THE CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROPRIETORS.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES--POSTAGE PREPAID:

One year	$1.50
Six months	.75
Three months	.40

Entered at Postoffice at Butler as 2d class matter

FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1888.

Republican County Committee.

There will be a meeting of the Butler County Republican Committee in Butler on Saturday, Jan. 28, 1888, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of acting on the recommendations of the committee which was appointed to devise means of nominating Congressmen in this district, and if the report of the committee is adopted, for the purpose of apportioning the county into fifteen districts in which delegates are to be elected to the Congressional and National committee conferences; also to adopt a set of rules and regulations for the government of Republican Primaries in Butler county and to set a date or dates for holding the Republican Primaries this year.

JAMES B. MATES,
A. M CHRISTLEY, Chairman.
W. C. THOMPSON,
Sec'ys.

THE oil market shows a slight decline for some days past. On Wednesday it opened here at 87 cents and this, Thursday, morning at 88¾ cents.

THE Republicans of Allegheny County will hold their primaries on April 7, for the election of State delegates to the State Convention that meets in Harrisburg on April 25 They will also hold a second primary, on May 26, for the nomination of their County ticket.

THE official vote of the late state election as computed at Harrisburg on Tuesday last, gave Hart, Republican for State Treasurer, a majority of 45,205. The total Prohibition vote was 18,531, and the Greenback-Labor vote was 8,902.

CHAIRMEN of Republican County Committees and all others interested should bear in mind that delegates to National Conventions must be selected in the same manner that Congressmen are nominated. Therefore is the importance of first determining in each new Congressional district how candidates for Congress are to be nominated, as in the same way must the delegates to the Chicago Convention be chosen, and this under the rules recently laid down by the Republican National Committee.

BY the call in another place it will be seen the Republican County Committee will meet on Saturday week, January 28, for the purpose of ratifying or rejecting the new method proposed for the nominating of candidates for Congress in this district. If the Committee approve the new method then it will be necessary for the Committee to apportion the county off into 15 sub districts, for the election of delegates, in the same, as provided by new mode of nominating. The Committee will also have the fixing of the Primaries for this year, and saying whether there shall be one or two of the same. Various other matters of interest will likely come before the Committee on the 28th.

IN WHAT is known as the "baby case," in which the Monks and Harbison families are parties, we understand the Supreme Court, sitting at Philadelphia, has refused to interfere for the release of the parties now in the county jail, The record of the proceedings before the Supreme Court has not been received here as yet, and hence it cannot be stated at present just what that Court has ordered or directed in the case. Had the application to them been granted the effect would have been the admitting of the parties in prison to bail until the Supreme Court met at Pittsburg in November next, when the whole case would have been reviewed. When the record is received from Philadelphia a better knowledge of the matter will become known.

A Big Gun.

Pittsburgh has the credit of casting for the Government a steel gun, made of "special refined Bessemer steel," and weighing 5½ tons. It is over 22 feet in length, with largest diameter 23 inches, muzzle 10 inches, and bore 6 inches at mouth and 7½ at powder chamber. It is the first solid steel gun cast in Pittsburg. Heretofore such large guns were constructed on the "built up" process, or in sections of coils and spring This new experiment, of solid construction in gunnery, is pronounced a great success and is a great credit to Pittsburgh. It was constructed by the Steel Casting Company of that city.

Lamar Confirmed.

Lucius Quintus Curtius Lamar, of Mississippi, and late Secretary of the Interior Department under President Cleveland, has been confirmed by the U. S. Senate as a Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States, to which office the President had nominated him. There were some reasons that made Mr. Lamar very objectionable to all Republicans and his case while pending in the Senate for confirmation attracted a great deal of attention. He was finally confirmed on Monday last by the close vote of 32 for to 28 against, three Republicans, one from Virginia, one from California and one from Nevada, voting for him. The two Senators from this State, Messrs. Cameron and Quay, we are pleased to see recorded their votes against his confirmation.

—The report that Robert Barron, Esq. of Worth Tp, was suddenly stricken with paralysis turns out to be incorrect. He suffered some from a slight attack of apoplexy, but from the effects of which he has almost recovered.

CONGRESS NOMINATIONS.

A New Plan Finally Agreed upon for Making Them in this 25th District.

A second session of the delegates appointed by the Republican County Committees of this district, Mercer, Beaver, Lawrence and Butler Counties, convened in New Castle on Tuesday last and adopted a new method of making nominations for Congress.

The plan settled upon comes the nearest the *popular vote* of any that could be devised, and in that respect must meet with general favor.

