

BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEBLEY, PROP'RS. Entered at the Postoffice at Butler as second-class matter.

Republican National Ticket, FOR PRESIDENT, 1880, GEN. JAMES A. GARFIELD, OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, 1880, HON. CHESTER A. ARTHUR, OF NEW YORK.

Republican State Nominations, FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT, Hon. Henry Green, OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, Hon. John A. Lemon, OF BLAIR COUNTY.

Republican County Nominations, Congress, J. D. MOUNKIN, Esq., of Butler County.

Senate, JOHN M. GREER, Esq., of Butler borough. (Subject to the District Conference.)

Assembly, WILLIAM P. BRAHAM, of Mercer township, SYLVESTER D. BELL, of Millersburg.

District Attorney, A. M. CUNNINGHAM, Esq., of Butler borough.

Associate Judge, ABRAHAM McCANDLESS, of Butler township.

County Surveyor, NATHAN M. SLATOR, of Butler borough.

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

The members of the Republican County Committee are requested to meet in the Arbitration Room, in Butler, on Saturday, July 31st, at 1 o'clock P. M.

BUTLER, Pa., July 20, 1880. A. L. CRAIG, Chairman.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

There will be a Republican meeting at Centreville, next Monday evening, Aug. 2nd, in the I. O. O. F. hall, basement story. Col. J. M. Thompson and others will speak and fully discuss the issues of the day.

If matters are left alone in this county, and nothing further done to divide or distract the party, it will not be three weeks until every Republican in the county is at work for the whole ticket.

As matters now stand Mr. McJunkin will not lose fifty Republican votes in this county at the election. A few men in this place are not friendly and they will be equal to just their own votes and no more.

THERE are a few men in this place who affect great anxiety as to the election of a Congressman in this district, and yet these are the men who are planning and conspiring to put a second candidate in the field. What hypocrisy!

A few personal enemies of Mr. McJunkin in this place are all that have so far made any opposition to his nomination for Congress. The Republicans of the county are satisfied with it, and no complaint has come from any township or district against it.

THE oft repeated blighting in the Eagle, that Sheriff Hoffman took part at our late primaries at the instance of friends of Mr. McJunkin, is all bosh. The trouble seems to be that the Sheriff and Mr. Robinson are not on good terms, arising out of the fact that the Sheriff does not give the Eagle all the printing it wants.

THE Parker Phoenix of last week says: "Politics are growing warm and dangerous in Butler county. If the Republicans do not speedily get to work and nominate Mr. McJunkin unanimously and pull together, why their friends of the opposition will walk off with the cake. Stop fooling and get down to business."

THE members of the County Committee, at their meeting on Saturday next, should be on their guard as to doing anything that may endanger the success of the party in the county this fall. If a man is defeated at the primaries for nomination they should tell him he must submit to the will of the party. It is a good rule to let well enough alone.

A MISTAKE—We have received a line from Charles Hoffman, Esq., of Saxenburg, correcting the Millersburg Herald in its assertion that he was for Hancock. He says he is "for the protection of the industries of Pennsylvania, and is and has been since the nomination of Gen. Garfield for him, and will remain so." Will the Millersburg Herald correct its mistake?

THE Senatorial Conference of this State Senate district, Armstrong and Butler counties, met in Freeport last Wednesday, and after some ballots given by each of the counties for their respective candidates, adjourned to meet in the same place on Aug. 11th. Armstrong county claims the present nomination as her right, Butler having had the last one, and it is said her candidate, Mr. Meredith, intends to insist upon the rights of his county.

BUTLER county now has the candidate for Congress in this district, the nomination being obtained by the action of two out of the three counties of the district. Let our county stand by her own man. His conferees have acted and the matter is now in his hands. If the other county sees proper to put another candidate in the field, that will be a matter to be arranged hereafter among the candidates, who we have no doubt will bring about a satisfactory settlement in the end. The matter has passed out of the hands of the County Committee, and is with the candidates now.

