Meredith for State Senate. Interest has been lent to the struggle by the fact that the Knights of Labor have indorsed Henderson. As to the Congressional fight, it seems to be all one-sided. Col. Jackson will have at least 1,000 majority. For Assembly it looks as if Elliott will lead, with Cochran and Wilson close seconds. W. W. Fiscus, for Sheriff, and ex-Chairman Heiner, for District Attorney, have no opposition.

PRIMARY—Saturday—Let all voters turn out,—old as well as young.

SICK UNTO DEATH.

Ex-Senator Conkling's Career Drawing to Its Close.

NEW YORK, April 9. — Roscoe Conkling's condition changed much for the worse last night. He was buoyed up in the evening by the presence of his wife, whom he had not been permitted to see since his illness became serious. After her departure he sank into a stupor from which he aroused but at long intervals, and then only to display symptoms of delirium. Dr. Agnew, the eminent oculist, called at Mr. Conkling's residence last night. At the time of his leaving the patient seemed to be not much worse, though his temperature had risen perceptably. Dr. Fordyce Barker said today that he feared Mr. Conkling's ocular trouble had caused an affection of the brain which may prove fatal. "All I care to say just now," said Dr. Barker, "is that Mr. Conkling has had a bad change within the last twenty-four hours and is very poorly indeed. I have called in Dr. Sands and Dr. Delafield, and they in company with Dr. Agnew and myself will visit the patient."

At 2:30 P. M. Mr. Conkling's condition was unchanged from the last report. At 2 o'clock Drs. Sands, Delafield, Barker and Agnew called at Mr. Conkling's house and had a consultation. A few minutes after Hamilton Fish called, but was not admitted. Dr. Barker, at the conclusion of the conference, said that the patient's condition was very unpromising; that he was suffering from inflammation of the ear which had extended to the membranes of the brain. The probabilities were that Mr. Conkling would not recover, though there was a possibility that that he might get well. His temperature was 103½ and his pulse 100. Dr. Barker did not think that there would be any marked change in his patient's condition for twelve hours.

The consultation of physicians between 4 and 5 o'clock resulted in the decision to immediately cut through the temporal bone to ascertain whether there was pus lodge on the brain. Dr. Sands was the operating surgeon, and it was announced as very successful, a secretion of matter having been found.

Drs. Fordyce Barker and Sands called at 9:20 and found the patient resting quietly and his condition materially improved. Since the operation his temperature had fallen to 102 and his pulse to 92. The operation was performed by making an incision in the temporal bone. About an ounce of pus flowed out. The patient was under the influence of ether, and he rolled and tossed so that it was only with difficulty that the operation was performed. Dr. Barker said that while the recovery of the patient is not assured he stands a much better chance than before. The operation was very successful, and no danger is apprehended for at least twelve hours. After the operation Mr. Conkling arose, walked into an adjoining room and returned. Besides the physicians Mrs Conkling and married daughter were with the patient constantly. Mr. Conkling has not been able to recognize anyone but his wife during the day, and he will probably remain unconscious all night because of the anaesthetic which was administered. Drs. Barker and Sands left the sick-chamber at 9:45 and will not return until 9 A. M. tomorrow.

The surgical operation performed is a very delicate one. It consists in the cutting out and removal of a part of the squamous portion of the temporal bone, the incision being made upon the prominence which may be felt just behind the ear. Beneath this lies the mechanism of the ear, and in cases in which this mechanism becomes involved involved in serious suppuration, as in this instance, it becomes necessary to make an opening through which the pus may be drawn off. Otherwise the inflammation will extend to the tissue of the brain. Deafness of the ear operated on results. The saw or drill with which the circular piece of spongy bone is excised is like a jagged edge on the end of a piece of small steel tubing. It is fixed for the first few turns by a prong in the center. The whole instrument is called a trephine. When the region of the inner ear has been reached the circular disk of bone is carefully extracted and the membrane beneath the bone cut through. A drainage tube is then to be inserted, through which the matter forming in the abscess can flow freely into antiseptic absorbent cotton at the outer end of the tube. This affords the best chance of confining the inflammation to its narrowest limits.

