BUTLER CITIZEN.

JOHN H. & W. C. NEGLEY, PROP'RS.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

Hon. Samuel Butler,

OF CHESTER COUNTY.

County Ticket.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,

J. Wesley Monks,

OF MIDDLESEX.

UNTIL JANUARY 1, 1881.

We will furnish the BUTLER CITIZEN from the present time until Jan. 1, 1881, for the sum of $1.50, to any address. We desire to place the paper in the hands of every voter in the county, and make the above liberal offer with that object in view.

The political campaign of 1880 promises to be one of the most exciting ever known in the history of the country, and every voter should be fully posted concerning the preliminary skirmishing incident to the great contest, as well as upon the issues involved therein, and there is no better means of information than that offered by a live local paper. The CITIZEN will give all the news of the week, local, political and general. Now is the time to subscribe. Special inducements will be offered for the formation of clubs. Present subscribers paying arrears shall also have the benefit of the above offer, thus giving them the paper more than two months for nothing.

THE drought prevails in almost all parts of the country, and water is so scarce in some cities and places as to cause need and alarm.

Two hundred and forty-five cigar makers in Pittsburgh are about to strike for higher wages. Their cause may be just, but will likely end in smoke.

MR. THOMAS HAYS, of Fairview, while moving a large casting at Karns City last week, had one of his hands badly hurt by the casting falling upon it.

THIS is Indian summer, probably because the Indians are making things warm. Some of our Democratic friends, however, ascribe the late warm weather to the Ohio election, which made things so warm for them.

HENRY C. CAREY, the well-known writer upon political economy, died in Philadelphia on Monday of last week, at the advanced age of 86 years. On the subject of political economy he probably had no equal in this country.

OUR aggregate stock of gold coin will reach $350,000,000 this year if the estimate of an inflow of $30,000,000 holds good, which is justified by its present movement. Thus it will be seen that we are quite sure to be firm and safe in the matter of resumption.

IRON ore, of a good quality and quantity, has been found on the farm of Mr. James Stevenson, near Centerville Station, Slipperyrock township, this county. So abundant is it that it is attracting attention and is being shipped to various parts. It is considered a valuable discovery.

THE result in Ohio is calculated to favorably affect the coming result in Pennsylvania for the Republicans. Still we would say to our political friends, not to be too confidant, as work in politics always does much. The Democrats of this State are supposed to be again acting on the policy of a "still hunt," and are quietly working to have out all their vote. Republicans therefore should turn out fully to the polls on next Tuesday week, Nov. 4th. Too much confidence often brings defeat.

ON our first page this week will be found an obituary notice of Dr. LeMoyne, of Washington, this State, a man much distinguished in his day in several respects. He was one of the earliest and foremost of the old abolition party and was a Vice Presidential candidate for that party in 1844. He was also in late days the founder of the cremation doctrine for the dead, erected a crematory at Washington and directed that his own remains be reduced to ashes in it, which it will be seen was done.

New Telegraph Line.

Along our streets are being erected new telegraph poles for the wires of a new company, called the "American Union," in opposition to the present great monopoly, the "Western Union Telegraph Company." The rates of the new company it is said are to be reduced from the twenty-five cents now charged to ten cents, or that proportion in message charges. This will be agreeable news not only to this community but throughout the country. The rates of the old company were high and oppressive and the reduction will be hailed as a relief from a monopoly. The time had fully arrived when this opposition was needed and the public will patronize it heartily.

The posts being sunk by the new company we observe are much larger and stronger than former ones used. Four wires are stretched upon them. One affords direct communication directly north as far as Buffalo, New York. Another is direct to Pittsburgh. In a word, the citizens of Butler and this vicinity will have a much more direct and a much cheaper telegraphic communication with almost all parts of the United States.

THE ELECTIONS!

Ohio 20,000 Majority!

Iowa 25,000 Majority!

Ohio and Iowa held their State elections last week and the result in each is Republican success by increased majorities. Both elected a Governor and Legislature.

In Ohio, Foster, Republican candidate for Governor, has about 20,000 majority over Ewing, Democrat. The Legislature, which last year was Democratic, is now Republican, thus giving a United States Senator in place of Thurman, present Democratic Senator. This is the most important gain, considering the political situation of the country.

