BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROP'RS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Butler as second-class matter.

REV. DR. WHITEHEAD has signified his acceptance of his election as Bishop of the Pittsburgh Diocese of the Episcopal church, of which the Episcopal church of this place is a part.

BEING a pleasant day for election yesterday, somewhat breaks the force of the argument against the change from "the second Tuesday in October," to "the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November."

ELECTIONS were held yesterday in Pennsylvania, New York, Virginia, Massachusetts, Colorado, Mississippi, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Maryland, New Jersey and Minnesota. Legislatures were chosen in four of the above Commonwealths and in five of them a full board of State officers. New York elected four Congressmen to fill vacant seats. Constitutional amendments were voted for in Nebraska, Wisconsin, Maryland and Minnesota.

THE old homestead of the late Hon. Joseph Cummins, near Murrinsville, this county, was the scene of mirth and festivity on October 28th ult. The occasion was a reunion of his family and relatives, the first one since his death, in 1870, we believe. Some fifty friends were present. Mrs. Cummins, his widow, was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents. Mr. Cummins represented this county in the Legislature about 1842-3, and was afterwards elected an Associate Judge of the county for five years.

IN regard to the Cabinet re-cast now the theme of general comment at Washington as elsewhere, Mr. Ramsdell, the intelligent correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times*, (who is a Republican,) writes:

"Secretary Blaine has been urged to remain for the present to tide the President over the November elections with as little shock as possible to the friends of Garfield.

It will be a delicate position for Mr. Blaine to be placed in. He knows that he is not wanted and that he cannot stay, but he must avoid any unbecoming haste in retiring in the face of the President's request to remain."

MEMBER of Congress, Col. Bayne, of Pittsburgh, places Senator Don Cameron in rather a bad light relative to a recent change made in Postmasters at McKeesport, Allegheny county. In a letter to the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, of the 4th inst., Col. Bayne charges the Senator with deception and falsehood, in representing to the Post-Master General that there was no opposition to a change in the office at McKeesport, while in truth and in fact a majority of the citizens of McKeesport, and Col. Bayne, their member of Congress, were opposed to the change. The member of Congress, in such local matters, is always consulted, as the proper party to advise the Department, but in this case it seems that Senator Cameron misled the appointing power by taking advantage of the absence of the member, Col Bayne, and having the appointment made without his knowledge or consent. The affair has created a great deal of indignation among the Republicans of Allegheny county.

RAILROAD ITEMS.

Work is progressing rapidly on the extension from here to Evansburg. Some hundred men, wagons, carts, etc. are now on the cuts and fills west of town. They look like an "army with banners" as they are coming this way through the Negley meadow. The route of this road, when all links are completed to Bradford, will be 140 miles nearer to Pittsburgh from that place than now. It will be 14 miles shorter from Butler to Pittsburgh than by the present route by Freeport, thus saving near an hour's time in travel from here to Pittsburgh. It will give us also a more direct western outlet, by way of New Castle, and without having to go to Pittsburgh. The object is a new line from east to west, under what is known as the "Wabash System" of railroading, in which every company pools its interest and shares in profits. This company was taken into the general company at a million six hundred thousand dollars, but have to make and complete all links between Pittsburgh and Parker.

DEATH OF MAJOR ADAMS.

Major William C. Adams died at his residence in Fairview, this county, on last Thursday, the 3d inst., at the age of about 60 years. His remains were brought to this place and interred here on Sunday last. When a young man he was married here to Miss Anna Lena David, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Oliver David. She has been deceased for quite a number of years and the remains of her husband were brought here to be laid along side those of her. In the fall of 1841 the writer of this, in company with Major Adams, Thomas S. Leason, Charles M. Gilkey and Walter S. Welsh, left this place for Washington, Pa., to attend the college there. After leaving there Major Adams entered into active business, for the most of the time in Fairview, where he died. Mr. Leason, who then went by the name of Sharpe Leason, studied for the Ministery and we believe is now, and has been for some years past, located in Jefferson county, this State. Walter S. Welsh studied medicine and removed from here to Franklin, Pa., where he has been in successful practice to this time. Mr. Gilkey went west and is now a successful merchant in Woodbine, Iowa. Major Adams is therefore the first death in that little circle of friends. He was a man of warm affections, strong impulses and decided opinions. As a friend he was a true one, and in paying this brief and last tribute to his memory we can only say, that the good he has done should live after him, and the faults, if any, be forgotten in the grave.

DEATH OF DAVID DOUGAL.

