## $\mathfrak{Z e f f e r s o n i a n ~ h e p u b l i c o n . ~}$

STROUDSBURG, MONROE COUNTY, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1849.

## ablished by Theodore Schoch.





## job pieivtivg

SANOS BRTVMTRME. Circulars, Bill Heads, Note
Bhank Receipts, BLAANKS,
MPHLETS, \&
T THE OFFICE OF THE
fersonian Republican.

Hundred Years ago.
houndred years ago?
flowers that all in beauty sprang
hundred years ago !--
The lips that smied,

Soft eyes upon--
here, $O$ where are lips and eyse,
The maiden's smile, the lover's sighs,
That were so long ago !
To peopled all the cirts streets



Where. O whenere, are peots and sneers,

4 handed years ago?




## $A$ Lunded fers ago




4ill rededed highil, probale by the phe


To aford fuel enoogh for s single capitia


Inability of Ignorance. many men, rich in physical energy, stand
folded and idle hands, because they are poor (nowledge: Tell such a man what he should and he is ready and willing to act. He stand n , because he cannot make out which of two
he should choose. He is negligent, only
se he is igrorant of what he ought to do,
ory it may best be done. Or if, in his physi
impolience, such a mau rushea forvard,
to reach his aim, because be is deficient in
We see the energy of one man ill or wrongly secause he knows too little of what ousersed to be a sure stride in advance!
wedding heici ar Lintrwonth, Leicaster whether he would take so and so for his



Congress, require no arguments to enforce them
for it is evident that if they be adopted and applied, that terrible scourge of humaniy will
cease to afflict and degrade the nations. cease to afflict and degrade the nations.
Few, if any, of the wars which for ceaturie st have desolated the earth can we jistify on an any one of them be cited whoss fratful reseits are not loudy condemned by the evoice of
Humanily and religon. The war-pirits of past generations has loaded most, if nos all civilized natians, with enormous dests, pari-
lyzed their industry, interrtpted their con merce, relarded the progress of science, li era-
ture, and att, and created a spriil of jeatoun-y ture, and ant, and created a sp rit of jealury
and animosity among the nations which longy
years of peace have not been able compleerly years of p.
Europe at his moment, presents the melancholy spectacle of an "armed peace." Her
mighy legions are ready to take the field; and it is feared, that under these melancholy elr cumstances, a world in flames : may God averr
so terrible a catastrophe ! The great questions of Peace and War are rnment of the nations has been entrusted. Their reeponsibility is as great as their pow er ; and while the Congress wou'd earnestly
pray that "The God of Peace" may deign -o
preside over their councils, it would improve them, in the name of the dearest intierests of dopt the most effective measures for preventing a return of the horrors of war, and for se-
curing to all nations the blessings of a suldd and lasting peace.
The substitution of arbirration for mar would principle and the méans for giving it effect
might be embodied in apecial treaties bot the progress of sound political opnions leads suil Tather. The convening of a Congress com-
posed of the most enlightened and earinent an of all countries, for the purpose of framing ations between the different nations on a solid High intelligent basis; and the instituion of a tion of questions in accordance wilh the great and comprehensive principles of such a code,
a ould not only remore the causes of war, bat cement a noble and holy alliance between both ovénment and people.
In anticipation of so
In anticipation of so great a, resul, $i t$ is de-
sirable that the necessity of a general and simsitabeous disarmament should take place aq
ultan weh an act would compromise the digniy of impairing the strength of governments, would
be the surest guarantee for the preservation of
perity. Congress is fully aware that the foreo
The of circumstances, the progress of modern infrequency of communication between the naions, the diffuston of knowledge, and the more elevated sentiments of humanity and religion,
ail tend to prevent the recurrence of war ; but governments of te cicilized world to put an dopting those wise and necessary mieasures Which shall lead to so happy a result. In submitting to statesmen he recommenda
ions embodied in the resolutions, the Congress entertains a just, a legitimate confidence that they will not be disregarded; and that the gov-
ennments of Europe and America animated by an ardent and sincere desire to promote the will determine, as in the performance of a sacred duty to give them a practical applica-
tion, and thus aid in securing the peace of the world. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Avgustus Visschers, Belgiwa, President. } \\ \text { Wililam Ewar, } & \text { England, } \\ \text { Elihu Burritr, } & \text { U. States, }\end{array}$ Elifu Burritt, U. States,
Francisque Bouner, France,
M. Suringer,
To Preventa Bruise from Becoming Dis-
Tolored.-Blood can be prevented froan setling in a bruise, by applying to the place, a cloth wrung out of very warm water, and re-
newing it until the pain ceases. The moisture and heat liquify the blood, and send it back 1o ue proper chaplications, would be coagu-
the use of cold apper in
lated, and fised in green and black blochios lirectly under the skio.

Six hudred thousand dollars was the faill value of all the California gold recen
S. Mint, up to Tuesday, 23d inst.

A Copper mine, which is repreasmed as
ielding large quantities of rich ore, has recentbeen discovered in Perry county, Arken- aout twenty miles from tittle Rock.

It is announced in the Now York Chrivian Advocate of the 1 lh inst, that a jomt siork onpany of members of the Me:
o consist Church, to go to Californa.

