GUITEAU ARRAIGNED.

THAT THE PRESIDENT DIED FROM MALPRACTICE. WASHINGTON, October 14.—There was a very large attendance this morning in the Criminal Court room, attracted partly by the impression that the arraignment of Guiteau would take place and partly by the announcement that the argument in the star route cases would be opened by Robt. G. Ingersoll. The latter said he was unwilling to go on unless the whole matter could be finished in a day or two, and Mr. Cook, for the government, said he was not ready, owing to the absence of counsel. Finally the case was allowed to remain open for two weeks, the time for opening the rgument to be fixed after that time. After the withdrawal of counsel in the star route case, it became known in the court room that the arraignment of Guiteau was actually going to take place, so most of the spectators remained, and a very intense feeling of curiosity and interest was manifested. There was no unusual display of the police in or about the court room, al-

detectives present not in uniform. THE ASSASSIN APPEARS.

At a quarter past 11 o'clock Mr. Scoville, counsel for the prisoner, entered and took a seat at the lawyers fore understand why they do not aptable, and immediately afterward the the two deputy marshals having be-tween them and hustling along the bowed and cowering figure of the man President, pro tem, of that body, when for whom they made way to a seat resembled last week literally turned served for him beside his counsel. Then one of the guards unlocked the handcuffs, giving the prisoner the use of his hands. Guiteau looked broken in health and uncared for in prison. His dark clothes were rusty and shabby, and his whole person presented a miserably neglected appearance. After the excitement attending his enter-ance had subsided, District Attorney Corkhill rose, and, addressing the Judge, said: 'The grand jury of the District of Columbia has indicted Charles J. Guiteau for the murder of

> The prisoner was ordered to stand up and in a languid manner obeyed. The Clerk: 'Is your name Charles J. au?' The prisoner assented by a Guiteau?' read the indictment, the prisoner standing up, with his head most of the time inclined to the right shoulder, his eyes half closed or wholly 80, his hands crossed as if still they were handcuffed, and his air was that of sickly indifference. The reading occupied nearly half an hour, and during all that time Guiteau hardly once changed his attitude or bearing and hardly opened his eyes. He did not manifest the slightest fegree of interest in the scene in which he was the chief actor, and but for an oceasional slight movement, might supposed to be asleep in a standing attitude. Upon the conclusion of the reading of the indictment the Clerk,

The ty or not guilty?' The prisoner, in d to place of a response, fumbled in his Enter your plea of 'guilty or not

> The prisoner-I enter plea 'not ty,' if your honor please, and I desire to make a statement. The Court At some other time.

District Attorney-In this case Mr. Scoville—I appear for the defendant, at his request, and I have ome affidavits to present to court, the

evidence is material to the prisoner's de in such manner as those of Govern-

Mr. Scoville then read an affidavit made by himself. It states that besides the points of law that may made, the defense will consist points: First, the insanity of defendant; and, second, that the wound was not necessarily mortal, and was not the cause of President Garfield's death. The affiant had endeavored to obtain the names and residences of witnesses such evidence would prove, to wit, the tury, have occurred in Russia and the further says, since he was employed in

the soldiers and citizens. who has charge of the small police force, says he shall need assistance to

keep things in proper shape.

At Richmond fifty thousand people itnessed the parade of the military to-day on the eve of their departure for and expenses by the Government the Yorktown. The reviewing officers were the Governors of Illinois, Ken-

interest of public justice that not only A NEW cabinet is formed almost every day for President Arthur by the special correspondents at Washington. this case but all cases of like gravity Ex-Senator Conkling is in Wash-

ington and called upon the president. It is probable that he is not present in that city for any good purpose as his Machiavellian mind is bent on mischief. Some assert that he is there to pre-vent the admission of Senator Miller, and others state that his desire will be omnipotent in the cabinet changes believed to be imminent. Time alone can tell what he is in Washington for but the people of these United States as a whole, would gladly hear of Mr Conkling's retirement from public life and would be well pleased if they never saw his hyperion locks again .-