At 12 midnight Mr. Conkling was walking up and down his room in a half-delirious condition. He sent for Edward S. Stokes, and when he arrived Mr. Conkling said to him: "Ed, it is no use I am gone. I have fought against this for some time. I can't stand it any longer."

Mr. Stokes in going out saw Dr. Sands at the door. He asked the Doctor if Mr. Conkling had any chance. Dr. Sands: "He may live forty-eight hours, but I doubt it."

At 12:15 Mr. Conkling's condition was unchanged. He insists on rising and walking about the room, but does so in a delirium, as has not regained consciousness.

At 1:30 A. M. there was little difference in the condition of Mr. Conkling from his midnight. He was then sitting up and was slightly delirious.

Legal Holidays.

As long ago as 1869, an Act to declare Good Friday a Legal Holiday, approved the 12th day of April, A. D. 1869, and signed by Gov. John W. Geary, and found on pages 26 and 27 of pamphlet laws of that year, reads as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted that from and after the passage of this act, Good Friday, in each and every year, shall be deemed and proclaimed as a public holiday, and shall be duly observed as such. The payment of all notes, checks, bills of exchange, or other instruments, negotiable by the laws of the Commonwealth, and becoming payable on said Good Friday, shall be deemed to come due on the secular day next preceding the aforementioned days; on which said secular day demand of payment may be made and in case of non-payment or dishonor of the same, protest may be made and notice given in the same manner, as if such notes, checks, bills of exchange, or other instruments, fell due on the day of such demand, and the rights and liabilities of all persons concerned therein shall be the same as in the other cases of like instruments legally proceeded with: provided that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to render void any demand, notices, or protest made or given as heretofore at the option of the holder, nor shall the same be so construed as to vary the rights or liabilities of the parties to any such instruments heretofore executed. Signed,

JOHN CLARK,
Speaker of the H. R.
WILLIAM WORTHINGTON,
Speaker of the Senate.

An Act was passed or approved the 2nd day of April, 1873, defining what days constitute legal holidays. It reads as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted that the following days, namely: First day of January, twenty-second day of February, the fourth day of July, the 25th day of December, and every day appointed by the Governor of this State or the President of the United States as a day of fasting or thanksgiving or for the general cessation of business, shall be regarded as legal holidays and shall, for all purposes whatsoever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance and of the protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank notes, checks, drafts, and promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as is the day of the week commonly called Sunday.

From the foregoing it will no doubt be seen how any discussion came about. The chief clerk in the State Department, whoever it was, neglected to digest or index this act, and hence the discussion about the existence of this law. It could not be found in Purdon's Digest, and hence this dispute as regarded the existence of this law. Hence the only question that would naturally arise is whether the act of 1873 virtually repealed the act of 1869. Decoration Day, May 30th, has since that time been added to the list of legal holidays.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CONGRESS.

NEWTON BLACK,
of Butler, Pa.

FOR STATE SENATE.

DR. J. B. SHOWALTER,
Of Millerstown.

R. P. SCOTT, ESQ.,
Of Butler.

DR. WILLIAM IRVINE,
Of Evans City.

SIMEON NIXON,
Of (Nixon's Home) Butler, Pa.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

C. M. BROWN,
Of Harrisville.

JOS. THOMAS, JR.,
Of Karns City.

R. I. BOGGS,
of Zelienople.

JOSIAH M. THOMPSON,
Of Brady twp.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

HENRY W. NICHOLAS,
of Butler twp.

J. M. WICK,
Of Butler township.

CLINTON B. CONWAY,
Washington twp.

JACOB NEELY,
Of Franklin twp.

SAMUEL M. LOVE,
Of Clinton twp.

JOHN WATTERS,
Of Evans City.

W. F. CAMPBELL,
Of Fairview twp.

FOR DELEGATE TO NATIONAL CONVENTION

J. H. NEGLEY, ESQ.,
Of Butler.

W. C. THOMPSON, ESQ.,
Of Butler.

FOR DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION.

THOMAS ROBINSON,
Of Butler.

LOYAL S. McJUNKIN,
of Butler, Pa.

REUBEN SHANOR,
Of Prospect.

COMMUNICATIONS.

School No. 6.

