BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROP'RS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Butler as second-class matter.

Republican National Ticket,

FOR PRESIDENT, 1880.

GEN. JAMES A. GARFIELD,

Of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, 1880.

HON. CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

Of New York.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT,

Hon. Henry Green,

OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

Hon. John A. Lemon,

OF BLAIR COUNTY.

Republican County Nominations.

Congress.

J. D. McJUNKIN, Esq., of Butler County.

Senate.

JOHN M. GREER, Esq., of Butler borough.
(Subject to the District Conference.)

Assembly.

WILLIAM P. BRAHAM, of Mercer township.
SYLVESTER D. BELL, of Millerstown borough.

District Attorney.

A. M. CUNNINGHAM, Esq., of Butler borough.

Associate Judge.

ABRAHAM McCANDLESS, of Butler township.

County Surveyor.

NATHAN M. SLATOR, of Butler borough.

NOTICE.

There are some of our subscribers falling behind to such an extent in their subscription accounts, and the same are so much needed by us at present, that we have to request their early attention to the same.

Important Notice.

The attention of voters throughout the county is especially called to the following dates:

Last day for being assessed or registered—Thursday, September 2, 1880.

Last day for payment of taxes—Saturday, October 2, 1880.

Last day for being naturalized—Saturday October 2, 1880.

"JAKEY sheet," is the name now given to a paper of this place controlled by Mr. Thomas Robinson, who takes his defeats so hard. Its low, personal abuse of reputable citizens for some weeks past, has only disgusted many of its readers, who have so informed us and requested that we take no notice of its course. It is only damaging itself.

THE term "rump conference" is properly applicable to the Greenville one. "Rump" means, "the end," "the remnant." As the Mercer conference was the first held, and foremost in nominating, and has two out of three counties sustaining it, it was no "end" or "remnant." The Greenville one was. It came after the Mercer one—was a "remnant" of it,—unless one county is more than two.

GEORGE W. McCRACKEN, Esq., editor of the New Castle, Lawrence county *Guardian*, was nominated last week as the Republican candidate for State Senate in the district composed of the counties of Lawrence and Mercer. The nomination was well deserved and is a good one. The conferees that nominated him also passed stong resolutions in favor of Hon. Galusha A. Grow, for next Republican United States Senator, and instructing Mr. McCracken to support Mr. Grow. This sentiment was concured in by Mr. McCracken.

IT is a great pity of a certain defeated candidate in this place. Nothing is going right with him. The people don't do right. The County Committee don't do right. Conferees don't do right and are not the kind of men he would have had. Nobody is bolting but himself, and somebody may be doing something that he would like to be doing, and hence his honest, righteous, virtuous soul is grieved. Will no body step forward and do something? Is there no balm in Butler? If so bring it out, and "pity the sorrows of a poor old man."

THE opinion of the *Eagle* as to the nature of the action of the late county committee cannot alter that action itself. It's idea of "endorsing" is different from most of the people. We have always supposed that if a decision was not reversed that it stood affirmed, as the lawyers say. So he need not worry himself about the action of the late committee in relation the so-called Greenville meeting. By refusing to send conferees there the committee *affirmed* the nomination of Mr. McJunkin already made. They wanted no bolting or second candidate. And it is useless for him to put words in the mouth of Mr. McJunkin that he never uttered. Mr. Robinson must know he *lies*, but he don't seem to know that nobody believes him.

BUFFALO TOWNSHIP MEETING.

The Republican meeting at Monroeville, Buffalo township, last Saturday evening, was well attended. A Garfield and Arthur pole was raised. Miss Ida Wier presented the Club with a fine silk flag on behalf of the Republican ladies of the township which was accepted on behalf of the Club by Newton Black, Esq., and cheers given for the ladies presenting it. The meeting was then addressed by Mr. Black and Gen. E. R. Eckley, of Ohio, who held the attention of his audience for an hour and a half.

(We have had to condense this week the proceedtngs of this and other meetings and matters.)

WE have been handed a paper signed by a majority of the return judges indorsing the nomination of Hon. S. H. Miller for Congress and urging the united party support upon him. But as some of these gentlemen assure us that they had Mr. McJunkin's assurance that he would not be permanently in the way of unity, we withold the paper for the present, hoping that Mr. McJunkin's sense of propriety will lead him shortly into the walks of private life.