Derrick, Oct. 11. GUITEAU's brother-in-law has failed utterly in securing any aid in New York, no lawyer, to the honor of the profession. be it said, being found willing to assist in defending this consummate rascal, neither would any of the witnesses he desired consent to lend their aid to the defense. This scoundrel, when told by Mr. Scoville that he would try and get Col. Ingersoll to help him, declined his assistance 'because the whole christian world would be prejudiced.' If it were not such a serious matter his coolness and assumption of virtue, would create a smile, but as it is, it will only serve to confirm the mass of people in their belief of his entire agaity and increase their impatient desire that a rope's end shall quickly be meted out to him without any legal impediments or technicalities,

-We invite the attention of ou readers to the advertisement of the Buckeye M'f'g Co., Marion, Ohio, in another column. They offer rare inducements to earn an honest living. Sept. 21, 6-m,

LIVE AGENTS WANTED. To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for Everybody, in every county in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2,000 household receiper and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements eyer offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, postpaid, for \$2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address br. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Ashor, Michigan.

Experience the Best Guide. The constant practice most women have in caring for the sick, makes them often more skillful than physicians in selecting medicines. The reason why women are everywhere using and rec-

ommending Parker's Ginger Tonic is, because they have learned by that best of guides—experience—that this excellent family medicine speedily overcomes despondency, periodical headache, indigestion, hver complaints, pain or weakness in the back and kidneys, and other troubles peculiar to the sex.—Home Journal. See adv.

GENERAL Election Proclamation Wheneas, In and by an Act of the General assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth, passed the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Election and in such notice to enumerate: notice to enumerate:
The officers to be elected.

to be held.

I, WM. H. HOFFMAN, High Sheriff of the county of Butler, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Butler, that on Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, being the 8th day of November, 1881.

One person for the office of Production, of Butler county.

One person for the office of Clerk of Courts of Butler county.

One person for the office of Register and Recorder of Butler county.

One person for the office of Treasurer of Butler county.

Two persons for the office of County County

The electors of Aulerheny rownship at Cahool House No. 5, in said township.

The electors of Buffalo township at the house of Robert Gregg, now George Truby, now Rob-

The electors of Buller township at the School house at West Liberty.

The electors of Clearfield township at the Indian of John Green.

The electors of Clinion township at the house of John C. Riddle, now John Anderson. or John C. Riddle, now John Anderson.
The electors of Concord township at the School house No. 4, in Middletown.
The electors of Clay township at the Centre school house in said township.

f Adam Frederick.

The electors of Slipperyrock township at the chool house, at the Morth and of the borough

The electors of Venango township at the house of James Murrin.

The Telectors of Winfield township at School house No. 5, in said township.

The electors of Washington township at the Town Hall in North Washington.

The Statement of the borough of Butler at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Butler at the Court House in said borough of Gentreville at the School house, now ware room of J. 8. Wilson, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Zelienople at the Council house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Prespect at the new School House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Saxonburgh at the School louise in gaid porough.

The electors of the borough of Saxonburgh at the School House in gaid porough.

The electors of the borough of More Sunbury at the Public School house in Sanbury. electors of Venango township at the

## DOLLAR

LARGEST STOOK LOWEST

MODE OF CONDUCTING ELECTIONS.

ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC. 5. All the elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polis shall be opened at 7 o'clock, A. M., and closed at 7 o'clock, B. M.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA-ART. VIII.

OF THE ELECTION RETURNS.

OF THE ELECTION RETURNS.
ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.
SEC. 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes rece; ed by each candidate shall be given after his name, first an words and again figures, and shall be signed by all the said officers and by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them; shall write upon each of the returns his or their reason for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shift also be publicly and the soon as counted, shift also be publicly and the present, and a brief statement showing the yotes preceived by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the votes are counted; and the same shall be imme-

shall have paid within two years a State or country tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Secrico 5. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections and in going to and returning therefrom.

