BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROP'RS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Butler as second-class matter.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT,

Hon. Henry Green,

OF NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

Hon. John A. Lemon,

OF BLAIR COUNTY.

GEN. ALEXANDER ANDERSON, of Freeport, Armstrong county, died at his residence in that place a few days ago, at the age of 62 years.

THE borough election yesterday was quite animated on several of the offices. We have no results at the time of going to press this (Tuesday) evening.

MR. HENRY SMITH, of Buffalo township, this county, was kicked by a horse so badly, on Thursday last, that he died on Monday morning of this week. He was aged about 55 years.

WE are obliged to the teachers and officers of Hawthorne Literary Society of West Sunbury, for an invitation to attend their entertainment on the evenings of the 18th and 19th inst.

DR. JOHN COWDEN, formerly of Portersville, this county, died at the residence of his son-in-law, John Frazier, in Allegheny City, on Sunday last, aged 83 years. Dr. Cowden was the father of Dr. William R. Cowden, of this county. He practiced medicine in Portersville for fifty years, and had quite a reputation as a physician.

"PAST and Present" was the theme of Hon. John M. Thompson's lecture in the Court House last Friday evening, in which he established very clearly, by many facts, figures and illustrations, that the present state of man, and society, are far in advance of the past. We have not space to go into detail. The lecture was a little lengthy and some of its sentiments deemed a little heterodoxical.

INDIGNATION MEETINGS, at the action of the late Republican State Convention, are being held in various parts of the State. Notice has been given of one to be held in Somerset county soon, to protest not only against the so-called "unit rule," but also against the action of the Convention in throwing out Gen. Wm. H. Kountz, a Blaine delegate from that county, and one of the ablest, purest, best and most eloquent Republicans of the State.

WE notice by the *Eagle* last week that Mr. Robinson speaks as being "chosen" a delegate "by the State Convention." Will he simply say which instructions, those he got at home here from our County Committee or those he got at Harrisburg, he intends to obey? We ask the question in good faith, and an answer may settle a contemplated movement among the Republicans of this county. He will notice that we have not assumed that he will not be bound by the will and wishes of the Republicans of this county.

WE are informed that Judge Fiedler one of our delegates to the late Harrisburg State Convention, says he is not aware of having violated the instructions given him by our County Committee, to support Blaine and "use all honorable means" for him in the Convention. The report of the proceedings of the Convention has it that "the delegates from Butler county" voted for Errett, the Grant candidate for President of the Convention, as against Lawrence, the candidate proposed by the friends of Blaine for that position. When we saw this we supposed Judge Fiedler had been imposed upon in some manner or other, as he was perhaps the most pronounced opponent of Grant in this county; and as we have no desire to do him any injustice, we will be pleased to hear from him, and will publish any communication he may make on the subject.

THE Pittsburgh *Commercial Gazette* is certainly the most "mixed" paper in the State on political matters at present. We have to conclude that it has a variety of editors. Shortly before the assembling of the late State Convention it had a long and a strong editorial commending the action of the Republicans in the different counties of the State for their free and outspoken expressions of opinion as to the candidates for the next Presidency. This was about the time the "Blaine boom" was at its height, and the counties around were instructing for him, and from the tone of the article you would have supposed the good old "bellicose *Gazette*" was ready to fall into line on the Blaine side, where it was four years ago. But in its issue of last Saturday it charges that "The Butler *American* (*Citizen* we suppose it means,) demands that Mr. Robinson, the delegate to Chicago, shall break the instructions of the State Convention on the unit rule, and vote direct and all the time for Mr. Blaine for President." We most certainly do, if he has any intention of obeying the usurped instruction of the State Convention and breaking that given by his constituents. But we have as yet no evidence of this. Has the *Commercial Gazette* any? It is one of only three or four Republican papers in the State, that we have noticed, that now seems inclined to enforce the "unit rule." Is it taking the course it has in order to frighten our delegate? It must have a short memory, as it will see by referring to what it contained not three months ago, relative to another matter in which our delegate was involved. If the *Commercial Gazette* will permit us, the Republicans of this county will try to attend to their own affairs. Our whole party here "reflects" upon our delegates to the State Convention, Greer, McKee and Fiedler, in giving any vote in the same not in accordance with their instructions to support Blaine "by all honorable means." And as to the unit rule, we do not know a Republican in this county who is in favor of it.