The above is found in the *Eagle* of this place of last week. Of the many falsehoods that have recently appeared in that paper, concerning the Congressional trouble in this district, we believe the above is the greatest. And without going into any statement of the many reasons we have for believing it untrue, we come directly to the point and call for the publication of such a paper, "signed by a majority of the return judges of this county," with and for the object above set forth. Let us now learn their names. It is an insult to the county committee to suppose such a thing possible. We are aware that Mr. Robinson has again been prowling about the county and annoying the members of the committee by his begging importunities to sign some paper or other, but our information is that but few yielded to his piteous appeals. But the way to settle it, will be the publication of the paper itself, and the names attached to it. Let us have them.

CLUB MEETING.

A meeting of the Butler Garfield and Arthur Club was held in the Court House on Saturday evening last. Capt. J. B. Story presided and introduced, as the first business, Capt. Geo. W. Fleeger, who made an able, eloquent and interesting speech. On motion it was resolved to have the Club formed into two marching companies. On motion committees on recruits and registration were appointed. On motion the offer of Centennial Hall (Wise's) was accepted. Saturday evening is the time for regular meetings. Wednesday, this evening, is a special meeting in the Court House.

DEATH OF JUDGE M'GUFFIN.

Hon. Lawrence L. McGuffin died at his residence in New Castle, Pa., on Monday morning last, 23rd, inst. He had been an invalid for some two years past and his death was perhaps not unexpected at his home. Here it was received by all his acquaintances and former associates with much regret. For some eleven years Judge McGuffin presided over the Courts of this county, being first appointed in November, 1863, to succeed Judge Agnew, who had been transferred to the Supreme Court Bench. In the following year, 1864, he was elected for a term of ten years, and was among the unsuccessful candidates in 1874. Judge McGuffin was a man of the most generous impulses; of good will and kind heart; and of social qualities that always made him a welcome and pleasant companion. The first thoughts that sprang up in the mind of those who knew him best were those of his gentle disposition. That he was an honest man and upright Judge none ever questioned. His age is stated at 67 years.

THE SENATORIAL MUDDLE.

Three times have the Senatorial conferees of this district met and adjourned, accomplishing nothing. How many more times this farce of meetings and adjournments will take place no one knows. Both aspirants are very anxious to be nominated· Mr Greer having had four years of experience desires to return, while Mr. Meredith, in behalf of self and county, claims that he should be the representative. The company is advertised to appear in this city on the 17th of September next. Ample time is given the candidates either to fix or have matters fixed by that time.

We copy the above from the Parker (Armstrong county) *Phœnix* of the 20th inst. It certainly does look like a farce where there are but two counties in a district, and they about equal in respect to population, and one of them claiming a nomination as a right, to have such frequent conferences. It was charged against the Butler Congressional conferees to the Mercer conference that they acted in haste. But to sensible Republicans, observing the frequent conferences in other districts, it must appear that the Butler Congressional conferees were about right. A conference should mean business and not play. And no matter how many the meetings and adjournments had, it always ends about the same as if decided at the first one. In the Erie Congressional district a nomination was made at the first conference held. Over in the Lawrence and Mercer Senatorial district, several adjournments of a conference were had, but the end was the same as first expected by all outsiders, the county getting the candidate that had the right in rotation to it. Over in the Indiana and Jefferson county Senatorial district there has been an adjournment without day, because one county would not recognize the clear right of the other, under the rotation rule, to the candidate, and the result may be the loss of the district to the Republicans. We hope that will not be the result in this Senatorial district, but really we have never known anything to be gained by making a contest for your county when the right to the candidate was in the other county, and besides it has the effect of getting a county discredited, for claiming what does not belong to it, which is as unpleasant in politics as in other things.

THE Democratic Congressional Conferees of this district meet here on Friday next.

"MR. M'JUNKIN'S CASE."

