Butler Citizen.

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Marriage and death notices must be accompanied by a responsible name.

Address
THE BUTLER CITIZEN,
BUTLER. PA.

Time of Holding Courts.

The several Courts of the county of Butler commence on the first Monday of March, June, September and December, and continue two weeks, or so long as necessary to dispose of the business. No causes are put down for trial or traverse jurors summoned for the first week of the several terms.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

BUTLER, PA.

A. M. CORNELIUS,
Office with W. D. Brandon, Berg Building, Main Street, Butler, Pa.

J. F. BRITTAIN,
Office with L Z. Mitchell, Diamond.

A. M. CUNNINGHAM,
Office in Brady's Law Building. Butler, Pa.

S. H. PIERSOL.
Office on N. E. corner Diamond, Riddle building. nov12

JOHN M. GREER.
Office on N. E. corner Diamond. nov12

WM. H. LUSK,
Office with W H. H Riddle, Esq.

NEWTON BLACK,
Office on Diamond, near Court House, south side.

E. I. BRUGH,
Office in Riddle's Law Building.

S. F. BOWSER.
Office in Riddle's Law Building [mar8'75

J. B. McJUNKIN.
Special attention given to collections Office opposite Willard House.

JOSEPH B. BREDIN,
Office north-east corner of Diamond, Butler Pa.

H. H. GOUCHER,
Office in Schneideman's building, up stairs.

J. T. DONLY
Office near Court House. 74

W. D. BRANDON,
eb17-75 Office in Berg's building

CLARENCE WALKER,
Office in Bredin building mar17—t

FERD REIBER,
Office in Berg's new building, Main street.ap91

F. M. EASTMAN,
Office in Bredin building.

LEV. McQUISTION,
Office Main street, 1 door south of Court House

JOS. C. VANDERLIN,
Office Main street, 1 door south of Court House

Wm A. FORQUER,
Office on Main street, opposite Vogeley House.

GEO. R. WHITE,
Office N. E. corner of Diamond

FRANCIS S PURVIANCE,
Office with Gen. J. N. Purviance, Main street south of Court House.

J. D McJUNKIN,
Office in Schneideman's building, west side of Main street, 2nd square from Court House.

A. G. WILLIAMS,
Office on Diamond, two doors west of CITIZEN office. ap26

T. C. CAMPBELL,
Office in Berg's new building, 2d floor, east side Main st., a few doors south of Lowry House. mar3—tf

C. A. & M. SULLIVAN,
may7 Office S. W. cor of Diamond.

BLACK & BRO.,
Office on Main street one door south of Brady Block, Butler, Pa. (sep. 2, 1874.

JOHN M MILLER & BRO.
Office in Brady's Law Building, Main street, south of Court House. EUGENE G. MILLER, Notary Public. june4 1y

THOMAS ROBINSON,
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my21-1y] BUTLER, PA.

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Administrators' Notice.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Robert Thompson, dec'd, late of Clearfield township, Butler Co., Pa, all persons having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement and say knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

G. W. BARTLEY, B. M. THOMPSON, } Admr's.
Carbon Centre, Butler Co. Pa.

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L. NICKLAS. Prop'.,
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Having taken posession of the above well down Hotel, and it being furnished in the best of style for the accomodation of guests, the public are respectfully invited to give me a call.
I have also possession of the barn in rear of hotel, which furnishes excellent stabling, accomodations for my patrons. L. NICKLAS.

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Barn Boards, Plastering Lath, Hemlock Bill Stuff, of all kinds, constantly on hand,
All of which I will sell on reasonable terms and guarantee satisfaction.
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard on Jefferson street, Butler, Pa.
Idecly A. HAFFNER.

Jury List for March Term 1881

GRAND JURORS FOR WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 7TH.

Adams—John Johnston, George Kauffman.
Allegheny—J. L. Wilson.
Butler—George Helle.
Buffalo—John M. Crumpe.
Brady—John Stein.
Butler borough—Lewis Keck.
Concord—Robert Kinser.
Connoquenessing—S. P. Dodds.
Cherry—F. B. Young.
Cranberry—Cyrus Harper, William Johnson, Sr.
Centre—Uriah Albert.
Clearfield—Hugh D. McCrea.
Fairview borough—H. C. Black.
Jackson—Adam Lountz.
Jefferson—James Arthurs.
Karns City—W. S. Williams.
Mercer—James Buchannan.
Oakland—Egid Neff, James Thornberry.
Washington—G. W. Meals.