AS ANNOUNCED in last weeks's issue, Pennsylvania Republicans, in Convention assembled, have declared in favor of Gen. Grant for the next term of the Presidency. Of course, should the distinguished General and ex-President be before the Chicago Convention, the delegates in this State will be in honor bound to cast their ballots for him.—*Brown's Greenville Advance.*

Herein we differ most emphatically with Mr. Brown. The office of delegate to to National Convention is a district office. The call signed for Senator Cameron as Chairman of the National Committee settles the fact. The delegates from this district were selected before the convention met, and they were instructed by all three of the counties to vote for Blaine. As we look at the question these are the instructions they are to obey, and for this reason we except both Messrs. Gordon and Robinson to vote for Mr. Blaine at Chicago. The *Journal* is not advocating Mr. Blaine's nomination, but it does give voice to the overwhelming Republican sentiment of the district when it asks the delegates to Chicago to vote according to the instructions of the several counties they will represent. The fact that they were also chosen by the State Convention and instructed to vote differently does not alter in the least their duty to the people who stand back of them. As far as the Republicans of Crawford county are concerned they are very nearly unanimous in their belief that the delegates, Gordon and Robinson, should vote for Blaine, whether Gen. Grant is or is not a candidate before the convention.

The above from the Crawford *Journal* of the 12th inst., expresses our opinion exactly. We have great regard for our friend Brown of the Greenville *Advance*, but will he be good enough to make known when the Republicans of this State surrendered to a State Convention the right and power to overrule the Congressional districts of the State in their choice of district delegates to a National Convention? When was that rule adopted, and where? No such rule has ever been acquiesced in by the Republican party of this State and never will be. The nearest approach to it being even waived was in 1876, but it was even then repudiated by some districts whose delegates voted as they were instructed by their own districts, and whose right to do is recognized by the rules governing our National Conventions. The right of the different Congressional districts in this matter is further recognized at present by the very call itself of the Chairman of the National Committee, as stated by the *Journal*, said call being directed to and requesting the Republicans of the "different Congressional districts of the United States to send two delegates from each of the same to the National Convention, for the purpose of nominating a President, etc." A State Convention has the right to chose the four "delegates at large," as they are termed, who represent the United States Senators, and further than that, they have no right to go. The matter of the electors is properly entrusted also to the State Convention as they are officers of the State, by law, and need not necessarily be divided around among the districts, but may for that matter all be selected from one county of a State.

A Flimsy Reason.

The following editorial appears in the *Eagle* of this place last week, in which the editor, Mr. Thomas Robinson, gives an account of the proceedings of the late Republican State Convention. He was present at the same and is supposed to have had much to do in inducing the delegates from this county to violate their instructions to the extent they did. The following extracts from his account will show the Republicans of this county not only the nature of the logic used, but the shameful want of manhood, and the deep humiliation to which they have been subjected by the same, he says:

"It is worthy of remark that as the canvass progressed on Wednesday afternoon, not a word was heard in justification of Grant's candidacy! The only plea made on that side was the statement of the fact that our leaders, Senator Cameron, Gov. Hoyt, Col. Quay and others had publicly committed themselves for him; that to instruct against him would be to give *their* opponents a victory over them. This was the view taken by the Philadelphia delegation which was almost a unit for Blaine. One of their leading members declared that there were not over three Grant men in the delegation, yet forty-four of them voted for the Grant resolution. The same may be said of other delegations. The wonder is that 113 members of the Convention (three-fourths of whom were friends of Cameron) could hold out against such appeals. No one in the Convention questioned for a moment that Blaine was the choice of an overwhelming majority of the Republicans of the State; and the most active friends of the Grant resolution were open in their predictions that the State would finally give him its vote at Chicago. Whether their predictions will be verified time only can tell."

