

A Singular Case of Petrification.

A correspondent of the *Lowell Courier*, writing from Georgia, notices a singular case of petrification, recently discovered in Chicasaw county, in that state:

"A singular petrification was discovered in an adjoining County (Chickasaw) some months since—a human body changed to rock. The subject was a woman aged seventy, who died in full health five years since of apoplexy. She was a large and fleshy person. It appears that her daughter, wishing to remove her remains, caused the grave to be opened, and upon attempting to lift the coffin out, it was found impossible to do so. It was opened, and to the amazement of all, the body was petrified, and the features so perfect that persons who knew the woman could have recognized her. No portion of the face was missing except the tip of the nose. It required the strength of six men to get the statue out, and it was estimated to weigh 600 pounds. The woman was buried on the top of a limestone ridge, and when the grave was dug the rock was found at a few feet from the surface. This, not being very hard, was hollowed out to receive the coffin, and when the grave was opened it was found full of water. The water, I suppose, held the earthy particles in solution, and they were deposited *gradatim* as the animal matter was removed. The body was kept out of the ground some days before reburial, and I am told the surface when exposed became somewhat softened, but when first taken from the ground it was literally as hard as a rock."

More probably, if the above narrative is true, the body was converted into the substance called "adipocere." Had the body been petrified or turned into limestone, it would scarcely have become softened upon exposure to the air. The transformation of human remains into adipocere is not an uncommon occurrence. Some years since we remember having read of the disinterment of three bodies in Canada, which have been converted into this substance. As in the above instance, the grave was so situated as to become saturated with water.

More recently, it was the privilege of the *Writer* of this to inspect an adipocere body in this city. It was that of a woman who had been many years dead, and was disinterred in the course of cutting a street or avenue through a burying ground in the upper section of the city. Like the subject of the Chickasaw narrative, this woman was "large and fleshy," and died suddenly, after an illness of an hour or two. So also the body was in a state of perfect preservation when unconfined, with the single exception of the tip of the nose, and every lineament of the face was readily recognized by her surviving relatives.

The general appearance of the body was not that of conversion into stone, but into a substance more resembling spermaceti which had been allowed to remain in a damp place until a light blue mould had partially envenomed it.

The Fire Annihilator.

Mr. Phillips, the inventor of this new apparatus, recently gave an exhibition of its powers to a large company assembled at the London gas works, Vauxhall. After some preliminary remarks on the vast losses from fire, amounting annually, in the three kingdoms, to £2,000,000, and the inefficiency of water in quenching a furious conflagration, he set fire to a compartment of a large open building, filled with partitions and temporary joisting of light wood, daubed with pitch and turpentine, and hung with rags soaked with the same combustibles. The flames ascended, roaring with such vehemence as to repel the spectators to a distance of forty feet, reaching apparently, beyond all remedy by water; when Mr. P. with one of his hand machines, some what larger than a good sized coffee pot, from which a volume of gas and vapor was discharged, extinguished the flames "in half a minute," and then, to prove that there was no noxious quality in the resulting air, immediately walked through the building with a lighted candle in his hand. A company has been formed to manufacture these new-styled fire engines; which, if they answer as well in practice as they seem to do in experiment, will soon make their way to this country, and find their field of operation in subduing flames and, perhaps, fire stoves.

Recently, while several men were working on the canal near Albany, one of them struck a pile of sovereigns. All hands immediately came to "grab game," shovelling their hats full of mud and gold together. The first discoverer secured \$500, and the others not far from \$150 apiece. In all, about \$1,300 were taken out. It was doubtless the all of some unfortunate emigrant, dropped accidentally in a bag from a canal boat.

What can be done on one acre of land.

The editor of the *Maine Cultivator* published, a few days ago, his management of one acre of ground, from which he gathered the following results. One-third of an acre in corn usually produces thirty bushels of sound corn for grinding, besides some refuse. This quantity was sufficient for family use, and for fattening one large or two small hogs. From the same ground he obtained two or three hundred pumpkins, and his family supply of beans. From a bed of six rods square, he usually obtained sixty bushels of onions; these he had sold at one dollar per bushel, and the amount purchased his flour. Thus from one-third of an acre and an onion bed, he obtained his bread stuffs. The rest of the ground was appropriated to all sorts of vegetables, for summer and winter use; potatoes, beets, parsnips, cabbage, green corn, peas, beans, cucumbers, melons, squashes, &c.; with fifty or sixty bushels of beets and carrots for the food of a cow. Then he had also a flower garden, raspberries, currants, and gooseberries, in great variety; and a few choice apple, pear, plum, cherry, peach, and quince trees. If a family can be supported from one acre of ground in Maine, the same can be done in every State and county in the Union.

