

"Well, here is her portrait," handling her a miniature case. She touched a spring and it flew open, and in a little mirror, she saw her own face! Now the crimson came over her beautiful face, and the tears came thick and fast, and she trembled; but I believe she survived the shock; for the last time I was that way, I saw the conscientious young lawyer and his charming wife living at Elm Glen; and I heard them speak of his first law suit!



## JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Thursday, March 1, 1849.

**Court.**—The February term of the several Courts of Monroe county, was commenced at Stroudsburg on Monday last. The proceedings will be laid before our readers next week.

### Ohio U. S. Senator.

The Ohio Legislature on the 23d inst. elected Salmon P. Chase, a U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of this month, in place of Mr. Allen, whose term expires. Mr. Allen was the Locofoco candidate, Mr. Chase is a Free Soiler.

### Off for California!

The ship Elizabeth Ellen sailed from New York for San Francisco on the 16th, with one hundred and eighty passengers. Among the number, says the Honesdale Democrat, were J. W. Kinney, A. W. Genung, Frederick L. Chapman, and Joseph M. Gustin, of Honesdale, and David Cramer and Wm. H. Manning, of Betheny.

### Retaliation.

The Legislature of Ohio is sorely displeased with the contemplated revocation, by the Legislature of this state, of the grant of right of way to the Ohio and Erie Railroad Company, and threatens to retaliate by suspending the connection between the Ohio and Pennsylvania improvements. It is a most miserable policy—that which has generally been pursued by this state—to interpose hindrances in the way of all improvements except such as tend to swell the importance of the central counties and of Philadelphia in particular; but Ohio will not be guilty of the like folly, though in a moment of excitement her Legislature may threaten to.

### Another Rogue Caged.

Saguel Waters, confined in the Bedford county prison for some time past upon a charge of robbing the County Treasury, in August last, confessed his crime before the Criminal Court, last week, and was sentenced to two years and six months imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary, at Pittsburg.

Mr. Waters was formerly Steward of the Poor House of Bedford county, and while acting in that capacity was charged with certain mal-practices or misdemeanors by the editor of the *Bedford Inquirer*, who was prosecuted for a libel and had to pay a fine of \$250, the court refusing to admit the evidence he offered to substantiate the charges he had made. Emboldened, undoubtedly, as Waters was by the result of the prosecution against the editor of the *Inquirer*, he plunged deeper in crime, and was not checked until he had robbed the Treasury of the county of about \$3,000 for which he was apprehended, and after confession, has been sentenced as above. Justice is sometimes slow, but sure.

The Erie Gazette thinks the Legislature very remiss in not doing, or not attempting to do, what the people expected. It however seems to have forgotten that there is a stubborn locofoco House, which, full of venom, does all in its power to thwart and defeat every measure that is or may be brought forward for the public benefit, or recommended by Governor Johnston.

### A Male Cat in the Mail.

The Montgomery (Ala.) Gaz. of Saturday, says that quite an extraordinary event occurred at the post office, in that city, on Friday evening, after the arrival of the northern mail. On opening one of the large brass-lock letter bags in the distributing room, the crowd of clerks were thrown into a state of no little wonderment, by the prompt leaping therefrom of an apparition in the shape of a large *Tom-Cat*—having come thus ensacked all the way from Augusta, Ga. He came without label or direction, and seemed to be none the worse for his trip.

### Beauties of the Sub Treasury.

At this moment, while our money market is tight, and banks and capitalists restricted in their operations by the scarcity of specie, says the New York Sun, nearly three millions of dollars lie hoarded in the bowels of that hard-fisted, gripping old monster, the Sub-Treasury, accomplishing no earthly good but a vast evil, compared with what its circulation might do for commerce, trade and business generally. This money which, while working for public good might be attracting interest to the treasury by safe loans of it to the banks and capitalists, is hoarded until the Secretary of Treasury sees fit to loan it in fat lumps, to some favorite operator of operation, and instead of aiding the interests of commerce at a pinch, acts directly against them. The Sub-Treasury is thus made a systematic commercial night-mare by gross intrigue.

### Department of the Interior.

The House of Representatives by a decisive vote of 111 to 76 has passed a bill to create a new Department, to be called the Interior Home Department, and a new Cabinet Minister, to be called the Secretary of Interior or Home Affairs. This Department is to be confined exclusively to internal affairs, and is to be formed by detaching various bureaux, now improperly connected with branches of the public service with which they have no affinity.