David Dougal, Esq., died yesterday, November 8th, 1881, at about 10 o'clock, A. M., in his 103d year of age. He died at the house of the German people, named Protzman, in Summit township, with whom he had been living for some four years past. The farm they lived on was owned by Mr. Dougal and it is said he has given it to them for the care they took of him in his last years.

We have before us two photographic likenesses of Mr. Dougal, taken in August 1873. One of them was presented to us by the Hon. Wilson McCandless, of Pittsburgh, an intimate friend of Mr. Dougal and who was present in this place when the likenesses were taken. On the back of this picture we then wrote as follows: "Butler, Aug. 26th, 1873, Mr. Dougal informs us he would be 95 years of age on the 23d of September next, being born on the 23d day of September 1778." According to this Mr. Dougal was 103 years of age last September, being since then in his 104th year. We refer to the above memorandum from the fact, that subsequent to the above time Mr. Dougal is said to have informed some friends that he was mistaken one year in his age, and that his correct age now, September last, was 102, making him now in his 103d year. On this we might add that L. Z. Mitchell, Esq., his law adviser, and perhaps his most intimate friend, informs us that Mr. Dougal, so late as last September, told him he was then but 102 years of age, and he desired Mr. Mitchell to so recollect. From Mr. Mitchell we also learn the following directions Mr. Dougal gave as to his funeral. He desired no persons present at the same except Mr. Mitchell, the family he lived with, and four neighboring farmers as pall-bearers. His coffin was to be a very plain, or rough one, and made by the sons of his old friend, the late George Miller, of this place. He desired to be buried in the clothing he died in, and that there should be no show of ceremony of any kind, whatever, at his funeral, but to be as quiet as possible. The place he had selected for some years past to be laid was on his above farm, under a certain apple tree, at the head of an orchard. This arrangement, however, was recently changed, as Mr. Mitchell informs us, and through him a lot or burial place was purchased in the German Lutheran Church grave yard, of Summit township, where Mr. Dougal we suppose now rests, or will in a short time. This change in the spot he was to lay was made by Mr. Dougal from a worthy consideration for the people he had given his farm to, and in order that his remains upon it might not interfere with its value or use to them. He directed that he be laid in a north and south position. This position is supposed to have been chosen by Mr. Dougal from the Indian custom of so burying. In his early days, when quite a young man, he lived with the Indians for a while, somewhere in what is now the State of Ohio, and he came attached to their customs, one of which is to bury their dead as above stated. He often referred to his life with the Indians.

Mr. Dougal was one of the pioneers of this county, coming to this place about the year 1800. Being a surveyor, by profession, he done nearly all of the early surveying of lines and lands in the county, and had a remarkable memory as to the same. At one time he was a large land owner. He was present at the laying out and first sale of lots in the town of Butler, and his name is to be seen on many of the early sales or transfers of lots in the town. At one time he was clerk to the Commissioners of the county and afterwards one of the Commissioners. Although peculiar in his habits he was always a useful man to his fellow citizens. He was a very learned man in almost every branch of science—had read almost everything and could converse, with much interest, on almost all subjects. With even the fine arts, as music, he was conversant. His habits, as we have said, were peculiar, paying but little attention to dress and living all his life in the most humble and frugal manner. Of large frame, and a natural dignity, and most sterling honesty, and good common sense, he always commanded the respect of all, and all sought for and enjoyed his company, chiefly to be entertained by his wonderful learning and fine conversational powers.

We could write much more of David Dougal, but we have neither the time or the space to do so now. We have run off these few lines in haste, and may hereafter add something more to the memory of perhaps the most remarkable man in the history of our county. His death, so long looked for, has come at last. He came to his end by as natural degrees as a child grows up into its first years, and finally breathed his last without a perceptible struggle. He will long be remembered by all who ever knew him.

—When you want anything in the line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, &c., do not fail to call in at E. Grieb's and examine the stock; no trouble to show goods.

ELECTION.

BUTLER COUNTY.

The election in Butler borough passed off quietly. There were only 569 votes polled at the Court House.

BUTLER BOROUGH.

State Treasurer—1st ward: Noble, D, 108; Baily, R., 77; Wolfe, Ind. R., 19. 2nd ward: Noble, 181; Baily, 113; Wolfe, 55.

Associate Judge—1st ward: Bryson, D., 113, Weir, R., 90. 2nd ward: Bryson, 198; Weir, 146.

Sheriff—1st ward: Donaghy, D., 147; Shira, R., 58. 2nd ward: Donaghy, 247; Shira, 103.

Prothonotary—1st ward: Russell, D., 142; Greer, R., 63. 2nd ward, Russell, 249; Greer, 101.

Clerk of Courts—1st ward: Kelly, D., 117; Dodds, R., 87. 2nd ward: Kelly, 187; Dodds, 162.