Secrico 6. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the clitzens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of election.

Secrico 7. All laws regulating the holding of the elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege by reason of his name not being registered.

Secrico 18. For the purpose of voting, no error, shall be deemed to have grained a resigners.

aon.

Election officers will take notice that the Act entitled "A Further Supplement to the Election Laws of the Commonwealth," disqualifying deserters from the army of the United States from voting has recently been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, is now null and void, and that all persons formerly disqualified, thereunder are now lawful voters, if otherwise qualified.

was: 5c. h. He is enacted, &c., That all citizens of United States who are or strall be otherwis, liked to yote at any election by the people of State, territory, district, city, parish, fewn-

the School house in gaid borough.

The electors of the borough of West Sunbury at the Public School house in Sunbury.

The electors of the borough of Millerstown at the house of Adam Schreiber in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Petrolis at the Town Hall in said borough of Petrolis at the School house in Sunbury.

The electors of the borough of Petrolis at the School house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Fairview at the School house in said borough.

OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS.

and have been assessed at the election listrict where he shall offer his vote at least two nonths immediately preceding the election.

Fourth—If twenty-two years or upwards, he hall have paid within two years a State or country tax, which shall have been assessed at least

of the privilege by reason of his name not being registered.
SECTION 13. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State, or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of this State or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student in any institute of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while contined in a public prison.

after authorized and required to vote by fickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows:

One ticket shall contain the names of all persons voted for the Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and shall be president of the United States, and shall be president of the United States.

CONSTITUTION OF PERMSTLYANIA-ART. VIII

## BUTLER CITIZEN.

N N. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROP'RS. ed at the Postoffice at Butler

ond-classs matter. REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For State Treasurer.

Associate Judge.

A. D. WEIR, Buffale township. FERGUS M. SHIRA, Parker township.

Prothenotary. M N GREER Buffalo township

Clerk of Courts. W. B. DODDS, Muddycreek township. Register & Recorder. HENDERSON W. CHRISTIE, of Butler,

Treasurer. J. HARVEY MILLER, of Butler County Commissioners,

CHARLES COCHRAN, of Concord township GEORGE W. HAYS, of Middlesex township County Auditors, G. W. CROW, of Forward township.

J. H. SHANNON, of Franklin township.

Coroner.
WILLIAM KENNEDY, of Penn townshi THE Mrs. GARFIELD fund in New

York on Saturday amounted to \$350,-334.06. For the first time a city of the first class has a President of the United

States in the person of one of its resi-THE holiest memories of a purified Republic are those which will henceforth cluster around the names of Lin-

coln and Garfield. THERE will be no service in the English Lutheran Church next Sunday, Rev. Waters having to attend the General Church Council at Rochester,

New York. GUITEAU is very anxious to impres on the American people that 'the Lord is responsible for the shooting of Garfield. This infamous and blasphemous declaration only adds to the bru-

tality of the murderer. MR. LOUIS VON MEYERHOFF, of this place, has had copyrighted his musical composition entitled "Through Night composition entitled "Through Night to Light;" a religious meditation inscribed to Mrs. Lucretia Rudolph Garfield, in homage to the memory of her late husband President Garfield. Prof. Meyerhoff has forwarded the

music to Mrs. Garfield. WE have received a well written communication from Harmony, giving an account of the organizations at Harmony and Zelienople in the interest of Mr. Wolfe for State Treasurer, but as we are publishing the Zelienople meeting itself, and as our space is quite limited this week, "Republican," the writer, will understand why his com-

unication does not appear. THE Karns City Telephone of last week contains an able article in suport of Mr. Shira, the Republican canpersonal knowledge of Mr. Shira for ome years past we can endorse all the tions urged in his tavor As we said when he was nominated he is the first one of that large and re spected name in this county who has en favored with a Republican nomination, and the party owes to him a united and hearty support, and which we have no doubt he will receive at

the polls on November 8th.

