Pennsylvania Legislature.

JAN. 14 .- In the Senate, a number of petitions were presented, after which Mr. Lawrence read in place a bill to incorporate a Bank at Poitstown, in Montgomery county.

struction of a railway on the permanent bridge priation. at Philadelphia, and to prohibit the collection

of tolls on the said bridge. instructing the Juciciary Committee to report an amendment to the resolutions of the last legislature providing for the election of Judges, also amendments to the Constitution providing for biennial sessions of the legislature not exceeding sixty days, prohibiting any city or city and county from having more than fifteen representatives, and the legislature from passing any but general laws, and providing for the land." Passed with amendments. election of a Lieutenant Governor.

This gave rise to a debate, and was opposed by the friends of an elective judiciary as a design to defeat the amendment of the Constitution, and as being uncalled for by the people. The debate was continued all adjournment.

In the House, a great number of petitions were presented, among them one for a re-charter of the Easton Bank, and one for a new Bank at Easton.

Mr. Trone read in place a bill to prevent the sale of spirituous liquors on the Sabbath.

Mr. Killinger submitted the following : Resolved, That the Judiciary Committee be requested to inquire into the expediency of conferring the necessary jurisdiction upon the several courts of Common Pleas, of this Commonwealth, in order to enable them to take cognizance of and pass upon all applications for divorces; and that they report by bill or otherwise. Which was adopted.

The bill to allow compensation to the Auditor General and State Treasurer, as cummissioners of the Sinking and Internal Improvement Fund, (it allows them each \$300 additional salary from last sum,) was taken up; when Mr. Hoge stated that these officers had made several trips to Philadelphia at their own expense, by which they saved the State some \$30,000, and the compensation ought to be made.

Mr. Porter submitted a third section, providing for the removal of the Auditor General and Surveyor General at the pleasure of the Governor, after the 4th of May 1851. Mr. P. ex-Governor (supposing him to be democratic.) to remove those officers, who would be put in read in place by Mr. Fulton. The proposition to by the present Whig Governor.

Mr. Allison said that if the truth was told, the gentleman from Northampton, had a great aversion to any Whigs holding offices, and that the time had arrived when there was a probability of their doing so in Pennsylvania; he asked for the year and navs on the section. and it was lost-year 31, navs 56.

The bill was then read a second and third time and passed finally-yeas 72, nays 14. Jan. 15 .- In the Senate, many petitions

were presented. Mr. Forsyth, submitted the following resolu-

Resolved, That the Committee on election districts, be requested to take into consideration the propriety of authorizing the chizens of different wards and townships of the Commonwealth, to change the place of holding their elections, by vote of the people, or in such other manner as they may deem most expedient; and that they report by bill or otherwise.

The resolution was twice read and passed. after being amended so as to read,

That the Judiciary Committee be requested to examine into the report on, at as early a day as possible, the constitutionality of diviving the State into one hundred separate representative districts; each district to elect one member of the House of Representatives.

On motion of Mr. King, the Senate resumed the consideration of the preamble and resolutions relative to an amendment of the constitution submitted yesterday by Mr. M'Caslin.

Mr. Walker, holding the floor from yesterday, resumed and continued his remarks. He took up in detail, the several amendments proposed by the resolution, and opposed them all. The interests of this great Commonwealth, were too momentuous, to allow of biennial sessions of the Legislature. The powers of the courts in reference to local legislation should not be increased. They were already sufficiently onerous. We are bound to keep the courts pure, even though these halls be polluted.

Mr. W. then proceeded to reply at considerable length to the arguments urged by Senators against the original amendment providing for an elective Judiciary. He contended that it did not possess the many imperfections which the present mode of collecting taxes in the State had been alleged.

In conclusion he discussed the general principle involved in the question of an election of the Judges, and expressed his sincere hope that when the amendment was engrafted upon the constitution, it would be carefully excluded | ing all laws exempting certain property from tax-

from the arena of partizan politics. Mr. Packer next took the floor, and proceeded briefly to review the question and display its present position. He referred to its origin in the Senate; to its passage there, after a free In Caucus, the Locofocos have nominated John discussion, by a large majority; to the adverse report of the Judiciary Committee of the House, and its passage there, in the very face of that report, by a vote of sixty to twenty-five. It had then been published by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and sent forth to the people. Shortly after its passage two conventions met, composed of members of the two great parties in which the people were divided. Both had endorsed the amendment.

