THE CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES--POSTAGE PREPAID:

One year	$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.40

Entered at Postoffice at Butler as 2d class matter

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1888.

Republican Primary Election.

The Republican voters of Butler County are requested to meet at their usual places of holding elections on **Saturday, April 14th, 1888**, between the hours of one and seven o'clock, P. M. of said day to vote by ballot for one person for State Senate, two persons for Assembly, one person for Jury Commissioner; two persons for Delegates to the State Convention and one person for Return Judge.

Voters will also by ballot vote their choice for one person for Congress and one person for Delegate to the National Convention.

Voters will by ballot, in the different sub-Districts of the county, vote for one person for Delegate to the congressional convention and One person for Delegate to the National Delegate convention.

The county committee left it to the option of the voters of the sub-districts whether there shall be one person for delegate to the Congressional convention and one person to the National delegate convention or whether they will elect one person to fill both places, the two conventions being held at different times.

The Sub-Districts of the county are as follows:

No 1, Allegheny and Parker townships.

No 2 Mercer, Marion and Venango townships

No 3, Slipperyrock and Worth, twps, and Centreville boro.

No. 4, Cherry and Clay twps and Sunbury borough.

No. 5, Washington and Concord twps.

No. 6. Fairview twps, Fairview, Petrolia and Karns City boroughs.

No 7, Oakland, Donegal, Clearfield twps and Millerstown borough

No. 8, Summit, Jefferson and Clinton twps, and Saxonburg boro.

No. 9, Winfield and Buffalo twps,

No. 10, Penn and Forward twps, and Bald Ridge.

No. 11, Butler twp, and Butler borough.

No. 12, Adams and Middlesex tps.

No. 13, Cranberry and Jackson tps Connoquenessing South, Zelienople and Evans City boroughs,

No 14, Connoquenessing North, Lancaster and Muddycreek tps.

No. 15, Centre, Franklin and Brady twps, and Prospect boro.

The Return Judges are to meet in convention at Butler on Monday April 16, at 1 o'clock, P M to count the votes and declare the result, and to attend to all other business that shall come before them. Said Return Judges shall constitute the County Committee for the ensuing year.

The election will be held under the rules governing primary elections. Republicans only are to participate in said election.

By order of the County Committee.

JAS. B. MATES, Chairman.

W. O. THOMPSON }
A. M. CHRISTLEY } Sec's.

—The oil market opened yesterday at 99½ and to day, Thursday, at 95½ and at noon stood at 96½.

JUST now the Presidential bee that does the most buzzing will probably gather the least honey.

REV. E. G. LUND has declined to accept the Presidency of Thiel College to which he had recently been elected.

THE Mill's tariff bill will not bring grist to the political mills of the Democrats. It grinds slowly, and can never pass Congress.

THE death sentence of King, the Clarion county convict for murder, has been commuted by Gov. Beaver to imprisonment for life.

JUDGE HENDERSON of Crawford county has refused to grant less than half of the licenses applied for in Meadville. In other towns of the county none were granted.

THE Democratic members of Congress are divided about tinkering the tariff. Exactly adapted to their present position is the old precept. "When in doubt, don't."

CLEVELAND'S message was intended to disintegrate the ranks of Republicans but instead of that, the disintegration is in the Democratic ranks. For evidence, cast your eye over the South and West.

SENATOR EDMUNDS, in the February "Harper," replies to Mr. Watterson's free trade argument, printed in the January number. Mr. Edmunds skins Mr. Watterson kindly, but he does it effectually.—*Atlanta Constitution (Dem.)*

WITH the wool growers of the United States solidly united in one association, and the wool manufacturers and dealers in another, and both these working harmoniously together to save the tariff on wool, the Free Traders will have some difficulty in carrying through their program.

SUGAR, salt, wool, wood, coal, ores, vegetables, milk, poultry, and sundry other farm products of this country, are put upon the free list by the Mills' tariff bill introduced in Congress, or the tariff upon them reduced For whose benefit? That of the foreign traders only. The poor man of Butler county would be less able to buy them under low wages and no work than at present under good wages and plenty of work.

—Democrat on tariff says, "Take off the duty on foreign goods, and the laboring man can then buy his goods, clothing, and so forth, cheaper"

Answer of laboring man, "That would be a direct damage to me, for if I do not use home made goods I destroy home makers of them, and that either throws me and others out of employment or lowers our wages to a level with that of foreigners. Besides, American goods are good enough for me. I don't want to wear foreign clothes and thus pull down wages here at home. What benefit would free trade be to me if I had no work?"

Four More States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4,—Representrtive Springer, in behalf of the majority of the Committee on Territories, has prepared a report which he will present to the House, recommending the passage of what is known as the "Omnibus" bill to enable the people of Dakota, Montana, Washington and New Mexico to form State goverments and to be admitted into the Union on an equality with the other States The report gives a statement of the population and resources of each of the proposed States

Dakota, it says, has an area of 96,596,480 acres, an estimated population in 1887 of 568,477, and a taxable property valuation of $158,084 385 Attention is called to the fact that 26,847,115 acres, comprising more than one-fourth of the entire area of the Territory, is Indian reservation land and excluded from the jurisdiction of the proposed State. The climate in the northern portion of the Territory and the character of the lands west of the Missouri river are also stated to be such as to preclude the possibility of a dense population in those regions. If, however, the Indian titles should be extinguished, and the population become so great as to make a single State government unwieldly, Congress, the report says, may provide for its division into two States. No imperative reason is seen why the Territory should be divided at the present time.

Montana, the report says, has an area of 9,016,648 acres, a population estimated to amount to 175,000 in November next, and a taxable property valuation in 1866 of $55,076 871 The Indian reservations in the Territory comprise 20,574,6-8 acres.