Register and Recorder—1st ward: Lytle, D., 114; Christie, R., 91, 2nd ward: Lytle, 162; Christie, 187.

Treasurer—1st ward: Lawall, D., 94; Miller, R., 110. 2nd ward: Lawall, 154; Miller, 192.

Commissioners—1st ward; Collins, D., 109; Wilson, D., 116; Cochran, R., 91; Hays, R., 89. 2nd ward: Collins, 171; Wilson, 183; Cochran, 180; Hays, 145.

IN THE COUNTY.

Butler township—Noble, 106; Baily, 54; Wolfe, 15. Bryson, 109; Weir, 65. Donaghy, 121; Shira, 49. Russell, 125; Greer, 48. Kelly, 95; Dodds, 77. Lytle, 97. Christie, 76. Lawall, 81; Miller, 91. Collins, 106; Wilson, 110; Cochran, 58; Hays, 68.

Zelienople—Noble, 72; Wolfe, 24; Baily, 14.
Petrolia—Noble, 44; Baily, 34; Wolfe, 29.
Karns City—Baily, 37; Noble, 19; Wolfe, 7.
Parker twp—Baily, 170; Noble, 57; Wolfe, 48.
Millerstown—Noble, 63; Baily, 49; Wolfe, 26.
Donegal twp—Noble, 63; Baily, 49; Wolfe, 32.
Jackson, E—Noble, 73; Wolfe, 23; Baily, 20.
Jackson, W—Noble, 124; Wolfe, 49; Baily, 48.
Sunbury bor—Baily, 27; Noble, 3; Wilson, P., 7. Shira, 29; Donaghy, 5. Cochran, 15; Hays, 30; Collins, 2; Wilson, 7; Rose, 7; Kelly, 7.
Summit twp—Donaghy, 105; Shira, 42. Russell, 111; Greer, 35.
Centre twp—Baily, 61; Wolfe, 12; Noble, 57; Watson, 20.

The vote in the county may be close but there are hopes for the election of the whole Republican ticket. The Democrats claim that Donaghy has been elected Sheriff and Russell Prothonotary. Only the official count will tell some of the results.

Wolfe, Independent, for State Treasurer has ran a larger vote than expected. It is claimed that he will have in the neighborhood of a 1,000 votes in the county.

LATEST.

The latest we have of this county, before going to press at 10 o'clock this morning, indicate the election of the entire Republican ticket except Sheriff and Prothonotary, which the Democrats are claiming they have secured. Wolfe, Independent, for State Treasurer will not have less than 700 votes, judging from the districts now in—but not half the county has as yet been heard from.

THE STATE.

The news from the State indicates a large vote for Wolfe, Independent, for State Treasurer, as to leave it a matter of doubt which candidate for that office will have the plurality.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, November 7.—The following proclamation was issued from the Department of State to-day:

By the President of the United States of America: A proclamation. It has long been the pious custom of our people with the closing of the year to look back upon the blessings brought to them in the changing course of the seasons, and to return solemn thanksgiving to the all-giving source from whom they flow; and although at this period, when the falling leaf admonishes us that the time of our sacred duty is at hand, our nation still lies in the shadow of the great bereavement and mourning which has filled our hearts, still finds us sorrowful in expression toward the God before whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication, yet the countless benefits which have been showered upon us during the last twelve months call for our fervent gratitude and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness that the Lord in His infinite merey has most signally favored our country and our people. Peace without and prosperity within have been vouchsafed to us. No pestilence has visited our shores. The abundant privileges of freedom which our fathers left us in their wisdom are still our vast domain, some affliction has visited our brethren in their forest homes, yet even this calamity has been tempered and in a manner sanctified by the generous compassion for the sufferers which has been called forth throughout the land. For all these things it is meet that the voice of the nation should go up to God in devout homage.

Wherefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do recommend that all the people observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, instant, as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer, by ceasing so far as may be from their secular labors and meeting in their several places of worship, there to join in ascribing honor and praise to Almighty God, whose goodness has been so manifest in our history and in our lives, and offering earnest prayers that his bounties may continue to us and to our children.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this fourth day of November, A. D., 1881, and of the Independance of the United States, the one hundred and sixth. CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President:
JAS. G. BLAINE, Secretary of State.

Who Will be Speaker.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—The Speakership fight will begin in earnest in about two weeks. If the elections to be held to fill vacancies result in the selection of Congressmen of the same political faith as those who have died or resigned, the next House of Representatives will be made up of 147 Republicans, 136 Democrats, 9 Greenbackers and 1 Independent. Out of the nine Greenbackers there at least will participate in the Republican caucus on the organization. The probabilities, then, are that 150 Republicans will go into caucus, and whoever of the candidates for Speaker receives seventy-six votes will get the nomination.

