



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Thursday, September 28, 1849.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
General ZACHARY TAYLOR,
OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Hon. MILLARD FILLMORE,
OF NEW YORK.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.

THOMAS M. T. KENNAN, of Washington,
JOHN P. SANDERSON, of Lebanon.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

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| 1 Joseph G. Glarkson, | 13 Henry Johnson, |
| 2 John P. Wetherill, | 14 William Colder, Sr. |
| 3 James M. Davis, | 15 William M'Ilvaine, |
| 4 Thos. W. Duffield, | 16 Charles W. Fisher, |
| 5 Daniel O. Hurner, | 17 Andrew G. Curtin, |
| 6 Joshua Dungan, | 18 Thos. R. Davidson, |
| 7 John D. Steele, | 19 Joseph Markle, |
| 8 John Landis, | 20 Daniel Agnew, |
| 9 Joseph Schmucker, | 21 Andrew W. Loomis, |
| 10 Charles Snyder, | 22 Richard Irwin, |
| 11 William G. Hurley, | 23 Thomas H. Sill, |
| 12 Francis Tyler, | 24 Saml. A. Purviance |

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON,
OF ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
NER MIDDLESWARTH,
OF UNION COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS
EARL WHEELER,
OF WAYNE.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
Daniel Brown, of Monroe.
David Bleim, of Northampton.
George Reich,

The Meeting.

On Wednesday evening last the friends of TAYLOR, FILLMORE, and JOHNSTON, held a meeting in the Court-house, in Stroudsburg. Although but few hours notice had been given the house was crowded. The meeting was organized by appointing Philip Abbott, Esq., of Tobyhanna township, President; Robert Brown, James Barson, Wm. Van Buskirk and John J. Price, Vice Presidents; Thomas Stone and Theodore Schoch, Secretaries.

EARL WHEELER, Esq., the Whig nominee for Congress of this District, was then introduced and addressed the meeting at some length upon the questions at issue between the two great political parties.

Volunteers for Assembly.

The following volunteer candidates for the next Legislature will be supported by the people of Northampton and Monroe counties who are opposed to the ticket brought out by a few leading politicians. The volunteers are good and capable men, and if elected, will do honor to themselves and promote the interests of the state by a wise legislation. Let them receive the hearty support of all independent voters.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE REICH, of Bethlehem,
DAVID BLEIM, of Allen Township,
DANIEL BROWN, of Monroe County.

Mr. Brown may not be known to some of the electors in the lower district, and we are happy to be able to say from a personal acquaintance with him that no man in Monroe is more generally respected and valued for his correct conduct and general intelligence. The county of Monroe it is believed, will give him a large majority, and if we in Northampton do our duty, he as well as the entire Volunteer Ticket, will be elected.—*Easton Whig.*

Large Cucumber.

Mr. Samuel Wagner, residing near Green Spring in Cumberland county, says the Weekly News, a good Rough and Ready man, has a Cucumber growing on his premises this season, of an extraordinary size, measuring 6 feet in length, and 12 inches in circumference. Persons doubting the above are requested to call and satisfy themselves of the fact. Where is the Cass man that can beat this?

We are authorized to state that a Temperance Lecture will be delivered in Andree's school house, in Cherry Valley, on Tuesday evening next. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

Com. Stewart, a prominent democratic candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1844, is now a supporter of Gen. Taylor.

The Whigs of Northampton county, at their County Meeting on Saturday last, held at the public house of *Sharpe Melick*, in Forks township, adopted among other Resolutions, the following, which we commend to the Voters of this County.

Resolved, That Daniel Brown of Monroe county, David Bleim, of Allen township, and George Reich, of the Borough of Bethlehem, Northampton county, are recommended by this meeting as suitable candidates for the legislature, from this District.

Resolved, That we heartily concur in the nomination of Earl Wheeler, Esq., by the conferees from Northampton, Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne counties, as a candidate from this Congressional District, and that we will give him a cordial and earnest support.

After the adoption of these resolutions, H. D. Maxwell, Esq., briefly addressed the meeting, urging the friends of Taylor, Fillmore and Johnston, to make an energetic rally in behalf of our candidates—a strong eulogy upon Earl Wheeler, Esq., the Whig candidate for Congress in this District, whom he represented from an acquaintance as a man of decided abilities, correct principles and eminent qualifications for the station.