A State election was also held i Iowa last Tuesday week and the result is another great Republican triumph. The majority ranges from 40,000 to 50,000. Iowa is perhaps the most thoroughly Republican State in the

COURT.

Court continues in session this week to dispose of the balance of causes not reached last week. The same jurors in attendance last week were held t serve this week.

Next week there will also be Court for the further trial of civil causes, and with a new set of jurors, etc. RAILROAD-ONE CERTAIN.

It gives us great pleasure to state that the line for a railroad connection between Butler and a point on the Pittsburgh and Harmony road, at or near Evansburg, is now being definitely located. The location here has ermined and the engineers are now locating the track down the Connoquenessing. The line here will eave the track of the present Narrow Gauge at or near the residence of Mr. George Reiber, a short distance east of the West Penn depot. It then crosses the creek to the land of Mr. William S. Boyd, passing through same and a lot their residences from one election disof Mrs. Mackey until it crosses the trict to another require a residence of Freeport road, near Freeport bridge, from where it will follow the street hetween that road and the plank road, crossing the same at lots of the Messrs. Campbell and Mrs. Muntz, thence passing along the creek and across the bend in same through lots of Negley, Patterson, Stoughton, Bredin and others until it strikes the creek-

commence at once-probably this week. November 8th. The completion of this connection will fill a link long needed and will undoubtedly do much to further open up our county to trade and travel. It passes near the new Bald Ridge oil 000. developments, which are only about

point a station will no doubt be erect-

STATE TREASURER.

In our issue of Oct. 5, we gave an extract from the "speech of Attorney township takes exception to the sufus his views of the case. The follow-Baily, and are intended as a answer to

PARKER'S LANDING, Oct. 11, 1881. eld at Harrisburg, February 1880. A man who tried to smother Republican principles at Harrisburg and Chicago electing him State Treasurer, where he can further and better serve them, and thereby rivet the chains of ring rule more tightly on the people of the State and advance stalwartism all

along the line. Yours etc., A. L. Scott.' There is no man in the county that we have more respect for than the writer of the above. Mr. Scott is a thoroughly honest and conscientious man and an active and influential Republican. Like a large majority of the Republicans of this county, he desires to see an end to boss rule and boss nominations being torced upon the Republicans of this State. On this he nows well our views and the position this journal has always occupied. But whether Mr. Baily misrepresented his constituents, in the Harrisburg Convention of February 1880, we do not recollect and have now no means of scertaining. Or whether his county was then for Grant or Blaine for President, or whether he was a delegate, and instructed or not instructed, on the then contest between the friends of Blaine and Grant for this State, we do not know. One thing all will admit. lowever, that Blaine was the favorite in this State generally, and should have had it, and that the effort made in that Convention to take it wholly from him and give to Grant, was contrary to the sentiments of a large majority of the Republicans of the State. But what was Gen. Baily's action in that State Convention we never knew. It is true he was one of the delegates sent by it to the Chicago National Convention, and in that Convention was one of the

friendship for Gen. Grant is not sufficient. He, like Grant, was a soldier and of course a natural sympathy ex-

isted towards a fellow soldier. POLITICAL. We give our readers this week al the news possible of what is transpiring in this county and State in political matters. Among them will be seen the proceedings of a Wolfe meetwhich we give as news and also by request. The CITIZEN, as is well known, while we approve of much of the sentiment contained in the position of Mr. the office of State Treasurer. It is, however, nothing more than the right of our readers and of the public, to have all the light and information that can be given on any subject. The light can do no harm. It is only the suppressing of it that is likely to do harm. Doctor Cunningham, the principal mover in the Zelienople meeting. it might be remarked, was the Chair man of our late Republican County Convention. He is a citizen well known to many of our people and they will read his views and approve or disapprove of the same as they may see right and proper. We but perform a clear duty when we afford all the op-

judging for themselves. STATE AND COUNTY ELEC-

Tuesday, November 8, is the day for holding the state and county election this year. Voters who change at least sixty days in the district where the citizen shall offer to vote. State and county tax must have been paid within two years. Every qualified citizen should vote. That is a duty for the neglect of which the reason should be very strong. Without such a reason the neglect to vote is an unpatriotic refusal to perform a public duty. We hope every citizen of this miles above Freeport, when nearing

OHIO ELECTION.

