



JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICAN

Stroudsburg, August 29, 1844.

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FOR PRESIDENT

HENRY CLAY,
OF KENTUCKY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

THEO. FRELINGHUYSEN,
OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. JOSEPH MARKLE,
OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

SIMEON GUILFORD,
OF LEBANON COUNTY.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.

CHESTER BUTLER, of Luzerne.
TOWNSEND HAINES, of Chester.

Districts.

- 1 Joseph G. Clarkson, Philadelphia.
- 2 John Price Wetherill, do.
- 3 John D. Ninestel, do.
- 4 John S. Littell, Germantown, Phila. co.
- 5 Eleazer T. McDowell, Doylestown, Bucks co.
- 6 Benj. Frick, Limerick, p. o. Montgomery co.
- 7 Samuel Shafer, Chester county.
- 8 William Heister, New Holland, Lancaster co.
- 9 John S. Heister, Reading, Berks co.
- 10 Alex. E. Brown, Easton, Northampton co.
- 11 John Killinger, Anville, Lebanon co.
- 12 Jonathan J. Slocum, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne co.
- 13 James Pollock, Milton, Northumberland co.
- 14 Henry Drinker, Montrose, Susquehanna co.
- 15 Frederick Watts, Carlisle, Cumberland co.
- 16 Daniel M. Smyser, Gettysburg, Adams co.
- 17 James Mathers, Mifflintown, Juniata co.
- 18 Andrew J. Ogle, Somerset, Somerset co.
- 19 Daniel Washbaugh, Bedford, Bedford co.
- 20 John L. Gow, Washington, Washington co.
- 21 Andrew W. Loomis, Pittsburg, Allegheny co.
- 22 James M. Power, Greenfield, Mercer co.
- 23 William A. Irvine, Irvine, Warren co.
- 24 Benj. Hartsborn, Curwensville, Clearfield co.

Clay Club.

The spirited Whigs of Stroud township, Monroe county, met in Stroudsburg, on Saturday evening last, and formed a Clay Club. Doct. SYDENHAM WALTON, was chosen President. All communications are to be addressed to William Davis, Esq., William Eastburn, and Davis D. Walton, Corresponding Secretaries. The Club has also opened a reading room in the building formerly occupied by Thomas J. Albright. Stated meetings are held every Saturday evening.

Gen. Joe Markle.

The prospects of our Gubernatorial Candidate are daily brightening. In places where his election was hardly considered possible a month ago, there now exists the greatest enthusiasm in his favor, and a firm conviction that he will be chosen Governor by a majority of thousands. A correspondent of the Pennsylvania Telegraph, writing from York county, says, "Markle stock is rising rapidly. You have no idea of the prospects of Gen. Markle in York county. There has been a great change in the minds of the people about his election of late. If he continues to increase as he has done for the last six weeks, we will give the loco foco nominee, whoever he may be, Wolf's majority of 1832, which was 10 for Ritner."

From the Western part of the State the news is still more exhilarating. The Pittsburg paper says "Old Joe is going it finely, and will run a tremendous vote in this County—hundreds more than the party strength. Old Allegheny will give at least 4000 majority. Our friends are certain of it—and we will try to beat Old Lancaster."

This is the way our friends talk abroad. Let us not then be inactive at home, but see that every vote is polled for the lamented Harrison's gallant "fighting Captain."

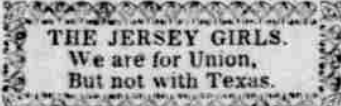
Loco Foco Convention.

Next Tuesday the 4th of March Convention will re-assemble at Harrisburg, to nominate a Loco Foco Candidate, for Governor, in the place of Henry A. Muhlenberg, deceased. From present appearances it is almost certain that Francis R. Shunk, of Allegheny, will be the nominee. Well, we are satisfied. We would as soon defeat him with old Joe Markle, as any body else. We 'aint at all particular.

Old Northampton Aroused.

GLORIOUS WHIG GATHERING.