THOMAS ROBINSON, ever since the primary election, has been asserting that he was defeated by Democratic votes, whereas the truth and the fact is, he made every effort to get all the Democratic votes he could at the primary, and those who know best say that he received two to Mr. McJunkin's one of that kind. We cautioned and protested in the CITIZEN, before the primary, against Democrats voting, while not a word was found in the Eagle on that subject. He expected them, and it is and has been our opinion that he received at the primary two to one of irregular and improper votes. The only trouble with him is he did not receive enough, and therefore bolts the nomination of his competitor.

THE population of the leading cities of the United States is to be learned from the census just taken. New York contains 1,309,561, an increase of 24 per cent. on 1870; Philadelphia 842,000, increase 24 per cent.; Brooklyn, 554,693, increase 40 per cent.; Chicago, 477,500, increase 90 per cent.; St. Louis, 375,000, increase 21 per cent.; Boston, 355,000, increase 40 per cent.; Baltimore, 330,000, Cincinnati, 255,804, San Francisco, 237,350, increase of 51 per cent.; New Orleans, 207,328. The other six-fingered cities, making 18 in all thus far, are, in order: Washington (160,000), Cleveland (157,000), Buffalo (149,000), Newark (136,000), Milwaukee (130,000), Detroit (119,000), Louisville (112,000), and Providence (104,000).

WHILE Mr. Thomas Robinson endeavored by all manner of dirty work and tricks to prevent our county from getting the candidate for Congress in this district, although our county had an equal claim to said nomination; yet he is now the chief engineer, it is said, in trying to get for the county the Senate nomination, which it is well known we cannot rightfully claim, according to party usage. This kind of work won't do, gentlemen, and we wonder you have not learned it by this time. There must be fair dealing all around and if the events of the past six months have not taught anything yet, you are destined to further disappointment. We announce this not only as a demand for fair play, but in the interest and for the harmony of the Republican party of this county, which we desire much to promote, but which has been outraged for some time past through and for the selfish ends of a few. We know that a majority of the Republicans of the county are heartily with us in seeking a relief from the tricksters who have been thus using them and the party for their own advantage.

SO GREAT has been the contempt expressed here and elsewhere for a man who would bring suits in another county against his neighbors here, and for matters of a political character happening here at home, that Mr. Thomas Robinson found it necessary to come out and make some apology for the same in the Eagle of last week. So far as we were concerned we cared nothing about it and declined to notice so disgraceful an act. At Mercer where it was done, and as soon as the circumstances in which it was done became known, it had the very reverse effect of what he and the three persons who had gone there with him expected. The little recognition of any kind they had received there was materially lessened after that, and many were outspoken in their expressions of contempt for a man who could be guilty of such low spite work. Many so expressed themselves and we were told shunned him thereafter. The very reason that he gives for slipping off into another county, to wit, that he had no confidence in the Courts of his own county, where he lives and is best known, is very clear proof that it is not justice he seeks but justice he is afraid of. He is like that other son of "ould Ireland" the story is told of, who, when on trial for some offence and was assured by the Court he should have justice, exclaimed "and be dad and that is just what I'm afraid of." There are two things that have become a mania with those Robinson. One is to attend political conferences or Conventions and be whispering and winking around, and the other is the mania for bringing suits. As to his bringing suits, if the records of our Court here were examined some interesting cases would probably be found in which he was personally a party. It is not likely that our Judges and Courts here will suffer much by the loss of confidence in them by Mr. Robinson. Their ways may not be his ways of doing things, but if they allow him to confidentially whisper to them and be at the bar occasionally, we still believe and hope that they can yet get along with him.

BUTLER COUNTY AND BORO. The completed census of this county makes the population now, 51,792. In 1870, it was only 36,510, showing an increase in the past ten years of, 15,282. This is a much larger increase we notice than that of any of the surrounding counties, and being nearly 42 per cent.

In this Borough the population was now found to be, 3,164. In 1870, 1,935, or over 50 per cent. of an increase. There are 14 farms within the Boro. limits; 40 manufactories; 6 boot and shoe makers (who manufacture over \$500, per year); 1 tannery; 1 brick yard, 2 grist mills, 32 deaths happened within the past year, from June 1, '79, to June 1, '80, being just the same number as in the year 1870, by the then census. There are 32 paupers or indigent persons; 10 prisoners in jail; 1 blind; 3 insane, and 3 idiotic.