TRAVERSE JURORS FOR WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 14, 1881.

Allegheny—A. C. Williams.
Adams—Samuel Belfour.
Brady—Jasper Coovert.
Butler—Adam Schenck, J. S. White.
Clearfield—W. Sipe, Esq.,
Cherry—George Hockenberry, J. H. Varner,
Isaac Hall, Thomas Christy.
Clinton—E. E. Maurhoff, George M. Gibson,
Thomas Hay.
Connoquenessing—W. H. Blakely.
Clay—Thomas McDivite.
Donegal—James Benson, William Eminger,
Isaiah Reep.
Franklin—W. J. Barkley, James Y. English.
Forward—Martin Behm.
Fairview—Daniel Eyman.
Fairview borough—Wm. Patton.
Jackson—Wm. Duncan, Jr., Wm. Cooper.
Jefferson—Patrick Sheilds Charles Lensner.
Lancaster—George Dindinger.
Millerstown—Wm. Barnhart.
Mercer—Abram Low.
Middlesex—Wm. Syder, John R. Logan.
Marion—Jacob Killerman, Michael McLaughlin.
Muddycreek—Samuel Burnsides, Dinwiddie McCullough.
Oakland—John Whitmire, Sr., F. H. Monnia, W. J. Robb.
Parker—J. W. Smith.
Penn—Joseph H. Brown.
Saxonburg—Herman Muder.
Summit—Robert Gilleland, Esq.,
Venango—Findley Kohlmeyer, John McCollough.
Worth—J. W. Taggart.
Zelienople—James Wallace.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans Court of Butler County, there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, in Worth township, Butler County, Pa., on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17th, 1881,

at one o'clock, P. M, the following described real estate, late of George Vogan, dec'd, to wit: All that certain piece or tract of land situate in Worth township, Butler County, Pa., bounded on the north by lands of Edward Sutlill and Henry Sutlift. On the east by lands of heirs of John Vogan. On the south by lands of John Link and public road, and on the west by lands of F. Albin et al., containing

TWENTY-ONE ACRES AND EIGHTY PERCHES,

more or less. About ten acres cleared, log house thereon erected, good orchard of bearing fruit trees. This piece of land is about two miles from West Liberty, and is convenient to churches, schools and stores.

TERMS—One-third on confirmation of sale, the remainder in two equal installments, with interest from date of sale—said installments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

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Postoffice—Jacksville, Butler Co., Pa.

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5,000 ft. Cherry and Maple Boards 1½ in thick
5,000 ft Poplar and Oak Boards, 1½ in. thick.
5,000 ft Maple and Cherry Plank 2 in. thick.
5,000 feet of Chestnut boards, 1 1-8th in. thick.
2,000 ft. Ash Plank, 1 5-8 inches thick.
2,000 ft. Ash and Cherry Scantling 3x3 in thick
at the Furniture Factory of
WM. F. MILLER.

Union Woolen Mill,
BUTLER, PA.
H. FULLERTON, Prop'r.
Manufacturer of BLANKETS, FLANNELS, YARNS, &c. Also custom work done to order, such as carding Rolls, making Blankets, Flannels Knitting and Weaving Yarns, &c., at very low prices. Wool worked on the shares, if desired. my7-1y

L. M. COCHRAN,
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STABLE,
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FOR SALE.
A Fine Single Sleigh, made in the latest style, swell bed. Also a fine two horse sleigh can be bought cheap. Terms easy. Inquire at Citizen office.

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OF LYNN, MASS.

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The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous tumors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM' LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box

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THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
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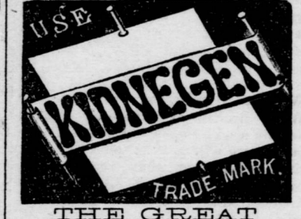

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KIDNEGEN is highly recommended and unsurpassed for WEAK or FOUL KIDNEYS, DROPSY, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, LOSS of ENERGY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, or any OBSTRUCTIONS arising from GRAVEL or BLADDER DISEASES. Also for YELLOW FEVER, BLOOD and KIDNEY POISONING, in infected malarial sections.

By the distillation of a FOREST LEAF with JUNIPER BERRIES and BARLEY MALT we have discovered KIDNEGEN, which acts specifically on the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, removing deposits in the Bladder and any straining, smarting, heat or irritation in the water passages giving them strength, vigor and causing a healthy color and easy flow of urine. It can be taken at all times, in all climates, without injury to the system. Unlike any other preparation for Kidney difficulties, it has a very pleasant and agreeable taste and flavor. It contains positive diuretic properties and will not nauseate. Ladies especially will like it, and Gentlemen will find KIDNEGEN the best Kidney Tonic ever used!

