

The Harvest.

From all sections of the surrounding country we have accounts of the harvest now being gathered.

The Hagerstown News says that the harvest in that vicinity bids fair to be the longest and most tedious for many years, the grain being much down and a great scarcity of laborers. The St. Mary's Beacon says the farmers are at work, and the yield of wheat will be average one.

The Cambridge Chronicle says the harvest commenced, and that Dorchester may be confidently put down as yielding an average crop.

The Harrisburg (Va) Register, says that the farmers are busy, and that the crop of wheat is a good one, both in quality and quantity. The corn crop also presents an exceedingly promising appearance; and the crop of grass more than an average one.

The Martinsburg (Va.) Chronicle says:—Our farmers are now busily engaged in cutting one of the best crops of wheat ever raised in Berkeley county. The late sown wheat is the best. In the adjoining counties the crops will be more than an average one."

A Motley Croup.

A correspondent of the New York Express writing from the Gold Region, says they have had times "at the diggings, where all the world has its representatives! Oval faced miners, greasy Sandwich Islanders, "whole namer" men from "54 40,"—skinfint Yankees, from down east; chivalrous gentlemen from "off South;" Hoosiers, Buckeyes, and negroes, from out West. Here, too, without number, are the subjects of her Britannic Majesty, cheek by jowl with the people who come from the territories of the King of the Cannibal Islands. All are scraping and scratching away, so many hens on a dung hill; all the languages are spoken, and taught; about every region under the sun has its devotees, but all are down before the shrine of Mammon, the god that has the sincerest and most enthusiastic worshippers—next to the Golden Calif."

Financial Condition of Canada.

The finances of the Provinces appear to be in a very bad condition. According to the Quebec Gazette, they may be briefly stated as follows: The interest of the public debt of the Province is £2000,000 per annum; the expenditures for 1848 amounted to £414,177; total expenditures is, therefore, £614,177; revenue return for 1848 is only £379,745 81; the deficit is therefore, upwards of £200,000. There is no prospect that the year 1849, when its accounts of receipts and expenditures come to be made up, will present a more favorable picture.

Gold Fish in the Hudson.

The gold fish, originally from China, and hitherto chiefly known in ornamental ponds or glass globes in this country, has become quite naturalized in the Hudson river, near Newburg. Fishermen have caught specimens from eight to ten inches long, both in the Hudson itself and in the mouth of Matteawan creek, which empties into the Hudson near Newburg. A few were thrown into the creek about ten years ago, and they have so multiplied as to fairly block the creek and river in that vicinity.

Santa Anna.

El Arco-Iris contains an article on Santa Anna, in which the luckless Ex-Dictator is charged with the design of returning to Mexico, and of resuming his lost power. This he is said to contemplate by recruiting eight hundred or one thousand men in the United States, under the pretext of going to seek for gold in California, will be permitted to land on the coast, somewhere on the coast. Here they are to facilitate the disembarkation of Santa Anna, who will then make a pronouncement, return Herrera's government, and re-establish himself Dictator. The eight hundred or one thousand Americans are to be retained by Santa Anna as his body guard, and by their help and that of the Puros and the Monarchs, he will succeed in enslaving the nation.

Gen. Taylor's Tour.

It is said that the President will leave Washington on his tour to the North, about the middle of August. He will proceed from Baltimore to York, and visit Lancaster, Harrisburg, Chambersburg, and the Bedford Springs, Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg. He will then pass through Ohio to Cleveland, where he will embark for Buffalo, and will be at the New-York State Agricultural Fair at Syracuse, on the 10th. From Albany he will proceed to Boston, and after visiting the capitals of New Hampshire and Maine, will return South via Providence, New-York and Philadelphia, his purpose being to reach Washington about the close of September.

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst., by Daniel Jayne, Esq., Mr. CHARLES HINTON, and EMILY STONE, both of Loud township, Monroe county, Pa.

JEALOUSY AMONG THE LADIES.—The Ladies are all Jealous of Clickener's Sugar-coated Pills, for heretofore they (the ladies) flattered themselves that they were the only medicine nature which was at the same time sweet to the lips and reviving to the heart. In fact it is a cure to be sick now-a-days, the pleasure is so great of being made whole again by Clickener's Sugar-coated Purgative Pills, they being adapted to all constitutions, and their operations unattended with nausea, pain, or gripe.