THE CRAWFORD COUNTY CASE EXPLAINED.

As some of our Republicans of this county would like to understand the merits of the trouble existing, or growing out of the late Republican Convention of Crawford county, we give the following from a statement made and, appearing in Crawford county papers. It will be seen that the point in the case is as to whether there was an unfair or illegal vote at the primary in the city of Titusville that county. Dr. Roberts and S. B. Dick were the candidates for the Congressional nomination. Roberts beat Dick in the county by 113 votes, and Dick's friends discovering this, made an attempt, in the meeting of the Return Judges, to throw out two wards of Titusville, but failed to have the same done. The Convention divided and each was declared the nominee of the county. Dr. Roberts' and his conferees appeared at Mercer at the late district conference and there acted with the conferees of this county, as was noticed by the proceedings of the conference, and that led to the nomination of Mr. McJunkin of this county as the Republican candidate for Congress in the district, while that of Stewart H. Wilson, of Tyler, H. D. Loring and D. V. Drickson had received the highest vote for the Legislature, they were declared the nominees of the Republican party at the coming election.

LETTER FROM MERCER. MERCER COUNTY, PA., July 16th, 1880.

Hon. John H. Nebley: DEAR SIR—I was rejoiced that your conference at Mercer nominated Mr. McJunkin. He was altogether the best selection you could have made.

He will be most cordially supported by all the voters of the Republican party in this County who desired to have our Congressional district represented more by an able, honest man, who would not be influenced by the corrupt dynasty, known as the Cameron ring, that has long disgraced the State by its methods and management. Do not permit Mr. McJunkin to make any compromise with Miller or with any other man who would be withdrawn, for he will get the support of all the honest Republicans of the district, let the result be what it may. And if Miller and Dick should still persist in placing one or the other in the field they will be responsible for the loss of a Republican member from this district if Mr. McJunkin should thereby be defeated. Yours Respectfully, S. H. PRINSON, Chairman.

The above letter is from one of the oldest and most highly respected Republicans of Mercer county, one whom the Republicans of that county have honored and trusted in the past with positions of the highest responsibility. It is but one of the many evidences coming to our knowledge as to how Mr. McJunkin's nomination is received in Mercer county, and we speak knowingly when we state that he will receive a large Republican vote in that county in November. In Crawford county, as against Dick or Miller, if either of them should be put into the field against him, we also speak knowingly, and what we have every reason to believe as true when we say that Mr. McJunkin will have more than the half of the Republican vote of that county in November. In this, Butler county, there is in truth and in fact no dissatisfaction with his nomination among the great mass of the party and we do not believe there are a hundred Republicans in the county who would refuse to support him. All the opposition to him comes from a few men here in Butler and which is made from personal motives alone. Being an honest man he would not answer their purpose, and hence the hostility of McCandless, Robinson & Co. to him here. It remains to be seen what their bolting and defection can accomplish.

GEN. PURVIANCE contributes the following to the press of this county which is of interest at the present time, when taken in connection with the recent Census of this county and certain provisions of the New Constitution of this State:

I am frequently asked the question lately whether we are entitled to Associate Judges if our county shall constitute a separate judicial district. The question is raised under the 5th Section of the Judiciary Article of the Constitution. The provision by this Section is "that whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the county may require." Counties containing a population less than sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts as the General Assembly may provide.

The office of Associate Judge, not learned in the law, is abolished, and counties forming separate districts, but the several associate judges in office when the Constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms.

It is provided by the schedule, Section 14, that "the General Assembly shall, at the next succeeding session after each decennial census, and by other designation, the several judicial districts, as required by this Constitution, be attached to contiguous districts as the General Assembly may provide."

It is further provided by the 25th Section of the schedule that "All persons in office in this Commonwealth, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution and at the first election under it, shall hold their respective offices until the term for which they have been elected, or appointed, or sworn in, and until their successors shall have been qualified, unless otherwise provided in this Constitution."