Each county is to have 15 delegates in the district nominating convention. This will make a district Convention composed of 60.

These delegates are to be elected by the Republican voters, but from sub districts of 15, into which each County is to be divided. The different County Committees are to district each county into these 15 sub districts. A Congressional delegate is to be elected in each and get his credentials from the sub district.

When electing these delegates the voters can express at the same time by their ballots, their choice among candidates for Congress, and the candidate having the highest vote shall first receive the vote of that delegate in the district convention.

All the above has to be ratified by the different County Committees, but as the plan was unanimously adopted we presume this will speedily be done.

The following is the account of the proceedings as we find them in the Pittsburg *Dispatch* of Wednesday.

HOW THE REPUBLICANS WILL MAKE NOMINATIONS UNDER A NEW SYSTEM.

The second session of delegates representing Beaver, Mercer, Butler and Lawrence counties—the new Twenty-fifth Congressional district—convened at New Castle on Jan 17. Mr. J. E. Mansfield, of Beaver, presided, The object of the assembly was to devise an improved way of making Republican nominations. There was not an absentee- After adopting a resolution to the effect that each county should be represented in a convention by 15 delegates, the following was introduced and passed:

Resolved, That each county of this Congressional district be divided into sub districts, equal in number to the number of delegates to be elected from that county to the district convention; that each delegate to the convention be a resident of the sub district which he is to represent in the convention; that each delegate be elected by the votes of the Republicans in this district at the regular primary meeting of the Repvblican party, and that the delegate elected from any district be allowed, in case he cannot attend, to name as a substitute a Republican in the same district to represent him; but no voting shall be done by proxy and the substitute must have credentials of his principal; that at the same time the Republican of said district shall indicate their choice of Congressional candidates by vote, or otherwise, according to the method in use in the county of which said district is a part; that the delegates from the respective districts shall vote in the district convention for the candidate who receives the greatest vote in the sub district, so long as rules hereafter to be adopted will permit.

Upon motion of Mr. Phillips, the plan of districting the counties was left to the County Committees, and it was decided also that the majority of delegates voting at the convention should elect the nominee. The first convention will be held in New Castle the second Tuesday after last county of the district has elected delegates to the Congressional Convention, and each convention will have power to appoint the place for holding the following convention.

THE NEW TWENTY FIFTH

NEW CASTLE, PA, Jan 17.—Republican delegates from Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Lawrence counties met here this afternoon to arrange a plan for making nominations for Congress. At the meeting last week it was decided to make nominations by a convention composed of twenty delegates from each county. This was changed to-day by making the number fifteen from each county

It was agreed that each county be divided into districts equal in number to the number of delegates to be elected. Each delegates is to be elected by the votes of Republicans in his district at the regular primary meetings. At the same time the Republicans of the districts shall indicate their choice of Congressional candidates, and the delegates shall then vote in the district convention on the candidate who received the greatest vote in the sub district.

The matter of dividing the counties was left to the Committees. The first convention will be held in New Castle on the second Tuesday after the last county in the district has held its primaries.

The following is the account given of the proceedings by the New Castle *News* of Wednesday last:

THE REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE.

The delegates to the conference to complete the plan for nominating Congressmen for this district, met at Bower Hall Tuesday afternoon

P. A. Lowry, of Butler, moved to make the number of delegates from each county 10 instead of 20. Mr. Sword moved to amend by making it 15. Mr. Sword withdrew this amendment.

Mr. Spearman said if the equal number plan was to be adopted, he was in favor of a larger number than 10 delegates

Mr. Dillon, of Beaver, said he favored the 10 motion.

Those who favored changing to ten were: Mansfield, Mechlin and Dillon, of Beaver; McPherrin, Caldwell and Lowry, of Butler; McDowell, of Mercer; Sword, Miller and Phillips, of Lawrence. The nays were Findlay and Spearman, of Mercer. Carried

Mr. Mechlin introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That each county of this Congressional District be divided and sub divided into sub districts, equal in number to the number of delegates to be elected from that county to the district convention. That each delegate be elected by the votes of the Republicans in his district at the regular primary meeting of the Republican party. That at the same time the Republicans of said districts shall indicate their choice of Congressional candidates by vote or otherwise, according to the method in use in the county in which the said district is a part. That the delegates from the respective districts shall vote in the district convention for the candidate who received the greatest vote in the sub district, so long as rules hereafter to be adopted will permit him to do so.

The resolution was laid on the table for a short time.

Mr. McDowell wanted the number of delegates changed to 15 instead of 10 He said that two delegates had voted against the 10 plan that would vote for 15. All should go home harmoniously.