Cause of High Water at New Orleans.

A Baton Rouge correspondent of the *Alabama Argus* attributes the increase of water in the lower part of the Mississippi river, of late years, to the fact that the river has been shortened more than forty miles by cutting off the bends. The effect is to let down the water faster than the channel below will carry it off, and an overflow is the consequence.

Dutch English.

The following amusing account of the examination of a Dutchman in Pennsylvania, we clip from the *Pennsylvanian*:

Jacob Feltzger, a middle aged man of Teutonic derivation—his apparel well encrusted with dry mud, and his hat looked like a collapsed steamboat cylinder, with the top blown off—was bro't up on complaint of a dry-goods man for stealing a piece of corduroy valued at \$11.

Mayor.—Do you *fustay* English, Feltzger?

Prisoner.—Yaw, I talks him foost rate.

M.—Do you know what "steal" means?

P.—Yaw, him is iron what is made hard.

M.—That is one kind of steal, but not what I mean. Do you understand this—how come you to steal that corduroy?

P.—Because mine preches has nicks goot; I have nothing fit to go to church.

M.—Does it take thirty yards of stuff to make you a pair of breeches?

P.—Yaw, de schneider must have some for cabbage, and toder what's left might do for mien frau—ven I get married. Dat will make her a pettygote.

M.—I see you are a man of foresight; but don't you know that this way of getting breeches and petticoats is against the law?

P.—I nicks care a tamn apout ter law; I wasn't borned upon der Yankee law. I's a Tutchman.

M.—Have you got any friends that will go your bail?

P.—Plenty of friends, and more tan I suppose you will want; dey come and schwear anything—Dey schwear where I was and git me clear.

M.—We don't want them to swear, we want them to give security for your appearance at court. You confess you stole the corduroy, and there is no occasion for anybody to swear to it.

P.—Ah, ah! you find not I tell any lie. Tutchman never do anything vat he "shamed" to tell. Yaw, I did so steal der stuff; but I know where I stole him, and was going to steal der money for to pay.

A DEAF AND DUMB couple were married at Pittsburgh, on Tuesday last. The ceremony was performed by writing. They are said to be wealthy, and highly respectable. There is no danger of the lady being a "scolding wife."

A Fact in Bridging.

The bridge which is to connect the State of New York with Canada, at Lewistown and Queenstown, will be, when finished, the longest bridge of one span in the world. It is now being erected under the direction of E. W. Serrell, Civil Engineer, one of Hughes' first assistants on the Isthmus of Panama, and made a great part of the location of the railroad which is now being built from Chagres to Panama. The bridge, when finished, will be one thousand and forty-two feet between the points of support—nineteen feet wide at the roadway, and is calculated to sustain a load of 800 tons. The cost is to be \$30,000. The Engineer proposes to have it open for public travel on the 1st September next.

GEO. J. ROBAKER, FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Takes this method of informing the citizens of Stroudsburg and surrounding country, that he has commenced the Tailoring Business in all its various branches, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on Elizabeth Street, nearly opposite the Store of John N. Stokes, and respectfully solicits all who have work to do in his line to give him a call. The latest Reports of Fashions will be regularly received, and he guarantees that all work entrusted to him will be done in a satisfactory manner. He hopes by strict attention to business and a determination to please, to merit a share of public patronage.

N. B. Cutting done at the shortest notice. Stroudsburg, May 24, 1850.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons interested in the estate of the respective decedents and minors, that the administration accounts of the following estates have been filed in the office of the Register of Monroe county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphan's Court, to be held at Stroudsburg, in and for the aforesaid county, on Monday, the 27th day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Final account of Felix Weiss, administrator of the estate of Daniel F. Weiss, late of Chesnut Hill township, deceased.

Account of Abraham Dupuy, administrator of the estate of George Barton, late of Smithfield township, deceased.