Witnesses for Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—Mr. George Scoville, counsel for Guiteau, has directed the Clerk of Court to issue subpœnas for Mrs. Augustus Parker, James G Kierman, George F. Burroughs, Francis M. Scoville and J. Lewis Lee, all of Chicago; C. S. Joslyn, Oneida community; Everett O. Foss, Dover, N. H; John A. Rice, Merton, Wis; Edward O. Spitzka, New York city; Harmon B. Amerling, Williamsport, Pa.

BOLD BURGLARS.

CAPT. DAWSON, CO. TREASURER, OF BEAVER COUNTY, KNOCKED SENSELESS, AND THE TREASURY ROBBED OF BETWEEN $13,000 AND $15,000.

BEAVER, PA, November 3.

On last Friday morning our citizens were shocked and startled by the report that Capt. Dawson, our County Treasurer, had been assaulted in his office, knocked senseless, and the vault robbed of a large amount of money. Hastening to the Court House, we found the report too true. Capt. Dawson was sitting in the office, with his head bound up, surrounded by an eager, excited crowd, all anxious to learn something of the assault and robbery, which for boldness and daring has not a parallel in the history of the county. Below we give Capt. Dawson's history of the affair, as related by him to a reporter of the Pittsburgh *Leader*:

"I left home at about a quarter after six, and arrived at the office probably five minutes later. After unlocking the door of the front office, I went to the cellar to get some wood with which to kindle a fire. After getting the wood and fixing up a fire in the front office, I unlocked the door of the little back room, where the vault is located, intending to open the vault and take out the cash box, in order to leave enough money in the safe in the front office to do the business of the day. The room next to the vault was quite dark, and I opened one of the window shutters just enough to let in sufficient light so that the combination on the door of the vault could be seen, and was in the act of reaching for the cash box when the door behind me was darkened. As the shadow passed over me I was startled, and turning quickly I caught a glimpse of two men, one of whom rushed forward and struck me on the head, I fell with my back against the inner door of the vault, which swings back against the side of the vault when opened, and slid to the floor. I was in a dazed condition, and can only remember that one of the men began to empty the shelves of a lot of $500 packages of currency, while the other attended to me He must have struck me twice, as there are two bruises on my head. Dr Scroggs thinks one was made by falling against something, but I don't think it was, because I did not fall flat to the floor, but against the inner door. I did not hear the men approach, nor did I hear the slightest sound while I was entering the vault. When I came to my senses the men were gone, and I ran out on the street and called for help. Winfield McCoy and a number of others were standing in front of the National Hotel opposite, and they came over at once. This was about ten minutes before seven o'clock, so that making allowance for the time it took me to go to the cellar and back and fix the fire and unlock the vault, I must have lain at least ten minutes on the floor of the vault after the robbers left. They got from $13,000 to $15,000, all in currency. As soon as I came to I called for help, but I supposed that in my weak condition I did not halloa very loud, and so nobody heard me. I then went out in the street and repeated the cry."

'I have not been in the office much during the day, but left it in charge of my deputy. For several days I have been going into the office early in the morning, unlocking the vault and getting out sufficient money to leave in the small safe in the outer office, so that the vault need not be opened while I am away.

'I believe the robbers got in during the night and were concealed somewhere waiting for me. As to how they got into the building I have no idea.

'They talk about my having gone to the office so early. It was my habit to go early. The time lock on the vault was usually set for half-past six o'clock. Sometimes, in order to accommodate the farmers, I go to the office after sundown and again at a very early hour in the morning. When I received money after office hours I usually deposited it overnight in the small safe in the outside office. The story that I intended taking it to Pittsburgh is untrue. We considered our vault one of the best in the State, and much safer than the little banks of the county. I intended going to Pittsburgh early that morning, and went into the vault for the purpose of getting out sufficient funds for the day, and putting them in the little safe. I always considered it safer to open the vault early in the morning than when a crowd of men were around.

'I have turned over to my bondsmen, M. S. Quay, J. S. Rutan, J. R. Harrah and Thos. McCreery, sufficient property to more than secure them from any loss. Under the new constitution my bondsmen must bear the loss, and as I have already paid them with three hundred acres of land, in what manner could I be the gainer if I had obtained the missing money? I cannot prevent these insinuations, but they must spring from a very mean spirit.'"

The British Flag at Yorktown.