Mr. Mechlin thought that Mercer county should tell why it wanted 15 instead of 10.

Mr. Findlay, of Mercer, said his people wanted the convention so large that it cannot be controlled by any one man.

Mr. Sword's motion to make it 15 delegates from each county was taken up and all voted aye except Dillon, of Beaver.

Mr. Sword moved to make it unanimous. Mr. Dillon voted no and the Chair declared the motion carried.

An amendment giving any delegate the power to appoint a substitute from the same district in case he can not attend the Convention and prohibiting voting by proxy. was added to it.

The resolution was then carried unanimously.

Mr. Phillips moved that the matter of districting the counties be left to the County Committees. Carried.

Mr. Spearman moved that the first Convention be held in New Castle on the second Tuesday after the last county of the district has held its primaries, and that the convention fix the place for the subsequent meeting. One o'clock was fixed as the hour.

The motion passed unanimously.

Hiram G, Miller introduced a resolution to the effect that delegates be relieved of all obligations to vote for a certain candidate after the tenth ballot. The motion was carried, but afterwards reconsidered and lost.

A resolution declaring that a majority of all votes cast shall be necessary for a nomination was passed.

Pennsylvania Bills in Congress.

WASHINGTON. Jan. 10—Senator Quay today introduced a bill governing mail matter of the third and fourth class similar to that introduced by General Bingham in the House, permitting advertising on wrappers, tags and labels, with additional sections providing for the refunding of the excess of postage paid under the recent decision, and for the forwarding of all mail detained or sent to the Dead Letter Office under it. The bill is accompanied by a petition signed by twenty-five representative business houses in various branches of trade in Philadelphia praying for its passage.

He also presented petitions from the Pennsylvania State Temperance Union, signed by James Black, of Lancaster, and Rev. Dr. Babcock, of Philadelphia, president and secretary, asking for a commission to investigate the evils of the liquor traffic and for a prohibition amendment to the National Constitution.

Mr. McCormick today introduced a bill to place on the pension roll the names the surviving officers and enlisted men of the military and naval services of the United States who actually served four months in the war of the Rebellion and were honorably discharged, and such soldiers and sailors as may have received honorable mention in any resolution of Congress for any specific service in the war, and the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted men who have died, provided that such widows have not remarried. The bill fixes the rate at $8 per month, payable from the passage of the act, and provides that it shall not apply to any person who is receiving a pension of $8 per month or more, nor to any person receiving a less sum than $8, except for the difference between the pension now received (if less than $8 per month) and $8 per month

Mr. Bunnell introduced a bill to pay the soldiers and sailors of the war the difference between gold and the depreciated currency in which they were paid The preamble of the bill sets forth that the men who furnished the money to put down the Rebellion are creditors of the Government on a gold basis, and that the men who risked their lives and were paid in currency which was sometimes as low as thirty-five cents on the dollar, ought to be put on an equality with the bondholders.

The following bills were introduced by other Pennsylvania members:

By Mr. Randall—Giving to the widow of any deceased soldier or sailors, in addition to her widow's pension, any pension for disability that she could have had, but did not obtain, or that would now be allowed him for such disability if he were yet alive and had made application under the Arrears law.

By Mr. Bingham—To grant arrears of pensions for loss of eyes or limbs or total disability thereof. To day the audited claims of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and others on account of army transportation.

By Mr. Maish—To discontinue the coinage of the three cent piece and retire it from circulation.

By Mr. McCormick—To grant arrears of pension for loss of limb or limbs.

By Mr. Sowden—To erect a public building in Allentown at a cost of $100,000.

By Mr. Lynch—Increasing the appropriation for a public building at Scranton to cost $250,000.

By Senator Cameron—A bill for a public building at Altoona; $100,000

The Moderation Fallacy.

Ex-Governor Dingley, in a late address at a temperance meeting, said:

"The man who would argue that it is the careless and immoderate leaping from Brooklyn bridge which should be avoided, and the careful and moderate leap which should be encouraged, would be laughed at for his want of common sense in losing sight of the fact that any act or practice which involves so great danger is to be set down as an abuse, however carefully and moderately it may be done. So the use in any degree of any article which results so sadly, in a great majority of cases, as does the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, is an abuse of these wonderful bodies, against which experience raises its warning voice."

Poison Remedy.

We find the following in an exchange; do not know its origin:—"A standing antidote for poison by dew, poison oak, ivy, etc, is to take a handful of quick lime, dissolve in water, let it stand half an hour, then paint the poisoned parts with it. Three or four applications will never fail to cure the most aggravated cases. Poison from bees, hornets, spider bites, etc, is instantly arrested by the application of equal parts of of common salt and bicarbonate of soda, well rubbed in on the place bitten or stung.