G. W. Yates, Esq., followed upon the same subject stating the fitness of Mr. Wheeler for the station for which he was nominated, and that it behooved the voters of the District to elect him.—That it was the duty of the Whigs to exert themselves to secure his election if possible.

The Prospect.

From all the present indications, says the Bucks county Intelligencer, we are in high hopes of the election of William F. Johnston, as the next Governor of Pennsylvania. Everywhere his nomination has been hailed with enthusiastic demonstrations of satisfaction; and his personal popularity wherever known will give him many votes from the opposite party. His liberal, enlightened, patriotic, real Pennsylvania sentiments, endear him to the people, and point him out as eminently fitted to watch over and protect the interests of our Commonwealth. Wherever he goes, the people flock in masses to hear him speak; and the interest he manifests, shows that they are pleased with the idea of knowing whom and what they vote for. The strength—the strong probability of the election—of Gov. Johnston, is further manifested by the bitterness with which the Locofoco press assails him. Their recklessness and disregard of truth and the common proprieties of civilized life, will recoil upon them in defeat, and embitter the cup of their disappointment. Not an objection founded in truth can they raise against our good Governor; and the people will vindicate his character against their slanderous falsehoods and delamination. Morris Longstreth, "the retired city merchant," as his friends call him, enjoying his immense private fortune, and holding the office of Canal Commissioner while he asks to be put in that of Governor, cannot enlist the feelings of the people. There is no reason why he should be popular, any more than his radical, ultra Locofoco doctrines should be popular. The people of Pennsylvania, despite the potency of party drill, are in favor of protecting and developing their domestic resources—drawing from the bowels of the earth the means of furnishing adequate employment and remunerating wages to the laborer,—paying the State debt and interest with as little draft upon the pockets of the people as practicable—in short, taking care of number one, rather than impoverish themselves to build up and enrich foreign establishments and foreign capitalists. Such being their views, they will vote for William F. Johnston, who agrees with them in sentiment, rather than Morris Longstreth who is opposed to them.

Two Planks of the Platform.

The composition of that patchwork bit of joinery, the Buffalo Platform, is a sore puzzle to a great many honest men, who are unable to find out what sort of timber was used in the building of it. The following may be considered as a couple of all independent voters.

The Mexican War.—"It is due to the future fame, as well as the present prosperity of this great nation, that it be triumphantly sustained."—*Martin Van Buren.*

"The present war with Mexico is unconstitutional in its origin, unjust in its character, and detestable in its objects."—*Charles F. Adams.*

These two planks are so far assunder that we imagine a person must take an uncomfortable straddle of it who attempts to stand upon both.—*Boston Cour.*

Whig Gains.

In the elections already held, in various parts of the country, for members of Congress, the Whigs have gained two over all losses. The House of Representatives will, in all probability, contain a large Whig majority—ranging perhaps from ten to forty votes. This is a "consummation devoutly to be wished"—and no mistake!

The island of Antigua was visited by a destructive hurricane on the 21st ult. which is said to have unroofed ten thousand buildings and totally destroyed seven hundred. Besides some twenty lives were lost—rumor says more.

Heavy Damages.

A case of slander was tried in a New York Court of Common Pleas last week, brought by Chas. H. Carpenter against Henry Shelden, for asserting that the plaintiff had been guilty of issuing counterfeit money. This case grew out of the Kid salvage humbug. The jury gave a verdict of \$9,375 damages.

The following is taken from the Jackson (Tenn.) Whig, an able Taylor and Fillmore paper. It is not improbable that a Van Buren Electoral Ticket will be nominated in Tennessee yet before November. Many of Jackson's friends would no doubt support it.

"What right have the Cassites to call upon the friends of Gen. Jackson to vote for the hero of Hull's surrender? Do they not know Van Buren was the favorite and chosen of Gen. Jackson, and that so strong was his love for him in 1836, and that he denounced the friends of Judge White as 'new-born Whigs,' because they would not love Van Buren? Do they not know, too, that the old General travelled about in 1840 electing for Van Buren, and that just before leaving the world he wrote his will on politics to Mr. Benjamin F. Butler of New-York, prophesying that Van Buren would be taken up by the democracy in 1848 for the Presidency? and strange to tell, the Cassites are calling on Gen. Jackson to denounce Van Buren and sustain Cass. If the General was alive, they would respect his will, and go for his prediction."