EDS. CITIZEN:—Please publish the synopsis of Lindsey School, Summit tp.

The above named school is situated about two miles south-east of Butler on the Freeport pike. Thitherward might have been seen Young America winding its way with merry laugh and smiling face on the 10th of October last. There it was that I have been greeted as teacher, every school-day morning, during the past six months. With us seemed to enter the God of peace and sunshine, continuing with us during the entire term. Scarcely a ripple ever inspired to agitate the surface of our calm sea.

We can call to memory many pleasant circumstances and events of note and interest, but which we will not relate lest we encroach on the editor's space; but I cannot cast aside all those memories unnoticed. First came the holidays, and with them their general characteristics.

The scholars memorized the occasion by presenting me with a most splendid call bell of exquisite beauty and design.

Next came Easter with its festivities, and it is needless to say that kind hearts did not forget their teacher. Last but not least, came the closing day and likewise, as was their wont, came the scholars, wearing their usual smiles bringing for their teacher some beautiful boquets of which a king might justly be proud. These gifts are not only beautiful, useful and valuable, but they carry with them worlds of meaning; meaning which has endeared the brick walls of Lindsey school to me. I shall cherish these gifts as precious mementos of respect and good will.

Now as to the progress we have made.

I will not dwell on this point, trusting that our progress is sufficiently obvious to all concerned. True, some have progressed more rapidly than others, but this is largely owing to the efforts put forth by each pupil. I am glad to say that quite a number began some of the commonly neglected branches. These were new studies and seemed hard, consequently the progress was slow.

At the opening of school, none were studying Geography, Grammar or History. During the term fourteen began Geography, nineteen began Grammar and eight began History.

The per cent of the attendance increased each month; that of the last month being the best in the report book, which has been in use since 1880. We used the report cards.

On the last day quite a number of our friends came to visit us; at noon lessons were abandoned and the remainder of the day given up to merry making.

During our jollity we were agreeably surprised by the appearance of a neighboring school, from Butler township, who came over in a body headed by their teacher, Miss Caldwell, and joined in our amusement with a hearty good will. When all had become weary of merriment we gathered into the school room for the last time, and after a few appropriate remarks by some of those present, the good byes were said and all retired to their respective homes.

And now I extend my sincere and grateful thanks to the pupils, friends and patrons of the school for their kindness, generous hospitality and aid given me during my short but pleasant stay among you. I bespeak for No. 6 a prosperous future. Yours respectfully

J. H. TIMBLIN.

The Glade Mills School.

MIDDLESEX TWP., April 9, '88.

Having finished my term of school at Glade Mills, I desire to return my grateful acknowledgement to the Directors and patrons for their kindly support and to the pupils for their regular attendance, diligence and orderly habits. For which I will always keep them in grateful remembrance.

During the winter there were enrolled 63 scholars. Average attendance during the term was 50. Per cent. of attendance 90. Gillie Foresythe, Harrold Raseley, Laura, Della and Ella Miller, Jennie Foresythe and Leona Cooper missed no days during the term. Several missed but one day. Most of the scholars made rapid progress.

During the term the school was visited by many of the patrons and others interested in education, among whom were our Co Sup't. Prof. J. L. Snyder, Revs. E. Ogden, R. E. Lackey, and D. L. Johnston. School closed April 4th. The morning of that day the children and their parents came to school with well filled baskets. The morning session was called and usual classes recited. At 12 M. the school was dismissed for the noon hour. The table having been arranged the Rev. Mr. Lackey asked the blessing after which those present partook of the good things upon the table.

In the afternoon many of the scholars was called upon for essays and recitations which were read and recited elegantly.

The school was then very appropriately addressed by elegant speakers. After which the teacher made a presentation of books to those who had merited them by their efficient work in their respective classes. Then the teacher himself was the recipient of a beautiful present from the scholars as a token of their respect.

School work is like rowing a boat on a lake or river. If but one oar is used the boat turns round and round and round, and little progress is made but when both pupils and teacher work faithfully the boat of education flies swiftly over the waters and the difficulties of school work is passed rapidly by. The pupils worked industriously at their oar and I only hope that I pulled as faithfully at mine.

McCURDY BRICKER.