The Boston Transcript tells a good story of a man who had engaged passage and shipped his "effects" for California,—but having a variety of pecuniary obligations about town, yet undischarged, he found the constable on his wake to arrest him. To escape the net which indignant creditors had spread for him, he got a friend to nail him up in a sugar box,—but let the Transcript tell its own story:

The cover was nailed on with business-like rapidity by his friend, who pushed down the head and arms of the struggling inmate with very little ceremony—for time was somewhat precious.—Having nailed him snugly down, he seized his marking pot, wrote the words "MEDICINE—THIS SIDE UP WITH CARE," upon the box, called a handcartman, tipped him a wink, and gave him a half dollar, to hurry the precious consignment on board the Duxbury. The handcart arrived just as the last rope that bound the ship to terra firma was to be cast off. The sheriff's officer who was pacing the wharf in the futile attempt to keep warm, glanced carelessly at the box and continued his strides. An unexpected obstacle now occurred. The mate refused to receive the box, not believing that it belonged on board. But after a variety of winks and blinks from the handcartman he began to understand the "dodge," and the "medicine box" was carefully carried on board, "this side up." Of the scene that transpired on its being opened we as yet have no account; but the sheriff's officer continued to shiver and kick his heels on the wharf, till the ship Duxbury was out of sight, and then he retired disconsolate home, little suspecting what a trick had been played upon him.

### Extraordinary Development.

**DIPLOMATIC SMUGGLING.**—We have seen a letter from one of the Northern European capitals, in which is disclosed a fact most humiliating to our country. It is alleged that the diplomatic representative of the United States at one of the Northern courts, having been for some time unsuspected, has at length been detected in smuggling British goods—laces, calicoes, &c., to the amount of \$20,000 six dollars; supposed to be a joint concern with some traders in the capital referred to.

The ten large boxes containing the goods were represented by the diplomatic gentleman to contain only supplies for his own family, such as sugars, &c., but one of them was accidentally broken open in the custom house, and the discovery was made. The custom house authorities took possession of the whole.

The discovery is said to have produced the deepest mortification among the American residents.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

### Prairie Hens.

Much curiosity and attention have been excited within the last day or two, by the exhibition in front of Harmer's Coffee House, Chesnut street below Third, Philadelphia, of more than 200 pairs of these delicious game birds called Prairie Hens, or American Grouse. The whole were consigned to Harmer from Illinois, and owing to the extremely cold weather, they are in fine condition. An equal number of canvas-back ducks from Chesapeake Bay, alongside the game of the prairies, presented a rich, rare and varied display of land and water-fowl.

### Youthful Gamblers.

At New-Orleans, on the 9th ult., a crowd of about thirty boys, none of them above twelve or fourteen years of age, and the majority of them not more than nine, were discovered in a coffee-house, corner of Camp and Girod streets, engaged in gambling and drinking. Ten of them were arrested.

A Mr. G. G. WHITE states, in a letter addressed to the *Lancet*, that the rumbling sound perceived on stopping the ears with the fingers, proceeds from the circulation of the blood.

### Poisoned Toys.

It has been elicited that many children's toys, sold in London, are prepared and ornamented with substances highly deleterious and prejudicial to the health. The white, imitation rabbits, in particular, are dusted over with a preparation of arsenic and lead. Liable as children are to put toys to their mouths, great care should be taken to prevent any poisonous vehicle being employed in their manufacture.

### Economical hair wash.

Take one ounce of borax, half an ounce of camphor; powder these ingredients fine, and dissolve them in one quart of boiling water; when cool, the solution will be ready for use—damp the hair frequently. This wash not only effectually cleanses and beautifies, but strengthens the hair, preserves the color, and prevents early baldness. This, we conceive, cannot be too generally made known.

In the Delaware Legislature on Friday last, John Wale, Esq., of Wilmington, was elected United States Senator, in place of Hon. John M. Clayton, resigned.

From the National Intelligencer.

### Arrival of General Taylor.

After a very long and tedious journey General Taylor has finally reached the metropolis. At four o'clock on the 23d inst. he and his suite arrived at the Relay House in an extra train from Cumberland. At that place he was welcomed by Committees of the Corporation and of the Rough and ready Club and other citizens of Washington. Before the party left the Relay House, an extra train of cars arrived from Baltimore, and the course of people which there assembled, including a large number of the yeomanry of Maryland from the neighborhood, could not have been less than three thousand. The enthusiasm which prevailed seemed unbounded; and, as the party was compelled to wait somewhat over an hour for the regular evening train from Baltimore, a partial opportunity was given to the multitude to congratulate the President Elect. He was ushered into the parlor of the hotel, and there welcomed by a party of ladies.