PERISHED IN THE COLD.

List of Victims of the Terrible Storm in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Jan. 15.—The loss of life by the great storm in the Northwest on Thursday is quite great, principally in Dakota. A summary of dispatches received at this point yesterday gives the following names of persons who perished in the storm:—Miss Cora Curtis, a young lady teaching school near Delaware, Dakota; James Harvey and Samuel Sturla, farmers living east of Mitchell, Dak; Olot Peterson, a stage driver of Emmons county, Dak; Henry Gerger, Charles Gerger and Geoffrey McConneli, of Spencer, Dak; John Say, a farmer living north of Tuverne, Minn; Walter Erickson, Peter Beke, Orlando Behwicks and Julius Cairn, all teamsters, found ten miles northwest of Watertown, Dak Three others who were with them have not been found and are undoubtedly dead; John Daring, a farmer found by the roadside, near Adrian, Michigan; Emil Gilbertson, of Chicago, found near his shack at Hitchcok, Dak; James Frank and William Smith at Minota, Dakota; Robert and Walter Driver and Charles Heath at Raymond, Dak; William Overman, a brakeman at Belgrade, Mon, Patrick Hanley at Marsville, Mon., William Love and Judson Westgate, at Aberdeen, Dak; W. H. Headley at Parkston, Dak; Mrs. Devine, Adan Garner and J. W. Goslee, at Iroquois Dak; Thomas and William Nelson, Joseph F. Wilson, Emil Gilman, Robert Chambers, Henry Kampe, Thomas Gilkinson, near Huron, Dak; Horace Paine, near Bowdie, Dak; Peter Terhume, at Roscoe, Dak; Frank and Wm Merson, Dak; Joseph Wilson, at Virgil, Dak; Wm Driver and two sons, Minot, Dak; Fred. Eller, cigarmaker, Omaha; Wexwell Beck, aged 3 years, Omaha; Geo W Post, Poster, Neb; John Loy, Luvere, Minn; —Fitzgerald, Inwood, Ia; Wm. Love; Aberdeen, Dak; W. B. Headly, Delaware, Dak.

J. W. Gasslee, a wealthy farmer, was found about two miles from his house, near Miller, Dak. Emma Lamar, a school teacher, southwest of Faulkton, and Carrie Auman, a pupil were frozen to death. Will C. Garthwate, a farmer's son, got lost in the blizzard going from his father's house to the barn, and was found dead in the snow. At Raymond Willie and Harry Driver were frozen to death

Mrs P. Smith, was frozen to death while returning from a neighbor's at Woodlawn, Nebraska. John Sparks ex-member of the Legislature, was found frozen stiff and dead within a quarter of a mile from his home, nine miles from Beatrice. Emil Grossman of Peru, a farm laborer, was found dead within twenty yards of his home. A child named Bodine is reported missing from near Nebraska City.

O E Stearns, teaching school six miles north of DeSmit, Dak., with his three children were out in the storm twenty-two hours. The boy had his feet frozen solid to the ankles He walked a mile in this condition, and his feet then giving out he crawled half a mile to a house. He will lose both feet. The girl was so chilled that she was unconscious five hours after being found.

CONTINUED LOW TEMPERATURE.

HELENA, MONT, Jan. 15,—This morning at 5 o'clock the thermometer registered 4° below zero. The highest point reached during the day was 25° below. At Belgrade, east of here, it was 59° below Friday night with stock suffering. Specials to the *Independent* from Northern Montana show some abatement in the cold with westerly winds and prospects of chinook. Railway traffic is still suspended.

ALBERT LEA, MINN., Jan 15 — Last night was the coldest of the season, the thermometer going as low as 42° below. Olle A Egge, of Hartland, this county, was frozen to death last night.

NEBRASKA CITY, NEB, Jan 15 — The thermometer registered 28° below zero last night, the coldest in the history of the city. Two deaths from freezing are reported, Emil Grossman a farm laborer, near Peru, and a child of a farmer in Hendricks precinct.

OMAHA, NEB, Jan. 15.—The temperature is rising slowly here. Last night the thermometer registered 25° and in some parts of the city 30° below zero. Through the night it ranged between 10° and 12°. Reports are still coming showing that there are a great many fatalities in the State as a result of the storm. The bodies of an old woman named Mrs. Chapman and two grandchildren, who were lost last Thursday near Stuart, Ia., were found yesterday.