Iowa is again true to her Republican principles, re-electing the Republican Governor, Gear, by an increased vote.

Maj. William G. Thompson, formerly of this county, is elected to Congress in the district in which he was a candidate.

The meaning of this great Republican success is easily understood. First among the reasons for it, is the very dread the people have of the South regaining political control of the Nation so soon after its rebellion. The memories of that war are anything but dead. Then again, the conduct of the Democrats in the last Congress aroused the people to a sense of the danger threatened by a "solid South." The success of resumption and the financial measures of the Republicans also added to their strength. The people are averse to any change backward and want to see present financial principles fully tested.

The result of these elections will have a great effect on those yet to be held in Pennsylvania and New York. Should they go Republican, as all appearances indicate they will, it already settles the Presidential election of next year. And it will prove that we are a *Nation*, settling for all time the secession doctrine of "State rights," which was supposed to have been settled by the late war, and which, with the amendments to the Constitution, should have been accepted by the Southern people.

REV. HICKEY, of Clearfield township, this county, has returned from a visit to Rome, where it is said he was successful in having justice done him in his church trouble.

THE communication of "Schwartz," and a letter from Michigan will appear in our next issue, not being space for them this week.

IT is generally believed the Democracy of Ohio have gone up—like Wise's lost balloon.

Foster's Majority will Reach 20,000

COLUMBUS, Oct. 16.—Few new figures have been received here to-day by either committee, but the Republican Committee, after gathering returns from various sources, report to-night that, according to their figures, Foster's majority will be somewhere near 17,000. It will take the full official figures, which cannot be obtained for some days, to decide definitely what the exact majority will be.

It was reported this morning that Mounts, Republican candidate for Senator in the Butler-Warren district, had been defeated by one vote, but this afternoon the Republican committee have been notified that he is elected by twelve of a majority. This gives the Republicans twenty-two Senators and the Democrats fifteen. According to the best figures obtainable the Republicans have elected seventy members of the lower House.

Returns from eighty-four out of eighty-eight counties give Foster, Rep., 19,027 majority. Other counties will make it 20,000.

The Democratic Candidate Among the Churches.

Mr. Barr, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, has adopted a novel mode of electioneering. He was charged by a Pittsburgh paper with making personal appeals to the Catholic clergy for the names of adult members of their congregations, and upon being interviewed by the *Leader* he admitted that the following letter had been sent to Roman Catholic clergymen, and also to clergymen of other denominations. He said, "the Democratic State Committee started on its work without a name, and this is the only way we can reach the voters of the State. By this means we have now on our books the names of many voters, to each of whom have been mailed a pamphlet containing a short biographical sketch of myself, the Democratic platform and the address of Chairman George W. Miller."

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE,
COR. FIFTH AVE. AND WOOD ST.,
PITTSBURGH, Sept. 2, 1879.

Reverend and Dear Sir—I desire a list of pew-holders and adult male attendants of the congregations under your charge, with their postoffice address.

If you could have them copied and returned to me in the indorsed envelope, I would esteem it a very great favor.

Very truly your obedient servant,
DANIEL O. BARR.

Our Question Box.

FAIRVIEW, Oct. 18, 1879.

Messrs. Editors—My answer to the question of the chaise turning within a circle is: Circumference described by outer wheel 75.3984 feet, and by inner wheel 50.2656 feet. R. N. E.

BEFORE ordering your winter clothing call at J. & G. F. Keck's Merchant Tailoring establishment.

Address of the Republican State Committee.

To the People of Pennsylvania:

The solid South only requires the aid of a few Northern States to reverse the verdict of the war; to indemnify unrepentant traitors for losses incurred in rebellion against the nation's life; to destroy the public credit by plundering the National Treasury; and to blast the restored prosperity of the people by repealing the financial and protective legislation to which we owe the revival of business. Does this overstate the danger to which our country is, at this moment, exposed? The unrestrained rule of the Rebel Democracy means ruin! The leaders of the dangerous coalition will never hesitate to carry out their schemes if the power to carry them out can be grasped in any way.