For sale by T. Schoch, who is the only authorized agent for Stroudsburg; see advertisement for agencies in another column.

LATEST PRICES CURRENT AT THE MINES.—

A California correspondent of the Tribune, under date of May 9, gives the following as the quotations from the latest Price Current published at the Mines:

"Potatoes, per pound, \$1 50; Butter, (or dirty grease, called butter, merely out of courtesy, \$1 50 per lb.; Eggs, when they can be obtained at all, \$1 each."

A pistol, which cost me \$7 in New York, I sold for \$45 at the diggings; and a pair of boots, which I had worn for six months, for \$20.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Penn'a, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Joseph Friuz, in Tobyhanna township, on

Thursday the 2d day of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit: A certain tract of land in Tobyhanna township, adjoining lands of Jacob Sox, Henry Fisher, and others, containing about

Four Hundred Acres,

more or less, about 20 acres cleared, all Meadow. The improvements are one

Log House and Log Stable, and other out buildings. An excellent stream of water passes through the same.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William Adams, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER,

Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } Sheriff.
July 5, 1849.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of testatem venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Carbon county, Penn'a, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Jacob W. Kresge, in Polk township, on

Friday the 3d day of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit: A certain tract of land situate in Polk township, in the County of Monroe, adjoining lands of John Mackes, John Serfass, and others, containing

Eighty Acres,

more or less. The improvements are a

LOG HOUSE

two stories high, and a Frame Barn; about seventy acres cleared, an Orchard and other Fruit Trees. Twenty acres of meadow, more or less, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles Christman, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER,

Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } Sheriff.
July 5, 1849.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Penn'a, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Manassah Miller, in Pocono township, on

Tuesday the 7th day of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit: A tract of land situate in Pocono township, containing

Fifty-Three Acres,

more or less, adjoining lands of Charles Anglemoyer, John Learn, and others. The improvements are a

LOG HOUSE.

LOG COOPER SHOP, LOG STABLE. Six Acres of cleared Land, and one acre of Meadow.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Reuben Miller, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER,

Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } Sheriff.
July 5, 1849.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, Penn'a, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the public house of Manassah Miller, in Pocono township, on

Tuesday the 7th day of August next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property, to wit: A tract of land situate in Pocono township, containing

Fifty-Eight Acres,

20 acres cleared, more or less, about 3 acres of meadow, adjoining lands of John Daily, Joseph Possinger, and others. The improvements are one

Log House and Log Stable, and an excellent spring of water near the door.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Zacharias, and to be sold by me.

PETER KEMMERER,

Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } Sheriff.
July 5, 1849.

A CARD.

Dr. V. M. Swayze, Surgeon Dentist. Announces to the citizens of Stroudsburg and vicinity, that he intends visiting that place on the 1st of August next, and will remain about three weeks, during which time he will be happy to wait upon all those who may be desirous of obtaining his professional services. His acquaintance with the people, and his well known reputation as a Dentist, it is hoped will serve as a sufficient recommendation to all who may require his services.
June 7, 1849.

RESOLUTION

Relative to an Amendment of the CONSTITUTION.

RESOLVED by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows. The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large. The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges. And the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years if they shall so long behave themselves well: (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election.) The President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: The Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well: all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth next after the adoption of this amendment, and the commissions of all the judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows: one of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years; the term of each to be decided by lot by the said judges as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance thereto. The judge whose commission will first expire shall be Chief Justice during his term, and thereafter each judge whose commission shall first expire shall in turn be the Chief Justice, and if two or more commissions shall expire on the same day, the judges holding them shall decide by lot which shall be the Chief Justice. Any vacancies happening by death, resignation, or otherwise, in any of the said courts, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor, to continue till the first Monday of December succeeding the next general election. The Judges of the Supreme Court, and the Presidents of the several Courts of Common Pleas shall, at stated times, receive for their services an adequate compensation, to be fixed by law, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, but they shall receive no fees or perquisites of office, nor hold any other office of profit under this Commonwealth, or under the government of the United States, or any other State of this Union. The Judges of the Supreme Court during their continuance in office shall reside within this Commonwealth, and the other Judges during their continuance in office shall reside within the district or county for which they were respectively elected.

WILLIAM F. PACKER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

GEO. DARSIE,
Speaker of the Senate.

IN THE SENATE, March 1, 1849.

Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 21, Nays 8.

Extract from the Journal.

SAML. W. PEARSON, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, }
April 2, 1849.

