there were but two or three Whigs in the entire establishmhnt—and *they* were found in such questionable shape as to leave some doubt of their identity! The contract office has some fifteen Clerks—and of the number, there are but three or four Whigs,—all the rest receiving from $1400 to $2500 per annum, are Locofocos! Yet this is the Department where Col. Warren has his head quarters—a man who has sustained more abuse and calumny for having removed for what he considered sufficient cause, a few Postmasters, and appointing Whigs in their places—out of some seventeen thousand Locofoco incumbents—than any other officer under the Government.

This is the kind of proscription Gen. Taylor's Cabinet officers are practising—but the old General himself hardly knows anything of the facts of the case, or he would insist, as he has to be abused and opposed *at any rate*, upon confining such abuse to his *political enemies!* PAOLI.

Now and Then.

The Washington Republic brings up the following reminiscence, which bears down with a forty thousand power upon the present clamor of the Washington Union and the Southern ultraists, who denounce the President for wishing to see California admitted as a state, with a constitution framed and agreed on by her own people:

MR. CALHOUN AND THE "UNION" ON CALIFORNIA.—In February, 1847, Mr. Calhoun, in the Senate of the United States, offered a series of resolutions, among which we find the following:

Resolved, That it is a fundamental principle in our political creed, that a people, forming a constitution, have the unconditional right to form and adopt the government which they may think best calculated to secure their liberty, property and happiness, and, in conformity thereto, no other condition is imposed by the Federal constitution on a state, in order to be admitted into this Union, except that its constitution shall be 'republican;' and the imposition of any other by Congress would not only be in violation of the constitution, but in direct conflict with the principle on which our political system rests.

The Union of the 5th February, 1849, respecting the policy of admitting California as a state, says:—"The South denies that Congress has any jurisdiction over the subject of slavery, and contends that the people of the territories alone, when they frame a constitution, preparatory to admission into the Union, have a right to speak and be heard on the matter.—This fact being settled, it really seems to us that this exciting question might be speedily adjusted, if calm counsels prevail. The South contends for her honor, and for the great principles of non-intervention and state equality.—Why, then, cannot all unite, and permit California to come into the Union as soon as she can frame a constitution? Then, according to the doctrines which prevail on both sides of Mason and Dixon's line, she may constitutionally establish her domestic institutions on any basis consistent with republican principles. The South could lose nothing by adopting this course. On the contrary, she would save all for which she contends."

Alarm and Thief Detector.

Mr. Nicholas, of the U. S. Pay Department, at New Orleans, has invented an alarm and thief detector, of which the *Picayune* gives the following account:

"The former is so constructed as, on being opened, to produce a tremendous noise similar to the screeching of a gas escape of a locomotive. This is followed by the decent through a tube, of a quantity of sonorous balls, (marble or brass, as may be chosen,) which are at length thrown successively from a hopper to the floor, rattling with terrible force. In the midst of the confusion of sounds produced by the falling balls, a bell begins to toll, and so loud as to positively startle even a person who is prepared to encounter the alarm. The machinery which puts in operation the alarm, occupies but a small space, and can be put inside money safes, armories, or other pieces of furniture in which valuables are preserved. The noise created by it extends to a great distance, and would effectually scare a thief to a precipitate flight. The thief detector is a simpler and more portable piece of machinery, designed to be placed inside doors of windows of stores and dwelling house, as a protection against depredators. It consists of a heavy grating which is suspended within a double groove in the upper part ofthe door, or window frame, and connected by a spring with the foot beneath. Immediately as the foot of the robber presses on the floor inside the threshhold, the spring is put in action, when down falls the grating, and the intruder is caught like a rat in a trap.

Martin Luther's Wedding Ring.