The population of Butler county according to the returns of the enumerators is about 51,792. This then is one of the counties to which the Constitutional requirement applies, and is declared by the Constitution to be a separate judicial district, though declaratory legislation may be necessary to the effect of it so far as relates to the attachment of Lawrence county. But no legislation can make it otherwise than a separate district unless the provision in the 5th Section, relating to counties containing a population less than forty thousand, may be attached to contiguous districts—may apply as to the counties situated as is the counties of Butler, Mercer, etc., each containing a population of over forty thousand, and consequently, each constituting a separate judicial district. The population in Lawrence county in 1870 was 27,298, and from that time to the present has increased, and is now estimated to be 40,000 and so become a separate district, in which case the law judge of this district would be the judge in that county until the expiration of the term for which he was commissioned.

Upon attaching the names of these Return Judges, Warriner, Goodwill and Barton, to the original 29 that refused to submit to the primary, and unfair ruling and domineering of Chairman Reisinger, we find thirty-two out of the sixty Return Judges in the county who refused to countenance a system of unfairness that the party cannot tolerate and prosper.

NATIONAL GREENBACK LABOR PARTY CONVENTION.

The members of the National Greenback Labor Party of Butler county are requested to meet at the place of holding elections in their respective districts on Saturday, August 7th, between the hours of 1, and 7 P. M., and elect delegates to a County Convention to be held in Butler, Monday, August 9th, at 1 P. M., for the purpose of making such nominations as the Convention may deem advisable.

S. H. PRINSON, Chairman.

Butler, July 21st, 1880.

Messrs. Editors of Butler Citizen: Our party being destitute of that highly essential if not ornamental appendage known as an "organ," it becomes necessary to ask our friends of the press of the two old parties to publish our call for us, hoping for the time when we may return the compliment under similar circumstances.

We would like to remunerate you for so doing, but the exchequer long since being drained and no "barrel" appearing on the political horizon ready for tapping.

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THE VOTE IN NOVEMBER.

PITTSBURGH, July 13, 1880.

Messrs. Editors—Owing to the amount of noise the Democrats are making about their candidate, it will not be out of place to present to the consideration of your readers some calculations on the chances of the respective parties in the coming Presidential election. Therefore, I present the following table, showing the States which will undoubtedly go Republican, and those which will undoubtedly go Democratic, together with the doubtful States:

REPUBLICAN. DEMOCRATIC. California 6 Alabama 19 Colorado 2 Arkansas 6 Illinois 21 Delaware 11 Iowa 11 Georgia 11 Kansas 5 Kentucky 12 Louisiana 8 Maryland 8 Massachusetts 13 Michigan 11 Mississippi 8 Missouri 11 Nebraska 10 Nevada 3 North Carolina 10 New Jersey 2 North Dakota 7 New York 23 Ohio 22 Oregon 3 West Virginia 5 Rhode Island 29 Total 123 Vermont 5 Wisconsin 14 Total 160

DEMOCRATIC. Connecticut 6 New York 25 Florida 12 Virginia 11 Indiana 12 Texas 11 New Jersey 9 Total 80

California, Oregon, Nevada may be safely set down as Republican. Although Garfield opposed the Chinese bill in Congress, the people of these States will be satisfied when they read his letter of acceptance. He will, of course, lose some votes (principally in California), but not enough to endanger the States. The Republicans carried the late election in Oregon, gaining a Congressman, and in Nevada and California, Judges by over one thousand majority, and obtained possession of both branches of the Legislature. In 1876 Hayes carried California by 2,805 majority, and Oregon by 547 majority; and in 1879 the Republican candidate for Governor of California was elected by 20,408 plurality. Florida is doubtful for the reason that it is a Republican State, as are several other States. Its remedies were obsolete. He suffered severely but he patiently until the vile medicine which does you only harm, but put your trust in that simple remedy, Hop Bitters; that cures always at the root, and you will secure good lines and have good health.—Chronic.