Mr. P. then referred to the resolution of the Senator from Greene, and strongly opposed it, on the ground that the amendment to the original bill was equivolent to defeat. If ever there was a popular question in Pennsylvania. it was this. Twenty out of thirty States of this Union had already adopted a similar provision, and in all of these States the judges were now elected by the people. It was full time that we should follow their example.

Mr. P. then read over the several clauses of the original amendment, and contended that it was properly framed and sufficiently well adapted to the object it was designed to accomplish.

In the House, a bill was passed to divide Allentown into two wards; also a bill to incorporate the Allentown water company; also a bill to incorporate the Morrisville Cemetry Association.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, stating that the amount appropriated lin, Tenn., for several weeks past. They for the purpose of publishing amendments to the Constitution made at the last session, was Mr. Brooke read a bill to prohibit the con- inadequate, and asking for an additional appro-

JAN. 16 .- In the Senate, after the transaction of some other business, Mr. Brawley offered a Mr. McCaslin introduced a set of resolutions resolution to the effect that the Senate, in conjunction with the House of Representatives, ers : proceed to the election of State Treasurer on Monday next, which was adopted. A host of nominations were then made for the office in

Mr. Lawrence moved the consideration of a bill " to restrain the sale of intoxicating liquors in the counties of Washington and Westmore-

Mr. Packer resumed his argument upon a resolution to amend the constitution. He was followed by Mr. King, who continued until the

Senate adjourned. In the House, Mr. Porter reported a bill for the election of Auditor General by the people. Mr. Pierson reported one to make perma-

nent the office of public printer. Mr. Simpson read in place a bill relative to

the election of School Directors. Mr. Pierson read in place a bill for the creation of a Sinking Fund for the use of the

Common wealth. Mr. Powell read a bill for an appropriation in

favor of the North Branch Canal. JAN. 17-In the Senate, the Joint Committee on Library made their report :-

"That at a meeting of the Joint Committee on Library on the 16th inst., Thomas C. Mc-Dowell, of Cambria county, was duly elected State Librarian for the ensuing year: that he has given the security required by an act of Assembly, and entered upon the duties of his office this day. All of which is very respectfully submitted." The report was adopted.

The proposed amendments of the Constitution were discussed by Mr. King.

In the House, the Hall, on motion, was tendered for the use of the Common School Con-

It was also resolved to meet the Senate on Monday next, to elect a State Treasurer: and nominations were made, comprising Mr. Ball

(Whig.) and a host of Locolocos. JAN. 18 .- In the Senate, petitions were presented, among them some in favor of a new bank at plained his proposition to be to enable the new | Easton, and a removal of the old one; also for an extension of the York Bank, a bill for which was

> amend the Constitution was discussed. In the House, Mr. Killinger offered a resolution requesting the Committee on Banks to enquire into the expediency of establishing the free banking

Mr. Jackson offered a resolution requiring the committee on Banks to report all those institutions which have not given notice of unclaimed dividends. The resolution was agreed to. Petitions were presented by Messrs. Porter and

Nickleson in favor of a new Bank at Easton. Nothing else of interest to our readers was done. JAN. 19.- In the Senate, numerous petitions were presented, among them several by Mr. Shimer, of Northampton, praying for a new bank at Easton, and a repeal of the \$300 exemption law. Several petitions of the latter kind have also been

presented from various quarters. Mr. Walker, from the Judiciary Committee, reported against the constitutionality of the single district system for Representatives.

Mr. Forsyth offered a resolution and preamble,

Whereas, The present system of assessing and levying taxes upon the real estate of this commonwealth, which is encumbered with judgments and The resolution of Mr. Matthias was passed mortgages on ground rents, is unequal, unjust, and oppressive, and is against the principles of our form of government, compelling a large majority of the people of this State to bear unusual and unreasonable burthens, requiring them in reality to pay State, county, corporation and other taxes upon what is, in fact, debts due by them and properly which they do not own, the same being subdirectly falls upon the party holding property thus embarrassed; the manifest consequence of which is to favor the wealthy, who have their property free from encumbrances, and to impose upon those whose circumstances compel them to borrow upon mortgage or pay ground rents. And inasmuch as the annual revenue is now amply sufficient to meet all the proper expenditures of the of the teeth for purposes of mastication and commonwealth, it is the solemn duty of the Legislature to remedy these great wrongs, that have been so patriotically submitted to for a number of

years, and revise our unequal system of taxation. Resolved, That the committee on Finance be requested to examine the present laws imposing taxes upon real and personal property in this commonwealth, and, if expedient, report a revision of the same, in such manner as will remedy the cause

