

BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEBLEY, PROP'RS. Entered at the Postoffice at Butler as second-class matter.

Republican National Ticket,

FOR PRESIDENT, 1880, GEN. JAMES A. GARFIELD, OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, 1880, HON. CHESTER A. ARTHUR, OF NEW YORK.

Republican State Nominations, FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT, Hon. Henry Green, OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, Hon. John A. Lemon, OF BLAIR COUNTY.

Republican County Nominations.

Congress, J. D. McJUNKIN, Esq., of Butler borough. (Subject to the District Conference.)

Senate, JOHN M. GREER, Esq., of Butler borough. (Subject to the District Conference.)

Assembly, WILLIAM P. BRADMAN, of Mercer township, SYLVESTER D. BELL, of Millertown borough.

District Attorney, A. M. OUNNINGHAM, Esq., of Butler borough.

Associate Judge, ABRAHAM MCGANDLESS, of Butler township.

County Surveyor, NATHAN M. SLATOR, of Butler borough.

HUNTINGDON Journal says: "No more unit rule and no more one man power in Republican politics in Pennsylvania."

Gov. FOSTER, who is a competent authority, says Garfield's majority in Ohio, in October, will be larger than his own last year.

MILLERSTOWN has the honor of forming the first Garfield and Arthur club in the county. Butler came next. What town or township will be next?

That wonderful pest, the army worm, has made its appearance in the eastern part of this State. It seems to be marching westward. Hope it may never invade this section.

The Prohibition National Convention met at Cleveland, Ohio, Thursday last and nominated Hon. Neal Dow, of Maine, for President, and Hon. A. H. Thompson, of Ohio, for Vice President.

The letter of Judge Black, which the Philadelphia Press first brought out, is going all over the country, and its manly vindication of Gen. Garfield's integrity immeasurably outweighs all the products of the slander mills.

SEVERAL of the Pennsylvania delegates from Blaine districts, to the late Chicago Republican National Convention, met with hearty receptions and public meetings on the return to their homes, for their faithful carrying out of the wishes and instructions of their people.

HON. CHARLES S. WOLFE, the distinguished anti-rioter member of the late Legislature, and who did so much service to the State in the late prosecution of the riot bribers, has again been nominated by the Republicans of his county for the Assembly. This, we believe, is the fifth time he has been nominated.

THE Petrolerum World is the title of a new daily journal just established at Titusville, Pa., in the interests of the oil producers and against the encroachments of the Standard Oil Company. We have received the first numbers, which look well, and give the latest oil and general news. It will be useful in its particular sphere and we wish it success.

THE only trouble with some candidates now-a-days is, that they did not get enough of votes to nominate them, and hence they cry "fraud." Had they, by hook or crook, or any fraudulent devices or schemes, over-topped their competitors and defeated the honest desires and votes of the party, then all would have been right. They receive, however, but little sympathy in their discomfiture.

THE Boston Transcript says of Judge Black's letter: "The Judge's aggressive integrity, and his intense opposition to the Republican party, imparts to his vindication of Gen. Garfield's purity its great significance, especially as the Judge had an opportunity of knowing all there was to be learned in reference to the Credit Mobilier, and was in no way interested in Gen. Garfield's exoneration."

HON. WILLIAM G. HEINER, of Kittanning, is one of the Republican nominees of Armstrong county for the Legislature this year. He ran the leading vote at the primaries in that county. Mr. Heiner formerly represented Armstrong county, and was known as a thoroughly honest and efficient member of the General Assembly. His constituents could have no more faithful gentleman to represent them.

FURNISHED to a call of the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, the Democrats of Butler county are to meet at their respective places of voting in the several boroughs and townships, on Saturday, July 3rd, next, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock, p. m., and select two delegates to represent them in County Convention, in Butler, on Monday the 5th day of July, following. The object of the Convention is to place in nomination candidates for the following offices: Congress, Senate, Assembly, District Attorney, Associate Judge, and County Surveyor.

COL. R. B. MCGIBBON, of New Castle, Greenback-Democratic candidate for Congress four years ago in that district, says this is the first time in twelve years that he has been satisfied with a Republican candidate for President, and therefore declares his intention of supporting Gen. Garfield.

THE Democrats meet in National Convention at Cincinnati to-day. Who their candidates will be seems uncertain to them as were the Republican ones previous to the meeting of the Chicago Convention. Gen. Garfield's nomination by the Republicans seems to have encouraged a lot of new "dark horses" to spring up on all sides for the Democratic nomination, each one of whom thinks he is the proper man. All along we thought Tilden would again be nominated. But he has declined. Their strongest man, however, would be Gen. Hancock, but being a soldier and engaged in the trial of Mrs. Surratt, will likely set him aside.

MR. TILDEN, in his letter withdrawing his name from the Cincinnati Convention, speaks of "renouncing a reelection to the Presidency." He seems to think he has been President, and now favors the "One Term principle."

IN this he and President Hayes agree, who also favored but one Term. The only difficulty is, they both seem to be President during the same Term. But still the position of either is better than that of Gen. Grant, who favored a "third Term," which was decided to be one too many at least. The "Second Term" is the medium, and it looks to us that if all other things had been right in Mr. Tilden's case, he would not have had any serious objections to the two Term principle.