New-York State.

The New York Herald, which the Locofoco are fond of quoting as good authority, thus sums up the editor's view of things since the demonstration of the Whig Van Burenites in favor of Mr. Clay.

It is conceded by all well informed politicians in this State, whether Cass men, Van Buren men, or whigs, that the division in the ranks of the democratic party must give the 36 electoral votes of New York to General Taylor. To suppose the possibility of a different result, we must calculate on a transfer of at least fifty thousand whig votes from Taylor to Van Buren; and as we have said before, twenty thousand is a liberal estimate. Those barnburners, therefore, who flatter themselves that there is a chance for Van Buren in this State, will probably find themselves as much mistaken as they were in 1840, when he was so badly beaten by Harrison.

Although the force of regular nominations may cause the Cass and Butler electoral ticket to run even better than that of Van Buren and Adams, there can be no doubt that the highest of these democratic tickets will fall some forty or fifty thousand below the Taylor and Fillmore ticket; even if a demonstration should be made by the young ultra whigs, in running a Clay electoral ticket.—Such a ticket, under the circumstances, would not probably poll over ten thousand votes in the State—many think not five thousand; and those would be given principally by anti-Taylor whigs, who otherwise might vote for Van Buren.

Loco-Foco Dictionary.

The *Miner's Journal*, Pottsville, Pa. publishes the following "Loco-Foco dictionary":

- "Clear and unquestionable"—That which is in dispute.
- "The whole or none"—A little more than half.
- "Fifty-four forty or fight"—Forty-nine and sunk.
- "Indemnity for the past"—Losing \$150,000,000 in a fight with Mexico.
- "Security for the future"—Paying \$15,000,000 more.
- "Aid and comfort"—Giving the Mexicans a General.
- "Government economy"—\$52,668,049 per year.
- "No National debt"—Advertising for loans.
- "Hard money"—Treasury notes.
- "Will of the people"—Veto and ditto.
- "Revenue Tariff"—Protection to British Manufactures.
- "An unsullied Democrat"—One who wore the black cockade.

Taylor and Van Buren.

In New York and the New England States the contest is narrowing down to Taylor and Van Buren. Gen. Cass seems likely to be altogether deserted. In the town of Weybridge, Vermont, where the late Silas Wright was brought up and where his father lived, the entire locofoco vote was given in favor of the Van Buren Free Soil candidates: The Cass candidates did not receive a single vote! John Van Buren may well ask, under these circumstances, whether Gen. Cass will still "persist in distracting the democratic party" by being a candidate for the Presidency?

Long John Potatoes.

MR. JESSE CORNELIUS, of this Borough, has presented us a few of these potatoes, one of which we find weighs 2 pounds and measures over 2 feet in length. It is said to be a good variety on the table. A peck was planted, the product of which was 9 1/2 bushels.

Mr. C.'s plan was to furrow his ground 2 1/2 feet each way, plant 3 pieces with 2 or 3 eyes in a bill, cover the common depth of corn, then spread a small quantity of manure on the top of each hill. Planted about the middle of May. Went through 3 or 4 times with the cultivator, and kept out weeds.—*Lewisburg Chronicle.*

DR. LUTHER REILY, one of the most influential local in Dauphin county, and formerly a Representative in Congress from that district, has, with a number of his political friends, abandoned Cass and declared for Van Buren, as the people are tired of having their office-holders engaged on this work.

THE HARRISBURG UNION advertises for "500 Pedlers" to peddle political nostrums. We trust the party advertising will pay its own salaries.

The Nashville Whig says that half of that State has now been well canvassed, and from the information we have received from the most reliable sources, we say to the Whigs of other States: "Tennessee stands firm as a rock.—Have no apprehension whatever about her vote. She goes for Taylor by a large majority."

Mr. Clay Positively Declines.

Since a large meeting in New York nominated Mr. Clay for the Presidency lately, he has been written to by the editor of the N. Y. Express, and has written a reply from which the Express is authorized to give the following extracts:

ASHLAND, Sept. 8, 1849.