Wedding.

EDS. CITIZEN:—The residence of Mr. William Marks in the quiet little hamlet of Glade Mill was the scene of a very brilliant wedding, Thursday evening, April 5th, 1888. The contracting parties were Miss Aggie Marks and Mr. Thomas Marshall, of Richland Tp., Allegheny county. Promptly at 8 o'clock a niece of the bride's, Miss Laura Shepard, seated herself at the organ and played the famous wedding march "Bells of Evening" and to its lively strains the bridal couple, escorted by the bridesmaid and groomsman, Miss Lulu Marks and Mr. Elmer Graham, swept into the brilliantly lighted parlors where they were joined in the bonds of matrimony by the Rev. Heany, of Bakerstown, after which Mr. and Mrs. Marshall received the congratulations of those present, among whom were the Rev. Ogden and Rev. Lackey and wife, then Rev. Heany and wife led the way to the dining room where the long tables fairly groaned beneath its load which consisted of the choicest delicacies of the season in rich abundance. After all were satisfied the company adjourned to the parlors again where music and enjoyment reigned supreme till the "wee sma hours" of the morning. The bride and bridesmaid were dressed in black silk and to say the least, both looked very handsome. On a table to one side we noticed the presents which were both numerous and costly. Finally the happy couple started for their new home in Bakerstown which was in readiness for them. That the Goddess of success and happiness may smile bountifully on the happy couple, is the wish of an

OLD FRIEND.

Keister Items.

I. N. Bryson keeps a little grocery at Keister. On Saturday morning he went to visit friends at New Brighton, and on Saturday night his store was broken open and nearly everything in it stolen. Mr. Bryson has not yet returned home.

Messrs. Cannon, Dobson and Shannon are starting a brick yard at Keister's station.

Mr. Book has bought out the Campbell store at Keister.

Johnny Hays' livery stable is doing a good business.

—The following citizens of this county have been added to the pension rolls in the pension department at Washington, D. C.: George Byers, Fleeger office; Jane Elliott, Sarversville, Buffalo Tp.

BUTLER MARKETS.

The following are the selling prices of merchants of this place:

Apples, per bushel, $1.
Butter, per pound, 25 to 28 cts.
Beans, per qt. 8 to 10cts.
Cabbage, new,
Canntles, mold, 14 to 15. cts.
Carbon oil, 10 to 15 cts.
Cheese, 12 to 15 cts per lb.
Crackers, 7 to10 cts. per lb.
Chickens, per pair, 40 to 50. cts.
Coffee, Rio, 23 cts.
Coffee, Java, 35 cts.
Coff Roasted, 20 to 23 cts.
Coffee, ground, 20 to 26 cts.
Eggs, 15 cts.
Fish, mackerel, 5 to 15 cts.
Flour, per barrel, $4.50 to $6.
Flour, per sack, $1.25 to $1.65.
Feed, chop, per 100 pounds, $1 25.
Feed, bran, per100 lbs. $1.15.
Grain, wheat per bushel, $2.
Gram, oats per bushel 40 to 45cts
Gram, corn per bushel 65 cts.
Clover seed Large, $5.25 per bushel.
Clover seed small, $5.00 per bushel.
Timothy seed, $3 00 per bushel.
Lard, 10 cts.
Hams, 14 cts.
Honey, 20 cts.
Hay, $12.
Shoulders, 8 cts,
Bacon, 13 cts.
Dried beef, 18 to 25.
Corn meal, per pound, 2 to 2½ cts.
Potatoes, new, 75 to 90 cts bush.
Rice, 8 to 10 cts.
Sugar, hard, 8 cts.
Sugar coffee, 8 cts.
Sugar, raw, 6½ cts.
Soap, 5 to 10 cts.
Salt, per barrel, $1.25.
Tea, Hyson, Gunpowder, etc., 50 cts. to 90
Tea, Japan, etc., 50 to 60 cts.
Tea, Breakfast, 40 to 80 cts.
Tallow, 3 to 5 cts.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, short weight, alumn or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street N. Y.

MARRIED

Marriage Notices Published Free

PHILLIPPI—KALER—On April 7, 1888, at the English Lutheran Parsonage, Butler, by the Rev. D. Luther Roth, Mr. John Philippi and Miss Hannah Kaler, both of the First ward, Butler.