Remember this! Any man who had predicted, on the night when the whole North was shouting over the surrender of Lee, that in fourteen years the Democratic party would be in the majority in the United States Senate and House of Representatives; and that this Democratic majority in each House would be composed of two rebel officers to one Northern Democrat; that the rebel General second in command under Lee at Appomattox would be a Senator from Georgia; that the Postmaster General and the Vice President of the Southern Confederacy would be in the House, with more than a hundred veterans, making laws to govern, and to punish, their conquerors,—the man then making such a prediction would have been believed on the road to a mad-house. And yet, what would have been considered insane raving in 1865 is disgraceful history in 1879. With this fact in remembrance who will dare to mark a limit to Southern arrogance and Democratic cringing? Will the salutary laws protecting industry, will the public credit, will the Nation's honor, be maintained and defended by the malignant enemies of them all? Shall our heroes continue on the pension rolls, or will they be forced to retire in favor of the veterans of the rebel armies? A rebel-Democratic restoration in this country means that the "Lost Cause" has been regained, and no sane man can doubt this—no honest man can deny it! The safety of our country demands the total exclusion from power of that party in which every unrepentant rebel finds a congenial home and a hearty welcome, and find these because he remains in his sins, and for that reason only.

We are admonished by the rebel-Democrats and their brevet assistants that State issues alone enter the present campaign. The Republicans alone have nothing to avoid in even a harsh review of their record since 1869 in the conduct of State affairs. But State issues must wait. A mighty national issue confronts us. Political murder has cemented the South into a solid mass for whoever the rebel-Democracy nominates hereafter on a national ticket. Enough of the North IS TO BE BOUGHT to follow the lead of these assassins. And this combination, of murder on the one part, and fraud and bribery on the other, is on trial before the great tribunal of the American people. On this august tribunal Pennsylvania's voice must make a profound impression. Her voice struggles for utterance and it cannot be stifled! Pennsylvania can only speak in the returns of the election on November 4, and then the verdict of her people will be recorded—whether the rebel-Democrats will it or not, and while they clamor for silence on National issues, forced on by crimes at which human nature stands aghast, the whole country anxiously awaits to hear from us because these returns will signify our position on National issues, and on these alone.

MAINE, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, IOWA AND OHIO, have spoken nobly! It remains for us, MEN OF PENNSYLVANIA, to give forth no uncertain sound on this momentous issue. It is the duty of every Republican and loyal Democrat in our State to so vote that the settlement of the war shall stand; that liberty for all shall be enforced; that fraud shall no longer subvert the States; that the purchase of the Presidency shall never succeed; and that assassination shall be forever banished from amongst us as a political agency. And every man who sustained the Union against the Rebellion is earnestly urged to step forward now to again defend the Union from the same foe that assailed it from Fort Sumter to Appomattox.

F. C. HOOTON,
Chairman Republican State Com.
SAMUEL F. BARR, } Secretaries.
C. L. MAGEE, }
Philadelphia, October 15, 1879.

Our Fame Abroad.

PORTLAND, Oregon, Oct. 17.—Eight thousand persons assembled at the Cascades to meet Gen. Grant. Ex-Senator Corbett and Judge Strong made addresses of welcome to which Gen. Grant replied at some length, referring to his early residence on the Pacific coast, and saying in conclusion:

"In your remarks you have alluded to the struggles of the past. I am glad that they are at an end. It never was a pleasure to me that they had a beginning. The result has left us a nation to be proud of—strong at home and respected abroad. Our reputation has extended beyond the civilized nations. It has penetrated even the less civilized parts of the earth. In my travels I have noticed that foreign nations appear to respect us more than we respect ourselves. I have noticed the grandeur at which we have been estimated by other powers, and their judgment should give us a higher estimate of our greatness. They recognize that poverty, as they understand it, is not known with us, and the man of comparative affluence with them is sometimes no better clad or fed than our pauper. Nowhere are there better elements of success than on the Pacific coast. Here those who fought on opposite sides during the war are now fully associated together in a country of which they all have the same right to be proud. I thank the people again through you, Judge Strong, for this reception,"

ESQ. DONAGHY, our amiable Deputy Sheriff, last week received, by express, from some unknown friend, a present of a night owl. It was nicely boxed up and is large (the eyes). This bird being the emblem of wisdom, was doubtless supposed to be needed about the Court House. It is in strong contrast with the English sparrow that is making such a fuss about the Court House just now. Tommy appreciates it as "the silent man" that does not talk too much.