The largest political meeting, of any party, ever held in Easton, came off in that place on Wednesday the 21st inst. It was called as a County Meeting merely, and not as a Mass meeting—but such is the enthusiasm of the people in that and the adjoining counties in favor of CLAY, FRELINGHUYSEN and MARKLE, that they could not remain at home,—and Lehigh, Bucks, Monroe, and even New Jersey, sent their delegations to swell the immense assemblage. There were at least FIVE THOUSAND persons present—many of whom were ladies. One of the delegations from Jersey, consisted of a party of ladies and gentlemen on horseback, attired in uniform costume,—carrying flags and banners, on one of which was inscribed,



Many came in teams, waggons, &c. There was one team with fourteen horses, filled with singers, who made excellent music as they passed through the streets. At half past one o'clock the meeting organized by appointing the Hon. Samuel Yohe, chairman. Able and eloquent addresses were delivered by Jacob Hoffman, Esq. of Reading, and H. D. Maxwell and A. E. Brown, Esqrs. of Easton, in which the principles and candidates of the two parties were fully and fairly discussed—and which were listened to with the most marked attention. It was a great day for the Whigs of Easton.

What Polk's own Friends say.

In these diggings the locos are deceiving their friends by telling them that James K. Polk is in favor of Protection to American Industry, and a friend of the Tariff. In other parts of the Union, however, they act more honestly and speak truly of Mr. Polk's sentiments. For instance, Mr. Elwood Fisher, a distinguished loco loco of Cincinnati, thus pointed out the distinguishing traits in Mr. Polk's character, in a recent speech.

"We have nominated a man who is neither a hero nor a magician, a citizen comparatively undistinguished, beaten twice in his own State in the Governors canvass, but A MAN OUT AND OUT FOR FREE TRADE, OPENLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY OPPOSED TO PROTECTION, AS INEXPEDIENT AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL. We have nominated him as the exponent of our principles, we fight on our principles and without any extraneous aid."

This is the kind of protectionist Mr. Polk is—does he suit those who are honestly opposed to free trade, and in favor of sustaining American labor against the pauperism of Europe?

Polk's Grandfather a Tory.

The last number of the Charlotte Journal, printed in Mecklenburg county, North Carolina, contains the affidavits of no less than one dozen persons, men and women, who lived in the days of our Revolution, and who say that Ezekiel Polk, the grand-father of James K. Polk, was a TORY in 1775-76, and took protection under Lord Cornwallis, when the British troops invaded Mecklenburg. Freemen of the Union, reflect upon this, and consider what you are about to do before you vote to reward a Tory and Traitor in the person of his Grandfather.

Clay Poles.

In a letter from Easton, we learn that no less than three beautiful Clay liberty poles were raised in that vicinity on Saturday last. One at South Easton, and two at different points in Forks township. The right spirit is abroad.

Four Acres of Whigs.

The Whigs of Bucks and neighboring counties held a Mass Meeting at Newtown on Saturday last. Upwards of Two Thousand ladies and Four Acres of men were present. In the procession there was one team with 52 horses, and another team of several waggons lashed together, drawn by 52 oxen. This is the way they do up things in Old Bucks. She will give a good account of herself in October and November.

Old Mother Cumberland.

A mass meeting of the Whigs was held at Carlisle, Cumberland county, on the 17th inst. Ten thousand persons attended, and that sterling patriot Ex-Governor Ritner, presided. He is one who was claimed as a convert to Polkism, by the Locos.

Large Apple.

The editor of the Annapolis Star has received an apple, taken from a tree in the orchard of Mr. Isaac S. Hopkins, of Ann Arundel county, which measures 1 foot 2 1/2 inches in circumference, and weighs 11-4 lbs. The tree from which this apple was taken is very young, this being the first year it has produced any fruit.

A Sign.

At a Stone hauling, a few days since, at Benjamin Bush's, in Price township, Monroe county, a vote was taken touching the Presidential election, which resulted as follows:

For Clay 26
For Polk 3

In this Township in 1840, Gen. Harrison received only 5 votes.

ANOTHER.—We learn from the Miners' Journal that a vote was taken in the stage between Pottsville and Northumberland, on Saturday, the 3d inst., which resulted as follows:

Clay, 11
Polk, 1

Yet Another.