On resuming his seat in the car, the multitude still continued to press about him, when Z. Collins Lee, Esq. stepped forward and delivered a short speech of welcome. The reply made by Gen. Taylor was brief, but full of excellent feeling, and to the point. He alluded to his military career, and said that the battles attributed to his valor were won by the bravery of the soldiers he had the honor to command. He also alluded to the high station to which he had been elected by the American People, and could not but hope that he might succeed in allaying the asperities of party and promoting the best interests of his country.—He intended to do all in his power to benefit the American People; but if he should commit errors, as he necessarily must, he would depend upon the magnanimity of those who had placed him in office to attribute it to error of judgment and not to his heart. This speech, and every sentence, in fact, which the General uttered, was received with deafening applause. During his brief stay at the Relay House he had a number of conversations with the people who crowded around him, and uttered a number of exceedingly happy remarks.

A gentleman who accompanied General Taylor from Cumberland informs us that his car was literally waylaid by a party of miners in the vicinity of that place, who determined to have a single sight at the General. In a few remarks that he made to them he uttered the following sentiment: he said they were the men who developed the wealth of the country, and added that good roads and good laws were all that we wanted, for the American people know how to take care of themselves.

Gen. Taylor, we are happy to state, is in the enjoyment of his accustomed good health, though he suffers some inconvenience from the lameness of his right arm, which was unfortunately injured by an accident which happened to him on his journey. His suite consists of the following individuals:

Maj. R. S. Garnett, U. S. Army; Col. J. T. Van Allen, of New York; Judge Winchester, of Louisiana; J. P. Benjamin, Esq., of New Orleans; A. C. Bullit, Esq., of New Orleans; Dr. McCormick, U. S. Army, and lady; Col. James Taylor, of New York, and daughter; Howard Christy, Esq., of Kentucky, and lady; Miss Johnston and Miss Wickliffe, of Kentucky.

Among the gentlemen who came from Baltimore to meet Gen. Taylor was his brother Col. J. P. Taylor and Maj. Dusenbury, U. S. Army.

As the cars from Baltimore were a little delayed, General Taylor, with his party, came into Washington after nightfall, but the stars shone brightly and the railroad track was occasionally illuminated by bonfires on the route. By bonfires also, and the roaring of cannon and flights of brilliant rockets, was the General heralded into the city, and the mass of human beings which blocked up the Railroad Depot, Pennsylvania avenue, on his arrival was greater than any we have witnessed on any former occasion. The immense multitude accompanied the General's Cortège, to his lodgings at Willard's Hotel, where, after a short time, he stepped out on the balcony and returned thanks to the people for their enthusiastic welcome, which were received by deafening huzzas from the immense crowd.

Spring has set in at New Orleans. The Bee of 2d ult. says:—"Vegetation is luxuriant; flowers, aye and fruits, are to be gathered by the industrious; violets and roses fill the baskets of the *may-civitas*; white strawberries constitute the desert of every epicurean *bon vivant*. Our spring, which is always precocious in its coming, has, this time, driven winter away long before the period usually assigned to the despotism of frost and ice."

**MORE PROSPERITY.**—The New Jersey Iron Works at Boonton, Morris County, have just stopped work, and would have stopped five months ago but for fortunate contracts entered into in 1847. The stoppage of the rolling mill, says a correspondent of the *Newark Daily Advertiser*, (writing from Boonton,) throws about 250 men out of employment directly, and a much larger number indirectly. On the 7,000 tons of railroad iron which we made last year, not less than \$50 per ton, amounting to \$360,000, was paid for labor in the different branches of manufacture and transportation of material; giving employment to not less than 1,000 men and support to their families.

The editor of a weekly paper in the most barren part of Long Island, was recently presented by his wife with four fine children—three girls and a boy. What a windfall for a poor fellow, who advertises that he will take eggs, butter, bees-wax, and cider for subscription dues.

### California Gold at the Mint.

The amount of California gold deposited at the mint in Philadelphia for coinage, up to Wednesday last, was \$58,522. The only coinage of California gold is in quarter eagles, and amounts to \$6,897.50. Of these, the pieces transmitted to John Y. Mason, Esq., the Secretary of the Navy, were marked with the letters "Cal." over the head of the eagle. The other pieces, with a few exceptions, had no distinctive mark.