[Communicated.]

Obituary.

Died, on or about September 8th, 1879, after a lingering illness of some six months duration, caused by the desertion of friends and neighbors, want of the actual necessaries of life, and general carelessness and inattention, the Presbyterian Sabbath School of Pleasant Valley Church, situated in Cherry township, Butler county, Pa. The above deceased rests in the fond hope, that when the dasies are through blooming in the spring, and the cowslips sends forth their golden contribution to the summer flowers, a resurrection may reasonably be looked for, and the dead once more resume a name and a place among the living, acting, moving, real things that be, and yet that hardly be, for to be is to exist, while in the case spoken of above an existence can hardly be claimed, and yet—they have a name amongst the living.

May the body rest in peace until called forth by the renewed activity of those to whom deceased's existence should be dear, and when the resurrection morn arrives, may the dead returned to life be met with joy and gladness, and many mental resolves that another death by starvation and neglect shall not occur in our midst so long as the means is to us vouchsafed for preservation from death and decay. SCHWARTZ.

Parker, Pa., Oct. '79.

THAT the fools are not all dead yet was proven the other day by Mr. John Walker, of Armstrong county. Being desirous of making money in an easy manner, he provided himself with $100 and went to Pittsburgh where, he was told by a friend, he would give him in exchange for it $1,000 in well executed counterfeit. He met the man at a hotel, went to a room, gave him the $100 and received a satchel which the man said contained the $1,000. The stranger then said he must catch the next train to New York, disappeared, and when Walker opened the satchel he found it empty. No doubt he will hereafter be satisfied to make money in the old fashioned way. —*Petrolia Record.*

Dr. LeMoyne's Ashes.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Oct. 18.—The retort at the crematory cooled sufficiently to remove the ashes of the body of Dr. LeMoyne a day sooner than expected. They were taken from the furnace on Friday evening. The mass was reduced from over two hundred pounds to seven pounds, and the ashes are white as snow. The doctor's will will likely be filed this afternoon or on Monday. It has been provided by the doctor that the crematory shall remain standing, the trustees being Julius LeMoyne and V. Harding. Persons wishing cremation hereafter must apply to these gentlemen for admission to the furnace.

Summing up the Result.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17.—Although three or four counties are still to hear from, the result of Ohio may be summed up as follows: Foster's majority, 18,000; Legislature, Republican—Senate by a majority of 7, and the House by 24, making a majority of 31 for the Republicans on joint ballot. Mounts, in Butler and Warren, has a majority of 12. The above is as near the exact result as will be arrived at till the official figures are reached, which will not be before several days.

Teachers' Institute.

Parties in attendance are invited to call and examine Ritter & Ralston's immense stock of Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery, &c.

Ewing's Humor.

The following dispatch, sent to the editor of the Cleveland *Plaindealer* on the night of the election, shows a grim appreciation of the situation on the part of one of the candidates for Governor in Ohio:

LANCASTER, Oct. 14.—W. W. Armstrong: I have just succeeded in getting my rag baby to sleep, after unwillingly giving it four bottles of Republican paregoric.

Tearfully, THOMAS EWING.

Dolmans, Cloaks,

In the latest styles and at all prices, at
RITTER & RALSTON'S.

Butler Markets.

[Corrected by G. WILSON MILLER & BRO.]

BUTTER—Good 15 cents ℔ lb.
BACON.—Plain sugar cured hams 10 cts. ℔ lb; shoulders, 8; sides, 8
BEANS—White, $1.25@1.50 ℔ bush.
CHICKENS—25 to 30 cts. per pair.
CHEESE—12½ cts ℔ lb.
CORN MEAL—2 cts. ℔ lb.
CALF SKINS—90c@$1 ℔ lb.
EGGS—15 cts ℔ dozen.
FLOUR—Wheat, $6@8 ℔ bbl, sack $1.25@$2; buckwheat, $2.50 ℔ cwt.
GRAIN—Oats, 25 cts ℔ bushel; corn 42; wheat $1@$1.15; rye 45 cents; buckwheat, 50.
HONEY—15 cts. ℔ lb.
LARD—7c ℔ lb. Tallow, 6@7.
LEATHER—Sole 23@26 cts. ℔ lb.; upper $2.50 @$3 a side; kip 60c@90c ℔ lb.
MOLASSES—50@60c ℔ gallon. Syrup, 40@60c.
ONIONS—50c. ℔ bush.
POTATOES—25c. ℔ bushel.
SUGAR—Yellow 7@8c.; white 9@10c. ℔ lb.
SALT—No. 1, $1.25 ℔ barrel.