In additional to the list of deaths already given the following are noted —Near Mitchell, Dak, a young man named Munger, Mrs. Phillips and son, of Alpena, Jerauld county, Dak, unknown man; near Aberdeen, Dak, a school teacher and two of her pupils; near Fulda, Minn., the 12-year-old son of John Walsh; near Tracey, Minn, Tom Anderson, a farmer, is missing; near Albert Lea, Minn. Ole A. Egge, a brother of Prof. Egge, of Northfield College.

Belgrade, Mont, reports some of cowboys freezing in the Madison Valley.

Natural Gas Theories.

Mr. David Swing, in a contribution to the Chicago *Journal*, inclines to the belief that there is not a little merit in the theory that the contraction of the earth has made millions and billions of cubic feet of some kind of inflammable air occupy a small space at last and anxious to get free It is not difficult to imagine that the earth was hundreds of miles larger in diameter than it now is, and that in cooling it subjected its contents to that pressure which could make a coal-bed or a volcanic rock.

Putting mere speculation aside, Mr Swing makes this practical observation:—"Millions of dollars will be invested in manufactories at gas wells which millions would otherwise be invested in the great cities. The steam-engine must follow the gas well, other things being equal. Thus Chicago must find cheap fuel or witness the diversion of steam power and the closing of many shops which are already in operation here. All power comes from heat except waterfalls and windmills Heat is the general source of power: With coal at $5, or $6, or $7 a ton engines which drive machinery will seek for cheap heat. This city must enter into a kind of competition with nature and make a cheap fuel. It need not be quite as cheap as natural gas, because natural gas labors under the depressing effect of uncertainty A cheap fuel which will continue a hundred years as easily as ten years is the kind of fuel will attract and satisfy capital. There should be no delay in finding, if possible, this form of substitute for gas wells."

Every day's experience serves to demonstrate the truth of the assertion that "the steam engine must follow the gas well." The new fuel may be short-lived, as suggested, but ten, or fifteen, or twenty years of natural gas in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio would play havoc with the manufacturing interests of those cities too remote to avail themselves of the superior advantages of the gas The superiority in the processes of manufacture is an advantage in itself sufficient to revolutionize the methods of production in many branches of mechanical industry. It is absolutely certain, therefore, that unless natural gas is found near the principal centers of manufacture, or some artificial substitute discovered, the steam engine must prepare to go to the gas well —Pittsburg *Com-Gazette*.

Interesting To Veterans.

WASHINGTON, January 17 —Senator Walthall, from the Committee on Military Affairs, today reported favorably a bill directing an examination and report on the probable cost of improving the following named historic places: The burial place on Put-in-Bay Island, of the sailors of the navy in the war of 1812; Fort Industry, Fort Miami, Fort Meigs, the battle field of Fallen Timber and Fort Defiance, all on the Maumee river, Ohio, and Fort Wayne, Ind.

From the Committee on Pensions Senator Turpie today reported favorably a bill to increase to $72 per month the pension for total helplessness.

Senator Quay, from the same committee, also reported favorably a bill to increase to $30 per month the pension for total deafness, which provides that pension at a proportionate rate is to be granted for partial loss of hearing.

Judicious Advertising.

There are various methods of advertising, some good, some indifferent and some worthless It is a singular fact that those business men who are so economically inclined that they can never be persuaded to advertise regularly, in any established newspaper, are always investing their money in worthless experiments. Let an entire stranger, with a smooth tongue, come to the city and he experiences little or no trouble in securing abundant advertising for any catch penny scheme. Judicious advertising pays, but there is a heap of it that is injudicious.—Oil City *Blizzard*.

The above is very correct. During the past week some of the business men of Franklin paid altogether $150 for printing advertisements on a "dodger" that cost the advertising schemer only the sum of $16 and two days' work. The same amount of advertising could be put in any newspaper of general circulation in the city for three months for the sum paid. "Where are those dodgers now?"—Franklin *Press*.

George and The Legislator.

Harrisburg Telegraph.]

When George Pearson, the Governor's Private Secretary, was a green and callow minor clerk in one of the Legislative bodies, he had charge of all the petitions presented praying for the passage of this or that bill. One day a legislator said to him, said he:

"George, have you any petitions with a long list of signatures?"

"Yes," said George; "here is one with about four thousand names signed to it."

"Let me have it," said the legislator; "I want to use it."

"Oh, no," said George, "I couldn't do that. It wouldn't be square."