As we predicted last week, Ohio has again gone Republican. Gov. Foster is elected by a majority of at least 20,-

The rest of the Republican State to lead to the arrest of the perpetrators one mile from the creek and at which ticket may reach a majority of 25,000. The Legislature, both branches, is also Republican by decided majorities.

A CERTAIN MATTER.

In regard to the general dissatisfac tion that has arisen among the Re-General Palmer in the Republican publicans of this county from the ap-State Convention" that nominated pointment of Mr. W. H. Ritter, of this Gen. Silas M. Baily, for the office of place, on the State Central Committee, State Treasurer. The extract alluded we have concluded to let the matter to was publiseed in the Republican go over for the present. We do so papers of the State generally and is an principally from information given by eloquent tribute to the merits of General | the Chairman of the County Commit-Baily as a soldier. It recounts the tee, Mr. Craig, to the effect that the various battles he was in during the matter will soon be thoroughly invesrebellion and on these it principally tigated. We have looked upon the rested his claims to the support of the matter from the first as one that specialpeople. A valued friend of Allegheny ly concerns the delegates from this county in the late State Convention. ficiency of these claims, as presented Messrs Purviance and Williams. If by the Attorney General, and writes they have appointed a man on the State Committee, as the representative ing extract from his letter gives his of this county, who has used the laneasons for refusing to vote for General guage towards the late lamented President Garfield, while laying upon his the argument of Attorney General death bed, that Ritter is said to have used, then he is a most offensive and objectionable appointment, and one "A man who misrepresented his that Messrs Purviance and Williams, constituents in the State Convention for their own credit, as well as the credit of the Republican party of this county, cannot too hastily correct. They placed him there and they have by trying to force the "unit rule," for which service the Cameron ring, his masters, wishes to reward him by Our Republican friends who have sent us requests on the subject will there-

pear at present

A BRIEF HONOR. The election by the Democrats of the United States Senate of one of their number, Senator Bayard, to be out to be but a pro tempore, or "for the time" proceeding, and that but a very brief time. He was elected before all the Senators had been seated and had the right to vote, as the Republicans maintained, and the conseuence was that, as soon as the new enators were sworn in, another election was ordered, and Senator David Davis, of Illinois, was chosen. So Bayard stepped down and out and Davis stepped up and in Davis has been independent in his politics and votes in the Senate, and the selection is thought to be the wisest one that could have been made, under present circumstances. He is a very large man, and in that respect also may be said to fill

the chair fully. IRELAND ABLAZE.

RREST OF PARNELL, THE LAND LEAGUE

LEADER-GREAT EXCITEMENT IN DUBLIN. DUBLIN, October 13 .-- Charles Parnell was arrested this morning while on his way to attend the Kildare Convention, on two warrants signed by Foster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, charging him with inciting people to intimidate others from paying their just rent, and with intimidating tenants from taking the benefits of the 306 who voted for and adhered to land act. Parnell was taken to Kil-

a sufficient reason for any Republican withholding his vote from him now for ed at yesterday's Cabinet council. the office of State Treasurer. Unless warrant for his arrest was issued to the reasons urged against the manner detectives of London on the arrival waisteoat pocket and drew out a in which he was nominated be good there of the Chief Secretary for Ireat nine o'clock this morning, and spector as soon as he was dressed Soon after he sent for Mr. Mallon up stairs. Parnell met him pleasantly and asked: "Do you intend to arrest ing, held at Zelienople, this county, which we give as news and also by reonly returned from London by th has always been the foe of what is morning mail at eight o'clock. Parnell men. A cab was waiting at the