LONDON, November 1.—The International Arbitration and Peace Association passed a resolution to-day recording its satisfaction with the saluting of the English flag at Yorktown. Such an incident, the association says, is unparalleled in history and must ever remain of deep international interest. It regards the act as weighty and significant testimony to the eternal oblivion of all animosities resulting from the war of independence, and as an emphatic expression of the brotherly love existing between England and America.

The German Elections.

BERLIN, November 1.—The corrected complete returns from three hundred and ninety-five election districts show that of the successful candidates forty-four are Conservatives, twenty-two Free Conservatives, one hundred members of the Center party, thirty-one National Liberals, twenty-four Secessionists, thirty-five Progressionists, three members of the Party of the People, fifteen Poles and seventeen Particularists and Protesters. The politics of four of the successful candidates is not defined. One hundred second ballots are necessary.

Snow Storms in England.

LONDON, November 1.—Heavy snow storms and gales are reported throughout England. In several parts of the midland counties there is two feet of snow on the ground.

COMMUNICATED

Barn Raising.

EDITORS CITIZEN:—On Friday, October 28th, 1881, the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining townships, met at the farm of Charles Goebel in Jefferson township to help him raise his new barn, which is being built under the supervision of Messrs. Elliott and Armstrong, and the masonry by Messrs. Richier and Rabb of Saxonburg. The building, 35x50 feet, is a bank barn with stable and wagon sheds in the basement, and for hay and grain above. At 12 o'clock the company were invited to partake of a sumptuous feast, which had been prepared by the Miss Grabes and Miss Slupes, most pleasant, agreeable, and good looking young ladies, and their able assistants. About 50 persons were entertained in the most hospitable manner. The tables were laden with choice cakes of various kinds, delicious pies and various other eatables. The men ate as though they enjoyed this feast of good things, for which their appetites, sharpened by the arduous labors of the forenoon, had prepared them. Altogether the *frolic* was one of the pleasant affairs and reminded one of the old time hospitality that was the glory of the days gone by. Yours truly, Jefferson.

A Wedding.

PROSPECT, October 7, 1881.

EDITORS CITIZEN:—Having been requested by several friends to give an account of the late wedding of our townsman, John C. Kelly, for your many readers. I will, even at this late hour, attempt a brief record of events for the benefit of many friends who were unable to "take in" and enjoy the festivity.

In the far-off town of Cincinnati, the ceremony took place, on October 3, the Rev. J. G. Monfort, performing the nuptial rites which united in one J. C. Kelley, Esq., of Prospect, Pa. and Miss E. J. Blake, of Beaver Falls. Not being a witness of the tour to Prospect, I can give no record of the proceedings. It is safe, however, to say it was highly enjoyable—countenances beaming bright bespoke no squalls by the way.

The reception at home took place on October 7th. It was in every respect all that could be desired by those who were present to enjoy. Feasting and fun was the order of the hour. The order progressed well until the shades of evening began to deepen into the sombre gloom of night. It was then a new order began—for the Prospect brass band had begun to add another tone to the affairs. Their symphonies were highly appreciated, and judging from the way in which the various members disposed of the "good things" the hospitality of the host was not a little appreciated.

Wearied of pleasure and tired of frolic the guests separated wishing the benedicts for the present peace, and for the future a happy and honored age. SAT'S.

From Farmington.

FARMINGTON, Nov. 5th, 1881.

MR. EDITOR:—We are a little nearer to the north pole than you of Butler, but we are no less warm in sociability. The activity of our good nature on two occasions of late, has been made manifest—at the exhibition given by the brass band, and many others who kindly aided in the exercise, to secure a little of the precious metal. The talent, tact, and ingenuity of several of our people was a credit of a high order. Wit appeared in a happy garb. The orators were interesting; the declaimer graceful; the tableaux were No. 1, and it would take a city editor to beat the paper, edited by Miss Eliza McCemey; in short, the exhibition, notwithstanding it was a wet and dark night, was a success.

Mr. Philip S. Hoffman, of Clintonville, closed a term of four months teaching this fourth day of November, and a worthy and successful teacher he has proved himself. Mr. Hoffman is also instructor of our newly organized brass band. We are glad that the young men are making progress in the musical art.

The spectators who attended the closing exercises of our school were much amused by the answer of one of the visitors to a question in arithmetic. Q "How would you find the solidity of a log chain or a dead mouse." A "Set log chain and dead mouse in a state of rest under the laws of heat and cold, and in the course of many days the log chain still remains unchanged, but the dead mouse, if its solidity is tested by the nose, the advantage is evident, but time and observation proves log chain to be as much superior in solidity to dead mouse as the difference of power to resist cold and heat, which equals no mouse = log chain one." After this Rev. W. Branfield made some remarks which were well received. A general hand-shaking by scholars and teacher made a pleasing ending of the last day of school.