A ballot was taken on Thursday last in the cars from Utica, and resulted as follows:

Clay, 111
Polk, 37
Birney, 8
Calhoun, 3
Capt. Tyler, 1

Ex-President Van Buren, Hon. Millard Fillmore, and Judge Kent were among the passengers.

More of Them.

THE LABORING MEN FOR CLAY.—The following from the Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard is one of many like cases that meet our eyes:

At the Saddle Factory of Messrs. Harrall and Calhoun, in this city, we hear that the workmen took a vote touching the Presidential election. It stood thus:

For Clay 40
For Polk 6

Hurrah! Hurrah! the Nation's risin
For Harry Clay and Frelinghuysen.

Ex-Governor Ritner.

Joseph Ritner, late Governor of Pennsylvania, whom the loco focos, and particularly the Monroe Democrat, alias "Lyre," claimed as being opposed to Mr. Clay, has written a letter to a gentleman in Berks county, from which we make the following extract.

"That men can be found who lay claim to the character of gentlemen, who stand up in day-light and declare at a Loco Foco meeting, that I am supporting Polk and Dallas, is very incredible, but then it seems that it is nevertheless true. I could not go to favour of British interests and against the Protective Tariff, and sound National Currency, the Distribution of the Proceeds of the Sales of the Public Lands among the States, and in favor of the annexation of Texas, for any consideration. I therefore go for Gen. MARKLE first, and then I go for CLAY and FRELINGHUYSEN."

"I am, dear sir, yours, &c.
"JOSEPH RITNER."

Will Rafferty make the necessary correction.

Delaware Canal.

The sale of the Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, says the Daily Chronicle, has proved abortive. Tuesday being the last day, agreeably to law, for the sale of the stock by auction, and only thirty-two shares having been sold, the auctioneer, Mr. Thomas, gave notice that the money would be returned to the purchasers of these. Public expectation has been disappointed. At the commencement of the sale the impression was that the stock would all be taken.

New Jersey.

The new Constitution of New Jersey has been adopted by over 15,000 majority, and goes into operation on the 2d of September, and all laws conflicting with its provisions are from that day repealed. The bill of rights abolishes all forms of slavery, and imprisonment for debt, unless in cases of fraud.

Is Polk a "Black Leg?"

The Cincinnati Gazette states that the Hon. Thomas L. Hamer, formerly a member of Congress, and the most able man of the Loco loco party in Ohio, gave evidence of his knowledge of James K. Polk, at a meeting at West Union, in the following language:

"I am acquainted with James K. Polk. I have slept and PLAYED CARDS WITH HIM!"

What say the sanctimonious hypocrites who falsely assail Mr. Clay as a gambler, to this acknowledgement of a leader of their own party?

State Elections.

The next State elections are as follows—Vermont, September the 3d; Maine, September the 9th.

Seven States vote in October, namely—Maryland, October the 2d; Georgia and Arkansas, October 7th; New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio, October 8th, and South Carolina, October 14th. The Mississippi State election takes place on the 4th November, and Delaware on the 12th.

BEAUTIFUL SENTIMENT.—Mr. Clay in his speech on the Compromise bill said—"The Protective Policy stands self-vindicated—it has scattered its rich fruit all over the land, and is sustained by the experienced of all powerful and prosperous nations!"

The Difference.

LOOK ON THIS PICTURE.

CLAY and FRELINGHUYSEN. PROTECTION to American Industry. No assumption of \$20,000,000 of TEXAS DEBTS, and NO WAR with MEXICO!

NOW ON THIS.

POLK and DALLAS. Free Trade to benefit the SLAVEHOLDER, and put the FREE LABORER on a level with Slaves!!! TEXAS DEBTS and TEXAS VAGABONDS, and a War with Mexico, or DISUNION!!!!!!!

Letter from Mr. Brownlow.