"The h——you say. We I'll see about that," and the legislator went away. Pretty soon he returned with an order for that particular petition, which was given him. Ripping the long list of names from the petition, he pasted another and totally dissimilar petition at the head, slyly winked at the youth from Mercer and said:

"That's how the old is worked, Georgie"

Ten minutes afterwards the Legislator was on his feet with "Mr. Speaker, I present the petition of four thousand citizens of Blank county praying for the passage of an act entitled an act, etc.,"

You learn a good bit in the Legislature.

MARRIED:

Marriage Notices Published Free.

HARBAUGH—RODGERS—Jan. 10, 1888, at Butler, Pa., by Rev. W. E. Oiler, Mr Chas W. Harbaugh of Centreville, and Miss Mary L. Rodgers, of Harrisville, this county.

McCLINTOCK—HOFFMAN—Jan. 3, 1888, By Rev. S. Williams at his residence, Mr Mr. Samuel M. McClintock of Harrisville Butler Co., Pa., to Miss Retta E. Hoffman, of Venango Co., Pa.

IRWIN—GHOST—Jan. 12, 1888, by Rev. Samuel Kerr at the parsonage, Mr. Reuben Irwin and Miss Nannie J. Ghost, both of Venango Co., Pa.

DEATHS.

Announcements of deaths published free, but all communicated obituaries will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent for each word, money to accompany the order.

HINES—In Brady twp., this county, Jan. 7, 1888, Mr. Edward Hines, aged about 45 years.

DICKEY—In Prospect, this county, Jan. 3, 1888, Mr. John A. Dickey, aged 87 years, 9 months and 12 days,

ENGLISH—In Muddycreek twp, this county, Jan. 7, 1888, Mrs. Mattie English, wife of Mr. Wm. C. English, aged about 30 years.

WADSWORTH—In Clay twp, this county, Dec. 29, 1887, Mr. John R. Wadsworth, son of Dawson Wadsworth, Esq., aged about 46 years.

STARKE—In Saxonburg, this county, Jan 3, 1888, Mr. Ferdinand Starke, in the 92d year of his age.

WILES—In this place, Jan. 16, 1888, Mrs Annie Wiles, aged about——years. The funeral took place in Oakland twp., on Wednesday last.

FITZSIMMONS—In Allegheny City, Jan. 16, 1888, Anna, youngest daughter of Mr. Andrew Fitzsimmons, formerly of this place.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Combines, in a manner peculiar to itself, the best blood-purifying and strengthening remedies of the vegetable kingdom. You will find this wonderful remedy effective where other medicines have failed. Try it now. It will purify your blood, regulate the digestion, and give new life and vigor to the entire body.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla did me great good. I was tired out from overwork, and it toned me up." MRS. G. E. SIMMONS, Cohoes, N. Y.

"I suffered three years from blood poison. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and think I am cured." MRS. M. J. DAVIS, Brockport, N. Y.

Purifies the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the *combination* of remedial agents; 2d, the *proportion*; 3d, the *process* of securing the active medicinal qualities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. THOMPSON, Register of Deeds, Lowell, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. BARRINGTON, 130 Bank Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

COMMUNICATIONS.

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove from our midst our beloved neighbor and member, Michael Weiland, of Clearfield township, Butler county, Pa: and

WHEREAS, While we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who does all things well, we realize that a chair is vacant in our Association, a member gone to his reward.

Resolved, That in the death of member Weiland our Association has lost a worthy member, who, when in health, was a prominent officer of our Company and was ever an ardent advocate of the principles of our Association; although not long connected with our Association he ever exemplified, when yet in health, an earnest interest in the welfare of our Company.

Resolved, That we extend to the family of our deceased neighbor and co-operator our cordial sympathy and commend them to Him who in conquoring death and sanctifying the grave, has made the former a friend and the latter a glorious gateway to a higher and better life.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered on the minutes of our Association, a copy presented to the deceased member's family, and published in two county papers.

A. KRAUSE,
DAVID LEECH,
JACOB BLEICHNER,
Committee.

Bruin Items.

From The Record.]

Asa Steele's little girl, who was bitten by her grandfather Bartley's dog about three months ago, has shown, her father says, symptoms of hydrophobia, Dr. Dennison is attending her. The dog was killed.

Tell that chap over in Perry township that Madam Rumor is not through with that Western fellow yet. She now reports him as having sent his wife home to her father's to raise the child, he having left for parts unknown on account of a girl he deceived.

McKee has struck the biggest gas well in the county east of Bruin. We now have an abundance gas and oil also of coal, iron ore, fire clay and timber. All we need is better railroad facilities to get our valuable minerals to market to make this one of the richest sections of our great country. Let us have a wide-gauge railroad.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical that the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low tests, short weight, alumn or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.*
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street N. Y.