The New York Tribune says: We had a day or two since the pleasure of examining a most interesting relic, being nothing less than the wedding ring with which Martin Luther, the great reformer, was married. It is of gold, curiously wrought' being broad and flat on the back side of the finger, with a small ruby set in the centre. On the inside is this inscription: "Dr. Martin Luther, Catharine von Buren, June 13, 1525." The inscription is considerably obscured by wearing. The ring was brought to this country by Charles Luther, a lineal decendant of the reformer, who has abundant proof of its authenticity and of his own in the certificates of the magistrates of the city of Magdeburg, in Prussia, where he formerly resided, and of Ministers of Prussia through whose hands it has passed. It was once the property of an ancestor of the present King of Prussia, and by him was restored to the family. The present King, as we are informed, has offered 3,000 thalers, or about $1,800 for it, an offer which was refused by its present possessor, who was last summer forced to emigrate on account of being involved in political disturbances. It is certainly a singular destiny that has brought this valuable relic to the New world.

The Camden and Amboy railroad company last week paid into the state treasury of New Jersey the $10,000 which the commissioners found to be due for unreported transit duties.—A sum equally large was also due the company for similar duties overpaid the state, but the company declined making it an offset.

The loco foco county convention of Crawford adopted resolutions in favor of the Wilmot proviso.

Arrest of a Counterfeiter.

The St. Louis papers of the 8th instant brings us accounts of the arrest at Alton, Illinois. by officers from St. Louis, of a man named E. W. DUNN, in whose house was found a large amount of counterfeit money, and a complete *bogus* manufactory. Tracing to his residence in Middle Alton quantities of metals purchased at St. Louis, the marshals of the two cities approached the house and gained ready admittance. They found two females in the parlor, who received them kindly. After inquiring for Dunn, and learning that he was up stairs sick, the officers gave an alarm for a party outside to enter. Simultaneous with the alarm, one of the females, the wife of Dunn, rushed for the stairs, but was caught by Marshal Stein.—Marshal Felps instantly proceeded to Dunn's room, and secured him. The women showed battle with the officers, and Mrs. Dunn upbraided her husband for being taken, strenuously urging him to shoot. On searching the house, $1,800 in bogus money was found, consisting of Mexican dollars, five france pieces, American half and quarters, dimes and half dimes.—They found the moulds for these several pieces, together with a galvanic battery and every thing requisite for the manufacture of spurious coin. The $1,800 secured by the officers was principally in Mexican dollars and five franc pieces, neatly executed, and well calculated to deceive, by the *ring*, &c.

A Long Voyage.

The ship *Clarendon*, of Boston, arrived at New York on Monday morning from Canton. She left New York in December, 1846, and has been absent nearly thirty-eight months.—She has visited the following ports, some of them a number of times, viz. Liverpool, Batavia. Singapore, Penang, Akyab, Macao, Whampoa, Hong-Kong, and Amoy.

She has gone into port, including this last entry, twenty-three times, and has sailed 75,492 miles, being nearly equal to four times the circumference of the globe. She has worked down the China sea twice against the southwest monsoon, and has made three eastern passages to and from Singapore and Amoy, on the east coast of China. During her whole voyage she has not lost a man by disease or accident.

A Righteous Verdict.

In August, 1848, a Miss Davis, aged 18 years; left the employment of Wm. Smedley, shawl manufacturer, in Kensington, Philadelphia county, and obtained employment on better terms, in a situation which she judged more to her credit and interest. She was poor, but of unspotted reputation, and Smedley, it seems, was determined to blast it. He had her arrested on a charge of stealing, but the evidence he brought, proved her innocent and she was discharged. The next day she was arrested before another Alderman and again discharged. On the evening of the next, returning from her work, she was again arrested in the street and publicly branded as a thief, taken before Alderman Brazier, and in defiance of all Smedley's efforts to convict her, was honorably discharged. This internal spirit of malice, designed to ruin a poor, but inuocent girl, brought friends to her aid—a suit was brought against Smedley, and after beating about the Courts from that time until the 18th inst., when it was brought to issue, and a verdict of $5,400 awarded by the jury to the injured girl.

Evading the Law.