CANCER.

This disease like many others is regarded as incurable. It is not so. If it is taken in time it is as easily cured as a wart or a corn. We know very well that it is a fearful disease and will eat away until it destroys life, that is if it is neglected, but if it is attended to when it first makes its appearance, or soon after, there is no trouble in eradicating it from the system. Persons will have to be here during part of the treatment, consequently there is no use writing to me for information whether it can be cured without my seeing the case. I also treat with success, Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Ulcers, Ulcerated legs, Varicose Veins, Varicocele Tumors, Hydrocele, and every form of Skin Disease.

Dr. Keyser, 240 Penn Avenue,

Opposite Christ's Church, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MARRIAGES.

SHAFFER—DONALDSON—Oct. 14, 1879, by Rev. Young, of Petersville, this county, Mr. John F. Shaffer and Mrs. Maggie, daughter of Mr. John Donaldson, both of Butler, Pa.

DEATHS.

PORTMAN—Oct. 17, 1879, at his residence, in Summit township, this county, Mr. John Portman, aged about 75 years.

GRAHAM—Oct. 5, 1879, at her residence in Stickleville, Sullivan county, Missouri, Mrs. Jane Graham, wife of Mr. George Graham, aged 33 years 10 months and 19 days.

Mr. Graham, the bereaved husband above, was formerly a citizen of this county, being a son of Daniel Graham, Esq., of Franklin township, this county. Some years ago he removed to the State of Missouri. He is now left with seven small children. His friends and relations here sincerely sympathize with him in his great loss.

Can't Preach Good.

No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a law suit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerves, and none should make the attempt in such a condition when it can be so easily or cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See "Truths" and "Proverbs" in another column.

New Advertisements.

Pensions!

Procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. service by reasons of wounds and other causes.
All pensions date back to day of discharge.
Pensions increased. Address with stamp,
STODDARDT & CO.,
No. 913 E St. N. W., Washington, D. C.
oct22-1m

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the Assignment of A. Bear for the benefit of creditors In the Court of Common Pleas of Butler County, No. 250, Sept. Term, 1879.

Having been appointed Auditor by the Court to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Joseph Seigel, Assignee of A. Bear, among the creditors of said A. Bear, notice is hereby given that I will attend to the duties of said appointment at my office, in Butler, on Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1879, at 1 o'clock, at which time and place all parties interested may appear if they see proper. E. L. BRUGH,
oct22-3t Auditor.

Notice.

In the matter of the Account of W. P. Braham, Assignee of A. G. Steen.

I hereby give notice to all persons interested, that as Assignee of A. G. Steen I have filed my final account in the office of the Pro honotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county, Pa., and that the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation on the 1st day of December, 1879. At the same time I will make application to said Court for leave to reconvey the property in my hands to said Assignor.
oct22-3t W. P. BRAHAM.

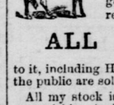
Executors' Sale.

The undersigned offer at private sale the farm of A. Troutman, Sr., situate in Penn township, Butler county, Pa., four miles south of the borough of Butler. This farm contains

83 Acres,

and is in a high state of cultivation. Good buildings thereon; orchard of 150 bearing fruit trees of the best quality; well watered; well timbered; all under good fence; in fact one of the best farms in Penn township. Also convenient to churches, and schoolhouse within 20 rods. All tillable land. Terms very reasonable. Inquire of GEORGE TROUTMAN,
or GEORGE WALTER,
oct22-4t Executors, Butler, Pa.

LIVERY STABLE!



Having leased the Livery Stable formerly occupied by George Walter, in the rear of the Vogeley House, Butler, Pa., and removed

ALL MY STOCK

to it, including Horses, Carriages, Buggies, &c., the public are solicited to give me a call.