NOTICE—Each bottle bears the signature of LAWRENCE & MARTIN, also a Proprietary Government Stamp, which permits KIDNEGEN to be sold (without license) by druggists, grocers and other persons everywhere.

Put up in Quart-size Bottles for General and Family Use.

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WILL IT CURE ME?

Said a man, whose woebegone countenance and broken-down constitution plainly showed traces of disease—a sufferer with Nervous Dyspepsia, in whose stomach the most delicate morsel lay like lead. Refreshing sleep and quiet nerves were strangers to him, and he despaired of ever being well. We advised him to take

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which he did, and in a short time was not only relieved but cured.

Reader, if you are suffering with Dyspepsia or Liver Disease in any form, do not wait until the disease has taken a fast hold upon you, but use the Regulator when the symptoms first show themselves. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is not an alcoholic stimulant, but a PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY that will cure when everything else fails. It is a faultless family medicine. Does not disarrange the system. Is no violent drastic purge, but nature's own remedy. The friend of everyone, and will not disappoint you. A single trial will convince you that it is the cheapest, purest and best Family Medicine in the world.

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient how they recovered their health, cheerful spirits and good appetite—they will tell you by taking Simmons Liver Regulator.

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Original and genuine prepared only by
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an15] BALDWIN P. O., Butler Co., Pa.

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COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT.

As there are a great many people who do not fully understand the duties of the several county and township officers, elected in every county. Professor George L. Marris has compiled the following synopsis of their several duties, which we think off sufficient interest to lay before our readers:

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.—A county is a corporate body, having power to hold real estate and personal property. It may make contracts within the limits of its corporate powers, and it may sue and be sued. The corporate powers are exercised by the County Commissioners.

THE OFFICERS of a county are the Judges of the Courts, County Commissioners, District Attorney, Clerk of the Courts, Prothonotary, Sheriff, County Treasurer, Recorder of Deeds, Register of Wills, County Superintendent of Schools. Coroner, Auditors, County Surveyor, Overseers of the Poor, Jury Commissioners.

THE JUDGES OF THE COURTS are elected for ten years. They preside over the several courts of the county, viz: 1st. The Court of Common Pleas; 2d. The Court of Quarter Sessions of Peace; 3d. The Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery; 4th. The Orphans' Court.

THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, or, "Common Pleas," as it is generally called, has jurisdiction in all civil cases within the county, that is, in all cases of dispute between man and man not not of a criminal character.

THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSION OF THE PEACE, or "Quarter Sessions," as the name is usually given, tries all crimes, misdemeanors and offences against the laws of the Commonwealth except those ever which the Oyer and Terminer has exclusive jurisdiction; all high crimes, such as murder, treason against the Commonwealth, robbery, mayhem, arson and burglary, are tried in the Oyer and Terminer, which differs from the Quarter Sessions only in the form of trial, the former adhering to the old forms of trial inherited from old English laws.

THE ORPHANS' COURT has jurisdiction over the settling up of the estates of decedents, over the appointment etc., of guardians of minors and the settlement of their accounts.

JURORS.—A grand jury is usually composed of twenty-three (23) men, but may be composed of any number between twelve (12) and twenty-three (23) inclusive. It does not try cases but only determines whether there is sufficient evidence to warrant putting the defendent on trial, in criminal cases.

PETTIT JURIES are composed of twelve (12) men each. They try all matters of fact in criminal prosecution.

TRAVERSE JURIES try civil cases. Trial by jury is inviolate, when the demand of the plaintiff is $20 or more. This is secured by the Constitution of the United States, not by State enactment, trial by jury may be demanded in Pennsylvania when the amount of claim exceeds $5.33.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—There are three County Commissioners in each county, and they are elected for a term of three years.

It is their duty to levy the county taxes and determine the tax rate. They must keep in repair the Court House, jail and work-houses, and build new ones when properly authorized to do so. They must also build county bridges and keep them in repair. Road damages, assessed to property owners for lands taken for new roads or streets within the country, on warrant of the Commissioners.

All bills against the county must be approved by them before they are paid by the county treasurer.

The law also requires the County Commissioners to publish a statement of all receipts and expenditures at the close of each fiscal year.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.—The District Attorney shall sign all bills of indictment and conduct in Court all criminal prosecutions in the name of the Commonwealth.

