



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN
Thursday, November 19, 1846.

Terms, \$2.00 in advance; \$2.25, half yearly; and \$2.50 if not paid before the end of the year.

V. B. PALMER, Esq. is the Agent for this paper at his office of real estate and Country Newspaper agency in Philadelphia, North-West corner of Third and Chestnut streets; Tribune buildings, Nassau st., N. Y.; South East corner of Baltimore and Calvert sts., Baltimore, and No. 12, State street, Boston. Mr. Palmer will receive and forward subscriptions and advertisements for the Jeffersonian Republican.

Messrs. MASON & TUTTLE, at 38 William street, New York, are also our authorized Agents, to receive and forward subscriptions and advertisements for the Republican.

FOR GOVERNOR,
PETER S. MICHLER,
OF NORTHAMPTON.

Subject to the decision of the 4th of March Convention.

Northampton County Whig Meeting.

Our Whig friends had a large and enthusiastic meeting at the Court House, in Easton, on Monday last. Major John H. Keller, of Plainfield, presided, and addresses were delivered by Henry D. Maxwell and Alexander E. Brown, Esquires. George W. Yates, Esq. reported a series of able resolutions, which were unanimously adopted. Among them are several recommending PETER S. MICHLER, Esq. of Easton, as the next Whig candidate for Governor; and urging his claims upon the people of Pennsylvania. We cheerfully comply with the request of the Meeting, and publish the proceedings entire, in to-day's paper.

Our Next Governor.

We are highly gratified with the Whig meeting, at Easton, on Monday last, in bringing before the public the name of PETER S. MICHLER, Esq., as a competitor for the nomination for Governor, by the State Convention, to be held at Harrisburg, on the 4th of March. We have long been personally acquainted with Mr. M., and from an intimate knowledge of his character and qualifications, can freely endorse all that is said in his favor by the meeting. In our opinion he is just the man for the present crisis; and with him as our leader, we can enter upon the approaching contest, with a moral certainty of success.

Mr. Michler is a great favorite in this section of the country, and cannot fail, if nominated, in carrying a very large vote. He has twice already been a candidate, here, and on both occasions ran ahead of his ticket. In 1835, he was elected to the State Senate, from this strongly Democratic District, by a handsome majority. He has a large circle of friends, to whom he is endeared by his amiable deportment and many good qualities—and we are satisfied that no other man in Pennsylvania can receive as many votes in the North-Eastern part of the State as we would be able to give him. We place his name at the head of our editorial column, where we trust the decision of the Convention will permit it to remain, until the Whig Banner shall wave in triumph over the Old Keystone in October next.

The new Constitution of New York, has been adopted, according to the Tribune, by a majority of not less than 50,000 and perhaps 100,000.

FROM MEXICO.—Accounts to Sept. 26th have been received from the capitol. The government was making extraordinary efforts to raise money. Santa Anna had contributed liberally of his private wealth; the clergy had consented to mortgage their property for \$2,000,000; the merchants of the city had agreed to furnish \$200,000 per month; and Senor Gomez de la Cortina had furnished \$50,000. This looks like making a vigorous defence.

Morton McMichael, Esq., has become associated with the North American as one of its editors. The editors are now George R. Graham, R. T. Conrad and Morton McMichael.

A large number of European speculators came out in the Britannia, to buy wheat.

Latest from Mexico.

The late advices from Mexico announce the arrival of Santa Anna at San Louis Potosi, on the 8th of October, also that he had seized a *Conducta* containing two millions of specie.

The official despatches of Gen. Taylor give the number of killed and wounded, during the siege and capture of Monterey, on the 21st, 22d, and 23d of September, as 472, to which may be added four that are missing, but supposed to have been killed.

Failure of the Second Attack on Alvarado.

The Philadelphia papers contain the particulars of the second attack made by our naval forces upon Alvarado, which appears to have been as fruitless as the first—nothing was effected, and the squadron retired.

GEN. VEGA.—The Washington Union confirms the recent statement, that Gen. Vega is to be exchanged for Captain Carpenter and the crew of the Truxton; and says, that our government has agreed to the exchange, and that Maj. Gen. Scott has issued orders for the release of Gen. Vega and his officers.

Congress assembles on Monday the 7th of December next.

Business—Produce—the Loan, &c.

The business season is gradually drawing to a close. The canals continue open however, and thus produce in immense quantities is finding its way to the Atlantic cities. The wealth of the West is pouring in, and the aggregate amount received this year will be immense.—The tolls on the State Works of Pennsylvania, as well as those of New York, have considerably increased; and the prospect, therefore, is full of encouragement. An official statement from Harrisburg furnishes the following:

HARRISBURG, Nov. 9, 1846.