The Crawford *Journal* of last week has an article under the above heading, in which it discussed the nomination of Mr. McJunkin at the Mercer Congressional Conference. The *Journal* has generally been dignified and fair in its treatment of the Congressional trouble in this district, and hence we will again endeavor to answer its position. It gives a statement of Mr. McJunkin's case as gathered from this paper. We omit unnessary words, the following being the substance of its statement:

"The Butler CITIZEN of last week contains what is probably as strong a statement of his (Mr. McJunkin's) case as can be made. In brief it is this; Mr. McJunkin was nominated at Mercer by his and the conferees of Mr. Roberts of Crawford county. Mr. Miller of Mercer refused to go into that conference. By so refusing he Miller disfranchised himself and his county. Mr. McJunkin was therefore the only candidate entitled to set in the said conference. He recognized the Crawford conferees of Doctor Roberts, thus decided the contest in Crawford, and the nomination of Mr. McJunkin followed, etc."

The *Journal* then proceeds to answer the above statement. But it should have stated it more fully. A very important part is omitted, to wit: how the Mercer conference come to be called and held. Had it stated that it was held by and in pursuance of the agreement made between Miller and McJunkin, in which each recognized the other as the nominee of their respective counties, and also at the same time recognized the known fact that Crawford county was divided, with two claimants as the nominee of that county, and that Messrs. Miller and McJunkin had served notice on both of said claimants, Dick and Roberts, to appear, and that in obedience to said notice, or invitation, both did appear at Mercer at the time, then, we say, it, the *Journal* would have stated the case more fully and fairly.

But waiving this. The *Journal* proceeds to justify Mr. Miller's course in refusing to enter the conference he himself had been so important a part in calling. And its ground, or argument, is just what Mr. Miller himself repudiates and denies. The *Journal* says his refusal was because of a contest in Butler county, in which "Mr. McJunkin's right to representation in the Mercer conference was contested." This is keeping Mr. Miller in a false position. We will do the justice to say, that at no time, neither in Butler, June 26th, when the Mercer conference was arranged for, nor at it in Mercer, July 6th, did he ever offend the Butler conferees by any allusion to a trouble in Butler county. He knew, if the *Journal* did not, that our trouble here was closed, settled by the action of our County Convention of Return Judges at the time they first met, May 31. He therefore fully recognized Mr. McJunkin as the nominee of this county and arranged with him for the conference. His mistake was in not carrying out that agreement. And the *Journal must know* that his reason for not doing so was because of the contest in its own county of Crawford. This was where his difficulty was, according to his own acts and words, whatever his motives may have been. He imformed the Butler conferees on their arrival at Mercer that he had so far changed his mind as to be of opinion that the Dick conferees from Crawford were entitled to seats in the Conference *at its organization*. And the rest is known. We need not repeat. Had Dick been thus admitted, all would have been right with the *Journal*. So unfair a proceeding, we are proud to say, was defeated by the Butler conferees. There was no letter from the Chairman of our County Committee sent to the Mercer conference, as the *Journal* still seems to think. That letter was but from a single member of the Committee. Our Chairman never did and never would have sent such a letter. And the *Journal's* admission that an *adjournment* was asked for in order to give a defeated and sore-headed candidate here time to cook up a case of contest, only makes its position the worse. Its ground being wrong, its conclusions are therefore wrong.

And this also settles the question as to the alleged adjournment, or Greenville meeting, of Dick and Miller conferees. How could the Butler conferees participate in any meeting arranged by or in which Dick was a party to arranging? Considering the agreement made with Mr. Miller, and the nomination made at Mercer, and the rejection there of Dick's demands, how could any subsequent meeting be shared in calling been attended by any county without thus recognizing him? But this is what Mr. Miller did and is the great mistake he now has repeatedly acknowleged and says he regrets.

As to the rights of Mercer county to this nomination, it should be known that the frequent argument used in her favor does not, as a matter of fact, properly apply to Butler county. We were never in a Congressional district with Mercer before the present one. If she has not had her share of candidates in former districts, that was no fault of Butler county, not being a party to the same. Since the present district was formed she has had as many candidates as Crawford or Butler, one each, and so they stand on equal footing now. And her equal claim now was injured only by her own action.