The area of Washington Territory is placed at 44,795 160 acres, of which 4,107 558 are Indian reservation lands: its population in November next is estimated at 160,000, and its taxable property in 1887 is given as about $56,000,000, not including rail road property. Reference is also made to its great mineral and timber resources.

The area of New Mexico is placed at 77,568,640 acres, of which 9,587,226 is comprised within Indian reservations. An official census in 1885 showed its population to be 135,141. and its taxable property in 1886 amounted to $56,000,000.

Salt and The Tariff.

A salt manufacturer writes to the Wellsburg, W. Va., *Herald*, and illustrates the effect of placing salt on the free list, as proposed by the Democrats. Here is what the correspondent of the *Herald* says:

Editor Herald:—You can buy salt at the works in the Pomeroy bend as low as 63 cents a barrel. The weight of a barrel of salt, gross, is 300 pounds; 280 pounds, net. The tariff on salt in barrels is 12 cents a hundred pounds or 36 cents a barrel by gross weight. So you see the salt manufacturer gets 36 cents worth of protection, and according to Grover Cleveland this is just this much robbery.

Therefore the salt manufacturer ought to sell a bbl of salt and furnish the barrel for 63cents less 36 cents or 27 cents. If the barrel is worth 20 cents the manufacturer should only charge 7 cents then for the salt! This proves that Cleveland is a statesman and a scholar.

My folks lost several thousands of dollars trying to manufacture salt at Pomeroy at 90 cents to $1.10 a barrel and how the 63 cent manufacturer prospers puzzles me.

To put salt on the free list is to hit West Virginia another blow below the belt. Yours Truly, A. B.

Eaten By Wolves.

MINNEWA, KAN., March 6.—A horrible story comes from Poplar Grove, a small town 30 miles southeast of Fort Totten. A farmer sent his son out on Saturday morning to clear a path to a hay stack several rods away. He had been shoveling snow for half an hour when his cries were heard in the house. The old man seized his shotgun and rushed out in time to see his boy surrounded by a pack of wolves, which were killing him. After firing both barrels without effect, he clubbed his gun and made a most desperate effort to defend himself, but he was powerless against the wolves. From the windows of the house his agorized wife and children witnessed the one-sided fight. The resistance did not last long, and then for an hour the wolves feasted upon their victims.

The woman dare not leave the house, and remained there until neighbors came Crushed, fleshless bones and clothing torn to shreds, alone showed where the battle had taken place. That part of the Territory is sparsely settled, and the people, thoroughly terrorized by the occurrence, have armed themselves.

Something About Easter.

This year Easter will fall on the 1st of April—nine days earlier than last year. The earliest possible day for Easter is the 22d of March, and it fell on that day in 1818—for the last time in about 200 years. One object in arranging the calendar moon was that Easter might never fall on the same day as the Jewish Passover. They did occur, however, in 1805 on the 14th day of April, in 1825 on the 3d day of April and will do so again in 1923 on the 1st day of April, in 1927 on the 17th of April, and in 1984 on the 18th of April, Last year Easter and the Passover were separated by but a single night The Jewish festival usually occurs in Passion week, in Lent, and never before the 25th of April. On the other hand, the Christian festival is never before the 22d of March, or after the 25th of April. In 1913 Easter will fall on the 22 of March as it did in 1845 and 1856 The last Easter occurred in 1887, on the 25th of April, and will not fall on that date again until 1943 —*Ex.*

A Democratic Novelty.

GREENSBURG, PA, March 5—Efforts are being made by the young Democratic ladies of this place for the organization of a Frances Cleveland marching club for the purpose of taking an active part in the coming Presidential election.

The club will be composed of the leading young ladies of this place and will be uniformed tastefully, each wearing a white silk badge with picture of Mrs. Cleveland engraved on it. They will be furnished with torches made especially for the occasion and will turn out at every political procession and will be drilled in the manuel of arms and march maneuvers by skilled drill-masters. Similar organizations are to be started throughout the county and may spread over the the State.

Election of District Delegates.

From Pittsburgh Com-Gazette, March 3.]

There is considerable doubt in some parts of the State as to the method which is to be pursued in electing district delegates to the National Convention. There ought not to be any misunderstanding or confusion in the matter. The delegates-at-large and their alternates from any given State are chosen at a State convention called for that purpose, while the district delegates and their alternates are chosen in the same way in which nominations for Congress are made. As the call of the National Committee expresses it: "Each Congressional district in the United States shall elect its delegates to the National Convention in the same way as a nomination for a member of Congress is made in said district."

There is only one way, then, in which district delegates to Chicago can be regularly chosen, and that is in the manner just stated State conventions have nothing whatever to do with the selection of district delegates. In the National Convention of 1884 the Committee on Rules sought to authorize the National Committee to prescribe a method for the election of delegates, provided each Congressional district should have the right to name its own delegate. This proposition was amended so as to make specific the mode of electing delegates and their alternates, and the mode is that expressed in the words used by the National Convention above quoted.

There ought to be no uncertainty as to the method of proceeding. In whatever way candidates for Congress are nominated in a given district, that is the proper method for for choosing a district delegate and alternate to Chicago, There is no restriction as to time, each district being left to decide that matter for itself. It follows, of course, that such a thing as a State delegation carrying solid instructions for any candidate will ba rare, if not impossible. Each district can instruct or not as it sees fit, and the great majority of the delegates will probably go uninstructed.

The Blair Bill--How It Passed The Senate.

In the United States Senate the Blair educational bill was passed—yeas, 39; nays, 29. Of the 39 affirmative votes, 23 were Republicans, including Messrs. Cameron and Quay, and 16 Democrats. Of the negative votes, 12 were Republicans and 17 Democrats. The measure now goes to the House.