Resolved, That this resolution pass.—Yeas 58, Nays 26.

Extract from the Journal.

WM. JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

Filed April 5, 1849.

A. L. RUSSELL,
Dep. Sec. of Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Original Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "Resolution relative to an Amendment of the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand, and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office at Harrisburg, this eleventh day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWSEND HAINES,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

"JOURNAL OF SENATE.

"Resolution, No. 188, entitled 'Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution,' was read a third time. On the question, will the Senate agree to the resolution? The Yeas and Nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Boas, Brawley, Crabb, Cunningham, Forsyth, Hugus, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Mason, Matthias, McCaslin, Rich, Richards, Sadler, Sankey, Savery, Small, Smiser, Sterrett and Stine—21.

NAYS—Messrs. Best, Drum, Frick, Ives, King, Konigmacher, Ponceiger and Darsie, Speaker—8.

So the question was determined in the affirmative."

"JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

"Shall the resolution pass? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the tenth article of the Constitution, and are as follow, viz:

"YEAS—Messrs. Gideon J. Ball, David J. Bent, Craig Kiddle, Peter D. Bloom, David M. Bole, Thomas K. Bull, Jacob Cort, John H. Diehl, Nathaniel A. Elliott, Joseph Emery, David G. Ashleman, William Evans, John Fausold, Samuel Pegely, Joseph W. Fisher, Henry M. Fuller, Thos. Grove, Robert Hampson, George P. Henszey, Thomas J. Herring, Joseph Higgins, Chas. Hertz, Joseph B. Hower, Robert Klotz, Harrison P. Laird, Abraham Lambertson, James J. Lewis, James W. Long, Jacob McCarty, John F. McCulloch, Hugh M'Kee, John M'Laughlin, Adam Martin, Samuel Marx, John C. Myers, Edward Nickleson, Stewart Pearce, James Porter, Henry C. Pratt, Alonzo Robb, George Rupley, Theodore Ryan, Bernard S. Schoonover, Samuel Seibert, John Sharp, Christian Snively, Thomas C. Steel, Jeremiah B. Stubbs, Jos. J. Sutzman, Marshall Swartzwelder, Samuel Taggart, Geo. T. Thorn, Nicholas Thotr, Arunah Watles, Samuel Weirich, Alonzo I. Wilcox, Daniel Zerbel and William F. Packer, Speaker—58.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustus K. Cornyn, David M. Courtney, David Evans, Henry S. Evans, John Fenlon, John W. George, Thomas Gillespie, John B. Gordon, Wm. Henry, James J. Kirk, Joseph Laubach, Robert R. Little, John S. McCalmont, John M'Kee, William M'Sherry, Josiah Miller, William T. Morrison, John A. Otto, William Y. Roberts, John W. Roseberry, John B. Rutherford, R. Rundle Smith, John Smyth, John Souder, Geo. Walters and David F. Williams—26.

So the question was determined in the affirmative."

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

Harrisburg, June 15, 1849.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I DO CERTIFY that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays," taken on the "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution," as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, for the session of 1849.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

TOWSEND HAINES,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

Harrisburg, July 5, 1849.—3mo.

MYERS' LIQUID CURE,
A positive and never-failing remedy for PILES,

whether Internal, External, Blind or Bleeding, Scrofula, White Swellings, Ulcers, and Ulcerated Sore Throat, Canker Sore Mouth, Rheumatism, Cutaneous Diseases, Mercurial Affections, &c.

Also—For Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, &c. We feel justified in proclaiming the fact to the world that of all medicines ever brought before the public none have ever been more beneficial to afflicted humanity than "Myers' Liquid Cure." We know that this is saying a great deal, but if we were to write Volumes, we could not say too much in praise of this.

Health-restoring, Life-prolonging Remedy. Hundreds, say thousands, bless the happy hour when first they were made acquainted with its transcendent virtues; and our present purpose is to inform other thousands, how and where they may obtain that relief, which they perhaps, have long sought for in vain.

The superior excellence of this preparation over all other medicines for the speedy and permanent cure of PILES is well known to all who have tested it. It has been proved in thousand of instances, and has NEVER FAILED to cure the most obstinate cases, and we are confident it never will fail if used a proper length of time according to directions. As a proof of our entire confidence in its efficacy, we assure all purchasers that, if, after a proper trial, it prove ineffectual, the Money paid for it will be returned.