The following shows the receipts from the Pennsylvania Improvements up to the 1st of Nov. 1846, compared with the same portion of the year 1845, viz:—

1846, Nov. 1, Total receipts from all the lines in 1846.	\$1,163,913 54
" " " 1845,	1,077,856 97

Increase in 11 months of 1846, over same period of 1845, \$86,056 57 |

In New York, the total amount of tolls from the opening of navigation, to the close of Oct. 1846, was	\$2,355,039
Same period in 1845,	2,246,278

Increase in 1846, \$108,761 |

As an evidence of the kind of produce that is forwarded, we give the following from the Albany Atlas, as a single day's receipts at the Canal office in that city:

Flour, barrels	32,641
Ashes, "	50
Pork, "	13
Cheese, "	395,200
Butter, "	230,100
Wool, "	16,500
Wheat, bush.	24,981
Corn, "	2,126
Barley, "	12,161

In brief, the amounts of wheat, flour, and other articles of the kind, which have been received from the West within the last month, are enormously large. The New York Canal usually closes about the 20th of November, and the Hudson River about the 15th of December. Hence the anxiety to forward the bread-stuffs that have accumulated at the Western Depots, as speedily as possible.

During the week which has just gone by, much anxiety has been felt as to the loan of \$5,000,000, for which the Government recently advertised. Some of the leading capitalists contended that the loan would not be taken; while others affirmed that the whole amount would be promptly subscribed, and at a premium. As the proposals were to be opened on the 12th, it is probable that we shall be able to give the result before our paper goes to press. [The loan has been taken and at a small premium.]

Bread Stuffs abroad.

A London correspondent of the Boston Atlas, writing under date of October 19th, alludes to the rapid advance of breadstuffs, and says:—

"This advance has taken place even under the supposition that the United States will be able to send to Great Britain an unusually large supply of wheat, flour, and Indian corn. The news of the state of the grain markets here and on the Continent, will, no doubt, cause an extraordinary excitement in the commercial circles of the United States; but the largest houses will suffer eventually, if they rush headlong into the whirlpool, and speculate upon the present quotations in the British markets. Before these accounts can reach America, the grain markets there will have advanced so rapidly, on the strength of previous advices, that exporters will not be able to realize a profit on flour, wheat, or Indian corn, shipped to England in November; and, in the meantime, it is believed that present prices cannot long be maintained here, even if, for a few weeks, they should slightly advance. Orders to an immense extent, for the purchase of breadstuffs, have been sent to the United States during the last two months, and when cargo after cargo arrives, and the different markets are well supplied, prices must give way, more especially as the British farmer has been holding back his stocks for a greater advance, and these stocks will be thrust upon the market very soon."

Democratic Whig County Meeting.

Pursuant to the call of the Standing Committee, a large number of the Democratic Whig citizens of this county assembled at the Court-house, on Monday the 16th inst. H. D. Maxwell, Esq. called the Meeting to order, by stating its object, and nominating JOHN H. KELLER, Esq. of Plainfield as President. The following gentlemen were then appointed Vice Presidents: Joseph B. Jones, Theobald Shaeffer, Abraham Mann, Abraham W. Lerch, and John Stocker. Secretaries: John Shouse, Charles A. Benade, and James A. Rice.

On motion of George W. Yates, Esq. the Chairman appointed the following committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting: G. W. Yates, Samuel Yohe, George Reich, P. M. Miller, H. S. Heckman, Philip Hahn, P. F. B. Schmidt, Geo. Wenner, John Weaver, Nathan Baker, Joseph Dawes, H. S. Troxell and John P. Boas.

The meeting was then addressed in an able and spirited manner by H. D. MAXWELL, Esq. A. E. BROWN, Esq. also made a few remarks, after which the Committee, through their Chairman, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, we have been called together by the Standing Committee of the County, to select Delegates to the State Convention, and to take such other action as may be deemed expedient for the interests and welfare of the Whig Party, therefore:

Resolved, That John Shouse and Samuel Yohe of Easton, in connexion with some person to be chosen by our friends in Monroe, be the Representative Delegates, for the District composed of the counties of Northampton and Monroe, to the Whig State Convention, to be held at Harrisburg, on the 4th of March next.

Resolved, That Alexander E. Brown, Esq. of Easton, be the Senatorial Delegate to represent the District composed of Northampton and Lehigh Counties in the said Convention, Northampton being entitled thereto, Lehigh County having had the Delegate at the last Gubernatorial Convention.

Resolved, That the said Delegates have power to substitute or fill any vacancies that may occur in their number, and that it be their duty to see that all the Districts of which Northampton forms a part, be fully represented in said Convention.