The folly of trying to make people temperate by statute enactments, has been well illustrated in Massachusetts. A few years ago, that state passed a law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors in a less quantity than fifteen gallons. The results, in some instances, was, that men scraped together their available property, and, purchased fifteen gallons, and were drunk over it so long as it lasted, when under the old law, they would not have used one-fourth that amount of liquor. In other cases, rum dealers kept "striped pigs" to show at sixpence a sight, and *gave* their patrons a drink of rum into the bargain. At a late trial for selling liquor in Essex county, it was proven that dealers in rum, to avoid a, to them, odious law, sold it as "essence of molasses," as "West India beer," and under various others fictitious names, showing that the compulsory law was of no avail, except to be broke on every hand, by evevy kind of subtle device.

An eminent surgeon of France relates two cases in which the inhalation of chloroform proved nearly fatal. He, however, succeeded in reviving his patients after all ordinary means had failed, by placing his mouth upon theirs, and forcibly insufflating the lungs by rapid aspiration and expirations. A medical practitioner in Paris, states that in two instances of approaching dissolution by the inhalation of chloroform, he recalled life by thrusting two fingers deep into the throat, down to the laryox and æsophagus: a sudden movement of expiration followed, snd recovery took place.

LARGE CORN FIELD.—James Davis,' of Waverly, Ross county, Ohio, cultivates 1800 acres exclusively in Indian corn, and has this winter a corn crib filled, which is three miles long, ten feet high, and six feet wide. Thia is one of the largest corn cribs in the world owned by a single individual.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday, February 19th, by the Rev. M. H. Sisty, Mr. ENOCH R. STRAWN, of Ritchland township. Bucks county, Pa. and Miss SUSAN VAN BUSKIRK, of Stroud township, Monroe county.

[Bucks County Intelligencer, please copy.]

On Saturday, the 23d inst., by the same. Mr. ABRAHAM T. DILDINE and Miss SARAH F. ELIZABETH DILDINE, both of Stroud township, Monroe county.

DIED,

In Stroudsburg, on the 27th inst., Mrs. ANNA WHITE, aged 88 years.

CAUTION.

Sportsmen and others are hereby notified not to hunt or fish on or about my property. I am determined to resist all depredations of this kind. JACOB FREDERICK.

Cherry Valley, February 14, 1850.

MONROE COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The rate of Insurance is one dollar on the thousand dollars insured, after which payment no subsequent tax will be levied, except to cover actual loss or damage by fire, that may fall upon members of the company.

The nett profits arising from interest or otherwise, will be ascertained yearly, for which each member in proportion to his, her, or their deposite, will have a credit in the company.—Each insurer in or with the said company will be a member thereof during the term of his or her policy. The principle of Mutual Insurance has been thoroughly tested—has been tried by the unerring test of experience, and has proved successful and become very popular. It affords the greatest security against loss or damage by fire, on the most advantageous and reasonable terms.

Applications for Insurance to be made in person, or by letters addressed to

JAMES H. WALTON, Sec'y.

MANAGERS.

Jacob Goetz	Michael H Dreher
John Edinger	Jacob Frederick
James H. Walton	George B. Keller
Edward Posten	Peter Shaw
Robert Boys	John Miller
Richard S. Staples	Jacob Shoemaker

Balsar Fetherman.

JACOB GOETZ, President.

JAMES H. Walton, Treasurer.

Stroudsburg, January 31, 1850.

TWO FARMS FOR SALE.

The subsciber offers at private sale two valuable farms, situate in Stroud township, Monroe county, Pa., about 2 miles from the Borough of Strodsburg, county seat of Monroe.—One contains

179 Acres,

with a new dwelling house, barn, Orchard of grafted fruit trees, and an excellent mill seat. The other contains

100 Acres,

25 of which is cleared and a portion of it meadow.

ALSO a

Dwelling House

and upwards of 20 acres in the Borough of Stroudsburg

The above are offered for sale on reasonable terms. For further particulars apply to

JOHN PALMER.