Account of John Bowman, administrator of the estate of George Bowman, late of Price (now Paradise township), deceased.

First and final account of John Huston, executor of the last will, and testament, of Peter D. Kishpaugh, late of Stroud township, deceased.

Final account of John A. Washburn, administrator of the estate of Daniel Washburn, late of Ross township, deceased.

SAMUEL REES, jr., Register, Register's office, Stroudsburg, April 25, 1850.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, to audit settle and adjust the account of John Van Vliet, administrator of the estate of Joseph Van Vliet, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday the 18th day of May next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the public house of Jacob Knecht, in the Borough of Stroudsburg JOHN T. BELL.

April 25, 1850.

Estate of Godfrey Greensweig,

Late of Ross township, Monroe county, deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters Testamentary upon said estate, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims or demands against said estate are requested to make known the same without delay to

JOHN MERWINE, Chestnut Hill tp. Monroe Co. WILLIAM WALP, Upper Townensing tp., Carbon Co.

March 7, 1850

Jury List--May Term, 1850.

GRAND JURORS.

- 1 Findley Bush, Smithfield
- 2 George Sebring, Pocono
- 3 Jacob Miller, Price
- 4 George Smith, Paradise
- 5 George Dordendorf, Ross
- 6 William James, Tobyhanna
- 7 Charles Musch, Stroud
- 8 John Wolbert, Jackson
- 9 David Reinhar, Jackson
- 10 Anthony Frantz, Ross
- 11 Henry Detrick, Smithfield
- 12 Joseph Y. Wilson, Smithfield
- 13 Joseph Trible, do
- 14 Henry Werkhiser, Hamilton
- 15 Joseph Frantz, Jackson
- 16 Jacob Metzger, Hamilton
- 17 George Hellyer, Jackson
- 18 Jacob Bender, Ross
- 19 John Krasge, Chesnut Hill
- 20 George Knipe, Pocono
- 21 George Hohenschildt, Stroud
- 22 Simon Ace, Smithfield
- 23 Elias Mixsell, Ross
- 24 Henry Bush, Paradise

PETTIT JURORS.

- 1 John Hohenschildt, Stroud
- 2 Adam Anglemoyer, Pocono
- 3 Charles Swink, Stroud
- 4 Michael Getz, Chesnut Hill
- 5 George Transue, Pocono
- 6 John Hoffman, Middle Smithfield
- 7 Samuel Ruth, Hamilton
- 8 Andrew Groner, Stroud
- 9 Jacob W. Singer, Jackson
- 10 Joseph Fellenzer, Hamilton
- 11 Gedeon Burritt, Pocono
- 12 Joseph Jones, Paradise
- 13 Christopher Teel, Chesnut Hill
- 14 David Roades, Ross
- 15 George Dersheimer, Polk
- 16 Charles Altemose, Ross
- 17 James Miller, Hamilton
- 18 Heister Gunsauls, Middle Smithfield
- 19 Jacob Miller, Chesnut Hill
- 20 Joseph Houser, jr. Smithfield
- 21 John Hall, Pocono
- 22 George Yeiser, Smithfield
- 23 Joseph Fenner, do
- 24 Kinney Loder, Stroud
- 25 Jacob Long, Pocono
- 26 Andrew Pipher, Price
- 27 Michael Mixsell, Ross
- 28 Abraham Shiffer, Chesnut Hill
- 29 Henry Frantz, Stroud
- 30 Joseph Moyers, Coolbaugh
- 31 Jess Weiss, do
- 32 Depeue S. Miller, Stroud
- 33 David Edinger, Paradise
- 34 Adrian Sears, Smithfield
- 35 Godfrey Ruff, Stroud
- 36 Charles Keller, Hamilton

BOOTH & FOSTER

LATE J. C. BOOTH & Co., FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

EMPORIUM,

Wholesale and Retail, 27 Courtlandt Street, New-York.

(A FEW DOORS BELOW THE WESTERN HOTEL.)