He is paid by fees, partly out of the county funds and partly by individuals.

CLERK OF THE COURTS.—The Clerk of the Courts is clerk of the Criminal Courts. He must keep judgment dockets for the entry of all judgments of these respective Courts in the order of time.

This officer also keeps a record of the jurymen drawn, and certifies the time of the attendance of each to the County Commissioners. All papers appertaining to the opening, widening and vacating of roads must be kept by him in road dockets.

The Orphans Court Docket contain a record of the accounts of guardians of orphans, executors, administrators, etc., after they are confirmed by the Court.

PROTHONOTARY.—The name Prothonotary means "first clerk;" this officer is clerk of the Court of Common Pleas. All civil actions for more than $100 usually originate from this office. Until recently all claims for more than $100 had to originate in the office of he Prothonotary, but by a recent act of the State Legislature, an action for an amount less than $300 may originate in this office or by suit before a Justice of the Peace. The whole record of each civil suit arising in the office of the Prothonotary is kept in the office. All judgments are entered in the order of time.

The Prothonotary may enter judgment at the instance of the plaintiff upon confession of the defendant.

THE SHERIFF is the executive officer of the Court. All writs issued to him by the Court must be executed by him, and return made to the Court. He and the Jury Commissioners draw the names of jurors and the Sheriff gives them notice to attend Court. He gives notice of general elections. He is also an officer of the peace and may make arrests for breach of the peace coming with his knowledge.

THE COUNTY TREASURER receives all moneys due the county and pays the same on warrants drawn by the County Commissioners. He also receives taxes due the Commonwealth, such as hotel and mercantile licenses, and pays the same to the State Treasurer.

THE RECORDER OF DEEDS shall record all deeds, mortgages and conveyances appertaining to his office, which shall be brought to him for that purpose. He must enter every deed or writing in the order of the time in which it is brought to him. Every deed should be on record within six months of the time at which it was made. It is very important that mortgages should be on record as soon as delivered, as they take precedence over each other in the order of the time in which they are placed upon record. Purchase-money mortgages when entered within sixty days, take precedence of others previously entered subsequently to said purchase and sale

REGISTERS OF WILLS grant letters testamentary and letters of Administration. He examines and files the accounts of executors, guardians and trustees of life estates. Wills are admitted to probate, recorded and filed bp him. Letters of administration are due first to the widow, next to the son in the order of their age, then to the daughters in like order. In case the defendant leaves neither widow nor children, parents, brothers and sisters are next entitled.

A COLLATERAL inheritance tax of 5 per cent. is due the State upon estates not descending to lineal heirs. The widows' portion is, however, excepted.

THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS must visit the public schools of the county as often as practicable, note the course and methods of instruction, and give directions in methods of teaching. He must see that in every school district, the common branches shall be taught. He must examine teachers and make an annual report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction. He must also hold the County Institute each year.

COUNTY AUDITOR.—There are three auditors in each county; they must assemble on the first Monday of January in each year, and audit, settle and adjust the accounts of the County Commissioners, County Treasurer, Directors of the Poor and Prison Inspectors.

THE CORONER must inquire, when any person is slain, dies suddenly or in prison, concerning the manner of the death; this he does by a jury of six men whom he is empowered to summon.

THE COUNTY SURVEYOR surveys unpatented lands.

JURY COMMISSIONERS.—There are two Jury Commissioners, who, in conjunction with the Judge of the Courts, fill the jury wheel with names; these names are drawn from time to time by the Sheriff, in the presence of the jury commissioners, as there is need of jurymen for the sessions of the courts.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.—There are three Overseers of the Poor. They have general supervision of the poor of their respective boroughs and townships. The expense is paid by the borough or township.

A TOWNSHIP IS A QUASI-CORPORATION It may hold property within the scope of its corporate powers. A township may be sued as an individual. The corporate powers are vested in the supervisors.

OFFICERS OF A TOWNSHIP.—Justice of the Peace, Constable, Supervisors, Assessors, Judge and Inspectors of Elections, Tax Collector.

There are two Justices of the Peace in each township, or borough, elected for five years. The Justice has jurisdiction in civil cases, when the amount in question does not exceed $100, by recent act of assembly this jurisdiction may be extended to sums not exceeding $300 by consent of the interested parties. His decision is final when the demand of the plaintiff does not exceed $5.33. He must keep dockets, in which he enters the facts concerning all cases tried by him The Justice is, as the name implies, a peace officer, and he may issue warrants for the arrest of all law-breakers upon written complaint on oath or affirmation. He may require the party charged with any crime to give bail for his appearance at Court. It is also a part of his duty to marry persons.