The resolution was adopted, with an amendment offered by Mr. Lawrence, as follows :- And also to inquire into the expediency of changing so as to conform to the system now adopted in the

Mr. Koningmacher offered the following resolution which was adopted : Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be

instructed to inquire into the expediency of repeal-

The amendments proposed to the Constitution were discussed and the question postponed. In the House, there was nothing of importance

M. Bickle for State Treasurer.

### Something New Under the Sun.

A thieves' convention has been held in London for the purpose of adopting measures to procure an honest livelihood. Two hundred and seven avowed thieves attended. The meeting was opened with prayer and a hymn. An address was proposed to Lord Ashley, asking if any hope was presented of their obtaining an honest living in the British Colonies .-His Lordship expressed his willingness to befriend them, as it was his duty to do. He candidly told them there was little hope for them, unless they turned their attention to the back settlements of the New World.

Suggestive of levity as may be these facts, there is something serious and solemn in them. one of the thieves; 'prayer is very good, but it will not fill an empty stomach. Can any thing be more expressive of the depraving influences of the social evils of English society.

GREASY .- 'There, lke that's twice you've come home and forgotton that lard. 'Really, mother, it was so greasy that it slipped my

Wild Pigeons .- Millions of pigeons have been filling the woods for miles around Frankhave a roost several miles in extent in the edge of Hickman county, and with a torch and club the people sally forth at night and bring home their game by meal bags full.

A HARD HIT .- The Albany Dutchman per petrates the following hard hit at tobacco chew-

A chemist in New-York has just invented a substitute for tobacco, which will douptless soon supersede the weed, as it is just as nasty and a good deal cheaper.

## Jury List--Feb'y. Term, 1850.

GRAND JURORS. 1 John Heffelfinger, Ross

2 Jacob Elliot, Pocono

3 Jacob Sumney, Stroud 4 Herbert Ike, Jackson

5 Benjamin Vanhorn, Coolbaugh

6 John F. Williams, Smithfield 7 Joseph Frable, Hamilton

8 Joseph Heckman, Pocono

9 Jacob Dennis, Hamilton 10 James Posten, Jr., Smithfield

11 Abraham Mengle, Chesnuthill 12 Edward Hawk, Polk

13 Pettit B. Primrose, Middle Smithfield 14 Samuel Sox, Chesnuthill

15 William Keller, do

16 Benjamin Hanna, Jr., Middle Smithfield 17 John Edinger, Stroud

18 William Stone, do 19 Stogdell Wolf, do 20 Andrew Storm, Paradise

21 Jacob Blexley, Tobyhanna 22 Simeon Berry, Stroud

23 Elijah Depue, Middle Smithfield 24 Barnet Flyte, Ross

PETTIT JURORS. 1 Washington Winters, Tobyhanna

2 William Hunntsman, Stroud 3 Felix Storm, Chesnuthill

4 Charles Huffman, Tobyhanna 5 Joseph Wolbert, Jackson

6 Joseph Lawfer, Polk 7 Joseph Hawk, Ross

8 James Felker, Hamilton 9 Frederick Siglin, Chesnuthill 10 Daniel A. Bush, Smithfield

11 Benjamin Bush, Paridise 12 Charles Serfoss, Chesnuthill

13 Aaron Heiney, Polk 14 Andrew Serfoss, do

15 Peter Michaels, M. Smithfield 16 John Kresge, Chesnuthill,

17 Jacob G. Franiz, Ross 18 Peter Heller, Pocono

19 Charles J. Price, Price 20 Michael Zacharias, Jackson

21 Ferdinand Dutou, Pocono 22 Jacob Woodling, Jackson

23 Jacob Shoemaker, Middle Smithfield

24 Adam Kresge, Chesnuthill

25 Martin Place, Middle Smithfield 26 Peter Jones, Ross

27 Jacob Starner, Polk 28 John White, Jr., Tobyhanna

29 George Philips, Stroud 30 Jacob Slutter, Hamilton

31 Henry Smith, Ross

32 John Vanvleit, Stroud

33 John B. Bush, Stroud

34 Edward H. Walton, Stroud

35 Jacob Correll, Ross 36 Samuel Kester, Hamilton

## NOTICE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the people of this county, that he will be at David Keller's Hotel, in Stroudsburg, till the last of ject to additional tax, all of which directly or in- February next-his attention will be given principally to all operations for preserving and beautifying the natural teeth. All persons having operations performed, will also receive advice in reference to the care of the teeth, the general health, and the cure of bad breath, from whatever cause arising. The great importance speech, contributing to the charms of beauty, and when lost detracting therefrom; and, to avoid that "hell o' a' diseases," should induce especially the young to have them attended to. My practice in this county already speaks for itself. My prices are the lowest for which good service can be done-no variation, except gratis in case of the poor.