All my stock is in first-class order, and persons wishing to hire will be accommodated on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. [oct22-3m] GEORGE BAUER.

DECORATIAL UPHOLSTERY A SPECIALTY AT

HENRY HOLTZMAN'S,

74 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERER.

Special Designs made to harmonize with surroundings of every apartment of your home for Window Decorations, the richest selections and latest designs in Raw Silks, Satins, Jutes, Crepets, esc. Lace Curtains, from the cheapest to the very finest of all grades at very low prices; Lace Lambrequins made to order to fit any sized window, in the very latest designs; Cornices and Cornice Poles, Dado Bottom Shades in various designs, Beddings, Comforts, Pillows, Mosquito Bars, etc. oc22-3m

THE OLD STAND

LIVERY STABLE.

The public are respectfully informed that I have now taken the entire possession of the Old Stand

LIVERY STABLE,

formerly known as Bickel & Co., on West Cunningham street, Butler, Pa.

Horses and Vehicles

are all first-class and in good order. Punctual attendance given to customers and others at all hours.

The books of the firm of Bickel & Bauer are with me for settlement.
oct22-2m HENRY BICKEL.

1831 THE CULTIVATOR 1880
—AND—
Country Gentleman

THE BEST OF THE

Agricultural Weeklies.

It is unsurpassed, if not unequaled, for the amount and variety of the practical information it contains, and for the ability and extent of its correspondence—in the THREE chief directions of Farm Crops and Processes,

Horticulture and Fruit-Growing,

Live Stock and Dairying—

while it also includes all minor departments of rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its Market Reports are unusually complete, and more information can be gathered from its columns than from any other source with regard to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—WHEN TO BUY AND WHEN TO SELL. It is liberally Illustrated, and constitutes to a greater degree than any of its contemporaries A LIVE

Agricultural Newspaper

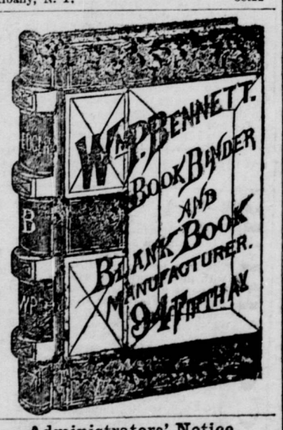
of never-failing interest both to Producers and Consumers of every class.

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is published Weekly on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance: One copy, one year, $2.50, four copies, $10, and an additional copy for the year FREE to the sender of the Club; ten copies, $20, and an additional copy for the year, FREE, to the sender of the Club.

For the year 1880, these prices include a copy of the ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS, to each subscriber—a book of 144 pages and about 120 engravings—a gift by the publishers.

All NEW subscribers for 1880, paying in advance now, will receive the paper weekly, from receipt of remittance to January 1, 1880, WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞Specimen copies of the paper FREE. Address LUTHER TUCKER & SON, Publishers, Albany, N. Y. oct22



Administrators' Notice.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Philip Snyder, deceased, late of Jefferson township, Butler county, Pa. All persons, therefore, knowing themselves indebted to said estate, will please make immediate payment, and any having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement.

JOSEPH ELLIOTT,
PHILIP W. SNYDER,
oct15-4t Butler, Pa.

BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS.

☞Teachers' Bibles, Family Bibles, School Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books and Hymnals single copies and in sets. All New Stock.

WRITING PAPERS, ENVELOPES,

☞Fresh, new and clean stock—the largest and most complete in the city. Immense assortment of Box Papers and Envelopes—all grades and prices; a beautiful line of goods.

BLANK BOOKS,

Inks, Pencils, Pens, Slates, Chalk Crayons, Pen Papers, Playing Cards, Toy and Juvenile Books, Inkstands, School Books and School Supplies, &c. ALL NEW STOCK.

G. W. REED & CO.

72 WOOD STREET,

[M. ACO.,] PITTSBURGH.

INCREASED PENSIONS

For all soldiers whose rate of pension is too low, as compared with liberal laws, or whose disabilities have increased since pension was granted. Thousands are entitled, and should at once apply.