There is considerable sickness here, chiefly sore throat

We admire your fair play practice in politics—your paper has the true ring of a free press.

The Kerr House is renewed by a coat of paint. Chambers & Kerr's store is doing a flourishing business.

We have an M. E. parsonage, the result of much labor by the pastor. W. B.

$100,000,000 for Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Col. Dudley, Commissioner of Pensions, has submitted to the Secretary of the Interior a recommendation that Congress be asked to appropriate $100,000,000 for disbursement by his office during the next fiscal year (ending June 30, 1883) in payment of annual and accrued pensions, and also that an immediate deficiency appropriation of $20,000,000 be requested for the purpose of paying all arrears of pensions.

The Persecution of Jews.

BERLIN, November 1.—Jews here have instituted proceedings against Dr. Stoecker for the part he has taken in stirring up the people against the Jews. The Public Prosecutor began an action against the editor and publisher of the *Reichsherald*, a paper conducted by Henrici, a notorious "Jew hater," on account of a poem in it approving the persecution of the Jews.

A Village Conflagration.

BRADFORD, PA., November 7.—A fire at 5 A. M. to-day in the village of Four Mile, N. Y., twelve miles from here, destroying seven frame buildings, a hotel, three stores and three dwellings. The principal losers are Thomas Book and A. J. Barr, $1,000 each; insurance, $500 each. Total loss, $5,000.

Guiteau's Papers.

WASHINGTON, November 3.—On the opening of the Criminal Court this morning a motion was made by Mr. Leigh Robinson, counsel in the Guiteau case, for the delivery to the Property Clerk of the District of certain papers, etc., belonging to the prisoner. He specified the letters written by Guiteau at the time or near the time of the arrest, newspaper scraps, letters found in the possession of Byron Andrews and other communications from the prisoner. He desired them to be in the hands of the Property Clerk, so that counsel for the defense could have access to them. The District Attorney stated that these things were not property but were evidences of crime, and therefore they belonged to him. The Court said he would examine the statutes and make such order as might appear necessary; but it seemed to him that counsel for the defense should have access to the papers. At all events he thought the Property Clerk had nothing to do with them.

DELAY AGAIN URGED.

Mr. Robinson also applied for still more time to prepare for the trial, and stated the difficulties in the way of the defense being ready on the 14th inst., the day fixed. Among other things, he stated that it had only to be known that a person was to become witness for the prisoner for a clamor to be raised against him, and generally for the person himself, in a manner very disgraceful to him, to have a letter published in order to 'set himself right' in the community. The Court said he would consider the suggestion as to postponing the trial still further, and would give it due weight.

CORRECTING A MISREPRESENTATION.

Mr. Robinson also stated that he had been misrepresented in the Washington papers on the last occasion that he was before the Court, as saying that he agreed with Mr. Scoville on the question of jurisdiction. He had simply stated that he was not to be considered as committed on a question which he had not examined. He did not consider himself precluded by anything said by Mr. Scoville at any time on any branch of the defense from availing himself at the time of trial of any defense that might seem to him proper and that it might be in his power to make.

The Court—That was perfectly understood by the Court.

The District Attorney—The prosecution so understood it.

Embezzlements to the Extent of $2,000,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The Post's Newark, N. J., special says: The Directors of the Mechanics' National Bank, the largest bank in Newark, this morning announced its suspension. A meeting of the Directors was held yesterday afternoon and the cashier, O. L. Baldwin, stated the bank was not in a condition to pay, and that its liabilities were so great that further attempts to carry on business would be useless. The Directors then offered to subscribe $500,000 to put the bank in a condition for business, but the cashier responded that $2,000,000 would not do it. The Directors then decided to suspend business at once.

The bank's last statement, issued in October, showed liabilities as follows: Capital stock, $500,000; surplus, $400,000; National Bank notes, $445,000; dividends unpaid, $3,962; deposits, $2,417,215; certified checks, $64,407; cashed checks, $7,366; due other National Banks, $134,532; due State Banks, $70,912. Jos. A. Halsey is President and Oscar L. Baldwin cashier. The last named officer was manager of the bank and is considered responsible for the trouble. The news came like a thunder clap on the community. There was no suspicion that the institution was not the strongest in Newark. The Directors have been considered the most trustworthy body of men in the city and the reputation of Baldwin, as a financier probably stood first in the State.

Wanted.

All kinds of grain for which I will pay the highest market price in cash at my mill.

GEO. REIBER,
Nov. 3, 1880. Butler, Pa

THE SUN FOR 1882.