THE CONSTABLE is elected annually. He is the executive officer of the Justice of the Peace, as the Sheriff is the executive officer of the Court.

He makes arrests on warrants from the justice and for breach of the peace or crime coming under his own observation. He must give notice of township elections at least ten days in advance thereof.

He must also give notice to the Court of the place in which intoxicating liquors are sold contrary to law; also of gambling houses within his township.

He may expose to sale the goods of the defendant, to raise money to satisfy a debt, etc.

SUPERVISORS.—There are usually two supervisors in each township, elected annually. Their duties are to open roads and keep them in repair, to make "bridges over small creeks, rivulets and deep gullies."

They must erect index boards at cross roads, with names of places to which said roads lead. A penalty of $10 may be imposed for neglect or refusal to do so.

THE ASSESSORS make out a list of the names of all taxable inhabitants of the township, also on account of the real estate, personal property, offices of profit, professions, trades and occupations of the citizens. This list is made the basis for the assessment of taxes.

THE TOWN CLERK enters a description of stray cattle, etc. When such cattle come to the residence of a citizen he should call upon the town clerk and give him a full description of them and advertise for the owner. If he cannot be found they may be sold to pay expenses.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—There are six school directors in each township or borough, unless otherwise provided by special enactment. They have entire charge of the school property of district, employ all teachers and collect the school tax.

They must establish a sufficient number of schools for the education of every individual of school age.

They must provide out of the school funds a suitable bookcase, for library obtained for the school and for school-books in the schools. They must publish annually a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the year.

The Judge and inspectors of elections hold the elections and count the votes.

Correspondence of BUTLER CITIZEN.

THE ALMS HOUSE QUESTION.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—As for further reasons why I am in favor of a county alms house, I would say:

4. The maintenance of the poor should have respect to the proprieties and decencies of civilized society.

That a person has become indigent is no reason why he or she should be subject to contemptuous or indecent treatment. The tendency of society—though it is not creditable—is to look down upon the poor at any rate, and when one has become dependently poor that tendency is increased. There is not a pauper in any district in this county, nor is this county an exception—that is treated with the same courtesy and consideration that he received before he became a pauper, no matter

"What the cause that made him poor
Or why he help demands."

The very fact that he is "on the township," or borough stamps him, in the estimation of many with a kind of infamy; nor is the case modified if the pauper is a female. Does any one know the taunts and insults they receive if they go abroad alone even on the public highway?

Some of them have places where they are respected and protected; many others live where they receive no regard and where they are often subject to insult and even violence; and if they are reckoned as weak minded, which is often the fact, their case is more pitiable and intolerable.

A properly conducted alms house is a refuge for them and its precincts give them latitude enough for exercise and recreation with all the security and protection they need.

5. The maintenance of the indigent poor should not be without some prudent regard to their spiritual welfare.

I will venture the assertion, that in securing places for the poor, as it now is, no respect at all is had to their spiritual interests. The matter is to find them places as cheaply as possible and that is about the only matter. I will not say that an absolutely bad family would be preferred simply because it made the lowest bid; but I do say and insist that the price of the keeping is the principal thing, and if the family making the lowest bid is not notoriously irreligious the lowest price settles the place.

Even if the family is religious there are, in many instances, many reasons in their estimation, why it is not suitable for their charge to attend church, or if it is some distance to church it is easy to frame a reason why it is not convenient to convey their charge thither; and then in many cases such poor, knowing that they are paupers, become so diffident that they will not attend a place of public worship at all. I would not force religion upon them and yet they must be cared for spiritually and should have such opportunities as are suited to their circumstances and condition.

In an alms house properly regulated there is not only suitable provision made for the bodies but also for the souls of the inmates. That religion at whose instance they are cared for is commended as worthy of their attention, and that Christ who came to preach the gospel to the poor, is commended as their best friend, which is certainly not only appropriate, but also right.

6. The maintenance of the indigent poor should have respect to their humane treatment in case of sickness, and to their decent interment in the event of death.

I will not allege anything against the present system on this count; not, however, because I cannot; but I will say that only in a well regulated alms house can the poverty-stricken, suffering, dying and dead ones have that attention, treatment and care that they should have under the peculiar circumstances that surround them.