And in conclusion, if it is a fact that a clear majority of County Committee of Crawford has ratified and confirmed the Roberts side of the contest in that county, and thus ratified and confirmed the nomination of Mr. McJunkin made at Mercer, and all this *before* the so-called Greenville Conference, then Mr. McJunkin's nomination is that of two counties out of the three, and is regular and all that is claimed for it, and should now be acquiesced in by all Republican papers in the district.

MEETING OF THE BAR.

We are requested to state that a meeting of the members of the Bar of this county will be held in the Court House this, Wednesday, afternoon, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take action in reference to the death of Hon. L. L. McGuffin, late President Judge of this Judicial district.

How to Become Naturalized.

An applicant for naturalization, if he arrived in this country after he was eighteen years of age, must make declarations before the Clerk of any Court of Record having common law jurisdiction and a seal, of his intention to become a citizen, two years at least before his admission as such. At the end of five years from the time of his arrival in the country, such declarations having been made two years before, he is entitled to his papers upon application to the Court. In case the applicant arrived in the United States before he was eighteen years of age and has attained the age of twenty-one years, and has been in the country five years, he is entitled to become a citizen without the declaration two years in advance; he will then make the declaration at the time of his admission, that for two years it has been his intention to become a citizen. The applicant must declare on oath that he will support the Constitution of the United States and renounce all allegiance to foreign powers. Furthermore, the Court must be satisfied by one or more witnesses that the applicant has lived in the country at least five years, and in the State in which the Court is held at least one year, and that he has been a man of good moral character. A man who has served in either the regular or volunteer army of the United States and has been honorably discharged can be admitted upon his petition without previous declaration. The oath of the applicant is in no case allowed to prove the fact of his residence.

Right and Fair.

THE *Telephone* has watched the action of the Republicans in this XXVIth District, and the efforts of partisans of the respective candidates whose names were presented for nomination to Congress therein. The allegations of fraud in this county,—this township,—were submitted to the County Convention, and adjudicated by that body adversely to the parties making them. It should be presumed that body had the vital interest of its party and wishes of its representative constituency at heart when it rendered its decision. Astute politicians and honest partisans, it seems to this journal, should have acquiesced in the result, and yielded a tacit if not a hearty support to its ticket. At that Convention Hon. J. D. McJunkin was nominated to Congress, object to the decision of the conferees of the district in convention. A similar allegation of fraud at the primaries of Crawford resulted in the appointment of two sets of congressional delegates. Mercer county had no such difficulty. A meeting was called at Mercer last month, and conferees and candidates notified of time and place. In compliance with that notice the congressional conferees and candidates met pursuant to call. At the appointed time the Butler conferees met with the Mercer conferees, but for some unexplained reason Miller, of Mercer, withdrew his conferees. Butler conferees notified them and the Crawford conferees that they would proceed to organize at a certain hour and invited their attendence. The Roberts' conferees, of Crawford county, came into conference, and Miller's and Dick's conferees absented themselves. An organization was effected, and after two or three ballots J. D. McJunkin, of Butler, was declared the Republican candidate for Congress. This action was fair and straightforward. It was the only thing that could honestly and consistently be done. This made McJunkin the 'de facto' if not the 'de jure' nominee, and as such the *Telephone* put his name in the Republican ticket published in this journal. Subsequently, the bolters from Mercer and the Dick conferees of Crawford, met at Greenville, Pa., and nominated Miller of Mercer. They invited conferees from Butler county, but the Executive Committee met and refused to send delegates to a rump meeting of a factious and disorganzing conclave. The Crawford county Executive Committee lately held a meeting at which the nomination of the Roberts conferees by their county convention was affirmed. This places the nomination of J. D. McJunkin beyond all question, and the supporters of Mr Miller in the attitude of factionists, bolters and enemies of the Republican party.—*Karns City Telephone, Aug. 14.*

PROSPECT, Aug. 12, 1880.

MR. EDITOR:—I have heard a considerable talk during this summer about a plant called by some, "Western plantain," by others "Black plantain or buckhorn." I have noticed it growing in many localities and in some places in considerable quantities. Will some of our farmers who have a knowledge of its properties and habits inform your readers through the CITIZEN whether it is a plant to be guarded against by the farmers as a nuisance. FARMER.