Let no unpracticed hand guide the steel, Whose polished paint must carry woe or weal. I shall be in this county often enough to atend to all matters in my profession.

O. A. JARVIS, Dental Surgeon of New York. January 24, 1850.

# PROCLAMATION.

Whereas the Hon. NATHANIEL B. ELDRED, President Judge of the 22d Judicial district of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne, and Moses W. Coolbaugh and Stogdell Stokes, Esq's., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county of Monroe, and by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery, and one and a half stories high, and a Court of General Quarter Sessions in and for FRAME STABLE. There is a good well of water the said county of Monroe, have issued their near the door, and a large quantity of limeprecept to me commanding that a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery and Orphans' Court, known at the time and place of sale, by for the said County of Monroe, to be holden at Stroudsburg, on Monday, the 25th day of February next, to continue two weeks if necessary.

#### NOTICE

Is therefore, hereby given to the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said County of Monroe, that they be then and there ready with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances Strondsburg, November 15, 1849. to do those things which to their offices are appertaining, and also that those who are bound We must steal or die, was the response of by recognizances to prosecute and give evidence against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said County of Monroe, or against the persons who stand charged with the commission of offences, to be then and there to prosecute or testify as shall be just. PETER KEMMERER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, 1 January 24, 1850. (God save the Commonwealth ) REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons interested in the estate of the respective decendents and minors, that the administration accounts of the following estates have been filed in the office of the Register of Monroe county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphan's Court, to be held at Stroudsburg, in and for the aforesaid county, on Monday, the 25th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Account of John T. Bell, acting administrator of the estate of Margaret Thomas, late of

Smithfield township, deceased. First and final account of Peter Lander, administrator of the estate of Frederick Michiley,

late of Price township, deceased. Final account of Peter Butz, administrator of the estate of Michael Butz, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

Account of John Vanyliet, administrator of the estate of Joseph Vanyliet, late of Stroud township deceased. Account of Henry Smith, administrator of

the estate of Aaron Yetter, late of Middle Smithfield township, deceased. SAMUEL REES, Jr. Register, Register's office, Stroudsburg, ?

Auditor's Notice.

January, 24, 1850.

In the Orphans' Court of Monroe County.

In the matter of the account of Richard S Staples, administrator of the Estate of William Staples, deceased.

The undersigned, auditor, appointed to audit, re-settle and make distribution in the above matter, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Dimmick & Dreher, in the borough of Stroudsburg, on Saturday, the 16th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. when and where all persons are required to present their claims or else be debarred from coming in for a share of the assets in the administrator's hands.

SAMUELS. DREHER, Auditor. January 17, 1850.

#### TWO FARMS FOR SALE.

The subsciber offers at private sale two valuable farms, situate in Stroud township, Monroe county, Pa., about 2 miles from the Borough of Strodsburg, county seat of Monroe .-

179 Acres,

grafted fruit trees, and an excellent mill seat. The other contains

100 Acres. 25 of which is cleared and a portion of it mead-

ALSO a Dwelling House

and upwards of 20 acres in the Borough of Stroudsburg The above are offered for sale on reasonable

terms. For further particulars apply to JOHN PALMER. Stroudsburg, January 17, 1850.

Dissolution of Partnership. The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stokes & Staples, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1850. The Books, Notes, &c. are in the hands of R. S. Staples, for settlement; and

> STOGDELL STOKES, RICHARD S. STAPLES.

## NOTICE.

a short time.

The undersigned, having purchased the entire stock of goods of Stokes & Staples, and having just received from the city a fresh and full supply of Dry Goods, Groceries Hardware, &c., &c., hereby respectfully inform the public that they will continue the Mercantile business at the old stand - where they will be happy to see their friends-and hope, by strict attention to business, and at all times by keeping a good and cheap assortment of goods, to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm.

ABRAHAM BUSH, DANIEL STAPLES. Stroud-burg, January 17, 1850.

### ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Monroe, the following Real Estate, formerly of Jacob Felker, late of Hamilton township, in said county, deceased, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, on Saturday the 9th day of February next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage or tenement and tract or piece of land, situate in said township of Hamilton, adoining lands of Melchoir Bossard, Jacob Shafer, Simon Heller and others, containing about

EIGHT ACRES. more or less, the whole of which is in a good state of cultivation.

