

DIED.

In Easton on Saturday evening last, after an illness of a few weeks, Charles Whitzell, son of the late Henry Witzell, aged 37 years, 3 months and 7 days. He was interred at the Forks township grave-yard on Tuesday last.

To the Voters of Monroe county.

Fellow-citizens: I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of COUNTY AUDITOR, at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your support. Should you favor me with a majority of your votes, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office promptly. Very respectfully,
CHARLES M. HINTON.
Stroud township, Sept. 27, 1849.

To the Voters of Monroe County.

Fellow citizens: At the solicitation of numerous friends I offer myself as a candidate for the office of **County Commissioner** at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I be elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties of the office with fidelity, and to the best of my ability. JACOB FRANTZ.
Ross township, Sept 27, 1849.

To the Voters of Monroe county.

Fellow-citizens: I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of **County Commissioner**, at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your votes. Should I be elected, you can rely upon my discharging the duties of said office with fidelity. WILLIAM P. STONE.
Stroud township, Sept. 13, 1849.

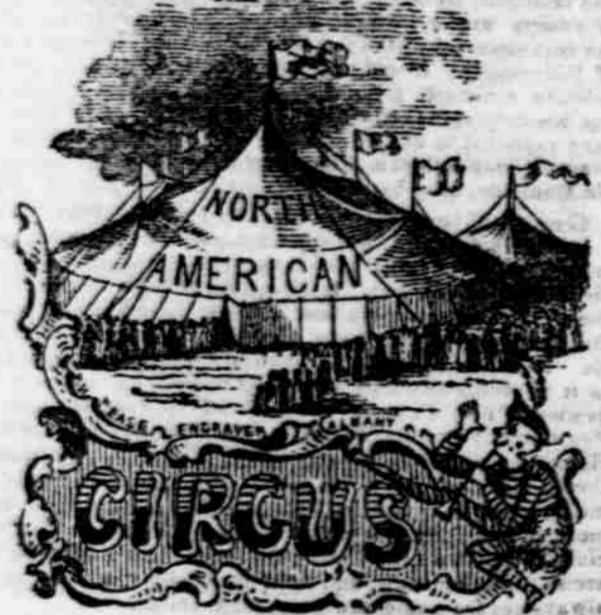
To the Voters of Monroe county.

Fellow-citizens: At the solicitation of my friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of **County Treasurer**, at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your support. Should I be fortunate enough to receive a majority of your votes, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and with fidelity. CHARLES FETHERMAN.
Hamilton, September 13, 1849.*

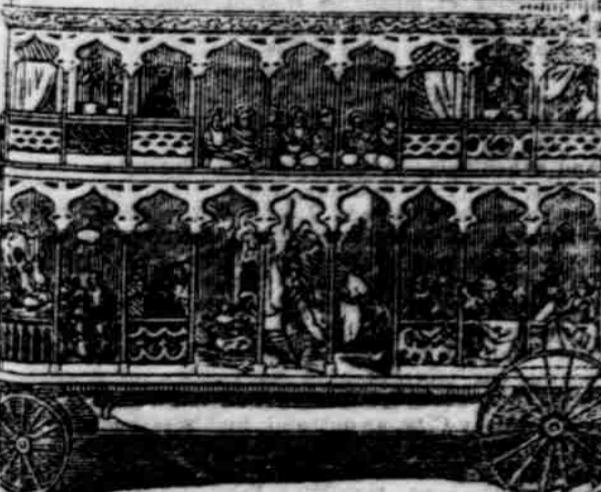
To the Voters of Monroe county.

Fellow-Citizens: I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of **County Treasurer**, at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I be favored with a majority of your suffrages, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office personally, faithfully, and to the best of my ability. DAVID KELLER.
Stroudsburg, September 6, 1849.

SPALDING & ROGERS



Admission 25 Cents only. The characteristic features of this great establishment, which appear to have absorbed the most of the novelty and variety of entertainment extant, can be only briefly enumerated in the limits of an advertisement. The APOLLONICON, by far the most stupendous musical project of the age, composed of over 1000 distinct instruments, more powerful than a band of 50 musicians, and drawn by 40 Horses in procession, will constitute the Orchestra during the entertainment.