RODGERS—KING—At the English Lutheran Parsonage, Butler, April 5, 1888, by the Rev. D. Luther Roth, Mr. John T. Rodgers, of Millerstown, and Miss Lizzie C. King, of Donegal township.

HEYL—FISHER—At the residence of the bride, North McKean street, Butler, April 5, 1888, by the Rev. D Luther Roth, Mr. Sidney A. Heyl, of Portersville, and Miss Ella B. Fisher, of Butler.

CLAY—CROWE—At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. D. B. Crowe, Brownsdale, this county, April 5, 1888, by the Rev. A. Kilpatrick, Mr. S. G. Clay and Miss Rebecca Crowe.

YOUNG—KENNEDY—At the home of the bride's parents in Summit township, Thursday, April 5, 1888, by Rev. S. H. Nesbit, Mr. William L. Young and Miss Minnie Kennedy, both of Summit township, Butler county.

BIEDERMAN—HEROLD—At Butler, Pa., April 12th, 1888, by Rev. W. E. Oller, Mr. George J. Riederman, of Butler, Pa., and Miss Carrie H. Herold, of Summit Twp.

STAMM—GORDON—At Butler, Pa., April 12th, 1888, by Rev. W. E. Oller, Mr. John H. Stamm of Prospect and Miss Mary J. Gordon of Coultersville.

DEATHS.

Announcements of deaths published free, but all communicated obituaries will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent for each word, money to accompany the order.

CROSS—In Clay township, this county, on April 9, 1888, Mrs. Mary Cross, aged over 80 years.

SEVERIN—On Saturday, April 7, 1888, at his home in Jefferson township, Mr. Henry Severin, aged about 80 years.

MERKEL—On Monday, April 9, 1888, at her home in Saxonburg, Mrs. Merkel, widow of Esq. H. Th. Merkel, aged about 80 years.

WALTERS—On Thursday, March 22, 1888, Mrs. Josephine M. Walters, wife of Henry Walters, daughter of Alexander H. Hays, and granddaughter of R. W. Hays, aged 27 years and 4 months. Residence Mt. Hope street, Butler pike, Etna, Pa.

ITS COMING

And when it gets here, everybody will rush to see it—Excitement will run high and we shall have crowded houses day and evening. What is it? Why its HECK'S 2 ENAGERIE—Its a regular Ringtailed Snorter—and when it comes look out for sky rockets and greased lightning. Its not a menagerie of ring-tailed monkeys, leopards that change their spots or wild African lions, but it will draw great crowds and will be worth seeing.

ITS A HOO-DOO

and knocks competion endwise. It never hurts a customer, but it makes competition run. They cover the ground quite rapidly when they see it, and cast their coat-tails to the breeze, leaving you in the hands of people who will give you a fair deal. Your interests are ours, and we have made arrangements for excursions during the season. An accommodation will leave Gougem every day at 7 a. m., making only two stops between Goughen and Butler. First stop, Troutown, and passengers will be allowed 5 minutes to look at the trash. That will be quite long enough to satisfy them that they must go on to HECK'S. Second stop, Swindlersville, passengers who are crazy enough to do so will be allowed to stop over at this station, the wise portion will go on to

HECK'S.

The train will arrive at Butler 8 a.m., sharp and Heck will be at the depot to receive you. Should he not, do not be led off by the little Bazzars of side shows, but make a break for the big tent, No. 11, North Main St., Duffy's Block. We blow our own horn and there is no mistaking it. We are now ready, ring the bell—beat the drum—toot the horn—let the crowd come and see our magnificent Spring Attractions. They are regular

LA-LAS

and on every point will beat anything ever shown in this city.

The quality, quantity, style and price are just what will suit you, and the assortment so large that it will dazzle you.

OUR BAND LEADS,

others try to follow us but they can't catch up. Our pace is too much for them. We are too quick.

We are boomers! We are sooners!—don't you see?
We are rollicking, jolly fellows. We are ripsoaring tip top sellers.
And when it comes to bargains we can suit you to a "T"
We are hungry for your money—do you hear?
And we try to be so funny—we are so queer.
If you think we are a honey, come and drop your money.
And we'll treat you like a sonny—all the year.