THE Solid South is making a desperate effort to retain its hold on the Government. If successful now it hopes so to use its influence so as to gain a long lease of power. But if defeated this year it knows that the scepter will pass from it never to return. The new census will leave it in a helpless minority unless it can get control of the new apportionment of members of the lower House of Congress. That is why the South is fighting so desperately and was willing to accept any candidates at Cincinnati that would aid in the North.

Mrs. Partington says

don't take any of the quack rostrums, as they are regimental to the human cistern; but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general dilapidation, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extact of tirpod fever. They are the *ne plus unum* of medicines.—*Boston Globe.*

The Late Storm in the Oil Region.

The storm of last Thursday extended over the entire oil country. At Parker City two fifty-barrel tanks on the Milford farm were struck and burned. The electric fluid also set fire to the office of J Bushnell, in the city.

At Edenberg twenty rigs were laid low.

At Monroeville lightning descended a chimney of J. Wright's dwelling house, shattering the stove and knocking down some ladies in the room.

At St. Petersburgh the people thought the end of the world had come. Some prayed and others sang, while many became wild with fright. The town for a time was in utter darkness, while the thunder was incessant and the heavens one sheet of flame. Fortunately no damage was done.

A 600-barrel tank at Jefferson City was fired, and this in turn ignited a 500-barrel tank close by.

At other points in the region the storm was also very severe.

The burning tanks at Dallas City overflowed this morning. The Tidewater tank flowed over at 6½, the United going over an hour later. Three hundred barrels of water were pumped into the Tidewater tank, which, after making two more overflows, burned out. When the United tank boiled over the rigs and several shanties on the flats were burned. This tank has now nearly burned out.

No further danger is apprehended. Fully 60,000 barrels of oil were consumed. The total loss in oil tanks and rigs is estimated at $93,000.

IT is a good time for practical men to think over the bearings of the campaign. If Gen. Hancock should be elected President what would the Democratic Administration do with the puclic debt? Who can tell? We only know that the Southern politicians who would control its policy have repudiated the debts of their own States, and have no reason for treating differently the obligations of the Nation contracted for suppressing the rebellion. What would it do with the currency? Who can predict? We only know that every project for inflation and repudiation broached for the last fifteen years has been tenderly coddled by the Democratic party, and that every effort to elevate the public credit and resume specie payments found its chief obstacle within the lines of that party. What would become of the banks, those conservators of the credit and surplus funds of the busines community? Almost every Democratic leader west of the Alleghenies and South of the Potomac has taken ground in favor of their destruction. They cannot be destroyed without breaking down the whole system of commercial credits which is the life-blood of all large business operations; but Democratic Admisistration, ruled by Southern repudiators, would not stop on this account.

VALUABLE REAL —AND— PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BY ORDER OF COURT.

THE undersigned, Receiver of the First National Bank of Butler, Pa., will offer at public sale, at the Court House, in Butler, on Thursday the 9th day of September, 1880, at one o'clock, p. m., all of the following described real and personal property of said Bank, to wit:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by an alley, east by a street known as Boyd avenue, south by lot of Dr E Conn, and west by an alley; being 40 feet front on Boyd avenue and 125 feet west to the alley. A two-story dwelling house thereon erected. This lot is in the plot of lots laid out by W S Boyd, and known as Springdale.

ALSO—All that certain lot or piece of land situate in the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., bounded on the north by lot of George W Fleeger, Esq., on the east by Elm street, on the south by lot of Malcolm Graham, or Miller and James Wilson, and on the west by an alley, containing all of lots numbers one and two of Daugherty's plan of lots as made and surveyed by Henry Pillow, Esq., March 23d, 1873. The said lots front ninety feet on Elm street and extends back 190 feet to an alley.

ALSO—Two acres of land, more or less, situate in the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by Butler Branch Railroad, east by lot formerly of Charles McCandless, south by Wm S Boyd, and west by lot of Charles Duffy. Two-story frame distillery, warehouse, dwelling house and stable thereon.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., bounded on the north by Butler Branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad, east by lands of Mrs. Conrad Smith, south by the Connoquenessing creek and west by the distillery lot; containing four acres, more or less.