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REWARD KENNEDY, jan30-4f Wexford P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

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FOR DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, &c., &c.

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Sometimes many of those symptoms attend the disease, at others very few, but the LIVER, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not regulated in time, great suffering, weakness and death will ensue. As can be recognized as an excellent remedy for disease of the Liver, Rheumatism and Dropsy, a Simmons' Liver Regulator, LEWIS E. WILSON, 162 WEST MASTER STREET, ASSISTANT FIRST MASTER, PHILADELPHIA.

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And as to the Associate Judges of this county, the Judge elected at the next November election, if committed to the re-districting of the State, would hold the office for the period of five years.—Though no election of Associate Judges would occur thereafter. My purpose, however, in this communication, is more to awaken investigation than to express an opinion.

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diseases that send weaker minds to the grave, the same ability would be credited to a man possessed of great mental energy when slowly dying of starvation.—Tusculum Herald.

THE HUDSON RIVER HORROR.

The dreadful accident in the Hudson River Tunnel last Wednesday has no parallel in the history of sub-marine tunnelling. The Thames Tunnel, the first considerable work of the kind, was twice interrupted in its construction by the breaking in of the water, and the consequent filling in of the tunnel with sand and mud, but on the first occasion all the workmen were got out alive, and on the second only one man was cut off by the fallen earth and drowned. No submarine tunnel, however, intended for travel or for water supply, as at Chicago, has been completed, if of any great length, without difficulty and embarrassment on account of the unequal character of the material through which the excavations were made, and the consequent tendency to crush in the roof or sides with the immense pressure of water. By great good fortune, however, these disasters have cost little more than annoying delay and additional expenditure of money. In the New York case there has been a loss of twenty-two lives, making it one of the most fatal of engineering disasters in the history of the country.

The Hudson River Tunnel was projected several years ago and work was commenced on it in 1874. The object was to connect the system of railroads on the Jersey City side of the river with the lines in New York and with the Underground Railroads proposed to be built. The general direction of the Tunnel is from the foot of Sixteenth street in Jersey City to Canal street in New York. The main shaft on the Jersey side has been completed and the great arch carried toward the river a distance of thirty feet. From this point the tunnel is divided into two passages with a brick partition wall. The work on the connection between the main arch and the double tunnel had not been completed, and it was here the disaster occurred.

The men were changing shifts at the time and there seems to have been some little carelessness during the passing in and out of the connecting chamber, by which some of the compressed air escaped. This reduced the outward pressure relied upon to aid the iron roof or shield at the unfinished connection in resisting the pressure of the sand and water. A break occurred, the roof gave way, and with it the brick partition between the two smaller tunnels. Eight men at work on the top of the main arch had time to escape before the water reached them, but twenty-two on the other side of the broken connection were drowned and either suffocated or crushed. One of the eight who escaped gave additional horror to the story of the disaster by stating that the foremost of those left behind was caught by the closing iron door and held fast. Half in and half out, he was unable to escape himself and barred the way against the escape of his unhappy comrades, and in this position, pinned fast to await the rising of the fatal flood, he died a death recreating bodily and mental torture.

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DUNWOODY—At his residence in North Liberty, Allegheny county, Pa., on the night of the 21st of April, last, a large star in forehead, one black tooth, white, spring or bow knee, a scar on upper part of nostril caused by cut which stands open so that you could see your finger in it, and his tongue and ear in upper part of tongue above but. The above reward will be paid for his return in a good condition as when taken.

REWARD KENNEDY, jan30-4f Wexford P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

ASK THE REVISED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the world.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, &c., &c.

A medicinal Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any injurious or deleterious substance.

EVERETT VEGETABLE. containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which are all-wise Providence has placed in connection with Liver, Rheumatism, Dropsy, and other Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and the SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or acidic taste in the mouth, the Bile, the Stomach, often attended with flatulency, Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Laxative after-meal; Headache; Loss of Memory; with a painful sensation of having fallen to sleep, and a dry cough, yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry yellow matter mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of those symptoms attend the disease, at others very few, but the LIVER, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of