"Upon the whole it must be admitted that three things were fairly deducible from the deliberations of the Convention; First, That Grant was not the choice of the Republicans of the State for President; second, that Blaine was their choice; and third, that Senator Cameron had a strong hold on the party leaders heroughout the State. His friends generally indulged in the hope, howexer, that having fully realized that not being in accord with public sentiment in this Grant movement he will at once put himself in complete accord with the sentiment of the State and go to Chicago determined to carry out their will."

Here then it is admitted that Grant *was not* choice of the State, as shown by the delegates themselves as sent to the Convention. Second, it is admitted that Blaine *was* the choice. Why then did the Convention not instruct for Blaine, as far as it had a right to do so? The following is the reason given, to which we invite attention: "The only plea made, he states, was the fact that our leaders, Senator Cameron, and others, had publicly committed themselves for Grant, and that to instruct against him would be to give *their* opponents a victory over them." Now, "their opponents," that is the opponents of Senator Cameron and the "leaders," were the opponents of Grant and the friends of Blaine, who really had, as is admitted, a large majority in the Convention, yet it failed to instruct for Blaine and did, in a way, instruct for Grant. The only question before the Convention was its choice for President, *as expressed by the people.* It was not the choice of the "leaders," that it was sent to obey. What had the Republicans of Butler county to do with *their choice*, and what did the Republicans of Butler county care for *their* choice. We expressed *our* choice, and so did the *State*, but were cheated out of it by arguments like the above. Because certain men had "committed themselves," they had to be humored and their feelings consulted as against the feelings and opinions of the Republican party. And this argument prevailed with enough delegates through the influence of petty postoffices, they or their friends held, or other offices held or favors granted them. Truly this is a serious case for the Republicans of this State to consider.

THE PEOPLE AROUSED.

Indignation Meetings Being Held Over the State.

MEETING OF REPUBLICANS AT SHARON, MERCER COUNTY.

[Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

SHARON, PA., Feb. 11.—The course pursued by the delegates from this (Mercer) county to the State Convention excited great indignation not only among the rank and file, but also among the leading Republicans in the various towns and townships of the county. The Republicans of this county are almost unanimous for Blaine, in common with the Republicans of nearly every county in the State, and certainly of the other counties—Butler and Crawford—in this Congressional district. This fact led the county committees in each county to instruct the delegates elected to do all they could to promote the nomination of James G. Blaine for President.

THOSE CUNNING DELEGATES.

In this county S. H. Miller, Esq., J. H. Carr, a doorkeeper in the House of Representatives, as well as in the house of Cameron, and A. C. Grove, an honest but pliable citizen of Sandy Lake, were chosen, at Miller's earnest request. The committee unanimously instructed the delegates to support Senator Blaine, and Miller followed up his success with an enthusiastic Blaine speech. Whether he did this in ignorance of the service that would be required of him in Harrisburg, or for the purpose the more effectively blinding the people as to his real designs, I cannot say, but I do know that Mr. Miller does not usually do anything without a fixed purpose.

The *Dispatch* has already given in plain language the course pursued by Miller when chairman of the caucus—how he refused to put a motion to adjourn made by a Blaine man, when adjournment would have broken up the caucus, and how he put the same motion very readily when the Cameron men had accomplished their purpose, but when Wolfe, Koontz, Albright and others demanded recognition that they might ventilate the proceedings; also how he and his lieutenants supported Errett for temporary chairman, though Hon. George V. Lawrence was the Blaine candidate.

RINGING RESOLUTIONS.

The first of the local conventions of the county was held in this city last evening, and was one of the largest and most earnest ever held in the place. Organization was effected by electing Maj. Alex. McDowell Chairman, and that gentleman proceeded to appoint a committee on resolutions composed of Daniel Williams, J. H. Chandler, and Joseph Barber. After the transaction of other business the committee reported the following resolutions:

"WHEREAS, The delegates to the State Convention from Mercer county, were unanimously instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of the Hon. James G. Blaine for President, and whereas, said delegates, by uniting to throw the organization of said State Convention into the hands of Senator Blaine's opponents—whereby a committee on contested seats was appointed who threw out all the Blaine contestants, regardless of their rights to be representatives—disregarded their instructions and should recieve the condemnation of the Republicans whom they misrepresented. Therefore be it

Resolved, By the Republicans of Sharon in convention assembled, that we condemn the action of said delegates.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention, the delegates to the Chicago convention from this Congressional district should wholly disregard the instructions of said State Convention and carry out the instructions given by the several county committees.