All - forms - of - chapped, - rough, - red, pimply - skin - made - soft - and - clear.

CURES LIPS, HANDS, CUTS, BURNS, PIMPLES, CHILBLAINS, PILES, ETC.
PRAISED - BY - ALL!
GET THE GENUINE. BUY, TRY, JUDGE.
25 cts. at Druggists, or mailed on receipt of stamps.
HOP PILL CO., NEW LONDON, CONN
SOLD BY EVERY DRUGGIST IN BUTLER

NEW Clothing Store

CLOTHING, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, UNDERWEAR, NECK-WEAR, OVERCOATS, RUBBER COATS, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, UMBRELLAS, SHIRTS, CAPS, SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS, &C., All at most reasonable prices.

JOHN T. KELLY,
69 S., Main St., (next door to P. O.)

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE,
St. Louis to Los Angeles and San Francisco,
VIA THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE
Leave St. Louis at 8:30 P. M., Daily.
THE ONLY LINE THAT DOES IT.
NO HIGH ALTITUDES, NO SNOW BLOCKADES

AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE
After all others fail consult
Dr. LOBB
329 N. 15th St., below Callowhill, Phila., Pa.
20 years experience in all SPECIAL diseases. Permanently restores those weakened by early indiscretions, &c. Call or write. Advice free and strictly confidential. HOURS: 11 a. m. till 2, and 7 to 10 evenings.

Life Saved and Health Restored by using Baker's Cod Liver Oil and Malt. A Certain remedy for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Scrofula and all throat and lung diseases. Prepared so as to be quite palatable.
Ask for Baker's Cod Liver Oil and Malt. If not sold by Druggists, write to the Manufacturers
JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
815 Filbert St., Phila.

YOU CAN FIND THIS PAPER on file in Chicago at the Advertising Bureau of our authorized Agents, **REMINGTON BROS.** who will contract for advertising at lowest rates.

TRIAL LIST FOR SPECIAL COURT COMMENCING MONDAY, FEB. 13, 1888.

No.	Term.	Yr.	Plaintiffs' Attorney.	Plaintiffs.	Defendants.	Defendant's Attorney.
A. D.	37,	Mar.	'82	McC, Thompson & Son	Julia McClafferty et al	McQ and Brandon
"	26,	Sept	1882	Riddle	Samuel L Riddle	Greer & Ralston
"	46,	June	1885	Brandon	W H Emery	Scott and McCandless
"	81,	June	1885	Thompson, McCandless, et al	T H Lyon	T C Campbell, et al
"	20,	Mar	1886	Brandon	R W Nelson	Bowser
"	28,	June	1886	Greer & Ralston	B L Hockenberry	McC Williams & Mitchell
"	48,	Sept	1886	McC, T & S	Joseph McElroy	H A Klingensmith	Brandon
"	9,	Dec	1886	Brandon and McC	J N Cubison for use	Jas Sowers et al	McQuistion
"	18,	Dec	1886	Greer & Ralston	F Marterer	Albert Aderhold	Thompson & Son
"	15,	June	1887	Brandon, Campbell, et al	H W Christy	Andrew Blakely et al	Thompson, et al
"	48,	June	1887	J D Marshall	Robert Glenn	Emma Scheidemantle et al	McQuistion
"	55,	June	1887	Brandon	J H McCain, Ex'r	Andrew Campbell	J D McJunkin
"	81,	June	1887	Brandon & Campbell	W H Abrams, et ux	Jos McElroy, Trustee	Scott
"	70,	Sept	1887	McQuistion	Jacob Stanfield	Peter Schmick	Greer & Ralston
"	56,	Dec	1887	Brandon	Philip Nichlas	Gust A Griesbach et al	Scott
"	63,	Dec	1887	Thompson & Son	Hannah Crawford	Chas Herr et al	McCandless
"	76,	Dec	1887	Bowser	James Armstrong	Robt Sankey	" "
"	80,	Dec	1887	"	Brady twp	J M Dunn et al	Greer & Ralston
"	20,	Mar	1888	McQuistion	John P Getman	Henry Reitz	" "
"	56,	Dec	1888	McJ & Galbreath	Robt Davis, et ux	J D Aibert et al	Riddle
"	40,	Dec	1887	" "	Steiner & Voegtley	R B Taylor	Bowser
"	1,	Sept	1883	John H. Thompson	Hoffman & Parr	Ann Stalker	N Black
"	80,	June	1885	Bowser	James McLaughlin	F Reiber et al	F Reiber
"	61,	Dec	1887	"	F B Goldinger	Ass A J Campbell	Scott

Prothonotary's Office, Jan. 16th, 1888. JOHN W. BROWN, Prothonotary.