ALSO—All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Butler, county of Butler, Pa., No 13 in a plot of lots laid out by Jas Dunlap, Esq., for Wm Miller, bounded north by an alley, east by an alley, south by Miller street and west by lot No 12 of Mrs Sarah A Campbell. Said lot being 43 feet front and rear, by 150 feet back, more or less; two-story frame house thereon and stable.

ALSO—Lot No 13 in a plan of lots in the borough of Butler, Butler county, Pa., laid out by Jas Dunlap, Esq., for the heirs of John Weisner, dec'd, bounded north by an alley, east by an alley, south by lot No 12 of said plan, and west by Elm street, having a front of 48 feet on Elm street by 180 feet back to an alley, more or less. A two-story frame house and stable thereon.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Sarversville, Buffalo township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by lot of Jacob Fry and F Shultz, east by same and west by same; containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Buffalo township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by school house lot, east by lands of Frederick Shultz, south by same, and west by lands of Jacob Fry; containing four acres, more or less.

ALSO—The undivided half of that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Buffalo township, Butler county, Pa., bound north by lands of W Campbell, east by lands of Widow Donahue, south by lands of David Hoover, and west lands of John Johnson. Log house, log stable thereon and coal bank containing fourteen acres more or less.

ALSO—Seven acres of land, more or less, situate in Centre township, Butler county, Pa., bounded on the north by Leibold's heirs, east by Thomas Bartly, now Thomas Craig, south by Abner Patton, and west by Greece City road; log house thereon.

ALSO—All of the undivided half of eighty acres of land, more or less, situate in Marion township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by lands of Hon James Kerr, east by McMurry's heirs, south by same and others, and west by known as the McMurry Mill farm; house, grist and saw mill and other buildings thereon.

ALSO—The undivided ¾ of all that certain tract or piece of land, situate in Concord township, Butler county, Pa., bounded north by McClelland farm, east by Wick farm, south by land of Byers and others and west by Kepler farm; one-story frame house, log house; log barn thereon, containing thirty-three acres, more or less.

ALSO—All of the undivided interest in that certain tract of land situate in Brady township, Butler county, Pa., containing one hundred and sixty-five acres, more or less, bounded north by lands of John J. Crole and Linnas Lilley, east by S Beatty and James Donahue's heirs, south by James Dunn and west by James Graham. The interest of this Bank therein being sixty one acres, more or less. The improvements are about 50 acres cleared and fenced; frame dwelling house, 4 rooms, frame bank barn, 40 by 45 feet, newly new; new frame granary, 12 by 18 feet, a good spring near the house and another near the barn; about 70 young appte trees.

ALSO—All that certain lot of ground situate in the 6th Ward of the city of Allegheny, in the county of Allegheny, Pa., beginning at the northern side of Adams street, formerly Chancery street, at the distance of 66 feet westwardly from the northwest corner of Adams street and Marshall street, thence along the northern side of Adams street westwardly twenty-two feet to a post, thence by a line running at right angles to said alley and parallel with Manhatten street southwardly 128 feet and 9 inches to Adams street at the place of beginning, having thereon erected a two-story frame house containing six rooms and an attic, and a two-story double brick house containing 8 rooms fronting on the alley.

ALSO—The undivided two-eights of one hundred and fourteen acres of land, more or less, situate in Fairview township, Butler county, known as the Storey farm, bounded on the north by lands of Wm Starr, east by lands of Thomas Craig, south by lands of Daniel Rankin and west by J Forcht. About 50 acres cleared and fenced, seven producing oil wells thereon, and 13 dwelling houses, 2 coal banks, log barn. The interest in the oil wells is only two-eights of the one-eighth royalty in 5 of the wells and two eights of the hall production of two of the wells.

ALSO—An undivided one-eighth interest in the last above described tract of land, known as the Storey farm, held by the Bank as collateral from John S. Clark, of Allegheny city, Pa., for the payment of a promissory note made by said Clark to the First National Bank of Butler for the sum of eight hundred and forty-five dollars, with interest, dated the 27th of May, 1879, and payable sixty days thereafter, and endorsed by Allen Wilson. The interest in the oil wells is only 1/32d of 1/8th royalty in five of the wells and one-eighth of the hall of the production of two of the wells

ALSO—Five thousand dollars of Karns City & Butler Railroad Company first mortgage bonds, bearing seven per cent interest annually payable semi-annually in gold. These bonds are, by writing, dated 12th December, 1876, guaranteed by Charles Duffy and W. H. H. Riddle, both as to principal and interest at their par value when due, and the interest semi-annually. Said bonds so guaranteed are four of $1,000 each, numbered 20, 21, 22 and 23, and two of $500 each, numbered 22 and 23.