POINTS OF THE BILL.

The bill appropriates annually for eight years the following sums to be "expended to secure the benefits of common school education to all the children of the school age living in the United States:" First year, $7,000,000; second year, $10,000,000; third year, $15,000 000; fourth year, $13,000,000; fifth year, $11,000,000; sixth year, $9,000 000; seventh year, $7 000,000; eighth year, $5,000,000 The money is to be divided among the several States and territories and the District of Columbia, and in proportion to illiteracy—the computation to be made according to the census of 1880 and (afterwards) 1890. There are to be separate schools for white and colored children.

No State or Territory is to receive money under the act until its government shall have filed with the Secretary of the Interior a statement showing the common school system in force in the State, the amount of money expended during the preceding school year for the support of common schools, the number of white and colored children between the ages of ten and twenty-two, the number of schools in operation, the average attendance of scholars, &c. No amount is to be paid to any State or Territory in any year greater than the amount expended out of its own revenues in the preceding year for the maintenance of common schools. No part of the fund is to be used for the erection or rent of school buildings, but an additional fund of $2,000,000 is to be allotted in the first year for school houses (either for construction or renting) in sparsely populated districts—not more than $15,000 for each building.

SENATOR BLAIR IN TEARS.

When the vote was finally announced the galleries shook with applause, while the tears started to Senator Blair's eyes and slowly trickled down his cheeks. He had been completely wrapped up in this project and the relief of securing its passage by the Senate after a three months' fight was very great. From such sentiment as can be gathered it seems doubtful whether the bill can get through the House during the present Congress.

The Glass Schedule.

Among the Pennsylvania members, says an exchange, the sentiment against the Mill's Tariff bill extends from the Republicans pretty thoroughly among the Democrats. Mr. Scott is for it, of course, for the political strategy in it is largely of his recommending Norman Hall, however, from the district adjoining, is very doubtful about his ability to stand by it, and, though objecting to taking ground directly against his party, he says this evening that he cannot vote for the bill. Mr. Dalzell, of course, is opposed to it, not only on account of its iron and glass schedules, but in general on account of its undoubted bad effect on every industry it touches. He said this evening that he had not studied it enough to give any intelligent criticism of its provisions, but that it seemed to him to be illogical, badly arranged and scaled, and without any redeeming features whatever in the way of equalizing duties and removing alleged inequalities

Col. Bayne had only studied the glass schedule, but he thought it was sufficient to condemn the bill. They injured the trade so badly that it could not recover if the bill were passed, but he thought that there need be no apprehensions on that account.

Land For Americans.

Col. Jackson, member of Congress for this district, introduced a bill in Congress recently to reduce the amount of public land that may be entered for a homestead to 80 acres, and to allow none but citizens of the United States to acquire title to public land under the homestead law or otherwise. Mr. Jackson holds that the quantity of good agricultural land now owned by the United States is so small and that the number of citizens who do not own any land are great that 80 acres is as much as should be given one person. Mr. Jackson thinks also that denying the aliens the benefit of the public land law will take away one of the strong arguments which contractors have to induce pauper laborers to come here from foreign countries under contract. —*Ex.*

ANNOUNCEMNETS.

FOR CONGRESS.

NEWTON BLACK,
of Butler, Pa.

FOR STATE SENATE,

DR. J. B. SHOWALTER,
Of Millerstown.

R. P. SCOTT, ESQ,
Of Butler.

DR. WILLIAM IRVINE,
Of Evans City.

SIMEON NIXON,
Of (Nixon's Home) Butler, Pa.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

C. M. BROWN,
Of Harrisville.

JOS. THOMAS, JR,
Of Karns City,

R. I, BOGGS,
of Zelienople.

JOSIAH M. THOMPSON,
Of Brady twp.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

HENRY W. NICHOLAS,
of Butler twp

J. M. WICK,
Of Butler township,

CLINTON B. CONWAY,
Washington twp.

JACOB NEELY,
Of Franklin twp

SAMUEL M. LOVE,
Of Clinton twp.

JOHN WATTERS,
Of Evans City.

W. F. CAMPBELL.
Of Fairview twp.

FOR DELEGATE TO NATIONAL CONVENTION

J. H. NEGLEY, ESQ.,
Of Butler.

W. C. THOMPSON, ESQ.,
Of Butler.

FOR DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION.

THOMAS ROBINSON,
Of Butler.

LOYAL S. McJUNKIN,
of Butler, Pa.

REUBEN SHANOR,
Of Prospect.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Clinton Township Items.

Mr. Stephen Hemphill is seriously ill with congestion of the brain and pleuro-pneumonia.

Mrs. Maria Love, wife of Obodiah Love was buried last Monday.

Mr. Samuel Snyder, the Lardintown merchant, disposed of his goods at public sale on March first, He and his son Alfred intend moving to Glade Mills in the spring, where they will be engaged in the wagon making business. His melodious voice will no longer be heard in the hollow.

Our schools are in a very prosperous condition Profs. Corliss and Bricker of Leasureville have been taking some very fine photos of our schools, especially of No. 2 where our honorable board of directors was included in the group. Any one wishing a photo of our honorable board will address M. N Greer, Riddle's X Roads.

At the late election Mr. S. M. Love and Mr E Westerman were ties for school directors Being morally opposed to lotteries and refusing to decide the tie, they both withdrew, which will leave the vacancy to be filled in the spring,

Prof. Nat. Sefton has been giving a series of very instructive and entertaining exhibitions in the western part of the county. The Professor is very popular among the lady teachers.

Mr. A. T. Peters. having been elected constable of the the township has quit the fur business on account of the pressing legal duties of his position. TOPSY and TURVY.

In Memoriam.