BOUNTY due all soldiers discharged for wounds, rupture or other injury (not disease), who have failed to receive the amount promised, also to those who enlisted between January 1st, 1763, and April 1st, 1864, for 3 years who had previously served a term of 9 months or more and failed to receive a bounty of $400 for last service. $100 due all soldiers who enlisted for 3 years prior to July 22, 1861, and were mustered before August 6th, 1861, regardless of time served. Pay for rations while prisoners of war, still due, &c., &c.

We have had a long and extensive experience in collecting claims and furnish the best of reference when desired. Only legal fees charged and no pay until claim is allowed, so that it costs you nothing to apply. For ful information address

McNEILL & BIRCH, P. O. Drawer 457 Washington, D. C.

☞Always enclose stamp for reply. o15-1m

Notice in Divorce.

In the matter of the petition of Ella F. Almy for divorce absolute from her husband, Percival Almy, C. P. No. 430, March Term, 1879.

July 7, 1879, it appearing that S. F. Bowser was appointed Commissioner to take testimony in the above case, and that the paper upon which his appointment was made cannot be found, the Court make an alias order appointing S. F. Bowser Commissioner to take testimony. BY THE COURT.

To whom it may concern:

Take notice that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at my office in Butler, Pa., on Monday, Nov. 3, 1879, at 1 o'clock, P. M., when all parties may attend if they see proper.
S. F. BOWSER,
oct15-3t* Commissioner.

DOLLAR WEEKLY TIMES.

During its existence of about forty years the Dollar Weekly TIMES has circulated all over the United States and Territories, and the universal verdict has been that it is the model newspaper for the family.

The different departments of the paper are edited by the best talent obtainable, and are very complete.

The TIMES is independent and non-sectarian.

Specimen copy FREE. Send for one and judge for yourself. Special cash inducements to agents.

Trial Subscription, Four Months, 25 CENTS. One Year, postpaid, $1. Address
DOLLAR WEEKLY TIMES,
oct15-1m Cincinnati, Ohio.

Stray Cow.

Came to the residence of the subscriber in Fairview township, Butler county, Pa., on or about the middle of July, 1879, a RED COW, about ten years old, right horn broken off close to head, and white stripe along back. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.
JOHN G. HAWK,
oct3-3t Baldwin P. O., Butler Co., Pa.

A NEW ERA

—IN THE—

Milling Business!

JACOB BOOS

Is now running what was formerly the Walter & Boos water and steam Grist Mill,

THE OLDEST MILL

in this borough. He is prepared to furnish to all customers the best of flour, as all who patronize him will find out. The Mill has been renovated and is prepared to do the best of country and custom work. It is the oldest mill in the borough, and the present proprietor will do the best he can to accommodate customers. All customers will be accommodated whether water is high or low, as the mill is ran by both powers.

A FLOUR DEPOT

has been established by the proprietor at G. Etzel's former store, opposite the Vogely House, where

WHEAT, RYE AND BUCKWHEAT

FLOUR,

Corn Meal, Feed of All Kinds,

and also "GRAHAM FLOUR" will always be found on hand at the lowest cash prices, and Tony Etzel will always be on hand to wait on customers.

☞Also a new feature is here introduced:

ALL GOODS SOLD DELIVERED TO PURCHASERS IN ALL PARTS OF TOWN.

All those desiring good flour, honest prices, &c., either call on Tony Etzel at the regular Flour Depot, on Main street, or on the proprietor at the mill.

All orders for Flour, Feed, or anything in our line, can be left with Tony Etzel, and will be attended to promptly, either by him or
oct8-6m] JACOB BOOS.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application wil be made to the Governor of the Commonwe lth of Pennsylvania for a charter of incorporation of the "Western Pennsylvania Telephone Company." The object of said company is the construction and maintenance of a telegraph line for telegraphic and telephonic purposes within the county of Butler and other counties in the western part of the State of Pennsylvania. sept24

JOS. BRUFF,

WITH

Schmidt & Friday,

384 & 386 PENN AVE., PITTSBURGH,

—DEALERS IN—

WINES AND LIQUORS,

—IMPORTERS OF—

Foreign Wines and Liquors.
aug13tf

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, In and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to the elections of the Commonwealth," passed the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Election and in such notice to enumerate:

1. The officers to be elected.
2. Designate the places where the election is to be held.

I, WM. H. HOFFMAN, High Sheriff of the county of Butler, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Butler, that on Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, being

The 4th day of November, 1879,

a General Election will be held at the several election districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for the several offices hereinafter named, viz:

One person for the office of Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons for the office of Jury Commissioner of the county of Butler. [No person can vote for more than one.]