These resolutions were adopted without a dissenting voice and amid the utmost enthusiasm. Following this, ringing speeches were made denouncing the action of Miller, Carr and Grove and the attempt of Cameron to choke off the expression of the Republican masses. The "unit rule" prevailed in all its fullness. Not one person attempted to palliate the action of the delegates, and a determination was expressed on all sides to hold the National delegates to a strict account if they failed to obey the wishes of their constituents in the Chicago Convention. Other local conventions which will soon meet will take action similar to that of our own.

THE "UNIT RULE"—OUR OWN COUNTY AND DISTRICT—WHAT THE PAPERS SAY—THE FIRST GUN IN THE WEST.

Pittsburgh Dispatch, Feb. 12.

Sharon, the largest and wealthiest of the populous and thrifty manufacturing towns of Mercer county, has the honor, we believe, of firing the first gun in western Pennsylvania in revolt against the *fiat* of Senator Cameron's convention.

The proceedings of the Republican Convention on Tuesday evening are given by our Sharon correspondence, and will furnish lively entertainment for the Mercer county delegation to the State Convention—S. H. Miller, Esq., being a special object of interest—and also for Senator Cameron and his friends in various portions of the State.

The western part of the State is evidently determined not to permit the eastern counties to carry off all the honors. Sharon reaches out and shakes the hand of West Chester with a hearty grasp that should arouse enthusiasm in every county in the State which is not so completely controlled by Senator Cameron that its people will not swear that their souls are their own property.

The Republicans of Sharon have taken the wisest course that can be conceived. It is the only method by which the State can be preserved from being manipulated wholly in the interest of one man, who looks upon popular rule with perfect contempt. The action of the Sharon Republicans cannot be ignored by at least one of the delegates from the Twenty-sixth district—Mr. Jno. I. Gordon—who is a resident of Mercer county and proprietor of the *Republican* newspaper published at the county seat. We have no reason for thinking Mr. Gordon has any disposition to ignore the plainly expressed wishes of his constituents in the resolution of the county convention assembled to choose State delegates, but if he has ever wavered for a moment, in doubt whether he should give allegiance to Cameron or to his constituents, he can doubt no longer. The other delegate, Mr. Thos. Robinson, of Butler, is almost as strongly bound by the action of his immediate constituents.

The declaration at Sharon will encourage conventions in other cities, towns and counties in Western Pennsylvania, though we do not believe that any encouragement is needed except the simplest impulse of manhood which rebels against the imperious edict of a few busy schemers, whose only accomplishment is on unworthy cultivation of narrow shrewdness and cunning, manifest in nothing except political conspiring and wirepulling.

Every county and town where a convention is held for the purpose of nominating local candidates should follow the example of Sharon, and express an opinion of Cameron's methods. If any approve them let it be so stated. If any object to them as being opposed to the simplest principles of democracy, let them speak in such a phrase as will make an impression even on the somewhat unimpressionable mind of Senator Cameron.

[Philadelphia Press.]

Not a few delegates to the National Convention occupy the position of John I. Gordon, of the Mercer *Dispatch*, and Thomas Robinson, of the Butler *Eagle*. They represent the Twenty-sixth district, composed of Mercer, Butler and Crawford counties. Each county instructed its delegates to the State Convention to support Senator Blaine for the Presidency. Each indicated that no matter what action the State Convention should take, their representatives in the Chicago Convention must support James G. Blaine. Mercer county suggested Mr. Gordon as its choice for national delegate, and directed him explicitly to vote for Mr. Blaine in the National Convention. How can Mr. Gordon and Mr. Robinson conscientiously adhere to the "unit rule" as long as Mr. Blaine is a candidate at Chicago.

[Crawford Journal, February 5.]