An entire and effective Dramatic Company, under the direction of H. F. Nichols, Proprietor of the Adelphi Theatre, Washington, D. C., is attached to the Troupe, for the purpose of getting up every night the grand Harlequin and Patriotic Spectacles of GEN. WASHINGTON, "OLD PUT," and "MAD ANTHONY WAYNE," reviving reminiscences of those "times that tried men's souls," commemorating some of the most stirring and interesting Revolutionary incidents, the gallant deeds of the Heroes of '76, and concluding with a grand National Tableau of Gen. Washington mounted on a noble chariot, borne on the shoulders of his brave continentals. The accession of the CARLO TROUPE, under the charge of the great Italian Trick Clown, Signor FELIX CARLO, known throughout Europe as the sign of 1000 Tricks, and more renowned probably than any variety that has ever perambulated the country, and a singularly talented Troupe of Equerists, in every department of the business, viz: Messrs S. J. ROGERS, W. W. NICHOLS, E. PERRY, J. McFARLAND, H. F. NICHOLS, G. O. KNAPP, T. YOUNG, &c. &c.; Messrs GILBERT CARLO, PERRY, CLARENCE, &c. &c.; Messrs H. F. NICHOLS, KNAPP, PERRY, Miss DELAMONTE, &c. &c. altogether rendering this double company as much in advance of all other establishments in the numbers and talents of the Troupe, as in the extent and elegance of the outfit.

Will exhibit at **STROUDSBURG**, on Tuesday October 9th. Doors open at 11 and 6 1-2 P. M. Also at **EASTON** October 8th. **BUSHKILL** "10th." G. F. CONNER, Agent.
September 27, 1849.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of John Rouse,

Late of Hamilton tsp., Monroe Co., Pa., dec'd.

Letters testamentary upon the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that he will meet at the late residence of the deceased, in Hamilton township, on Saturday the 27th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement. GEORGE ROUSE, Executor.
Smithfield township, Aug. 23, 1849. 6t.

BLANK DEEDS

For sale at this Office.

Printers and Publishers

Of Newspapers are informed that the subscribers are extensively engaged in the manufacture of PRINTING INK of every color and quality, which they know to be equal to any manufactured and which they will sell at the lowest prices for Cash. As they are determined that their INK shall recommend itself, they only solicit ONE TRIAL of it, relying upon its merits for future patronage. Their Colored Inks are warranted superior to any manufactured. A circular containing prices, &c., will be sent to those who desire it. Orders for Cash on City Agents accepted.

IF Publishers of Newspapers inserting this advertisement to the amount of \$2 and sending us a copy of paper, by remitting \$5 at any time will receive a 30 lb keg of EXTRA News Ink. ADAMS & CO., Steam Printing Ink Works, Phila. Agents for the sale of new and second hand Printing Materials. Sept. 20, 1849.

General Election PROCLAMATION.



Whereas, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act regulating the General Elections within the said Commonwealth," passed on the 2nd day of July, 1839, it is made the duty of the High Sheriff of every county, to give public notice of such elections to be holden, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected. Therefore, I, PETER KEMMERER High Sheriff of the county of Monroe, do make known by this proclamation to the Electors of the county of Monroe, that a General Election will be held in the said county, on Tuesday, the 9th day of October next, at the several election districts below enumerated, at which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Monroe,

One Person

For Canal Commissioner of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person

To represent the counties composing the VIIIth Senatorial district, comprising Schuylkill, Carbon, Monroe and Pike, in the Senate of the State of Pennsylvania.

Three Persons

To represent the district composed of the counties of Monroe and Northampton in the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania.

One Person

For County Treasurer, for the county of Monroe.

One Person

For Commissioner of the county of Monroe.

One Person

For Auditor of the public accounts of the county of Monroe, to serve three years.

The freemen of the township of Chestnut Hill are to hold their election at the house of Felix Storm, in said township.

Coolbaugh—at the house of John Vliet, in said township.

Hamilton—at the house of Joseph Keller, in said township.

Middle Smithfield—at the house of Adam Mosier in said township.

Poccano—at the house now in the occupancy of Manasseh Miller, in said township.

Paradise—at the house of David Eninger, in said township.

Polk—at the house of Adam Bowman, in said township.

Price—at the house of Eleazer Price, in said township.

Ross—at the house of Joseph Hawk, in said township.

Smithfield at the house of Benjamin V. Bush, in said township.

Stroud—at the Court House in the borough of Stroudsburg.

Tobyhanna—at the house of Washington Wintles, late Joseph Fritz, in said township.

Jackson—at the house of Henry Kester, in said township.

Notice is Hereby Given

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this state or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this state, of the United States, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the state legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this commonwealth" passed

July 2d 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before nine o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected as judge shall not attend, the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of the several assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special, or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors, and judge when called upon in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters as the said inspectors or either of them, from time to time require.

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty one years or more who shall have resided in the state at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days, immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a state or county tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before this election.— But a citizen of the United States who shall have previously been a qualified voter of this state, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this state six months: Provided, That the white freemen, citizens of the United States between the age of twenty-one and twenty two years, who have resided in the election district aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes.