The "Liquid Cure" is an effectual Remedy for Ringworms, Bites, Pimples, Barber's Itch, Frosted Limbs, Chilblains, Salt Rheum, Musquito Bites, Stings of Poisonous Insects, &c., and for Cutaneous Diseases of every description.

It is both safe and effectual for Rheumatism, giving immediate and permanent relief.

No preparation now before the Public can surpass the excellence of the "Liquid Cure" for Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, &c.

Its effects as a REAL PAIN KILLER are MAGICAL.

Every Family in the land should provide themselves with this invaluable preparation, the cheapness of which places it within the reach of all.

Full directions accompany each bottle. Pamphlets, containing copies of certificates from those who have tested the "Liquid Cure," may be had gratis of our authorized agent, "Myers' Liquid Cure" is prepared only by

JEROME & Co. 21 Spruce street, N. Y.

Theodore Schoch, Agent for Stroudsburg.

John Lander, Agent, Craig's Meadow's.

June 7, 1849.

CAMP MEETING.

By Divine permission a Camp Meeting will be held in Cherry Valley, on Stroudsburg Circuit, to commence on Monday the 27th of August, and close on the following Saturday morning. Preachers and people of adjoining Circuits and Stations are cordially invited to attend.

M. H. SISTY.

P. S.—No hucksters or traffic of any kind will be allowed within the prescribed limits of the law.

Stroudsburg, June 28, 1849.

APPLETON'S GREAT CENTRAL CHEAP BOOK STORE,

164 Chesnut Street, Corner of Seventh, Swaim's Buildings, PHILADELPHIA.

Knowing the wants of the community, the Proprietor of this Establishment has fitted up a Store in the most elegant manner, having due regard to the comfort of his customers, so that every Stranger visiting his Book Store, may feel entirely at home.

His Immense Stock of Books is classified according to the various Departments of Literature, so that visitors can find the Books they are in search of for themselves. Buying his Stock for the most part at the AUCTION SALES, and being connected with one of the LARGEST PUBLISHING HOUSES in this country, besides publishing largely himself, enables him to sell ALL BOOKS at

Lower Prices than any other house of a similar character on this continent. His facilities for the IMPORTATION OF BOOKS from Europe are unsurpassed, having a Branch of his Establishment in London, where orders of private gentlemen are carefully executed and forwarded to this Country by every STEAMER and Packet.

A Catalogue of Books with the prices attached is issued quarterly, containing Lists of New Additions made to his large collection, which are in all cases for sale at the

Lowest Prices, or, from 25 to 75 per cent, below Publishers' Prices. Thus in buying even a Few Books, quite a considerable amount is saved.

As a still further

Inducement to strangers visiting the city, every one who purchases One Dollar's worth of Books, will receive a copy of the

STRANGER IN PHILADELPHIA, an elegant 18mo. volume, the price of which is 25 cents.

The limits of an advertisement are too confined to enumerate the prices of any of the Books, or to give even a faint idea of the IMMENSE ADVANTAGES to be derived from purchasing at the GREAT CENTRAL CHEAP BOOK STORE, but let all who are in search of Books send for a Catalogue, and buy the Books they are in want of, and when visiting the city, give Appleton one call, and you will be sure to CALL AGAIN.

Stationery in all its branches, furnished at the LOWEST PRICES. The Initials of those purchasing Letter and Note Paper, neatly stamped in the corner, without charge.

Orders for any article may be sent by mail, addressed to the Proprietor, and the directions in all cases will be fully carried out, with great punctuality and despatch.

Orders for Catalogues should be pre-paid. GEO. S. APPLETON, Bookseller, Publisher, Importer, and Stationer, 164 Chesnut St., cor. of Seventh, Swaim's Building.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10, 1849. 3mo.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS.

The testimony in its favor is overwhelming. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters and certificates, going to prove its remarkable efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend and prescribe it in their practice.

The retail price is 25 cents per vial, which brings it within the means of all.

Brooklyn, L. I. January 16, 1847.

I do certify that I gave one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson streets. JAMES McCAFFREY.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844.

I certify, that I took two vials of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I have been troubled with tape worms for a number of years, and I have never found so good a medicine as B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it. MARTHA CLIFT.

The public is cautioned against counterfeit and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kohlstock's" and "S. Fahnestock's" Vermifuge are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. SCHOCH, Agent. March 15, 1849.—cow ly.