For we have got the energy and the will. We made up our mind to be the leaders in our line and the result is, "that we lead" and there it no mistake about it. Our prices tell the tale. They are always lower than the lowest and quality proves it. We make

No Rash Promises,

but prove everything we state in the papers when a customer calls at our store. If you want sterling goods for sterling cash call and see our Magnificent stock of Spring Novelties in fine clothing of all shapes styles and prices; Hats, Caps, Sockwear, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Underwear, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, Brushes, Combs, Harmonicas, Jewelery, Hammocks and Notions generally. We do not attempt a full enumeration of our goods but content ourselves with the statement that we have the largest stock, latest styles and lowest prices.

THE WORLD STANDS AGHAST

The realization of the fact that our low prices are a reality and not a fictionary legend makes everybody wonder. Ready money is the wonder worker that has enabled us to place before the public such a gorgeous display of Spring bargains and a determination to be easily satisfied and live for small profits is the reason we can sell so much cheaper than anybody else.

D. A. HECK,
Champion Clothier and Furnisher.
No. 11, North Main St., Duffy's Block,
BUTLER, - PA.

BUTLER COUNTY
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Office Cor. Main & Cunningham Sts.

G. C. ROESSING, PRESIDENT.
WM. CAMPBELL, TREASURER.
H. C. HEINEMAN, SECRETARY.

DIRECTORS:

J. I. Purvis,	Samuel Anderson,
William Campbell	J. W. Burkhart.
A. Troutman,	Henderson Oliver,
G. C. Roessing,	James Stephenson,
Dr. W. Irvin.	N. Weitzel,
J. F. Taylor.	H. C. Heineman,

LOYAL M'JUNKIN, Gen. Ag't.
BUTLER, PA.

TRIAL LIST FOR SPECIAL COURT COMMENCING MONDAY, MAY 7, 1888.

No.	Term.	Yr.	Plaintiffs' Attorney.	Plaintiffs.	Defendants.	Defendant's Attorney.
C P 627,	Jan.	1878	C. G. Christie	J. G. Stephenson	Joseph Hockenberry	Forquer and Brandon
A D 4,	Sept	1884	McQuistion and Vanderlin	J. M. Bredin, use H. Royal	Ackbor Coal Co.	A. T. Black
" 51,	"	"	McQuistion and Bredin	James Powers.	Jack McCullough et al	J. D. Marshall
" 75,	"	"	S. F. Bowser	A. M. Nicholls	German Nat.B'k Millerstown	Walker
" 56,	June	1885	P. W. Lowry	R. L. Barnes	Wm. McTaggart.	Newton Black
" 67,	Sept	"	McCandless	John Sherman et al	John Wilson	Graham, McQuistion and Lyon
" 6,	Mar	1886	Greer & Ralston	James M. Grossman	S. & A. R. R. Co.	McCandless and Thompson
" 49,	"	"	McCandless and Thompson	W. W. Dunlap et al	James Kelly, adm'r	Robinson
" 39,	Dec	"	L. Z. Mitchell	Wm. L. McGeary	W. B. Shrader et al	Campbell and Brandon
" 60,	June	1887	Newton Black	Tatty Speer	Thos. M. Thompson	Thompson & Son
" 82,	June	1887	McQuistion and Vanderlin	James F. Brown, for use	Samuel Allen et al	E. McJ., McT. and Galbreath
" 73,	Sept	1887	Newton Black	G. W. Smith,	S. A. Clark	Forquer and McPherrin
" 74,	Sept	1887	E. McJ., McJ. and Galbreath	James McGowan et al	Shenango Natural Gas Co	McQuistion
" 51,	Dec	1887	Williams & Mitchell	George Beech	Live Stock Insurance Co	McJunkin and Galbreath
" 64,	Dec	1887	Martin, McQ. and Lyon	V. B. Smith et al	Henry Adler et al	E. McJ., McJ. & G., and T. & Son
" 71,	Dec	1887	L. Mitchell and McPherrin	Abraham Wolford et al	J. H. Wolford	Bowser
" 23,	Mar	1888	McCandless and Kohler.	N. J. Criley	C. Rockenstein et ux	McQuistion and Vanderlin.
" 31,	Mar	1888	McCandless	Butler Water Co.,	The Mutual Gas Fuel Co	McQuistion and Walker
" 33,	Mar	1888	Scott	C. P. Bear	M. J. Brown	McCandless and Thompson
" 50,	Mar	1888	K. Marshall	J. W. Ekis et al	P. Golden et al	McCandless and Kohler
" 52,	Mar	1888	Greer & Ralston.	Jacob W. Rice	Borough Butler	Eastman
" 7,	June	1888	Newton Black	C. F. Kane	Peter Smick	Greer & Ralston
" 7,	June	1888	John H. Thompson	Peter Kennedy	Standard Plate Glass Co	S. Walker, Brittain & Bredin
" 12,	June	1888	Brandon and McQuistion	R. G. Gillespie et al	S. W. Crawford et al	Campbell & J. M. Thompson