We the members of the Home Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church of Butler, Pa, desire to place on record this tribute to the memory of Mrs. Julia Lyon.

Resolved That while we bow in humble submission to God's will—we as a Society feel that in her death we have been deprived of a helper in the cause of Missions.

Resolved. That we as Christian workers learn from her sudden death the great importance of immediate and constant and most earnest work in our Master's service, "For in such an hour as ye think not the Son of Man cometh."

Resolved. That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved husband and dear children and commend them to the grace and care of our God, praying that his promises may sustain and comfort them and that this bereavement may be sanctified to their good.

MRS. LOUISA M. SHAW.
MRS ELLA D. OLLER

A Card.

We the undersigned board of school directors of Butler township did not discharge R. J. Marshall, teacher of Sandy Hollow school, as was stated Feb 17 He resigned on account of being sick for some time, and not knowing how soon he would be able to teach, and we recommend him to any board of directors to be a competent teacher. Signed by the board of directors.

JOHN J MANNY.
W. D WALKER.
GEO BAUER.
P. SNYDER
WM. BRYSON.
JOHN P. FORCHT.

Remonstrate! Remonstrate!!

DEAR SISTERS:—As a county Union we are now face to face with another License Court. The Petitions are in; and the Remonstrances are ready.

Not one of us can say "It does not concern me" and each is responsible for her own signature and as many others as she can secure. I wish you could all read the last year's annual Report of Mrs. H. W. Palmer, State Supt. of Legal Work, a part of which was quoted in the late number of the *Union Signal*

Speaking of remonstrating Mrs. Palmer says, "We go on record that we will not live in a community where such things are tolerated and be silent, and we not only put ourselves on record but we make others put themselves also on record—we make Judges standing in high places, standing in bold relief against a background of law, that can be construed to serve the Lord or the devil. We force them to put themselves on record for future generations to read. Do not tell me it is time wasted, even if every remonstrance in your county fails. I have no patience with that weak spirit that cannot rise high enough to compass the length and breadth of this uprising, and who is exalted or depressed by the success or failure of her immediate point of work!"

The fact that our remonstrances did not prevail last year does not now relieve any one from the responsibility of entering an individual protest against the granting of licenses.

Those who do not sign the remonstrances throw their influence on the other side, and to the extent of that influence, incur the responsibility of of the result. Every name counts one. See that yours is counted.

S. M. McKEE.

General Sheridan Will Not Accept.

The following interview with General Sheridan sets at rest all connection of the General's name with the Presidential nomination. The reporter of the associated press on Sunday evening, said to the General: "Of course, General, you have noticed that there has been considerable mention of you during the past few weeks as a possible or probable candidate for the Presidency next autumn.

General Sheridan—Yes, I have noticed it, but have never looked upon those newspaper articles as anything more than the usual shooting around in the woods, which has once or twice before, in Presidential years, brought my name up in that connection.

But, General, the talk is more serious this time, and there appears to be something like a concerted movement to bring about your nomination.

General S.—Well, I know nothing more about this alleged "boom" than what I have read in the papers, except that now and then some friend has twitted me about becoming a candidate But, if the matter is really now discussed seriously, it is time that all parties concerned should be informed that they are wasting their breath.

I have never had the Presidential bee in my bonnet, and I dont intend to have it, for there is nothing that would induce me to leave the profession in which nearly forty years of my life have been spent to enter upon a civil career. So all talk about my being a candidate may as well end.

"But suppose the Republican Convention should—"

General Sheridan—"Nominate me? I would not accept But there is not the slightest probability of my being nominated; and, in any event, I would not accept No! under no circumstances! I do not want that or any other civil office.

Pardon Board.

HARRISBURG, PA., March 4—Among the decisions at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Pardons was the granting of a rehearing in the case of Milton Weston, of Chicago, now serving a sentence in the Western Penitentiary for manslaughter, for which crime he was convicted in Allegheny county. The case will likely come before the Board at its next meeting on the 30th inst. It is the belief of many that Weston will be pardoned. In the case of David L King, the Clarion county murderer, sentence will be commuted to imprisonment for life. The board refused to interfere with the sentence of Samuel Johnson, the murderer of Farmer Sharpless, in Delaware county, and he will be executed on 15th inst.

—Mr. R. J. Turk, of Buttercup. this county, is the agent for and is securing many subscribers for a very finely illustrated work, entitled, "The Beautiful Story, a Companion Book to the Holy Bible." It is an interesting book, designed to increase an interest in the study of the Bible, and was partly edited by the Rev. T De Witt Talmage. It is worth having by all.

—Hon Jonathan E Meredith, died at his residence in Kittanning, Pa, on the 7th inst in the 77th year of his age He was the father of the present State Senator from this Senate district, William B. Meredith.

MARRIED

Marriage Notices Published Free.

BARNHART—KNAUSE—Feb 28, 1888, by Rev. John S. McKee, Mr Wm. H. Barnhart and Miss Annie B. Knause, both of Summit tp this county.

LUTZ—BAUDER—By Rev. C. Scheel, Feb. 22, 1888, Mr. John G. Lutz, of Lancaster tp, and Miss Lizzie A. Bauder of Muddycreek tp. this county,

DEATHS.

Announcements of deaths published free, but all communicated obituaries will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent for each word, money to accompany the order.

HENSHEW—Tuesday, March 6, 1888, at her home in Butler, Mrs. Henshew, wife of David Henshew, aged about 80 years.

CRAWFORD—At Crawford's Corners, Feb. 24, 1888, Mrs. Barbara Ellen, wife of John P. Crawford, aged 66 years.

LOVE—On Saturday, Feb. 25, 1888, Maria Harvey Love, wife of Obediah Love, of Clinton tp, aged about 40 years.