In order to ascertain with certainty the views of Mr. Polk on the Tariff, the editor of the Danville Democrat, addressed, some time since, a letter to Mr. BROWNLOW, of Jonesboro, Tennessee, in order to learn whether Mr. Polk really is in favor of Protection, as his friends assert in this neighborhood, and throughout the State generally. The subjoined is Mr. B's reply. We copy it from the Democrat of Friday last:

JONESBOROUGH, Tenn. Aug. 10, 1844.

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of the 11th ult. would have been answered sooner, but for the fact that I was absent.

Never since the organization of parties in Tennessee, has there been as warm a contest here, as the one at present going on. Almost every man in the State of both parties, who can speak, is on the stump; the State will go for our noble Harry of the West by from three to five thousand votes.

Our opponents have no hope of the election of Polk, and only fight with a view to carry this State.

We live on the borders of North Carolina here, and I have correct returns from 20 counties, in which we have gained thirteen members to the Legislature, with an increased vote in favor of the Whig candidate for Governor. We have made a clean sweep in North Carolina and no mistake.

By this day's mail I send you the address of James K. Polk to the People of Tennessee, in 1839, printed by himself, in the town in which he lives, in an office then owned by his brother-in-law, a Mr. Walker. The Democracy of your State will certainly acknowledge this document as good authority. I start to Knoxville in the morning, to attend a Great Meeting of the Whigs, and when I get there I will forward you other documents.

The loco loco papers of this State utterly refuse to publish Polk's late *Kane letter*, and all the Whig papers and orators can say, they won't publish it. The loco loco orators here avow, every day, that Polk is OPPOSED TO THE PROTECTIVE POLICY, IN EVERY SHAPE, AND IS WITH THE SOUTH FOR FREE TRADE. This is notorious in all this country. They charge the Whigs with being Federalists, and when enquired of as to what makes them Federalists, they reply because they advocate a PROTECTIVE TARIFF, Distribution, &c. They utterly DENY THAT POLK FAVORS THE PROTECTIVE POLICY, IN THE REMOTEST DEGREE.

As to Polk's ancestry, I assure you two things, which I challenge the world to disprove. First, his grandfather, Ezekiel Polk, was as recreant a tory as ever lived, and did take protection under Cornwallis, during the war of the Revolution; next, James K. Polk, himself, fled from his native county, or rather his home in Middle Tennessee, during the last war with England, to Chapel Hill College, to avoid being drafted, as he would have been, had he remained at home. He called "Young Hickory!" Why, sir, a greater coward never trod the earth.

Respectfully, &c.
W. G. BROWNLOW.

*The Loco focos in this State are playing the same game. They well know, and some of the more candid do express themselves to that effect in private, that Mr. Polk stands no earthly chance of being elected, but that they wish to carry Pennsylvania for him. Their efforts here will be as unavailing as they are in Tennessee; for from all the information we can gather, Pennsylvania is safe for Mr. Clay.—Ed. Dem.

James K. Polk has 100 Slaves on a farm in Mississippi, which he purchased, and he has been so immersed in politics for the last few years, that he has only seen these slaves but once in four years, leaving them all that time to the tender mercies of an overseer. So says a letter from a gentleman in Tennessee to a gentleman in Philadelphia.

Henry Clay is also a slave holder. But his slaves he inherited. He neither buys or sells—he has never trafficked in human flesh—but keeps his stock, together with the increase—and so devoted are they to their owner, that no abolitionist could ever prevail upon one to leave him. They have permission to do so at any time they think proper.

James G. Birney, the Abolition candidate for the Presidency, was also a slave-holder—and it has been recently proved and admitted by Mr. B., that he sold a slave by the name of Charles, into slavery for life, after he turned abolitionist. This is one of the reasons why so many Liberator-men are abandoning the standard of Birney, and uniting in the support of Henry Clay, believing him to be the most consistent candidate, even on Slavery, now before the people.

Miners' Journal.

PRENTICE'S LAST.—The Loco focos say that "Democracy" is the salt of the earth.—From the manner in which it is kicked all over the country, we incline to think so too.

Kentucky Election.

Owsley's maj. for Governor is about 5,000. Dixon for Lieut. Governor (which was the test) has about 12,000 majority. The Legislature is more largely Whig than ever it was before—there being at least three Whigs to one Loco loco. The candid Loco focos in Kentucky admit that Clay's majority in Kentucky will not fall much short of 30,000.

