

The Citizen.

BUTLER, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1883

VOL. XX.

NO. 14

NEW STORE. NEW STOCK \$200 TO \$500

A NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

LEATHER AND FINDINGS JUST RECEIVED.

OAK AND HEMLOCK SOLE. FRENCH AND DOMESTIC KIP AND CALF. COLLAR, WELT, SKIRTING, UPPER, BELTING, HATBANDS AND LACE LEATHER. ROAN AND PINK LININGS, ETC.

Carriage, Buggy and Wagon Harness, Collars, Etc., Etc.

And carry a full stock of Whips, Robes, Blankets, Brushes and all other Goods belonging to the Business.

All kinds of Repairing will Receive Prompt Attention.

Plastering Hair Always on Hand.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES AND PELTS.

C. ROESSING, Reber's Block Jefferson Street, opposite Lowry House, Butler, Pa.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that Wm. Baker, Esq., Assignee of Lewis Hackett, has filed his final account in the office of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler County, Pa., at the Court House, Butler, Pa., on the 19th day of February, 1883, and that the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday the 27th day of March, 1883.

ESTATE OF JAMES HAY.
LATE OF CLINTON TWP., DEC'D.
Letters testamentary with the will annexed on the estate of Jas. Hay, dec'd, late of Clinton township, Butler County, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment and any having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

RYE WANTED.
The highest market price will be paid by us for rye delivered at our wholesale liquor store in Butler.

WHITE RUSSIAN OATS.
Pure Russian oats for sale, seed got of John S. & Co., Philadelphia. They are not the D. M. Ferry & Co. oats, but ripen as early as our common oats and yield nearly double. Ten to twenty bushels grow from one grain. One and one-half bushels is plenty to the acre. Price \$1.00 per bushel. For sale by Anthony McClelland, Prospect, Pa. And orders received and filled at Miller Bros., or A. & J. S. Reber's. Jan 17-1883.

Butler B. & L. Association.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Building and Loan Association of Butler, Pa., will be held in the Administration room of the Court House, on Saturday evening, March 24, 1883, at 7 o'clock.

D. L. CLELAND,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER.

South Main St., Butler, Pa.

Keeps Constantly on Hand a Full Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, SPECTACLES AND SILVERWARE.

At the Lowest Cash Prices. Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Planing Mill

AND Lumber Yard.

J. L. PURVIS, L. O. PURVIS.

S. G. Purvis & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Rough and Planed Lumber OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FRAMES, MOULDINGS, SASH, DOORS, FLOORING, SIDING, BATTENS,

Brackets, Gauged Cornice Boards, SHINGLES & LATH.

PLANNING MILL AND YARD Near German Catholic Church

MOST EXTENSIVE PURE BRED LIVE STOCK ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD.

NEW IMPROVED CONSTANTLY IMPROVING

CLYDESDALES, PERCY NORMANS, ENGLISH DRAFT HORSES, TROTTERS, BRED ROBINSONS, SHETLAND PONIES, HOLSTEIN AND DE-VON CATTLE.

Our customers have the advantage of our many years' experience in breeding and importing, large collections, opportunity of comparing different breeds, low prices, because of extent of business and low rates of transportation. Catalogues free. Correspondence solicited.

SPRINGFIELD, Crawford County, Pa.

BEST IN THE WORLD!!

Take no other DEALERS SEE

J. C. Swearingen, on Mondays, 157 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Subscribers for the CITIZEN.

A Month For You.

SHORT HAND.

LESSONS BY MAIL.

whereby the Art can be learned in its entirety, in a very short time. The system is acknowledged to possess advantages which have long since placed it in the foremost rank of the wonderful mysteries of the Art.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally of the Liver Balm, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, Depression of spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is not intoxicating.

If you have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

It is PURELY VEGETABLE.

A Government's Testimony.

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THE OHIO DELUGE.

Untold Damage and Great Suffering at Cincinnati, Louisville and Other Places--Loss of Life.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 13.—The river at 11 o'clock this morning was 64 feet and 11 inches and rising slowly. It will certainly reach 65 feet before it begins to fall. The weather is cloudy and warm. The water works engines are idle, but there is water enough in the reservoir for six days. The police report no increase of crime in consequence of the lack of gas last night. Much sickness is found among the imprisoned people in the tenement houses. Relief boats are busy visiting all such places, and ample means are at hand to prevent suffering.