GEARING—In Cranberry tp. this county, Feb. 12, 1888. Louisa Gearing, daughter of Mr. George Gearing, in the 34th year of her age.

MURRAY—In Cranberry tp. this county, Feb. 21, 1888. Mrs. Agnes Murray, in the 22d year of her age.

CROOKSHANK—At his home in Winfield tp, this county, Saturday evening, March 3, 1888, Mr. William Crookshank, aged about 75 years.

Mr. Crookshank was one of the old residents of our county, was a good citizen and a man much respected by his neighbors and all who knew him.

ROBB—On Sunday, March 4, 1888, Sarah Christy Robb, wife of Isaac Robb, Esq. of Oakland tp this county, aged 79 years, 3 months and 20 days.

Mrs. Robb was a daughter of John Christy Esq, dec'd, and was a woman respected by all who knew her. Her surviving husband and children have the sympathy of all their friends and acquaintances.

(Greensburg Pa. papers please copy.)

DUFFY—Tuesday evening, March 6, 1888, at her home in Pittsburg, Mrs. Sarah Duffy, in her 87th year.

SOLD BY EVERY DRUGGIST IN BUTLER

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Me.

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LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Estate of Robert Patton, Dec'd.

LATE OF FAIRVIEW BOROUGH.

Letters of administration on the estate of Robert Patton, dec'd, late of the borough of Fairview, Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

R. P. SCOTT, Att'y. M. S. RAY, Adm'r,
Baldwin P. O., Butler Co., Pa.

Estate of Valentine Stock, dec'd

LATE OF BUTLER, PA.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Valentine Stock, dec'd. late of Butler, Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

C. STOCK, Ex'r,
Butler, Pa.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between George McJunkin and Edward Wiegand, of Butler, contractors and builders, was dissolved by mutual consent on February 13, 1888.

All accounts and books are in the hands of George McJunkin for settlement and collection.

GEORGE MCJUNKIN,
EDWARD WIEGAND.

Butler, Feb. 13, 1888.

Estate of E. C. McCurdy.

LATE OF BUFFALO TWP. DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mr. E. C. McCurdy, late of Buffalo tp, Butler, county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

S. W. MCCURDY, Adm'r.
Crafton, P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

Estate of William Hetselgesser,

LATE OF WINFIELD TP., DEC'D.

Letters testamentary having been duly issued to me on the estate of William Hetselgesser, dec'd, late of Winfield tp., Butler county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EARL HETSELGESSER, Ex'r.
Leasureville, P. O., Butler county, Pa.

S. F. Bowser, Att'y.

Estate of Isaac P. Ash,

LATE OF FORWARD TWP. DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Isaac P. Ash, dec'd, late of Forward twp., Butler county, Pa., having been granted to us, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

EZRA LIKEN } Ex'rs
MARY A. GRAHAM }
Evans City, Pa.

Estate of Robert Riddle,

LATE OF CLINTON TWP.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Robert Riddle, dec'd, late of Clinton twp., Butler Co., Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN H. PETERS, } Ex'rs.
J. B. CUNNINGHAM }
Riddle X Roads, P. O., Butler Co., Pa

Estate of Samuel Boyd, Dec'd,

LATE OF BUTLER COUNTY.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Samuel Boyd, dec'd, late of Butler county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

FIDELITY TITLE AND TRUST CO., Admr.
100 Diamond St., Pittsburg, Pa.

McPherrin & Mates, Atty's. Butler, Pa.

Applications for License.

The following applications for licenses to sell intoxicating liquors has been filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions Court of Butler county, Pa., and will be presented at a Court of Quarter Sessions to be held in Butler, Butler county, Pa., in and for said county, on Wednesday, March 21, A. D. 1888, that being the time fixed by the said Court for hearing such applications.

TAVERN LICENSE.

Name of applicant.	Residence.	Place for which application is made.
Henry Eitenmiller;	3d ward, Butler,	3d ward, Butler.
Geo. W. Campbell;	" "	" "
John F. Lowry;	2d ward Butler,	2d ward Butler
Wm. H. Reiching;	" "	" "
Samuel Mulholland	Saxonburg boro;	Saxonburg boro.
Charles Weitzel;	"	"
Francis Laube, Jr;	"	"
Frederick Strohecker;	Zelienople boro,	Zelienople boro.
Charles Stokey;	"	"
C M Burnett;	Petrolia boro:	Petrolia boro.
Wm H. King;	"	"
Wm. H. Jellison;	"	"
John Dolan.	Millerstown boro;	Millerstown boro.
John A. Harding;	"	"
B. J. Forquer;	"	"
Augustus Hoch & Adolphus A. Hoch;	"	"
Joseph Graham;	St Joe, Donegal twp.;	St. Joe, Donegal twp.
William Lauderer;	Middle Lancaster, Lancaster twp.;	Middle Lancaster, Lancaster twp.
David Stewart;	Renfrew, Penn twp.;	Renfrew Penn twp.
Jacob Feidler;	Harmony boro;	Harmony boro.
Samuel Beam;	"	"
Henry W. Stalker;	Evansburg boro;	Evansburg boro.
John N. Miller;	"	"
John W. Lawall,	Saxon Station, Winfield twp.;	Saxon Station, Winfield twp.
Patrick Shields & Michael Shields;	Great Belt, Jefferson twp.;	Great Belt, Jefferson twp

WHOLESALE LICENSE.

Name of applicant.	Residence.	Place for which application is made.
George Reiber; and	3d ward Butler boro;	2d ward Butler boro.
Jacob Reiber;	2d ward Butler boro.;	2d ward Butler boro.
Thomas E. Gamble;	2d ward Butler boro.;	2d ward Butler boro.
Thomas E. Gamble;	"	"
George Stahl, as a distiller and manufacturer,	Zelienople boro;	Zelienople boro.