THIS HOUSE, by reason of its Great Popularity and Extensive Reputation, both for the Superior Qualities and Cheapness of its Goods, has recently been extending its business, until it now presents an assortment at once UNRIVALED BY ANY IN THE CITY. One of the Firm, being one of the Pioneers in the Clothing business, devotes all his time to purchasing goods for the establishment, which, his long experience, acknowledged skill, and with the aid of abundant capital, he is enabled to do with the most predominant success. Another of the firm superintends, in person, their extensive MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT; and the stock thus produced, and with a view to neatness, elegance and utility, and amounting to nearly \$100,000 in Value,

comprises an assortment now unequalled, and they defy all competition. They desire particularly to call the attention of

Country Merchants

to their stock, whom, by their extensive arrangements, they are enabled to supply with an assortment at once the best, the most varied, and the cheapest of any other on this Continent. Nor does the extent of their business prevent them from supplying the individual wants. Gentlemen visiting this city will at all times find them in readiness to furnish from the *Smallest Article to the Complete Outfit*, of such as cannot fail to suit the most refined taste, or meet the approbation of the most fastidious.

Their Manufactured Department

is replete with every description of DRESS and FROCK, BUSINESS and TRAVELLING, SACK and ALBERT COATS. All the styles of Drap De Ete, Alpaca and Bro. Linen COATS.

PANTALOONS of all the various styles and qualities.

VESTS of the latest and richest pattern.

DRESSING GOWNS, &c.

The Fancy Department

embraces every thing new and desirable in the line of SHIRTS, DRAWERS, BOSOMS, COLLARS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, SCARFS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY, SUSPENDERS, SHOULDER BRACES, MONEY BELTS, &c.

To verify the above statements, they ask gentlemen, when visiting the city, to call and examine for themselves, where they will receive the most polite attention, the proprietors relying on the excessive cheapness which their unrivalled facilities enable them to afford their Goods, to ensure a sale.

Full suits furnished to order at the shortest notice, and sent to any part of the United States.

J. C. BOOTH.

H. L. FOSTER.

N. B. Open from 6 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M. April 25, 1850.--6m.

CAUTION.

Sportsmen and others are hereby notified not to hunt or fish on or about my property. I am determined to resist all depredations of this kind. JACOB FREDERICK, Cherry Valley, February 14, 1850.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon. NATHANIEL B. ELDERED, President Judge of the 22d Judicial district of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne, and Moses W. Coolbaugh and Stoddell Stokes, Esq's., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Monroe, and by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, and Court of General Quarter Sessions in and for the said county of Monroe, have issued their precept to me commanding that a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery and Orphans' Court, for the said County of Monroe, be held at Stroudsburg, on Monday, the 27th day of May, next, to continue two weeks if necessary.

NOTICE

Is therefore, hereby given to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said County of Monroe, that they be then and there ready with their rolls, records, inquiries, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which to their offices are appertaining, and also that those who are bound by recognizances to prosecute and give evidence against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said County of Monroe, or against the persons who stand charged with the commission of offences, to be then and there to prosecute or testify as shall be just.

PETER KEMMERER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, April 25, 1850. (God save the Commonwealth)

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Penn'a., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Henry Neff, in Polk township, on

Thursday the 23d day of May next, at 1 o'clock, p. m. the following described property, situate in Polk township, adjoining lands of Philip Kresge, Charles Hawk, and others, containing

TWO ACRES, more or less, the improvements are a Tavern House,

two stories high, frame,—a frame STORE HOUSE, a frame Shed, and a Blacksmith Shop, and a Well with a Pump therein near the house.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Henry Neff, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER, Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, April 25, 1850.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of alias venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Penn'a., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of John Kerchner, in Chesnut Hill township, on

Thursday the 23d day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described property, to wit: A certain lot of Land situate in Chesnut Hill township, containing about

One Acre. The improvements are a Frame Dwelling House,

two stories high, one frame STORE HOUSE, one and a half stories high, one frame STABLE and a LOG SHOP.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Adam Huffsmit, dec'd, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER, Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, April 25, 1850.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Monroe county, Penn'a., to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Jacob Knecht, in the borough of Stroudsburg, on

Tuesday the 21st day of May next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit: All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Stroudsburg, adjoining lands of Thomas McElrath on the East, Monroe street and Sydenham Walton on the South, John Kern on the West and Sarah street on the North, containing about ONE ACRE, more or less.

The improvements on which are one Two Story Frame House,

with a cellar underneath, and a FRAME SMITH SHOP. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Benjamin Tock, and to be sold by me

PETER KEMMERER, Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, April 11, 1850.