Resolved, That we regard the approaching Gubernatorial campaign as one of the utmost importance, not only in respect to the welfare of the Whig Party, but also as concerns the nearest and dearest interests of Pennsylvania:—and that our preparations for it should be made with a single eye to the advancement of those great cardinal principles which are inseparably blended with the prosperity of our Commonwealth, and the triumph of the Whig cause.

Resolved, That in our opinion the approaching contest will be one which must resolve itself into the advocacy of Protection to American Industry, by the Whigs, on the one side, and the support of the Federal Administration, with its Free Trade Tariff of 1846, by our opponents on the other; and that the result will be regarded as the deliberate verdict of Pennsylvania upon this great and important issue.

Resolved, That in view of this important fact, great care should be taken by the Whig Party in the selection of their candidate for Governor, to designate a man upon whom all the friends of Protection and opponents to the Administration may unite, and to whom they can give a cordial and concentrated support.

Resolved, That in Peter S. Michler, of Northampton, we recognise such an individual. In him are combined all the qualifications our friends desire. His opinions on the Tariff are truly Pennsylvanian—such as were regarded orthodox among our People in the better days of the Republic, before Free Trade notions found a foothold within our borders—and just such as we want our Standard Bearer to profess. His sound, discriminating mind, fixed Republican principles, unimpeachable integrity and pure public and private virtues, would render him an ornament to the Executive Chair. Whilst his amiable demeanor and freedom from sectional cliques, would not only unite the different interests in his own party, but would also draw to his support hundreds, who could not, probably be induced to vote for any other Whig.

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend him to the favorable consideration of our Whig brethren throughout the State for their support as the Whig Gubernatorial Nominee, by the 4th of March Convention; under the firm conviction that with him as our Candidate and Leader, we cannot fail in securing a glorious victory in October next.

Resolved, That our Delegates be instructed to vote for him in the Convention, and use all their exertions to secure his nomination.

Resolved, That we remain as ever the firm and uncompromising advocates of Protection to

American Industry, satisfied that without it there can be no lasting national prosperity.

Resolved, That the deadly stab given to the great interests of our Commonwealth, by the Federal Administration, by the passage of the Tariff Act of 1846, and the Repeal of the Protective Policy, imperatively demands, that as freemen, we should resent the injury, and rebuke the fraud through which, in 1844, they secured the power to inflict it.

Resolved, That the course pursued by Geo. Mifflin Dallas, previously to the election in 1844, as contrasted with his vote upon the Tariff of 1846, excites in our minds feelings both of shame and indignation. That we blush, when we reflect, that a Son of Pennsylvania, should stoop to falsehood and misrepresentation for the purpose of acquiring power—and that we feel indignant when we perceive the power thus acquired wielded for the purpose of aiming a vital blow at the Institutions and Interests of his native State, and of prostrating the labors and energies of the Pennsylvania working men and mechanics, before the Free Traders and Slaveholders of the South.

Resolved, That as patriots we pledge our support to the Federal Administration in the active and efficient prosecution of the Mexican War; feeling, as we do, that when actual hostilities have commenced, it is no time for party bickerings and recriminations. That our gallant Army, composed as it is of all parties, must be strengthened and sustained; and that we trust that it will still continue, as it has heretofore done, to sustain the spotless honor of our Country's Flag.

Resolved, That Gen. Zachary Taylor, and the brave officers and men under his command, have won for themselves imperishable honour, and are entitled to the gratitude and support of their admiring countrymen.

Resolved, That we lament the fate of the brave soldiers who have already fallen during the war; and that we deeply sympathize with their surviving relatives and friends.

Resolved, That the recent victories throughout the Union, have cheered and exhilarated the hearts of all true Whigs. That from them we are satisfied that the minds of the people are alive to the importance of sustaining the great measures of our Party; and that we need nothing but union and activity to insure to those principles a glorious triumph and perpetuation for years to come.

Resolved, That we are in favour, and earnestly recommend to our political friends, now composing a majority of the next Legislature, that they make their Session as short as is consistent with the necessary discharge of their duties. That in the present embarrassed situation of the finances of the Commonwealth, we call upon them to exercise all prudence and economy for the purpose of relieving the people from the enormous burden of taxation under which they are now groaning.

Resolved, That we recommend the introduction of the one hour rule into our Legislature: believing that less talk and more work would be greatly to the advantage of the Treasury, whilst the amount of useful information diffused among the people would not be seriously diminished.

Resolved, That the proceedings be signed by the officers and published in the Democratic Whig papers of the District.

(Signed by the Officers.)