JAMES BROOKS: I have given, and shall give, no countenance or encouragement to any movement to bring my name, as a candidate for that office, (the Presidency,) before the public.

On one point I desire no secrecy, and that is, that I am utterly opposed to the use of my name as a candidate for the Presidency.

My warm regards to your brother. I am truly your friend and obedient servant,
H. CLAY.

Free Soil Convention.

The Pennsylvania Free Soil Convention met at Reading, on the 14th inst.—Benj. W. Richards of Philadelphia presiding. After discussing the subject at length, they resolved not to nominate a State Ticket. They nominated the following Electoral Ticket:—Wm. Lottmer, jr., Benj. W. Richards, John Ashion, Jr., David C. Skerritt, Wm. B. Thomas, James J. Robins, Jared Darlington, Levi Buckman, Dr. Jacob Sharpless, Henry Carter, Dr. E. H. Mason, John Kelly, W. Donaldson, Aaron Chubbuck, John M. Patton, Joseph Gray, Allen Robinson, Jason W. Ely, S. W. Millin, James Slocum, John Power, Matthew Elder, George E. Riddle, W. W. McDougall, W. F. Clark, Dr. S. A. Marshall.

Nomination for Representative.

Mr. John George, of Pike county, was, on Saturday last, nominated by the locofoco conference, which met at Decker's, as candidate for representative in the Legislature.

Our readers will bear witness that, during the entire period of our connection with this journal, we have never spoken a word in disparagement of the personal character and standing of any candidate for office nominated by our political opponents. In the present case we shall not depart widely from the rigid rule which we have adopted for the government of our course, notwithstanding the pressure of provocation to speak out. But, we are constrained to declare that the nomination of Mr. George to the respectable and responsible office of Representative, is disgraceful to the conferees who were directly concerned in producing it, and insulting to the sedate and well-disposed citizens of the district, irrespective of the party differences. That he is not a fit person to represent this district, or any district, in the Legislature, is affirmed by every man who knows him, that we have heard express an opinion on the point. Mr. Mott, his principal competitor before the conference, is a gentleman of unblemished reputation, accustomed to the management of important affairs, and would make a creditable representative. That he was put aside to make room for Mr. George is astonishing. The event will show how the people of the district regard the matter.

Honesdale Democrat.

Locofoco Testimony.

George W. Barton, Esq., the great poetical Locofoco orator, in his speech in the Court house, in Bedford on the 26th of August, 1848, said:

"Wm. F. Johnston is an HONEST, HIGH-MINDED and HONORABLE MAN."

The Juniata Register, a paper of the real Locofoco stamp, says:

"Mr. Johnston, the Whig candidate for Governor is a gentleman of CONSIDERABLE TALENTS, both as a speaker and a jurist."
[Bedford Inq.]

Almost too Horrible for Belief.

For subject misery and degradation, the following, which we copy from the New York Sun, exceeds anything of the kind that we have seen or read for many years:

On Tuesday night last, Messrs. Sweeney and Gillespie, two of the sixth ward police officers, discovered at No. 160 Anthony street, a more loathsome scene than is often met with in that sink of vice, wretchedness and debasement, the Five Points. A boy eleven years of age lay in one corner of the room, apparently in the agonies of death. He and two other children, who were sitting on the floor sucking gin from an old root beer bottle, were almost naked and literally covered with vermin. The miserable mother, on the entrance of the officers, tried to hide herself behind the door, but was too drunk to stand still.—When she reeled back it was discovered that she was without a particle of dress, except an old pair of slippers. No bed, no chair, no cooking utensils, and no sign of food was visible in the place. Sick at seeing so much want and degradation, the officers retired and reported the case to Captain Magnes, who repaired to the spot, and with his usual benevolence had the poor creatures promptly cared for, preparatory to their being sent to Blackwell's Island as vagrants.

Opinions of the Press.

The Juniata Sentinel says: "That he (William F. Johnston) can and will be elected by a respectable majority we cannot doubt, and we are heartily glad that the honor of being the first Whig elected to the gubernatorial chair, in a fair contest, will fall upon one so eminently qualified and deserving."