ALSO—Eight thousand three hundred dollars of Karns City & Butler Railroad Company first mortgage bonds, bearing seven per cent. interest annually in gold, payable semi-annually. The bonds issued by the Karns City & Butler Railroad Company as specified in the mortgage recorded in Butler county in book No 5, page 138, are as follows, to wit: 500 of the denomination of $100 each, numbered from 1 to 500 inclusive; 100 of the denomination of $500 each, numbered from 1 to 100 inclusive; 50 of the denomination of $1,000, numbered from 1 to 50 inclusive. These bonds fall due on the first day of August, 1886, and are a first lien upon the road. The mortgage is upon all the real estate and personal property and the franchises, corporate rights and privileges of the Railroad Company, situate, being held, owned and enjoyed in the county of Butler, to wit: Between Karns City and Butler and not elsewhere, and upon the buildings, offices, rections, road beds, ties, rails, spikes and chairs, and all foundations and superstructures erected or in contemplation between the points aforesaid, and the cars, trucks, locomotives, engines and equipments, the property of said Railroad Company within the points aforesaid together with all and singular, the incomes, rents, issues and profits from the said Railroad, and all the property, estates or rights of the said Railroad Company within said points in any and every manner arising or coming in law or equity or otherwise howsoever. It further provides that in case default be made in payment of the principal of said bonds, or and of them, when due, or in the payment of interest, according to the tenor of the coupons thereunto annexed, and if such default, in either case, shall continue for sixty days after the due presentation of the bonds or coupons, or any of them, according to the tenor of said bonds or coupons, it shall be lawful for said trustee or his agent or attorney to enter into and upon all and singular, the premises, rights, privileges and franchises and each and every part thereof conveyed by said mortgage or intended so to be, and to receive and to take all incomes, rents, revenues, issues and profits, and sell and dispose of all the real and personal estate, property rights, franchises and privileges at such time and place as said trustee, or his agent or attorney shall appoint, first giving notice as required by said mortgage. The trustee is W H H Riddle, Esq., and the mortgage is dated the 28th day of June, A D, 1876, and recorded on the 14th day of July, 1876.

ALSO—Fifty shares of the capital stock of the Harmony National Bank, of Harmony, Butler Co., Pa., of the par value of ($5,000) five thousand dollars.

ALSO—Hall's safe and lock, known as Hall's patent infallible double chronometric attachment.

ALSO—Gas fixtures, suitable for a large house, including two 12-light chandeliers with globes.

Terms of payment as to real estate, one-half cash on day of sale, and the other half within 6 months thereafter, with interest and with such security as shall be satisfactory to the Receiver, and no deed to be made to the purchaser until the consideration shall be fully paid; and as to personal property, cash to be paid on day of sale.

JOHN N. PURVIANCE,
Receiver of First National Bank, of Butler, Pa.
Butler, Pa., August 5, 1880.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

WILL be offered at public sale, at the Court House, in Butler, on Thursday the 9th day of September, 1880, at one o'clock, p. m., the undivided ⅔ of all that certain tract or piece of land situate in Concord township, Butler county, Pa.; bounded north by McClelland farm, east by Wick farm, south by lands of Byers and others and west by Kepler farm. One story frame house, log house and log barn thereon, containing 33 acres, more or less.

Terms, one-half cash on day of sale and the other half within six months thereafter, with interest. By order of the Board of Directors.