REUBEN MCELVAIN,
Clerk of Quarter Sessions Court.

Butler, Pa., Feb. 29, 1888.

BUY YOUR HOMES

United Security Life Insurance and Trust Co., of Pa.

Money to Buy Homes.

Monthly dues not more than a fair rent. Payments decrease yearly. In event of death prior to completion of payments, balance of encumbrance canceled.

Money to Loan.

Real estate bought and sold on commission. Wanted houses to rent and rents collected.

L. G. LINN,
No. 38 South Main St.,
Butler, Pa.
[Over Linn's Drug Store.

FOR SALE

A large frame boarding house, good location and doing large business. Terms easy. For further particulars inquire of

L. S. McJUNKIN, 17 E. Jefferson St.,
Butler, Pa.

2-29,tf

ADVERTISERS or others, who wish to examine this paper, or obtain estimates on advertising space when in Chicago, will find it on file at 45 to 49 Randolph St., the Advertising Agency of **LORD & THOMAS.**

TRIAL LIST FOR SPECIAL COURT COMMENCING MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1888.

No.	Term.	Yr.	Plaintiffs' Attorney.	Plaintiffs.	Defendants.	Defendant's Attorney.
A D	70 June,	1887	S F Bowser	Z T Ammick	Kate Burk	L Z Mitchell
F I D	2 Dec,	1887	R P Scott	Laura McGrew et al	Hays Bros	McBride and Bowser
A D	26 Sept,	1887	McQuistion and Lusk	Samu'l L Riddle, Sr	John M Armstrong	Greer & Ralston
"	67 Sept,	1885	McCandless	John Sherman, et al	John Wilson	Graham, McQ & Lyon
"	31 Mar,	1886	"	Miller Hutchison	Abram Martin	Thompson & Son
"	18 Dec,	1886	Greer & Ralston	Fred'k K Marterer	Albert Aderhold, et al	J M Thompson & Brittain
"	50 Dec,	1886	Thompson & S. and Lowry	D W Barnhart	Clarence Campbell	McC, McJ & G
"	19 June,	1887	E McJ. and Campbell	George Reiber	Jacob Boos, et al	Walker T & S
"	18 Sept,	1887	J M Thompson and Brittain	Sarah Brell,	Anna Rape	McJ & Galbreath
"	19 "	1887	"	Same	William Rape	"
"	57 "	1887	L Z Mitchell	John Q A Kennedy	J J Irvin, et al	McQuistion
"	62 "	1887	McCandless	Martha Marshall	A S Marshall	Vanderlin & McQ.
"	61 Dec,	1887	Bowser	F B Goldinger	Asa A J Campbell	Scott
"	68 Dec,	1887	"	Mary Jane Conway	Cornelius Gormley	Kohler
"	23 Mar,	1888	McCandless and Kohler	Nicholas Criley	Casper Rockenstein, et ux	McQ & Vanderlin
"	27 "	1888	Greer & Ralston	Wm McConnell, et al	Isaiah Wigton, et al	McCandless
"	28 "	1888	Marshall and Thompson	Bott & Story	J C Sabine, et al	McCandless & Forquer
"	31 "	1888	McCandless	Butler water Co	Mutual Gas Fuel Co	McQ & Walker
"	33 "	1888	Scott	P C Bell	M J Brown	McCandless
"	37 "	1888	Bowser	Charles Baughman	John G Lensner, Ex'r	McQ & Lyon

Prothonotary's Office, March 5, 1888.

JOHN W. BROWN, Prothonotary.

JACOB BOOS,

DEALER IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

FLOUR, FEED, HAY AND ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

We are now in our new store-room on S Main St., and have the room to accommodate our large stock of groceries, flour, etc., and have built a large ware-house to accommodate our stock of feed.

We pay the highest cash price for potatoes and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Jacob Boos, 105 S. MAIN STREET,
Butler, Pa.

Special Bargain Sale of

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS

For 30 Days the Greatest Sale on Record

AT BICKEL'S.

Boots and Shoes at Half Price

While visiting the Eastern Shoe Market I met a firm that was closing out their entire business, and having on hand a line Boots and Shoes which they offered at a great sacrifice, as they had to give possession of the room they occupied by March 1st. I had already bought an immense stock of Spring Goods and ordered them shipped by April 1st, but the offer they made me was so tempting that I could not resist it. I took the goods and had them shipped at once. They have arrived and are now open for your inspection. Sharp cash buyers, I want to urge you to visit my house as soon as possible and take advantage of one of the greatest sales ever inaugurated in Butler county. Remember, Five Thousand Dollars worth of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers at half price, and even less on some goods. They must all be sold by April 1st to make room for my Spring Goods, which will arrive at that time. If you want any Boots, Shoes or Rubbers at your own price don't miss this sale.

Read these Remarkable Prices:

Mens' Fine Shoes, Button, Bals and Congress worth $2.50, selling at $1.50.
Mens' Fine Calf Boots worth $3.00, selling for $1.90.
Mens' Every day Boots worth $2.50 to $3.50 selling now from $1.75 to $2.00.
Mens' Every day Shoes worth $1.50 to $2 00 selling now for $1.00.
Boys' Fine Shoes, Button, Bal or Congress, worth $2.00, selling now for $1.40.
Boys' Fine Shoes worth $1.50 selling now for $1.00.

THIS SALE MUST AND WILL BE A SUCCESS.

Ladies' Fine Button Shoes worth $1.75 selling now for $1.00.
Ladies' Fine Button Kid Shoes worth $2.00 selling now for $1.25.
Ladies' Fine Hand Turned Shoes worth $3.50 selling now for $2.00.
Ladies' Fine Serge, Congress and Lace, Shoes worth $1.00 selling now for 65 cents.
Ladies' Warm Shoes and Slippers worth $1 25 selling now for 50 cents.
Ladies' Fine Opera Toe Slippers worth $1.25 selling now for 60 cents.
Ladies' Every Day Shoes worth $1.25 to $2.00 selling now from 75 cents to $1.00.