Stroudsburg, January 17, 1850.

Estate of Abraham Flyte,

Late of Ross township, Monroe County, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration upon said estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay, duly authenticated to

JOHN FLYTE,
BARNET FLYTE,
January 31, 1850. Administrators.

NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the people of this county, that he will be at David Keller's Hotel, in Stroudsburg, till the last of February next—his attention will be given principally to all operations for preserving and beautifying the natural teeth. All persons having operations performed, will also receive advice in reference to the care of the teeth, the general health, and the cure of bad breath, from whatever cause arising. The great importance of the teeth for purposes of mastication and speech, contributing to the charms of beauty, and when lost detracting therefrom; and, to avoid that "hell o' a' diseases," should induce especially the *young* to have them attended to. My practice in this county already speaks for itself. My prices are the lowest for which good service can be done—no variation, except *gratis* in case of the poor.

Let no unpracticed hand guide the steel,
Whose polished point must carry wo or weal.

I shall be in this county often enough to attend to all matters in my profession.

O A. JARVIS,
Dental Surgeon of New York.
January 24, 1850.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stokes & Staples, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1850. The Books, Notes, &c. are in the hands of R. S. Staples, for settlement; and all persons indebted to the firm are respectfully requested to call and make settlement, immediately, as he intends to leave the place in a short time. STOGDELL STOKES,
RICHARD S. STAPLES.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, having purchased the entire stock of goods of Stokes & Staples, and having just received from the city a fresh and full supply of Dry Goods, Groceries Hardware, &c., &c., hereby respectfully inform the public that they will continue the Mercantile business at the old stand—where they will be happy to see their friends—and hope, by strict attention to business, and at all times by keeping a good and cheap assortment of goods, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm.

ABRAHAM BUSH,
DANIEL STAPLES.
Stroudsburg, January 17, 1850.

Oysters! Oysters!!

The undersigned has just opened an oyster shop at his residence, in Franklin street, near the Court House, where he will have constantly on hand the best quality of prime oysters, prepared in every style. He has also a private room for the accommodation of Ladies. The public generally are respectfully invited to give him a call. DAVID STARNER.

Stroudsburg, December 13, 1849.

New Stoves.

A new and large assortment of Parlour and cooking Stoves for sale at

G. MALVEN'S Cheap Store.
Stroudsburg, November 15, 1849.

BLANK MORTGAGES
For sale at this Office.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stogdell Stokes & Son, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1850. The Books, Notes, &c., have been left in the hands of Stogdell Stokes, who is duly authorized to settle and receipt for the same All persons indebted are requested to call and make payment without delay.

STOGDELL STOKES,
JOHN N. STOKES.

NOTICE.

The Mercantile business will be continued by the undersigned, at the old stand, where he will be ready and happy to see his friends, and hopes by strict attention to business, and by at all times keeping a good and cheap assortment of GOODS, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm. JOHN N. STOKES.

January 10, 1850.

The testimony in its favor is overwhelming. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters and certificates, going to prove its remarkable efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend and prescribe it in their practice.

The retail price is 25 cents per vial, which brings it within the means of all.

Brooklyn, L. I. January 16, 1847.

I do certify that I gave one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson streets. JAMES McCAFFREY.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844.

I certify, that I took two vials of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I have been troubled with tape worms for a number of years, and I have never found so good a medicine as B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it. MARTHA CLIFT.

The public is cautioned against counterfeits and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kolmstock's" and "S. Fahnestock's" Vermifuge are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. SCHOCH, Agent. March 15. 1849.—eowly.

Fashionable Boot and Shoe MANUFACTORY.

THADDEUS SCHOCH, at his old stand in Hamilton street Easton, Pa., opposite T.& P. Mixsell's store, continues to manufacture to oder, every description of

Boots and Shoes,

for men and boys; also the most fashionable *Gaiters, Buskins, half Gaiters, Slippers, &c., for Ladies and Misses*, which will be warranted to fit, be made of the best materials, and sold at small profits for cash. Also on hand a large assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

which will be sold cheap, and can be recommended.