"No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, First, he produced a receipt for the payment, within two years, of state or county tax, assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation, or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof; or Second, if he claim a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he has resided in the state at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the accounts given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and give such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax" if he shall have been admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax, or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of; such vote shall be called out to the clerks who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

"In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote whether found thereon or not is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such persons on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided in the state for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has passed within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding the election, and shall also himself swear that his bonafide residence in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

"Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of his residence and payment of taxes, as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act, from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with, in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain freedom of choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to court that the person so offending was not a resident of

the city, ward, district or township, where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to a vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by written or printed advertisements, challenges or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election in this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall on conviction, be fined in any amount not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote rise and procure another so to do, be or they offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any term not less than 3 nor more than 12 months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this commonwealth, agreeable to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote he shall on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence; and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

Agreeably to the provisions of the sixty-first section of said act, every General and Special Election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls will be closed.

And the Judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are by the said act required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Stroudsburg, on the third day after the said day of Election, being Friday, the 12th day of October, then and there to perform the things required of them by law.

(GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH)
PETER KEMMERER,
Sheriff's office, Stroudsburg, } Sheriff.
September 6, 1849. }

RESOLUTION
Relative to an Amendment of the CONSTITUTION.

RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows. The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large. The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges. And the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years if they shall so long behave themselves well: (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election.) The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: The Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth next after the adoption of this amendment, and the commissions of all the judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows: one of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years; the term of each to be decided by lot by the said judges as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance thereto. The judge whose commission will first expire shall be Chief Justice during his term, and thereafter each judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be the Chief Justice, and if two or more commissions shall expire on the same day, the judges holding them shall decide by lot which shall be the Chief Justice. Any vacancies happening by death, resignation, or

otherwise, in any of the said courts, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of December succeeding the next general election. The Judges of the Supreme Court, and the Presidents of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive for their services an adequate compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth, or under the government of the United States, or any other State of this Union. The Judges of the Supreme Court during their continuance in office shall reside within this Commonwealth, and the other Judges during their continuance in office shall reside within the district or county for which they were respectively elected.

WILLIAM F. PACKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. DARSIE,
Speaker of the Senate.

IN THE SENATE, March 1, 1849.
Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 21, Nays 8.

Extract from the Journal.
SAML. W. PEARSON, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }
April 2, 1849. }
Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 58, Nays 25.

Extract from the Journal.
WM. JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
A. L. RUSSELL,
Dep. Sec. of Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
PENNSYLVANIA, ss:
I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Original Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office at Harrisburg, this eleventh day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.
TOWSEND HAINES,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

"JOURNAL OF SENATE."
"Resolution, No. 188, entitled 'Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution,' was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the resolution? The Yeas and Nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Boas, Brawley, Crabb, Cunningham, Forsyth, Hugs, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Mason, Matthias, McCaslin, Rich, Richards, Sadler, Sahkey, Sagery, Small, Smiser, Sterrett and Stine—21.

"NAYS—Messrs. Best, Drum, Frick, Ives, King, Konigsmacher, Pottelget and Darsie, Speaker—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative."

"JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES."
"Shall the resolution pass? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the tenth article of the Constitution, and are as follow, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Gideon J. Ball, David J. Bent, Craig Biddle, Peter D. Bloom, David M. Bole, Thomas K. Bull, Jacob Cori, John H. Diehl, Nathaniel A. Elliott, Joseph Emery, David G. Ashleman, William Evans, John Fausold, Samuel Fegely, Joseph W. Fisher, Henry M. Fuller, Thos. Grove, Robert Hampton, George P. Henzley, Thomas J. Herring, Joseph Higgins, Chas. Horst, Joseph B. Howe, Robert Klotz, Harrison P. Laird, Abraham Lambertson, James J. Lewis, James W. Long, Jacob McCarty, John F. McCulloch, Hugh McKee, John McLaughlin, Adam Martin, Samuel Marx, John C. Myers, Edward Nickleson, Stewart Pearce, James Porter, Henry C. Pratt, Alonzo Robb, George Rupley, Theodore Ryan, Bernard S. Schoonover, Samuel Seibert, John Sharp, Christian Sirely, Thomas C. Steel, Jeremiah B. Stubbs, Josi J. Stutzman, Marshall Swartzwelder, Samuel Taggart, Geo. T. Thorn, Nicholas Thorn, Aronah Watkins, Samuel Weirich, Alonzo I. Wilcox, Daniel Zerby and William F. Packer, Speaker—58.

"NAYS—Messrs. Augustus K. Cornyn, David M. Courtney, David Evans, Henry S. Evans, John Fenlon, John W. George, Thomas Gillespie, John B. Gordon, Wm. Henry, James J. Kirk, Joseph Laubach, Robert R. Little, John S. McCalmont, John McKee, William M. Sherry, Josiah Miller, William T. Morrison, John A. Otto, William Y. Roberts, John W. Roseberry, John B. Rutherford, R. Rundle Smith, John Smyth, John Souder, Geo. Walters and David F. Williams—26.

So the question was determined in the affirmative."

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, June 15, 1849.

PENNSYLVANIA, ss:
I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays," taken on the "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1849.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWSEND HAINES,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth
Harrisburg, July 5, 1849.—June