THE LATEST.

Having Determined to Make

A CLEAN SWEEP

Of the whole stock of goods, consisting of all kinds of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Hosiery, &c., for

MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS.

We take this means of announcing to our many friends and patrons to avail themselves of this chance.

We mean BUSINESS.

We Will Sell Regardless of Cost.

Such a sale can not, and will not last for ever, nor for any great length of time. So come at once and secure a good genuine bargain. It will justify the means for investing in articles though of no immediate use—although we have lots of seasonable goods.

"A word the wise," Come early, and be sure not to miss this

Clean Sweep Sale

AT BAHNY'S ONE-PRICE CLOTHING STORE

(Directly opposite Butler Savings Bank.)

Main Street, Butler, Pa.

LOOK! READ!

I have enlarged my store-room, in fact, made it almost twice as large as it was before, and have also increased my stock. I have, by far, the largest and best selected stock of

Fine Drugs and Chemicals

in Butler county, and am now in position to supply the wants of the people of this county—even better than in the past.

You will do well to call on me when in the need of anything in the line of

Fine Drugs and Medicines.

My stock is very complete and PRICES VERY LOW in medicine quality is of the first importance, so we give particular attention to filling Prescriptions.

Our Dispensing Department is complete. We dispense only Pure Drugs of the

Finest Quality,

and our patrons may bring us their prescriptions, feeling certain that they will be carefully and accurately filled.

Thanking the public for the very generous patronage they have accorded me in the past, I hope to be able to serve them more acceptably in the future, at the old stand.

No. 5, North Main St,
BUTLER, PA.

J. C. REDICK,

Annual Statement.

OF THE FARMER'S MUTUAL FIRE INS. COMPANY OF HANNAHSTOWN AND VICINITY FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC 31, 1887.

Cash on hand Dec. 31, 1886	$ 353 81
Income during the year 1887:	
By assessment on Chas. Pfeifer and Wm Schroth fire	$1146 93
" new policies	323 67
	$1854 44

EXPENDITURES DURING THE YEAR 1887.

Paid to Wm Schroth, damage by fire	$ 155 00
" attachment on Chas Pfeifer by Chas Wetzel, Henry Horn and John G. Lensner	799 25
Paid to G H Kaufold heirs, dam. by fire	4 75
" Jacob Kirker "	10 00
" Elizabeth Tyson "	8 00
" B J Gattins "	3 00
" John Freyley "	25 00
" Jacob Bleichner "	5 00
Paid for salaries and commissions of officers	376 00
Paid for printing, paper, postage, postal cards and rent	38 15
	$1421 15
	1854 44
Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1887	430 29
Insurance sum Dec. 31, 1887, according to 3 Ct	$945,372 00
Insurance effected during the year 1887, 3 Ct	79,775 90
	1,025,147 00
Deducted resp. marked off during the year 1887, 3 Ct	31,671 00
Whole ins. sum Dec. 31, 1887, according to 3 Ct	$993,476 00

DANIEL WALLER, Pres't.
HENRY HECK, Sec'y.

Jury List for Feb. 13, 1888.

List of Jurors drawn to serve in a Special term of Court commencing the 2d Monday of Feb. 1888 being the 13th day.

Atwell David, Marion twp., farmer.
Bowers Martin, Middlesex tp., farmer.
Bryson W. J., Mercer tp., farmer.
Burkhart Joseph, Petrolia, shoemaker.
Campbell J. H., " " grocer.
Conley Wm., Winfield tp., farmer.
Daubenspeck G. F., Parker tp., farmer.
English George, Muddycreek tp., farmer.
Elliott, Joseph, Butler Boro. 2d w., painter.
Fikas David, Buffalo tp., farmer.
Edmundson John, Connoq tp. farmer.
Evans J. Karns City, laborer.
Engelhardt Philip, Jefferson tp., farmer.
Fleming Samuel H., Buffalo tp, farmer.
Geizer G. F., Millerstown, producer.
Gerringer Simon, Fairview E., farmer.
Graham James, Butler Boro 2d w., laborer.
Grossman John, Clay tp. farmer.
Graham W B, Saltbridge, farmer.
Gibson G. H, Venango tp., mechanic.
Graham I. N., Evans City, J. P.
Hockenberry B. L, Cherry tp. farmer.
Hemphill S. Clinton tp. farmer.
Houston W. J. Buffalo tp. farmer.
Hillard R. J., Parker tp. farmer.
Jamison E. E, Venango tp. farmer.
Kohlmayer M. B