BUTLER Republicans-Garfield and Arthur Club Organized.

Pursuant to notice the Republicans of Butler met in the Court House, on Monday evening last, 21st inst., for the purpose of organizing a Garfield and Arthur club. On motion, W. H. H. Riddle, Esq., was chosen temporary President, and Lewis P. Walker Esq., Walter L. Graham, Esq., Maj. James B. Storey and Mr. J. Harvey Miller, Vice Presidents. The editors of the Republican press were requested to act as Secretaries, and J. T. Donley, Esq., as Treasurer.

Gen. John N. Purviance was called upon to state the object of the meeting. He referred to the action of the Chicago Convention and the character of Gen. Garfield's nominee, commending both in truthful and appropriate terms. Want of space prevents us from giving his remarks in full at present.

HON. JOHN M. THOMPSON was next called upon to address the meeting, which he did at length, referring to his acquaintance and knowledge of Gen. Garfield while serving in Congress with him. He strongly endorsed him as a man of great ability, a ripe scholar, a sound Republican and a safe man in all respects. He referred to Gen. Garfield's views on the tariff question, which he said were perfectly sound and all that Pennsylvania required or needed. The votes of Gen. Garfield in Congress had always been on the right side and his views of protection were always satisfactory to his political friends.

AFTER Mr. Thompson had closed his remarks the meeting proceeded to effect a permanent organization of "The Garfield and Arthur Club of Butler," as follows: President-Maj. James B. Storey; Vice President-Newton Black, Esq.; Secretaries-J. T. Donley and W. H. Lusk, Esqs.; Treasurer-W. A. Wright. Casper Sherman was chosen Captain of the marching club, when formed, and A. T. Black, W. H. Ensinger and A. G. Williams, Esqs., Lieutenants of the same.

ON motion, the President of the club, Maj. Storey, was authorized to appoint any further committees that may be necessary for the future meetings and action of the club. A. G. Williams, Esq., was authorized to organize a glee club.

BEFORE adjourning, Mr. Charles S. Kerr was called out for a speech, which he delivered in a very energetic and forcible manner, creating great enthusiasm and eliciting rounds of applause at every sentence.

SEVENTY nine names were placed to the roll of membership of the club. The roll will be found in the hands of the Secretaries, who were authorized to receive further signatures to the same. It is expected to contain at least 200 names in a short time.

THE club adjourned to meet at a time and place designated by the President.

THE Butler Cornet Band kindly furnished some of its good music, both before and during the meeting. The services of the Cornet were duly appreciated.

TROUBLE IN CRAWFORD CO. It seems they have had trouble in Crawford county in the nomination of a candidate for Congress there. We have not full particulars and therefore withhold any expression of opinion at present. The following telegrams which we find in the Pittsburgh papers will give our readers an idea of the nature of the trouble:

TITUSVILLE, Pa., June 20.-The Republican Crawford County Convention of return judges at Meadville on Friday and Saturday last declared Senator Walter B. Roberts, of Titusville, the nominee for Congress, and Tyler, Derrickson, Wilson and Lowing, nominees for the Assembly. Senator Roberts' majority over Hon. S. B. Dick, of Meadville, was 143. An attempt was made to throw out two election precincts in Titusville, which motion the convention voted down, but

the chairman refused to announce the motion lost. A committee was appointed to investigate the Meadville returns, but failed to report. A resolution was adopted to appoint a committee to investigate other townships, but the chair, in Dick's interest, refused to name the committee. A majority of the return judges nominated Roberts and a minority nominated Dick. The Congressional district is composed of Mercer, Butler and Crawford, and Roberts and Dick confers will both apply for admission. There is intense political excitement in Titusville over the attempt to throw out the votes of two wards of the city in order to count out Senator Roberts, who was elected on the face of the returns, and a mass meeting is called at the Marshall Opera House for Thursday evening.

ANOTHER dispatch from Meadville, dated 19th inst., says: "The Republican Convention, after two days of stormy session, arrived at a conclusion this evening by throwing out two wards of Titusville, etc. The result was then declared as follows: Congress-Dick, 2,596-Roberts, 2,258."

"CREDIT-MOBILIER-TO WHOM CREDIT IS DUE."

ONE OF THE ORIGINATORS LIVING HERE IN BUTLER.

AS the somewhat celebrated Credit Mobilier Company, of some years ago, is again brought before the public, the following as to its origin will be of interest here as well, perhaps, as to the general reader. The story of Capt. Ziegler's connection with it is not entirely new, and is given now, as narrated by him recently to us, for the sole purpose of giving some information as to the origin of that once extensive company. And here we might promise, that as the said company in its first inception was well intended, and founded upon lawful business principles what is stated below is not to be taken as a discredit to our brother of the Democratic Herald. But the following is the version given by "Uncle Jake" of the procurement of the first charter granted the company by the Legislature of Pennsylvania. In substance he states:

SOME fifteen years ago, or so, Gen. Duff Green, of North Carolina, a distinguished and enterprising man in his day, came to Harrisburg for the purpose of procuring from our Legislature a charter for a company finally called the "Credit Mobilier." The term is French, and means the moving or transferring of credits in business enterprises. Gen. Green met Mr. Ziegler, at Harrisburg and the result of his visit was that they two and ex-Governor David R. Porter, now deceased, met in the house of ex-Gov. Porter and formulated the company. That is, they prepared the charter, then titled "The Pennsylvania Fical Agency," and had the same submitted to and passed by the Legislature then in session.