"Ireland ablaze," is the heading of the above recent news from Ireland.

ant system exercised over Ireland. portunity and means of reading and the right we have acknowledged long by this arrest only strengthens the

Robbery Near Freepor Bloyholder was traveling along what is known as the river road, about three county will vote at the election on the residence of Mr. Murphy, he was commanded to halt by two highway robbers who placed revolvers at either side of his head. They demanded his money and valuables. They took his gold watch and chain and some money, also his coat, hat and boots. Seeming-

Grant. But this alone would not be It is understood that the determination to arrest Parnell was only reachdiately after the close of the Cabinet council. Inspecter Mallon called at the hotel where Paracit was stopping, word to the Land League leader, who was still in bed, that he would like to see him. The hotel porter returned word that he would be happy to see the Inwho, with Detective Sheridan, went

known as "rings" and "bossism," and glanced over the warrant and said,
"All right." He put on his hat and walked down stairs with the two police-Wolfe, yet we have not been able to approve of his present candidacy for mainham Prison," cried Mallon to the driver, and they drove off. There were four other policemen in citizens clothes in another carriage. On arriving at Kilmainham Parnell was at once assigned to a cell. There was no demonstration, as no one knew about the arrest beyond the parties concerned.

> And it seems to be the result of the contest, going on for years, many years past, between the British Government and Ireland in regard to the land ten-But England now makes the fatal mistake of arresting and imprisoning a man for the use of his free speech. For what else is it? Is it not simply since in this county, and which was supposed to be acknowledged in the

old country? It is too late in this latoning any man for the political right of saying what he pleases on any politicause of Parnell and his followers The sooner she "backs out" and releases this man the better. Do as we do here-let every man freely speak his mind on all government measures.

ly their conscience pricked them, for they returned his boots before taking their departure. No clue can be had

for this outrage. Subscribe for the CITIZEN. GARFIELD'S ASSASSIN PLEADS shall be tried as swiftly as is consistent with justice. I appreciate the fact that the line of defense in this case would require evidence to be brought from other places. The diligence employed by the counsel has been fruitful enough n ascertaining what witnesses should be summoned and what testimony may be presented. I must consult somewhat the other engagements of this court in fixing a time for trial, and I think the most convenient time for the court, and the time that will accommodate the prisoner sufficiently, will be the 7th of November, which is three weeks from next Monday. I cannot ignore the fact that there is an important question relating to the jurisdic tion of the court to try the case at all which is the subject of discussion and which arises on the face of the indictment. Until that question is decided it cannot, of course, be decided whether there be any trial here at all. If the jurisdiction of the court is to be discussed, that question must be disposed of as a preliminary one, and I desire to have that done speedily, either immediately or by the 30th of the present month, so that the question may be out of the way. With reference to the application to allow the cost of witnesses. I will examine the statutes and will make such order on the subject as I hough there was a large number of may feel authorized to do. I have no disposition to withhold any power of the court in the matter, and whatever the law allows to be done in that respect I will do. If the counsel for the

door of the witness room opened and it my duty to assign proper counsel gave enterence to Marshel Henry and from this bar. At present I will fix District Attorney-And the prelim trial. Mr. Scoville-This is a matter which I did not feel inclined to say anything have not investigated at all.

James A. Garfield. The prisoner is in to the case and the District court. I ask that he be arraigned and to settle between themselves.

District Attorney-Mr. Scoville has required to plead to the indictment.' informed me Mr. Merrick has agreed THE ARRAIGNMENT. ence of the court. Merrick's services? I do not know how it might be in that case,

of that.

addressing the prisoner, said: 'What say you to this indictment, gui!-LEGAL INSANITY IN DEFENSE.

would not be appropriate just now.