**GOLD IN NEW JERSEY.**—The editor of the *Rahway Republican* is informed that Gold ore has been discovered on the farm of Mr. David Melick, of that township. It was discovered by Mr. M. about two feet below the surface, while digging a hole in a springy piece of ground at the foot of a hill, near his residence.

### A Singular Mistake.

**BURYING A WIFE AND FINDING HER ALIVE.**—A most singular circumstance occurred in this city last week, towards the close, that has been the subject of remark among the high officials at the court house, and in several of the churches. The story runs thus: A young married woman called on Hon. Judge Saffin of the Court of Common Pleas for permission to enter the Commercial Hospital, which was through his kindness, immediately obtained. After remaining there a few days, Mr. Doolittle, the very efficient Steward of the institution, called upon the Judge, stating that the woman for whom he had obtained admission into the Hospital was dead, and said he was seeking information respecting the woman's husband, stating at the same time, that the woman was a foreigner, and was expecting her husband here; during her watching for him she became sick and destitute, and applied as above. Judge Saffin took the trouble to advertise in one of the German papers for the person, and the advertisement had the effect of finding the man early next day, and the sad news was told him. The husband lost no time in repairing to the place where the corpse laid. He kissed her cold lips "that laid death cold in clay," to use the very impressive line of an old nursery ballad, and did the necessary burial after taking the body to the church, and doing all the necessary ceremonies peculiar to his belief and duty in such cases. The corpse was interred in a respectable burial place and the husband returned to the hospital to enquire if there were charges, for which he in honor stood bound. On his return, instead of going to the "Dead Room," as he did in the first instance, he was shown to the "Convalescent Department." What was his astonishment and delight—how his heart leaped with joy—in there finding his wife, into whose arms he fell with a wild joyfulness, not to be described in a paragraph, or exhibited in a drama! The body that the kind and sad husband had interred by mistake was that of an unknown and friendless female. The world may be canvassed for a more singular incident in vain, and the works of the fictional drama present nothing to rival it.

Cincinnati Commercial.

**A singular incident** occurred a short time back, on the railroad near Tullytown. A teamster, with four mules, was drawing a log, on wheels, and in order to get to the saw mill he had to cross the railroad, which at that point is raised to a considerable elevation above the surrounding surface of the ground, making quite a steep ascent on both sides of the track. When the fore wheels had passed over the log, by swagging some in the middle, came in contact with the rails, bringing the whole concern to a dead halt, from which position all the efforts of the animals were unable to remove it. The driver (a stout Irishman,) was scarcely aware of his situation, ere the whistle of the cars sounded in his ears, and warned him that greater perils were at hand. With commendable presence of mind he immediately disengaged the beasts from the wheels and removed them to a safe distance, by which time the train was in sight. He jumped upon the log and beckoned to them to stop; but no attention was paid to him, as the "fery steed" came puffing and snoring along at his usual impetuous rate, fearless of danger and defying opposition, until within about a hundred yards of the log, when the engineer discovering the nature of the obstruction, immediately endeavored to stop the speed of the train, in which he partially succeeded, and when within a few feet of the log he jumped from the engine, no doubt considering it wise policy to take care of number one, even though the whole train of cars, passengers and all, should go to destruction together. The engine continued with sufficient speed to lift the log (a pretty heavy one,) with the hinder wheels, clear from the ground, and carry them about one hundred yards, smashing fences, poles, and trees, in their course, in a most beautiful style. The "cow-catcher" and parts of the engine were considerably injured, but no further damage was done to the train, though much alarm was created amongst the passengers, and after a detention of about half an hour they again got under way. No person being injured the people in the vicinity were highly gratified by the incident, as the perfect indifference and even pleasure with which cows and horses have been run down, maimed and killed, has created among the people a feeling of hostility towards the conductors of the train on this route, and led them to rejoice that for once they have run against a snag not quite so easily demolished as a cow or a horse. G.

Bucks County Intelligencer.

**QUEER PLACE FOR A CLERGYMAN.**—Rev. Dr. Francis Weber, has been sent to the work-house in Washington City, for twenty days, in default of security for his good behavior!

### Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 22, 1849.  
**SENATE.**—*Petitions Presented.*—Mr. Overfield, for the construction of a bridge over the Schuylkill, near Mauch Chunk.

Mr. Sterrett, for a law to reduce the standard weight of corn, and also one for a law to close the public works on the Sabbath.