The "unit rule" is the favorite device of machine politicians to force the minority to yield their rights to the majority. It is an arbitrary arrangement, which has been tried and tried again for the last twenty years with no good results, and ought to be abandoned. If the National Convention called on the States to send delegates to make presidential tickets there would be some sense in it, but it does not, except as respects the four delegates-at-large, which, we admit, the State Convention has a right to select, to instruct, and to tie down. The call of the National Committee this year is to "Republicans, and all who co-operate with them to choose *two delegates from each Congressional district*, and four from each State, to represent them, etc." Congressional districts are, therefore, to be represented, and if represented, how can their delegates be interfered with or controlled by State Convention? It is impossible except it be done despotically. We say again, we hope the representatives of no Congressional district will submit to dictation from any quarter outside of their immediate constituencies. They should go to the National Convention to represent the views and wishes of the public who sent them, and to whom they are responsible. Let them do this this year, as they have done before, and the tyranny with which the party is threatened will be broken up.

[Wellsbor. Agitator.]

A correspondent of the Doylestown *Intelligencer* very opportunely calls attention to a point in the political history of this State. He says that the first effort ever made to usurp and centralize the power of the people in the hands of a few party managers was at Harrisburg was in 1860. To thwart this move the people of the Bucks and Lehigh districts hastily met in popular convention and selected their own delegates to the National Convention. The delegates so selected informed the State Convention of their appointment by the people, and gave notice that they will not recognize any authority in the State Convention to interfere with them in any manner. The State Convention passed a resolution that the delegation should vote as a unit; but these delegates refused to do so, and it was the only delegation cast of the State of Illinois that cast its first ballot for Abraham Lincoln, thereby saving the election to the Republican party and the Nation to posterity and liberty. This is a good precedent to follow this year, when some of the Harrisburg politicians are again attempting to usurp the power of the people. It is time some of these gentlemen were taught that their breeches pockets are not quite capacious enough to hold the whole Republican party of Pennsylvania.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

It ought to be understood by the people of this State, and by the people of other States, that the "unit rule" adopted at Harrisburg will not result in forcing all the delegates to defy their constituentes and to go to Senator Cameron for instructions. Several delegates have declared that they will not be bound by the unit resolution. At least a dozen districts have practically instructed their delegates in a way which will not harmonize with Senator Cameron's ambitions, and the probabilities are that county conventions soon to meet will further instruct. Conventions are also talked of in several districts for the special purpose of instructing delegates. The Pennsylvania delegation to the Chicago convention will not be a unit without the employment of tactics whose nature has not yet been developed.

When a man defends the "unit rule" he should be asked to give a reason why thirty men out of fifty-eight in a delegation should cast fifty-eight votes and the minority of twenty-eight should have no vote. Again, let him be asked, if the "unit rule" be a good one, why it is not enforced in County Conventions upon township delegates, or in State Conventions upon county delegates. Why is it limited to National Conventions? Is it because the stake there is large? The principle of the "unit rule" is simply tyranny. The use of it is to make a State vote a marketable commodity. The purpose of it is to barter votes for promises of office. It is indefensible at every point, and deserves to be scorned by an honest constituency, and to be spit upon by a self-respecting delegation.—*Ex.*

In a contest between the Republican party and the Cameron machine, the chances are that the Republican party will come off victor. All that is needed is for the party to get as wide awake as Cameron shows himself to be.—*Ex.*

MEETING IN CHESTER COUNTY—A PROTEST.

WEST CHESTER, Feb. 8.—Horticultural Hall was filled last evening in answer to a call for a meeting of Republicans to protest against the action of the Harrisburg Convention. The meeting was called to order by Sheriff McFarlan, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, and speeches were made by Richard Darlington, Charles H. Pennypacker, Senator Cooper and John A. Groff. A committee drew up a series of resolutions, the third one reading as follows: That a committee of five be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to confer with the Republicans of other counties in the State upon the propriety and necessity of calling a State Convention to take such action as will insure a fair and honest vote of the Pennsylvania delegation in the Chicago Convention. The speeches condemned the indorsement of Gen. Grant at Harrisburg in the severest terms.

$500 Reward.

They cure all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, and $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them—Hop Bitters. Test it. See "Truths" or "Proverbs" in another column.

NEAR Allentown, Pa., recently, a six-year-old girl named Shaffer, accompanied by a little boy, while on her way to school, had her foot caught between the planks on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, near a crossing. The boy tried to extricate her, but his efforts proved unavailing. Seeing her danger she lay down—her head from the track, with her legs across the rail. The train came along, cutting off both legs. She died in a few minutes.