The improvements are a

cooking Stoves for sale at

Log Mouse,

stone on the premises. The terms and conditions will be made

JOHN FELKER. Administrator. By the Court M. H. DREHER, Clerk,

January 10, 1850 New Stoves. A new and large assertment of Parlour and

G. MALVEN'S Cheap Store.

Country Produce. Butter, Eggs, &c. taken in exchange for any goods in my line of business. JOHN H. MEKICK. Stroudsburg, January 1, 1849.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office. BLANK MORTGAGES

For sale at this Office!

DISSOLUTION

The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Stogdell Stokes & Son, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of January, 1850. The Books, Notes, &c., have been left in the hands of Stogdell Stokes, who is duly authorized to settle and receipt for the same All persons indebted are requested to call and make payment without delay.

STOGDELL STOKES, JOHN N. STOKES.

The Mercantile business will be continued by the undersigned, at the old stand, where he will be ready and happy to see his friends, and hopes by strict attention to business, and by at all times keeping a good and cheap assortment of GOODS, to metit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the firm. JOHN N. STOKES.

#### January 10, 1850. STROUDSBURG ACADEMY.

All the common and higher English branches, Mathematics, Natural Sciences,-the Latin, Greek, French, German Languages, &c., taught by experienced, well-qualified and successful Teachers. The whole expense for board, tuition, lights, fuel, &c. per session of 22 weeks \$50 only. Terms for day scholars from \$2 50 to \$8.00, (according to studies pursued) for a term of 11 weeks. Circulars, terms, testimonials, references, &c. on application to

Stroudsburg Female Seminary.

WILLIAM S. POST, Principal.

The course of instruction as thorough and complete as at any other Female Institution in the United States. The whole expense for board, tuition, lights, fuel &c. \$45 only. Terms for day Scholars from \$2.00 to \$8.00 (according to studies pursued) for a term of 11 weeks. Circulars, terms, testimonials, references, &c. on application to

Books, stationary, &c. furnished at trade

Stroudsburg is 3 miles from Delaware Water Gap, 27 from Easton, 33 from Milford, 35 from Mauch Chunk, 50 from Honesdale, 50 from Wilkesbarre, 18 from Belvidere, N. J., 30 from Newton N. J., 80 from New York and 80 from Philadelphia, and of easy access to all of these places. A more romantic, healthy part of the with a new dwelling house, barn, Orchard of country cannot be found in the United States than that in which is located Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pa.



The testimony in its favor is overwhelming. all persons indebted to the firm are respect. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters fully requested to call and make settlement, im- and certificates, going to prove its remarkable mediately, as he intends to leave the place in efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend and prescribe it in their practice.

> The retail price is 25 cents per vial, which brings it within the means of all. Brooklyn, L. I. January 16, 1847. I do cerufy that I gave one bottle of B. A.

> Fahnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson streets. JAMES McCAFFREY. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844. I certify, that I took two vials of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the

greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I

have been troubled with tape worms for a num-

ber of years, and I have never found so good a

medicine as B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it. MARTHA CLIFT. The public is cautioned against counterfeits and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kolmstock's" and "S. Fahnestock's" Vermifuge are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A.

FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. SCHOCH, March 15. 1849 .- eowly.

STROUDSBURG ACADEMY. The Spring Session of the Stroudsburg A. cademy will open on Monday, the 9th of April

The principal hopes by properly and seasonably imparting instruction to the young, patient endurance in moral training, and unweated diligence in the various branches of his profession, to merit and obtain that patronage and support which the arduous duties of an instructor demand.

Terms: READING, WRITING and ARITHMETIC per quarter of 12 weeks GRAMMAR and GEOGRAPHY, with the use of the globes and maps, ALGEBRA, ASTRONOMY, BOTANY, MEN-

SURATION, BOOK-KEEPING, PHILOSO. PHY, &c. LATIN and GREEK, for beginners 3 50 All pupils charged from the time they enter until the end of the quarter, except in cases of sick-

THOMAS HARRIS. Stroudsburg, March 29, 1849. Principal.

#### Oysters! Oysters!! The undersigned has just opened an oyster shop at his residence, to Franklin street, near

the Court House, where he will have constantly on hand the best quality of prime oysters, prepared in every style. He has also a private room for the accommodation of Ladies. The public generally are respectfully invited to give him a call. DAVID STARNER. Stroudsburg, December 13, 1849