Sit down. The prisoner thereupon took his seat. THE TIME FOR TRIAL. ask that the trial be set for next Monday morning peremptorily. The Government is ready for the trial now.

first being that of the defendant him-The affidavit, which was read, states that there are various witnesses whose ense, and without which he cannot safely go to trial. That the names and residences of such witnesses and the facts that can be proved by them severally are all known to affiant's coun-sel, Mr. George Scoville, and are only known in part by affiant, that he has no money nor property and is unable to pay fees or millage of witnesses nor cost of summoning them. He therefore prays that the Court shall allow such witnesses on his behalf as may be shown by the affidavit of counsel to be necessary, the fees and costs to be paid

ment witnesses are paid. THE DEFENSE OUTLINED. ter end of the 19th century for Eng. for the defense to prove material facts land or any other country to be impris- on the question of insanity, but had been unable to do so, because the defendant did not seem to understand cal or government question. England and refused to acknowledge the effect of established rules of evidence in such cases. The affiant believes this diffi culty to arise from the very fact which defendant's insanity; and yet he knows of no means to overcome it. For that reason chiefly the affidavit of affiant became necessary in the case, He the case, ten days ago, he has done what he could to prepare for triel, and especially has he made inquiries as was able to find witnesses for the de fense He further says the names and residences of such witnesses are John M. Guiteau, New York; G. A. Parker, Wm. J. Maynard, Francis W. S. Brownley, Orson W. Grant and Francis

Scoville, Chicago. THE COURT'S CONCLUSIONS. After some further discussion of the juestion as to subpænaing witnesses or the defense and payment of costs

It is of the utmost importance to the tucky, Georgia and Virginia.

coused shall be advised that assistance cannot be found elsewhere, I shall feel from this bar. At present I will fix the trial for the 7th of November.

inary argument on the question o jurisdiction for the 30th of October The Court-Before the 30th, either next week or the week preceding the

about, because it is a thing which The Court-If the question arises you will have to withdraw the plea of

not guilty, and interpose another plea or demurrer. Our practice is to allow that to be done.

Mr. Scoville—I thought of leaving that for the counsel who may come in to the case and the District Attorney

to argue that question at the conveni-Mr. Scoville-And I told Mr. Merrick I should be very glad to have him do so. But suppose Butler or some one else should have come into the case and should say he did not require Mr

District Attorney-I had not thought This closed the proceedings for the day. The marshal and his assistants replaced the handcuffs on Guiteau, who manifested throughout the same listless ndifference which he had shown when the indictment was being read to him He was hurried out of court in the same way he had been brought in and was put into the hack in waiting and driven back to jail in the immediate custody of the marshal and assistants.

SOME OF GUITEAU'S LETTERS-HE WARNS THE PUBLIC AGAINST KILLING HIM AND CLAIMS CINCINNATI, October 14.—The Enquirer publishes this morning in its Washington correspondence the follow:

ing letters, which are said to have been written by the assassin: "MR. Scoville. -- I had a high fever ast night, the worst I have had since I was sick in July. I told Colonel Corkhill's assistant I should not be able to go into court this week any-way. Did you see the President? It not, see him at once and get what time we want. He is bound to help me and will help me if you stick to Talk to him just as I would. days to plead and my books are the objects to be pressed now. Ask Mr Merrick if we cannot compel Pailey to loan me his note-book. If me a man and I will go at it again. I think I can redictate it in two days We gight to get possession of Bailey' book in some way. Do not waste any effort in trying to prove my actual in santty. It would disgust the Court and jury. Legal insanity is all I claim, and that is just as real as actual. I want to see the leading Stalwarts I met in New York last fall in my de fense. This and my own testimony is

about all the defense I have, as the law is with us—the law of insanity and the law of jurisdiction. See me

law is with us—the law of insanity and the law of jurisdiction. See me as soon as you can. I want to get my book out some way.

"October 12."