The said elections will be held throughout the county as follows:

The electors of Adams township at the house of J. S. Domthett.

The electors of Allegheny township at the house of John P. Crawford, Six Points.

The electors of Buffalo township at the house of Robert Gregg, now George Truby, now Robert Bartly.

The electors of Butler township at the Court house in Butler.

The electors of Brady township at the School house at West Liberty.

The electors of Clearfield township at the house of John Green.

The electors of Clinton township at the house of John C. Riddle, now John Anderson.

The electors of Concord township at the School house No. 4, in Middletown.

The electors of Clay township at the Centre School house in said township.

The electors of Centre township at the house of W. D. McCandless, occupied by Jesse Harvey.

The electors of Cherry township at the house of William Lindsey.

The electors of Connoquenessing township, Northern precinct, at School house No. 7, in Whitestown; Southern precinct at the house of Peter Staff, in Petersville.

The electors of Cranberry township at the house of Frederick Meeder.

The electors of Donegal township at the house of Adam Schreiber, in Millerstown.

The electors of Fairview township at the house of J. Dickey in Fairview borough.

The electors of Forward township at the house of Robert H. Brown.

The electors of Franklin township at the School house in the borough of Prospect.

The electors of Jackson township, Western precinct, at the house of Jacob Heil in Harmony; Eastern precinct at the house of John P. Miller in Evansburg.

The electors of Jefferson township at the house of Morris Reighter.

The electors of Lancaster township at the Public School house No. 5.

The electors of Middlesex township at the house of George Cooper.

The electors of Marion township at James Bailey's.

The electors of Muddycreek township at the Town Hall in Portersville.

The electors of Mercer township at the Town Hall in Harrisville.

The electors of Oakland township at the house of William McClung.

The electors of Parker township at the house of John Kelly in Martinsburg.

The electors of Penn township at the house of Richard Fisher.

The electors of Summit township at the house of Adam Frederick.

The electors of Slipperyrock township at the School house, at the North end of the borough of Centreville.

The electors of Venango township at the house of James Mufrin.

The electors of Winfield township at School house No. 5, in said township.

The electors of Washington township at the Town Hall in North Washington.

The electors of Worth township at the house of W. Humphreys.

The electors of the borough of Butler at the Court House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Centreville at the School house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Zelienople at the Council house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Prospect at the _____ in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Saxonburg at the School house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of West Sunbury at the Public School house in Sunbury.

The electors of the borough of Millerstown at the house of Adam Schreiber in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Petrolia at the Town Hall in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Fairview at the School house in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Karns City at the Town Hall in said borough.

And I, the said Sheriff, do further give notice to all election officers, citizens, and others, of the following provisions of the constitution and laws of this commonwealth, relating to elections—viz:

OF THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA—ART. VIII.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizens of the State he shall have removed from and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer his vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth.—If twenty-two years or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SECTION 5.—Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach or surety of the peace be privileged from arrest during their attendance on elections and in going to and returning therefrom.

SECTION 6.—Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are or shall be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual places of election.

SECTION 7.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniformed throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege by reason of his name not being registered.

SECTION 13.—For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State, or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of this State or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student in any institute of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in a public prison.

Election officers will take notice that the Act entitled "A Further Supplement to the Election Laws of the Commonwealth," disqualifying deserters from the army of the United States from voting has recently been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, is now null and void, and that all persons formerly disqualified thereunder are now lawful voters, if otherwise qualified.

OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA—ART. VIII.

SEC. 14—District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or Judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace.

No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office, appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city, or county, or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace, and alderman, notaries public and persons in militia services of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled by an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices as shall be designated by general law.

ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC. 7.—Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, it shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

ACT JULY 2, 1839.

SEC. 16.—In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy.

ACT JANUARY 30, 1874.

SEC. 9.—In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election held under this act, shall before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the