Indiana Election.

The returns of the Indiana elections are in. The result is highly satisfactory and is as follows:

	Whig.	Loco loco.
Senate,	25	25
House,	55	45
	80	70

The Whig majority on joint ballot is 10, a gain of 20 since last year. THE STATE IS REDEEMED!

Missouri Election.

The St. Louis Republican of the 16th gives the result in general terms. "The State has gone for the Locos by a greatly diminished majority. In the House the Whigs will have forty-four or forty-five members; in the Senate eight. Edward's majority is over 4,000."

The Republican counsels the Whigs to new efforts in the hope that they can give the electoral vote to Mr. CLAY. Activity, energy, may secure it. Howard county has set an example, which, if followed, will ensure this result. All that is asked for is a complete organization of the party over the State, and victory in November is not beyond the achievement of the Whigs.

Alabama Election.

The Southern (Tuscaloosa) Advocate, says "the Texas flag waves over the State in triumph. Unable to pay their own debt, the people vote to assume the immense debt of Texas." The Whigs have struggled nobly for their principles and for protection to our own citizens, but it has been in vain. The fancied benefits of foreign aggression and war have dazzled the eyes of the Locos, all to save Texas, and have caused them to lose sight of what their country stands so lamentably in need of. Steady, Whigs, steady! Strike earnestly from this to the election in favor of the good cause. Do your duty, and leave the result to Providence. Elsewhere all is well. Loco locosism is doomed."

Read the following—

Brunswick, Me., Aug. 12, 1844.

The undersigned, citizens of Brunswick, respectfully represent, that we have heretofore co-operated politically with the Democratic party;—that we were active supporters of Martin Van Buren in 1840, and that we continued to act with the Democratic party until we became convinced that the leaders of said party had abandoned every principle which was calculated to sustain the rights and interests of the American people;—that we have been convinced by thorough investigation, that the principles advocated by the Whig party are directly calculated to foster and protect the American laborer, as well as the business community generally;—that we are opposed to the repeal of the Tariff of 1842, and in favor of the Distribution of the Land Revenue; and that for these, and other reasons which we might name, we have pledged ourselves to support HENRY CLAY and FRELINGHUYSEN, and such other men as we are assured will sustain the principles and measures we have adopted.

CHARLES A. POWERS,
JAS. COLBATH,
THOS. B. WILLET,
GUILFORD GODDARD.

Maine.

A letter from this State, in the "Boston Atlas" of Saturday, contains the following passage:—"The result of my observations in Maine is an undoubting conviction that the State is safe for Clay and Frelinghuysen, notwithstanding the Loco Foco trick of the last Legislature, in substituting the majority for the plurality principle, and that the Whigs of other States will be most agreeably surprised in the result of the election for State officers and the Legislature. Maine is on her feet again, and will show herself erect this fall. Nothing can exceed the enthusiasm and determination of the good people here."

The Whigs and Loco focos of Nashville, Tenn., had great times the other day in raising poles on Capitol Hill. Immediately after the Loco loco pole had been raised, one of the carpenters went up on a rope and stood erect on the very top of it. Thereupon, a Whig who prides himself in not being beat at anything, ascended his party's pole to the top, and actually stood on his head.

JOHN TYLER'S LAST.—A gentleman, who has taken the trouble to count, says, that Mr. Tyler's address declining the nomination, which occupies a space of less than two newspaper columns contains the personal pronoun—I MY—ME—one hundred and forty-two times.

Political Swindling.

Bowman the convict Editor of the Bedford Gazette, at the last August Court made a speech in which he denounced the present Tariff as "a rascally Whig enactment."

We are informed by the Bedford Inquirer that the fellow is now busily engaged in an effort to swindle the people of that section of the country into the belief that the Tariff was passed by his party; and that Polk and his supporters are the only genuine Tariff men to be found. Such scoundrelism and political swindling is worthy of a convicted libeller of the dead, and exposed slanderer of the living!!!—Old