Prothonotary's Office, April 9, 1888. JOHN W. BROWN, Prothonotary.

D. T. PAPE,
LEADING
MILLINERY HOUSE

Special Mourning Hats and Bonnets, Crapes and Nuns Veiling always ready for use.

No. 18, South Main Street, - - - BUTLER, PA.

DRESS GOODS FOR THE MILLION, HOSIERY.

LACES, RIBBONS, BUTTONS and TRIMMINGS.

A. Troutman & Son.

Leading Dry Goods House.

BUTLER - - - - - PENN'A.

CARPETS, MATTINGS, RUGS and OIL CLOTHS.

CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES and CURTAIN POLES.

111111111 <-> 111111111

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ORDERS BY MAIL

SEED CORN FREE

AT THE

BOOT & SHOE HOUSE

OF

JOHN BICKEL,

BUTLER, PENN'A.

I have spared no pains or money in securing for the farmers of Butler and surrounding counties a very high grade of Seed corn,

THE PRIDE OF THE WEST,

And which in the near future will be the Pride of Butler County. I want every farmer in the county to give this corn a test and I will furnish the corn free of charge to any one who may call for it. Don't hesitate about coming for it; it matters not if you are a customer of mine or not, you are welcome just the same.

"THE PRIDE OF THE WEST,"

Is a 16 rowed yellow dent ear, 9 to 11 inches in length and 1½ inches in diameter, kernels closely set, above medium size. It is a dark orange color, shading slightly to the tips, cob extra small and red. In a test in a climate similar to this 70 pounds of ears, not selected, but imperfectly dried, produced 60¾ pounds of shelled corn, and only 9¼ pounds of cobs instead of 14 lbs as is the usual proportion.

Stocks run from 7 to 8 feet and quite often bears two ears.

It originated in a climate similar to this and the yield has often been large when other corn was a failure. It makes a high, fine grade of meal for family use and is spoken of in the highest terms by first class millers. The animals' teeth are not wore and ground down while using this corn.

Try it Free of Charge.

A premium of ten dollars will be paid by me to the farmer raising the best corn from the "Pride of the West." Come and get some seed and try and win the ten dollars.

Spring Boots and Shoes

Have all arrived; styles grander than ever this year. My prices are paralyzing competition. Get their prices; come to me and I will save you big money

LOOK OUT FOR BIG AD. NEXT WEEK.

Seed corn free until planting time is over.

Yours Very Truly,

JOHN BICKEL,

22 South Main St., Butler, Pa.

THE CITIZEN

—IS THE BEST—

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

—IN—

BUTLER COUNTY.

CITIZEN

JOB

OFFICE

ALL KINDS

WORK

DONE AT

LOWEST PRICES.

Estate of Samuel Boyd, Dec'd,

LATE OF BUTLER COUNTY.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Samuel Boyd, dec'd, late of Butler county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

FIDELITY TITLE AND TRUST CO., Admr.
100 Diamond St., Pittsburg, Pa.
McPherrin & Mates, Atty's. Butler, Pa.

Estate of Frederick Siebert,

LATE OF BUTLER BOROUGH, DEC'D.

Whereas letters of Administration on the estate of Frederick Siebert, late