A SHOCKING DISASTER is reported by telephone from the western part of the city. Both the freight and passenger depots of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad were undermined and fell into the surrounding water, carrying with them a hundred or more people. The depots were one-story frame structures resting on the bed of the river. The water was at least 10 feet deep. The freight depot was almost completely destroyed. On both sides of the river the water is thirty to fifty feet and the earth has become so soaked as to melt. The catastrophe was further hastened by the breaking of a sewer, which sent the current along the bank. Crowds of people have been in that vicinity looking at the floods, and it is supposed that many are the victims.

The Southern Railroad depot is the only freight depot that went down when Ryan's restaurant, a small building, went down, the crowd rushed over on the platform of the depot to see what was the matter, when suddenly the whole depot collapsed and sank into the water. The tracks were at the same time depressed and the cars standing close ran into the depression, covering the people who had gone down with the falling structure. Not one body had been recovered at 1 o'clock, nor could the bystanders give any intelligent account of how many escaped. The work of recovering the drowned and the exceedingly difficult, as the water is so deep, that the other part of the street is melting as this portion did. It is impossible, however, that the break in the great sewer in McClelland avenue caused the depot to sink.

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THE CLIMAX COMES--ALARMING SITUATION. A gleam of hope came to-night when the reports showed the river had reached the highest point at 5 P. M., when the marks showed 65 feet 1 1/2 inches, and though it receded but half an inch during the next four hours the fact that the worst seemed over gave relief. The tension has been so strong on the minds of the people that the city and the slightest rumor of a new night gives a sort of nervous apprehension of more disaster to come. The situation is alarming. It would require the publication of the greater portion of the directory to name the business men, especially in tobacco, produce, grain, commission, whisky and all kinds of manufacturing interests. Many of these also lose heavily in damage to machinery and stock, aside from the loss of time. More than one thousand business firms and manufacturers are thus prostrated. Yet business men are not disheartened nor selfish. These same men, however, gave way in their contributions to the fund for the relief of the suffering among that much greater class, the poor, who are driven from home and deprived of work. It is estimated that thirty to forty thousand workmen are out of employment by the closing of manufacturing. To them the loss of time and injury to property is the smallest loss. Dampness in the houses after the flood subsides must bring sickness and suffering.

LOUISVILLE. THIRTY-FIVE SQUARES OF THE CITY UNDER WATER--WIDESPREAD RUIN. Louisville, February 13.—The greatest disaster that ever befell the city of Louisville is now upon us. The flood crisis came about midnight, and to-day nearly a square mile of territory is under water. When the break came the cut-off dam, overcome by the terrific weight of water from above, gave way. Instantly with a loud roar, the flood rushed over. It may be imagined with what force the waters came when they had a fall of from fifteen to eighteen feet to the low ground beneath. In less than time it takes to tell the yellow tide was sweeping in from all points, and the unfortunate people were surprised in their houses. With a mighty rush the water swept from square to square, rapidly rising in the houses and sweeping many from their foundations. The roar of the waters could not drown the screams of the terrified ones, who were escaping from the doomed dwellings. Skills shot about from window to window. Men, women and children were washed through by the advancing waters, each with whatever household goods they could lay their hands on. Bonfires glimmered from

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DRIFTWOOD. The only time Sam Cox was ever squelched, not counting the "shoo fly" of Ben Butler, was when Owen Lovejoy, of Illinois, did it in 1862. Mr. Cox had been making a long and exhaustive speech in the House on the tariff. The members were all tired. In the middle of the speech the solemn form of Mr. Lovejoy arose, got the eye of Mr. Speaker, and said:

"The gentleman from Illinois!" said the Speaker.

"Arise, Mr. Speaker," said Mr. Lovejoy, "to a question of privilege."

"Does the gentleman from New York yield the floor?" asked the Speaker, addressing Mr. Cox.

"I will yield for a question of information and not otherwise," said Mr. Cox.

"I do desire to ask a question for information," said Mr. Lovejoy.

"Very well, Mr. Speaker," said Mr. Cox, "I yield to the gentleman from Illinois."

"The gentleman from Illinois now has the floor," said the Speaker.

Mr. Lovejoy now arose slowly and majestically.

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