The Harrisburg Union publishes a letter from an officer in the Army, from which we make the following extract:

"Monterey is situated in the most beautiful valley in America, rivaling in splendor and variety of scenery the far famed valley of Cashmere. Hills rise above hills on all sides, until they pierce the clouds; the houses are all well built, the streets paved, and lamps at each corner. The gardens all well watered, and filled with all descriptions of tropical fruits: grapes, oranges, apples, pears, pomegranates, dates, figs, citrons, lemons, limes, and in fact, every thing that will grow anywhere else, is here found in the greatest abundance. Oranges cost us nothing. Arista's garden is the most beautiful one I have ever seen anywhere; vases, statuary, baths, &c., are seen in every direction, and there are many others of the same kind in the city. Looking from the heights into the valley, it resembles one immense piece of topography."

A GOOD HIT.—The Louisville Journal remarking upon the rumor that some of the President's friends had sent him a present of a lot of superior domestic handkerchiefs, thinks that the President will not need any more favors of the kind, seeing that he has received so many *wipes* recently from New York, Pennsylvania, &c.

Suckers at Uncle Sam's crib! prepare to march! 'Revolutions never go backwards.'

Washington Gossip.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, writes as follows:—

"The Calhoun men are mustering pretty strongly in this place, and they avow openly that their champion will not go into convention; and if unsuccessful in breaking it up or preventing its assembling, will run an independent candidate of the South, and sweep South at any rate.

An attempt is making to strike out a middle course between the Tariff of 1842 and 1846, but with very little prospect, as yet, of union and strength. The tariff of 1846 will be ultimately that on which the administration will take its stand.

The wires of the Magnetic Telegraph on the route from Philadelphia to Pitsburg, were extended to the borough of Carlisle on Monday morning last, under the superintendence of Mr. Reilly, one of the principal agents of the Company. The wires pursue the route of the railroad to Chambersburg, and will thence follow the line of the turnpike.

MARRIED.

On the 10th inst., by the Rev. B. Johnson, Mr. THOMAS CROSS, of Luzerne county, and Miss RANNAH MARIA, daughter of George V. Bush, all of L. Smithfield township.

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. Wm. L. Gray, Mr. THOMAS CROSS, of Luzerne county, and Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of Maj. Philip Fisher, of Stroud township, Monroe county.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. G. Vanhorn, Mr. PETER H. TURPENNING and Miss ELIZABETH A., daughter of I. Teeter, all of Smithfield township.

DIED.

On the 18th inst., in Hamilton township, JULIANN, wife of Philip Meizger, in the 30th year of her age.

Stroudsburg and New York



LINE OF COACHES,

VIA DELAWARE WATER GAP, COLUMBIA, BLAIRSTOWN, JOHNSONSBURG, STANHOPE & MORRISTOWN THROUGH IN TWELVE HOURS.

Fare from Stroudsburg to New York \$3 50.

On and after Monday, November 21 1846, there will a Stage leave the principal hotels in Stroudsburg, at 4 o'clock A. M., every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, by four-horse coaches to Morristown, thence by rail-road to New-York, arriving in New-York 20 minutes before five o'clock P. M. the same afternoon.

Returning will leave New-York every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 o'clock A. M. by rail-road to Morristown, thence by stage to Stroudsburg, arriving in Stroudsburg the same evening between 8 and 9 o'clock P. M.

Persons in New-York can receive any information desired by applying to the subscriber, or his agent, at 73 Courtland-street. Merchants wishing to send orders to New-York for small bills of goods, can do so, by enclosing the orders directed to the agent of the line, and giving it to the driver, and have it by return of stage. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

JOHN L. WARD, Proprietor.
November 19, 1846.

Orphans' Court Notice.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Daniel E. Labar, late of the town of Delaware, in the county of Walworth, in Wisconsin Territory, deceased.

You are hereby notified that by virtue of a writ of Partition or Valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of the county of Monroe, in the State of Pennsylvania, an inquest will be held upon the premises, on the

Tenth day of December next,

at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of a certain message, plantation and tract of land situate in Smithfield township, in said county of Monroe, bounded by lands of George Walter, Michael Walter, lands late of George Ace, deceased, and land of Henry Strunk and others, and containing about

One Hundred and Fifty Acres.

be the same more or less, late the estate of Daniel E. Labar, deceased, to and among his children and representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling the whole; otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law—at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.

ANDREW STORM, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Penna., Nov. 10, 1846.

50 DOLLARS REWARD!

LOST

On Wednesday evening last, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, near the public house of J. J. Postens, a pocket book containing \$245 00. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the money.

JOHN BAILEY.
October 22, 1846.