AFTERWARDS it seems the title or name of the company was changed by a subsequent Legislature to that of "The Credit Mobilier." For his services in this aiding in founding the company, Capt. Ziegler was awarded a handsome number of paid up shares of its stock. But its first enterprises were unsuccessful and it met with losses. About then Uncle Jake parted with his stock, selling the same for the small sum of some two or three hundred dollars. The books, papers, etc., the Capt. states, were stolen by some scamps. But afterwards, it seems, the Company turned up as the builder of the Union Pacific Railroad, a grand enterprise, and went to Congress and received large aid from the Government in the building of that road. The stock then became very valuable, and if the Capt. had held on to his, it was estimated it would have finally realized him over a million of dollars. His friends regret that he parted with it so soon. The Company was subsequently charged with over-reaching the Government, and an investigation followed, which resulted in its dissolution. Thus, it will be seen, that the origin of the Company was in the Pennsylvania Legislature, and that our neighbor of the Herald, known for his skill in that line, had considerable to do in the preparation of its first charter, and as our only object is to state that fact, we omit much else that might be stated.

WHITO Ground Hog. A ground hog, about half grown, and perfectly white, was caught on Saturday last, by Mr. James H. McCoy, of Hanover township, in a corn field where he was cultivating corn at the time. A white ground hog is something never before seen in that neighborhood. Mr. McCoy intends making a pet of it. -Haver Times June 17.

WHAT the Princess Thought of It. The Princess Louise, who was in Chicago twice, during the Convention, is quoted as saying to a reporter of the Milwaukee Sentinel that she and her brother were very much entertained and delighted by it. "We were glad of an opportunity," she said, "to see the primary gathering of gentlemen who select your ruler. I can hardly describe in a few words the feelings I experienced. To think that right there in Chicago business was going on as usual, no undue excitement, and that in the large building, and that they are but a few of your vast population were having a debating society that was making your ruler. You know it is so different from what we have been accustomed to," exclaimed the lady, speaking in an interested and vivacious manner. "My sensations," she added, "were conflicting, and I have thought much and will think long upon what I saw. This republic is certainly a remarkable institution. No man has any right to the throne or the chair. It is open to every one. And yet I am told that in the feeling subsides and every member of the party works to elect the nominee."

The Butler Citizen

THE REAL CHARACTER DEVELOPED.

FROM the witness in the case it seems that it was not until the winter of 1869 that Gen. Garfield received an intimation of the real nature of the connection between the Credit Mobilier and the Pacific Railroad Company.

IN the course of a private conversation with the Hon. Jeremiah S. Black of this State, finding that he was familiar with the enterprise, Gen. Garfield told him of the offer made him. Judge Black then expressed the opinion that the manager of the Credit Mobilier was attempting to defraud the Pacific Railroad Company, and informed him that Mr. Ames was pretending to have sold stock to members of Congress for the purpose of influencing their action in any legislation that might arise on the subject. Gen. Garfield's action at that time is best explained in the following letter from Judge Black to the Hon. James G. Blaine, then Speaker of the House, which of itself should be a thorough vindication, if any was needed, of Gen. Garfield:

LETTER OF JUDGE BLACK.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15, 1873. Hon. J. G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

From the beginning of the investigation concerning Mr. Ames' use of the Credit Mobilier, I believed that you were in a position to know all about it in conversation, but I desire now to repeat it for your benefit.

Gen. Garfield may have done or forbore to do as he acted in profound ignorance of the nature and extent of the transaction, but I do not believe he had the slightest suspicion that he was to be taken into a ring organized for the purpose of defrauding the Pacific Railroad Company. I am sure as a man of honor he would not do anything connected with anything which came, or might come, before the Legislature of Congress. The case against him lacks the sinister which alone constitutes guilt.

It is a fact that Gen. Garfield, of the fact that his name was on Ames' list; that Ames charged him with being one of the originators of the Credit Mobilier; that the connection it had with Congressional stock, and that Ames was a member of Congress to hold stock in it without bringing his private interests in conflict with his public ones. I may have told you all about it in conversation, but I desire now to repeat it for your benefit.

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THE CREDIT MOBILIER.

GENERAL GARFIELD VINDICATED BY JUDGE JEREMIAH S. BLACK.

IN an elaborate review by the Philadelphia Press of the 15th inst., of the alleged connection of Gen. Garfield with the Credit Mobilier Company, the following passage and letter are found. The letter being from Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, one of the leading Democrats of the country, we presume will be conclusive with all fair minded Democrats, as well as all others, that the charge against Gen. Garfield is wholly without foundation:

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