The public are respectfully invited to call, leave their measures, or examine his ready made stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is confident they will be suited with the style, quality and price of his articles.

ALSO---Just received a large supply of

GUM SHOES,

for Ladies and Misses of a new style, very superior, together with a stock of Men's Gum shoes; also Children's Gum shoes. *Call and try them.*

Easton and Milford Mail Line,

VIA STROUDSBURG.

Passengers in this line will leave JOSEPH HAGENBUCH's Inn, sign of the "Black Horse," Easton, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, passing through the following places, viz:—Richmond, Centreville, Williamsburg, Dills' Ferry, Delaware Water Gap, Dutotsburg, Stroudsburg, Bushkill, and Dingman's Ferry, and arrive in Milford the same day: Distance 60 miles. Returning, leave Samuel Dimmick's Hotel, Milford, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and arrive in Easton the same day.

Fare from Easton to Stroudsburg, $ 1 25
" " Milford, 2 87

N. B. All baggage at the risk of the owners

WILLIAM DEAN.

Stroudsburg January 1, 1849.

Printers and Publishers

Of Newspapers are informed that the subscribers are extensively engaged in the manufacture of PRINTING INK of every color and quality, which they know to be equal to any manufactured and which they will sell at the lowest prices for Cash. As they are determined that their INK shall recommend itself, they only solicit ONE TRIAL of it, relying upon its merits for future patronage. Their Colored Inks are warranted superior to any manufactured. A circular containing prices, &c., will be sent to those who desire it. Orders for Cash or City Agents accepted.

ADAMS & CO., Phila.

DR TOWNSEND'S

OFFICE MANUFACTORY

DR. TOWNSEND'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA.

Wonder and Blessing of the Age.

The most extraordinary medicine in the world!

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures disease without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the Patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other Medicines is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINES

ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates, new, pure and rich blood, a power possessed by no other Medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the last two years, more than one hundred thousand cures of severe cases of disease; at least, 50,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 15,000 children the three past seasons.

100,000 cases of General Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy, by the effects of medicine, or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on by physical prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, hastening toward that fatal disease, Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any

INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the muscular system in a most extraordinary degree.

Consumption Cured.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. *Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.*

Spitting Blood.

DR. TOWNSEND—I verily believe your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad Cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results. Your obedient servant.

WM. RUSSEL, 65 Catherine-st.

Rheumatism.

Blackwell's Island, Sept. 14, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have suffered terribly for nine years with the Rheumatism; considerable of the time I could not eat, sleep or walk. I had the utmost distressing pains, and my limbs were terribly swollen. I have used four bottles of your Sarsaparilla, and they have done me more than one thousand dollars worth of good, I am so much better—indeed, I am entirely relieved. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted.

Yours, respectfully,
JAMES CUMMINGS.

Fits! Fits!! Fits!!!

Dr. Townsend, not having tested his Sarsaparilla in cases of Fits, of course, never recommended it, and was surprised to receive the following from an intelligent and respectable Farmer in Westchester County;

Fordham, August 13, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have a little girl, seven years of age, who has been several years afflicted with Fits; we tried almost everything for her, but without success; at last, although we could find no recommendation in your circulars for cases like hers, we thought, as she was in very delicate health, we would give her some of your Sarsaparilla, and are very glad we did, for it not only restored her strength, but she has had no return of the Fits, to our great pleasure and surprise. She is fast becoming rugged and healthy, for which we feel grateful. Yours, respectfully,

JOHN BUTLER, Jr.

Female Medicines.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Costiveness, Piles, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of Barrenness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Thousands of cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable Medicine, have been blessed with fine, healthy offspring.

Great Blessing to Mothers and Children.