These Prices are Stunners to Competition.

Misses' Fine Button Shoes	worth	$1 50	selling for	$1
Misses' Fine Kid But. Shoes	"	1 75	" at	$1 25
Misses' Fine Calf " "	"	1.65	" at	1 00
Misses' " Lace "	"	1.00	" at	50 to 75c
Child's Fine Button Shoes	"	1 00	" at	50 cents
Child's every day shoes	worth	75c to $1	" at	20 to 40c

100 DOZEN BABY SHOES ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.

This is the largest purchase of Baby Shoes ever made by any retail dealer in Western Pennsylvania. They are elegant goods. All Button in Pebble Goat, Cur. Kid, Glove Kid with Patent Leather foxing—worth from 50 to 60 cents a pair,

But They Must Go for 25 cents a Pair.

The only way in which this sale can be appreciated is to attend it and reap some benefit of it. It is an immense lot of Boots and Shoes to force on to the market in 30 days, but remember you can buy shoes at your own price, and if you are not in need of any goods for immediate use you had better buy some for the future, for it is altogether likely that you will never live to witness Boots and Shoes sold as cheap as they are being sold at my store during the month of March.

Mens' Rubber Boots. Boston make $2 00 a pair.
Boys' Rubber Boots Boston make $1.50 a pair
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Boston make 1 00.
Ladies' Rubbers, all kinds, 25 cents.
Mens' Rubbers, all kinds, 50 cents.

All goods are warranted to be perfect in every particular. Money cheerfully refunded in case goods do not suit.

Mens' Fine Shoes Made to Order

Special attention is given to this branch of business and satisfaction is guaranteed. I carry a large line of shop made shoes and in case you cannot wait to have a pair made I can fit you out of stock. I also have a large stock of Men's Kip Boots cut from the best leather in the market, made box toe and plain, extra long legs—just the thing for the oil trade. Prices very reasonable.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS IN RUBBER AND LEATHER.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

BLACKSMITHS APRONS in CALF and SHEEPSKIN.

Special Do not let inclement weather or anything else keep you from attending this remarkable sale.
The bargains offered are beyond description and can never be duplicated.

SALE TO CONTINUE EVERY DAY THIS MONTH

And everybody is invited. No trouble to show goods.

Yours Very Truly,

JOHN BICKEL,

22 South Main St., Butler, Pa.

BUTLER MARKETS.

The following are the selling prices of merchants of this place:

Apples, per bushel, 90
Butter, per pound, 30 to 28 cts.
Beans, per qt. 8 to 10cts.
Cabbage, new, 7 to 12 cts.
Candles, mold, 14 to 15. cts.
Carbon oil, 10 to 15 cts.
Cheese, 12 to 18 cts per lb.
Crackers, 7 to 10 cts. per lb.
Chickens, per pair, 40 to 50. cts.
Coffee, Rio, 25 cts.
Coffee, Java, 35 cts.
Coff Roasted, 25 to 30 cts.
Coffee, ground, 20 to 26 cts.
Eggs, 15 cts.
Fish, mackerel, 5 to 15 cts.
Flour, per barrel, $4.50 to $6.
Flour, per sack, $1.25 to $1.65.
Feed, chop, per 100 pounds, $1 25.
Feed, bran, per 100 lbs. $1.15.
Grain, wheat per bushel, 90.
Grain, oats per bushel 40 to 45cts
Grain, corn per bushel 65 cts.
Clover seed Large, $5.75 per bushel.
Clover seed small, $5.00 per bushel.
Timothy seed, $3 10 per bushel.
Lard, 10 cts.
Hams, 14 cts.
Honey, 20 cts.
Hay, $12.
Shoulders, 10 cts.
Bacon, 13 cts.
Dried beef, 18 to 25.
Corn meal, per pound, 2 cts.
Potatoes, new, 60 to 75 cts bush.
Rice, 8 to 10 cts.
Sugar, hard, 8 cts.
Sugar coffee, 7 cts.
Sugar, raw, 6½ cts.
Soap, 5 to 10 cts.
Salt, per barrel, $1.25.
Tea, Hyson, Gunpowder, etc., 50 cts. to 90
Tea, Japan, etc., 50 to 60 cts.
Tea, Breakfast, 40 to 80 cts.
Tallow, 8 cts.
Buckwheat Flour, 2.80 cts. per cwt.
Turnips, 50 cts. per bu.
Sweet Potatoes, 50 cts. per pk.
Cranberries, 15 cts. per qt.

$100 a month and expenses! We actually pay this to our salesmen. OUTFIT FREE. Can start you at once. Send for terms to

J. AUSTIN SHAW, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y

Jury List for April, 1888.