Mr. King, from Blair county, that the bill to incorporate the Harrisburg and Lewistown Telegraph Company may be so amended as to extend their lines of telegraph to Pittsburg.

*Bills read in place.*—By Mr. Forsyth, supplementary to the act to incorporate the borough of West Philadelphia.

By Mr. King, supplementary to the act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards. Also a further supplement to the act to regulate the free bill.

By Mr. Small, joint resolutions relative to international exchanges.

On motion of Mr. S. the rule requiring bills, or joint resolutions to lie on the table one day, was suspended, and the resolutions were taken up.

Messrs. Small, King, and Konigsmacher made a few remarks on the subject, and then,

On motion of Mr. Konigsmacher, the further consideration of the subject was postponed, and the resolutions were referred to the Committee on Finance.

The Senate resumed, on second reading, the consideration of the bill to incorporate the Bank of Danville.

A long discussion ensued on the various provisions of the bill which was participated in by Messrs. Snyser, King, Forsyth, Crabb, Small, Beat and Konigsmacher, when it was read a second and third time and passed—yeas 16, nays 8.

**HOUSE.**—Prayer by Rev. Mr. Coit.

*North Branch Canal.*—On motion of Mr. Swartzwelder, the House re-considered the vote of yesterday, negating the 1st section of the bill providing for the completion of the North Branch Canal, by a vote of 43 to 39, and the bill was postponed for the present.

Mr. Little moved to make the bill for the appointment of Commissioners to assess damages that have occurred in the partial construction of N. B. Canal the special order for Saturday next; 51 for it, 29 against; not two-thirds—lost.

*Erie and Ohio Railroad.*—On motion of Mr. R. R. Smith, the House took up the bill to repeal the charter of the Erie Railroad Company. Mr. Ball made a set speech against the bill.—The Previous question was then called and sustained, and the main question was ordered, yeas 44, nays 38.

The section was passed without division, and the rule was dispensed with, and the bill read a third time by its title.

Mr. McCulloch moved to go into Committee of the Whole, to insert an amendment, providing for the continuance of the act proposed to be repealed, by imposing taxes upon carrying passengers and tonnage. After some debate, this was lost, without a division.

Mr. Ball offered another, providing that this act shall not go into effect until the Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad shall agree to pay a tax upon merchandise. This was pending a quarter of 12, when the question was postponed for the present.

Mr. Cooper (Select) reported a series of resolutions, (Mr. Small's) relative to international exchanges. Also (Com on Banks) a bill to re-charter the Bank of Germantown. Also, a bill (Ways and Means) relative to Sullivan county. Several petitions were presented.

22d, In SENATE, the bill to incorporate the Bank of Danville was passed, 16 to 8.

The Farewell Address of President Washington was read, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House, little was done. Washington's Farewell Address was read at noon, and the House adjourned.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 23.

**SENATE.**—The Speaker presented the annual report of the Schuylkill Navigation Company and the proceedings of a meeting held in Elk county, in favor of the removal of the county seat.

*Petitions Presented.*—By Mr. Crab, a remonstrance from the trustees of the Bank of the United States, against the passage of an act for the relief of the creditors and stockholders; and also one from citizens of Moyamensing against granting the Commissioners of said District power to borrow money.

By Messrs. Forsyth, Overfield, Stretter, Messon, Sterrett, Drum, Lawrence and Lewis—for the removal of the seat of Justice from Ridgeway to St. Marys.

By Mr. Rich, from Bucks, asking that the Bustleton and Sumneytown Road Company may be allowed to extend their road; and also for a law to close the public works on the Sabbath.

*Reports.*—Mr. Crabb, from the Committee on Banks, reported a bill to extend the charter of the Farmers' Bank of Bucks county. Also, also, from the same committee, reported the bill for the partial restoration of the Banks of Pennsylvania, as committed.

*Bills read in place.*—Mr. Small to incorporate the Olney Classical Institution of Philadelphia. Also, a bill to incorporate the Passaic Railroad Co.

Mr. Boss, to authorize the corporation of the borough of Easton to borrow money.

**HOUSE.**—Mr. Overfield, on leave read in place, a bill to incorporate the Anthracite Bank of Tamaqua.

The bill to extend the charter of the Bank of Chambersburg was passed. Yeas 17, nays 1.

Mr. Schoonover submitted a resolution calling on the Auditor General to furnish an estimate of the revenue that would accrue to the State under the acts recommended by himself and the State Treasurer last session; which was adopted.