REMOVAL!

I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the fact that I have moved my place of business to the Reiber Block, opposite the National Bank. Thanking them for the very liberal patronage extended during the past years, and soliciting a continuance of the same, I derire to call their attention to my

PRICE LIST:

White Sugar, 10½ pounds for $1;
Brown Sugar, 11@12½ pounds for $1;
Roasted Coffee, 15@22c. per pound; Rice, 4 pounds for 25c.;
Carolina Head Rice, 3 pounds for 25c.;
Babbitt's Best Soap, 4 bars for 25c.;
Kirk's Blue India Soap, pound bars, 4 for 25c.;
Kirk's Blue India Soap, ¾ pound bars, 5 for 25c.;
Wax Soap, 7 bars for 25c.;
Sugar Corn, 10c. per can; Winslow's Corn, 15c. per can;
Tomatoes, 10@12½c. per can; Strawberries, 10c. per can;
Pie Peaches, 10c. per can;
Dried Peaches, crop 1878, 4 pounds for 25c.;
Dried Peaches, crop 1879, 3 pounds for 25c.;
Choice Syrup, 60c. per gallon.

☞ I want to say that every article sold is as represented; if not, can be returned at my cost.

FLOUR, Ranging in Price from $1.25 to $2 Per Sack.

Remember, every sack guaranteed as represented, and full weight (49 pounds) in each sack. Our "Pure Diamond" is the best pastry Flour in the market. Try it.

Weigh Your Flour. Count, Measure and Weigh Everything You Buy.

M. REIBER, Sr.,

Reiber Block, opp. Nat'l Bank, Main St., BUTLER, PA.

Meeting of Stockholders.

The fourth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Building and Loan Association of Butler will be held in the store-room formerly occupied by A. Rockenstein, on Saturday evening, March 6, 1880, at 7 o'clock

JOHN S. CAMPBELL,
jan11-3t Secretary.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Wm. F. Miller, Assignee of C. W. Coleman, has filed his final account in the office of the Protuonotary of the Common Pleas Court of Butler county, and that the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation and allowance, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March next.

A. RUSSELL, Proth'y.
feb4-4t

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Mrs. Mary McQuistion, dec'd, late of Butler township, Butler county, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

R. H. McQUISTION, Ex'r,
feb4-4t] Butler, Pa.

Administratrix' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of William Allen, deceased, late of Connoquenessing township, Butler county, Pa. All persons, therefore, knowing themselves indebted to said estate, will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.

MRS. PENELOPE ALLEN, Ad'x,
feb4-4t* Whitestown, Butler Co., Pa.

Register's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the following final and other accounts of executors, administrators and guardians have been filed in the Register's office, according to law, and will be presented to Court for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1880, at 2 o'clock, P. M.:

1. Final account of John Rohner, Executor of David Barr, dec'd, late of Cranberry township.
2. Final and distribution account of Juliet W. Campbell, Administratrix of James R. Campbell, dec'd, late of Concord township.
3. Final account of Casper Freeling, Administrator C. T. A. of the estate of John Post, dec'd, late of Winfield township.
4. Final and distribution account of R. B. Fowzer, Administrator of Sarah Fowzer, dec'd, late of Butler borough.
5. Final account of John Spohn, Executor of Michael Spohn, dec'd, late of Summit township.
6. Final account of A. C. Black, Executor of William Wilson, dec'd, late of Slipperyrock township.
7. Final account of Wm. S. Bingham, Administrator of Samuel Bard, dec'd, late of Centreville.
8. Final account of Charles McCafferty and Robert Ralston, Executors of the last will of Robert Galbreath, dec'd, late of Winfield township.
9. First account of A. Aderhold and F. Bauman, Administrators of Henry F. Aderhold, dec'd, late of Saxonburg.
10. Account of Henry Heck and Jno. Doerr, Executors of Moretz Doerr, dec'd, late of Jefferson township.
11. Account of Boyd Crumrine and C. E. Bower, Executors of the will of O. P. Bower, dec'd.
12. Partial account of Mrs. M. A. Gotham, Administratrix of S. O. Gotham, dec'd.
13. Final account of Matthew W. Shannon, Executor of the estate of Lizzie A. Dodds, dec'd, late of Franklin township.
14. Partial account of Daniel Fiedler, Administrator of Samuel Sahle, dec'd, late of Jackson township.
15. Account of C. E. Bower, one of the Executors of O. P. Bower, dec'd.
16. Final account of Martin H. Sitler and John Enslen, Executors of the last will and testament of Jacob H. Ziegler, dec'd, late of Jackson township.
17. Final account of A. G. Moore, Guardian of Sarah J. Campbell, of Fairview township.
18. Final account of A. G. Moore, Guardian of Amanda M. Campbell, of Fairview township.
19. Final account of A. G. Moore, Guardian of Robert J. Campbell, of Fairview township.
20. Final account of A. G. Moore, Guardian of Wm. W. Campbell, of Fairview township.
21. Final account of Frank P. Murrin, Guardian of Emma McBride (now Kohlmeyer), Lewis A. McBride and Thomas J. McBride, minor children of Mary McBride, dec'd.
22. Final account of Chas. Duffy, Guardian of Mary McAllister, minor child of the late James McAllister, dec'd.
23. Final account of J. M. Lawrence and C. O. Kingsbury, Administrators of Elisha Kingsbury, dec'd, late of Centreville.
24. Final account of J. C. ODonnel, Guardian of Annie O'Donnel, minor child of Michael O'Donnel, dec'd, late of Oakland township.
25. Final account of J. C. O'Donnel, Guardian of Teresa O'Donnel, minor child of Michael O'Donnel, dec'd, late of Oakland township.
26. Final account of Geo. H. Graham, Guardian of Mary E. McKinney, now deceased, a minor child of George and Polly McKinney, dec'd, late of Fairview township.
27. Final account of Geo. H. Graham, Guardian of Thomas McKinney, a minor child of George and Polly McKinney, dec'd, late of Fairview township.
28. Final account of A. J. Bard, Executor of James Diven, dec'd, late of Centreville.
29. Account of Frank M. Eastman, Trustee of H. C. DeWolf.
30. Final account of John Marsin, dec'd, Executor of the last will of Michael Hamilton, dec'd, as stated by his Executors.
31. Final account of Wm. W. McQuistion, Administrator C. T. A. of Wm. Hines, dec'd, late of Slipperyrock township.
32. Final account of John A. Irwin and W. S. Waldron, Executors of G. W. Irwin, dec'd, late of Foward township.
33. Final account of Jacob Keck, Guardian of John Lutz, minor child of George Lutz, dec'd, late of Summit township.

feb4] H. H. GALLAGHER, Register.

Flowers. Flowers.

MR. MARTIN EISLER will sell twenty (20) well-rooted Flower Plants, of different varieties, for one dollar. Call at his Conservatory, near the old German Lutheran Church, and select them for yourself. jan21-3m

$5 to $20 per day at home Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. dec6-1y

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

UNION BLOCK,

Main Street, - - - - Butler, Pa.

Al. Ruff

Has received his entire stock of Fall and Winter

BOOTS and SHOES.

As I have an unusually large and attractive stock of BOOTS & SHOES just opening, embracing all the newest styles, I invite the attention and close scrutiny of buyers.

Men's Kip and Calf Boots very cheap. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Button, Polish and Side Lace Boots in endless variety, and at bottom prices.

Reynolds Brothers' celebrated fine Shoes always in stock.

Parties wanting BOOTS & SHOES made to order can do no better than by me, as I keep none but the best of workmen in my employ.

I also keep a large stock of LEATHER and FINDINGS.

☞ All goods warranted as represented. **AL. RUFF.**

SUPERIOR MILLING!

WALTER & BOOS,

Proprietors of the Well-Known Splendid

FLOURING MILL

BUTLER, PA.