List of Jurors drawn to serve in a special term of Court commencing the first Monday of April, 1888, being the 2d day:

Anderson C E, Butler boro 2d ward, clerk.
Alland Wm, Butler boro 3d ward, merchant.
Black Joshua T, Marion twp, farmer.
Bickett Harvey, Clinton twp, farmer.
Beatty J L, Washington twp, farmer.
Bovard J E Parker twp, farmer.
Beatty James A, Oakland twp, farmer.
Basler Wm, Zelienople, clerk.
Campbell Clarence, Concord twp, farmer.
Cochran L M, Butler boro 2d ward, clerk.
Crawford D A, Donegal twp, farmer.
Cockane David J, Mercer twp, farmer.
Cockane Thos J, Mercer twp, farmer.
Campbell W H H, Venango twp, carpenter.
Caldwell David, Oakland twp, farmer.
Dunlap James Butler boro 2d ward, surveyor.
Dugan James, Marion twp, farmer.
Davidson James Sr, Adams twp, farmer.
Grenwood Wm, Clearfield twp, farmer.
Gribben Jas, Middlesex twp, farmer.
Grossman N S, Franklin twp, farmer.
Gamble W E, Allegheny twp, farmer.
Hockenberry Calvin, Cherry twp S, farmer.
Henchberger Christ, Summit twp, farmer.
Knox E, Jackson twp, blacksmith.
Kirker W J, Lancaster twp, farmer.
Kesselman Wm, Butler boro 1st ward, machinist
McClymonds Weller, Muddycreek twp, farmer.
McDevitt James, Clearfield twp, farmer.
McCurdy John, Butler boro 1st ward, carpenter.
McGarvey Mathew, Washington twp S, farmer.
McMichael James, Millerstown boro, agent.
Nicholas Henry, Butler twp, farmer.
Pisor Wm, Worth twp, farmer.
Price Jonathan, Lancaster twp, farmer.
Patterson T J, Worth twp, farmer.
Reiber Henry, Butler boro 2d ward, merchant.
Russell Samuel, Concord twp, farmer.
Russell W G, Fairview twp, teacher.
Rattigan P A, Millerstown boro, editor.
Rider George, Center twp, farmer.
Ryan Jacob, Adams twp, farmer.
Smith Samuel, Washington twp farmer.
Starr Herman, Middlesex twp, farmer.
Sullivan J M, Butler boro 2d ward, gent.
Schenck Leonard, Butler boro 3d ward, shoemaker.
Shieve Jacob, Connoquenessing twp N, farmer.
Swain W G, Jackson twp W, farmer.
Turner W H, Concord twp, teacher.
Vastler V C, Worth twp, farmer.
Waldron Fred, Forward twp, farmer.
Weigle Fred, Prospect, carpenter.
Wilson John, Venango twp, huckster.
Young Burt, Baldridge, merchant.

The Best Place to secure a thorough Business Education, or become an Expert Shorthand and Type Writer, or prepare to teach Spencerian Penmanship, is at the Spencerian Business College, Cleveland, O. Illustrated Catalogue free.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

WEST PENN R. R.

On and after Monday, Nov. 14, 1887, trains will leave Butler as follows:

MARKET at 6:15 a. m., arriving at Allegheny at 9:00 a. m.; connects east for Blairsville.

EXPRESS at 8:25 a. m., arriving at Allegheny at 10:20 a. m.; does not connect for the east.

MAIL at 2:40 p. m., and goes through to Allegheny, arriving there at 4:50 p. m.; connects east.

ACCOMMODATION at 4:35 p. m., and connects at the Junction with Freeport Accommodation, arriving at Allegheny at 7:26 m., and connects east as far as Apollo.

Trains connecting for Butler leave Allegheny at 7:15 a.m., 3:15 p. m. and 5:30 p. m.

Trains arrive at Butler at 10:20 a. m. and 5:05 and 7:45 p. m.

S. & A. R. R.

On and after Monday, Oct. 24, 1887, trains will leave Butler as follows.

Corrected to fast time, 1 hour faster than schedule time.

Trains leave Butler for Greenville from the Pittsburgh and Western depot at 6:45 and 10:30 a. m. and 4:40 p. m. Trains leaving the P. & W. depot in Allegheny city 8:20 a. m. and 2:40 p. m. fast time connect at Butler with trains on the S. & A.

Trains arrive at Butler from Greenville, fast time 10:10 a. m. and 12:40 2:35 and 9:25 p. m., and connect with trains on the P. & W. arriving at Allegheny at 12:20 a. m. and 2:55 5:00 p. m., fast time. The train arriving at 9:25 does not connect for Allegheny.

Trains leave Hilliards at 5:45, and 11:00 a. m., slow time, and arrive at 9:20 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. Both trains connect at Branchton for Butler and Greenville.

P. & W. R. R.

On and after Monday, Oct. 24, 1887, trains will leave Butler as follows:

Corrected to fast time, one hour faster than schedule time.

Trains leave Butler for Allegheny City at 6:15, 8:18, & 10:30 a. m. & 12:45 p. m. & 2:50 & 6:20 p.m. A train connecting for New Castle and the West leaves Butler at 12:45 p. m. and arrives at Chicago at 6:00 a. m. next morning.

Trains arrive from Allegheny at 9:10 and 10:21 a. m. and 12:30, 4:40, 7:55 and 9:30 p. m.

Trains leave Butler for Foxburg and the North at 10:21 a. m. and 4:40 and 7:55 p. m. Trains arrive at Butler from the north at 8:18 and 10:30 a. m. and 6:20 p. m.

On Sunday trains leave Butler for Allegheny at 8:43 a. m. and 6:20 p. m., and for the West at 1:45 p. m., and arrive from Allegheny at 10:21 and 3:35 p m, and from the West at 7.55. A train arrives from the North at 8:43a m. and departs at 7:55. p.m.

Trains leave Allegheny for Butler at 7:00, 8:20 and 10:20 a. m. and 2:40, 5:40 and 6:40 p. m., fast time.

Trains leaving Butler at 8:18 a. m and 12:10 p. m. make close connections at Callery for the West, and the 2:50 train connects, but not closely.

Trains arrive at Allegheny at 8:10, 10:30 a.m. and 12:25, 2:55, 5:00 and 8:23 p.m.

THE CITIZEN

—IS THE BEST—

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

—IN—

BUTLER COUNTY.

CITIZEN

JOB

OFFICE

ALL KINDS

—OF—

WORK

DONE AT

LOWEST PRICES