The Huntingdon Journal says: "Last Fall Mr. Johnston was elected to the State Senate in the district composed of Armstrong, Clearfield, Indiana and Cambria—a strong Locofoco district, in which Mr. Bigler had previously been elected by 1500 majority! In Armstrong county, where Mr. Johnston resides, he was beaten by less than 100 votes, while Mr. Shunk's majority was more than 500. In short, he is universally popular with all who know him, and deservedly so, and can and will be elected the next Governor of Pennsylvania, if the Whigs but do their duty."

The Lancaster Examiner says: "He possesses every qualification for the station. His popularity throughout the State is very great, and will secure him a large vote from the ranks of the opposition."

The Blair County Register says: "The nomination of Wm. F. Johnston for Governor, meets a most cordial response on the part of the Whigs of Blair. Indeed it is surprising to see the hold he has upon our people—they go for him with an ardor, enthusiasm and cordiality that few candidates before him have been able to command. 'BILL JOHNSTON' is the man for the People; and he's a lucky man; and Morris Longstreth and his friends will find all this out before the idea of October is past. Hurrah for Johnston and Old Ner—the reform candidates and the People's favorites.—Let the welkin ring, for they are good men and true."

Canal Commissioner Longstreth.

Even in these days of political aspirations and office hunting, it is seldom, very seldom, we see an instance in which there is so much Honkism, and thirst for the sweets of office evinced, as is done in the case of Candidate Longstreth.

But a very few years engaged in the political world, we have seen him making his debut as a candidate for Congress, unsuccessfully. He waits but a short year, until he is a candidate for the responsible office of Canal Commissioner of our State, and considering he is a retired city merchant, who has made a fortune in the aristocratic circles of Philadelphia, with plenty of money to soothe the troubled spirits of hungry politicians, he was taken up by the Democracy at our last election, and elevated to that office.

Finding the taste of office so palatable to his appetite, we have just seen him again, after only seven months service in the station he now holds, presenting himself to the people for the Executive office of our Commonwealth; and, holding in his hands the chief patronage of the State, he has obtained the nomination of the Locofoco party.

He, however, refuses to relinquish the hold he has upon the public crib, but considering "a bird in the hand worth two in the bush," has determined, we believe, to hang on to his present office until he shall see whether the people will give him a better one.

This is the candidate, who holding all the destructive principles of President Polk, is presented to the people of Pennsylvania for their suffrages—to Pennsylvania, whose bread is now being taken from their mouths, by the British policy which sacrifices our laboring men for the benefit of the pauper labor of Europe, and with which policy Morris Longstreth is identified.

If he is not permitted to remain in his present office, we shall be deceived in the people of our good old Commonwealth.—*Lebanon Cou.*

From Western Pennsylvania.

From the Pittsburg (Pa.) Commercial Journal, Sept. 16

We rejoiced to see tokens on all hands of the awakened spirit of the Whigs. They appear at last to have been fully aroused to the importance of the contest, and to their duties to their principles. Every Whig paper we open contains spirited accounts of large and enthusiastic meetings, and "OLD ROUGH AND READY'S" name already inspires the masses of the people as did that of "Old Tip" in 1840!

None can fail to have observed that the Whigs have at length grown earnest in their noble cause, and are sparing no honorable exertion to secure that success they so richly merit—that triumph which the virtue and well-earned popularity of their candidates promised from the first. That they should go to work in earnest is all that is required to make their victory certain. The only hope of the Cass party was in our apathy; and we are rejoiced that even this hope, faint as it was, has failed. Arouse Whigs! the day of trial is approaching. Let each man do his duty, and we will have a Whig Governor, a Whig President, and a Whig Government.

General Cass, nearly seventy years old, suddenly changes his life-long opinion upon the Wilmot Proviso to suit the views of the South, and Martin Van Buren, nearly seventy years old, suddenly changes his opinion as to the abolition of slavery in the district of Columbia to suit the views of the North. Who is foolish enough to trust these grey-haired political trimmers, when in their desperate chase after the Presidency, they thus pretend all at once to discover new and important lights and to cast off at a moment's warning in their old age the cherished opinion of years!—*[Louisville Jour.]*

It has been suggested that the "noise and confusion" was so great in Vermont, that the Cass Locos could not find their way to the polls.