S. G. BURNET,

Attorney at Law,

STRODSBURG, MONROE COUNTY, PA. Office on Elizabeth street, formerly occupied by William Davis, Esq.

April 18, 1850.

BRIGADE ORDERS.

The National Battalion of the 2d Brigade, 6th Division, and the several Volunteer Companies of said Brigade, will meet fully uniformed for Brigade parade and inspection on Monday, 20th day of May next, at the public house of Joseph Keller, in Kellersville. The line of the Brigade will be formed at 10 o'clock A. M.

The new companies that are now forming to be organized should be punctual to attend said parade. Also the Brigade and Battalion officers.

ROBERT BROWN, Brig'r General, 2d Brigade, 6th Division. April 18, 1850.

A. R. JACKSON, M. D.

Has permanently located himself in the borough of Stroudsburg, and respectfully tenders his professional services to the inhabitants of the borough and surrounding country. Office at S. J. Hollinshead's hotel Stroudsburg, March 28, 1850.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application was made to the Court of Common Pleas at the last term, by the "Humane Fire Engine Company" of the Borough of Stroudsburg, for a Charter of Incorporation.

M. H. DREHER, Prothonotary. March 28, 1850

THADDEUS SCHOCH,

Has removed his wholesale and retail Boot and Shoe Store to a large and convenient room, which he has fitted up in the best style, a few doors above his old stand, opposite Messrs. Edinger & Miller's Store, and nearly opposite T. & P. Mixsell's store in Hamilton St. where he will continue to manufacture to order every description of

Boots and Shoes for men and boys; also the most fashionable Gaiters, Buskins, Half-Gaiters, Slippers &c. for Ladies and Misses which will be warranted to fit, be made of the best materials, and sold at small profits for cash. Also on hand a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, which will be sold cheap, and can be recommended. The public are respectfully invited to call, leave their measure, or examine his ready made stock, before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident they will be suited with the style, quality and price of his article. Call and try them. Also American and French Calf Skin Boots manufactured to order. Easton, April 18, 1850.

MONROE COUNTY Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The rate of Insurance is one dollar on the thousand dollars insured, after which payment no subsequent tax will be levied, except to cover actual loss or damage by fire, that may fall upon members of the company.

The net profits arising from interest or otherwise, will be ascertained yearly, for which each member in proportion to his, her, or their deposit, will have a credit in the company.—Each insurer in or with the said company will be a member thereof during the term of his or her policy. The principle of Mutual Insurance has been thoroughly tested—has been tried by the unerring test of experience, and has proved successful and become very popular. It affords the greatest security against loss or damage by fire, on the most advantageous and reasonable terms.

Applications for Insurance to be made in person, or by letters addressed to JAMES H. WALTON, Sec'y.

MANAGERS.

Jacob Goetz Michael H Dreher
John Edinger Jacob Frederick
James H. Walton George B. Keller
Edward Posten Peter Shaw
Robert Boys John Miller
Richard S. Staples Jacob Shoemaker
Balsar Fetherman.

JACOB GOETZ, President.
JAMES H. Walton, Treasurer.
Stroudsburg, January 31, 1850.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS.

The testimony in its favor is overwhelming. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters and certificates, going to prove its remarkable efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend and prescribe it in their practice. The retail price is 25 cents per vial, which brings it within the means of all.

Brooklyn, L. I. January 16, 1847.

I do certify that I gave one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson streets. JAMES McCAFFREY.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844.

I certify that I took two vials of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I have been troubled with tape worms for a number of years, and I have never found so good a medicine as B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it. MARTHA CLIFT.

The public is cautioned against counterfeits and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kolmstock's" and "S. Fahnestock's" Vermifuge are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. SCHOCH, Agent. March 15, 1849.—ewly.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stoddell Stokes & Son, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1850. The Books, Notes, &c., have been left in the hands of Stoddell Stokes, who is duly authorized to settle and receipt for the same. All persons indebted are requested to call and make payment without delay.

STODELL STOKES, JOHN N. STOKES.

NOTICE.

The Mercantile business will be continued by the undersigned, at the old stand, where he will be ready and happy to see his friends, and hopes by strict attention to business, and by at all times keeping a good and cheap assortment of GOODS, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm. JOHN N. STOKES. January 10, 1850.