I speak of a well regulated, well conducted alms house, of course. We do not advocate any other; and this reminds me, Mr. Editor, that in an editorial note in your paper of the 19th ult, you say: "Whether or not a county poor house or farm would be a benefit to the poor and a saving to the county, would depend entirely upon how it is established and how it is managed."

The two principal things involved in this question you state correctly to be: 1. The benefit to the poor, and 2, the saving to the county. The former, I think I have established. It certainly would be a benefit to the poor, and such a benefit too as in all charity, humanity and justice the poor should have. The matter of the saving to the county, I have not especially argued and until I can procure sufficient data I cannot argue it as I wish; but that the benefit to the poor and the saving to the county depend upon how it is established and managed, is a matter that is self evident; though I cannot see why Butler county cannot find Commissioners who can establish and manage an alms house in such a way as to make it, in both these respects, a complete success.

The saving to the county, with your leave, I may consider at another time.

HUMANITAS.

THE SENSE OF SPACE.—At a recent meeting of the French Society of Biology M. Mathias Duval reported what he believed to be an important discovery in relation to the origin of the auditory nerve. He finds, in the course of his researches upon the origin of the cranial nerves, that the auditory nerve has two quite distinct roots, the posterior one proceeding from a nucleus, described by all authors, the other' anterior, proceeding from a nucleus for motor fibers. Some fibers of the anterior root turn back into the cerebellum.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One square, one insertion, $1; each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Yearly advertisement exceeding one-fourth of a column, $5 per inch Figure work double these rates; additional charges where weekly or monthly changes are made. Local advertisements 10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion. Marriages and deaths published free of charge. Obituary notices charged as advertisements, and payable when handed in Auditors' Notices, $4; Executors' and Administrators' Notices, $3 each; Estray, Caution and Dissolution Notices, not exceeding ten lines, each.

From the fact that the CITIZEN is the oldest established and most extensively circulated Republican newspaper in Butler county, (a Republican county) it must be apparent to business men that it is the medium they should use in advertising their business.

NEW STORY ABOUT LINCOLN

The editor of the St. Louis *Republican*, Democratic, tells a new story of President Lincoln to the effect that during the early part of the war when Mr. Lincoln was not moving fast enough to suit the more advanced leaders, and when he was still regarded by some as merely a good-natured, well meaning Illinois lawyer, needing the constant supervision and advice of experienced statesmen, Senator Sumner called one day to furnish his share of the advice. He talked long, learnedly, and, as usual, rather dictatorially. Lincoln heard him through, smiling occasionally, but making no remark. But when the stream of Senatorial eloquence finally stopped, he said to the utter amazement of his distinguished guest: "Stand up, Sumner, and let's measure backs." Sumner stood up, with all the reluctance of offended dignity, and the two backs were brought in contact. "Ah," said Lincoln when the measuring was ended' "my back is a good deal longer than yours, Sumner; yes a good deal longer." The interview was speedily terminated, and as the door closed on the tall form, Lincoln remarked, as if soliloquizing, to a friend present: "Sumner's a smart man, a mighty smart man. What an education he's got. I wish I had such a one. Sumner ought to be King of Prussia; the place would just suit him."

"New Fangled Notions"

may not work injury to people when they relate to matters of little consequence, but when entertained as to what we shall take when afflicted with serious disease they may lead to dear experience. Don't therefore trifle with diseases of the blood manifested by eruptions, blotches, scrofulous and other swellings and grave symptoms, but take that well tested and efficacious remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the greatest blood-purifier of the age. If the bowels are very costive use also Dr. Pierce's Pellets (little sugar-coated pills).

CURES FEVER AND AGUE.

PLEASANT VALLEY, Jo Davies Co., Ill., March 31st, 1879.
Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:
DEAR SIR:—I write this to inform you that my child, one year old has been permanently cured of the fever and ague in a weeks time, and the use of but half a bottle of your Golden Medical Discovery. My wife a long sufferer from liver complaint and billiousness, by the use of the Discovery and Pellets has been entirely relieved. The Discovery has never disappointed us for coughs and colds. Yours truly,
JAMES STRICKELL.

It is truly said that there is only one way not to get cheated in a horse trade, and that is not to buy the horse.

It is positively guaranteed cure, for Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy and every form of Bladder and Kidney trouble, DAYS KIDNEY PAD.

It is more comfortable to keep house on the point of a cambric needle than to live in a fashionable set and not be in the fashion.

It is all very well to talk poetically about the slender thread of fate, but the ugly truth is that a man's fate generally depends on the number of hours of honest work he puts into every day.

Over 500,000 bottles of D