We wish to inform the public that we have remodeled our Mill with the latest improved

Gradual Reduction System Machinery,

which is well known by Millers to be the best in existence. We can say to Farmers and Producers of wheat that it will be profitable to them to give us a trial. We claim that we can make a

BETTER ARTICLE OF FLOUR, AND MORE OF IT,

out of the same number of bushels of wheat than any other Mill in the county, and equal to any first-class Mill in the city, or Western Mills. The new Under-running Mill, used for Regrinding, bought of Munson & Bro., Utica, N. Y.; the George T. Smith Middlings Purifier, bought at Jackson, Mich., together with Bolting Cloths, Reals, Conveyers, &c., suitable for the Machinery, cannot be

Excelled in the United States

or elsewhere. This may seem an exaggeration to some, but we wish the public to know that we are able to perform all that we publish, as we have given our machinery a thorough test in the presence of several good Millers and Millwrights, and it has proven even better than it was guaranteed to do.

We are also remodeling our Mill for

Grinding Other Kinds of Grain,

which will be entirely satisfactory to our customers. Farmers wishing to have their grist home with them the same day, can do so on short notice. They will thereby save another trip.

WE HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND THE BEST GRADES OF

WHEAT FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, RYE FLOUR,

Buckwheat Flour, Bolted and Unbolted Corn Meal, different kinds of Chop, Bran and Mill Feed, all of the best quality and at the

LOWEST PRICES.

☞ Parties in town purchasing from us will have their orders promptly atended to and articles delivered at their place of residence.

We Pay the Highest Market Price for all Kinds of Grain.

FOR SIXTY DAYS!

Now is the Time for Bargains!

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

—OF—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

In order to quit the business, the enormous stock of Boots and Shoes at

Frederick's Shoe Store,

BUTLER PA.,

Will be offered at such prices never before known. Our stock at present is exceedingly large and consists of nothing but first-class goods, embracing a full line of all kinds of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Boots and Shoes, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, in every variety and style, all of which were bought at the lowest panic prices. Remember, we mean what we say. We are going to quit business, and our entire stock must be sold inside of 60 days.

Be sure and call early, while the stock is large, and convince yourself that we are selling Boots and Shoes at such bargains that will astonish everybody. Remember the place, or ask for

Frederick's Boot and Shoe Store,

MAIN STREET, BUTLER, PA.

☞ All persons having accounts will please make immediate payment. All accounts not settled by March 1st will be left for collection.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Rachel Ann Park, deceased, late of Clinton township, Butler county, Pa. All persons, therefore, knowing themselves indebted to said estate, will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for settlement.

DAVID PARK, Adm'r.
feb4-4t* Bakerstown, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Pillow, Assignee of Mrs. Dorothea Frederick, has filed his final account in the office of the Prothonotary of the Common Pleas Court of Butler county, and that the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation and allowance on the 3rd day of March next.

A. RUSSELL.
feb4-4t Prothonotary.

Pianos Cover, Stool and Book, only $140 to $245. Organs, 18 Stops, 3 sets Reeds, 2 Knee Swells, Stool, and Book, only $87.50. 8 Stop Organ, Stool, Book, only $53.75. Address, BUNNELL & MILLER, Lewiston, Pa. jan7-3m

A NEW DEPARTURE!

$1 BOTTLE PATENT MEDICINES FOR 38 CENTS!

JADWIN'S TONIC LAXATIVE

Is Appetizing, Palatable and Non-Alcoholic, AND ALWAYS CURES

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Jaundice, Kidney Complaint, Nervousness, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Heartburn, Colic, Debility, Foul Breath, Worms, Piles, Fevers, Colds, &c.

THE TONIC LAXATIVE regulates the bowels and strengthens the system, gives a clear head, pure blood and elastic spirits. Is purely vegetable, contains no mercury nor aloes. Safe at all times. Pleasant to the taste, and a substitute for Pills, Castor Oil, &c. Best family medicine known. Adapted to strong men, delicate females and feeble infants. In liquid form. Sold by druggists. Price only 38 cents for a large bottle. HENRY B. JADWIN, Apothecary and Chemist, Sole Proprietor, Carbondale, Pa. D. H. WULLER, Druggist, Sole Agent for Butler, Pa. jan28-1y

NEW CURE for Consumption and Asthma. Never yet failed. Address with stamp, "HOME," Freeport, Me. 1y7 1y