JAMES P. PARKER,
President of the Parker Savings Bank.
Parker City, August 5, 1880.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

WILL be offered at public sale, at the Court House, in Butler, on Thursday, the 9th day of September, 1880, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the undivided interest of the German National Bank of Millerstown, in and to that certain tract of land situate in Brady township, Butler county Pa., containing one hundred and sixty-five acres more or less; bounded on the north by land of John J. Orcll and Linnis Lilley, on the east by lands of S Beatty and James Donahue's heirs, south by lands of James Dunn and west by lands of James Graham. The interest of said Bank therein being one hundred and four acres, more or less. The improvements are about 50 acres Cleared and fenced, frame dwelling house 4 rooms, frame bank barn 40 by 45 feet, frame granary 12 by 18 feet and about 70 apple trees, a good spring near the house and another near the barn.

Terms, one-half cash on day of sale and the other half within six months thereafter, with interest. By order of the Board of Directors.

G. F. FETZER,
B. FREDERICK, Directors.
JACOB FREDERICK.
Millerstown, August 5, 1880.

Jury List for Sept. Court.

Grand Jurors for first week, commencing on Monday, Sept. 6th, 1880.

Butler borough—William Farnsworth, A. J. McCandless, James B. Mitchell, George Reiber, Sr.

Clearfield township—Joseph Flick.
Clinton—Wm. Harvey.
Cherry—Robert Hogg, Sr.
Fairview—Alex. Black, Levi Stoner.
Forward—R. A. White, J. M. Miller.
Jefferson—John Fisher, W. J. Gallagher.
Karns City—J. H. Murtland.
Middlesex—Philip Brown, Solomon Young.
Mercer—Lewis Johnston.
Marion—Philip Serena.
Oakland—Thos. Prior.
Penn—John Hutchison.
Prospect—William Martin.
Summit—Francis J. Riott.
Worth—Marcus Reichart.
Zelienople—Lewis Reed.

Traverse Jurors for second week, commencing Monday Sept. 13th, 1880.

Adams township—Freeman Davidson, Lewis Hays, August Warner.
Allegheny—W. B. Sedwick, John Pearce.
Butler borough—W. S. Boyd.
Brady—J. J. Croll.
Buffalo—James K. Dain, Nicholas Doyle.
Cherry—Ezra Stewart, Thompson Allison.
Centre—J. H. Davis.
Clinton—John Lowe (of Robert).
Clearfield—Thos. Martin.
Clay—J. F. McClung.
Donegal—Augustus Hoch.
Franklin—Caleb Edmundson.
Fairview—Andrew Harp, G. W. Miles.
Forward—W. B. Martin.
Jackson—Casper Behm, Samuel Swain, Geo. Ift, Jr.
Lancaster—Samuel Barclay.
Millerstown—W. J. Campbell, John Showalter.
Muddycreek—John Cheeseman, Carlin McClymonds.
Middlesex—W. F. Thompson, Sanderson Thompson.
Mercer—George Rottmyer, James C. Parker, Wm. Orr.
Oakland—Archibald McJunkin.
Prospect—John Grove.
Petrolia—S. W. Barley.
Parker—Samuel F. Ansley, Edward Towhill.
Slipperyrock—Wm. Morrison, John Ralston, H. H. Vincent.
Summit—Jacob Bleichner, John King, Albert Smith.
Winfield—Philip Cypher, Peter Kennedy.
Washington—James Meals.
Zelienople—H. S. Miller.

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KID, BERLIN AND CLOTH GLOVES.
GENTS' HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR.
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New Style Black and Colored FRINGES.
BUGLE TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS.
SATINS, VELVETS, VELVETEENS.
Spanish, Guipure, and French LACES.

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Zephyrs, Saxony Yarns, Shetland and Germantown Wool, German and Cashmere Knitting Yarns, Corsets, Skirts, Underwear, Scarfs, Laces, Knit Goods, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest New York prices.

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August 5th, 1880.

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ALL-WOOL BUNTINGS AT 18 cts.

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Black and Colored Lace Buntings at attractive prices.

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Special bargains in cuffs and Collars and Handkerchiefs.

Choice new things in Silk Handkerchiefs.

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Ladies's Traveling Ulsters, 75c to $5.500 each.

A Few Fine Black Satin d'Lyon Sacques and Mantles

Will be sold at half their value.

Large new importations Hamburg, Swiss and Nainsook Edgings, Flouncings and Insertings, just received. New and unique patterns, and best values yet shown. Both retail and wholesale buyers' attention called to these goods.

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