It is the safest and most effectual medicine for purifying the system, and relieving the sufferings attendant upon childbirth ever discovered. It strengthens both the mother and the child, prevents pain and disease, increases and enriches the food; those who have used it, think it is indispensable. It is highly useful both before and after confinement, as it prevents diseases attendant upon child-birth—in Costiveness, Piles, Cramps Swelling of the Feet, Dospondency, Heartburn, Vomiting, Pain in the Back and Loins, False Pains, Hemorrhage, and in regulating the secretions and equalizing the circulation, it has no equal. The great beauty of this medicine is, it is always safe, and the most delicate use it most successfully, very few cases require any other medicine, in some a little Castor Oil, or Magnesia is useful. Exercise in the open air, and light food with this medicine, will always secure a safe and easy confinement.

Beauty and Health.

Cosmetics, Chalk, and a variety of preparations generally in use, when applied to the face, very soon spoil it of its beauty. They close the pores of the skin, and check the circulation, which, when nature is not thwarted by disease or powder, or the skin inflamed by the alkalies used in soaps, beautifies its own production in the "human face Divine," as well as in the garden of rich and delicately tinted variegated flowers. A free, active and healthy circulation of the fluids, or the coursing of the pure, rich blood, to the extremities, is that which paints the countenance in the most exquisite beauty. It is that which imparts the indescribable shades and flashes of loveliness that all admire, but none can describe. This beauty is the offspring of *nature—not of powder or soap.* If there is not a free and healthy circulation, there is no beauty. If the lady is fair as driven snow, if she paints, and use cosmetics, and the blood is thick, cold and impure, she is not beautiful. If she be brown or yellow, and there is pure and active blood, it gives a rich bloom to the cheeks, and a brilliancy to their eyes that is fascinating.

This is why the southern, and especially the Spanish ladies, are so much admired. Ladies in the north, who take but little exercise, or are confined in close rooms, or have spoiled their complexion by the application of deleterious mixtures, if they wish to regain elasticity of step, buoyant spirits, sparkling eyes and beautiful complexion, they should use Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. Thousands who have tried it, are more than satisfied, are delighted. Ladies of every station crowd our office daily.

The Rev. John Seger

Of Jersey City, an old and highly respectable clergyman of the Baptist denomination, handed in the following certificate at Dr. Townsend's office. It speaks for itself.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I am constrained to give you a statement of the benefit I derived from using your Sarsaparilla, believing, by so doing, I shall render a benefit to those who are suffering as I have been. I was reduced for many months by the Dyspepsia, so much that it was with much difficulty for me to walk or keep about. I had also a tetter, which covered the most part of my head—which was extremely troublesome and sore; it got to be almost a scab. I used quite a number of remedies for both the complaints, but received little or no benefit, until I took your Sarsaparilla, which, through the kindness of Providence, has restored me to more than my usual health, as I am now enjoying better than I have for a number of years. I am now 60 years of age. I believe it to be an invaluable medicine, and recommend it to my numerous acquaintances, which is very large, as I have been a minister a great many years. I hope this hasty sketch may be as much benefit to you as your medicine has to me. JOHN SEGER, Jersey City.

July 11, 1847.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to Certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

H. P. PULING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1 1847.

AGENTS.—Redding & Co., No. 8 State street, and Mrs. E. Kidder, No. 100 Court street, Boston; Samuel Kidder, Jr., Lowell; Henry Pratt, Salem; James B. Green, Worcester; Allison & Gault, Concord; J. Balch & Son, Providence; and by Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies, and the Canadas.

The above medicine is kept on hand for sale in Stroudsburg, by

FRANCIS S. PAULI, Agent.

September 6, 1849.--1y.

Stoves! Stoves!

For sale by STOGDELL STOKES.

Stroudsburg, November 10, 1848.

TOYS.

A great variety of Toys on hand and for sale cheap at the variety store of

JOHN H MELICK.

JOB WORK
Neatly executed at this Office.

BLANK DEEDS
For sale at this Office