Next year THE SUN will make its fifteenth annual revolution under the present management, shining, as always, for all, big and little, mean and gracious, contented and unhappy, Republican and Democratic, depraved and virtuous, intelligent and obtuse. THE SUN'S light is of mankind and womankind of every sort; but its general warmth is for the good, while it pours hot discomfort on the blistering back of the presistently wicked.

THE SUN of 1868 was a newspaper of a new kind It discarded many of the forms and a multitude of the superfluous words and phrases of ancient journalism. It undertook to report in a fresh, succinct, unconventional way all the news of the world, omitting no event of human interest, and commenting upon affairs with the fearlessness of absolute independence. The success of this experiment was the success of THE SUN. It effected a permanent change in the style of American newspapers Every important jurnal established in this country in the dozen years past has been modelled after THE SUN. Every important journal already existing has been modified and bettered by the force of THE SUN'S example.

THE SUN of 1882 will be the same outspoken, truth-telling, and interesting newspaper.

By a liberal use of the means which an abundant prosperity affords, we shall make it better than ever before. We shall print all the news, putting it into readable shape, and measuring its importance, not by the traditional yar stick, but by its real interest to the people. Distance from Printing House-square is not the first consideration with THE SUN Whenever anything happens worth reporting we get the particulars, whether it happens in Brooklyn or in Bokara.

In politics we have decided opinions; and we are accustomed to express them in language that can be understood. We say when we think about men and events. That habit is the only secret of THE SUN'S political course.

The weekly edition of THE SUN gathers into eight pages the best matter of the seven daily issues. An Agricultural Department of unequaled merit, full market reports, and a liberal proportion of literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence complete THE WEEKLY SUN, and make it the best newspaper for the farmer's home hold that was ever printed.

Who does not know and read and like THE SATURDAY SUN, each number of which is a Golconda of interesting literature, with the best poetry of the day, prose every line worth reading, news, humor—matter enough to fill a good-sized book, and infinitely more varied and entertaining than any book, big or little?

If our idea of what a newspaper should be pleases you' send for THE SUN.

Our terms are as follows:

For the daily SUN, a four-page sheet of twenty-eight columns, the price by mail, post paid, is 55 cents a month, or, $6.50 a year; or, including the sunday paper, an eight-page sheet of fifty-six columns, the price is 65 cents a month, or $7.70 a year postage paid.

The Sunday edition of THE SUN is also furnished separately at $1.20 a year, postage paid.

The price of the WEEKLY SUN, eight pages, fifty-six columns, is $1 a year, postage paid. For clubs of ten sending $10 we will send an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND,
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Procured for all soldiers disabled in the U. S. service from any cause, also for heirs of deceased soldiers. The slightest disability entitles to pension. PENSIONS INCREASED. Bounty and new discharges procured. Those in doubt as to whether entitled to anything, should send two 3 cent stamps for our "Circular of information." Address, with stamps, STODDART & CO., Solicitors of Claims and Patents, Washington, D. C. Lock box, 623.

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DRESS GOODS OF ALL KINDS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, DOLMANS, CLOAKING, CASSIMERES, BLANKETS,

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PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.

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Aug. 24. BUTLER, PA.

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Warranted for 5 Years, and satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. **The Best, most Efficient and most durable Washer in the World.** It has no rival, and is the only machine that will wash perfectly clean without rubbing. It can be used in any sized tub, or shifted from one tub to another in a moment. Is so simple and easy to operate that the most delicate lady or child 10 years old can do the work. It is made of Galvanized Iron, and is the only Washer in the world that has the Rubber Bands on the Rollers, which prevent the breaking of buttons and injury to clothes.

AGENTS WANTED Exclusive territory. Retail price $8.00. Agents' sample, $3.50. Also the celebrated **Keystone Wringers** at Manufacturers' lowest price. Circulars free. Refer to the editor of this paper. Address ERIE WASHER CO., Erie Pa. [26oct4m

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

THE Register hereby gives notice that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators and Guardians, have been filed in his office according to law, and will be presented to Court for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of December, A. D., 1881, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day:

1. Final account of Margaret N. Smith and S. J. Shearer, administrators of the estate of Henry Smith, late of Buffalo township, deceased.
2. Final account of Jefferson Wimer, administrator of Johathan H. Wimer, late of Worth twp., deceased.
3. Final account of Margaret Miller, administratrix of Sarah M. Miller, late of Winfield township, deceased.
4. Final account of E. H. Crawford, administrator of Mary Ann Allen, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
5. Final account of Jacob Faller, administrator of Catharine Faller, late of Butler borough, dec'd.
6. Final account of J. F. Peffer, administrator of Margaretta Fowler, late of Parker twp., dec'd.
7. Final and distribution account of Charles Divener, administrator of Dorothea M. Divener, late of Jefferson twp, deceased.
8. The partial account of John Elliott and C. J. Smith, executors of Samuel Grinder, late of Clinton township, deceased.
9. Final account of R. F. Christy, administrator of Samuel D. Christy, late of Cherry township, deceased.
10. Final account of Ephriam Allen, executor of Thomas Allen, late of Clay township, deceased.
11. Final account of Wm. R. Harbison, administrator of Robert Harbison, late of Jefferson twp, deceased.
12. Final account of I. N. Fithian, guardian of Charles Ironmonger, minor child of Edward Ironmonger, late of Karns City, deceased.
13. Final account of W. A. Elias, administrator of Christiana Cooper, late of Winfield twp, dec'd.
14. Final account of E. H. Crawford, administrator of Jane Allen, late of Allegheny twp, dec'd.
15. Final and distribution account of Mary Zinkhorn and Martin Zinkhorn, executors of John Zinkhorn, late of Jackson township, deceased.
16. First and final account of E. B. Barton, guardian of E. B. Booth.
17. First and partial account of G. C. Roenigk, executor of the last will of Henry C. Roenigk, late of Winfield township, deceased.
18. Final and separate account of Samuel Marshall, one of the executors of Nancy Tate, late of Middlesex township, deceased, as filed by Samuel J. Marshall, executor, Samuel Marshal, dec'd.
19. Partial account of Emil Maurhoff, executor of the last will and testament of Martha Chr. Neher, late of Saxonburg, deceased.
20. First and final account of George C. Roessing, administrator of John Millinger, late of Oakland township, deceased.
21. First and final account of John Hall, administrator cum testamento annexo of the estate of Robert E. Hall, late of Cherry township, deceased.
22. Final account of John M. Miller, guardian of C. E. Kratzer minor child of Reuben Kratzer, deed
23. Final account of John M. Miller, guardian of Gilmore W. Kratzer, minor child of Reuben Kratzer, deceased.

H. H. GALLAGHER, Reg'r.

Widows' Appraisements.

The following appraisements of personal property and real estate set apart for the benefit of the widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Butler county, Pa., in accordance with the Act of Assembly, April 14th 1867:

Margaret O'Donnell, widow of P. L. O'Donnell, twenty-five acres of land valued at $300 00.

Mary Cooper, widow of Samuel Cooper, claims $142 10 personal property, the balance of $300 is claimed out of first money which may come into the hands of Robert Ash, Adm'r.

Eliza Miller, widow of Christopher Miller, $300 00.

S. A. McGowan, widow of Jas. McGowan, $300 00.

Jane Shannon, widow of Samuel Shannon, cash, $300 00.

Charles Langhurst, Committee for widow of Adam Stang, $300 00.

Lydia Gallagher, widow of Peter Gallagher, $30 00.

All persons interested in the above Appraisements will take notice that they will be presented to the Orphan's Court at Butler on Wednesday the 7th day of Dec. next, 1881, and no exceptions being filed, will be confirmed absolutely. By the Court.

Nov. 9, it. W. A. WRIGHT, Clerk.

Notice to Supervisors and all Interested.

The following Road petitions have been confirmed *nisi* by the Court and will be presented for confirmation absolutely, on Wednesday, the 7th day of Dec. next, 1881, should no exceptions be filed.

No. 7. June 1881, Road in Lancaster township, to lead from an ash tree on the C. Shead farm on the Harmony and Mercer road to what is called the Yellow Creek road, striking said road at a point called the old salt works

No. 3, June, 1881. To vacate, change and supply public road in Jefferson township which is known as the Crispan's Mill road between a point at or near the N. E. corner of Wm. H. Grabies' farm in said township.

Certified from the Record this ——day of November, 1881.

Nov. 9, it. W. A. WRIGHT, Cl'k Q. S.

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Frazer Axle Grease.

One greasing with Frazer Axle Grease will last two weeks, all others two to three days. Try it. It received first premium at the Centennial and Paris Exposition. [28sep3m

Traverse Jury for Nov. 28, '81.

List of Traverse Jurors drawn for a special Term of Court the fourth Monday of November being the 28th day, 1881.

Allen, Henry Worth, farmer.
Beatty, T. G. Brady, farmer.
Bricker, John Buffalo, farmer.
Boreland, David Butler Tp., farmer.
Brandon, M. H. Forward, farmer.
Buhl, Frederick Forward, farmer.
Blakeley, Joseph, Marion, farmer.
Beck, J