"I wish to warn all persons to attempt no violence on me, as they will probably be shot dead if they do by the officials having me in custody. The United States Government is bound to protect me and give me a fair trial, and the honor of the American people is at stake for my personal protection. I understand this bitterness is kept alive by certain friends of the late President, who expected office from him. They are mad about his removal, and it is irresponsible characters of this kind that are sending silly and importance. The electors of June 1 township at the house of Julian Suprible of Prospect.

The electors of Centre township at the house of Cherry township at the house of Cherry township at the house of Julian Procedure, at School house of 18.7; in Petersville.

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The electors of Centre township at the house of Julian Procedure, at School house of House, 18.7; in Petersville.

The electors of Julian Procedure, at School house of House, 18.7; in Petersville.

The electors of Franklin township at the house of Julian Procedure, at School house, 18.7; in Petersville.

The electors of Centre township at the pertinent letters anonymously to my attorney. These people had better drop politics and go into other business. With great respect,

UNITED STATES JAIL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, October 19, 1881."

THE only successful attempts to ag-

assinate rulers, during the past cen-

United States, the antipedes of govern-Gathering for the Centennial. Yorktown, Oct. 17 —Boats are ar-iving from all points to-day conveying vast crowds of people. General Hancock drove from the camp to town this noon and was warmly cheered by is full of thieves and all classes of gambling indulged in. Capt. Parater,

The electors of the borough of Karns City at he Town Hall in said borough.

And I, the said Sheriff, do further give notice of all election officers, citizens, and others, of he following provisions of the constitution and was of this commonwealth, relating to elections SEC. 7. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board, on the morning of an elec-tion, it shall be filled in conformity with

ONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA-ART. VIII

ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC. 9. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall be severally sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act, shall before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge, certificate of such awasting or affirming shall be duly made out and taged by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath.

ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC 9. At the opening of the poils at the elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts todesignate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall ONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA—ART. VIII,
SECTION 1. Every male citizen twenty-one
cars of age, possessing the following qualificaions, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:
First—He shall have been a citizen of the
volted States at least one month,
Second—He shall have resided in the State
ue year (or if having previously been a qualied elector or native born citizen of the State
e shall have removed there and returned, then
ix months) immediately preceding the elecion. Third—He shall have resided in the election

constitution of Pennstlvania—ART. VIII.

Sec. 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot. Every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it was received, said the number recorded by the election officers on the list of voters, opposite the name of the election who presents the ballot. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon and attested by a citizen of the district.

ACT MARCH 36, 1966.

Sec. I. Be is enected by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly mer, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth ar all general, township, the commonwealth ar all general, township, and after authorized and required to vote by licking the printed or written, or partly printed and partly

The electors of Forward township at the house of Richard Florer.

The electors of Franklin township at Grange Hall in the borough of Prospect.

The electors of Jackson township, Western precinct, at the house of Jacob Heil in Harmony: Eastern precinct at the house of John P. Willipp in Evansburg.

The electors of Jackson township at the house of Morifa Ricipted.

The electors of Landaster township at the Public School house No. 5.

The electors of Middlesex township at the house of House of Middlesex township at the house of House of Middlesex township at the house of House of Middlesex township at the house No. 4. in said township.

The electors of Middlesex township at the house of William McClung.

The electors of Parker township at the house of William McClung.

The electors of Parker township at the house of Middlesex township at the house of House of Parker township at the house of House of Electors of Parker township at the house of John Kelly in Martinsburg.

The electors of Bummit township at the house of Adam Frederick.

The electors of Summit township at the house of Adam Frederick.

The electors of Summit township at the house of John Kelly in Martinsburg.

The electors of Summit township at the house of Adam Frederick.

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OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

SEC. 14. District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspecters, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Rach elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest apon days of election and while engaged for making up and transmitting returns, except apon warrant of a control record or budge illeregt, for an election fraud, for fetony, or for wanton breach of the page.

15. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held an office, appointment or employment in or under the rovernment of the United States or of this State, or of any city or county, or of any municipal board, commis-